Appendix: Angoon

Guide to direct fieldwork for cataloging anadromous water bodies in Southeast Alaska

Alaska Department of Fish and Game

Division of Habitat



Symbols and Abbreviations

Survey data codes.

Code				
	Species			
K	Chinook salmon			
CH	chum salmon			
CO	coho salmon			
CT	cutthroat trout (anadromous and resident juveniles and adults)			
DV	Dolly Varden char			
OU	eulachon			
S	sockeye salmon			
P	pink salmon			
RT	rainbow trout (unknown juvenile or resident adult)			
SC	sculpin spp.			
SH	steelhead trout (adult)			
SB	threespine stickleback			
LP	lamprey			
	Lifestage			
S	spawning			
r	rearing			
p	presence			
	G P			
FF	Sampling			
EF	electrofish			
VI/VL	visual identification			
HN	handnet			
RS	route survey			
MT	minnow trap			
BS	beach seine			
FN	fyke net			

Map color key.

Color
ginger pink
apatite blue
solar yellow
poinsettia red
lepidolite lilac
lapis lazuli

This appendix is a working document updated as new information is acquired. Figures and tables are numbered per water body. Pages numbers are eliminated to prevent document reprinting when individual pages are inserted or removed.

ANGOON SURVEYS

The city of Angoon is located on the southwest coast of Admiralty Island at Kootznahoo Inlet. With 459 residents, Angoon is the only permanent Admiralty Island settlement. The three mile Killisnoo road splits and ends either at Killisnoo Harbor or at Auk'Tah Lake (Figure 1).



Figure 1.–Angoon survey map.

¹ U.S. Census Bureau. 2010. Demographic profile for Angoon city. 2010 Census: Alaska demographic profiles. Retrieved from: http://live.laborstats.alaska.gov/cen/dp.cfm (Accessed November 13, 2014).

State of Alaska Department of Commerce, Community, and Economic Development, Community and Regional Affairs database. Available from http://www.commerce.state.ak.us/cra/DCRAExternal/community/Details/72294383-ddd6-4441-8c63-eb92786a82a1 (Accessed November 13, 2014).

112-17-10500 CORRECTION

Water body name: Thayer Creek Survey date: 8/6/2014 Water body number: 112-17-10500 Species & Lifestage: CHp, COr, Pp, Sp

Watershed: Fishery Creek-Frontal Chatham Strait

MTR: C049S067E Quad: Sitka C-2

Findings: We surveyed Thayer Creek using an electrofisher, handnet, and GPS (Table 1). There is a series of water falls approximately 1250' upstream from the mouth of the creek that we determined are fish passage barriers (Figures 1, 2). Below the falls we visually identified adult pink salmon, chum salmon, and sockeye salmon and captured rearing coho salmon (Figures 3, 4). The substrate below the falls was gravel and cobble. Upstream of the waterfall, the creek flows through a bedrock gorge, then opens up to a low gradient stream with gravel and cobble substrate. We surveyed a tributary in this area and caught resident cutthroat trout and Dolly Varden char.

Recommendations: Correct the anadromous section of Thayer Creek in the AWC and add rearing coho salmon and sockeye salmon presence (Figure 5).

Nomination: 14-619

Table 1.-112-17-10500 survey data

112-17-1030	oo survey data.			
Latitude	Longitude	Notes	Sample Effort	Sample Results
57.5935	-134.6217	Tributary on river right. This		
		tributary provides the most		
		water to Thayer Creek.		
57.5939	-134.6178	Stopping here, habitat		
		continues.		
57.5931	-134.6165	Mouth of tributary.		
57.5929	-134.6227	Small tributary into gorge.		
57.5776	-134.6275	Mouth of Thayer Creek.	HN	2 CO, 10 CT
57.5785	-134.6276		EF, VI	2 CT, 1 CH
57.5785	-134.6273		EF	3 CT, 1 flat fish
57.5795	-134.6263		EF	1 CO
57.5799	-134.6251		EF	3 CT
57.5798	-134.6244		EF	1 CO, 2 CT
57.5803	-134.6236	16 yds away from base of a	VI	2 S, 4 P
		series of three waterfalls. The		
		first fall is approximately 12		
		ft.with at least 20 ft. deep		
		plunge pool. Visual of salmon		
		trying to jump the falls with no		
		success. The second fall is the		
		approximately 14 ft. bedrock		
		substrate, no plunge pool, and		
		higher velocity. We did not		
		have a visual of the third falls		
		but there is confirmation it		
		exists.		
	Latitude 57.5935 57.5939 57.5931 57.5929 57.5776 57.5785 57.5785 57.5795 57.5799 57.5798	57.5935 -134.6217 57.5939 -134.6178 57.5931 -134.6165 57.5929 -134.6227 57.5776 -134.6275 57.5785 -134.6276 57.5785 -134.6273 57.5795 -134.6263 57.5798 -134.6251 57.5798 -134.6244	Latitude Longitude Notes 57.5935 -134.6217 Tributary on river right. This tributary provides the most water to Thayer Creek. 57.5939 -134.6178 Stopping here, habitat continues. 57.5931 -134.6165 Mouth of tributary. 57.5929 -134.6227 Small tributary into gorge. 57.5776 -134.6275 Mouth of Thayer Creek. 57.5785 -134.6276 57.5795 -134.6263 57.5799 -134.6263 57.5798 -134.6244 57.5803 -134.6236 16 yds away from base of a series of three waterfalls. The first fall is approximately 12 ft. with at least 20 ft. deep plunge pool. Visual of salmon trying to jump the falls with no success. The second fall is the approximately 14 ft. bedrock substrate, no plunge pool, and higher velocity. We did not have a visual of the third falls but there is confirmation it	Latitude Longitude Notes Sample Effort 57.5935 -134.6217 Tributary on river right. This tributary provides the most water to Thayer Creek. 57.5939 -134.6178 Stopping here, habitat continues. 57.5931 -134.6165 Mouth of tributary. 57.5929 -134.6227 Small tributary into gorge. 57.5776 -134.6275 Mouth of Thayer Creek. HN 57.5785 -134.6273 EF 57.5795 -134.6263 EF 57.5799 -134.6251 EF 57.5798 -134.6244 EF 57.5803 -134.6236 16 yds away from base of a series of three waterfalls. The first fall is approximately 12 ft. with at least 20 ft. deep plunge pool. Visual of salmon trying to jump the falls with no success. The second fall is the approximately 14 ft. bedrock substrate, no plunge pool, and higher velocity. We did not have a visual of the third falls but there is confirmation it



Figure 1.–First 12' waterfall with 20' deep plunge pool.



Figure 2.—Second 14'waterfall with no plunge pool.



Figure 3.—Coho salmon caught below waterfall in Thayer Creek.



Figure 4.—Rick Hoffman walking upstream from the mouth of Thayer Creek.

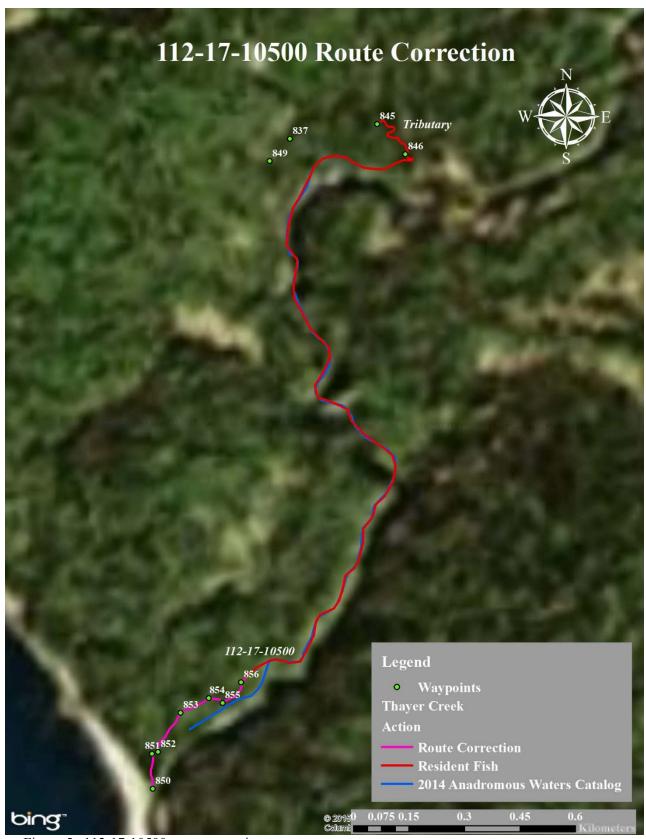


Figure 5.–112-17-10500 route correction map.

112-67-10350 CORRECTION

Water body name: Hasselborg Creek
Water body number: 112-67-10350
Species & Lifestage: COr and Ss

Watershed: Kootznahoo Inlet-Frontal Chatham Strait

MTR: C049S069E Quad: Sitka C-1

Findings: I caught 20 juvenile coho salmon in a minnow trap at waypoint 811 and visually observed >100 spawning sockeye beginning at waypoint 812 while moving downstream (Table 1, Figures 1,2).

Recommendations: Correct the species list to include rearing coho salmon and spawning

sockeye salmon at specified waypoints 811 and 812.

Nomination: Pending

Table 2.—Survey data.

Waypoint	Latitude	Longitude	Notes	Sample Effort	Sample Results
800	57.5708	-134.3655	Airplane pickup location marked from air.		
801	57.5955	-134.3267	Start of low gradient alder dominated floodplain marked from the air.		
802	57.6065	-134.3110	Log jam, marked from the air.		
803	57.6168	-134.2992	Falls, marked from the air. Confirmed on the ground is ~40 ft barrier.		
804	57.6447	-134.2683	Confluence of sorts, marked from the air.		
805	57.6503	-134.2631	Falls here and 200 ft upstream, marked from the air.		
806	57.6649	-134.2526	Landing and Hasselborg Lake cabin.		
807	57.6605	-134.2522	3 ft falls.		
808	57.6474	-134.2638	6 ft falls on RR, mellower on RL.		
809	57.6276	-134.2835	Stopped for lunch, caught no fish on hook and line.		
810	57.6222	-134.2907	Left boat here during portage.		
811	57.6064	-134.3064	Camp site, 20 CO and 10 CT.	MT	20 COr, 10 CTr
812	57.5924	-134.3317	15 ft falls near Jim's Creek confluence. Started seeing adult sockeye here.	VI	>100 Ss





Figure 3.–Hasselborg Creek correction map.

112-67-10600 CORRECTION

Water body name: Kanalku Creek

Water body number: 112-67-10600

Species & Lifestage: CHp, COr, Pp, Sp, DVp

Watershed: Kootznahoo Inlet-Frontal Chatham Strait

MTR: C050S069E Quad: Sitka B-2

Findings: Commercial Fisheries Division staff have record of capturing about 20 juvenile coho salmon above the falls at waypoint 2 and annually seine adult sockeye salmon at the head of the lake at waypoint 3 (Table 1, Figures 1, 2).

Recommendations: Please correct the species list to include rearing coho at waypoint 2, spawning sockeye salmon in lake, and shorten chum salmon and pink salmon reach to below falls.

Nomination: 13-631

Table 1.-112-67-10600 survey data.

Waypoint	Latitude	Longitude	Notes	Sample Effort	Sample Results
1	57.4900	-134.3890	Waterfall.		
2	57.4903	-134.3804	Rearing coho caught in minnow traps.	MT	20 CO
3	57.4800	-134.3420	Spawning sockeye adults recorded annualy in ADFG Commercial Fisheries Mark-Recapture study.	VL	25 S



Figure 1.-Kanalku Creek falls.



Figure 2.-Kanalku Creek correction map.

112-67-10600 CORRECTION

Water body name: Kanalku Creek
Water body number: 112-67-10600
Species & Lifestage: CHp, COr, Pp, Sp, DVp

Watershed: Kootznahoo Inlet-Frontal Chatham

MTR: C050S069E Quad: Sitka B-2

Findings: I observed 15 adult coho salmon in the lower reach of Kanalku Creek (Table 1,

Figures 1, 2). I did not observe these fish spawning.

Recommendations: Please correct the species list to include coho salmon presence in the AWC,

and survey for spawning activity if in area during the fall.

Nomination: 15-535

Table 1.-112-67-10600 survey data

Waypoint	Latitude	Longitude	Notes	Sample Effort	Sample Results
1	57.4930	-134.3960	Observed 15 "weathered"	VL	15 CO
			adult CO between the mouth		
			and treeline.		



Figure 1.–Adult coho salmon in the intertidal area of Kanalku Creek.

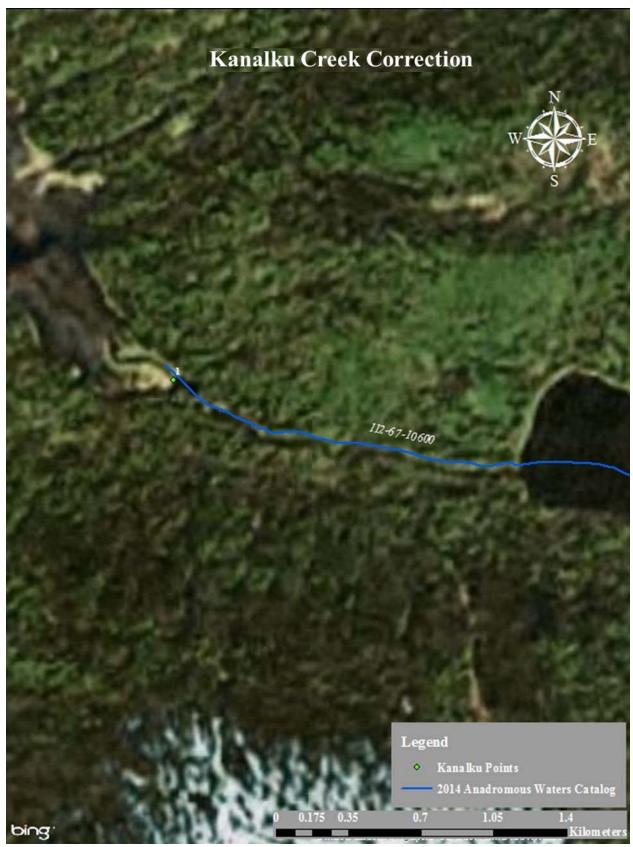
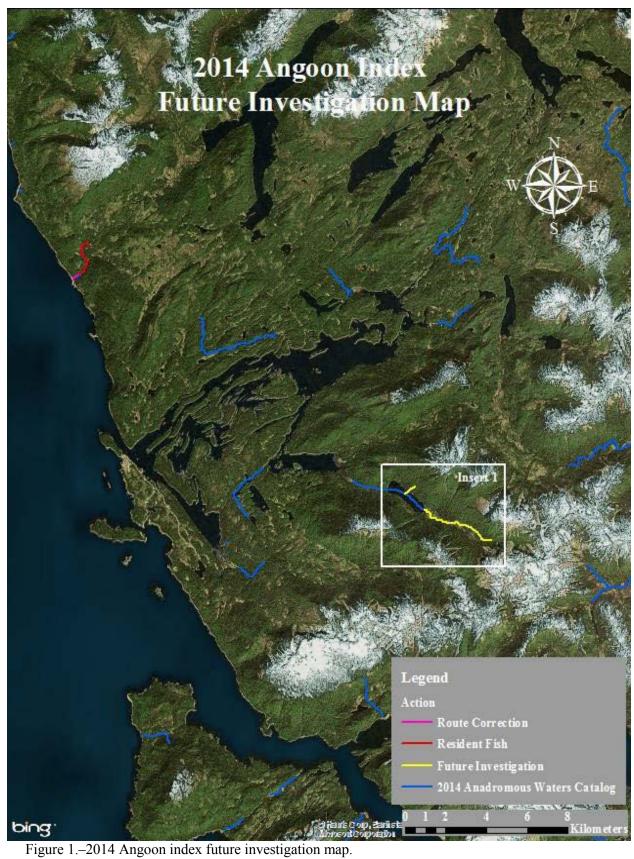


Figure 2.–Kanalku Creek correction map.

ANGOON STREAMS REQUIRING FUTURE INVESTIGATION Table 1.—Start points of Angoon streams requiring future investigation.

Waypoint	Latitude	Longitude
1	57.4810	-134.3380
2	57.4880	-134.3540



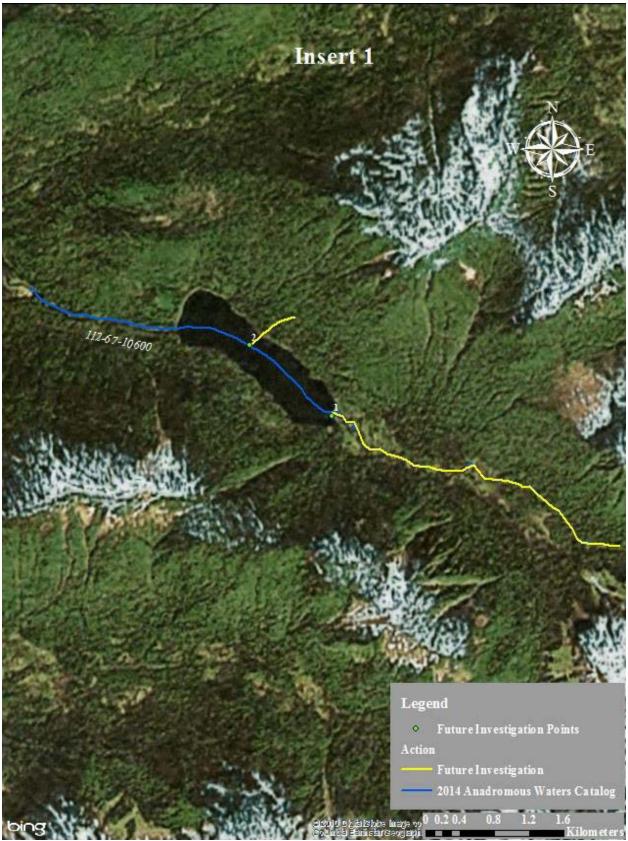


Figure 2.–Insert 1 map.