



Innovation for Bycatch Mitigation

Noëlle Yochum

Director, Fishing Innovation & Sustainability Trident Seafoods

Alaska Bycatch Advisory Council Meeting - 23 September 2025



Trident Seafoods is taking leadership in fishing innovation and sustainability to reduce incidental fishing impacts through collaborative research initiatives.





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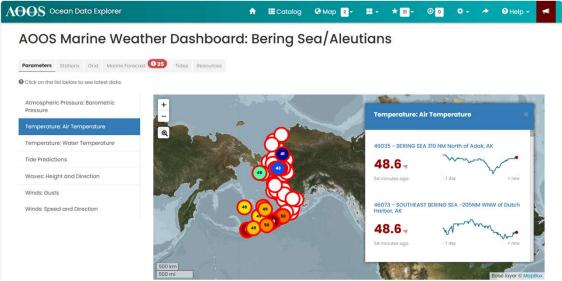


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Director, Fishing Innovation & Sustainability



- Mechanistic understanding of salmon 'excluders' (including the role of salmon vision)
- Machine learning species detection and fish tracking in trawl video



Estimating discard mortality rates of crab (and understanding the influence of study design)



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SEAFLOOR CONTACT





Developing a modified footrope to minimize potential contact when fished near the seafloor

CT

PACIFIC SALMON BYCATCH PACIFIC HAI





Testing passive and active 'excluders', and lights to augment them

Evaluating bycatch patterns with existing data* and new data collection approaches

PACIFIC HALIBUT BYCATCH





Testing lights to deter halibut from entering the cod trawl**

Evaluating critical elements of halibut bycatch reduction devices**

CRAB DISCARD







Improving crab escapement mechanisms with A.I. to evaluate crab movement**

Involvement by:

- * UAF graduate student
- ** UW undergraduate and graduate students

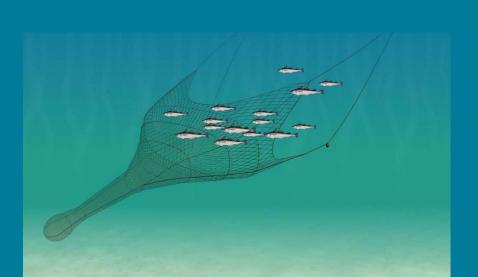


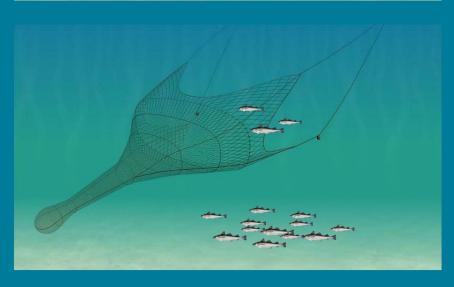




Seafloor Contact

- Developing a modified footrope to minimize potential contact when fishing near the seafloor
- ➤ Maintain efficiency and minimize impact to operations and safety



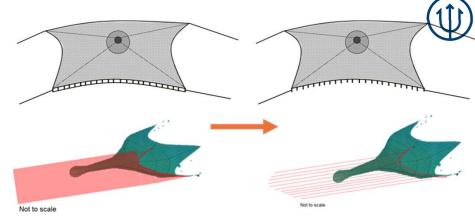




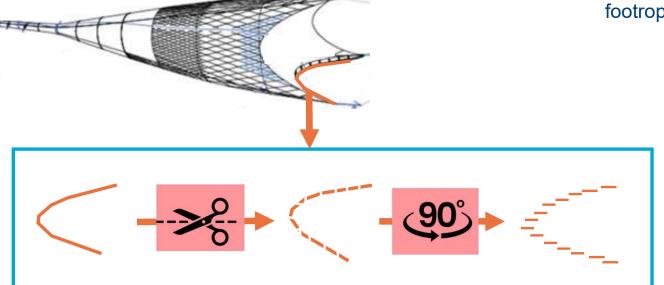
Fishing Efficiently Means Less Impact

Suspended Parallel Footrope

- EFP project
- Developed, built, and tested (with Seamus) Melly/ Swan Nets) a modified footrope that alters the length and orientation of the existing footrope components, but maintains the same weight needed to ensure opening of the gear



[The above is for demonstration only- it assumes contact over the extent of the footrope and tow, which is not representative]





Research: Suspended Parallel Footrope (SPF)

- 4 CVs, 1 CP; variety of nets and vessels
- Data collection and dedicated research
- Continue to monitor and test





Crab Discard

Increasing undersized crab escapement

> A.I. to evaluate crab movement

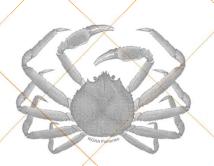
C.S., University of Washington,

- Moses Lurbur (PhD student)
- ➤ René Just (Professor)



Reducing Undersized Crab Discard



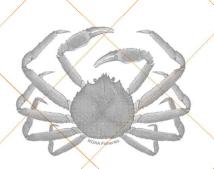


Understanding behaviour/ movement to optimize the design of escapement openings

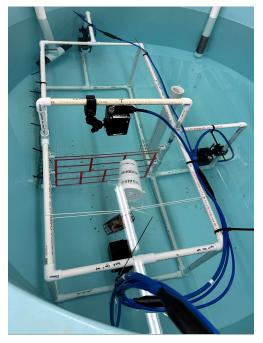


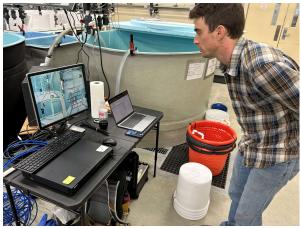






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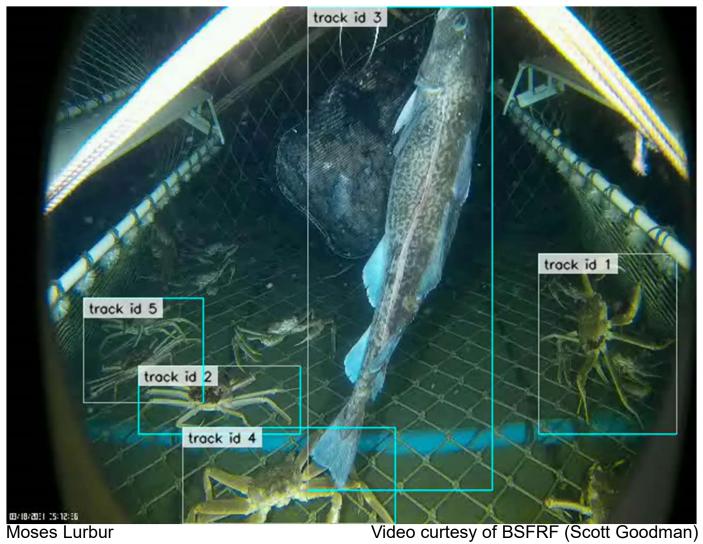
















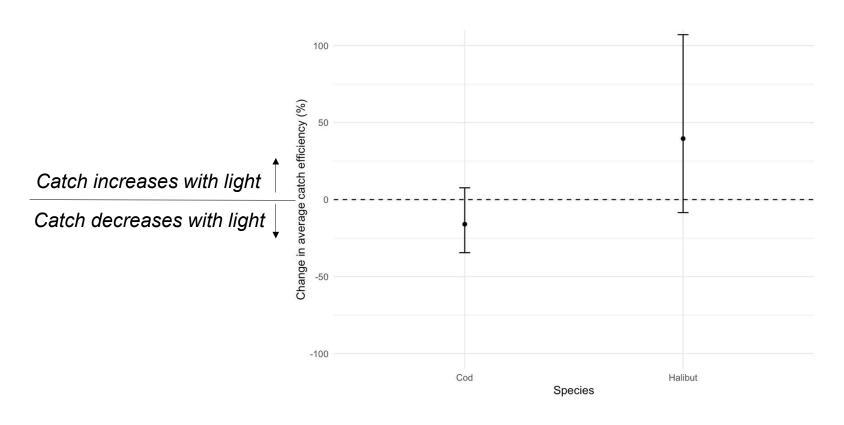


Halibut Bycatch

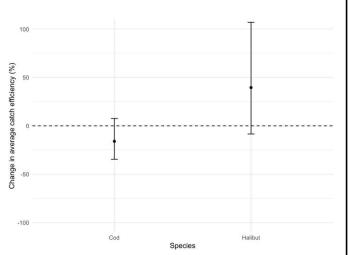
Collaboration with UW SAFS (Co-PI: John Horne), NOAA, IPHC, others

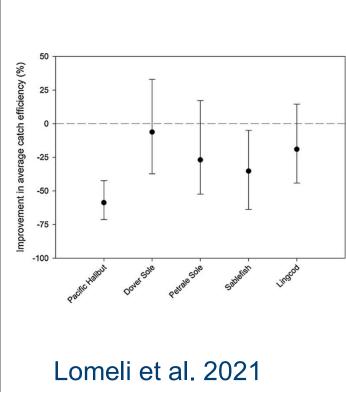
- ➤ Lights to deter halibut from entering the cod trawl
- Evaluating critical elements of bycatch reduction devices

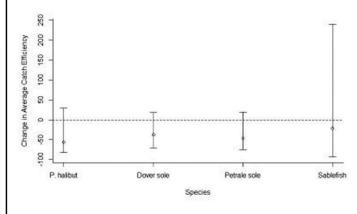
Average Catch Efficiency



Average Catch Efficiency







Jackson et al. 2023



Bycatch Reduction Device Performance Indicator





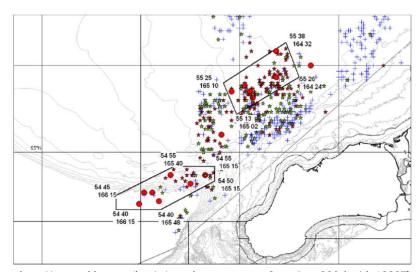


Salmon Bycatch

- ➤ Hot spot management
- > Fleet communication
- > Evaluating bycatch patterns with existing data and new data collection approaches



Hot Spot Management & Communication



http://www.akleg.gov/basis/get_documents.asp?session=30&docid=13337)





Using predictive models to reduce Chinook salmon prohibited species catch (PSC) in the Bering Sea pollock fishery

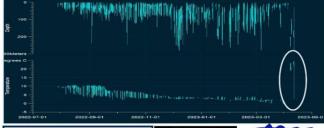
UPDATE #3: November 29, 2023

- · Project goal: Determine whether Chinook salmon hotspots can be predicted before fishing using environmental data.
- . Updates: Unable to deploy satellite tags in summer 2023 due to vessel limitations. Final course for PhD and dissertation proposal will be completed next month.
- · Next steps: Begin modelling Chinook salmon distribution using fishery catch data, satellite tag data, and environmental variables. Deploy 16 satellite tags on Chinook salmon in the Bering Sea between March and September 2024.



(bottom panel) immature Chinook salmon satellite-tagged in the Bering Sea in July 2022. Based on the temperature record, this Chinook is believed to have remained in the Bering Sea over winter. The increase in temperature at the

end of the time series suggests salmon shark predation (white circle). The next step is to use these data to estimate the daily positions of this Chinook for fitting the species distribution model.



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College of Fisheries and Ocean Sci University of Alaska Fairbanks

(Dr. Andrew Seitz, Advisor)





https://www.mackaycomm.com/







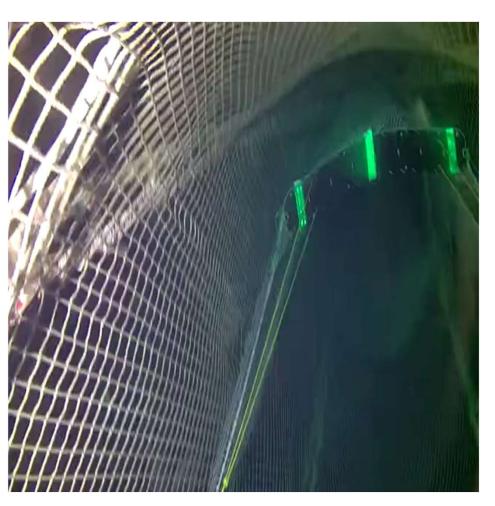
Salmon Bycatch

- ➤ Hot spot management
- > Fleet communication
- > Evaluating bycatch patterns with existing data and new data collection approaches
- > Testing active and passive excluders (with the addition of lights)



Salmon Excluders: Passive & Active







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- Bycatch mitigation is multi-dimensional
- > We are committed to continuous improvement

