Speve Rich Stultz Eastern Aleutian Fisheries Coalition Key Facts Area M

- 1. **Number of Seiners Fishing:** Number of seiners fishing in recent years 2020 was 64, 2021 was 69, 2022 was 62
- Number of seiners in last few years versus WASSIP years Average 65 seiners in recent years vs 46, 55, & 53 in 2007, 2008, & 2009 respectively. In the fifteen-year period 1981 - 1996 the average number of seine permits fished was 117
- 3. **Total Permits Actively Fishing**: Number of aggregated permits (seine, drift, setnet) fished in Area M ten-year average, 2011 2020 was 246, whereas 1981 1996 average was 335. This is 89 more permits than in current era
- 4. Open vs Closed Periods: June fishery in 2022 as in past years has 32-hour closure periods after each opening. Under current management plans June fishery is closed over half the month of June. Open 352 hr. vs closed 368 hr. In 2022 there were also many voluntary closure periods within the normal ADF&G directed openings
- 5. Continuous Fishing: There is not continuous fishing in the Shumagin Islands or South Unimak June fishery (see point 4 above). Drift and Seine fleet scheduled openings are aligned.
- 6. **Dolgoi Section** was closed to seine fishing in the month of June in 2019 based on Area M seine fleet recommendation to conserve Chignik sockeye.
- Average landings for seasons 2001 2010 was 4,655 for 218 permits or 21.4 landings/permit. Average landings for seasons 2011 - 2020 was 5,011 for 246 permits or 20.4 landings/permit. These most recent decade to decade comparisons are quite similar.
- 8. Chum Catch per Unit Effort (CPUE): Chum CPUE for June during the past 3 decades has varied from a low of 48 in 2015 to a high of 319 in 2021. The past ten-year average CPUE is 140.1. Last year, 2022 the CPUE was 145.
- 9. **Resident seine permits vs nonresident permits:** Total seine permits 115; Alaska residents possess 71% vs 29% non-resident.
- 10. **Seine Boat Size**: Few newly built seiners have entered into the Area M fishery. Large seiners have been used in Area M since the 1990s largely due to the increased safety inherent in larger vessels. These vessels typically fish salmon but also groundfish, crab, and/or halibut and blackcod in fall, winter/spring in the Gulf of Alaska and Bering Sea.
- 11. Seine nets are shallower than in some Alaska seine fisheries: Alaska Peninsula and Chignik maximum seine net depth is 375 meshes, whereas Southeast Alaska maximum depth is 450 meshes.