Annual Report to the Alaska Board of Game on Intensive Management for Caribou with Wolf Predation Control in Game Management Units 9B, 17B&C, and 19A&B, the Mulchatna Caribou Herd

Prepared by the Division of Wildlife Conservation February 2014



- 1) Description of IM Program¹ and Department recommendation for reporting period
- A) This report is an annual evaluation for a predation control program authorized by the Alaska Board of Game (Board) under $5 \text{ AAC } 92.111^2$
- B) Month this report was submitted by the Department to the Board:

February \underline{X} (annual report) August (interim annual update³) Year $\underline{2014}$

- C) Program name: Units 9B, 17B&C, and 19A&B, Mulchatna Caribou Herd
- **D)** Existing program does not have an associated Operational Plan, it does have a detailed Intensive Management Plan in regulation (5 AAC 92.111).
- E) Game Management Units (Units) fully or partly included in IM program area: Units 9B, 17B&C, and 19A&B
- F) IM objectives for caribou: population size 30,000-80,000 harvest 2,400-8,000.
- G) Month and year the current predation control program was originally authorized by the Board:

The plan was initially authorized in March 2011 for Units 9B and 17B&C and was modified in March 2012 to include Units 19A&B.

- H) Predation control is currently active in this IM area.
- I) If active, month and year the <u>current</u> predation control program began:

 March 1, 2012 in Regulatory Year (RY) 2011 (RY 2011 = July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2012).
- J) An habitat management program funded by the Department or from other sources is currently active in this IM area (Y/N): N
- **K)** Size of IM program area (square miles) and geographic description: 39,683 sq. miles, in Units 9B, 17B&C, and 19A&B.
- L) Size and geographic description of area for assessing ungulate abundance:

 Approximately 50,000 sq. miles and includes the range of the Mulchatna Caribou Herd.

¹ For purpose and context of this report format, see *Intensive Management Protocol, section on Tools for Program Implementation and Assessment*

² [Regulatory numbers for existing IM programs formerly under 5AAC92.125 were divided into groups and given new numbers in October 2012 (see IM Plan template--Version 3, January 2013)]

³ The interim annual update may be limited only to sections that changed substantially since prior annual report [e.g., only Tables 3 and 6 in areas with a fall ungulate survey and only wolf control]

M) Size and geographic description of area for ungulate harvest reporting:

Approximately 50,000 sq. miles and includes the range of the Mulchatna Caribou Herd.

N) Size and geographic description of area for assessing predator abundance:

The wolf assessment area in Units 17 and 9B is a 7,612 sq. mile area defined by corners (N60 34.0 W158 25.0, N60 34.0 W155 55.0, N59 18.0 W158 25.0, and N59 18.0 W155 55.0). Wolf numbers are also monitored in the eastern portion of Unit 19B by Region IV staff and in Unit 19A by Region III staff.

O) Size and geographic description of predation control area:

The predation control area measured approximately 2,870 sq. miles during RY 2011 and as planned for 2012. It encompassed an area from Tikchik Mountain (N 60 03.00, W 158 18.00) east to Sleitat Mountain (N 60 03.00, W 157 04.00), southeast to the Koktuli Hills (N 59 48.00, W 156 18.00) southwest to Lower Klutuk Creek (N 59 19.00, W 157 04.00), west to the Muklung Hills (N 59 19.00, W 158 18.00) and then north returning to Tikchik Mountain (see Figure).

P) Criteria for evaluating progress toward IM objectives:

- Fall calf-to-cow ratios,
- Fall bull-to-cow ratio, and
- Caribou abundance.

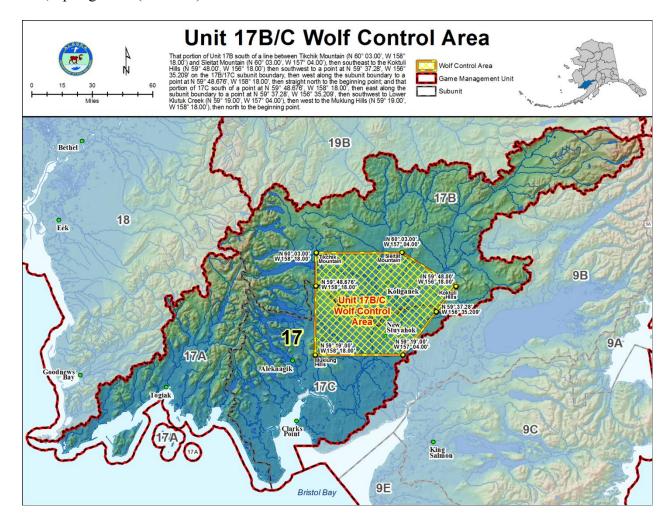
Q) Criteria for success with this program:

- Fall bull-to-cow ratio can be maintained at a minimum of 35 bulls:100 cows
- Fall calf-to-cow ratio can be sustained above 30 calves: 100 cows,
- The population can grow at a sustained rate of 5% annually
- <u>Caribou harvest objectives are met.</u>

R) Department recommendation for IM program in this reporting period:

The Department recommends continuation of the predation control program during RY2012 calving season while monitoring the herd progress towards IM objectives (details provided in sections 6).

Figure. Map of the Mulchatna Caribou Herd Predation Control Area in Game Management Unit 17, Spring 2012 (RY2011).



2) Prey data

Date(s) and method of most recent summer abundance assessment for caribou (if statistical variation available, describe method here and show result in Table 1)

The last successful photo-census of post-calving aggregation was conducted on July 12, 2013.

Compared to IM area, was a similar trend and magnitude of difference in abundance observed in nearby non-treatment area(s) since program inception (Y/N) N/A and in the last year (Y/N) N/A? Describe comparison if necessary:

Not Applicable: This program was initiated in March, 2012 (RY11). It is too early to determine trends in abundance that resulted from these activities.

Date(s) of most recent age and sex composition survey (if statistical variation available, describe method here and show result in Table 1):

October 23, 2013

Compared to IM area, was a similar composition trend and magnitude of difference in composition observed in nearby non-treatment area(s) since program inception (Y/N) N/A and in the last year (Y/N) N/A? Describe comparison if necessary:

Similar increases in calf ratios were observed in eastern segment of MCH where wolf control is not being conducted and the western segment where wolf control is being conducted in 2012 (8 and 10 calves:100 cows in the non-treatment and treatment areas, respectively) (see Table 1). However the calf:100 cow ratio for western segment is substantially above what is generally considered needed for positive recruitment. This program was initiated in March 2012 (RY2011), and it is too early to determine trends in bull ratios.

Table 1. Caribou abundance, age and sex composition in assessment area (L) since program implementation in year 1 (not exclusively limited to inception of predation control) to reauthorization review in year 2017 in Mulchatna Caribou Herd Predation Management Area. Regulatory year is 1 July to 30 June (e.g, RY 2010 is 1 July 2010 to 30 June 2011).

Eastern Segment of the MCH (No Predator Control)

		Composition (number per 100 cows)				
Period	RY	Calves	Bulls	Total <i>n</i>		
Year 0	2010	17	13	2,581		
Year 1	2011	14	18	2,649		
Year 2	2012	22	17	2,217		
Year 3	2013	14	27	1,479		

Western Segment of the MCH (Active Predator Control)

		Composition (number per 100 cows)				
Period	RY	Calves	Bulls	Total n		
Year 0	2010	23	23	2,011		
Year 1	2011	28	34	1,995		
Year 2	2012	38	29	2,636		
Year 3	2013	23	27	1,743		

All Areas Combined

			Compositi	Composition (number per 100 cows)				
Period	RY	Abundance (variation)	Calves	Bulls	Total <i>n</i>			
Year 0	2010	-	20	17	4,592			
Year 1	2011	-	19	22	5,282 ^a			
Year 2	2012	25,000-35,000 ^b	30	23	4,853			
Year 3	2013	20,000-30,000 ^b	19	27	3,222			

^a Includes caribou not assigned to the Eastern or Western Segment of the MCH.

^b Preliminary estimate of abundance based on the Rivest methodology (Rivest et al. 1998).

Describe trend in abundance or composition:

Not Applicable: This program was initiated in March 2012 (RY2011). It is too early to determine trends in abundance resulting from these activities. Less than one year of time has occurred since treatment, so any trends would be, at most, preliminary.

Table 2. Caribou harvest in assessment area (M). Methods for estimating unreported harvest are described in Survey and Inventory reports.

Period	RY	Reported			Estima	ted	Total harvest	Other mortality ^a	Total
		Male	Female	Unk Sex	Unreported	Illegal		_	
Year 0	2010 ^b	250	220	4	Unk	Unk	470	Unk	474
Year 1	2011 b	239	243	9	Unk	Unk	491	Unk	491
Year 2	2012 b	161	173	4	Unk	Unk	338	Unk	338

^aClarify (vehicle mortality, Defense of Life and Property, Mortuary, etc.).

Describe trend in harvest:

There has been a decline in the reported harvest since 1999. The majority of harvest shifted geographically from Unit 17 to Unit 18 and chronologically from fall to late winter. The majority of hunters shifted from nonresidents and nonlocal residents (i.e. people who live outside the herd's range) to local residents (i.e. people who live within the herd's range), and of those, primarily residents of Unit 18.

Describe any other harvest related trend if appropriate:

Reported harvest has changed from greater than 75% bulls to approximately equal bull:cow harvest. Method of transportation has changed from greater than 80% aircraft to an increasing majority of transportation used being snowmachine.

3) Predator data

Date(s) and method of most recent spring abundance assessment for wolves (if statistical variation available, describe method here and list in Table 3):

A minimum abundance estimate survey was conducted in February, 2012.

Date(s) and method of most recent fall abundance assessment for wolves (if statistical variation available, describe method here and list in Table 3):

Not Applicable: Fall abundance has not been estimated due to logistical and weather constraints.

Other research or evidence of trend or abundance status in wolves:

Long-time local residents and local air taxi pilots report higher frequency of wolf sightings in the area. There has also been a continued increase in harvest by hunters and trappers suggesting that wolves remain abundant.

^bData from harvest report cards, December 10, 2013.

Table 3. Wolf abundance objectives and removal in wolf assessment area (N) of Mulchatna Caribou Herd Predation Management Area. Removal objective is to annually remove $\underline{100}$ % of the wolves in the wolf predation control area (O), so estimated or confirmed number remaining in the control area (O) by the May calving season each regulatory year is $\underline{0}$.

Subunits 9B and 17B&C

Period	RY	Harvest		Dept.	Public	Total	Minimum
		removal		control	control	removal ^a	Spring
		from a	area N	removal	removal	from area N	abundance
		Trap	Hunt	from area	from area		(variation)
				О	О		in area N
Year 1	2011	25	69	0	11	104	14
Year 2 ^b	2012	0	18	0	4	18	-

^a Additional removal may be Defense of Life and Property, vehicle kill, etc.

4) Habitat data and nutritional condition of prey species

Where active habitat enhancement is occurring or was recommended in the Operational Plan, describe progress toward objectives:

Objective(s):

Not Applicable: There are no demonstrated methods to improve caribou habitat and no reason to believe that habitat is limiting the caribou population.

Area treated and method: Not Applicable

Observation on treatment response: Not Applicable

Evidence of progress toward objective(s) (choose one: Apparent Statistical):Not Applicable

Similar trend in nearby non-treatment areas? Not Applicable

Describe any substantial change in habitat not caused by active program: \underline{Not} $\underline{Applicable}$

Table 4. **Nutritional indicators for caribou in assessment area (L) of** the Mulchatna Caribou herd Predation Management Area.

Period	RY	Pregnancy	Female Calf Weights
		Females >2 yrs age ^a	at 10.5 months in lbs. (n)
Year 0	2010	(May 2011) 79%	(April 2011) 124 (20)
Year 1	2011	(May 2012) 78%	(April 2012) 119 (13)
Year 2	2012	(May 2013) 78%	(April 2013) 127 (14)

^a Pregnancy rate is based on known-aged animals from a collared sample of adult female

^b ADF&G database, December 9, 2013.

caribou. Pregnancy status is determined in May based on observed characteristics of pregnancy (antler retention, udder development, and/or presence of a calf at heel).

Where objectives on nutritional condition were listed in the Operational Plan, describe trend in condition indices since inception of (a) habitat enhancement or (b) enhanced harvest: N/A

Evidence of trend: N/A

Similar trend in nearby non-treatment areas? N/A

5) Costs specific to implementing Intensive Management

Table 5. Cost (\$1000 = 1.0) of agency salary based on estimate of proportional time of field level staff and cost of operations for intensive management activities (e.g., predator control or habitat enhancement beyond normal Survey and Inventory work) performed by personnel in the Department or work by other state agencies (e.g., Division of Forestry) or contractors in Mulchatna Caribou Herd Predation Management Area. Fiscal year (FY) is also 1 July to 30 June but the year is one greater than the comparable RY (e.g, FY 2010 is 1 July 2009 to 30 June 2010).

		Predation control ^a		Other IM activities		Total IM	Research
Period	FY	Time ^b	Cost ^c	Time ^b	Cost ^c	cost	cost ^d
Year 1	2012	0.0	0.0	1.0	36.0	36.0	415.0
Year 2	2013	0.0	0.0	0.5	6.0	6.0	421.2

^aState or private funds only.

6) Department recommendations² for annual evaluation (1 February) following Year 1 (RY11) for the Mulchatna Caribou herd Predation Management Area

Has progress toward defined criteria been achieved?

Yes, fall composition bull-to-cow and calf-to-cow ratios have improved, however no abundance estimate is available to evaluate success of that criteria.

Has achievement of success criteria occurred?

No, however this is only the second year of the program

Recommendation for IM program (choose one): Continue Modify Suspend Terminate

^bPerson-months (22 days per month)

^cSalary plus operations

^dSeparate from implementing IM program but beneficial for understanding of ecological or human response to management treatment (scientific approach that is not unique to IM).

² Prior sections include primarily objective information from field surveys; Sections 6 and 7 involve professional judgment by area biologists to interpret the context of prior information for the species in the management area.

Continue Same Day Airborne Wolf Control Program in control area (O)

7)	Evaluation (1 February) for program renewal (following final Year 6 [RY 2016]) and Department recommendations for the Mulchatna Caribou herd Predation Management Area
Ha	s progress toward defined criteria been achieved (describe)?
На	s achievement of success criteria occurred (describe)?
Re	commendation for IM program [choose one]: Continue Modify Suspend Terminate
Ra	tionale for recommendation on overall program:
	her recommendations (if continuation is recommended, specific actions on individual actices):