Population Structure of Pink Salmon in Prince William Sound

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Outline

- Purpose
- Current knowledge
- Study design
- Progress
- Future work

Purpose

- What is the genetic stock structure of pink and chum salmon in each region?
- What is the extent and annual variability in straying of hatchery pink salmon in Prince William Sound (PWS) and chum salmon in PWS and Southeast Alaska (SEAK)?
- What is the impact on fitness (productivity) of wild pink and chum salmon stocks due to straying of hatchery pink and chum salmon?

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Genetic Stock Structure (Population Structure)

Affected by four evolutionary processes:
 ➢ Natural selection
 ➢ Genetic drift
 ➢ Mutation
 ➢ Migration

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 Quantified by allele frequency variation (gene frequencies)

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Current Knowledge

Genetic Characterization of Prince William Sound Pink Salmon Populations

Report

to

Alaska Department of Fish and Game Feb. 15, 1977

by

Jim Seeb

and

Lisa Wishard

INFORMATIONAL LEAFLET NO. 181

SEPARATION OF SOME PINK SALMON (<u>Oncorhynchus gorbuscha</u> Walbaum) SUB-POPULATIONS IN PRINCE WILLIAM SOUND, ALASKA BY LENGTH-WEIGHT RELATIONSHIPS AND HORIZONTAL STARCH GEL ELECTROPHORESIS

> By Richard B. Nickerson

Ecology of Freshwater Fish 1999: 8: 122–140 Printed in Denmark · All rights reserved Copyright © Munksgaard 1999

ECOLOGY OF FRESHWATER FISH ISSN 0906-6691

Allozyme and mitochondrial DNA variation describe ecologically important genetic structure of even-year pink salmon inhabiting Prince William Sound, Alaska

Seeb JE, Habicht C, Templin WD, Seeb LW, Shaklee JB, Utter FM. Allozyme and mitochondrial DNA variation describe ecologically important genetic structure of even-year pink salmon inhabiting Prince William Sound, Alaska.

Ecology of Freshwater Fish 1999: 8: 122-140. © Munksgaard, 1999

Abstract - Allozyme and mitochondrial DNA (mtDNA) data were obtained from pink salmon throughout Prince William Sound, Alaska, from two hatchery, five upstream, and 20 tidal locations distributed among five management regions collected during 1994. Screening for allozymes included 66 loci for 92 to 100 fish per sample. Thirty-four loci had variant allele frequencies >0.01 in one or more collections and were used for population analyses. Eight haplotypes were detected after screening 40 fish per collection for variation at the ND5/ND6 region of mtDNA using six restriction enzymes. Significant and apparently stable differences detected by both data sets permit rejecting a null hypothesis of panmixia and support managing native populations in Prince William Sound at the regional level. Distinctions between upstream and tidal collections were detected within Lagoon Creek (allozymes) and Koppen Creek (mtDNA). Significant regional heterogeneity was detected within upstream (allozymes and mtDNA) and tidal (allozymes) collections; however, upstream collections were more divergent from each other than were tidal collections. The absence of distinction of Armin F. Koernig Hatchery from almost all regions was consistent with multiple origins of this stock. Conversely, Solomon Gulch Hatchery in the East Region was distinct from all regions but East, consistent with a more restricted origin and influence.

Un resumen en español se incluye detrás del texto principal de este artículo.

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Key words: allozyme; mtDNA; genetics; pink salmon

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Current Knowledge

• Allozymes

Variant forms of an enzyme



Current Knowledge

Allozymes

Variant forms of an enzyme





Found:

Intertidal-upstream East-West Hatchery-hatchery

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Field sampling

ADFG

- GCL
- Wildlife Division
- Area offices



- **PWSAC**
- VFDA
 - KRAA

PWSSC

Genetic Markers Used in This Study

Microsatellite DNA

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Microsatellite DNA

CAAGGC<u>GTGTGTGTGTGTGTGTGT</u>CTTATCA 7 repeats CAAGGC<u>GTGTGTGTGTGTGTGTGTGTGTGTC</u>TTATCA 9 repeats

Laboratory Work







Sample

Extract DNA

PCR



Genotype



Data Analysis

Contemporary

Among wild sites

- Locations
- Timing

Data Analysis

Contemporary

Among wild sites

- Locations
- Timing

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Among hatcheries

Data Analysis

Contemporary

Historical



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2013 and 2014 Paired Collections



2013 and 2014 All Collections





Number of Samples

2013 (~3200)
➢ Hatchery fish
➢ Natural fish

2014 (~6500)

- > Hatchery fish
- > Natural fish
 - Early run
 - Late run

Laboratory Work (Complete)

Primer optimization

- 16 microsatellite primers (Beacham et al. 2012)

- Genotyping
 - First pass for samples collected in 2013
 - Samples collected in 1990's

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Acknowledgements

- Hatcheries
 - PWSAC, VFDA, KRAA
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- Prince William Sound Science Center
- Canadian Department of Fisheries and Oceans
 - Pacific Biological Station
- ADFG
 - Division of Wildlife Conservation
 - Division of Sport Fish
 - Commercial Fisheries Division

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Celia Rozen

Questions?

