South Alaska Peninsula Salmon Annual Management Report, 2019 and the 2018 Subsistence Fisheries in the Alaska Peninsula, Aleutian Islands, and Atka-Amlia Islands Management Areas

by

Elisabeth K. C. Fox

and

Cassandra J. Whiteside

October 2020

Alaska Department of Fish and Game

Division of Commercial Fisheries



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Weights and measures (metric)		General		Mathematics, statistics		
centimeter cm		Alaska Administrative Code AAC		all standard mathematical		
deciliter dL		all commonly accepted		signs, symbols and		
gram g		abbreviations	e.g., Mr., Mrs.,	abbreviations		
hectare ha			AM, PM, etc.	alternate hypothesis	H_A	
kilogram kg		all commonly accepted		base of natural logarithm	e	
kilometer	km	professional titles e.g., Dr., Ph.D.,		catch per unit effort	CPUE	
liter	L	R.N., etc.		coefficient of variation	CV	
meter	m	at @		common test statistics (F, t, 7		
milliliter	mL	compass directions:		confidence interval	CI	
millimeter	mm	east	E	correlation coefficient		
		north N		(multiple)	R	
Weights and measures (English)		south	S	correlation coefficient		
cubic feet per second	ft ³ /s	west	W	(simple)	r	
foot	ft	copyright	©	covariance cov		
gallon	gal	corporate suffixes:		degree (angular) °		
inch	in	Company	Co.	degrees of freedom	df	
mile	mi	Corporation Corp.		expected value	E	
nautical mile	nmi	Incorporated Inc.		greater than >		
ounce oz		Limited	Ltd.	greater than or equal to \geq		
pound lb quart qt		District of Columbia	D.C.	harvest per unit effort	HPUE	
		et alii (and others) et al.		less than		
yard	yd	et cetera (and so forth)	etc.	less than or equal to	≤	
		exempli gratia		logarithm (natural)	ln	
Time and temperature		(for example) e.g.		logarithm (base 10)	log	
day d		Federal Information		logarithm (specify base)	log ₂ , etc.	
degrees Celsius °C Code		Code	FIC	minute (angular)	,	
degrees Fahrenheit °F		id est (that is)	i.e.	not significant	NS	
degrees kelvin	K	latitude or longitude lat or long		null hypothesis	H_{O}	
hour	h	monetary symbols		percent	%	
minute	min	(U.S.) \$,¢		probability P		
second	S	months (tables and		probability of a type I error		
		figures): first three		(rejection of the null		
Physics and chemistry		letters	Jan,,Dec	hypothesis when true)	α	
all atomic symbols		registered trademark	®	probability of a type II error		
alternating current	AC	trademark	TM	(acceptance of the null		
ampere	A	United States		hypothesis when false)	β	
calorie	cal	(adjective) U.S.		second (angular)	"	
direct current	DC	United States of		standard deviation		
hertz	Hz	America (noun)	USA standard error		SE	
horsepower	hp	U.S.C.	United States	variance		
hydrogen ion activity pH			Code	population	Var	
(negative log of)	-	U.S. state	use two-letter	sample	var	
parts per million	ppm		abbreviations			
parts per thousand	ppt,		(e.g., AK, WA)			
-	% 0					
volts	V					

REGIONAL INFORMATION REPORT 4K20-10

SOUTH ALASKA PENINSULA SALMON ANNUAL MANAGEMENT REPORT, 2019 AND THE 2018 SUBSISTENCE FISHERIES IN THE ALASKA PENINSULA, ALEUTIAN ISLANDS, AND ATKA-AMLIA ISLANDS MANAGEMENT AREAS

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Elisabeth K. C. Fox

and

Cassandra J. Whiteside Alaska Department of Fish and Game, Division of Commercial Fisheries

> Alaska Department of Fish and Game Division of Sport Fish, Research and Technical Services 333 Raspberry Road, Anchorage, Alaska, 99518-1565

> > October 2020

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Elisabeth K. C. Fox and Cassandra J. Whiteside Alaska Department of Fish and Game, Division of Commercial Fisheries 351 Research Court, Kodiak, AK 99615, USA

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ABSTRACT

This report summarizes the 2019 season and historical commercial salmon fisheries of the South Alaska Peninsula Management Area (Area M).

The 2019 commercial salmon harvest (including the ADF&G test fishery) in Area M was 22,755 Chinook salmon *Oncorhynchus tshawytscha*, 1,625,218 sockeye salmon *O. nerka*, 521,559 coho salmon *O. kisutch*, 20,526,804 pink salmon *O. gorbuscha*, and 1,168,952 chum salmon *O. keta*. Harvest of Chinook, pink, coho, and chum salmon was above the recent 10-year average (2009–2018). Harvest of sockeye salmon was below the recent 10-year average. A total of 258 permit holders participated in the fishery. The June commercial salmon harvest included 10,049 Chinook, 630,888 sockeye, 3,681 coho, 9,021,357 pink, and 549,072 chum salmon. The post-June commercial salmon harvest (excluding the Southeastern District Mainland) included 12,506 Chinook, 993,588 sockeye, 517,067 coho, 11,476,012 pink, and 617,470 chum salmon.

No commercial salmon fisheries occurred in the Southeastern District Mainland from June 1 through July 25. The South Alaska Peninsula post-June salmon harvest in the Southeastern District Mainland from July 1 through October 31 was 311 Chinook, 67,562 sockeye, 89,200 coho, 1,332,240 pink, and 22,944 chum salmon.

In 2019, the Orzinski Lake sockeye salmon escapement of 4,367 sockeye salmon did not fulfill the sustainable escapement goal (SEG) of 15,000–20,000 sockeye salmon. Total escapement of pink salmon (4,236,700 fish) was above the South Alaska Peninsula SEG range of 1,750,000–4,000,000 fish. In the Southeastern District, chum salmon escapement was estimated at 176,025 fish, within the SEG of 106,400–212,800 fish. In the Southwestern District, chum salmon escapement was estimated at 180,050 fish, within the SEG of 133,400–266,800 fish. In the South Central District, chum salmon escapement was estimated at 293,100 fish, which was well above the SEG of 89,800–179,600 fish.

Key words: South Alaska Peninsula, commercial salmon fishery, South Unimak, Shumagin Islands, salmon harvest, salmon escapement, Alaska Board of Fisheries, board, salmon, *Oncorhynchus*, management plan, Chinook *O. tshawytscha*, sockeye *O. nerka*, coho *O. kisutch*, pink *O. gorbuscha*, chum *O. keta*, AMR

INTRODUCTION

The Alaska Peninsula salmon management area is the portion of Area M that includes waters of the North Alaska Peninsula from Cape Menshikof west to Cape Sarichef, and waters of the South Alaska Peninsula from Kupreanof Point west to Scotch Cap on Unimak Island (Appendix A1). This report describes commercial salmon fisheries located in South Alaska Peninsula waters, further divided into 4 districts: (1) Southeastern District, consisting of waters between Kupreanof Point and McGinty Point; (2) South Central District, consisting of waters between McGinty Point and Arch Point Light; (3) Southwestern District, consisting of waters between Arch Point Light, False Pass, and Cape Pankof Light; and (4) Unimak District, consisting of waters between Cape Pankof Light and Scotch Cap, including Sanak Island (Appendices A2–A6). The Southeastern District is further subdivided into 2 areas with different management plans: (1) the Shumagin Islands Section, consisting of the Shumagin Islands archipelago, and (2) the Southeastern District Mainland (SEDM), consisting of Stepovak, Balboa, and Beaver bays (Appendix A3). Data within this report supersedes data published in previous reports by the Alaska Department of Fish and Game (ADF&G).

Legal gear types in South Alaska Peninsula waters include purse seine, drift gillnet, and set gillnet (Appendices A7 and A8). In 2019, 71 of 121 purse seine permits, 121 of 162 drift gillnet permits, and 66 of 116 set gillnet permits reported landings in South Alaska Peninsula waters (Appendix A9). Most of the purse seine and set gillnet permit holders fished South Alaska Peninsula waters throughout the season, whereas most of the drift gillnet permit holders fished

South Unimak waters during the first half of June and North Alaska Peninsula waters from mid-June through July and into September.

SOUTH ALASKA PENINSULA AREAWIDE INFORMATION

There are 5 species of Pacific salmon commercially harvested in the South Alaska Peninsula salmon management area: Chinook salmon *Oncorhynchus tshawytscha*, sockeye salmon *O. nerka*, coho salmon *O. kisutch*, pink salmon *O. gorbuscha*, and chum salmon *O. keta*. Although commercial salmon fisheries in South Alaska Peninsula waters date back to at least 1888, when canneries were operated at Orzinski Bay and Thin Point Cove, catch records are only available starting in 1908 (Appendix A10). Fish ticket information starting in 1970 is stored in the ADF&G database.

HISTORICAL SALMON PRODUCTION, 1908–2019

Historically, South Alaska Peninsula salmon production has fluctuated dramatically. Harvests are typically dominated by pink and chum salmon. Since 1962, annual pink salmon total run (catch and escapement and excluding June harvest, which are not considered local stocks for management purposes) ranged from 149,421 fish in 1973 to 25,766,959 fish in 2017 (Appendix A11). Since 1962, annual chum salmon total run (excluding June harvests) ranged from 223,228 fish in 1975 to 3,079,607 fish in 2017 (Appendix A12).

From 1949 to 1978, the South Alaska Peninsula annual harvest (including June harvest) averaged 2,955,914 salmon and was composed of 2,525 Chinook, 583,453 sockeye, 26,498 coho, 1,627,592 pink, and 715,846 chum salmon (Appendix A10). From 1979 to 1998, the South Alaska Peninsula annual harvest averaged 10,775,153 salmon and was composed of 9,794 Chinook, 2,307,568 sockeye, 270,873 coho, 6,793,476 pink, and 1,393,441 chum salmon (Appendix A10). From 1999 to 2008, the South Alaska Peninsula annual harvest averaged 9,216,982 salmon and was composed of 4,925 Chinook, 1,879,975 sockeye, 193,035 coho, 6,287,361 pink, and 851,686 chum salmon (Appendix A10). From 2009 to 2018, the South Alaska Peninsula annual harvest averaged 9,795,520 salmon and was composed of 13,952 Chinook, 2,087,326 sockeye, 232,437 coho, 6,501,119 pink, and 960,686 chum salmon (Appendix A10). Pink and sockeye salmon are currently the most abundant salmon species harvested in the South Alaska Peninsula (Appendix A10).

COMMERCIAL SALMON HARVESTS FOR THE 2019 SEASON

The first South Alaska Peninsula commercial salmon landing in 2019 occurred on June 6 and the last landing occurred on September 10 (Appendix A13). The commercial harvest (including harvest from the test fishery) of 23,865,288 salmon was composed of 22,755 Chinook, 1,625,218 sockeye, 521,559 coho, 20,526,804 pink, and 1,168,952 chum salmon (Appendix A13). The Southeastern District had the largest commercial salmon harvest in the South Alaska Peninsula, with a harvest of 12,611,472 fish (52.9%), followed by Unimak District with 5,215,965 fish (21.9%), Southwestern District with 4,232,222 fish (17.8%), and South Central District with 1,743,169 fish (7.3%; Appendices A14 and A15). By gear type, seine permit holders accounted for 95.4% of the harvest, drift gillnet permit holders accounted for 1.4% of the harvest, and set gillnet permit holders accounted for 3.2% of the harvest

(Appendix A15). Specific management actions for the South Alaska Peninsula Management Area, as directed by emergency order, are summarized in Appendix A16.

EXVESSEL VALUE

Appendix A17 provides a brief summary of exvessel values of the 2019 South Alaska Peninsula commercial salmon fisheries. Exvessel values do not include retroactive payments to fishermen based on fish quality or incentives and are likely an underestimate of the true dollar value of the fish or fishery.

The total exvessel value of the 2019 South Alaska Peninsula fisheries is estimated to be \$26,698,709, well above the recent 10-year average of \$18,607,335 (Appendix A17).

Pink and sockeye salmon accounted for most of the value of the fishery, totaling \$12,675,898 for pink salmon and \$10,559,554 for sockeye salmon, followed by chum salmon at \$2,109,386 (Appendix A17). Coho salmon fisheries occurred in September of 2019; however, lack of participation in the fishery resulted in minimal harvests, and the total exvessel value of coho salmon harvested during 2019 was \$988,071.

The exvessel value of purse seine permits in the South Alaska Peninsula fisheries was \$22,217,679, followed by set gillnet permits (\$3,521,727) and drift gillnet permits (\$959,302; Appendix A17). In recent odd years, increased pink salmon harvest by purse seine permit holders has improved the exvessel value of purse seine gear relative to other gear types, and in even years, pink salmon harvest is less impactful. Drift gillnet gear is typically fished in the South Alaska Peninsula June fisheries and if sockeye salmon harvest is poor, the drift gillnet fleet will transition to North Alaska Peninsula fisheries in the Northern District to target sockeye salmon, resulting in lower exvessel values for drift gillnet permits on the South Alaska Peninsula as in 2015 and 2019.

SOUTH UNIMAK AND SHUMAGIN ISLANDS JUNE FISHERIES

HISTORICAL PERSPECTIVE

The first documented commercial harvests from the South Unimak and Shumagin Islands June fisheries occurred in 1911. During the early to mid-1960s, the South Unimak and Shumagin Islands fisheries were open to commercial salmon fishing 5 days per week. From 1967 to 1970, fishing occurred 7 days per week. Special regulatory meetings were held annually and resulted in different regulations every year from 1971 to 1974.

In 1975, the Alaska Board of Fisheries (BOF) implemented an allocation plan in which the South Unimak and Shumagin Islands June fisheries were granted an annual guideline harvest level (GHL) relative to the projected Bristol Bay inshore sockeye salmon harvest (Appendix B1). Based on historical catch data, 6.8% of the forecasted inshore Bristol Bay harvest was allocated to the South Unimak June fishery and 1.5% was allocated to the Shumagin Islands June fishery. Portions of the GHL were assigned to discrete time periods so the harvest would be spread throughout June. Concerns over large harvests of chum salmon in the early 1980s, combined with a weak Yukon River fall chum salmon run, resulted in a chum salmon cap that, if reached, would result in closure of the fishery for the remainder of June. Between 1986 and 2000, the

chum salmon cap was as high as 700,000 fish (1992–1997) and as low as 350,000 fish (1998–2000; Appendix B1).

In January 2001, the BOF modified the *South Unimak and Shumagin Islands June Salmon Management Plan* (5 AAC 09.365). These modifications were in effect through the 2003 season and included eliminating the sockeye salmon GHL and the chum salmon cap. From June 10 through June 24, fishing time for any gear group was limited to 16 hours per day. Gear type constraints were also imposed on the number of consecutive fishing days allowed within a 7-day period (Appendix B1). After June 24, in either the South Unimak or Shumagin Islands fisheries, if the sockeye-to-chum salmon ratio for all gear types was 2:1 or less on any day, the next fishing period was 6 hours in duration for all gear groups in that fishery. If the sockeye-to-chum salmon ratio was 2:1 or less for 2 consecutive fishing periods in either fishery, the season was closed for the remainder of June for all gear types. If the sockeye-to-chum salmon ratio was greater than 2:1, a 6-hour fishing period could be extended to a maximum of 16 hours.

In February 2004, the BOF modified the *South Unimak and Shumagin Islands June Salmon Management Plan* by establishing a fishing schedule that began at 6:00 AM on June 7 and ended at 10:00 PM on June 29. Fishing periods were 88 hours in duration interspersed by 32-hour closures, except for the final fishing period of 64 hours. This schedule provided 416 hours of concurrent opportunity for all gear types. In addition, the South Unimak fishery was expanded to include the entire Southwestern District and the West and East Pavlof Bay sections of the South Central District (Appendices B1 and B2).

In 2013, the BOF discussed proposed changes to the regulations involved with the June management plan. The BOF modified the June schedule for seine and drift gillnet gear by delaying the start date to June 10, which reduced fishing time by 64 hours. The June fishing schedule for set gillnet gear remained unchanged (Appendix B1).

During the February 2016 Alaska Peninsula, Aleutian Islands, and Chignik meeting, the BOF made changes to the *South Unimak and Shumagin Islands June Salmon Management Plan* (5AAC 09.365) and the *Post-June Salmon Management Plan for the South Alaska Peninsula* (5AAC 09.366) by adopting regulations to limit the number of sockeye salmon harvested in the Western Alaska Salmon Stock Identification Program (WASSIP) described "Dolgoi Island Area" (statistical areas 283-15 through 283-26 and 284-36 through 284-42; Appendix B3). From June 1 through July 25, a harvest limit of 191,000 sockeye salmon, based on fish ticket information, was created. Once this harvest limit is reached, the portion of the West Pavlof Bay Section south of Black Point (statistical area 283-26) and waters of the Volcano Bay Section (statistical areas 284-37 through 284-39) is closed to commercial salmon fishing through July 25 (Appendix B3). However, the portion of West Pavlof Bay Section south of Black Point (statistical area 283-26) may reopen to commercial salmon fishing on July 17 (Appendix B3). All other statistical areas are managed in accordance with each prescribed management plan.

2019 MANAGEMENT PLAN

During the February 2019 Alaska Peninsula, Aleutian Islands, and Chignik meeting, the BOF made changes to the *South Unimak and Shumagin Islands June Salmon Management Plan* (5 AAC 09.365) by amending subsection (d) that establishes the June fishing schedule. The first commercial fishing period began on June 6 at 10:00 AM and closed at 10:00 PM on June 8, a 64-hour fishing period for set gillnet gear only. Beginning at 6:00 AM June 10 all gear types were allowed to fish for an 88-hour fishing period which ended at 10:00 PM on June 13. That

fishing period was followed by a closure of 32 hours for all gear types. The commercial salmon fishery reopened for 3 more 88-hour fishing periods, followed by closures of 32 hours. The final commercial fishing period in June ended at 10:00 PM on June 28.

Additionally, the BOF added a new subsection to *the South Unimak and Shumagin Islands June Salmon Management Plan* (5 AAC 09.365(g)) to close the waters of the Volcano Bay Section of the Southwestern District, the Belkofski Bay Section of the Southwestern District, excluding those waters inside of a line between Vodapoini Point at lat 55°01.88′N, long 162°24.80′W, and Bold Cape at lat 55°01.24′N, long 162°16.40′W, and the South Central District to purse seine gear.

The BOF amended 5 AAC 09.330 - Gear, subsection (g) to allow a registered salmon fishing vessel, when it has set gillnet gear on board, to tow another registered salmon fishing vessel with set gillnet gear on board if the permit holder for the vessel being towed is on board one of the vessels, or to allow a registered salmon fishing vessel to have aboard it no more than 2 legal limits of set gillnet fishing gear in the aggregate to transport gear during a closed fishing period, if the 2 permit holders are on board the vessel. Additional gear may be transported to another district under conditions specified by ADF&G.

The BOF also amended 5 AAC 09.331 - Gillnet specifications and operations, to remove minimum mesh size regulations for set gillnets.

The escapement goal ranges for chum salmon were changed and a new criterion for escapement assessment was adopted. The single peak aerial survey method was chosen, utilizing specific index streams in a district, rather than all the streams in a district (Schaberg et al. 2019). This lowered the ranges of the chum salmon sustainable escapement goals (SEGs) for the Southwestern, South Central, and Southeastern districts. The Southeastern District will now use 26 index streams with an SEG of 62,500–151,900; the South Central District will now use 10 index streams with an SEG of 68,900–99,200; and the Southwestern District will now use 19 index streams with an SEG of 86,900–159,500. Although the 55 streams will be monitored in order to provide an escapement index, the previously monitored streams will continue to be monitored to assess quality and spatial distribution of the runs.

2019 JUNE SEASON SUMMARY

The first commercial fishing period in 2019 began on June 6 at 10:00 AM for set gillnet gear only and closed at 10:00 PM on June 8. Beginning at 6:00 AM on June 10, all gear types began an 88-hour fishing period which ended at 10:00 PM on June 13. This fishing period was followed by a closure of 32 hours for all gear types. The commercial salmon fishery then reopened for 3 more 88-hour fishing periods for all gear types, separated by closures of 32 hours. The final commercial fishing period in June ended at 10:00 PM on June 28. A total of 236 permit holders harvested 10,049 Chinook, 630,888 sockeye, 3,681 coho, 9,021,357 pink, and 549,072 chum salmon during the 2019 June fisheries (Appendices B4–B6).

During the 2019 South Unimak June fishery, 171 permit holders harvested 2,554 Chinook, 384,469 sockeye, 1,559 coho, 5,154,792 pink, and 216,809 chum salmon (Appendix B7 and B8). Landings by 33 purse seine permit holders accounted for 2,120 Chinook, 258,035 sockeye, 1,537 coho, 5,067,156 pink, and 196,537 chum salmon (Appendix B9); 128 drift gillnet permit holders harvested 392 Chinook, 91,365 sockeye, 0 coho, 76,878 pink, and 19,329 chum salmon

(Appendix B10); and 22 set gillnet permit holders harvested 41 Chinook, 34,950 sockeye, 22 coho, 10,253 pink, and 878 chum salmon (Appendix B11).

During the 2019 Shumagin Islands June fishery, 81 permit holders harvested 7,495 Chinook, 246,419 sockeye, 2,122 coho, 3,866,565 pink, and 332,263 chum salmon (Appendices B12 and B13). Landings by 39 purse seine permit holders accounted for 7,396 Chinook, 173,372 sockeye, 1,938 coho, 3,828,859 pink, and 322,465 chum salmon (Appendix B14); and 42 set gillnet permit holders harvested 99 Chinook, 73,047 sockeye, 184 coho, 37,706 pink, and 9,798 chum salmon (Appendix B15).

Purse seine permit holders harvested 67.1% of sockeye and 90.6% of chum salmon in the South Unimak June fishery (Appendices B16 and B17), and 70.4% of sockeye and 97.1% of chum salmon in the Shumagin Islands fishery (Appendices B18 and B19). Drift gillnet permit holders harvested 23.8% of sockeye and 8.9% of chum salmon in the South Unimak fishery (Appendices B16 and B17). Set gillnet permit holders harvested 9.1% of sockeye and 0.4% of chum salmon in the South Unimak fishery (Appendices B16 and B17) and 29.6% of sockeye and 2.9% of chum salmon in the Shumagin Islands June fishery (Appendices B18 and B19).

In 2019, the harvest limit of 191,000 sockeye salmon was not reached by July 25 and no closures were announced in the "Dolgoi Island area."

SOUTHEASTERN DISTRICT MAINLAND FISHERIES

The Southeastern District Mainland (SEDM) commercial salmon fishery occurs in South Alaska Peninsula mainland waters from Kupreanof Point in the east, to McGinty Point in the west (Appendix C1). The SEDM is subdivided into East Stepovak, Stepovak Flats, Northwest Stepovak, Southwest Stepovak, Balboa Bay, and Beaver Bay sections (Appendix C2).

The Southeastern District Mainland Salmon Management Plan (5 AAC 09.360) was formally adopted in 1980. Although it closely followed similar guidelines as previous seasons, it established that 80% of sockeye salmon harvested are considered destined for Chignik River. In 1985, June 1 through July 25 sockeye salmon harvest allocation criteria were added to the management plan. Harvest allocation has fluctuated between 6.0% and 7.6% of the total Chignik harvest since it was introduced (Appendix C3). Currently, SEDM is managed on a 7.6% allocation of sockeye salmon harvested in the Chignik Management Area (CMA) through July 25.

Since 1985, when allocation criteria were put in place, SEDM harvest has ranged from 0.9% (in 1989) to 11.5% (in 2005) of sockeye salmon harvested in the CMA (Appendix C4). In 1997, 2007, 2008, and 2014, 2018, and 2019, there was no fishery due to a weak sockeye salmon return to Chignik River. The recent 10-year (2009–2018) SEDM sockeye salmon harvest averaged 102,791 fish or 7.4% of sockeye salmon harvested in the CMA (Appendices C4 and C5).

The current management plan stipulates that 80% of sockeye salmon harvested in SEDM before July 1 are considered Chignik-bound. Beginning July 1, sockeye salmon harvested in Northwest Stepovak Section (NWSS) are considered 100% local fish and NWSS is managed on the Orzinski Lake sockeye salmon run. After July 25, all SEDM commercial fishery openings are based on the strength of local pink, chum, and coho salmon stocks.

HISTORICAL EFFORT

In 1972, the State of Alaska adopted limited entry management. With limited entry, a fixed number of permits were created and only people with these new permits were allowed to fish. However, because many South Alaska Peninsula fishermen participated in both set gillnet and purse seine fisheries prior to limited entry, they received a permit card for each gear type. Many dual permit holders sold or transferred their set gillnet permits and retained their purse seine permits. Sold or transferred permits increased effort in the SEDM fishery (Appendices C6–C8) because many set gillnet permits that were previously used part-time were then fished full-time. This increase in participation was reflected in both the number of set gillnet permits fished and the number of landings. The number of set gillnet permits fished has ranged from a low of 7 permits in 1975 to a high of 64 permits in 1993, 1996, and 2000 (Appendix C7). The number of set gillnet landings from SEDM has ranged from a low of 14 in 1975 to a high of 1,657 in 1984 (Appendix C7), with similarly high numbers of landings (>1,000) between 2011 and 2013. Between 2009 and 2018, an average of 42 set gillnet permits fished in the SEDM with an average of 840 total landings (years with no fishery are not included in this average; Appendix C7).

The number of purse seine permits fished has fluctuated since 1974, from 6 in 1975, 1987, and 1992, to 69 in 1990. In the most recent 10 years (2009–2018) an average of 17 purse seine permits have been fished annually (Appendix C8). Purse seine landings in SEDM have fluctuated between 9 and 145 since 1983 but have averaged 35 landings annually over the most recent 10 years (2009–2018; Appendix C8).

LOCAL STOCK FISHERIES

Northwest Stepovak Section

Prior to July 1, 80% of sockeye salmon harvested in NWSS are considered to be Chignik-bound sockeye salmon (5 AAC 09.360 (f)). After July 1, sockeye salmon caught within the NWSS are considered Orzinski Lake-bound. Orzinski Lake sockeye salmon escapements are assessed using a weir, with an escapement goal developed from historical aerial surveys and weir counts. The sockeye salmon SEG for Orzinski Lake is 15,000–20,000 fish (Schaberg et al. 2019).

Stepovak Flats Section

Prior to July 26, Stepovak Flats may open to commercial salmon fishing concurrently with the rest of the SEDM. Eighty percent of sockeye salmon harvested in the Stepovak Flats Section are considered Chignik-bound and assigned to the 7.6% allocation criteria stated in the *Southeast District Mainland Salmon Management Plan*. From July 26 to July 28, commercial salmon fishing is managed based on run strength of pink and chum salmon returning to Stepovak Flats streams. The entire section is closed from July 29 through September 30 to protect schooling chum salmon. A more detailed regulatory history can be found in Appendix C3.

2019 MANAGEMENT PLAN

Under the current Southeast District Mainland Salmon Management Plan (5 AAC 09.360)

1. The percentage of Chignik-bound sockeye salmon allocated to the SEDM fishery is 7.6% of the total number of sockeye salmon harvested in the CMA through July 25.

- 2. Prior to July 26, 80% of sockeye salmon caught in the SEDM are considered Chignik-bound salmon.
- 3. Beginning July 1, sockeye salmon caught in the NWSS (Appendix C2) are considered 100% local fish and not counted toward the Chignik allocation. Fishing time in NWSS beginning on July 1, excluding Orzinski Bay, may not be open for more than an aggregate of 96 hours during a 7-day period. Fishing time in Orzinski Bay, after June 30, is based on sockeye salmon escapement into Orzinski Lake.
- 4. If Orzinski Lake escapement met or exceeded 25,000 sockeye salmon, NWSS and Orzinski Bay could be opened concurrently as follows:
 - (A) set gillnet gear may be operated continuously until midnight July 25, and
 - (B) purse seine and hand purse seine gear may be operated for no more than an aggregate of 96 hours during a 7-day period.
- 5. A limited portion of Orzinski Bay may open to purse seine gear prior to July 11 if ADF&G determined the interim escapement objectives had been exceeded.
- 6. The Stepovak Flats Section is managed for chum salmon returning to Stepovak Flats streams for the entire season. However, 80% of the sockeye salmon caught in this section through July 25 are considered Chignik-bound fish.
- 7. The area encompassing Kupreanof Point is closed to commercial salmon fishing from July 6 through August 31. ADF&G may extend the Kupreanof Point closed waters area through the end of the season by emergency order.
- 8. From July 26 through October 31, the fishery is managed for local pink, chum, and coho salmon stocks.
- 9. From July 26 through October 31, the fishery is closed for at least one 36-hour period within a 7-day period.

2019 SEASON SUMMARY

During years in which it appears that the sockeye salmon harvest will exceed 600,000 fish in the CMA, and the first run begins to develop as anticipated, followed by a commercial salmon opening in the CMA, commercial salmon fishing may be allowed in the East Stepovak, Stepovak Flats, Southwest Stepovak, Balboa Bay and Beaver Bay sections of the SEDM. The 2019 forecast for the total run estimate of Chignik-bound sockeye salmon was 829,000 fish for early run (Black Lake) and 909,000 fish for late run (Chignik Lake; Brenner et al. 2019). No commercial salmon fishing periods were allowed in the SEDM between June 1 and July 25 in 2019, because the early-run Chignik River sockeye salmon run did not develop as forecasted and no directed sockeye salmon commercial fishing periods were scheduled in the CMA from early June through mid-July. Sockeye salmon harvest in the SEDM considered to be Chignik bound was 0 fish and represented 0.0% of the total sockeye salmon harvest in the CMA (Appendices C4 and C9). A total of 0 salmon were harvested in the SEDM during the June 1 to July 25 timeframe (Appendices C6 and C10).

In 2019, the Orzinski Lake weir was operated from June 12 through August 8 and passed 4,367 sockeye salmon (Appendix E8). Due to low Orzinski Lake sockeye salmon escapement, no

commercial fishing was permitted in the NWSS (Appendix C11). The total harvest in the NWSS from July 1 through July 25 was 0 salmon (Appendix C11).

Between July 26 and October 31, SEDM is managed on the abundance of local pink, chum, and coho salmon. Due to adequate returns of pink, chum, and coho salmon into SEDM streams, fishing opportunity was provided from August 15 to September 18 (Appendices A16 and C10). The total harvest in SEDM for the 2019 season, between July 26 and October 31 was 311 Chinook, 67,562 sockeye, 89,200 coho, 1,332,240 pink, and 22,944 chum salmon (Appendix C10).

SOUTH ALASKA PENINSULA POST-JUNE FISHERIES

The South Alaska Peninsula post-June salmon fishery takes place in Southeastern (excluding SEDM prior to July 26), South Central, Southwestern, and Unimak districts from July 1 through the end of the season (Appendices D1 and D2).

The *Post-June Salmon Management Plan for the South Alaska Peninsula* (5 AAC 09.366) was formally adopted in 1991. Before 1991, the post-June fishery was divided into 3 date ranges and based on the run strengths of the following local salmon species: July 6 to approximately July 18 (chum salmon), July 18 to approximately August 20 (pink salmon), and from September 1 until the end of the season (coho salmon; Appendix D3).

In 1991, after the management plan was put into place by the BOF, commercial fishing was restricted to terminal areas from July 6 to July 19. These terminal areas included Zachary Bay, the northern portion of Pavlof Bay and Cold Bay, Thin Point, Canoe Bay, and Morzhovoi Bay sections (Appendix D2). From July 20 until the close of the season, the entire South Alaska Peninsula could be opened to commercial salmon fishing by emergency order based on local run strength (except in the SEDM through July 25).

Since 1991, the BOF has made multiple adjustments to the management plan. The opening date allowing fishing in nonterminal areas was moved from July 20 to July 6. Also, time periods for post-June fisheries were changed to July 6–21 and July 22–31, each with distinct fishing periods, specific closures in nonterminal areas, and additional terminal areas in the latter period. In 2010, the BOF extended the fishing season through October 31 (Appendix D3).

During the February 2016 BOF meeting, the management plan was revised to limit the number of sockeye salmon harvested in the "Dolgoi Islands Area" to 191,000 as reported on fish tickets. When the harvest limit of sockeye salmon is reached, the portion of the West Pavlof Bay Section south of Black Point (statistical area 283-26) and waters of the Volcano Bay Section (statistical areas 284-37 through 284-39) will be closed to commercial salmon fishing through July 25 (Appendix B3). However, the portion of West Pavlof Bay Section south of Black Point (statistical area 283-26) may reopen to commercial salmon fishing on July 17 (Appendices B3 and D3). In addition to the changes made in the "Dolgoi Islands Area", the BOF also repealed the minimum mesh size of a drift gillnet during the post-June fisheries. There is now no minimum mesh size in Area M for drift gillnet gear (Appendix D3).

IMMATURE SALMON CONCERNS

The 1991 BOF decision to allow commercial salmon fishing in limited areas within South Alaska Peninsula waters was made in part because of concerns that immature Chinook, sockeye, and chum salmon were inadvertently gilled during purse seine gear fishing operations

(McCullough and Shaul 1992). The presence of immature salmon in South Alaska Peninsula waters, which ADF&G first became aware of in 1962, has warranted restrictions to commercial fishing in some years. These restrictions were applied to all gear types in affected areas from late June into July in 1963, 1968, 1969, 1974, and 1979, and for purse seine fishing only during the 1989–1992, 1999, 2001, 2003, 2008, 2015, 2016, and 2017 seasons (Fox et al. 2018).

In the Shumagin Islands Section, a high incidence of immature salmon being caught in purse seine gear is cause for concern. Under current regulations, seine mesh size may not exceed 3½ inches except for the first 25 meshes above the lead line, which may not exceed 7 inches (5 AAC 09.332(a)). Set gillnet gear has larger mesh size (minimum of 5¼ inches; 5 AAC 09.331(b)(3)), allowing immature salmon to pass through the gear. Immature salmon usually migrate out of the area by July 23, although in 1992 closures were necessary until July 29.

In 1990, the ADF&G test fishing program was instituted in the Shumagin Islands to determine presence and abundance of immature salmon in South Alaska Peninsula waters prior to the July commercial fishing periods. In the Shumagin Islands Section, most purse seine fishing effort has occurred in the nearshore waters of Popof Island from Popof Head to Red Bluff, and thus test fishing sites were established in those areas (Appendix D4).

In 2001, the BOF adopted a regulation that defined immature salmon and required ADF&G to conduct an immature salmon test fishery in July (5 AAC 09.366(i); Appendix D3).

2019–2021 MANAGEMENT PLAN

The Post-June Salmon Management Plan for the South Alaska Peninsula (5 AAC 09.366) has 3 major components:

- 1. Beginning July 6, there is one 33-hour fishing period followed by a 63-hour closure. After the first fishing period, there are six 36-hour fishing periods interspersed by 60-hour closures in the Shumagin Islands Section of the Southeastern District, and the South Central, Southwestern, and Unimak districts (Appendices D1 and D2). Additional fishing time may be allowed in terminal fishing areas based on local salmon run strength.
- 2. From July 6 through July 21, terminal areas include the northern portion of Pavlof Bay (north of the latitude of Black Point; Appendix A4), the southern portion of Zachary Bay (statistical area 282-35), and the Canoe Bay, Cold Bay, Morzhovoi Bay, and Thin Point sections (Appendix D1). From July 22 through July 31, in addition to those terminal areas identified for the time frame of July 6 through July 21, the Deer Island, Belkofski Bay, and Mino Creek–Little Coal Bay sections are added (Appendices D1 and D2).
- 3. From August 1 through August 31, fishing periods are based on abundance of local sockeye, coho, pink, and chum salmon stocks. From September 1 through October 31, fishing periods are based on abundance of coho salmon stocks, although ADF&G may consider abundance of late pink and chum salmon stocks.

2019 SEASON SUMMARY

The test fishery was conducted on 3 days: July 2, 3, and 5. Test fishery results on all 3 days in July showed numbers of immature salmon below the regulatory threshold (100 per set; Appendix D5). Because numbers of immature salmon were below the regulatory threshold, purse seine gear was permitted for fishing within the Shumagin Islands Section of the Southeastern

District during the 33-hour fishing period beginning July 6, and during all subsequent fishing periods (Appendix D5).

In 2019, the July 6–21 commercial salmon harvest from South Alaska Peninsula nonterminal areas was composed of 9,883 Chinook, 406,831 sockeye, 149,981 coho, 1,457,040 pink, and 236,922 chum salmon (Appendix D6). Terminal area harvests during this time frame totaled 1 Chinook, 6,946 sockeye, 13 coho, 1,174 pink, and 398 chum salmon (Appendix D6). The July 22–31 commercial salmon harvest from South Alaska Peninsula nonterminal areas (including SEDM after July 25) was 1,642 Chinook, 271,662 sockeye, 43,783 coho, 789,260 pink, and 75,238 chum salmon (Appendix D7). Terminal area harvests during this time frame totaled 7 Chinook, 34,942 sockeye, 1,104 coho, 129,360 pink, and 11,790 chum salmon (Appendix D7).

Beginning August 1, commercial salmon fishing opportunity is provided at the discretion of ADF&G based on escapement, run timing, and commercial harvest. Due to strong returns of pink salmon across the South Alaska Peninsula, the commercial salmon fishery was open during all but 1 day in August (Appendix D8).

There were several openings for coho salmon in September. Strong harvest of coho salmon warranted further openings in the commercial fishery. From September 1 through October 31, 5 Chinook, 3,812 sockeye, 25,357 coho, 258,378 pink, and 1,459 chum salmon were harvested (Appendix D9).

The 2019 South Alaska Peninsula post-June total commercial salmon harvest (excluding the SEDM July 1-25 harvest) was 12,506 Chinook, 993,588 sockeye, 517,067 coho, 11,476,012 pink, and 617,470 chum salmon (Appendix D10). In 2019, 171 permit holders fished in the South Alaska Peninsula post-June fishery (Appendix D11). Chinook salmon were harvested by all gear groups with 12,479 (99.8%) caught by purse seine, 1 (<1%) caught by drift gillnet, and 26 (<1%) caught by set gillnet, for a total of 12,506 fish (Appendix D12). Sockeve salmon were harvested by all gear groups, with 657,582 (66.2%) caught by purse seine, 12,991 (1.3%) caught by drift gillnet, and 323,015 (32.5%) were caught by set gillnet, for a total of 993,588 fish (Appendix D13). Coho salmon were harvested by all gear groups with 461,838 (89.3%) caught by purse seine, 19,123 (3.7%) caught by drift gillnet, and 36,106 (7.0%) caught by set gillnet, for a total of 517,067 fish (Appendix D14). Pink salmon were harvested by all gear groups with 11,208,383 (97.7%) caught by purse seine, 93,458 (<1%) caught by drift gillnet, and 174,171 (1.5%) caught by set gillnet, for a total of 11,476,012 fish (Appendix D15). Chum salmon were harvested by all gear groups with 527,101 (85.4%) caught by purse seine, 23,871 (3.9%) caught by drift gillnet, and 66,498 (10.8%) caught by set gillnet, for a total of 617,470 fish (Appendix D16).

The 2019 Chinook salmon harvest was well above the recent 10-year average of 5,246 for the post-June commercial salmon fishery (Appendix D12). Coho salmon harvest was also well above the 10-year average of 228,067 (Appendix D14). Sockeye, pink, and chum salmon harvest were all above their 10-year averages as well (808,314 sockeye, 5,567,131 pink, and 534,342 chum salmon; Appendices D13, D15, and D16).

SALMON ESCAPEMENT

The South Alaska Peninsula has approximately 224 salmon streams, with sockeye salmon found in 37, pink salmon in at least 204, chum salmon in 136, and coho salmon in 81

(Schaberg et al. 2019). In 2019, most salmon escapements were monitored by aerial surveys using small fixed-wing aircraft. The Orzinski Lake system was monitored with a fixed picket salmon weir operated by ADF&G. Pink and chum salmon escapements were estimated with the indexed total escapement method, and sockeye salmon escapements were estimated using peak escapement observations (Appendix E1). Chum salmon escapements using the newly developed peak aerial survey escapement index were also monitored.

Alaska salmon production was low during the 1960s and early 1970s. The Alaska salmon runs began to rebuild in the mid-1970s, and most Alaska Peninsula salmon stocks recovered by 1977. There are no known Chinook salmon spawning streams along South Alaska Peninsula waters, and coho salmon escapement data is inconsistent.

It is beyond the scope of this report to publish detailed escapement goals for each species by location and the methodologies used in their development. Additional information on escapement goals and escapements by stream or district used in the following discussion can be found in Schaberg et al. (2019).

2019 ESCAPEMENT BY SPECIES

Sockeye Salmon

The total 2019 indexed South Alaska Peninsula sockeye salmon escapement of 31,667 fish was below the recent 10-year average of 70,225 fish (Appendices E2 and E4). The escapement into Mortensen Lagoon of 800 fish was well below the SEG range of 3,200–6,400 fish (Appendix E3). The escapement into Thin Point of 9,600 fish was below the SEG range of 14,000–28,000 fish (Appendix E3). The Orzinski Lake sockeye salmon escapement for 2019 was 4,367 fish through August 8, which was well below the SEG range of 15,000–20,000 (Appendices E7 and E8).

In 2018, the Unalaska Native Fishermen's Association provided funding to contract Aleutian Aerial LLC to fly small unmanned aerial system (i.e., drone) surveys to capture sockeye salmon abundance in Summer Bay, Morris Cove, and Unalaska Village lakes on Unalaska Island (Appendix E9). Recorded video footage was reviewed postseason and sockeye salmon escapements were estimated using peak escapement observations (Appendix E1). Total indexed sockeye salmon escapement was 583 fish for the Unalaska Village Lake, 3,622 fish for Summer Bay, and 315 fish for Morris Cove (Appendix E10). In 2019, Unalaska Native Fishermen's Association, the Ounalaskhka Corporation, and the City of Unalaska provided funding for a second year of drone surveys. Escapement estimates for 2019 will be published in the 2020 management report.

Coho Salmon

The total indexed coho salmon escapement for 2019 was 0 fish (Appendix E3). Many streams were not surveyed, surveyed once, or not surveyed during times of peak abundance. The coho salmon escapement goal for Thin Point Lake was eliminated at the 2013 BOF meeting (Sagalkin and Erickson 2013).

Pink Salmon

The total 2019 indexed South Alaska Peninsula pink salmon escapement of 4,236,700 fish was above the recent 10-year average of 2,569,996 fish, and above the South Alaska Peninsula annual pink salmon SEG range of 1,750,000–4,000,000 fish (Appendices E2, E3, and E5). The

areawide pink salmon SEG was modified during the 2016 BOF meeting from individual even/odd year SEGs to an aggregate annual SEG (Schaberg et al. 2015).

Chum Salmon

The total 2019 indexed South Alaska Peninsula chum salmon escapement of 672,475 fish was above the recent 10-year average of 597,499 fish (Appendices E2, E3, and E6). Escapement of 176,025 fish into the Southeastern District was within the SEG of 106,400–212,800 fish, escapement of 180,050 fish into the Southwestern District was within the SEG of 133,400–266,800 fish, and escapement of 293,100 fish into the South Central District exceeded the SEG range of 89,800–179,600 fish (Schaberg et al. 2019; Appendix E3).

New escapement goal ranges for chum salmon were developed during the February 2019 Alaska Peninsula, Aleutian Islands, and Chignik BOF meeting. New, lower chum salmon SEGs were established for each district, utilizing specific index streams in a district (rather than all streams in a district) and the single peak aerial survey method (rather than the 21-day stream life method described in Appendix E1) to estimate escapement (Schaberg et al. 2019). The SEGs for the index streams for each district were monitored, and all escapement estimates using this method were within or above the SEG range. Using the Southeastern District's 26 index streams, the escapement estimate was 111,800 fish (SEG 62,500–151,900 fish). Using the South Central District's 10 index streams, the escapement estimate was 224,000 fish (SEG 68,900–99,200 fish). Using the Southwestern District's 19 index streams, the escapement estimate was 125,800 fish (SEG 86,900–159,500 fish).

SUBSISTENCE FISHERIES

Subsistence uses of wild resources are defined as noncommercial, customary and traditional uses for a variety of purposes. These include direct personal or family consumption as food, shelter, fuel, clothing, tools, or transportation; for the making and selling of handicraft articles out of nonedible byproducts of fish and wildlife resources taken for personal or family consumption; and for the customary trade, barter, or sharing for personal or family consumption (AS 16.05.940 (33)). Whenever it is necessary to restrict harvests, subsistence fisheries have a preference over other uses of the stock (AS 16.05.258(b)(4)(A)).

Reliance on local resources for subsistence is important to many communities on the Alaska Peninsula, Aleutian Islands, and Pribilof Islands. Subsistence salmon permits are issued to residents in some of these areas through the ADF&G offices in Sand Point, Cold Bay, Port Moller, and Dutch Harbor. Information from returned subsistence permits is used to extrapolate catches for all permits issued. Subsistence permits are not required in the Akutan, Umnak, Pribilof Islands, and Atka-Amlia areas. The Atka-Amlia Islands Area, as defined in the commercial fishing regulations, is considered a district of the Aleutian Islands Area in the subsistence fishing regulations.

Due to the delay of subsistence permit returns, subsistence harvest information from 2019 is not included in this report. This report summarizes subsistence harvest from 2018.

PERMITS ISSUED

In 2018, a total of 154 subsistence permits were issued in the Alaska Peninsula Area (Appendices F1 and F2). This was above the 127 permits issued in 2017 and consistent with the 2013–2017 average of 155 permits (Appendix F1). In the Aleutian Islands, 182 permits were

issued for the Unalaska District (Appendices F1 and F2). This was slightly less than the 187 permits issued in 2017, and less than the 2013–2018 average of 223 permits issued (Appendix F1). There were 2 permits issued for the Adak District (Appendices F2 and F3). This is consistent with the 2013–2017 average of 2 permits. In 2018, 72.1% of the subsistence permits issued in the Alaska Peninsula Area, 84.6% of the permits issued in the Unalaska District of the Aleutian Islands Area, and 50% of the permits issued in the Adak District of the Aleutian Islands Area were completed and returned to ADF&G (Appendix F2).

2018 HARVEST BY AREA

The species and number of salmon harvested for subsistence varied considerably among communities (Appendices F1 through F3). This may be due to annual differences in salmon availability and species preference within each community. The 2018 Alaska Peninsula Area subsistence salmon harvest was an estimated 10,287 salmon: 271 Chinook, 5,582 sockeye, 1,990 coho, 999 pink, and 1,444 chum salmon (Appendices F1 and F2). The Alaska Peninsula Area subsistence salmon reported harvest has been showing a general decline in recent years after historic peak harvests in 1997. The 2018 Alaska Peninsula Area subsistence salmon harvest was below the 2013–2017 average of 14,035 fish. The subsistence salmon harvest in the Unalaska District during 2018 was an estimated 2,563 salmon: 27 Chinook, 1,837 sockeye, 483 coho, 142 pink, and 74 chum salmon (Appendices F1 and F2). The 2018 subsistence salmon harvest in Unalaska was less than the 2013–2017 average of 4,160 fish. The subsistence salmon harvest in the Adak District during 2018 was an estimated 460 sockeye salmon with no other species reported to be taken (Appendices F2 and F3). The 2018 subsistence salmon harvest in Adak was much greater than the 2013–2017 average of 62 fish.

Mortensens Lagoon Subsistence Fishery

Mortensens Lagoon is located approximately 9 road miles southeast of the town of Cold Bay and is an important source of sockeye and coho salmon for both residents of Cold Bay and King Cove. In 2018, 4 residents of Cold Bay, 2 residents of King Cove, and 2 nonlocal residents fished in Mortensens Lagoon (Appendices F4 and F5). During the 5 most recent years (2013–2017), an average of 6 nonlocal permit holders, 8 Cold Bay resident permit holders, and 8 King Cove resident permit holders fish in Mortensens Lagoon each year (Appendix F5). In 2018, an estimated 192 sockeye and 25 coho salmon were harvested in Mortensens Lagoon (Appendices F4 and F6).

Thin Point Lagoon Subsistence Fishery

Thin Point Lagoon, located approximately 12 air miles west of King Cove, is an important source of subsistence sockeye and coho salmon for residents of King Cove. In 2018, an estimated 467 sockeye and 129 coho salmon were harvested from Thin Point Cove by 5 King Cove permit holders (Appendices F6 and F7).

Lenard Harbor Subsistence Fishery

Lenard Harbor, near the King Cove road system, has been an important source of coho salmon for subsistence purposes. In 2018, an estimated 100 coho salmon were harvested from Lenard Harbor by 2 King Cove permit holders (Appendices F8 and F9).

Unalaska Subsistence Fishery

The primary Unalaska Island salmon subsistence fishing locations during 2018 are listed in Appendix F10. In 2018, as in many years, Reese Bay received more fishing effort than any other location on Unalaska Island (Appendices F6 and F10). The Reese Bay subsistence fishery, on Unalaska Island, targets sockeye salmon returning to McLees Lake (Hildreth and Finkle 2011) and appears to be fully utilized by subsistence fishermen during most years (Shaul and Dinnocenzo 2000). In 2018, Reese Bay subsistence sockeye salmon harvest was estimated to be 1,338 fish, which represented 90% of the total Unalaska District sockeye subsistence catch (Appendix F10). The 2018 subsistence sockeye harvest in Reese Bay was less than the 2017 estimated harvest of 1,398 fish and less than the previous 5-year average of 2,490 fish (Appendix F6).

Adak District Subsistence Fishery

Historically, the Adak District subsistence salmon harvest primarily consists of sockeye salmon taken at Quail Bay and Galas Point on Kagalaska Island and at Finger Bay and Airport Creek on Adak Island. After 1993, the personal use effort decreased from previous years due to reductions in U.S. Navy personnel stationed at Adak. In 1997, the civilian population of Adak increased because of military base cleanup work, which resulted in an increase in the number of permits issued and salmon harvested. A total of 18 permits were issued in 1997 and an estimated 229 sockeye and 4 chum salmon were harvested (Appendix F3). In 2018, the estimated harvest of 460 sockeye salmon was much higher that the most recent 5-year average (Appendix F3). Between 2013 and 2017, an average of 2 Adak District subsistence permits were issued with an estimated average harvest of 45 sockeye, 4 coho, and 27 pink salmon.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

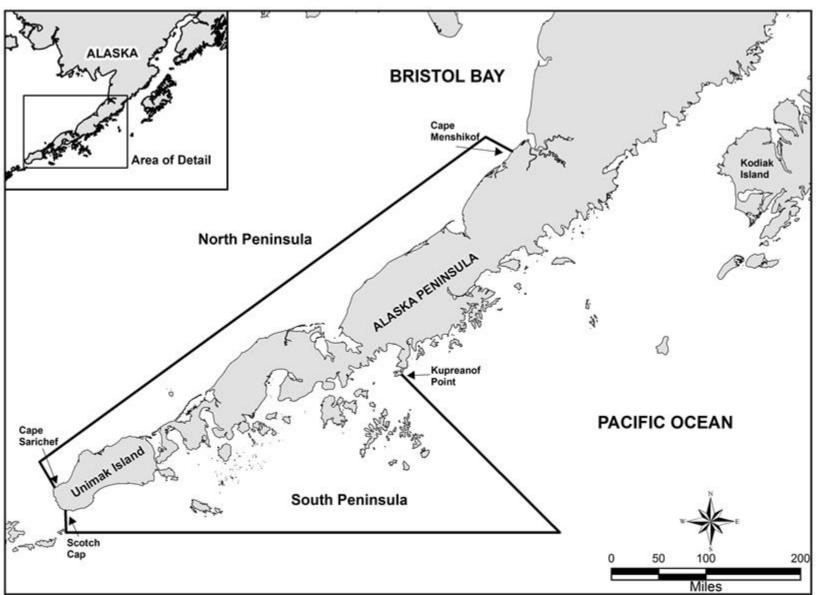
The authors would like to thank Tracy Pedersen and William Simard for their work at the Orzinski Weir; Kalynn Workman for her work at the Sand Point office; our pilots, Mark Patterson and Paul Horn, for aerial logistics and survey support; and the crew of the *R/V Resolution* for providing logistical support. The authors also thank Amanda Dorner, Ric Shepard, Neil Moomey, and Doug Dorner for their technical support. Special thanks go to Michelle Stratton, Todd Anderson, Geoff Spalinger, Reid Johnson, Jeff Wadle, and Kevin Schaberg for editing this publication.

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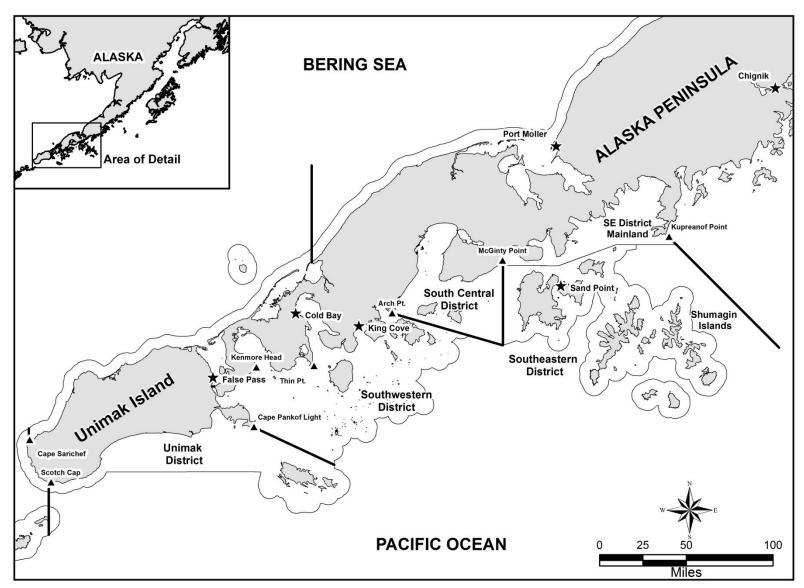
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APPENDIX A. AREAWIDE INFORMATION

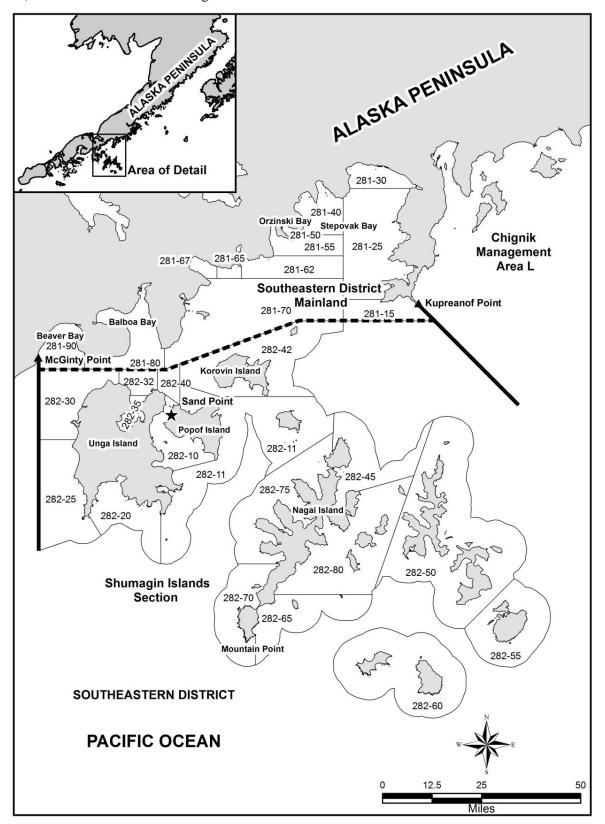
Appendix A1.—Map of Alaska Peninsula Management Area with the North and South Peninsula defined.

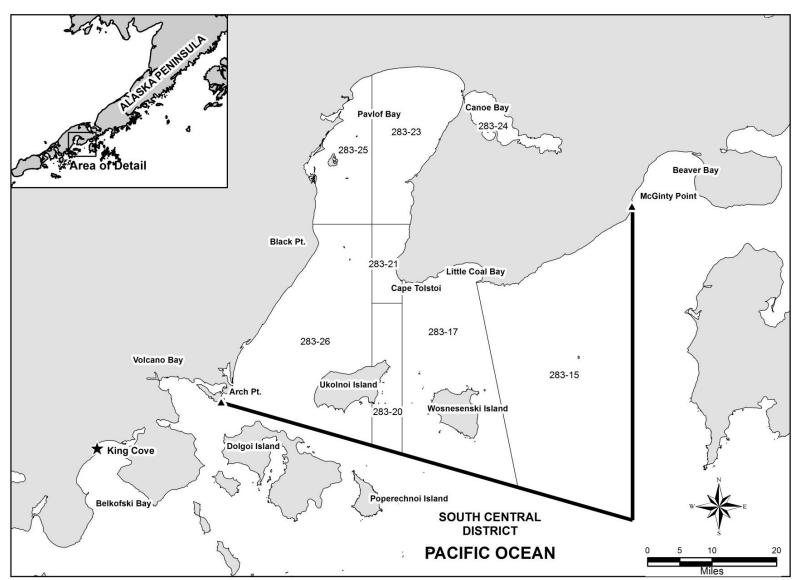


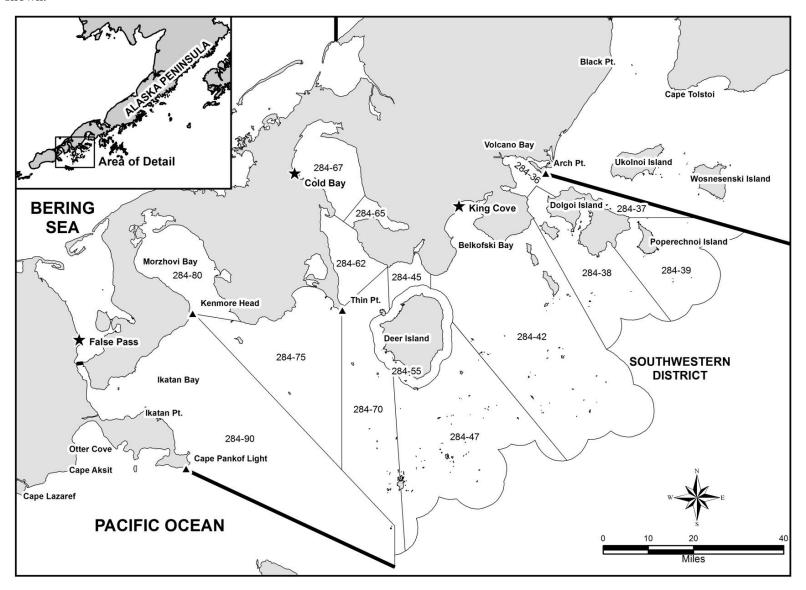
Appendix A2.—Map of Alaska Peninsula Management Area from Kupreanof Point to Scotch Cap with South Peninsula salmon fishing districts defined.

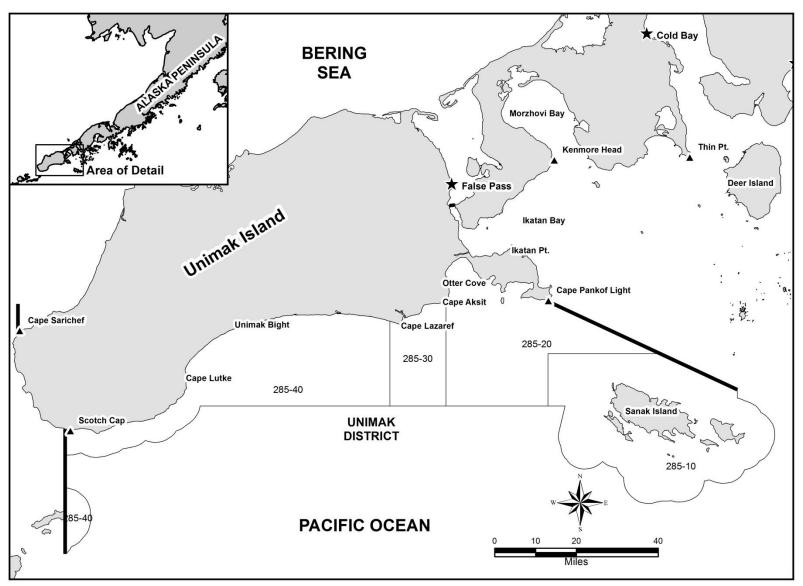


Appendix A3.—Map of Alaska Peninsula Area from Kupreanof Point to McGinty Point (Southeastern District) with statistical salmon fishing areas shown.

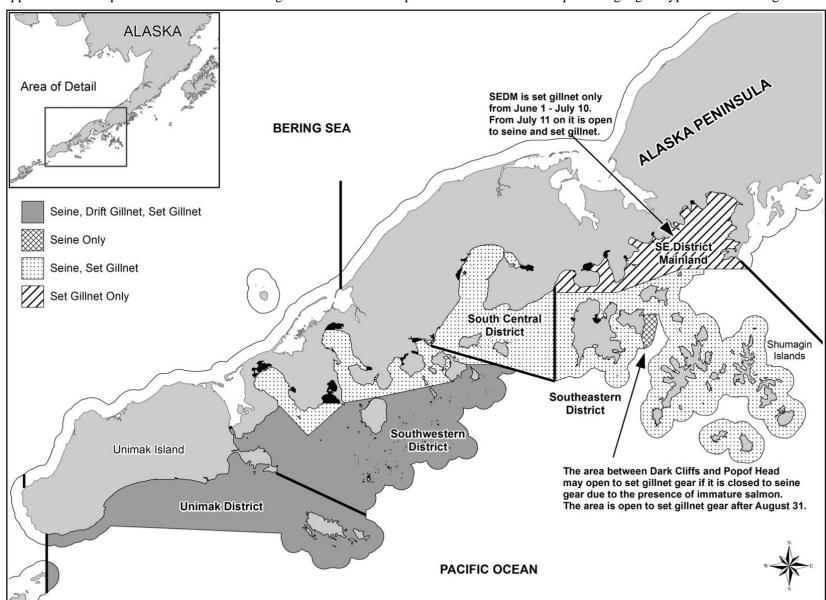




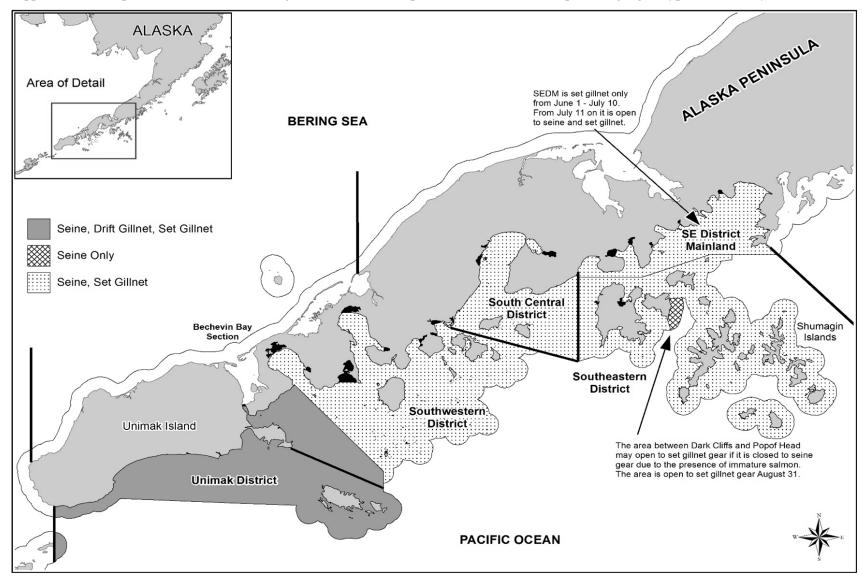




Appendix A7.—Map of Alaska Peninsula Management Area from Kupreanof Point to Scotch Cap with legal gear types shown during June.



Appendix A8.—Map of Alaska Peninsula Management Area from Kupreanof Point to Scotch Cap with legal gear types shown, July 1—October 31.



Appendix A9.—Number of actively fished limited entry (Commercial Fisheries Entry Commission) permits in the South Alaska Peninsula, 1980–2019.

	Purse	Drift	Set	
Year	seine	gillnet	gillnet	Total
1980	114	129	45	288
1981	116	135	53	304
1982	115	138	52	305
1983	118	147	59	324
1984	121	147	66	334
1985	122	150	64	336
1986	119	156	60	335
1987	113	145	69	327
1988	112	148	70	330
1989	117	147	76	340
1990	118	154	81	353
1991	119	157	78	354
1992	119	142	79	340
1993	122	144	86	352
1994	118	145	79	342
1995	118	151	82	351
1996	102	147	82	331
1997	82	142	82	306
1998	79	145	86	310
1999	74	153	82	309
2000	76	149	84	309
2001	64	99	78	241
2002	42	86	70	198
2003	46	84	64	194
2004	42	95	65	202
2005	45	94	69	208
2006	43	85	75	203
2007	46	87	71	204
2008	55	111	64	230
2009	53	118	67	238
2010	62	119	64	245
2011	58	121	69	248
2012	55	123	70	248
2013	60	122	66	248
2014	49	127	65	241
2015	57	119	68	244
2016	49	119	68	236
2017	55	117	69	241
2018	54	132	63	249
2019	71	121	66	258
Average	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
2009–2018	55	122	67	244

Appendix A10.-South Alaska Peninsula salmon harvest (number of fish), all gear combined, by species and year, 1908–2019 (excluding test fishery harvest).

Yeara	Permits	Landings	Chinook	Sockeye	Coho	Pink	Chum	Total
1908	_	_	0	69,400	0	0	0	69,400
1909	_	_	0	108,400	7,200	0	0	115,600
1910	_	_	0	46,300	5,500	0	0	51,800
1911	_	_	0	240,800	12,400	25,200	83,000	361,400
1912	_	_	0	334,400	27,000	40,400	195,000	596,800
1913	_	_	1,800	299,700	0	0	7,000	308,500
1914	_	_	600	628,900	0	311,000	221,100	1,161,600
1915	_	_	4,800	367,900	16,200	120,100	333,100	842,100
1916	_	_	6,800	730,900	34,100	576,100	508,900	1,856,800
1917	_	_	6,400	1,486,100	4,600	72,100	415,500	1,984,700
1918	_	_	8,700	1,014,100	16,300	2,150,000	1,501,000	4,690,100
1919	_	_	9,600	619,100	56,100	80,200	921,400	1,686,400
1920	_	_	7,800	1,142,300	47,700	2,109,800	934,000	4,241,600
1921	_	_	700	830,700	1,500	47,300	84,600	964,800
1922	_	_	6,900	3,376,800	2,200	756,700	349,300	4,491,900
1923	_	_	4,100	1,827,200	75,300	143,600	538,900	2,589,100
1924	_	_	3,900	1,352,000	127,300	3,931,300	1,330,700	6,745,200
1925	_	_	10,700	820,500	127,100	382,100	1,116,800	2,457,200
1926	_	_	9,500	3,071,500	193,800	3,719,700	1,179,800	8,174,300
1927	_	_	9,600	714,700	125,300	1,455,500	1,299,700	3,604,800
1928	_	_	7,700	971,500	96,600	900,900	2,416,300	4,393,000
1929	_	_	10,500	935,800	84,500	1,793,500	2,429,000	5,253,300
1930	_	_	10,900	935,200	161,100	6,094,800	1,278,100	8,480,100
1931	_	_	11,000	1,863,200	128,700	997,900	1,216,000	4,216,800
1932	_	_	17,400	2,977,300	112,300	3,604,800	817,300	7,529,100
1933	_	_	12,600	1,996,700	190,000	3,109,200	1,173,900	6,482,400
1934	_	_	17,600	1,372,400	247,100	6,538,500	1,940,300	10,115,900
1935	_	_	13,900	978,400	117,200	5,386,200	2,003,100	8,498,800
1936	_	_	14,400	3,662,600	284,600	9,471,000	2,310,900	15,743,500
1937	_	_	9,300	1,558,000	73,900	9,302,000	1,506,700	12,449,900
1938	_	_	6,400	772,100	220,700	7,169,100	1,476,600	9,644,900
1939	_	_	16,500	1,881,700	98,900	6,005,300	1,440,600	9,443,000
1940	_	_	9,100	1,040,300	184,200	7,182,800	2,326,300	10,742,700
1941	_	_	13,000	1,072,000	183,000	5,347,000	1,542,000	8,157,000
1942	_	_	4,800	810,100	123,000	6,762,600	1,321,100	9,021,600
1943	_	_	21,700	2,397,700	90,600	4,360,200	924,500	7,794,700
1944	_	_	9,900	538,600	238,700	2,653,800	985,600	4,426,600
1945	_	_	21,400	813,400	116,100	3,639,600	948,900	5,539,400
1946	_	_	6,100	752,300	151,400	1,964,000	1,219,900	4,093,700
1947	_	_	3,400	1,137,100	55,800	2,319,600	1,219,200	4,735,100
1948	_	_	1,200	285,900	39,200	1,683,700	1,139,600	3,149,600
1949	_	_	3,800	637,500	19,500	1,544,000	560,900	2,765,700
1950	_	_	4,000	1,745,300	70,700	1,613,700	562,500	3,996,200

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Appendix A10.—Page 2 of 3.

Yeara	Permits	Landings	Chinook	Sockeye	Coho	Pink	Chum	Total
1951	_	_	1,500	264,200	55,700	2,844,800	683,100	3,849,300
1952	_	_	9,200	894,500	39,200	908,500	1,040,800	2,892,200
1953	_	_	7,200	1,039,200	47,900	2,743,900	1,464,600	5,302,800
1954	_	_	4,200	636,300	49,400	2,033,300	1,413,400	4,136,600
1955	_	_	5,400	550,100	44,800	2,529,200	688,200	3,817,700
1956	_	_	4,800	641,400	61,900	2,740,700	1,618,700	5,067,500
1957	_	_	5,800	341,900	49,900	913,100	1,281,400	2,592,100
1958	_	_	800	186,100	70,600	1,385,200	841,000	2,483,700
1959	_	_	900	217,500	8,500	915,600	711,700	1,854,200
1960	_	_	1,700	379,000	1,800	1,197,500	904,400	2,484,400
1961	_	_	900	456,800	10,400	1,727,800	748,600	2,944,500
1962	_	_	3,300	420,000	12,500	1,965,500	824,800	3,226,100
1963	_	_	1,900	204,400	16,500	2,367,700	461,300	3,051,800
1964	_	_	2,000 2,100	370,800 915,700	13,600 34,200	2,740,400 2,884,100	751,000 556,400	3,877,800
1965 1966	_	_	1,400	606,200	6,300	302,300	494,400	4,392,500 1,410,600
1967	_	_	1,400	294,100	2,900	77,800	245,200	621,600
1968		_	1,400	699,800	31,100	1,287,100	325,300	2,344,700
1969	_	_	1,900	912,800	10,900	1,219,400	389,200	2,534,200
1970	295	4,679	1,806	1,779,525	32,571	1,737,985	993,349	4,545,236
1971	259	4,444	2,174	716,087	16,907	1,445,031	1,365,957	3,546,156
1972	266	3,124	1,332	557,422	8,021	78,221	731,814	1,376,810
1973	202	1,795	415	330,091	6,599	58,051	292,943	688,099
1974	134	853	581	197,153	9,366	100,601	71,826	379,527
1975	145	600	117	243,548	67	60,642	130,750	435,124
1976	221	2,705	2,196	375,027	216	2,366,833	532,503	3,276,775
1977	211	2,168	559	311,722	2,108	1,448,648	243,167	2,006,204
1978	251	3,860	773	579,411	60,774	5,590,145	546,182	6,777,285
1979	306	4,476	2,141	1,149,927	356,867	6,564,914	482,930	8,556,779
1980	288	5,107	4,794	3,613,025	274,181	7,861,470	1,353,112	13,106,582
1981	304	5,617	11,182	2,241,513	162,223	5,033,028	1,768,475	9,216,421
1982	305	6,286	9,845	2,345,981	256,046	6,734,905	2,272,495	11,619,272
1983	324	5,241	26,571	2,556,557	127,657	2,827,622	1,704,072	7,242,479
1984	334	6,378	9,198	2,318,028	310,950	11,589,258	1,654,622	15,882,056
1985	336	5,325	6,642 5,580	2,144,416	172,514 235,854	4,431,016	1,348,726	8,103,314
1986	335	5,137 5,256	5,589	1,223,565 1,449,747		4,031,487	1,749,811 1,376,040	7,246,306
1987 1988	327	5,256	9,174		225,117	1,208,556		4,268,634
1988	330 341	6,476 5,597	11,075 7,065	1,473,611 2,661,217	505,531 443,843	7,044,824 7,292,658	1,908,507 994,231	10,943,548 11,399,014
1990	352	6,410	16,522	2,386,917	307,218	2,865,864	1,237,945	6,814,466
1990	352 354	6,440	7,975	2,380,917	317,129	10,616,756	1,588,791	14,850,608
1992	341	6,512	8,026	3,445,914	418,232	9,770,386	1,316,709	14,959,267
1993	352	6,204	14,413	3,689,074	220,148	9,928,107	1,048,257	14,899,999
1994	343	6,750	10,002	2,107,233	255,905	9,179,853	2,192,079	13,745,072
1995	352	8,193	17,453	3,016,211	264,346	16,311,942	1,728,321	21,338,273
1996	331	5,875	5,520	1,543,134	293,374	2,207,503	794,642	4,844,173

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Appendix A10.-Page 3 of 3.

Year ^a	Permits	Landings	Chinook	Sockeye	Coho	Pink	Chum	Total
1997	307	5,803	7,780	2,281,566	116,136	2,321,371	627,996	5,354,849
1998	311	8,014	4,919	2,183,776	154,194	8,047,998	721,068	11,111,955
1999	310	7,021	5,074	2,991,819	192,503	8,456,449	840,030	12,485,875
2000	311	7,110	5,445	2,006,487	257,245	3,562,866	1,066,653	6,898,696
2001	242	3,277	2,620	614,080	214,252	4,021,381	933,014	5,785,347
2002	199	3,883	6,428	1,036,722	202,728	2,170,809	820,257	4,236,944
2003	195	3,909	2,874	1,055,218	132,374	4,262,920	639,772	6,093,158
2004	204	4,670	7,123	2,206,683	236,144	6,681,447	794,660	9,926,057
2005	209	4,948	4,554	2,338,294	145,754	9,423,314	741,600	12,653,516
2006	204	4,921	5,433	1,851,240	170,060	4,264,078	1,185,661	7,476,472
2007	205	5,301	5,324	2,450,061	151,736	7,306,366	681,087	10,594,574
2008	231	5,551	4,378	2,249,144	227,550	12,723,983	814,123	16,019,178
2009	239	5,823	5,875	1,725,616	248,941	7,921,119	1,684,944	11,586,495
2010	247	4,266	7,863	1,284,882	164,824	837,985	792,369	3,087,923
2011	250	5,614	7,214	1,919,235	153,482	5,004,314	979,187	8,063,432
2012	249	5,330	7,697	2,017,684	91,934	491,281	623,967	3,232,563
2013	249	6,845	6,705	2,242,305	294,867	7,800,873	952,160	11,296,910
2014	242	4,402	7,353	1,429,333	297,776	722,186	505,197	2,961,845
2015	245	6,097	53,236	3,208,991	271,570	16,711,506	680,167	20,925,470
2016	236	4,496	15,275	2,491,351	190,896	2,894,412	429,703	6,021,637
2017	241	5,931	11,278	3,222,952	350,447	21,864,700	1,960,576	27,409,953
2018	249	3,173	17,027	1,330,913	259,633	762,817	998,585	3,368,975
2019	258	5,093	22,755	1,625,218	521,559	20,526,804	1,168,952	23,865,288
Averages								
1919–1948 ^b			10,053	1,416,903	125,130	3,630,423	1,313,037	6,495,547
1949–1978 ^b	220	2,692	2,525	583,453	26,498	1,627,592	715,846	2,955,914
1979-1998	329	6,055	9,794	2,307,568	270,873	6,793,476	1,393,441	10,775,153
1999–2008	231	5,059	4,925	1,879,975	193,035	6,287,361	851,686	9,216,982
2009–2018	245	5,198	13,952	2,087,326	232,437	6,501,119	960,686	9,795,520

Note: Permit and landing numbers are only available from 1970 through present.

^a From 1928 to 1950, commercial salmon catches in the Aleutian Islands and the South Peninsula were combined. Aleutian Islands catches are generally much smaller than South Peninsula harvests. South Peninsula harvests were generally dominated by pink salmon. The 1978–1999 Aleutian Islands average salmon harvest was 510,317 fish, whereas the 1978–1999 average harvest for the South Peninsula was 10,671,164 salmon.

^b These historical averages are intended to illustrate how salmon productivity has fluctuated in the South Peninsula.

Appendix A11.—South Alaska Peninsula pink salmon catch and escapement by year, 1962–2019.

			Post-June harvest			June harvest	į
Year		Southeastern ^a and South Central districts	Southwestern and Unimak districts	South ^b Peninsula totals	South Unimak	Shumagin Islands	Total June harvest
1962	Catch	922,100	977,300	1,899,400	42,000	24,000	66,000
	Escapement	826,100	772,700	1,598,800	_	_	_
	Total	1,748,200	1,750,000	3,498,200	_	_	_
1963	Catch	1,733,900	590,800	2,324,700	14,000	29,000	43,000
	Escapement	886,500	431,400	1,317,900	_	_	_
	Total	2,620,400	1,022,200	3,642,600	_	_	_
1964	Catch	1,514,600	1,190,700	2,705,300	18,000	17,000	35,000
	Escapement	902,400	534,000	1,436,400	_	_	_
	Total	2,417,000	1,724,700	4,141,700	_	_	_
1965	Catch	2,331,400	474,700	2,806,100	43,000	35,000	78,000
	Escapement	789,900	245,500	1,035,400	_	_	_
	Total	3,121,300	720,200	3,841,500	_	_	_
1966	Catch	220,300	68,500	288,800	15,000	2,000	17,000
	Escapement	627,400	92,000	719,400	_	_	_
	Total	847,700	160,500	1,008,200	_	_	_
1967	Catch	53,100	4,200	57,300	11,000	10,000	21,000
	Escapement	327,300	118,200	445,500	_	_	_
	Total	380,400	122,400	502,800	_	_	_
1968	Catch	863,300	277,800	1,141,100	34,000	112,000	146,000
	Escapement	528,100	295,200	823,300	_	_	_
	Total	1,391,400	573,000	1,964,400	_	_	_
1969	Catch	862,800	265,300	1,128,100	68,000	23,000	91,000
	Escapement	1,906,200	568,700	2,474,900	_	_	_
	Total	2,769,000	834,000	3,603,000	_	_	_
1970	Catch	1,378,510	252,030	1,630,540	83,325	19,728	103,053
	Escapement	1,007,900	291,000	1,298,900	_	_	_
	Total	2,386,410	543,030	2,929,440	_	_	_
1971	Catch	1,211,982	213,809	1,425,791	11,608	7,632	19,240
	Escapement	488,000	214,700	702,700	_	_	_
	Total	1,699,982	428,509	2,128,491	_	_	_
1972	Catch	53,339	6,958	60,297	11,906	6,018	17,924
	Escapement	81,800	29,600	111,400	_	_	_
	Total	135,139	36,558	171,697	_	_	_
1973	Catch	36,548	2,073	38,621	11,152	8,278	19,430
	Escapement	85,700	25,100	110,800	_	_	_
	Total	122,248	27,173	149,421			

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			Post-June harvest			June harvest	
		Southeasterna	Southwestern				
		and	and	South ^b	G	~ 1	Total
3 7		South Central	Unimak	Peninsula	South	Shumagin	June
Year	G + 1	districts	districts	totals	Unimak	Islands	harvest
1974	Catch	95,951	4,650	100,601	0	0	0
	Escapement	238,600	45,800	284,400	_	_	_
	Total	334,551	50,450	385,001	_	_	_
1975	Catch	30,052	25,343	55,395	3,205	2,042	5,247
	Escapement	357,800	194,300	552,100	_	_	_
	Total	387,852	219,643	607,495	_	_	_
1976	Catch	2,036,223	306,786	2,343,009	18,181	5,643	23,824
	Escapement	1,084,000	372,400	1,456,400	_	_	_
	Total	3,120,223	679,186	3,799,409	_	_	_
1977	Catch	1,163,505	279,745	1,443,250	3,397	2,001	5,398
	Escapement	2,168,500	509,300	2,677,800	_	_,,,,,	_
	Total	3,332,005	789,045	4,121,050	_	_	_
1978	Catch	4,167,878	1,332,325	5,500,203	47,380	42,562	89,942
1770	Escapement	1,966,300	892,400	2,858,700	47,300	42,302	07,742
	Total	6,134,178	2,224,725	8,358,903	_	_	_
1979	Catch	4,839,548	1,570,553	6,410,101	49,000	105,813	154,813
	Escapement	2,125,100	504,400	2,629,500	_	_	_
	Total	6,964,648	2,074,953	9,039,601	_	_	_
1980	Catch	2,519,576	3,815,588	6,335,164	1,140,611	385,695	1,526,306
	Escapement	1,410,400	1,231,200	2,641,600	_	_	_
	Total	3,929,976	5,046,788	8,976,764	_	_	_
1981	Catch	4,196,419	385,359	4,581,778	325,002	126,248	451,250
	Escapement	1,875,000	431,800	2,306,800	_	_	_
	Total	6,071,419	817,159	6,888,578	_	_	_
1982	Catch	4,104,949	911,131	5,016,080	1,032,154	686,671	1,718,825
	Escapement	1,533,200	759,800	2,293,000	_	_	_
	Total	5,638,149	1,670,931	7,309,080	_	_	_
1983	Catch	2,245,432	526,315	2,771,747	40,441	15,434	55,875
	Escapement	639,200	212,000	851,200	_	, _	_
	Total	2,884,632	738,315	3,622,947	_	_	_
1984	Catch	6,533,147	4,136,235	10,669,382	470,688	449,188	919,876
2701	Escapement	2,526,700	1,824,900	4,351,600		-	-
	Total	9,059,847	5,961,135	15,020,982	_	_	_
1985	Catch	3324051	1000350	4,324,401	69,811	36,804	106,615
1700	Escapement	1,229,300	384,500	1,613,800	-	-	-
	Total	4,553,351	1,384,850	5,938,201		_	

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			Post-June harvest			June harvest	
		Southeasterna	Southwestern				
		and	and	South ^b	G 1	G1 ·	Total
Year		South Central districts	Unimak districts	Peninsula Totals	South Unimak	Shumagin Islands	June harvest
	Catal						
1986	Catch	3,066,631	672,867	3,739,498	150,674	141,315	291,989
	Escapement	1,185,500	531,200	1,716,700	_	_	_
	Total	4252131	1204067	5,456,198	_	_	_
1987	Catch	1,143,436	48,138	1,191,574	11,342	5,640	16,982
	Escapement	1,304,400	236,100	1,540,500	_	_	_
	Total	2447836	284238	2,732,074	_	_	_
1988	Catch	4,700,486	2,164,114	6,864,600	86,678	93,546	180,224
	Escapement	1,636,500	1,203,100	2,839,600	_	_	_
	Total	6,336,986	3,367,214	9,704,200	_	_	_
1000					154 160	45.067	100 225
1989	Catch	6,989,038 1,179,300	104,385 691,600	7,093,423 1,870,900	154,168	45,067	199,235
	Escapement Total	8,168,338	795,985	8,964,323	_	_	_
					_	_	_
1990	Catch	2,291,028	59,539	2,350,567	444,106	70,855	514,961
	Escapement	1,018,200	580,200	1,598,400	_	_	_
	Total	3,309,228	639,739	3,948,967	_	_	_
1991	Catch	7,549,853	2,446,759	9,996,612	500,922	119,186	620,108
	Escapement	2,268,400	678,400	2,946,800	_	_	_
	Total	9,818,253	3,125,159	12,943,412	_	_	_
1992	Catch	4,860,628	4,266,322	9,126,950	501,127	142,221	643,348
	Escapement	1,781,000	1,053,400	2,834,400	_	_	_
	Total	6,641,628	5,319,722	11,961,350	_	_	_
1993	Catch	7,493,472	2,353,434	9,846,906	37,735	43,441	81,176
	Escapement	2,232,200	757,900	2,990,100	_	_	_
	Total	9,725,672	3,111,334	12,837,006	_	_	_
1994	Catch	3,149,763	3,507,237	6,657,000	1,731,741	788,393	2,520,134
	Escapement	1,700,525	1,371,200	3,071,725	_	_	_
	Total	4,850,288	4,878,437	9,728,725	_	_	_
1995	Catch	11,371,145	4,761,044	16,132,189	119,371	60,157	179,528
	Escapement	4,404,450	2,001,850	6,406,300	_	_	_
	Total	15775595	6762894	22,538,489	_	_	_
1996	Catch	1,519,483	296,875	1,816,358	151,802	239,138	390,940
	Escapement	2,668,950	978,600	3,647,550	_	_	_
	Total	4,188,433	1,275,475	5,463,908	_	_	_
1997	Catch	828,392	869,597	1697989	332,262	273,675	605,937
	Escapement	4,021,375	1,221,900	5,243,275	_	_	_
	Total	4,849,767	2,091,497	6,941,264	_	_	_

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			Post-June harvest			June harvest	
Year		Southeasterna and South Central districts	Southwestern and Unimak districts	South ^b Peninsula totals	South Unimak	Shumagin Islands	Total June harvest
1998	Catch	5,566,826	2,000,702	7,567,528	131,130	349,340	480,470
	Escapement	2,856,255	1,811,810	4,668,065	_	_	_
	Total	8,423,081	3,812,512	12,235,593	_	_	_
1999	Catch	6,914,669	1,510,422	8,425,091	20,363	10,942	31,305
	Escapement	3,363,080	1,652,230	5,015,310	_	_	_
	Total	10,277,749	3,162,652	13,440,401	_	_	_
2000	Catch	2,347,491	844,970	3,192,461	218,457	151,947	370,404
	Escapement	1,688,785	1,104,200	2,792,985	_	_	_
	Total	4,036,276	1,949,170	5,985,446	_	_	_
2001	Catch	2,754,832	1,227,298	3,982,130	31,812	7,540	39,352
	Escapement	2,040,120	925,016	2,965,136	_	_	_
	Total	4,794,952	2,152,314	6,947,266	_	_	_
2002	Catch	1,466,031	627,220	2,093,251	33,789	42,462	76,251
	Escapement	2,108,450	1,654,350	3,762,800	_	_	_
	Total	3,574,481	2,281,570	5,856,051	_	_	_
2003	Catch	2,968,706	1,071,240	4,039,946	90,161	127,739	217,900
	Escapement	3,674,120	1,837,100	5,511,220	_	_	_
	Total	6,642,826	2,908,340	9,551,166	_	_	_
2004	Catch	5,106,414	1,199,426	6,305,840	78,808	281,108	359,916
	Escapement	5,969,710	2,341,700	8,311,410	_	_	_
	Total	11,076,124	3,541,126	14,617,250	_	_	_
2005	Catch	5,636,397	2,118,418	7,754,815	403,815	1,252,722	1,656,537
	Escapement	4,271,270	1,894,364	6,165,634	_	_	_
	Total	9,907,667	4,012,782	13,920,449	_	_	_
2006	Catch	2,333,207	596,298	2,929,505	186,096	1,146,223	1,332,319
	Escapement	1,648,365	1,213,885	2,862,250	_	_	_
	Total	3,981,572	1,810,183	5,791,755	_	_	_
2007	Catch	4,962,730	2,069,072	7,031,802	57,032	210,496	267,528
	Escapement	1,805,873	874,340	2,680,213	_	_	_
	Total	6,768,603	2,943,412	9,712,015	_	_	_
2008	Catch	6,988,887	3,749,895	10,738,782	800,265	1,171,003	1,971,268
	Escapement	2,332,920	1,005,450	3,338,370	_	_	_
	Total	9,321,807	4,755,345	14,077,152	_	_	_
2009	Catch	3,712,146	1,939,317	5,651,463	946,823	1,301,732	2,248,555
	Escapement	1,669,900	1,397,100	3,067,000	_	_	_
	Total	5,382,046	3,336,417	8,718,463			

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			Post-June harvest		June h	narvest	
		Southeastern ^a	Southwestern				
		and	and	South			Total
* 7		South Central	Unimak	Peninsula	South	Shumagin	June
Year		districts	districts	totals	Unimak	Islands	harvest
2010	Catch	456,053	45,289	501,342	190,649	142,584	333,233
	Escapement	396,962	345,950	742,912	_	_	_
	Total	853,015	391,239	1,244,254	_	_	_
2011	Catch	4,035,389	233,540	4,268,929	475,289	247,846	723,135
	Escapement	1,709,900	785,050	2,494,950	_	_	_
	Total	5,745,289	1,018,590	6,763,879	_	_	_
2012	Catch	191,172	37,359	228,531	169,898	92,226	262,124
	Escapement	94,340	384,570	478,910	_	_	_
	Total	285,512	421,929	707,441	_	_	_
2013	Catch	7,039,922	449,278	7,489,200	130,987	173,035	304,022
	Escapement	1,803,000	517,790	2,320,790	_	, _	,
	Total	8,842,922	967,068	9,809,990	_	_	_
2014	Catch	343,828	197,121	540,949	127,390	52,870	180,260
	Escapement	616,130	724,250	1,340,380	_	_	_
	Total	959,958	921,371	1,881,329	_	_	_
2015	Catch	12,518,604	3,591,894	16,110,498	67,604	505,500	573,104
	Escapement	5,945,150	1,875,650	7,820,800	_	_	_
	Total	18,463,754	5,467,544	23,931,298	_	_	_
2016	Catch	304,694	55,793	360,487	1,836,319	673,729	2,510,048
	Escapement	153,040	885,120	1,038,160	_	_	
	Total	457,734	940,913	1,398,647	_	_	_
2017	Catch	13,982,505	6,120,817	20,103,322	396,022	1,318,285	1,714,307
	Escapement	3,333,092	2,330,545	5,663,637	_	_	_
	Total	17,315,597	8,451,362	25,766,959	_	_	_
2018	Catch	344,522	72,068	416,590	132,778	212,477	345,255
	Escapement	226,522	505,900	732,422	_	_	_
	Total	571,044	577,968	1,149,012	_	_	_
2019	Catch	8,285,583	3,190,429	11,476,012	5,154,792	3,866,565	9,021,357
	Escapement	2,731,000	1,367,100	4,098,100	_	_	_
	Total	11,016,583	4,557,529	15,574,112	_	_	_

Note: Harvest of pink salmon during June is not considered local stock, and pink salmon escapement does not begin until July.

^a Catch includes any salmon (usually very few) caught in Southeastern District Mainland in July, which are considered local.

^b Catch numbers do not include test fish and subsistence harvests.

Appendix A12.—South Alaska Peninsula chum salmon catch and escapement by year, 1962–2019.

		Po	st-June harvest			June harvest	
	-	Southeasterna	Southwestern	_			
		and	and	South ^b			Total
		South Central	Unimak	Peninsula	South	Shumagin	June
Year		districts	districts	totals	Unimak	Islands	harvest
1962	Catch	409,500	155,300	564,800	199,000	61,000	260,000
	Escapement	238,600	160,800	399,400	_	_	_
	Total	648,100	316,100	964,200	_	_	_
1963	Catch	278,000	80,300	358,300	67,000	36,000	103,000
	Escapement	263,000	183,700	446,700	_	_	_
	Total	541,000	264,000	805,000	_	_	_
1964	Catch	378,800	153,300	532,100	153,000	67,000	220,000
	Escapement	160,800	294,000	454,800	_	_	_
	Total	539,600	447,300	986,900	_	_	_
1965	Catch	221,700	150,700	372,400	139,000	45,000	184,000
	Escapement	203,300	24,200	227,500	_	_	_
	Total	425,000	174,900	599,900	_	_	_
1966	Catch	221,400	36,000	257,400	220,000	17,000	237,000
	Escapement	354,800	67,200	422,000	_	_	_
	Total	576,200	103,200	679,400	_	_	_
1967	Catch	118,700	4,500	123,200	71,000	51,000	122,000
	Escapement	132,800	50,100	182,900	_	_	_
	Total	251,500	54,600	306,100	_	_	_
1968	Catch	121,400	47,600	169,000	105,000	51,000	156,000
	Escapement	191,700	87,400	279,100	_	_	_
	Total	313,100	135,000	448,100	_	_	_
1969	Catch	95,100	43,300	138,400	238,000	13,000	251,000
	Escapement	96,900	37,700	134,600	_	_	_
	Total	192,000	81,000	273,000	_	_	_
1970	Catch	486,183	65,254	551,437	391,568	44,909	436,477
	Escapement	171,700	108,800	280,500	_	_	_
	Total	657,883	174,054	831,937	_	_	_
1971	Catch	647,092	209,668	856,760	405,311	103,886	509,197
	Escapement	199,100	144,100	343,200	_	_	_
	Total	846,192	353,768	1,199,960	_	_	_
1972	Catch	151,283	61,721	213,004	411,000	107,810	518,810
	Escapement	145,000	109,500	254,500	_	_	_
	Total	296,283	171,221	467,504	_	_	_
1973	Catch	79,872	12,441	92,313	177,720	22,910	200,630
	Escapement	130,900	81,600	212,500	_	_	_
	Total	210,772	94,041	304,813			<u> </u>

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		Po	st-June harvest			June harvest	
	-	Southeasterna	Southwestern	_	•		
		and	and	South ^b			Total
		South Central	Unimak	Peninsula	South	Shumagin	June
Year		districts	districts	totals	Unimak	Islands	harvest
1974	Catch	56,509	15,317	71,826	0	0	0
	Escapement	169,800	87,500	257,300	_	_	_
	Total	226,309	102,817	329,126	_	_	_
1975	Catch	29,419	509	29,928	65,279	35,543	100,822
	Escapement	160,200	33,100	193,300	_	_	_
	Total	189,619	33,609	223,228	_	_	_
1976	Catch	107,319	14,914	122,233	336,161	74,109	410,270
	Escapement	225,300	101,900	327,200	_	_	_
	Total	332,619	116,814	449,433	_	_	_
1977	Catch	109,541	17,630	127,171	94,097	21,899	115,996
	Escapement	500,900	274,000	774,900	_	_	_
	Total	610,441	291,630	902,071	_	_	_
1978	Catch	341,077	83,213	424,290	103,413	18,479	121,892
	Escapement	386,200	214,300	600,500	_	_	_
	Total	727,277	297,513	1,024,790	_	_	_
1979	Catch	280,401	98,426	378,827	63,150	40,953	104,103
	Escapement	302,700	108,400	411,100	_	_	_
	Total	583,101	206,826	789,927	_	_	_
1980	Catch	675,106	169,141	844,247	458,499	50,366	508,865
	Escapement	241,600	120,800	362,400	_	_	_
	Total	916,706	289,941	1,206,647	_	_	_
1981	Catch	964,530	239,998	1,204,528	509,876	54,071	563,947
	Escapement	234,500	146,800	381,300	_	_	_
	Total	1,199,030	386,798	1,585,828	_	_	_
1982	Catch	921,790	255,661	1,177,451	933,728	161,316	1,095,044
	Escapement	203,000	183,900	386,900	_	_	_
	Total	1,124,790	439,561	1,564,351	_	_	_
1983	Catch	597,295	321,145	918,440	616,354	169,277	785,631
	Escapement	328,900	117,600	446,500	_	_	_
	Total	926,195	438,745	1,364,940	_	_	_
1984	Catch	832,872	484,630	1,317,502	227,913	109,207	337,120
	Escapement	446,000	253,700	699,700	_	_	_
	Total	1,278,872	738,330	2,017,202	_	_	_
1985	Catch	539,065	375,832	914,897	324,825	109,004	433,829
	Escapement	284,700	218,800	503,500	_	_	_
	Total	823,765	594,632	1,418,397	_	_	_

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		F	Ost-June harvest		-	June harvest	
		Southeastern ^a	Southwestern				
		and	and	South			Total
* 7		South Central	Unimak	Peninsula	South	Shumagin	June
Year		districts	districts	totals	Unimak	Islands	harvest
1986	Catch	981,185	416,697	1,397,882	252,721	99,048	351,769
	Escapement	239,600	305,000	544,600	_	_	_
	Total	1,220,785	721,697	1,942,482	_	_	_
1987	Catch	753,246	179,500	932,746	405,955	37,064	443,019
	Escapement	329,200	291,500	620,700	_	_	_
	Total	1,082,446	471,000	1,553,446	_	_	_
1988	Catch	829,518	552,278	1,381,796	464,765	61,946	526,711
	Escapement	269,100	227,300	496,400	_	_	_
	Total	1,098,618	779,578	1,878,196	_	_	_
1989	Catch	466,728	72,188	538,916	407,679	47,528	455,207
	Escapement	189,200	121,300	310,500	_	_	_
	Total	655,928	193,488	849,416	_	_	_
1990	Catch	664,339	54,851	719,190	445,864	63,517	509,381
	Escapement	210,900	143,800	354,700	_	_	_
	Total	875,239	198,651	1,073,890	_	_	_
1991	Catch	571,802	237,695	809,497	670,409	105,711	776,120
	Escapement	345,400	242,200	587,600	_	_	_
	Total	917,202	479,895	1,397,097	_	_	_
1992	Catch	592,893	291,612	884,505	323,891	104,245	428,136
	Escapement	194,100	141,400	335,500	_	_	_
	Total	786,993	433,012	1,220,005	_	_	_
1993	Catch	331,003	183,403	514,406	381,941	151,329	533,270
	Escapement	172,400	224,630	397,030	_	_	_
	Total	503,403	408,033	911,436	_	_	_
1994	Catch	690,666	905,581	1,596,247	374,409	218,268	592,677
	Escapement	211,700	367,400	579,100	_	_	_
	Total	902,366	1,272,981	2,175,347	_	_	_
1995	Catch	664,266	511,290	1,175,556	345,556	202,539	548,095
	Escapement	324,750	401,650	726,400	_	_	_
	Total	989,016	912,940	1,901,956	_	_	_
1996	Catch	285,399	128,126	413,525	135,102	241,540	376,642
	Escapement	307,400	302,900	610,300	_	_	_
	Total	592,799	431,026	1,023,825	_	_	_
1997	Catch	101,370	182,559	283,929	196,016	126,309	322,325
	Escapement	542,050	267,000	809,050	_	_	_
	Total	643,420	449,559	1,092,979	_	_	_

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		F	Post-June harvest			June harvest	t
		Southeastern ^a	Southwestern	_			
		and	and	South ^b			Total
		South Central	Unimak	Peninsula	South	Shumagin	June
Year		districts	districts	totals	Unimak	Islands	harvest
1998	Catch	293,345	173,045	466,390	201,739	52,939	254,678
	Escapement	390,325	351,910	742,235	_	_	_
	Total	683,670	524,955	1,208,625	_	_	_
1999	Catch	397,380	175,229	572,609	190,142	73,548	263,690
	Escapement	336,050	389,130	725,180	_	_	_
	Total	733,430	564,359	1,297,789	_	_	_
2000	Catch	438,642	377,454	816,096	174,435	74,140	248,575
	Escapement	264,050	258,025	522,075	_	_	_
	Total	702,692	635,479	1,338,171	_	_	_
2001	Catch	452,394	432,199	884,593	36,099	12,928	49,027
	Escapement	473,800	277,421	751,221	_	_	_
	Total	926,194	709,620	1,635,814	_	_	_
2002	Catch	206,587	230,946	437,533	201,211	177,606	378,817
	Escapement	333,550	269,200	602,750	_	_	_
	Total	540,137	500,146	1,040,283	_	_	_
2003	Catch	124,578	229,126	353,704	121,169	161,269	282,438
	Escapement	297,810	193,230	491,040	_	_	_
	Total	422,388	422,356	844,744	_	_	_
2004	Catch	244,638	62,174	306,812	130,627	351,683	482,310
	Escapement	552,000	180,400	732,400	_	_	_
	Total	796,638	242,574	1,039,212	_	_	_
2005	Catch	224,093	85,458	309,551	143,799	284,865	428,664
	Escapement	648,200	322,110	970,310	_	_	_
	Total	872,293	407,568	1,279,861	_	_	_
2006	Catch	567,641	310,338	877,979	96,016	204,510	300,526
	Escapement	524,900	239,850	764,750	_	_	_
	Total	1,092,541	550,188	1,642,729	_	_	_
2007	Catch	250,104	132,144	382,248	153,334	144,205	297,539
	Escapement	327,451	399,210	726,661	_	_	_
	Total	577,555	531,354	1,108,909	_	_	_
2008	Catch	281,940	109,532	391,472	284,449	126,483	410,932
	Escapement	417,900	174,050	591,950	_	_	_
	Total	699,840	283,582	983,422	_	_	_

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		I	Post-June harvest		June	harvest	
		Southeasterna	Southwestern				
Year		and South Central districts	and Unimak districts	South ^b Peninsula totals	South Unimak	Shumagin Islands	Total June harvest
2009	Catch	445,088	538,856	983,944	200,783	495,992	696,775
	Escapement	125,100	387,130	512,230	_	_	_
	Total	570,188	925,986	1,496,174	_	_	_
2010	Catch	400,599	114,661	515,260	100,427	173,183	273,610
	Escapement	147,912	143,700	291,612	_	_	_
	Total	548,511	258,361	806,872	_	_	_
2011	Catch	399,514	142,271	541,785	231,081	192,254	423,335
	Escapement	314,300	183,425	497,725	_	, <u> </u>	_
	Total	713,814	325,696	1,039,510	_	_	_
2012	Catch	143,025	83,227	226,252	211,738	185,459	397,197
	Escapement	117,262	87,980	205,242	_	, <u> </u>	_
	Total	260,287	171,207	431,494	_	_	_
2013	Catch	370,043	179,492	549,535	188,952	210,465	399,417
	Escapement	339,400	163,200	502,600	_	_	_
	Total	709,443	342,692	1,052,135	_	_	_
2014	Catch	65,095	46,693	111,788	220,436	169,703	390,139
	Escapement	177,370	136,175	313,545	_	_	_
	Total	242,465	182,868	425,333	_	_	_
2015	Catch	298,824	198,064	496,888	42,306	136,409	178,715
	Escapement	549,270	357,150	906,420	_	_	_
	Total	848,094	555,214	1,403,308	_	_	_
2016	Catch	118,933	34,111	153,044	148,850	123,945	272,795
	Escapement	398,816	227,960	626,776	_	_	_
	Total	517,749	262,071	779,820	_	_	_
2017	Catch	902,394	403,587	1,305,981	179,485	461,730	641,215
	Escapement	1,402,513	371,113	1,773,626	_	_	_
	Total	2,304,907	774,700	3,079,607	_	_	_
2018	Catch	224,758	234,189	458,947	234,339	303,635	537,974
	Escapement	310,043	34,800	344,843	_	_	_
	Total	534,801	268,989	803,790	_	_	-
2019	Catch	336,262	281,208	617,470	216,809	332,263	549,072
	Escapement	468,225	203,350	671,575	_	_	_
	Total	804,487	484,558	1,289,045	_	_	_

Note: Harvest of chum salmon during June is not considered local stock, and chum salmon escapement does not begin until July.

^a Catch includes any salmon (usually very few) caught in the Southeastern District Mainland in July, which are considered local.

^b Catch numbers do not include test fish or subsistence harvests.

Appendix A13.-South Alaska Peninsula commercial salmon harvest, all gear combined, by species and day, 2019.

			Number of salmon ^a						
Date	Permits	Landings	Chinook	Sockeye	Coho	Pink	Chum	Total	
6-Jun	27	33	1	1,578	0	1,399	221	3,199	
7-Jun	27	36	6	2,795	0	2,990	202	5,993	
8-Jun	19	26	9	3,527	0	1,199	985	5,720	
9-Jun ^b	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
10-Jun	164	208	293	43,245	185	520,728	18,398	582,849	
11-Jun	157	200	363	57,921	307	435,331	24,223	518,145	
12-Jun	156	193	728	71,437	1	740,549	16,666	829,381	
13-Jun	43	51	64	14,509	0	111,098	4,618	130,289	
14-Jun ^b		_	_		_		_	_	
15-Jun	147	168	547	66,972	0	766,865	34,725	869,109	
16-Jun	113	141	424	42,205	3	589,955	22,071	654,658	
17-Jun	65	81	243	29,989	11	535,070	20,294	585,607	
18-Jun	75	86	261	29,801	12	553,691	19,125	602,890	
19-Jun ^b	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
20-Jun	85	112	582	45,062	8	825,007	37,967	908,626	
21-Jun	92	125	411	48,951	62	735,144	39,980	824,548	
22-Jun	79	98	622	43,297	16	736,560	48,660	829,155	
23-Jun	82	103	797	29,026	49	468,748	28,683	527,303	
24-Jun ^b	_	_		_	_	_	_	_	
25-Jun	73	98	2,220	34,386	538	735,857	95,210	868,211	
26-Jun	51	74	1,110	17,707	262	242,442	50,524	312,045	
27-Jun	50	71	674	18,169	200	434,993	37,720	491,756	
28-Jun	73	92	694	30,311	2,027	583,731	48,800	665,563	
29-Jun ^b		_		_	_		_	_	
30-Jun ^b		_		_	_		_	_	
1-Jul ^b		_		_	_		_	_	
2-Jul ^c	1	1	52	165	161	11,295	1,021	12,694	
3-Jul ^c	1	1	25	275	122	7,210	669	8,301	
4-Jul ^b		_		_	_		_	_	
5-Jul ^c	1	1	123	302	528	10,930	720	12,603	
6-Jul	80	116	1,949	47,629	14,829	374,587	40,403	479,397	
7-Jul	55	71	1,088	22,890	7,176	165,260	12,191	208,605	
8-Jul ^b		_		_	_	_	_	_	
9-Jul ^b	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
10-Jul	90	157	3,411	70,661	54,422	358,444	72,003	558,941	
11-Jul	65	93	637	31,286	18,246	70,417	32,061	152,647	
12-Jul ^b	_			_	_	_	_	_	
13-Jul ^b	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
14-Jul	87	132	1,839	117,732	29,413	249,192	46,139	444,315	
15-Jul	73	104	53	56,607	10,800	96,093	17,199	180,752	

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				Numbe	er of salmon	ı		
Date	Permits	Landings	Chinook	Sockeye	Coho	Pink	Chum	Total
16-Jul ^b	_	_		_	_	_		
17-Jul ^b	_	_	_	_	_	_		_
18-Jul	86	127	729	43,423	9,875	100,575	10,232	164,834
19-Jul	49	73	178	23,549	5,233	43,646	7,092	79,698
20-Jul ^b	_	_	_	_	_	_		_
21-Jul ^b	_	_		_	_	_		
22-Jul	88	123	517	89,360	15,176	202,703	20,891	328,647
23-Jul	56	88	227	25,279	4,011	45,379	9,087	83,983
24-Jul ^b	_	_		_	_	_		
25-Jul ^b	_	_		_	_	_		
26-Jul	103	148	492	89,601	14,060	231,035	25,137	360,325
27-Jul	49	75	114	20,747	1,995	41,606	5,109	69,571
28-Jul ^b	_	_		_	_	_	_	_
29-Jul ^b	_	_		_	_	_	_	_
30-Jul	85	116	265	61,564	8,394	335,487	18,015	423,725
31-Jul	59	81	34	20,053	1,251	62,410	8,789	92,537
1-Aug	17	20	0	4,752	53	18,566	715	24,086
2-Aug	12	12	1	1,909	254	42,050	2,029	46,243
3-Aug	8	8	0	461	36	12,933	1,006	14,436
4-Aug ^b	_	_			_	_	_	_
5-Aug	84	101	169	28,310	8,440	447,227	24,297	508,443
6-Aug	73	98	119	37,142	7,498	420,856	27,634	493,249
7-Aug	71	94	54	21,015	6,323	398,219	14,444	440,055
8-Aug	67	91	50	18,201	4,635	304,725	17,928	345,539
9-Aug	45	61	15	6,674	1,776	136,627	10,272	155,364
10-Aug	36	48	9	7,267	3,055	274,975	9,498	294,804
11-Aug	46	54	68	11,043	6,308	420,646	9,239	447,304
12-Aug	51	62	30	11,093	7,169	550,388	12,889	581,569
13-Aug	49	58	45	14,367	7,531	727,760	22,415	772,118
14-Aug	30	34	5	3,284	2,313	274,276	13,978	293,856
15-Aug	81	109	43	14,487	10,131	528,427	16,774	569,862
16-Aug	62	79	11	8,317	11,007	329,258	18,426	367,019
17-Aug	50	64	79	7,171	10,004	327,106	9,489	353,849
18-Aug	40	49	64	5,814	9,070	333,825	7,740	356,513
19-Aug	37	48	77	5,316	8,473	314,783	16,036	344,685
20-Aug	53	65	39	6,319	16,782	345,878	8,302	377,320
21-Aug	31	31	37	3,501	13,864	283,639	7,006	308,047

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				Nι	ımber of salı	mon ^a		
Date	Permits	Landings	Chinook	Sockeye	Coho	Pink	Chum	Total
22-Aug	36	45	27	8,661	22,440	563,541	8,968	603,637
23-Aug	42	51	0	8,249	21,068	367,803	7,288	404,408
24-Aug	46	52	7	7,921	14,715	303,709	6,124	332,476
25-Aug	41	46	16	7,208	17,936	273,258	3,471	301,889
26-Aug	40	46	0	4,587	10,585	262,825	4,752	282,749
27-Aug	32	37	0	3,512	29,473	139,446	2,326	174,757
28-Aug	20	20	0	1,436	11,299	192,677	1,952	207,364
29-Aug	10	10	1	6,080	12,510	89,129	1,476	109,196
30-Aug	24	27	1	2,260	17,988	98,085	4,237	122,571
31-Aug	9	9	1	3,038	4,093	58,163	952	66,247
1-Sep ^d	_	_	_	_	_	_		_
2-Sep	5	6	0	3	3,774	63,735	209	67,721
3-Sep	13	13	5	423	1,523	101,735	623	104,309
4-Sep	7	7	0	169	1,574	49,725	206	51,674
5-Sep	7	7	0	385	452	24,857	64	25,758
6-Sep ^d	_	_	_	_	_	_		_
7-Sep	9	10	0	1,036	1,410	246	65	2,757
8-Sep	6	6	0	668	1,003	1,222	55	2,948
9-Sep ^d		_	_		_	_		_
10-Sep	6	6	0	669	691	14	18	1,392
Total	258	5,093	22,755	1,625,218	521,559	20,526,804	1,168,952	23,865,288

^a Harvest information includes commercial and test fishery harvest but excludes personal use harvest.

^b Fishery closed.

^c ADF&G test fishery.

^d Confidential information due to fewer than 3 permits or processors.

Appendix A14.–South Alaska Peninsula commercial salmon harvest by species, statistical area, section, and district, 2019.

281-25 Island/ East Stepovak Section 281-30 Stepovak Section 281-40 Grub Composition 281-50 Orzinsion 281-55 America 281-62 Chicha 281-65 Suzy Composition 281-67 Dorence Northwest Stepovak 281-70 Southway 281-80 Balboa 281-90 Beaver 282-10 Popof Stepovak 282-11 Unga Composition 282-20 Achere	anof Point Fox Bay ion total rak Flats Section Gulch/Clark Bay ki Bay can Bay agof Bay Creek/West Cove oi Bay ^b	Chinook 58 90 148 0 4 0 0 14 2	6,557 21,108 27,665 0 5,173 0 2,249 1,915	Coho 11,983 32,597 44,580 0 2,932 0 1,626	Pink 167,708 233,750 401,458 0 51,934 0 8,680	2,562 5,619 8,181 0 2,983 0	Total 188,868 293,164 482,032 0 63,026
Southeastern District 281-15 Kuprea 281-25 Island/ East Stepovak Section 281-30 Stepovak 281-40 Grub Control Control 281-50 Orzinsl 281-55 American 281-62 Chichan 281-65 Suzy Control 281-67 Dorence Northwest Stepovak 281-70 Southwest 281-80 Balboan 281-90 Beaver 282-10 Poport 282-11 Unga Control 282-20 Achere 282-25 West Unit	anof Point Fox Bay ion total rak Flats Section Gulch/Clark Bay ki Bay can Bay agof Bay Creek/West Cove oi Bay ^b	58 90 148 0 4 0 0	6,557 21,108 27,665 0 5,173 0 2,249 1,915	32,597 44,580 0 2,932 0 1,626	167,708 233,750 401,458 0 51,934 0	5,619 8,181 0 2,983	188,868 293,164 482,032 0 63,026
281-25 Island/ East Stepovak Section 281-30 Stepovak Section 281-40 Grub Company 281-55 America 281-62 Chicha 281-65 Suzy Company 281-67 Dorence Northwest Stepovak 281-70 Southway 281-80 Balboa 281-90 Beaver 282-10 Popof Section 282-11 Unga Company 282-20 Acheree 282-25 West Company 281-80 West Company 281-80 Reserved 282-20 Acheree 282-25 West Company 281-80 West Company 281-80 Reserved 282-20 Acheree 282-25 West Company 281-80 Reserved 281-80 Reserved 282-20 Acheree 282-25 West Company 281-80 Reserved 281-80 Reserved 282-20 Reserved 281-80 Reserved 281-80 Reserved 282-20 Reserved 282-25 West Company 281-80 Reserved 282-25 Reserved 281-80 Reserved 281-80 Reserved 281-80 Reserved 282-80 Reserved	rox Bay ion total rak Flats Section Gulch/Clark Bay ki Bay can Bay agof Bay Creek/West Cove bi Bay ^b	90 148 0 4 0 0 14	21,108 27,665 0 5,173 0 2,249 1,915	32,597 44,580 0 2,932 0 1,626	233,750 401,458 0 51,934 0	5,619 8,181 0 2,983	293,164 482,032 0 63,026
281-25 Island/ East Stepovak Section 281-30 Stepovak Section 281-40 Grub Company 281-50 Orzinsl 281-55 America 281-62 Chicha 281-65 Suzy Company 281-67 Dorence Northwest Stepovak 281-70 Southway 281-80 Balboa 281-90 Beaver 282-10 Popof Section 282-11 Unga Company 282-20 Acheree 282-25 West Company 281-80 West Company 281-80 Popof Section 282-20 Acheree 282-25 West Company 281-80 West Company 281-80 Popof Section 282-20 West Company 281-80 Popof Section 282-20 West Company 281-80 West Company 281-80 Popof Section 282-20 West Company 282-25 West Company 281-80 West Company 282-28 West Company	rox Bay ion total rak Flats Section Gulch/Clark Bay ki Bay can Bay agof Bay Creek/West Cove bi Bay ^b	90 148 0 4 0 0 14	21,108 27,665 0 5,173 0 2,249 1,915	32,597 44,580 0 2,932 0 1,626	233,750 401,458 0 51,934 0	5,619 8,181 0 2,983	293,164 482,032 0 63,026
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281-40 Grub C 281-50 Orzinsl 281-55 Americ 281-62 Chicha 281-65 Suzy C 281-67 Dorenc Northwest Stepovak 281-70 Southw 281-80 Balboa 281-90 Beaver 282-10 Popof S 282-11 Unga C 282-20 Achere 282-25 West U	Gulch/Clark Bay ki Bay can Bay agof Bay Creek/West Cove oi Bay ^b	4 0 0 14	5,173 0 2,249 1,915	2,932 0 1,626	51,934 0	2,983	63,026
281-40 Grub C 281-50 Orzinsl 281-55 Americ 281-62 Chicha 281-65 Suzy C 281-67 Dorenc Northwest Stepovak 281-70 Southw 281-80 Balboa 281-90 Beaver 282-10 Popof S 282-11 Unga C 282-20 Achere 282-25 West U	Gulch/Clark Bay ki Bay can Bay agof Bay Creek/West Cove oi Bay ^b	4 0 0 14	5,173 0 2,249 1,915	2,932 0 1,626	51,934 0	2,983	63,026
281-50 Orzinsi 281-55 Americ 281-62 Chicha 281-65 Suzy C 281-67 Dorenc Northwest Stepovak 281-70 Southway 281-80 Balboa 281-90 Beaver 282-10 Popof S 282-11 Unga C 282-20 Achere 282-25 West U	ki Bay can Bay agof Bay Creek/West Cove oi Bay ^b	0 0 14	0 2,249 1,915	0 1,626	0		
281-55 America 281-62 Chicha 281-65 Suzy C 281-67 Dorence Northwest Stepoval 281-70 Southwa 281-80 Balboa 281-90 Beaver 282-10 Popof 3 282-11 Unga C 282-20 Achere 282-25 West U	can Bay agof Bay Creek/West Cove oi Bay ^b	0 14	2,249 1,915	1,626		0	
281-62 Chicha 281-65 Suzy C 281-67 Dorence Northwest Stepovak 281-70 Southw 281-80 Balboa 281-90 Beaver 282-10 Popof 3 282-11 Unga C 282-20 Achere 282-25 West U	ngof Bay Creek/West Cove Di Bay ^b	14	1,915		8 680		0
281-65 Suzy C 281-67 Dorence Northwest Stepovals 281-70 Southway 281-80 Balboar 281-90 Beaver 282-10 Popof S 282-11 Unga C 282-20 Achere 282-25 West U	Creek/West Cove oi Bay ^b				8,080	613	13,168
281-67 Dorence Northwest Stepovals 281-70 Southw 281-80 Balboa 281-90 Beaver 282-10 Popof S 282-11 Unga C 282-20 Achere 282-25 West U	oi Bay ^b	2	202	2,436	80,638	774	85,777
Northwest Stepovak 281-70 Southwest 281-80 Balboa 281-90 Beaver 282-10 Poporf 3 282-11 Unga C 282-20 Achere 282-25 West U	•	_	292	301	4,198	159	4,952
281-70 Southw 281-80 Balboa 281-90 Beaver 282-10 Popof 3 282-11 Unga C 282-20 Achere 282-25 West U	k Section total		_	_	_	_	_
281-80 Balboa 281-90 Beaver 282-10 Popof S 282-11 Unga C 282-20 Achere 282-25 West U		20	9,629	7,295	145,450	4,529	166,923
281-80 Balboa 281-90 Beaver 282-10 Popof S 282-11 Unga C 282-20 Achere 282-25 West U							
281-90 Beaver 282-10 Popof 3 282-11 Unga C 282-20 Achere 282-25 West U	west Stepovak Section	133	21,039	23,094	597,720	7,241	649,227
282-10 Popof S 282-11 Unga C 282-20 Achere 282-25 West U	Bay Section	10	8,862	14,213	186,913	2,880	212,878
282-11 Unga C 282-20 Achere 282-25 West U	Bay Section	0	0	0	0	0	0
282-20 Achere 282-25 West U	Strait/Squaw Harbor	540	31,188	1,970	230,508	22,185	286,391
282-25 West U	Cape/East Popof	16,773	279,243	94,695	4,327,310	391,563	5,109,584
	edin Bay	68	55,235	8,138	164,750	11,888	240,079
	Jnga Island	655	158,383	30,701	978,597	40,319	1,208,655
202 30 Buy 10	-	0	10,375	148	9,417	732	20,672
282-32 Outer 2	Zachary Bay	0	0	0	0	0	0
282-35 Zachar	y Bay	1	126	109	46,479	54	46,769
282-40 East He	ead/West Head	4	2,151	1,135	29,189	507	32,986
282-42 Korovi	in Island	778	76,345	13,769	457,320	37,616	585,828
282-45 Northe	ast Nagai Island	3	4,310	2,257	114,704	1,036	122,310
282-50 Koniuj	ju Islands	0	841	694	55,773	287	57,595
282-55 Simeor	nof Island	0	0	0	0	0	0
282-65 Southe	ast Nagai Island	146	68,935	11,533	406,826	12,057	499,497
282-70 Southw	vest Nagai Island	409	181,804	40,608	2,102,657	43,824	2,369,302
282-75 Cape H	Horn/Porpoise Rocks	31	40,421	7,044	411,080	5,408	463,984
	agai Straits	27	20,849	169	33,356	2,359	56,760
Shumagin Islands S	Section total	19,435	930,206	212,970	9,367,966	569,835	11,100,412
Southoostom District		10 746	007 401	202 152	10 600 507	502 666	12 611 472
Southeastern District Percent of total Sou	at total	19,746	997,401	302,152	10,699,507	592,666	12,611,472 52.9%

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Statistical		_		Number	of salmon ^a		
area	Section	Chinook	Sockeye	Coho	Pink	Chum	Total
South Cer	ntral District						
283-15	Mino Creek	2	6,096	57	15,689	575	22,419
283-17	Little Coal Bay	4	28,570	3,631	198,802	8,762	239,769
Mino Cr.	- Little Coal B. Section total	6	34,666	3,688	214,491	9,337	262,188
283-20	Ukolnoi Island	0	3,274	6,662	171,087	13,328	194,351
283-21	Northside Cape Tolstoi	3	14,235	1,049	80,483	1,661	97,431
283-23	Eastside Pavlof Bay	3	11,998	21,718	382,508	4,262	420,489
	of Bay Section total	6	29,507	29,429	634,078	19,251	712,271
283-24	Canoe Bay Section	0	1,495	44,367	140,270	4,918	191,050
283-25	Northwest Pavlof Bay	6	6,926	6,089	129,422	4,462	146,905
283-26	Long Beach/Ukolnoi	12	41,502	17,202	334,247	37,792	430,755
West Pavl	of Bay Section total	18	48,428	23,291	463,669	42,254	577,660
	ntral District total	30	114,096	100,775	1,452,508	75,760	1,743,169
Percent of	f total South Peninsula salmon ha	arvest	·	·		·	7.3%
Southwest	tern District						
284-36	Volcano Bay	8	7,160	3,057	180,779	31,328	222,332
284-37	Northside Dolgoi Island	44	45,815	2,082	114,996	5,425	168,362
284-38	South Dolgoi/Moss Cape	1	3,771	581	22,329	3,516	30,198
284-39	Poperechnoi	38	12,773	7,593	87,104	8,871	116,379
Volcano E	Bay Section total	91	69,519	13,313	405,208	49,140	537,271
284-42	Belkofski Bay	3	14,490	8,392	903,022	22,601	948,508
284-45	King Cove	0	7,754	10,954	770,544	17,261	806,513
284-47	General Section	21	17,303	558	19,315	642	37,839
	Bay Section total	24	39,547	19,904	1,692,881	40,504	1,792,860
284-55	Deer Island Section	58	18,166	545	95,845	2,117	116,731
284-62	Outer Cold Bay	0	3,564	504	101,813	3,537	109,418
284-65	Lenard Harbor	0	388	55	33,900	7,106	41,449
284-67	Upper Cold Bay	1	1,026	311	31,885	10,407	43,630
204-07	- F F						

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Statistical				Numbe	er of salmona		
area	Section	Chinook	Sockeye	Coho	Pink	Chum	Total
284-70	General Section ^b	_	_	_	_	_	_
284-75	Thin Point Section	0	1,305	143	34,886	215	36,549
284-80	Morzhovoi Bay Section ^b	_	_	_	_	_	_
284-90	Ikatan Bay Section	386	64,240	18,868	1,400,176	70,644	1,554,314
Southwest	ern District total	560	197,755	53,643	3,796,594	183,670	4,232,222
Percent of	total South Peninsula salmon l	harvest					17.8%
Unimak D	istrict Sanak Island Section	56	13,242	13,452	92,745	104,112	223,607
285-20	Otter Cove	214	32,355	3,796	275,108	13,588	325,061
285-30	Cape Lazaref	224	53,693	3,478	381,791	31,271	470,457
Otter Cove	e Section total	438	86,048	7,274	656,899	44,859	795,518
285-40	Cape Lutke Section	1,725	212,271	43,285	3,775,239	164,320	4,196,840
Unimak D	istrict total	2,219	311,561	64,011	4,524,883	313,291	5,215,965
Percent of	total South Peninsula salmon l	harvest					21.9%
South Peni	insula total ^c	22,555	1,624,476	520,748	20,497,369	1,166,542	23,831,690

a Harvest information includes commercial harvest and excludes test fishery and personal use harvest.
 b Confidential information due to fewer than 3 permits or processors.
 c Totals contain summed confidential harvest.

Appendix A15.-South Alaska Peninsula commercial salmon harvest by species, district, and gear, 2019.

		Number of salmon					
	Chinook	Sockeye	Coho	Pink	Chum	Total	of harvest
Southeastern District							
Seine	19,623	671,367	268,813	10,519,562	540,405	12,019,770	95.3
Set gillnet	123	326,401	33,357	180,644	52,374	592,899	4.7
Total	19,746	997,768	302,170	10,700,206	592,779	12,612,669	100.0
South Central District							
Seine	17	67,736	99,540	1,441,332	67,690	1,676,315	96.2
Set gillnet	13	46,360	1,235	11,176	8,070	66,854	3.8
Total	30	114,096	100,775	1,452,508	75,760	1,743,169	100.0
Southwestern District							
Seine	445	109,638	37,116	3,686,700	146,356	3,980,255	93.4
Drift gillnet	85	33,162	14,956	102,762	21,626	172,591	4.1
Set gillnet	30	58,251	1,720	30,310	16,730	107,041	2.5
Total	560	201,051	53,792	3,819,772	184,712	4,259,887	100.0
Unimak District							
Seine	1,910	240,248	59,844	4,456,804	291,652	5,050,458	96.8
Drift gillnet	309	71,313	4,167	68,079	21,639	165,507	3.2
Set gillnet	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0
Total	2,219	311,561	64,011	4,524,883	313,291	5,215,965	100.0
South Peninsula total							
Seine	21,995	1,088,989	465,313	20,104,398	1,046,103	22,726,798	95.4
Drift gillnet	394	104,475	19,123	170,841	43,265	338,098	1.4
Set gillnet	166	431,012	36,312	222,130	77,174	766,794	3.2
Total	22,555	1,624,476	520,748	20,497,369	1,166,542	23,831,690	100.0

Appendix A16.—South Peninsula emergency order summary, 2019.

E.O.#	Issued	Effective	Action taken
SP-01	12:15 PM 6/1/19	6:00 AM 6/6/19	Allows four 88-hour and one 64-hour commercial salmon fishing periods for set gillnet gear and four 88-hour commercial salmon fishing periods for drift gillnet and seine gear in the South Unimak and Shumagin Islands June fisheries.
SP-02	1:15 PM 7/5/19	6:00 AM 7/7/19	Allows a 33-hour commercial salmon fishing period for set gillnet gear and seine gear from 6:00 AM Saturday, July 6 until 3:00 PM Sunday, July 7, 2019, in the Unimak, Southwestern, South Central districts, and Shumagin Island Section of the Southeastern District. Allows a concurrent 33-hour commercial salmon fishing period for drift gillnet gear in the Unimak District and the Ikatan Bay Section of the Southwestern District.
SP-03	1:00 PM 7/8/19	6:00 AM 7/10/19	Allows a 36-hour commercial salmon fishing period for set gillnet gear and seine gear from 6:00 AM Wednesday, July 10 until 6:00 PM Thursday, July 11, 2019, in the Unimak, Southwestern, and South Central districts as well as the Shumagin Island Section of the Southeastern District. Allows a concurrent 36-hour commercial salmon fishing period by drift gillnet gear in the Unimak District and the Ikatan Bay Section of the Southwestern District.
SP-04	3:00 PM 7/12/19	6:00 AM 7/14/19	Allows a 36-hour commercial salmon fishing period for set gillnet gear and seine gear from 6:00 AM Sunday, July 14 until 6:00 PM Monday, July 15, 2019, in the Unimak District, the Southwestern District, the South Central District, and the Shumagin Islands Section of the Southeastern District. Allows a concurrent 36-hour commercial salmon fishing period for drift gillnet gear in the Unimak District and the Ikatan Bay Section of the Southwestern District.
SP-05	11:00 AM 7/16/19	6:00 AM 7/18/19	Allows a 36-hour commercial salmon fishing period for set gillnet gear and seine gear from 6:00 AM Thursday, July 18 until 6:00 PM Friday, July 19, 2019, in the Unimak District, the Southwestern District, the South Central District, and the Shumagin Islands Section of the Southeastern District. Allows a concurrent 36-hour commercial salmon fishing period for drift gillnet gear in the Unimak District and the Ikatan Bay Section of the Southwestern District.
SP-06	11:30 AM 7/20/19	6:00 AM 7/22/19	Allows a 36-hour commercial salmon fishing period for set gillnet gear and seine gear from 6:00 AM Sunday, July 22 until 6:00 PM Monday, July 23, 2019, in the Unimak District, the Southwestern District, the South Central District, and the Shumagin Islands Section of the Southeastern District. Allows a concurrent 36-hour commercial salmon fishing period for drift gillnet gear in the Unimak District and the Ikatan Bay Section of the Southwestern District.
SP-07	5:00 PM 7/20/19	6:00 AM 7/22/19	Allows a commercial salmon fishing period in the Urilia Bay Section of the Northwestern District from 6:00 AM Monday, July 22 until 6:00 PM Thursday, July 25, 2019.

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E.O.#	Issued	Effective	Action taken
SP-08	3:30 PM 7/24/19	6:00 AM 7/26/19	Allows a 36-hour commercial salmon fishing period for set gillnet gear and seine gear from 6:00 AM Friday, July 26 until 6:00 PM Saturday, July 27, 2019, in the Unimak District, Southwestern District, the Bechevin Bay Section of the Northwestern District, the South Central District, and the Shumagin Islands Section of the Southeastern District. Allows a concurrent 36-hour commercial salmon fishing period for drift gillnet gear in the Unimak District, the Bechevin Bay Section of the Northwestern District, and the Ikatan Bay Section of the Southwestern District.
SP-09	12:30 PM 7/28/19	6:00 AM 7/30/19	Allows a 36-hour commercial salmon fishing period for set gillnet gear and seine gear from 6:00 AM Tuesday, July 30 until 6:00 PM Wednesday, July 31, 2019, in the Unimak District, Southwestern District, the Bechevin Bay Section of the Northwestern District, the South Central District, and the Shumagin Islands Section of the Southeastern District. Allows a concurrent 36-hour commercial salmon fishing period for drift gillnet gear in the Unimak District, the Bechevin Bay Section of the Northwestern District, and the Ikatan Bay Section of the Southwestern District.
SP-10	10:30 AM 7/30/19	6:00 PM 7/31/19	Extends the commercial salmon fishing period from 6:00 PM Monday, July 31 until August 3, 2019, in the Bechevin Bay Section of the Northwestern District, the Canoe Bay, East and West Pavlof Bay (north of the latitude of Black Point lat 55°24.48′N), and the Mino Creek-Little Coal Bay sections of the South Central District.
SP-11	9:30 AM 8/3/19	8:00 AM 8/5/19	Allows a 61-hour commercial salmon fishing period for set gillnet gear and seine gear from 8:00 AM Monday, August 5 until 9:00 PM Wednesday, August 7, 2019, in the Unimak District, Southwestern District, and the Shumagin Islands Section of the Southeastern District. Allows a commercial salmon fishing period for set gillnet and seine gear in the Bechevin Bay Section of the Northwestern District and the South Central District from 8:00 AM Monday, August 5, 2019, until further notice. Allows a concurrent commercial salmon fishing period for drift gillnet gear in the Unimak District, the Bechevin Bay Section of the Northwestern District, and the Ikatan Bay Section of the Southwestern District.
SP-12	9:30 AM 8/7/19	9:00 PM 8/7/19	Extends the commercial salmon fishing period in the Unimak District, Southwestern District, and the Shumagin Islands Section of the Southeastern District for 48 hours from 9:00 PM Wednesday, August 7 until 9:00 PM Friday, August 9, 2019.
SP-13	5:00 PM 8/8/19	9:00 PM 8/9/19	Extends the commercial salmon fishing period in the Unimak District, Southwestern District, and Shumagin Islands Section of the Southeastern District from 9:00 PM Friday, August 9, 2019, until further notice.
SP-14	2:00 PM 8/13/19	9:00 AM 8/15/19	Allows a commercial salmon fishing period from 9:00 AM Thursday, August 15 until 9:00 PM Tuesday, August 20, 2019, in Beaver Bay, Balboa Bay, Southwest Stepovak, Northwest Stepovak, excluding waters of Orzinski Bay north of a line from Elephant Point (lat 55°41.92′N, long 160°03.20′W) to Waterfall Point (lat 55°43.18′N, long 160°01.13′W) and East Stepovak sections of the Southeastern District.

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E.O.#	Issued	Effective	Action taken
SP-15	9:30 AM 8/17/19	8:00 AM 8/19/19	Allows a 60-hour commercial salmon fishing period in the Aleutian Islands Area from 8:00 AM Monday, August 19 until 8:00 PM Wednesday, August 21, 2019.
SP-16	5:00 PM 8/20/19	9:00 AM 8/22/19	Allows a commercial salmon fishing period from 9:00 AM Thursday, August 22 until 9:00 PM Tuesday, August 27, 2019, in Beaver Bay, Balboa Bay, Southwest Stepovak, Northwest Stepovak, excluding the waters of Orzinski Bay north of a line from Elephant Point (lat 55°41.92′N, long 160°03.20′W) to Waterfall Point (lat 55°43.18′N, long 160°01.13′W) and East Stepovak sections of the Southeastern District.
SP-17	9:30 AM 8/27/19	9:00 AM 8/29/19	Allows a commercial salmon fishing period from 9:00 AM Thursday, August 29 until 9:00 PM Tuesday, September 3, 2019, in Beaver Bay, Balboa Bay, Southwest Stepovak, Northwest Stepovak, excluding the waters of Orzinski Bay north of a line from Elephant Point (lat 55°41.92′N, long 160°03.20′W) to Waterfall Point (lat 55°43.18′N, long 160°01.13′W) and East Stepovak sections of the Southeastern District.
SP-18	1:00 PM 9/1/19	6:00 AM 9/4/19	Allows a commercial salmon fishing period in the Izembek-Moffet Bay Section of the Northwestern District from 6:00 AM Wednesday, September 4 until 6:00 PM Saturday, September 7, 2019.
SP-19	11:00 AM 9/3/19	9:00 AM 9/5/19	Allows commercial salmon fishing from 9:00 AM Thursday, September 5 until 8:00 PM Tuesday, September 10, 2019, in Beaver Bay, Balboa Bay, Southwest Stepovak, Northwest Stepovak, excluding waters of Orzinski Bay north of a line from Elephant Point (lat 55°41.92′N, long 160°03.20′W) to Waterfall Point (lat 55°43.18′N, long 160°01.13′W) and East Stepovak sections of the Southeastern District.
SP-20	1:00 PM 9/12/19	9:00 AM 9/13/19	Allows a commercial salmon fishing period from 9:00 AM Friday, September 13 until 8:00 PM Tuesday, September 10, 2019, in Beaver Bay, Balboa Bay, Southwest Stepovak, Northwest Stepovak, excluding waters of Orzinski Bay north of a line from Elephant Point (lat 55°41.92′N, long 160°03.20′W) to Waterfall Point (lat 55°43.18′N, long 160°01.13′W) and East Stepovak sections of the Southeastern District.

Appendix A17.-South Alaska Peninsula commercial salmon exvessel value by species and gear, 2009-2019.

				Exvessel valu	e		
Year	Gear name	Chinook	Sockeye	Coho	Pink	Chum	Total
2009	Purse seine	\$ 72,916	\$ 3,505,655	\$ 335,100	\$ 4,372,988	\$ 2,022,334	\$ 10,308,993
	Drift gillnet	\$ 17,131	\$ 1,402,552	\$ 17,289	\$ 50,482	\$ 148,197	\$ 1,635,652
	Set gillnet	\$ 5,633	\$ 2,409,246	\$ 57,473	\$ 191,935	\$ 242,144	\$ 2,906,430
	Total	\$ 95,680	\$ 7,317,454	\$ 409,861	\$ 4,615,405	\$ 2,412,675	\$ 14,851,075
2010	Purse seine	\$ 85,275	\$ 2,939,508	\$ 436,584	\$ 627,779	\$ 1,612,902	\$ 5,702,047
	Drift gillnet	\$ 18,698	\$ 1,351,994	\$ 30,036	\$ 5,918	\$ 191,901	\$ 1,598,547
	Set gillnet	\$ 5,128	\$ 2,327,075	\$ 32,783	\$ 60,188	\$ 269,017	\$ 2,694,190
	Total	\$ 109,100	\$ 6,618,577	\$ 499,403	\$ 693,884	\$ 2,073,819	\$ 9,994,784
2011	Purse seine	\$ 63,545	\$ 4,822,894	\$ 366,325	\$ 5,551,505	\$ 2,199,032	\$ 13,003,303
	Drift gillnet	\$ 20,815	\$ 2,978,032	\$ 69,909	\$ 57,641	\$ 323,556	\$ 3,449,952
	Set gillnet	\$ 7,949	\$ 2,705,468	\$ 83,306	\$ 292,378	\$ 438,762	\$ 3,527,863
	Total	\$ 92,309	\$ 10,506,393	\$ 519,540	\$ 5,901,524	\$ 2,961,351	\$ 19,981,117
2012	Purse seine	\$ 55,614	\$ 4,400,706	\$ 131,002	\$ 433,465	\$ 1,137,785	\$ 6,158,572
	Drift gillnet	\$ 57,667	\$ 3,903,056	\$ 108,687	\$ 18,856	\$ 653,839	\$ 4,742,105
	Set gillnet	\$ 6,360	\$ 2,036,366	\$ 9,741	\$ 34,167	\$ 105,976	\$ 2,192,611
	Total	\$ 119,641	\$ 10,340,128	\$ 249,431	\$ 486,487	\$ 1,897,600	\$ 13,093,288
2013	Purse seine	\$ 30,055	\$ 6,862,066	\$ 493,635	\$ 8,003,434	\$ 1,682,513	\$ 17,071,703
	Drift gillnet	\$ 19,318	\$ 6,233,705	\$ 331,644	\$ 82,699	\$ 368,996	\$ 7,036,362
	Set gillnet	\$ 10,330	\$ 3,582,837	\$ 79,899	\$ 275,514	\$ 151,731	\$ 4,100,311
	Total	\$ 59,704	\$ 16,678,607	\$ 905,179	\$ 8,361,647	\$ 2,203,239	\$ 28,208,376
2014	Purse seine	\$ 45,884	\$ 4,559,088	\$ 471,004	\$ 453,341	\$ 834,285	\$ 6,363,602
	Drift gillnet	\$ 8,405	\$ 2,276,681	\$ 153,138	\$ 38,288	\$ 254,868	\$ 2,731,379
	Set gillnet	\$ 4,797	\$ 3,671,465	\$ 109,764	\$ 50,920	\$ 129,590	\$ 3,966,536
	Total	\$ 59,086	\$ 10,507,234	\$ 733,906	\$ 542,549	\$ 1,218,742	\$ 13,061,517
2015	Purse seine	\$ 225,973	\$ 5,967,055	\$ 410,181	\$ 8,339,326	\$ 712,028	\$ 15,654,563
	Drift gillnet	\$ 5,127	\$ 678,852	\$ 40,283	\$ 34,353	\$ 54,484	\$ 813,100
	Set gillnet	\$ 5,229	\$ 4,224,131	\$ 67,507	\$ 184,632	\$ 127,873	\$ 4,609,371
	Total	\$ 236,329	\$ 10,870,037	\$ 517,971	\$ 8,558,312	\$ 894,385	\$ 21,077,034
2016	Purse seine	\$ 34,797	\$ 4,680,780	\$ 225,807	\$ 1,105,155	\$ 453,095	\$ 6,499,634
	Drift gillnet	\$ 8,597	\$ 1,316,316	\$ 9,858	\$ 47,099	\$ 55,179	\$ 1,437,050
	Set gillnet	\$ 6,007	\$ 3,981,346	\$ 18,436	\$ 36,360	\$ 70,085	\$ 4,112,233
	Total	\$ 49,401	\$ 9,978,442	\$ 254,101	\$ 1,188,614	\$ 578,359	\$ 12,048,917

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		Exvessel value					
Year	Gear name	Chinook	Sockeye	Coho	Pink	Chum	Total
2017	Purse seine	\$ 48,775	\$ 9,700,518	\$ 613,961	\$ 19,890,323	\$ 3,237,123	\$ 33,490,700
	Drift gillnet	\$ 6,025	\$ 2,891,329	\$ 38,514	\$ 170,629	\$ 165,491	\$ 3,271,988
	Set gillnet	\$ 4,726	\$ 4,225,904	\$ 66,732	\$ 373,930	\$ 550,483	\$ 5,221,775
	Total	\$ 59,526	\$ 16,817,752	\$ 719,207	\$ 20,434,882	\$ 3,953,096	\$ 41,984,462
2018	Purse seine	\$ 52,695	\$ 4,595,556	\$ 556,848	\$ 592,123	\$ 2,551,789	\$ 8,349,012
	Drift gillnet	\$ 6,989	\$ 1,487,876	\$ 9,228	\$ 22,546	\$ 144,788	\$ 1,671,428
	Set gillnet	\$ 4,697	\$ 1,439,109	\$ 29,186	\$ 75,339	\$ 204,013	\$ 1,752,344
	Total	\$ 64,381	\$ 7,522,542	\$ 595,262	\$ 690,008	\$ 2,900,591	\$ 11,772,784
2019	Purse seine	\$ 44,597	\$ 6,805,588	\$ 875,918	\$ 12,344,032	\$ 2,147,545	\$ 22,217,679
	Drift gillnet	\$ 5,515	\$ 674,048	\$ 38,606	\$ 143,921	\$ 97,211	\$ 959,302
	Set gillnet	\$ 2,709	\$ 3,079,918	\$ 73,547	\$ 187,946	\$ 177,607	\$ 3,521,727
	Total	\$ 52,822	\$ 10,559,554	\$ 988,071	\$ 12,675,898	\$ 2,422,363	\$ 26,698,709
2009–	Purse seine	\$71,553	\$5,203,383	\$404,045	\$4,936,944	\$1,644,288	\$12,260,213
2018	Drift gillnet	\$16,877	\$2,452,039	\$80,859	\$52,851	\$236,130	\$2,838,756
average	Set gillnet	\$6,086	\$3,060,295	\$55,483	\$157,536	\$228,967	\$3,508,366
	Total	\$94,516	\$10,715,717	\$540,386	\$5,147,331	\$2,109,386	\$18,607,335

APPENDIX B. SOUTH UNIMAK AND SHUMAGIN ISLANDS JUNE FISHERIES

Appendix B1.—South Unimak and Shumagin Islands June commercial salmon fisheries history, 1962–2019.

Prior to 1973, fishing time was liberal and was not based on the strength of the forecasted Bristol Bay sockeye salmon run (Shaul and Dinnocenzo 2000). During the late 1960s and early 1970s, controversy arose between Alaska Peninsula–Aleutians Islands and Bristol Bay fishermen concerning the South Unimak and Shumagin Islands June fisheries.

Beginning in 1975, the Alaska Board of Fisheries (BOF) established guideline harvest levels (GHLs) based on average historic catches. The GHL for the Shumagin Islands was 1.5% of the latest inshore Bristol Bay projected sockeye salmon harvest, and the South Unimak fishery was allocated 6.8% of the Bristol Bay inshore projected sockeye salmon harvest. The total GHLs for each fishery were further broken down into 4 time period GHLs to distribute the catches throughout the month of June (Shaul and Dinnocenzo 2000).

Although chum salmon have always been caught during the June fisheries, the unusually large chum salmon catches in 1982 and 1983 caused concern by fishermen in the Arctic-Yukon-Kuskokwim (AYK) Region. Beginning with the 1984 season, the BOF placed a limit on fishing time, not to exceed 96 hours per week and not more than 72 consecutive hours in order to allow "escapement windows." The purpose of the "windows" was to limit the chum salmon harvest. Due to the high sockeye salmon catch rate (and low chum-to-sockeye catch ratios) during 1984 and 1985, these restrictions were not implemented because the GHLs were easily met (Shaul and Dinnocenzo 2000).

In 1986, the BOF placed a 400,000 chum salmon catch ceiling on both fisheries combined, eliminated fishing during the first 10 days of June, and eliminated fishing during the last GHL time period, June 26–30 (along with the sockeye salmon allocation for that period). These restrictions applied to the 1986 season only. Additional restrictions during 1986 were the primary reasons for less than half of the combined South Unimak–Shumagin Islands sockeye salmon allocation being harvested in that year (Poetter 2007).

The regulations for the 1987 season were the same as those used in 1985. However, during 1988 and 1989 the BOF placed an annual 500,000 chum salmon catch ceiling on both fisheries combined.

In 1988, the abundance of chum salmon was about equal to sockeye salmon at South Unimak. This resulted in less than 40% of the South Unimak sockeye salmon allocation being harvested before the chum salmon ceiling was reached. Sockeye salmon abundance was higher in the Shumagin Islands and that fishery was able to harvest its allocation (Poetter 2007).

In 1989, sockeye salmon abundance was very high and sockeye salmon allocations were exceeded with relatively little fishing time. The Shumagin Islands sockeye salmon catch was 396,958 fish with an allocation of 264,000 fish; the South Unimak catch was 1,347,547 sockeye salmon with an allocation of 1,199,000 fish (Poetter 2007). A total of only 72 hours fishing time was allowed in the Shumagin Islands during 4 days. At South Unimak, 84 hours of fishing time was allowed with openings occurring during 5 separate days. The 1989 chum salmon catch was 47,528 fish in the Shumagin Islands and 407,635 fish at South Unimak for a total of 455,163 fish. The ratio of sockeye to chum salmon was low during the early part of the fishery and became high towards the end (Shaul et al. 1990).

After the 1989 season, the BOF made the following changes to the South Unimak and Shumagin Islands June fisheries:

(1) The starting date of the fishery was delayed until June 13 because the sockeye salmon to chum salmon ratio is normally lower during early June.

- (2) The chum salmon ceiling for both fisheries combined was raised from 500,000 fish to 600,000 fish.
- (3) The "window regulations" were eliminated because there did not seem to be a need for both a chum salmon ceiling and windows.
- (4) The sockeye salmon allocation periods and allocations were changed. The percent of the total allocation by period were the same for each fishery.

Period	Allocation
June 13–18	35%
June 19–25	45%
June 26–30	20%
Total	100%

If catches in either fishery fell below the guidelines in the June 13–18 period, those unharvested sockeye salmon, up to a maximum of 5% of the total allocation for that fishery, could be harvested during the June 19–25 period. The June 26–30 period could not be used to make up for underharvest during the first 2 periods. A 1987 salmon tagging study showed that sockeye salmon stock composition between the first 2 periods was very similar; however, the June 26–30 stock composition at South Unimak–Shumagin Islands could be dominated by fewer and later stocks (Eggers et al. 1991).

- (5) Unlimited seine leads were eliminated at South Unimak and leads of no more than 150 fathoms were determined to be the only legal lengths for the entire Alaska Peninsula.
- (6) For the first time, maximum depth restrictions were placed on seine and gillnet gear. For the entire Alaska Peninsula Area, seine gear could not exceed 375 meshes in depth. Seine mesh size could not exceed 3-1/2 inches except the first 25 meshes above the lead line could not be more than 7 inches (5 AAC 09.332)(a). No gillnet gear used along the South Peninsula could exceed 90 meshes in depth (5 AAC 09.331)(b)(1)(C).
- (7) The area making up the South Unimak fishery was expanded to include the following portions of Southwestern District located outside the Ikatan Bay Section:
 - (a) all waters north and west of a line from Cape Pankof Light to Thin Point.
 - (b) all waters enclosed by a line from Thin Point to Stag Point on Deer Island to Dolgoi Cape and from Bluff Point on Dolgoi Island to Arch Point.

In 1990, sockeye salmon were not available in large numbers in the Shumagin Islands or at South Unimak despite the fact that Bristol Bay experienced one of its largest runs on record (Shaul et al. 1991). If the Bristol Bay run had been forecasted correctly, the sockeye salmon GHL would have been 497,000 for the Shumagin Islands and 2,255,000 for South Unimak (Shaul et al. 1991). Windy weather plagued fishing operations but fish abundance also seemed low, especially in view of the huge run that arrived in Bristol Bay.

Harvesting the total sockeye salmon allocations in the South Unimak and Shumagin Islands June fisheries with a chum salmon cap in place was often difficult and sometimes impossible, especially when sockeye salmon allocations were large. At the fall 1991 BOF meeting, the chum salmon cap was changed to 40%

of the combined South Unimak and Shumagin Islands sockeye salmon allocation, not to exceed 900,000 fish (Shaul and Dinnocenzo 2000). This change generated much controversy from fishermen in the AYK Region because the chum salmon cap was likely to be 900,000 fish in 1992–1994, based on initial long-range Bristol Bay sockeye salmon projections. The BOF addressed the chum salmon cap issue again at their spring 1992 meeting and changed the cap to 700,000 chum salmon, regardless of the sockeye salmon allocation. The BOF also stipulated that unless the chum salmon cap was in danger of being exceeded, set gillnet fishing periods would not be less than 16 hours even if it was necessary to restrict seine and drift gillnet gear periods to less than 16 hours due to chum salmon conservation. This was due to set gillnet gear selectivity favoring sockeye salmon. Regardless of gear selectivity, the BOF directed ADF&G to manage the fishery so that the cap would not be exceeded.

In 1992, the sockeye salmon allocations were 1,959,000 fish for South Unimak and 432,000 fish for Shumagin Islands (Poetter 2007). The fishery was delayed until June 15 because of the high number of chum salmon caught in the Shumagin Islands test fishery. From June 15 until the end of the fishery on June 26, sockeye to chum salmon ratios were very high (Poetter 2007). A total of 2,046,022 sockeye salmon were harvested at South Unimak, whereas the Shumagin Islands sockeye salmon harvest was 411,834 fish. The chum salmon harvest from both fisheries combined was 426,203 fish.

In 1993, the sockeye salmon allocations were 2,375,000 fish for South Unimak and 524,000 fish for Shumagin Islands (Poetter 2007). Test fishing in the Shumagin Islands during June 7–11 indicated sockeye to chum salmon ratios greater than 2.0. Consequently, fishing began on June 13, the earliest date allowed by the *South Unimak and Shumagin Islands June Management Plan*.

In 1993, AYK chum salmon stocks were at low levels, resulting in very little commercial fishing targeting chum salmon (Francisco et al. 1995). Subsistence fishing for AYK chum salmon was not allowed in some locations. Consequently, during 1993 and 1994, the BOF conducted 2 out-of-cycle meetings devoted to the South Unimak–Shumagin Islands June fishery. The first meeting was nonregulatory but resulted in the second meeting in which regulatory changes were made.

During its spring 1994 meeting, the BOF allowed ADF&G to open the South Unimak-Shumagin Islands fisheries prior to June 13 if sockeye to chum salmon ratios were greater than 2.0, and eliminated the time period allocations. Elimination of time period allocations would have resulted in a substantially lower harvest of chum salmon in 1993 (McCullough and Pengilly 1994).

The 1994 sockeye salmon allocations were a record high, totaling 2,938,000 fish at South Unimak and 648,000 fish in the Shumagin Islands (Poetter 2007). Test fishing in the Shumagin Islands indicated that sockeye to chum salmon ratios were low and no fishing was allowed in the Shumagin Islands until June 18. Test fishing indicated that sockeye to chum salmon ratios at South Unimak on June 15 and 16 were higher than those in the Shumagin Islands, and fishing started on June 17.

The 1994 fishery was characterized by low catch rates of sockeye and chum salmon but record June pink salmon catches (Appendix B4). Sockeye-to-chum salmon ratios were slightly better than 2 to 1 during most of the fishery and were lower at the end of June (Poetter 2007). Total sockeye salmon harvest was very disappointing to industry in the Alaska Peninsula Area. At South Unimak, 1,001,250 sockeye salmon (34% of allocation) were harvested. In the Shumagin Islands, 460,013 sockeye salmon (71% of allocation) were harvested. The combined chum salmon catch was 582,165 fish.

The 1994 Bristol Bay sockeye salmon run was below forecast but still a very strong run and produced an inshore harvest of over 35 million fish. However, sockeye salmon were not available in large numbers in the South Unimak and Shumagin Islands fisheries. Fishermen reported a drastic change in currents and colder inshore water temperatures, which they believe may have affected the migratory pattern of sockeye salmon.

Large numbers of chum salmon were reported to be in the South Unimak fishery throughout June but fishermen avoided areas with high chum salmon concentrations. These tactics apparently not only decreased the chum salmon catch but reduced the fleets' ability to harvest sockeye salmon because the 2 species were reported to be traveling together in large numbers at some locations.

Following the 1994 season, the BOF implemented the following changes to the management plan.

- 1. June fishery cannot begin prior to June 11.
- 2. After June 24, in either the South Unimak or Shumagin Islands fisheries, if the sockeye salmon guideline harvest level and the maximum allowable harvest of chum salmon have not been attained, and if the ratio of sockeye to chum salmon is 2:1 or less on any day, the next daily fishing period for seine and drift gillnet gear shall be 6 hours in duration in that fishery. After June 24, the South Unimak or Shumagin Islands fishery shall close for all gear types if the ratio of sockeye to chum salmon is 2:1 or less for any 3 aggregate days.
- 3. The BOF stated its intent that keeping the chum salmon harvest below the cap supersedes any attempt to reach the sockeye salmon GHLs.
- 4. The BOF eliminated minimum mesh size requirements for gillnets during the June fisheries.

In 1995, the sockeye salmon GHL was 2,987,000 fish allocated to South Unimak and 659,000 fish to Shumagin Islands for a total of 3,646,000 fish (Poetter 2007). Test fishing in the Shumagin Islands and at South Unimak indicated that sockeye-to-chum salmon ratios were slightly higher than in 1994. Consequently, both fisheries opened on June 13. However, the sockeye salmon harvest rates were again low. Virtually continuous fishing was allowed in both fisheries, through June 30 at South Unimak, and through June 29 in the Shumagin Islands where the sockeye salmon allocation was achieved. The 1995 South Unimak harvest was 1,451,490 sockeye salmon and 342,307 chum salmon; the fishery was about 1,536,000 fish under the sockeye salmon GHL. Shumagin Islands catch totaled 653,831 sockeye and 195,126 chum salmon and was only 5,000 fish under the sockeye salmon GHL. The combined harvest of both fisheries was 2,105,321 sockeye and 537,433 chum salmon, which was 1,541,000 sockeye salmon less than the GHL (Poetter 2007) and about 163,000 chum salmon less than the 700,000 cap. The combined sockeye salmon GHL was not achieved because sockeye salmon were not available in large numbers at South Unimak. The actual Bristol Bay sockeye salmon harvest was slightly larger than the forecast.

The 1996 sockeye salmon GHLs were 2,564,000 fish for South Unimak, and 566,000 fish for Shumagin Islands (Poetter 2007). Based on test fishing results, the South Unimak fishery did not begin until June 15 and the Shumagin Islands fishery did not open until June 18. The purpose of test fishing was to determine the sockeye-to-chum salmon ratio as an indication of when the sockeye salmon harvest could be maximized without reaching the chum salmon cap. Salmon harvest rates were extremely low in both South Unimak and Shumagin Islands fisheries and almost continuous fishing was allowed. At South Unimak, despite continuous fishing from June 18 to June 30, only 572,495 sockeye salmon (23.3% of the allocation) were harvested. In the Shumagin Islands 456,475 sockeye salmon were caught, bringing the combined South Unimak–Shumagin Islands sockeye salmon harvest to 1,028,970 (33% of the

allocation). A total of 359,820 chum salmon were harvested (129,889 at South Unimak and 229,931 in the Shumagin Islands), about 340,000 fish below the 700,000 cap.

1997, the South Unimak fishery opened on June 13. Because of a price dispute, fishing effort ranged from 58 to 97 drift gillnet permit holders from June 13 through June 17 (Poetter 2007). The dispute was settled on June 18, and continuous fishing was allowed through June 30. The sockeye salmon harvest was 1,179,179 fish, 36% below the 1,840,000 GHL (Poetter 2007). The 1997 Shumagin Islands fishery opened on June 19, and fishing was allowed daily until June 26 when the sockeye salmon GHL of 406,000 was exceeded (Poetter 2007). Shumagin Islands harvest was 449,002 sockeye salmon. A total of 322,325 chum salmon were harvested (196,016 at South Unimak and 126,309 in the Shumagin Islands), 377,675 fish below the 700,000 cap.

After the 1997 season, the BOF lowered the chum salmon cap from 700,000 fish to a "floating cap" that could range from 350,000 to 650,000 depending on the projected strength of harvests of summer chum salmon in AYK Area in relation to the 1970–1997 average. If the projected AYK chum salmon harvest was less than 33% of the average catches, the South Peninsula cap would be 350,000 to 450,000 fish. If the projected AYK summer run chum salmon harvest was between 33% and 67% of the 1970–1997 average, the South Peninsula cap would be between 450,001 and 550,000 chum salmon. If the AYK summer chum salmon harvest exceeded 67% of the 1970–1997 average, the South Peninsula chum salmon cap would be 550,001 to 650,000 fish. If ADF&G identified a summer chum salmon *stock of concern*, the upper end of the cap would be reduced by 50,000 fish. The earliest opening date was changed from June 11 to June 10. In the Unimak District, the shoreward end of a set gillnet had to be within one half-mile of shore. All salmon caught had to be retained and reported. The use of aircraft to locate salmon was prohibited for the entire Alaska Peninsula Area for the entire season.

In 1998, the South Unimak and Shumagin Islands fisheries both opened to commercial salmon fishing on June 13. However, the entire seine fleet and approximately 80% of the set gillnet fleet did not fish because of a dispute over salmon prices. The drift gillnet fleet at South Unimak started fishing on June 13. As the fishery progressed more set gillnet permit holders participated and on June 17 the purse seine fleet and the balance of the set gillnet fleet went fishing. The 1998 sockeye salmon harvest rates were low in both South Unimak and Shumagin Islands fisheries. Despite continuous fishing from June 13 through June 30, only 974,628 sockeye (63.7% of the allocation) and 195,454 chum salmon were harvested at South Unimak. A total of 314,097 sockeye salmon (93.5% of the allocation) and 50,165 chum salmon were harvested in Shumagin Islands.

In 1999, the South Unimak fishery was opened for 16 hours on June 11, reopened on June 13, and was repeatedly extended until June 21 when the sockeye salmon GHL was reached. The Shumagin Islands fishery opened on June 13 and was repeatedly extended until June 18 when the GHL was reached (Shaul and Dinnocenzo 2000). The 1999 sockeye salmon daily harvest rates were higher than in the past 3 years in both South Unimak and Shumagin Islands fisheries. After nearly continuous fishing from June 11 through June 21, 1,106,208 sockeye (8.0% over the allocation) and 186,886 chum salmon were harvested at South Unimak. A total of 269,191 sockeye (19.1% over the allocation) and 58,420 chum salmon were harvested in the 1999 Shumagin Islands fishery.

Based on the Bristol Bay forecast, the 2000 June sockeye salmon GHLs were 1,650,000 fish for South Unimak and 363,000 fish for Shumagin Islands (Poetter 2007). Test fishing results in the Shumagin Islands indicated that a fishing period could be allowed on June 11. However, no commercial fishing occurred during June 11 and June 12 because of a price dispute between fishermen and processors and test fishing continued (Shaul and Dinnocenzo 2000). The South Unimak test fishery sockeye-to-chum

salmon ratio was less than the 2 to 1 needed to justify a fishery on June 11. After the announced Shumagin Islands opening for June 11, all 3 of the South Unimak test fish boats quit test fishing and departed for the Shumagin Islands commercial fishery. A price settlement was reached on June 13 and commercial fishing began. After June 13, sockeye-to-chum salmon ratios were high and both fisheries were repeatedly extended. The South Unimak fishery remained open through June 30. Shumagin Islands closed on June 18 when it was estimated that the sockeye salmon GHL would be reached. The 2000 South Unimak harvest was 892,016 sockeye salmon (54.1% of the GHL) and 168,888 chum salmon. The Shumagin Islands harvest was 359,212 sockeye salmon (99.0% of the allocation) and 70,469 chum salmon. The combined South Unimak-Shumagin Islands chum salmon harvest in 2000 was 239,357 fish, well below the chum salmon GHL of 350,000 to 400,000 (Shaul and Dinnocenzo 2000).

The fishing power of the fleet participating in the South Unimak and Shumagin Islands June fishery appeared to be substantially lower for all species during recent years (2005–2014) than it was during the 1980s due to the following factors:

- 1. The gear depth restrictions implemented in 1990.
- 2. Cape Lutke was no longer as productive an area for the purse seine and drift gillnet fleets, and the prices paid for salmon were low. The purse seine fleet was substantially smaller than the 1982–1996 fleet (Appendix A9).
- 3. Because of low salmon prices, the drift gillnet fleet decreased from 157 permit holders in 1991 to about 85 permit holders participating in 2006.
- 4. Salmon may have changed their migration routes and/or timing because of oceanographic or climatic factors, and may not be as abundant in areas where the June fisheries occur.

From 1990 through 2003, drift gillnet permit holders generally had higher sockeye-to-chum salmon ratios than seine permit holders in South Unimak. Prior to 1990, the seine fleet had higher ratios than the drift gillnet fleet.

There have been substantial shifts in the percentage of catches taken by various gear types over the years. The amount of set gillnet gear and percentages of the harvests taken by set gillnets have increased since the 1970s in both fisheries. Drift gillnet gear dominated the South Unimak catches during the 1970s. Purse seiners dominated the South Unimak harvests during most years between 1979 and 1994. Since 1995, drift gillnetters have again dominated the South Unimak fishery.

At its 2001 BOF meeting, major changes were made to the *South Unimak and Shumagin Islands June Salmon Management Plan* (5 AAC 09.365). These changes included the following:

- 1. Elimination of the sockeye salmon guideline harvest levels;
- 2. Elimination of the chum salmon guideline harvest levels;
- 3. Limiting fishing time to no more than 16 hours per day by any gear group;
- 4. Limiting total fishing time by seine and drift gillnet gear to no more than 48 hours in a floating 7-day period with no more than two 16-hour periods on consecutive days in any 7-day period;
- 5. From June 10 through June 24 in the South Unimak and/or Shumagin Islands fisheries, set gillnet gear may fish on consecutive days for 16-hour periods as long as the set gillnet sockeye to chum salmon ratios in that fishery are equal to or greater than the recent 10-year average for that fishery. If the set gillnet sockeye to chum salmon ratio falls below the recent

- 10-year average in either fishery, that fishery will be closed for one period. From June 10 to June 24, daily fishing periods for set gillnet gear will be from 6:00 AM until 10:00 PM;
- 6. Purse seine and drift gillnet fishing periods through June 24 will occur at the same time in the South Unimak and Shumagin Islands fisheries; and
- 7. After June 24, in either the South Unimak or Shumagin Islands fishery, if the ratio of sockeye to chum salmon by all gear combined is less than 2.0 on any day, the next fishing period shall be of 6 hours duration for all gear in that fishery. If the sockeye to chum salmon ratio is 2 or greater, a 6-hour fishing period can be extended to a maximum of 16 hours. The South Unimak or Shumagin Islands fishery shall close for all gear groups if the ratio of sockeye to chum salmon is less than 2 for 2 consecutive fishing periods.

During its 2004 BOF meeting, the BOF agreed that actions restricting the June fishery taken during the 2001 BOF cycle were unnecessary and caused undue hardship on the fishermen of the Area M. Changes to the *South Unimak and Shumagin Islands June Salmon Management Plan* (5 AAC 09.365) were adopted. These changes included the following:

- 1. Fishery to begin at 6:00 AM on June 7;
- 2. Fishing periods are 88 hours in length separated by 32-hour closures. The fishery closes at 10:00 PM on June 29. The last fishing period is 64 hours in duration;
- 3. Concurrent fishing time for all gear types;
- 4. Areas open to fishing were expanded to include the entire Unimak and Southwestern districts, East and West Pavlof Bay, and Bechevin Bay and Shumagin Islands sections; and
- 5. Eliminated all sockeye to chum salmon harvest ratio requirements.

In February 2007, the BOF made modifications to the *June Fishery Management Plan* including:

- 1. Changing the description of the Sanak Island Section.
- 2. Expanding the use of drift gillnets to the following portion of the Southwestern District: south and east of a line from Cape Pankof Light (lat 54°39.60′N, long 163°03.70′W) to Thin Point (lat 54°57.32′N, long 162°33.50′W); south of a line from Thin Point (lat 54°57.32′N, long 162°33.50′W) to the northernmost tip of Stag Point (lat 54°59.10′N, long 162°18.10′W) on Deer Island to the southernmost tip of Dolgoi Cape (lat 55°03.15′N, long 161°44.35′W) on Dolgoi Island and south of the latitude of the northeastern tip of Dolgoi Island (lat 55°07.50′N, long 161°38.30′W; B1).
- 3. Allowing the use of salmon net pens.
- 4. Allowing 2 Commercial Fisheries Entry Commission (CFEC) set gillnet permit holders aboard a registered set gillnet fishing vessel, to tow a second registered CFEC set gillnet vessel that has a second aggregate of set gillnet gear onboard.

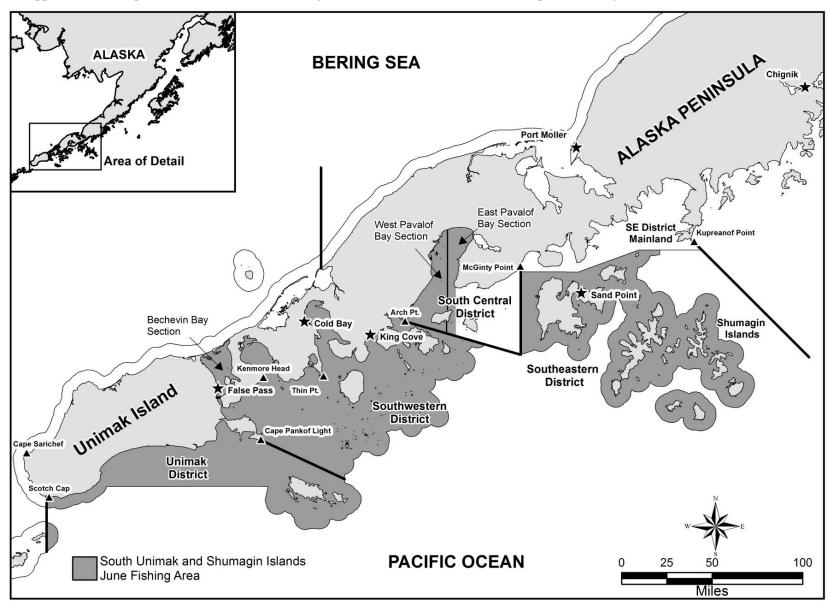
In February 2013, the BOF made changes to the June fishing schedule. The fishing schedule for set gillnet gear did not change (beginning 6:00 AM June 7; four 88-hour fishing periods interspersed with 32-hour closures with a final 64-hour fishing period that closes at 10:00 PM on June 29). The June schedule

for seine and drift gillnet gear was reduced by 64 hours with the initial opening delayed until June 10 (beginning 6:00 AM June 10; four 88-hour fishing periods interspersed with 32-hour closures).

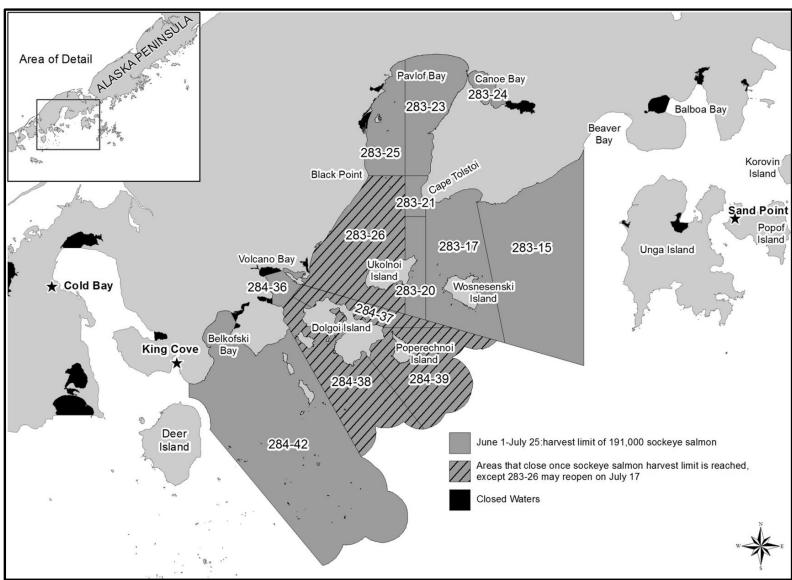
In February 2016, the BOF made changes to the *South Unimak and Shumagin Islands June Salmon Management Plan* (5AAC 09.365) and the *Post-June Salmon Management Plan for the South Alaska Peninsula* (5AAC 09.366) by adopting regulation to limit the number of sockeye salmon harvested in the Western Alaska Salmon Stock Identification Program (WASSIP) described "Dolgoi Island area" (statistical areas 283-15 through 283-26 and 284-36 through 284-42). From June 1 through July 25, there is a harvest limit of 191,000 sockeye salmon that can be harvested in these areas, based on fish ticket information. Once the harvest limit is reached, the portion of the West Pavlof Bay Section south of Black Point (statistical area 283-26) and waters of the Volcano Bay Section (statistical areas 284-37 through 284-39) will be closed to commercial salmon fishing through July 25. However, the portion of West Pavlof Bay Section south of Black Point may reopen to commercial salmon fishing on July 17.

During the February 2019 Alaska Peninsula, Aleutian Islands, and Chignik meeting, the BOF made changes to the *South Unimak and Shumagin Islands June Salmon Management Plan* (5 AAC 09.365) by amending subsection (d) that establishes the June fishing schedule. The first commercial fishing period began on June 6 at 10:00 AM and closed at 10:00 PM on June 8, a 64-hour fishing period for set gillnet gear only. Beginning at 6:00 AM June 10 all gear types were allowed to fish for an 88-hour fishing period which ended at 10:00 PM on June 13. That fishing period was followed by a closure of 32 hours for all gear types. The commercial salmon fishery reopened for 3 more 88-hour fishing periods, followed by closures of 32 hours. The final commercial fishing period in June ended at 10:00 PM on June 28.

Additionally, the BOF added a new subsection to the *South Unimak and Shumagin Islands June Salmon Management Plan* (5 AAC 09.365(g)) to close the waters of the Volcano Bay Section of the Southwestern District, the Belkofski Bay Section of the Southwestern District, excluding those waters inside of a line between Vodapoini Point (lat 55°01.88′N, long 162°24.80′W) and Bold Cape (lat 55°01.24′N, long 162°16.40′W) and the South Central District to purse seine gear.



Appendix B3.—Map depicting the statistical areas (283-15 through 283-26 and 284-36 through 284-42) that contribute to the sockeye salmon harvest cap of 191,000 fish for the *Post-June Salmon Management Plan for the South Alaska Peninsula*.



Appendix B4.—South Unimak and Shumagin Islands June commercial salmon harvest by species and year, 1978-2019.

			Number of salmon ^a					
Year	Permits	Landings	Chinook	Sockeye	Coho	Pink	Chum	Total
1978	159	1,569	534	486,811	3	89,942	121,892	699,182
1979	196	1,695	1,050	851,351	290	154,813	104,103	1,111,607
1980	225	2,044	3,193	3,206,275	853	1,526,306	508,865	5,245,492
1981	243	2,400	5,672	1,820,965	320	451,250	563,947	2,842,154
1982	251	2,612	7,131	2,118,701	1,241	1,718,825	1,095,044	4,940,942
1983	281	1,721	13,456	1,961,569	4	55,875	785,631	2,816,535
1984	280	1,117	3,854	1,388,203	14	919,876	337,120	2,649,067
1985	305	2,120	5,777	1,791,400	2,468	106,615	433,829	2,340,089
1986	298	1,486	1,895	471,397	2	291,989	351,769	1,117,052
1987	290	2,019	5,163	792,964	380	16,982	443,019	1,258,508
1988	301	1,777	4,064	756,687	255	180,224	526,711	1,467,941
1989	305	1,350	2,758	1,744,505	0	199,235	455,163	2,401,661
1990	320	2,718	10,332	1,344,529	1	515,047	518,545	2,388,454
1991	334	2,025	4,473	1,548,930	12	619,137	772,705	2,945,257
1992	321	1,925	3,760	2,457,856	4	642,090	426,203	3,529,913
1993	327	2,262	9,466	2,973,744	1,233	81,136	532,247	3,597,826
1994	324	2,751	7,590	1,461,263	1,579	2,492,514	582,165	4,545,111
1995	332	3,635	14,747	2,105,321	6,042	178,635	537,433	2,842,178
1996	313	2,676	2,845	1,028,970	13,219	377,684	359,820	1,782,538
1997	292	3,174	5,811	1,628,181	560	605,937	322,325	2,562,814
1998	283	3,657	2,696	1,288,725	476	474,340	245,619	2,011,856
1999	277	2,114	3,051	1,375,399	2	30,539	245,306	1,654,297
2000	278	3,001	2,849	1,251,228	304	360,029	239,357	1,853,767
2001	128	270	345	150,632	2	39,251	48,350	238,580
2002	181	1,301	2,443	591,106	4	76,251	378,817	1,048,621
2003	177	1,170	1,323	453,147	153	217,900	282,438	954,961
2004	190	2,260	4,423	1,348,460	621	359,916	482,310	2,195,730
2005	190	2,344	3,055	1,004,395	1,919	1,654,959	427,830	3,092,158
2006	188	2,412	4,497	932,291	2,629	1,332,319	299,827	2,571,563
2007	185	2,650	4,636	1,589,840	1,633	267,528	297,539	2,161,176
2008	196	2,591	2,957	1,713,575	178	1,971,268	410,932	4,098,910
2009	216	2,852	3,836	1,167,918	203	2,248,555	696,775	4,117,287
2010	224	2,162	3,118	818,865	27	332,435	271,700	1,426,145
2011	211	2,279	3,464	1,359,441	124	723,135	423,335	2,509,499
2012	227	3,111	6,397	1,542,043	12	261,786	395,060	2,205,298
2013	219	2,567	2,237	1,562,849	299	304,022	399,058	2,268,465
2014	228	2,588	2,290	659,213	2,478	180,260	390,139	1,234,380
2015	227	2,636	44,389	1,115,504	20,193	573,104	178,715	1,931,905
2016	223	2,493	6,113	1,292,860	1,716	2,510,048	270,614	4,081,351
2017	226	2,326	4,955	1,956,065	43	1,714,307	640,891	4,316,261
2018	236	1,890	4,158	822,173	51	345,255	537,466	1,709,103
2019	236	1,996	10,049	630,888	3,681	9,021,357	549,072	10,215,047
Averages								
1999–2018	211	2,251	5,527	1,135,350	1,630	775,143	365,823	2,283,473
2009–2018	224	2,490	8,096	1,229,693	2,515	919,291	420,375	2,579,969

^a Does not include test fish harvests or personal use.

Appendix B5.–South Unimak and Shumagin Islands June commercial sockeye and chum salmon harvest, all gear combined, by year, 1978–2019.

		Sockeye salmon ^a			Chum salmon ^a	
Year	S. Unimak	Shumagin Is.	Total	S. Unimak	Shumagin Is.	Total
1978	418,935	67,876	486,811	103,413	18,479	121,892
1979	672,212	179,139	851,351	63,150	40,953	104,103
1980	2,731,148	475,127	3,206,275	458,499	50,366	508,865
1981	1,470,393	350,572	1,820,965	509,876	54,071	563,947
1982	1,668,153	450,548	2,118,701	933,728	161,316	1,095,044
1983	1,545,075	416,494	1,961,569	616,354	169,277	785,631
1984	1,131,365	256,838	1,388,203	227,913	109,207	337,120
1985	1,454,969	336,431	1,791,400	324,825	109,004	433,829
1986	315,370	156,027	471,397	252,721	99,048	351,769
1987	652,397	140,567	792,964	405,955	37,064	443,019
1988	474,457	282,230	756,687	464,765	61,946	526,711
1989	1,347,547	396,958	1,744,505	407,635	47,528	455,163
1990	1,088,944	255,585	1,344,529	455,044	63,501	518,545
1991	1,215,658	333,272	1,548,930	670,103	102,602	772,705
1992	2,046,022	411,834	2,457,856	323,891	102,312	426,203
1993	2,366,573	607,171	2,973,744	381,941	150,306	532,247
1994	1,001,250	460,013	1,461,263	374,409	207,756	582,165
1995	1,451,490	653,831	2,105,321	342,307	195,126	537,433
1996	572,495	456,475	1,028,970	129,889	229,931	359,820
1997	1,179,179	449,002	1,628,181	196,016	126,309	322,325
1998	974,628	314,097	1,288,725	195,454	50,165	245,619
1999	1,106,208	269,191	1,375,399	186,886	58,420	245,306
2000	892,016	359,212	1,251,228	168,888	70,469	239,357
2001	121,547	29,085	150,632	36,099	12,251	48,350
2002	356,157	234,949	591,106	201,211	177,606	378,817
2003	335,903	117,244	453,147	121,169	161,269	282,438
2004	531,955	816,118	1,348,073	130,626	351,683	482,309
2005	437,443	566,952	1,004,395	143,799	284,031	427,830
2006	491,053	441,238	932,291	96,016	203,811	299,827
2007	737,642	852,198	1,589,840	153,334	144,205	297,539
2008	1,064,570	649,005	1,713,575	284,449	126,483	410,932
2009	595,221	572,697	1,167,918	200,783	495,992	696,775
2010	487,880	330,985	818,865	100,427	171,273	271,700
2011	937,168	422,273	1,359,441	231,081	192,254	423,335
2012	900,830	641,213	1,542,043	211,738	183,322	395,060
2013	1,049,336	513,513	1,562,849	188,952	210,106	399,058
2014	419,731	239,482	659,213	220,436	169,703	390,139
2015	618,485	497,019	1,115,504	42,306	136,409	178,715
2016	876,963	415,897	1,292,860	148,850	121,764	270,614
2017	1,071,635	884,430	1,956,065	179,485	461,406	640,891
2017	415,367	406,806	822,173	234,339	303,127	537,466
2019	384,469	246,419	630,888	234,339	332,263	549,072
Averages	304,409	440,419	050,000	210,009	332,203	349,072
1999–2018	640,339	440,929	1,081,267	156,232	192,171	348,403
2009–2018	737,262	492,432	1,229,693	175,840	244,536	420,375
	e test fish harvests o		1,227,073	173,040	211,000	120,373

^a Does not include test fish harvests or personal use.

Appendix B6.—Number and type of commercial salmon permits fished in the South Unimak and Shumagin Islands June fisheries, and number and type of commercial salmon permits issued in Area M, by year, 1978–2019.

				Permits ^a		
	Purse se		Drift gill		Set gillı	
Year	Fished	Issued	Fished	Issued	Fished	Issued
1978	23	123	120	158	16	114
1979	40	123	132	161	26	115
1980	68	125	129	163	29	115
1981	83	127	135	164	25	117
1982	90	127	138	164	23	117
1983	101	127	146	166	34	116
1984	101	126	147	165	32	115
1985	107	127	150	165	48	115
1986	99	125	156	165	43	116
1987	86	125	144	165	60	116
1988	90	124	148	163	63	116
1989	99	126	145	164	61	116
1990	109	126	153	164	58	116
1991	112	126	157	164	65	116
1992	112	125	141	164	68	116
1993	116	125	140	164	72	116
1994	114	124	145	164	65	116
1995	112	124	151	164	69	116
1996	99	124	147	164	67	116
1997	81	122	142	164	69	116
1998	64	122	145	164	74	115
1999	61	121	152	164	64	115
2000	70	121	149	161	59	115
2001	25	121	85	160	18	115
2002	36	122	86	160	59	115
2003	40	120	84	160	53	115
2004	38	122	95	161	57	115
2005	40	121	94	162	56	115
2006	36	121	85	162	67	116
2007	37	121	87	162	61	116
2007	38	121	109	162	49	116
2009	42	121	116	162	58	116
2010	52	121	117	162	55	116
2010		121			49	
	46		116	162		116
2012	45 45	121	121	162	61 5.4	116
2013		121	120	162	54	116
2014	46	121	124	162	58	116
2015	47	121	117	162	63	116
2016	44	121	119	162	60	116
2017	46	121	114	162	66 50	116
2018	50	121	128	162	58	116
2019	59	121	116	162	61	116
Averages	4.4	101	111	1.62	~~	110
1999–2018	44	121	111	162	56	116
2009–2018	46	121	119	162	58	116

^a Issued permit information is from the Commercial Fisheries Entry Commission.

Appendix B7.—South Unimak June commercial salmon harvest, all gear combined, by species and year, 1978–2019.

					Number	of salmon ^a		
Year	Permits	Landings	Chinook	Sockeye	Coho	Pink	Chum	Total
1978	140	1,337	267	418,935	3	47,380	103,413	569,998
1979	156	1,303	575	672,212	38	49,000	63,150	784,975
1980	188	1,666	2,927	2,731,148	853	1,140,611	458,499	4,334,038
1981	225	2,096	4,455	1,470,393	83	325,002	509,876	2,309,809
1982	225	2,313	5,577	1,668,153	1,241	1,032,154	933,728	3,640,853
1983	253	1,410	8,179	1,545,075	1	40,441	616,354	2,210,050
1984	226	814	2,024	1,131,365	0	470,688	227,913	1,831,990
1985	255	1,596	4,101	1,454,969	2	69,811	324,825	1,853,708
1986	236	1,093	1,363	315,370	1	150,674	252,721	720,129
1987	229	1,738	4,017	652,397	380	11,342	405,955	1,074,091
1988	211	1,144	2,125	474,457	11	86,678	464,765	1,028,036
1989	266	1,035	2,263	1,347,547	0	154,168	407,635	1,911,613
1990	266	2,133	8,464	1,088,944	1	444,249	455,044	1,996,702
1991	267	1,628	3,066	1,215,658	5	500,922	670,103	2,389,754
1992	273	1,597	2,373	2,046,022	3	501,127	323,891	2,873,416
1993 1994	245	1,681	4,587	2,366,573	506	37,735 1,731,741	381,941 374,409	2,791,342
1994 1995	265 241	1,927 2,575	4,468 7,850	1,001,250 1,451,490	1,271 5,102	1,731,741	342,307	3,113,139 1,925,843
1995	230	2,373 1,797	1,228	572,495	11,730	146,799	129,889	862,141
1990	225	2,299	3,041	1,179,179	501	332,262	196,016	1,710,999
1998	196	2,432	1,259	974,628	312	125,906	195,454	1,710,555
1999	224	1,741	2,258	1,106,208	1	20,302	186,886	1,315,655
2000	242	2,587	2,064	892,016	303	210,521	168,888	1,273,792
2001	105	243	134	121,547	2	31,812	36,099	189,594
2002	119	783	433	356,157	3	33,789	201,211	591,593
2003	116	720	373	335,903	14	90,161	121,169	547,620
2004	126	1,325	670	531,955	159	78,808	130,626	742,218
2005	123	1,190	790	437,443	56	403,815	143,799	985,903
2006	121	1,239	1,472	491,053	432	186,096	96,016	775,069
2007	126	1,513	976	737,642	151	57,032	153,334	949,135
2008	139	1,871	1,317	1,064,570	152	800,265	284,449	2,150,753
2009	150	1,627	1,394	595,221	6	946,823	200,783	1,744,227
2010	152	1,394	1,474	487,880	1	190,649	100,427	780,431
2011	155	1,602	2,257	937,168	17	475,289	231,081	1,645,812
2012	156	2,259	4,554	900,830	10	169,898	211,738	1,287,030
2013	153	1,811	1,063	1,049,336	143	130,987	188,952	1,370,481
2014	168	1,538	1,021	419,731	2,056	127,390	220,436	770,634
2015	163	1,299	6,643	618,485	740	67,604	42,306	735,778
2016	166	1,559	1,860	876,963	1,528	1,836,319	148,850	2,865,520
2017	158	1,299	948	1,071,635	6	396,022	179,485	1,648,096
2018	161	1,078	1,399	415,367	3	132,778	234,339	783,886
2019	171	988	2,554	384,469	1,559	5,154,792	216,809	5,760,183
Averages 1999–2018	151	1,434	1,655	672,356	289	319,318	164,044	1,157,661
2009–2018	151	1,434	2,261	737,262	451	447,376	175,840	1,363,190
2009-2010	130	1,547	۷,201	131,202	431	++1,310	173,040	1,505,170

^a Does not include test fish harvests or personal use.

Appendix B8.—South Unimak June commercial salmon harvest, all gear combined, by species and day, 2019.

		_			Number	of salmon		
Date	Permits	Landings	Chinook	Sockeye	Coho	Pink	Chum	Total
6-Jun	5	5	1	530	0	866	8	1,405
7-Jun	6	7	0	745	0	1,892	16	2,653
8-Jun	6	6	7	553	0	279	611	1,450
9-Jun ^a	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
10-Jun	119	144	193	32,734	182	333,921	12,355	379,385
11-Jun	112	136	285	42,237	100	237,007	15,853	295,482
12-Jun	111	128	626	51,995	0	511,634	7,679	571,934
13-Jun	26	27	38	8,174	0	63,171	1,421	72,804
14-Jun ^a	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
15-Jun	111	119	367	38,941	0	408,461	13,642	461,411
16-Jun	82	96	313	28,301	1	325,197	12,426	366,238
17-Jun	24	27	82	12,901	9	232,103	6,638	251,733
18-Jun	27	28	104	15,039	10	364,042	9,922	389,117
19-Jun ^a	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
20-Jun	34	41	153	30,735	6	619,490	17,337	667,721
21-Jun	47	57	177	39,649	57	639,602	28,760	708,245
22-Jun	33	37	50	31,171	6	464,301	31,759	527,287
23-Jun	39	41	54	18,823	45	250,070	16,347	285,339
24-Jun ^a	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
25-Jun	29	31	48	12,015	215	322,590	27,766	362,634
26-Jun	10	14	8	3,854	39	15,200	36	19,137
27-Jun	15	19	6	7,028	76	172,330	3,871	183,311
28-Jun	25	25	42	9,044	813	192,636	10,362	212,897
29-Jun ^a	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
30-Jun ^a	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Total	171	988	2,554	384,469	1,559	5,154,792	216,809	5,760,183

^a Closed to commercial salmon fishing.

Appendix B9.-South Unimak June commercial purse seine salmon harvest by species and day, 2019.

					Number o	f salmon		
Date	Permits	Landings	Chinook	Sockeye	Coho	Pink	Chum	Total
6-Jun ^a	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
7-Jun ^a	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
8-Jun ^a	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
9-Jun ^a	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
10-Jun	16	22	153	11,404	182	326,853	8,870	347,462
11-Jun	10	10	172	12,911	100	223,909	11,810	248,902
12-Jun	18	21	492	28,747	0	494,354	3,578	527,171
13-Jun ^b	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
14-Jun ^a	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
15-Jun	17	21	300	25,878	0	390,815	9,105	426,098
16-Jun	15	20	269	18,948	1	312,971	9,791	341,980
17-Jun	13	14	81	11,742	9	229,431	6,284	247,547
18-Jun	19	20	103	14,498	10	363,488	9,853	387,952
19-Jun ^a	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
20-Jun	22	28	149	28,223	5	615,134	17,238	660,749
21-Jun	28	37	171	34,256	57	636,015	28,723	699,222
22-Jun	17	21	47	28,063	6	462,378	31,741	522,235
23-Jun	24	24	53	14,863	24	248,342	16,328	279,610
24-Jun ^a	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
25-Jun	22	24	48	11,144	215	322,583	27,763	361,753
26-Jun ^b	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
27-Jun	12	16	6	6,513	76	172,320	3,871	182,786
28-Jun	19	19	42	6,106	813	192,616	10,360	209,937
29-Jun ^a	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
30-Jun ^a	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Total ^c	33	300	2,120	258,035	1,537	5,067,156	196,537	5,443,404

^a Closed to commercial salmon fishing.

^b Confidential information.

^c Total contains summed confidential information.

Appendix B10.-South Unimak June commercial drift gillnet salmon harvest by species and day, 2019.

					Number of	salmon		
Date	Permits	Landings	Chinook	Sockeye	Coho	Pink	Chum	Total
7-Jun ^a	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
8-Jun ^a	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
9-Jun ^a	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
10-Jun	92	108	40	19,932	0	6,926	3,474	30,372
11-Jun	91	115	108	26,589	0	12,731	4,038	43,466
12-Jun	82	95	130	20,531	0	16,452	4,098	41,211
13-Jun	17	17	7	1,967	0	1,874	228	4,076
14-Jun ^a	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
15-Jun	85	89	60	10,980	0	17,573	4,525	33,138
16-Jun	56	60	41	6,672	0	12,026	2,621	21,360
17-Jun	7	7	1	426	0	1,599	234	2,260
18-Jun ^b	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
19-Jun ^a	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
20-Jun	5	6	1	1,552	0	4,089	72	5,714
21-Jun	5	5	2	1,965	0	2,473	33	4,473
22-Jun	5	5	2	751	0	1,135	6	_
23-Jun ^c	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
24-Jun ^a	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
25-Jun ^c	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
26-Jun ^c	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
27-Jun ^c	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
28-Jun ^c	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
29-Jun ^a	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
30-Jun ^a				_	_	<u> </u>	_	
Total	128	507	392	91,365	0	76,878	19,329	187,964

^a Closed to commercial salmon fishing.

b Confidential information.c No participation.

Appendix B11.-South Unimak June commercial set gillnet salmon harvest by species and day, 2019.

					Number of	salmon		
Date	Permits	Landings	Chinook	Sockeye	Coho	Pink	Chum	Total
6-Jun	5	5	1	530	0	866	8	1,405
7-Jun	6	7	0	745	0	1,892	16	2,653
8-Jun	6	6	7	553	0	279	611	1,450
9-Jun ^a	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
10-Jun	11	14	0	1,398	0	142	11	1,551
11-Jun	11	11	5	2,737	0	367	5	3,114
12-Jun	11	12	4	2,717	0	828	3	3,552
13-Jun	7	8	0	1,697	0	34	0	1,731
14-Jun ^a	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
15-Jun	9	9	7	2,083	0	73	12	2,175
16-Jun	11	16	3	2,681	0	200	14	2,898
17-Jun	4	6	0	733	0	1,073	120	1,926
18-Jun	6	6	0	422	0	49	4	475
19-Jun ^a	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
20-Jun	7	7	3	960	1	267	27	1,258
21-Jun	14	15	4	3,428	0	1,114	4	4,550
22-Jun	11	11	1	2,357	0	788	12	3,158
23-Jun	15	17	1	3,960	21	1,728	19	5,729
24-Jun ^a	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
25-Jun	7	7	0	871	0	7	3	881
26-Jun	9	13	5	3,625	0	516	7	4,153
27-Jun	3	3	0	515	0	10	0	525
28-Jun	6	6	0	2,938	0	20	2	2,960
29-Jun ^a	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
30-Jun ^a					<u> </u>		<u> </u>	
Total	22	179	41	34,950	22	10,253	878	46,144

^a Closed to commercial salmon fishing.

Appendix B12.-Shumagin Islands June commercial salmon harvest by species and year, 1978-2019.

					Number o	of salmon ^a		
Year	Permit	Landings	Chinook	Sockeye	Coho	Pink	Chum	Total
1978	30	232	267	67,876	0	42,562	18,479	129,184
1979	48	411	475	182,816	362	107,862	43,133	334,648
1980	54	378	266	475,127	0	385,695	50,366	911,454
1981	43	304	1,217	350,572	237	126,248	54,071	532,345
1982	48	299	1,554	450,548	0	686,671	161,316	1,300,089
1983	69	311	5,277	416,494	3	15,434	169,277	606,485
1984	99	303	1,830	256,838	14	449,188	109,207	817,077
1985	110	524	1,676	336,431	2,466	36,804	109,004	486,381
1986	72	393	532	156,027	1	141,315	99,048	396,923
1987	97	281	1,146	140,567	0	5,640	37,064	184,417
1988	97	633	1,939	282,230	244	93,546	61,946	439,905
1989	104	315	495	396,958	0	45,067	47,528	490,048
1990	95	585	1,868	255,585	0	70,798	63,501	391,752
1991	101	397	1,407	333,272	7	118,215	102,602	555,503
1992	103	328	1,387	411,834	1	140,963	102,312	656,497
1993	106	581	4,879	607,171	727	43,401	150,306	806,484
1994	106	824	3,122	460,013	308	760,773	207,756	1,431,972
1995	102	1,060	6,897	653,831	940	59,541	195,126	916,335
1996	111	879	1,617	456,475	1,489	230,885	229,931	920,397
1997	99	875	2,770	449,002	59	273,675	126,309	851,815
1998	91	1,225	1,437	314,097	164	348,434	50,165	714,297
1999	86	373	793	269,191	1	10,237	58,420	338,642
2000	86	414	785	359,212	1	149,508	70,469	579,975
2001	23	27	211	29,085	0	7,439	12,251	48,986
2002	64	518	2,010	234,949	1	42,462	177,606	457,028
2003	65	450	950	117,244	139	127,739	161,269	407,341
2004	67	935	3,753	816,118	462	281,108	351,683	1,453,124
2005	69	1,154	2,265	566,952	1,863	1,251,144	284,031	2,106,255
2006	69	1,173	3,025	441,238	2,197	1,146,223	203,811	1,796,494
2007	73	1,137	3,660	852,198	1,482	210,496	144,205	1,212,041
2008	64	720	1,640	649,005	26	1,171,003	126,483	1,948,157
2009	69	1,225	2,442	572,697	197	1,301,732	495,992	2,373,060
2010	76	768	1,644	330,985	26	141,786	171,273	645,714
2011	65	677	1,207	422,273	107	247,846	192,254	863,687
2012	76	852	1,843	641,213	2	91,888	183,322	918,268
2013	78	756	1,174	513,513	156	173,035	210,106	897,984
2014	79	1,050	1,269	239,482	422	52,870	169,703	463,746
2015	88	1,339	37,746	497,019	19,453	505,500	136,409	1,196,127
2016	74	935	4,253	415,897	188	673,729	121,764	1,215,831
2017	84	1,028	4,233	884,430	37	1,318,285	461,406	2,668,165
2017	87	812	2,759	406,806	48	212,477	303,127	925,217
2018	81	1,008	2,739 7,495	246,419	2,122	3,866,565	332,263	4,454,864
Averages	01	1,000	1,473	440,417	۷,144	5,000,505	332,203	+,+2+,004
1999–2018	72	817	3,872	462,975	1,340	455,825	201,779	1,125,792
2009–2018	78	944	5,834	492,432	2,064	471,915	244,536	1,216,780
a Does not incl			*		•	,	,	

^a Does not include test fish harvests or personal use.

Appendix B13.–Shumagin Islands June commercial salmon harvest, all gear combined, by species and day, 2019.

		_			Number o	of salmon		
Date	Permits	Landings	Chinook	Sockeye	Coho	Pink	Chum	Total
6-Jun	22	28	0	1048	0	533	213	1,794
7-Jun	21	29	6	2,050	0	1,098	186	3,340
8-Jun	13	20	2	2,974	0	920	374	4,270
9-Jun ^a	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
10-Jun	45	64	100	10,511	3	186,807	6,043	203,464
11-Jun	45	64	78	15,684	207	198,324	8,370	222,663
12-Jun	45	65	102	19,442	1	228,915	8,987	257,447
13-Jun	17	24	26	6,335	0	47,927	3,197	57,485
14-Jun ^a	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
15-Jun	36	49	180	28,031	0	358,404	21,083	407,698
16-Jun	31	45	111	13,904	2	264,758	9,645	288,420
17-Jun	41	54	161	17,088	2	302,967	13,656	333,874
18-Jun	48	58	157	14,762	2	189,649	9,203	213,773
19-Jun ^a	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
20-Jun	52	71	429	14,327	2	205,517	20,630	240,905
21-Jun	45	68	234	9,302	5	95,542	11,220	116,303
22-Jun	46	61	572	12,126	10	272,259	16,901	301,868
23-Jun	43	62	743	10,203	4	218,678	12,336	241,964
24-Jun ^a	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
25-Jun	44	67	2,172	22,371	323	413,267	67,444	505,577
26-Jun	41	60	1,102	13,853	223	227,242	50,488	292,908
27-Jun	35	52	668	11,141	124	262,663	33,849	308,445
28-Jun	48	67	652	21,267	1,214	391,095	38,438	452,666
29-Jun ^a	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
30-Jun ^a	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Total	81	1,008	7,495	246,419	2,122	3,866,565	332,263	4,454,864

^a Closed to commercial salmon fishing.

Appendix B14.–Shumagin Islands June commercial purse seine salmon harvest by species and day, 2019.

		_			Number of	of salmon		
Date	Permits	Landings	Chinook	Sockeye	Coho	Pink	Chum	Total
6-Jun ^a	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
7-Jun ^a	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
8-Jun ^a	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
9-Jun ^a	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
10-Jun	24	26	88	7,914	3	185,387	5,588	198,980
11-Jun	20	23	71	12,902	207	197,777	7,808	218,765
12-Jun	18	19	84	15,144	0	223,713	8,358	247,299
13-Jun	4	4	26	4,651	0	47,665	2,510	54,852
14-Jun ^a	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
15-Jun	24	25	177	26,068	0	356,799	20,546	403,590
16-Jun	16	17	105	10,823	0	263,059	9,195	283,182
17-Jun	17	17	156	15,135	0	301,408	13,350	330,049
18-Jun	19	19	155	11,996	0	187,997	8,970	209,118
19-Jun ^a	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
20-Jun	23	28	425	9,783	0	202,442	20,248	232,898
21-Jun	15	17	224	4,985	3	93,915	10,611	109,738
22-Jun	19	22	571	7,815	6	269,588	16,288	294,268
23-Jun	20	21	738	7,130	2	215,231	11,914	235,015
24-Jun ^a	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
25-Jun	20	23	2,171	15,111	314	411,359	67,105	496,060
26-Jun	16	16	1,092	6,407	166	224,446	49,605	281,716
27-Jun	14	15	666	6,497	115	260,780	33,120	301,178
28-Jun	22	23	647	11,011	1,122	387,293	37,249	437,322
29-Jun ^a	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
30-Jun ^a	_				_		_	
Total	39	315	7,396	173,372	1,938	3,828,859	322,465	4,334,030

^a Closed to commercial salmon fishing.

Appendix B15.-Shumagin Islands June commercial set gillnet salmon harvest by species and day, 2019.

					Number of	salmon		
Date	Permits	Landings	Chinook	Sockeye	Coho	Pink	Chum	Total
6-Jun	22	28	0	1048	0	533	213	1,794
7-Jun	21	29	6	2,050	0	1,098	186	3,340
8-Jun	13	20	2	2,974	0	920	374	4,270
9-Jun ^a	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_
10-Jun	21	38	12	2,597	0	1,420	455	4,484
11-Jun	25	41	7	2,782	0	547	562	3,898
12-Jun	27	46	18	4,298	1	5,202	629	10,148
13-Jun	13	20	0	1,684	0	262	687	2,633
14-Jun ^a	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
15-Jun	12	24	3	1,963	0	1,605	537	4,108
16-Jun	15	28	6	3,081	2	1,699	450	5,238
17-Jun	24	37	5	1,953	2	1,559	306	3,825
18-Jun	29	39	2	2,766	2	1,652	233	4,655
19-Jun ^a	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
20-Jun	29	43	4	4,544	2	3,075	382	8,007
21-Jun	30	51	10	4,317	2	1,627	609	6,565
22-Jun	27	39	1	4,311	4	2,671	613	7,600
23-Jun	23	41	5	3,073	2	3,447	422	6,949
24-Jun ^a	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
25-Jun	24	44	1	7,260	9	1,908	339	9,517
26-Jun	25	44	10	7,446	57	2,796	883	11,192
27-Jun	21	37	2	4,644	9	1,883	729	7,267
28-Jun	26	44	5	10,256	92	3,802	1,189	15,344
29-Jun ^a	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
30-Jun ^a	_				_		_	_
Total	42	693	99	73,047	184	37,706	9,798	120,834

^a Closed to commercial salmon fishing.

Appendix B16.-South Unimak June sockeye salmon percent by gear type and year, 1978-2019.

	Purse sein	ne ^a	Drift gill	net ^a	Set gillnet ^a	
Year	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
1978	77,221	18.4	339,295	81.0	2,419	0.6
1979	474,381	70.6	196,482	29.2	1,349	0.2
1980	2,086,038	76.4	631,975	23.1	13,135	0.5
1981	745,747	50.7	693,166	47.1	31,480	2.1
1982	902,804	54.1	745,616	44.7	19,733	1.2
1983	935,003	60.5	599,152	38.8	10,920	0.7
1984	716,685	63.3	403,582	35.7	11,098	1.0
1985	891,775	61.3	553,558	38.0	9,636	0.7
1986	147,380	46.7	162,950	51.7	5,040	1.6
1987	238,193	36.5	401,215	61.5	12,989	2.0
1988	141,410	29.8	317,818	67.0	15,229	3.2
1989	800,949	59.4	512,522	38.0	34,076	2.5
1990 ^b	619,391	56.9	452,484	41.6	17,069	1.6
1991	650,461	53.5	539,490	44.4	25,707	2.1
1992	1,192,202	58.3	765,752	37.4	88,068	4.3
1993	1,397,481	59.1	902,788	38.1	66,304	2.8
1994	573,247	57.3	371,103	37.1	56,900	5.7
1995	611,453	42.1	792,940	54.6	47,097	3.2
1996	127,366	22.2	421,882	73.7	23,247	4.1
1997	174,536	14.8	896,638	76.0	108,005	9.2
1998	70,263	7.2	856,265	87.9	48,100	4.9
1999	232,779	21.0	836,876	75.7	36,553	3.3
2000	114,831	12.9	722,855	81.0	54,330	6.1
2001	17,159	14.1	95,547	78.6	8,841	7.3
2002	72,569	20.4	254,657	71.5	28,931	8.1
2003	58,813	17.5	245,657	73.1	31,433	9.4
2004	90,465	17.0	369,011	69.4	72,479	13.6
2005	89,607	20.5	227,206	51.9	120,630	27.6
2006	114,760	23.4	228,924	46.6	147,369	30.0
2007	108,659	14.7	560,544	76.0	68,439	9.3
2008	256,971	24.1	762,898	71.7	44,701	4.2
2009	174,467	29.3	350,382	58.9	70,372	11.8
2010	171,300	35.1	285,070	58.4	31,510	6.5
2011	358,476	38.3	542,148	57.8	36,544	3.9
2012	175,964	19.5	683,836	75.9	41,030	4.6
2013	206,923	19.7	796,574	75.9	45,839	4.4
2014	86,550	20.6	251,114	59.8	82,067	19.6
2015	305,014	49.3	130,580	21.1	182,891	29.6
2016	353,779	40.3	350,585	40.0	172,599	19.7
2017	403,106	37.6	518,380	48.4	150,149	14.0
2018	143,722	34.6	256,670	61.8	14,975	3.6
2019	258,035	67.1	91,484	23.8	34,950	9.1
Averages			2 2,		,,,,,	,,1
1999–2018	176,796	25.5	423,476	62.7	72,084	11.8
2009-2018	237,930	32.4	416,534	55.8	82,798	11.8

Does not include test fish harvests or personal use fish.
 Gear depth limitations in effect beginning in 1990.

Appendix B17.-South Unimak June fishery chum salmon percent by gear type and year, 1978-2019.

<u>-</u>	Purse sei	ne ^a	Drift gill	net ^a	Set gilln	iet ^a
Year	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
1978	10,210	9.9	93,115	90.0	88	0.1
1979	19,007	30.1	44,051	69.8	92	0.1
1980	363,360	79.2	94,900	20.7	239	0.1
1981	323,817	63.5	184,586	36.2	1,473	0.3
1982	430,661	46.1	501,282	53.7	1,785	0.2
1983	405,903	65.9	209,600	34.0	851	0.1
1984	137,110	60.2	90,498	39.7	305	0.1
1985	125,813	38.7	198,361	61.1	651	0.2
1986	110,666	43.8	141,299	55.9	756	0.3
1987	155,447	38.3	247,934	61.1	2,574	0.6
1988	155,895	33.5	305,967	65.8	2,903	0.6
1989	212,310	52.1	192,650	47.3	2,675	0.7
1990 ^b	263,532	57.9	190,002	41.8	1,510	0.3
1991	410,034	61.2	256,132	38.2	3,937	0.6
1992	204,717	63.2	115,401	35.6	3,773	1.2
1993	252,798	66.2	120,820	31.6	8,323	2.2
1994	239,286	63.9	129,530	34.6	5,593	1.5
1995	161,199	47.1	172,715	50.5	8,393	2.5
1996	41,516	32.0	86,103	66.3	2,270	1.7
1997	58,999	30.1	127,646	65.1	9,371	4.8
1998	26,777	13.7	162,566	83.2	6,111	3.1
1999	52,314	28.0	128,723	68.9	5,849	3.1
2000	46,728	27.7	114,812	68.0	7,348	4.4
2001	5,701	15.8	28,651	79.4	1,747	4.8
2002	46,036	22.9	145,079	72.1	10,096	5.0
2003	23,435	19.3	92,730	76.5	5,004	4.1
2004	18,142	13.9	109,227	83.6	3,257	2.5
2005	26,253	18.3	112,144	78.0	5,402	3.8
2006	7,479	7.8	83,752	87.2	4,785	5.0
2007	34,534	22.5	115,461	75.3	3,339	2.2
2008	96,576	34.0	181,758	63.9	6,115	2.1
2009	85,945	42.8	105,764	52.7	9,074	4.5
2010	25,144	25.0	70,358	70.1	4,925	4.9
2011	142,028	61.5	74,990	32.5	14,063	6.1
2012	75,087	35.5	134,350	63.5	2,301	1.1
2013	83,100	44.0	103,912	55.0	1,940	1.0
2014	113,157	51.3	99,003	44.9	8,276	3.8
2015	6,038	14.3	35,285	83.4	983	2.3
2016	105,807	71.1	42,401	28.5	642	0.4
2016		65.8	59,991	28.3 33.4	1,344	0.4
2017	118,150 175,464					
	175,464	74.9	57,408	24.5	1,467	0.6
2019	196,537	90.6	19,394	8.9	878	0.4
Averages	61256	24.0	04.700	60.1	4 000	2.1
1999–2018 2009–2018	64,356 71,567	34.8 37.9	94,790 89,324	62.1 59.1	4,898 4,649	3.1 3.0
	/1,307 le test fish or person		07,344	J7.1	4,047	3.0

^a Does not include test fish or personal use harvests.

b Gear depth limitations in effect beginning in 1990.

Appendix B18.—Shumagin Islands June fishery percent by gear type and year, 1978–2019.

Purse seine	e ^a	Set gillnet		
Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Total
65,826	97.0	2,050	3.0	67,876
165,605	92.4	13,534	7.6	179,139
458,069	96.4	17,058	3.6	475,127
332,300	94.8	18,272	5.2	350,572
438,420	97.3	12,128	2.7	450,548
405,757	97.4		2.6	416,494
	94.7	13,702		256,838
318,878	94.8	17,553		336,431
132,580	85.0	23,447	15.0	156,027
	76.0			140,567
	72.1			282,230
				396,958
				255,585
				333,272
				411,834
				607,171
				460,013
				653,831
				456,475
				449,002
				314,097
				269,191
				359,212
				29,085
				234,949
				117,244
				816,118
				566,952
				441,238
				852,198
				649,005
				572,697
				330,985
				422,273
				641,213
				513,513
				239,482
				497,019
				415,897
				884,430
		· ·		406,806
				246,419
1/3,3/4	70.4	13,041	27.0	240,419
354.811	76.6	108.164	23.4	462,975
380,768	77.3	111,663	22.7	492,432
	Number 65,826 165,605 458,069 332,300 438,420 405,757 243,136 318,878 132,580 106,799 203,391 360,860 217,968 268,539 374,258 531,258 346,923 532,952 342,317 338,803 155,216 200,108 277,974 24,705 180,135 82,608 608,775 347,114 302,729 707,696 556,696 423,423 269,253 358,698 562,841 443,655 133,462 282,466 240,789 743,776 349,321 173,372	Number Percent 65,826 97.0 165,605 92.4 458,069 96.4 332,300 94.8 438,420 97.3 405,757 97.4 243,136 94.7 318,878 94.8 132,580 85.0 106,799 76.0 203,391 72.1 360,860 90.9 217,968 85.3 268,539 80.6 374,258 90.9 531,258 87.5 346,923 75.4 532,952 81.5 342,317 75.0 338,803 75.5 155,216 49.4 200,108 74.3 277,974 77.4 24,705 84.9 180,135 76.7 82,608 70.5 608,775 74.6 347,114 61.2 302,729 68.6 707,696 83.0	Number Percent Number 65,826 97.0 2,050 165,605 92.4 13,534 458,069 96.4 17,058 332,300 94.8 18,272 438,420 97.3 12,128 405,757 97.4 10,737 243,136 94.7 13,702 318,878 94.8 17,553 132,580 85.0 23,447 106,799 76.0 33,768 203,391 72.1 78,839 360,860 90.9 36,098 217,968 85.3 37,617 268,539 80.6 64,733 374,258 90.9 37,576 531,258 87.5 75,913 346,923 75.4 113,090 532,952 81.5 120,879 342,317 75.0 114,158 338,803 75.5 110,199 155,216 49.4 158,881 200,108 74.3	Number Percent Number Percent 65,826 97.0 2,050 3.0 165,605 92.4 13,534 7.6 458,069 96.4 17,058 3.6 332,300 94.8 18,272 5.2 438,420 97.3 12,128 2.7 405,757 97.4 10,737 2.6 243,136 94.7 13,702 5.3 318,878 94.8 17,553 5.2 132,580 85.0 23,447 15.0 106,799 76.0 33,768 24.0 203,391 72.1 78,839 27.9 360,860 90.9 36,098 9.1 217,968 85.3 37,617 14.7 268,539 80.6 64,733 19.4 374,258 90.9 37,576 9.1 531,258 87.5 75,913 12.5 340,923 75.4 113,090 24.6 532,952

^a Does not include test fish harvests.

^b Gear depth limitations in effect beginning in 1990.

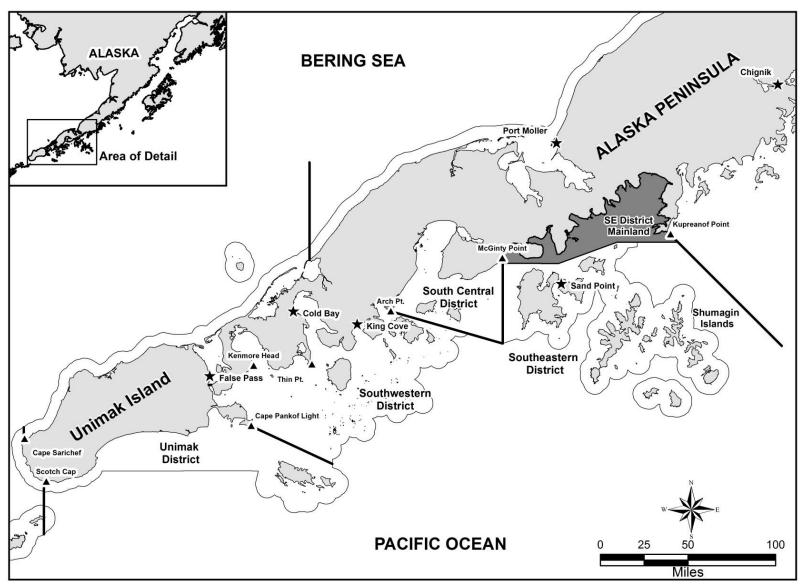
Appendix B19.—Shumagin Islands June chum salmon percent by gear type and year, 1978–2019.

	Purse sein	e ^a	Set gillne	t ^a	
Year	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Tota
1978	17,793	96.3	686	3.7	18,479
1979	39,196	95.7	1,757	4.3	40,953
1980	48,990	97.3	1,376	2.7	50,366
1981	53,351	98.7	720	1.3	54,071
1982	159,518	98.9	1,798	1.1	161,316
1983	168,618	99.6	659	0.4	169,277
1984	108,495	99.3	712	0.7	109,207
1985	104,619	96.0	4,385	4.0	109,004
1986	94,080	95.0	4,968	5.0	99,048
1987	34,617	93.4	2,447	6.6	37,064
1988	51,154	82.6	10,792	17.4	61,940
1989	44,498	93.6	3,030	6.4	47,528
1990 ^b	59,111	93.1	4,390	6.9	63,50
1991	95,756	93.3	6,846	6.7	102,602
1992	98,509	96.3	3,803	3.7	102,312
1993	147,160	97.9	3,146	2.1	150,300
1994	200,577	96.5	7,179	3.5	207,75
1995	182,894	93.7	12,232	6.3	195,12
1996	220,449	95.9	9,482	4.1	229,93
1997	118,418	93.8	7,891	6.2	126,30
1998	39,464	78.7	10,701	21.3	50,16
1999	54,439	93.2	3,981	6.8	58,42
2000	66,580	94.5	3,889	5.5	70,46
2001	11,402	93.1	849	6.9	12,25
2002	168,405	94.8	9,201	5.2	177,60
2003	154,445	95.8	6,824	4.2	161,269
2004	336,753	95.8	14,930	4.2	351,68
2005	261,261	92.0	22,770	8.0	284,03
2006	183,192	89.9	20,619	10.1	203,81
2007	133,379	92.5	10,826	7.5	144,20
2008	112,924	89.3	13,559	10.7	126,48
2009	451,820	91.1	44,172	8.9	495,99
2010	159,206	93.0	12,067	7.0	171,27
2011	181,291	94.3	10,963	5.7	192,25
2012	172,600	94.2	10,722	5.8	183,32
2013	199,660	95.0	10,446	5.0	210,10
2013	147,710	87.0	21,993	13.0	169,70
2015	126,339	92.6	10,070	7.4	136,40
2015	109,321	89.8	12,443	10.2	121,76
2010	441,323	95.6	20,083	4.4	461,40
2017	285,940	94.3	17,187	5.7	303,12
2018 2019	322,465	94.3 97.1	9,798	2.9	332,26
Averages	344,403	7/.1	7,770	2.9	332,20
1999–2018	187,900	93.1	13,880	6.9	201,77
2009–2018	227,521	93.0	17,015	7.0	244,53

^a Does not include test fish harvests.

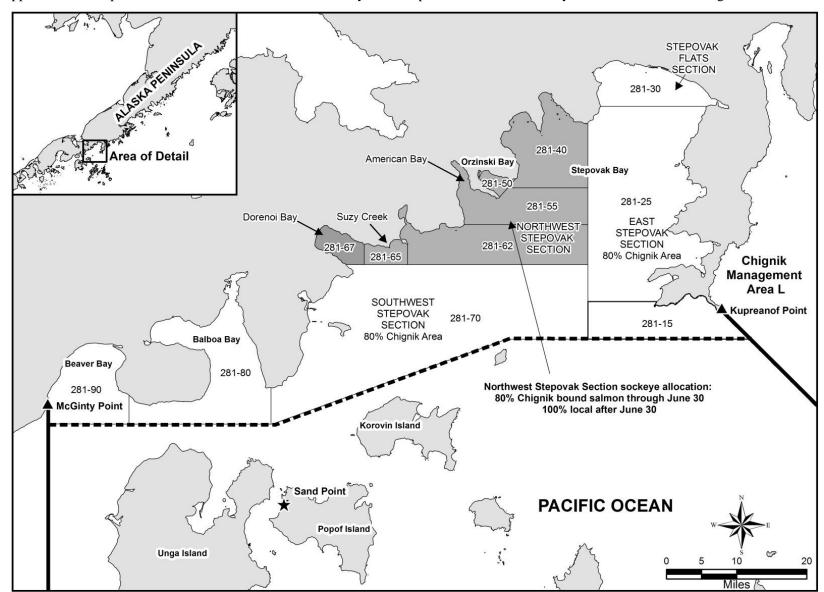
^b Gear depth limitations in effect beginning in 1990.

APPENDIX C. SOUTHEASTERN DISTRICT MAINLAND FISHERIES



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Appendix C2.—Map of Southeastern District Mainland fishery from Kupreanof Point to McGinty Point with salmon fishing sections defined.



1974-1978

Prior to 1974, the Southeastern District Mainland (SEDM) fishery was regulated by set weekly fishing periods, which were generally 5 days per week. From 1974 through 1977, the fishery was open on a dayper-day basis with Chignik Lagoon. In 1978, the Alaska Board of Fisheries (BOF) restricted fishing time to 3 days per week for set gillnet gear only through July 10. Since 1978, set gillnets have been the only legal gear through July 10 in the SEDM (Jackson and Poetter 2006). During 1978, harvest rates were low despite strong Chignik runs, resulting in a SEDM catch of only 31,197 sockeye salmon, of which 22,064 sockeye salmon were considered Chignik-bound, 1.3% of the total Chignik harvest. From 1973 to 1978, an average of 20 set gillnet and 17 purse seine fishermen participated in this fishery.

1979-1984

Beginning with the 1979 season, the BOF increased fishing time from 3 days to 5 days per week but specified that not more than 60,000 Chignik-bound sockeye salmon could be harvested through July 10 in the SEDM. The BOF stipulated that the SEDM fishery would be closed if it became apparent that the Chignik escapement requirements were not ensured. The BOF also stated that if Chignik Management Area (CMA) catch exceeded 1,000,000 sockeye salmon before July 10, the SEDM fishery could continue beyond the 60,000 sockeye salmon ceiling. This management plan remained in effect until 1985.

From 1979 to 1982, the annual SEDM harvest averaged 118,429 sockeye salmon; 76,476 sockeye salmon were considered to be Chignik-bound (6.4% of the total Chignik-bound sockeye harvest). These harvests were achieved in spite of numerous fishery closures imposed by ADF&G because of poor Chignik sockeye salmon escapements. Set gillnet fishing activity increased from 23 permits in 1978 to 37 permits in 1982 (Appendix C8).

In 1983, an estimated 227,392 Chignik-bound sockeye salmon were harvested in the SEDM fishery. Most of the sockeye salmon (76%) were harvested after July 10.

In 1984, set gillnet effort increased to 54 permits, of which 5 were operated by fishermen who were also purse seine permit holders (Appendix C8). Because of an exceptionally strong early Chignik run and the large number of fish available in the SEDM, only 6 fishing days were required to harvest an estimated 60,000 Chignik-bound sockeye salmon. The SEDM fishery was closed for only 3 days and was reopened on June 14 when the Chignik sockeye salmon harvest reached 1,000,000 fish. In 1984, the late Chignik sockeye salmon run was weaker than predicted, and the second run escapement goal was reached only after considerable curtailment of the SEDM, Chignik, and Cape Igvak (Kodiak Management Area) fisheries during mid-July. Total 1984 SEDM harvest of Chignik-bound sockeye salmon was 423,068 sockeye, or 12.6% of the total Chignik-bound sockeye salmon harvest.

1985-1991

For the 1985 season, the BOF modified the *Southeast District Mainland Management Plan* based on the *Cape Igvak Salmon Management Plan* from the Kodiak Management Area, instead of using a set fishing schedule. The BOF plan directed ADF&G to manage the fishery so that the number of sockeye salmon taken in the SEDM fishery (exclusive of the Northwest Stepovak Section) approached as near as possible to 6.2% of the total Chignik-bound sockeye salmon harvest from June 1 through July 25. In the fall of 1987, ADF&G re-evaluated the data used to calculate the allocation and determined that 6.0% was appropriate. The BOF changed the allocation based on the re-evaluated data, beginning with the 1988 season.

However, before the SEDM fishery could open, certain criteria had to be met. In years when a harvestable surplus for the early and late runs of Chignik River system sockeye salmon was expected to be less than 600,000 fish, no commercial salmon fishery targeting Chignik-bound sockeye salmon would be allowed in the SEDM fishery until a harvest of 300,000 sockeye salmon was achieved in the CMA. After July 8, fishing in the SEDM might occur provided at least 300,000 sockeye salmon had been harvested in the CMA, escapement objectives were being met, and the Chignik Area harvest was anticipated to total at least 600,000 sockeye salmon. In addition, the number of sockeye salmon taken in the SEDM fishery needed to be as near as possible to 6.0% of the total Chignik-bound sockeye salmon harvest from June 1 through July 25.

From 1985 through 1991, the harvest of Chignik-bound sockeye salmon in the SEDM averaged 88,776 fish, 5.5% of the total Chignik-bound sockeye salmon harvest, and ranged from 4,485 fish in 1989 to 152,714 fish in 1991.

1992-1995

The BOF revised the *Southeast District Mainland Management Plan* prior to the 1992 season. The revised plan was in effect from 1992 through 1995, and included 2 significant changes:

- 1. The Northwest Stepovak Section (NWSS) to be managed on a local stock basis was reduced to include only waters of Orzinski Bay; the Stepovak Flats Section would continue to be managed on the basis of Stepovak River chum salmon stock.
- 2. The allowable harvest of Chignik-bound sockeye salmon in the SEDM fishery (exclusive of Orzinski Bay) was increased from 6.0% to 7.0% of the total Chignik-bound sockeye salmon catch.

From 1992 to 1995, the harvest of Chignik-bound sockeye salmon in the SEDM averaged 113,258 fish and 7.0% of the total Chignik-bound sockeye salmon harvest.

1996-1997

In January 1996, the BOF made the following changes to the *Southeast District Mainland Management Plan*:

- 1. The area to be managed for local Orzinski Lake sockeye salmon increased to include Orzinski Bay and the entire NWSS. Prior to July 1, the entire Northwest Stepovak Section was managed on an allocation based on the strength of the Chignik sockeye salmon runs as described in 5 AAC 09.360(a)(1) and (b)–(h). Beginning July 1, the Northwest Stepovak Section would be managed entirely on local stocks. Stepovak Flats would continue to be managed on the basis of the Stepovak River chum salmon stocks.
- 2. The percentage of Chignik-bound sockeye salmon allocated to the SEDM fishery was decreased from 7.0% to 6.0% of the total Chignik-bound sockeye salmon harvest from June 1 through July 25. This BOF action was taken in an attempt to maintain traditional harvest levels of Chignik-bound sockeye salmon in the SEDM fishery and to compensate for the increased area managed for local Orzinski Lake sockeye salmon.
- 3. The BOF established a closed waters area encompassing Kupreanof Point, as described in 5 AAC 09.350(37), from July 6 through at least August 31 (Jackson and Poetter 2006).

1998-2006

In January 1998, the BOF made the following changes to the *Southeast District Mainland Management Plan*:

- 1. Prior to July 1, the SEDM (Appendix C2) is managed on an allocation based on the strength of the CMA sockeye salmon runs as described in 5 AAC 09.360 and 80% of the sockeye salmon caught are considered Chignik-bound. However, beginning July 1, all sockeye salmon caught in NWSS are considered local fish and are not counted toward the allocation. The NWSS, outside Orzinski Bay, may open to commercial salmon fishing from July 1 to July 25 if Orzinski Lake sockeye salmon interim escapement objectives are being met and the CMA sockeye salmon harvest is expected to be more than 600,000 fish through July 25. The BOF-mandated fishing schedule for NWSS, excluding Orzinski Bay from July 1 to July 25, cannot exceed 4 days during a 7-day period. The maximum number of consecutive fishing days allowed is 2 (Figure 8 in Jackson and Poetter 2006).
- 2. Beginning July 1, the NWSS is managed entirely on local stocks. All sockeye salmon harvested in the NWSS after July 1 are considered to be from Orzinski Lake stocks. The Stepovak Flats Section is managed for chum salmon returning to local streams throughout the entire season. However, 80% of the sockeye salmon caught in the Stepovak Flats Section through July 25 are considered Chignik-bound fish (Jackson and Poetter 2006).
- 3. The BOF allocated 6% of the total Chignik-bound sockeye salmon harvest from June 1 through July 25 to the SEDM fishery.
- 4. The BOF directed ADF&G to consider an extension of the Kupreanof Point closed waters area, as described in 5 AAC 09.350(37), by emergency order (Figure 7 in Jackson and Poetter 2006). The Kupreanof Point closed waters extension remains in effect through October 31 if waters specified in 5 AAC 15.350(20) are closed to conserve coho salmon in the CMA.
- 5. Orzinski Bay may open to purse seine gear prior to July 11 if ADF&G determines the interim escapement objectives have been exceeded (Appendix C13).

The total Chignik-bound sockeye salmon harvest from June 1 through July 25 is calculated by adding 100% of CMA sockeye salmon harvest, 90% of Cape Igvak Section (KMA), and 80% of SEDM sockeye salmon harvests from June 1 to July 25, excluding 100% of the sockeye salmon caught within the NWSS from July 1 to July 25.

2007-Present

In January 2007, the BOF made the following changes to the *Southeast District Mainland Management Plan* (5 AAC 09.360):

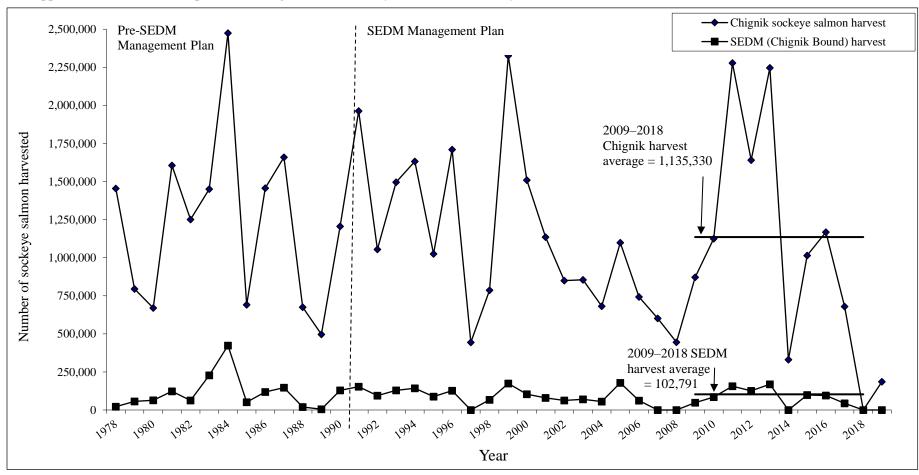
- 1. The percentage of Chignik-bound sockeye salmon allocated to the SEDM fishery was changed from 6% to 7.6% of the total number of sockeye salmon harvested in the CMA from June 1 through July 25, and Cape Igvak is no longer contributing to the allocation.
- 2. If the Orzinski Lake escapement met or exceeded 25,000 sockeye salmon, the NWSS and Orzinski Bay may be opened concurrently as follows:
 - (A) set gillnet gear may be operated continuously until midnight July 25, and
 - (B) purse seine and hand purse seine gear will be operated as specified in 5 AAC 09.360(e)(1).
- 3. From July 26 through October 31, the fishery is managed for local pink, chum, and coho salmon stocks.
- 4. From July 26 through October 31, the fishery will be closed for at least one 36-hour period within a 7-day period.

Appendix C4.—Harvest of sockeye salmon, in number of fish and percent, considered to be Chignik-bound by regulation in the Chignik, Cape Igvak, and Southeastern District Mainland (SEDM) areas from 1978–2019.

	Chignik a	area ^a	Cape Ig	vak ^a	SEDM	1 ^b	Total
Year	Harvest	Percent	Harvest	Percent	Harvest	Percent	Harvest
1978 ^{c,d}	1,454,389	85.5	225,014	13.2	22,064	1.3	1,701,467
1979 ^e	794,504	91.8	13,950	1.6	56,878	6.6	865,332
1980	670,001	91.3	32	0.0	63,724	8.7	733,757
1981	1,606,300	79.9	282,727	14.1	122,533	6.1	2,011,560
1982	1,250,768	84.5	166,756	11.3	62,767	4.2	1,480,291
1983	1,450,832	72.7	318,048	15.9	227,392	11.4	1,996,272
1984	2,474,405	73.9	449,372	13.4	423,068	12.6	3,346,845
1985 ^f	690,698	79.8	123,627	14.3	51,421	5.9	865,746
1986	1,456,729	82.6	188,017	10.7	118,006	6.7	1,762,752
1987	1,659,236	78.0	321,506	15.1	146,886	6.9	2,127,628
1988 ^g	675,487	95.8	10,520	1.5	19,320	2.7	705,327
1989	496,044	99.1	0	0.0	4,485	0.9	500,529
1990	1,205,575	83.6	107,706	7.5	128,599	8.9	1,441,880
1991 ^h	1,962,583	80.4	324,329	13.3	152,714	6.3	2,439,626
1992 i	1,054,309	81.2	150,343	11.6	93,845	7.2	1,298,497
1993	1,495,098	77.7	300,055	15.6	128,536	6.7	1,923,689
1994 ^j	1,632,435	80.6	250,230	12.4	142,350	7.0	2,025,015
1995	1,024,785	79.9	169,530	13.2	88,302	6.9	1,282,617
1996 ^k	1,710,249	79.7	308,327	14.4	127,201	5.9	2,145,777
1997	443,892	100.0	_ n	_	_ n	_	443,892
1998 ^{l,m}	786,466	91.2	8,813	1.0	66,893	7.8	862,172
1999	2,326,811	78.7	456,039	15.4	173,621	5.9	2,956,471
2000	1,509,652	80.1	271,344	14.4	103,419	5.5	1,884,415
2001 °	1,134,991	79.4	215,214	15.1	79,037	5.5	1,429,242
2002	849,980	81.0	136,448	13.0	63,026	6.0	1,049,454
2003	855,179	81.7	121,887	11.6	70,044	6.7	1,047,110
2004	681,120	75.9	160,665	17.9	55,355	6.2	897,141
2005	1,098,718	70.8	274,328	17.7	177,906	11.5	1,550,952
2006	741,887	87.7	41,834	4.9	62,010	7.3	845,731
2007 ^p	601,213	92.0	52,527	8.0	- n	-	653,740
2008	445,199	100.0	_ n	-	_ n	_	445,199
2009	871,890	83.3	126,968	12.1	48,322	5.5	1,047,180
2010	1,125,135	80.6	185,193	13.3	85,267	7.6	1,395,595
2011	2,277,681	77.8	494,538	16.9	156,637	6.9	2,928,856
2012	1,640,517	78.4	324,895	15.5	126,083	7.7	2,091,495
2012	2,246,339	81.1	354,179	12.8	169,029	7.7	2,769,547
2013	330,302	100.0	_ n	12.0	109,029		330,302
2014	1,014,550	90.7	5,936	0.5	98,473	9.7	1,118,959
2016	1,014,330	74.8	298,470	19.1	94,790	8.1	1,116,939
2017	679,435	80.8	118,101	19.1	43,730	6.4	841,266
2017	128	100.0	118,101 - n	14.0	43,730 - ⁿ	0.4	128
2019	185,567	100.0	_ n	_	_ n	_	185,567
				13.0			
2009–2018 average	1,135,330	84.7	238,535	13.0	102,791	7.4	1,408,39

- ^a Through 2001, the Cape Igvak figures represent 80% of the total sockeye salmon catch, based on the premise that 80% of the sockeye salmon caught in Cape Igvak from June 1 to July 25 are destined for Chignik. In 2002, for the Cape Igvak fishery, the BOF increased the percentage of the sockeye salmon harvest considered to be Chignik bound from 80% to 90%.
- ^b The Southeastern District Mainland (SEDM) figures represent 80% of the total sockeye salmon catch, based on the premise that from June 1 to July 25, 80% of the sockeye salmon caught in the SEDM (excluding sockeye salmon caught in Northwest Stepovak Section from 1964 to 1991 and during July from 1996 to present and in Orzinski Bay only from 1992 to 1995) are bound for the Chignik Management Area (CMA).
- ^c Beginning in 1978, the Alaska Board of Fisheries (BOF) allocated 15% of the total sockeye salmon catch destined for Chignik to the Cape Igvak fishery.
- d Beginning in 1978, seining prior to July 11 was disallowed in the SEDM. Set gillnet fishermen were allowed to fish 3 days per week through July 10, after which the fishery was managed on the basis of local stock abundance.
- ^e From 1979 to 1984, fishing in the SEDM was allowed for 5 days per week prior to July 11, with a maximum harvest of an estimated 60,000 sockeye salmon destined for Chignik. If the CMA sockeye salmon catch was 1,000,000 or more before July 11, the 60,000 maximum harvest was to be dropped.
- Beginning in 1985, the SEDM was placed on an allocation of 6.2% of the total estimated Chignik sockeye catch through July 25. After July 25, the SEDM was managed on a local stock basis.
- g The SEDM allocation changed to 6.0% beginning in 1988. Seining is still not allowed prior to July 11.
- h The CMA harvest includes overescapement of 278,305 sockeye salmon counted past the weir during the Chignik Area seiners' price dispute (June 23–July 4, 1991).
- ⁱ Review of Orzinski Lake historical and current escapement records led the BOF to redefine the *Southeast District Mainland Management Plan*. Beginning in 1992, the SEDM fishery (excluding Orzinski Bay) was placed on an allocation of 7.0% of the total estimated Chignik sockeye salmon catch through July 25.
- ^j The CMA harvest includes overescapement of 208,921 sockeye salmon counted past the weir during the Chignik Area seiners' price dispute (June 2 to June 25, 1994).
- k In 1996, the area managed for local Orzinski Lake sockeye salmon was increased from only Orzinski Bay to the entire Northwest Stepovak Section. Prior to July 1, the entire Northwest Stepovak Section will be managed on an allocation based on the strength of Chignik sockeye salmon runs. Beginning July 1, Northwest Stepovak will be managed entirely on local stocks. The BOF also decreased the percentage of sockeye salmon allocated to the SEDM fishery from 7% to 6% to attempt to maintain traditional harvest levels of Chignik-bound sockeye salmon harvest in the SEDM fishery.
- In 1998, the area managed entirely for local Orzinski Lake sockeye salmon was reduced from the entire Northwest Stepovak Section to only Orzinski Bay. All sockeye salmon caught in the Northwest Stepovak Section beginning July 1 would still be considered 100% local fish and not counted toward the 6% allocation. The remainder of SEDM sockeye salmon harvest allocated as 80% Chignik-bound fish. Assures minimum harvest of 600,000 sockeye salmon in Chignik through July 25.
- ^m The CMA harvest includes 7,714 sockeye salmon caught by the Chignik Seiners Association, and an overescapement of 52,131 sockeye salmon counted past the weir during the Chignik Seiners Association boycott (June 16–June 29, 1998).
- ⁿ No commercial fishing opportunity provided. Zero harvest not included in 10-year averages.
- Or The 2001 CMA harvest includes a foregone harvest of 398,887 sockeye salmon that escaped past the weir as a result of the fishermen's strike from June 16 to June 19 in the CMA. The SEDM harvest includes a forgone harvest of 27,896 sockeye salmon that escaped past the Orzinski weir as a result of the fishermen's strike from June 14 to July 2 in the SEDM.
- P In 2007, the BOF changed the SEDM allocation from 6.0% of the total Chignik-bound harvest to 7.6% of the total Chignik Area harvest. The percent sockeye salmon harvested in SEDM was considered independent of the Igvak fishery and based solely on 7.6% of the CMA harvest.

Appendix C5.-Harvest comparison of Chignik-bound sockeye salmon June 1-July 25, 1978-2019.



Appendix C6.–Southeastern District Mainland salmon harvest by species, all gear combined, June 1–July 25, 1978–2019.

					Number	of salmon		
Year	Permits	Landings	Chinook	Sockeye	Coho	Pink	Chum	Total
1978	42	213	39	31,197	354	33,140	16,104	80,834
1979	42	344	119	90,658	5,857	45,582	7,561	149,777
1980	36	420	79	96,665	1,608	40,779	59,441	198,572
1981	69	718	1,320	202,540	3,058	17,347	172,340	396,605
1982	67	893	401	86,793	1,920	209,898	134,473	433,485
1983	78	852	1,387	302,387	3,222	11,295	101,873	420,164
1984	87	1,736	1,054	595,044	4,414	199,990	141,452	941,954
1985	72	418	177	80,957	909	74,592	87,116	243,751
1986	60	645	219	206,532	770	40,771	51,003	299,295
1987	59	537	130	244,895	197	2,363	21,332	268,917
1988	57	345	214	81,160	2,318	97,534	74,743	255,969
1989	67	248	145	89,224	1,226	210,017	6,570	307,182
1990	115	408	694	166,322	16,809	48,999	43,479	276,303
1991	98	818	614	289,727	1,386	24,788	12,113	328,628
1992	65	664	170	215,444	135	15,939	20,629	252,317
1993	117	845	1,093	210,927	4,207	78,278	9,266	303,771
1994	56	678	242	221,657	1,041	11,158	5,651	239,749
1995	84	718	321	159,381	2,286	52,772	21,809	236,569
1996	89	1,210	325	284,076	3,846	71,856	36,478	396,581
1997	69	1,194	146	304,629	1,380	16,613	6,368	329,136
1998	65	365	307	117,131	2,959	125,030	9,929	255,356
1999	90	679	184	217,026	898	42,905	8,390	269,403
2000	90	1,194	174	202,435	6,968	57,176	27,261	294,014
2000	67	571	177	106,607	1,314	42,220	50,211	200,529
2002	65	1,026	545	153,469	5,390	143,365	18,752	321,521
2002	59			222,651				
		1,055	309		2,234	129,458	12,272	366,924
2004	44	773	389	210,545	4,536	57,617	5,827	278,914
2005	64	510	97	245,153	6,030	312,207	9,633	573,120
2006	37	117	29	77,513	2,805	77,685	13,259	171,291
2007 ^a	-	200	- 20	21.660	- 505	- 24 127	- (120	72 470
2008	28	299	29	31,669	505	34,137	6,139	72,479
2009	61	742	120	151,765	1,999	59,799	15,630	229,313
2010	61	938	882	167,756	2,915	14,605	74,186	260,344
2011	66	1,516	395	222,515	2,300	47,178	51,496	323,884
2012	65	1,105	99	219,132	1,287	42,503	31,835	294,856
2013	70	1,592	697	241,031	17,681	326,858	41,359	627,626
2014 ^a	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_
2015	52	344	231	233,618	7,813	78,212	12,244	332,118
2016	55	867	532	376,155	6,550	21,391	14,311	418,939
2017	39	406	39	93,918	154	5,477	5,073	104,661
2018 ^a	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
2019 ^a	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
2009–2018 Average ^b	59	939	374	213,236	5,087	74,503	30,767	323,968
2014–2018 Average ^b	49	539	267	234,564	4,839	35,027	10,543	285,239

^a No fishery.

^b Average does not include years when no fishery occurred.

Appendix C7.—Southeastern District Mainland salmon harvest by species, set gillnet gear, June 1–July 25, 1978–2019.

					Number o	f salmon		
Year	Permits	Landings	Chinook	Sockeye	Coho	Pink	Chum	Total
1978	23	189	28	29,070	33	1,785	5,733	36,649
1979	29	318	100	79,432	3,036	11,245	5,881	99,694
1980	24	384	75	89,769	597	5,972	28,894	125,307
1981	32	604	1,203	182,527	333	4,339	22,121	210,523
1982	37	753	273	79,442	947	19,204	32,729	132,595
1983	36	707	365	215,280	1,030	1,840	14,718	233,233
1984	54	1,657	708	567,043	1,481	45,542	32,007	646,781
1985	49	367	157	78,347	184	8,075	9,579	96,342
1986	42	616	177	196,545	449	9,540	20,350	227,061
1987	53	528	111	244,413	102	1,555	12,944	259,125
1988	41	300	84	77,204	731	16,595	11,532	106,146
1989	42	194	87	46,977	105	11,100	1,449	59,718
1990	46	277	191	85,368	829	1,465	9,064	96,917
1991	59	747	439	275,768	857	6,128	7,733	290,925
1992	59	650	166	214,638	115	11,129	5,797	231,845
1993	64	763	557	186,656	664	14,757	3,416	206,050
1994	56	678	242	221,657	1,041	11,158	5,651	239,749
1995	58	688	268	139,515	182	13,097	8,184	161,246
1996	64	1,164	252	276,212	2,869	52,785	31,859	363,977
1997	57	1,171	102	293,750	889	12,288	5,874	312,903
1998	45	340	97	74,069	1,439	33,880	3,413	112,898
1999	63	649	164	205,706	351	8,495	6,772	221,488
2000	64	1,163	160	199,605	5,612	42,700	24,572	272,649
2001	51	551	113	102,213	1,146	27,790	43,962	175,224
2002	53	1,001	476	145,656	1,127	82,515	14,660	244,434
2003	48	1,035	268	211,069	1,574	76,530	10,570	300,011
2004	42	763	389	206,316	4,397	55,202	5,827	272,131
2005	43	474	58	152,978	1,003	30,855	4,440	189,334
2006	24	102	4	39,849	339	7,910	4,701	52,803
2007 ^a	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
2008	27	299	29	30,861	505	28,566	6,072	66,033
2009	44	701	64	133,526	1,134	22,826	11,151	168,701
2010	45	906	46	161,675	1,534	7,607	27,466	198,328
2011	52	1,498	266	214,853	849	8,008	34,283	258,259
2012	48	1,070	69	190,596	450	9,192	13,050	213,357
2013	46	1,531	344	219,365	9,677	53,505	15,468	298,359
2014 ^a	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
2015	31	306	37	130,527	1,613	3,531	4,570	140,278
2016	44	846	177	356,668	2,075	11,306	10,615	380,841
2017	39	406	39	93,918	154	5,477	5,073	104,661
2018 ^a	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
2019 ^a	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
2009–2018 Average ^b	42	840	119	170,221	1,999	16,669	14,194	204,084
2014–2018 Average ^b	38	519	84	193,704	1,281	6,771	6,753	209,151

^a No fishery.

^b Average does not include years when no fishery occurred.

Appendix C8.—Southeastern District Mainland salmon harvest by species, purse seine gear, June 1–July 25, 1978–2019.

					Number o	of salmon		
Year	Permits	Landings	Chinook	Sockeye	Coho	Pink	Chum	Total
1978	19	24	11	2,267	321	31,355	10,371	44,325
1979	12	23	19	11,159	2,821	34,331	1,676	50,006
1980	12	36	4	6,896	1,011	34,807	30,547	73,265
1981	35	112	117	19,883	2,725	12,984	149,523	185,232
1982	30	140	128	7,351	973	190,694	101,744	300,890
1983	42	145	1,022	87,107	2,192	9,455	87,155	186,931
1984	33	79	346	28,001	2,933	154,448	109,445	295,173
1985	23	51	20	2,610	725	66,517	77,537	147,409
1986	18	29	42	9,987	321	31,231	30,653	72,234
1987	6	9	19	482	95	808	8,388	9,792
1988	16	45	130	3,956	1,587	80,939	63,211	149,823
1989	25	54	58	42,247	1,121	198,917	5,121	247,464
1990	69	131	503	80,954	15,980	47,534	34,415	179,386
1991	39	71	175	13,959	529	18,660	4,380	37,703
1992	6	14	4	806	20	4,810	14,832	20,472
1993	53	82	536	24,271	3,543	63,521	5,850	97,721
1994 ^a	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
1995	26	30	53	19,866	2,104	39,677	13,625	75,325
1996	25	46	73	7,864	977	19,071	4,619	32,604
1997	12	23	44	11,115	491	4,325	494	16,469
1998	20	25	210	43,062	1,520	91,150	6,516	142,458
1999	27	30	20	11,320	547	34,410	1,618	47,915
2000	26	31	14	2,830	1,356	14,476	2,689	21,365
2001	16	20	64	4,394	168	14,430	6,249	25,305
2002	12	25	69	7,813	4,263	60,850	4,092	77,087
2003	11	20	41	11,582	660	52,928	1,702	66,913
2004 ^b	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
2005	21	36	39	92,175	5,027	281,352	5,193	383,786
2006	13	15	25	37,664	2,466	69,775	8,558	118,488
2007 ^a	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
2008 ^b	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
2009	17	41	13	18,239	865	36,973	4,479	60,569
2010	16	32	836	6,081	1,381	6,998	46,720	62,016
2011	14	18	96	7,662	1,451	39,170	17,213	65,592
2012	17	35	30	28,536	837	33,311	18,785	81,499
2013	24	61	353	21,666	8,004	273,353	25,891	329,267
2014 ^a	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
2015	21	38	194	103,091	6,200	71,681	7,674	188,840
2016	11	21	355	19,487	4,475	10,085	3,696	38,098
2017 ^a	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
2018 ^a	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
2019 ^a	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
2009–2018 Average ^c	17	35	268	29,252	3,316	67,367	17,780	117,983
2014–2018 Average ^c	16	30	275	61,289	5,338	40,883	5,685	113,469

^a No commercial fishing opportunity provided; zero harvest not included in averages.

b Numbers may not be released due to state confidentiality requirements.

^c Average does not include years when no fishery occurred.

Appendix C9.—Southeastern District Mainland commercial fishing effort and assignment of sockeye salmon harvests (number of fish) June 1–July 25, 1985–2019.

		Eff	ort					SEDN	A minus			
	Set	gillnet	Seir	ne	No	rthwest Ste	epovak	Northwe	st Stepovak	SE	DM	Total
Year	Permits	Landings	Permits	Landings	Total	"Local"	"Nonlocal"	"Local"	"Nonlocal"	"Local"	"Nonlocal"	catch
1985 ^a	49	367	23	51	16,681	16,681	0	12,855	51,421	29,536	51,421	80,957
1986	42	616	18	29	59,025	59,025	0	29,501	118,006	88,526	118,006	206,532
1987	53	528	6	9	61,287	61,287	0	36,722	146,886	98,009	146,886	244,895
1988	41	300	16	45	57,010	57,010	0	4,830	19,320	61,840	19,320	81,160
1989	42	248	25	54	83,618	83,618	0	1,121	4,485	84,739	4,485	89,224
1990	46	277	69	131	3,279	3,279	0	32,609	128,599	35,888	128,599	164,487
1991	59	747	39	71	98,834	98,834	0	38,179	152,714	137,013	152,714	289,727
1992 ^b	59	650	6	14	113,430	101,198	12,232	20,403	81,613	121,599	93,845	215,444
1993	64	763	53	82	73,747	54,955	18,792	27,436	109,744	82,391	128,536	210,927
1994	56	678	0	0	89,522	52,880	36,642	26,427	105,708	79,307	142,350	221,657
1995	58	718	26	30	62,598	51,723	10,875	19,357	77,426	71,079	88,301	159,380
1996°	64	1,164	25	46	137,925	127,645	10,280	29,230	116,921	156,875	127,201	284,076
1997	57	1,173	12	23	304,865	304,865	0	0	0	304,865	0	304,865
1998	45	340	18	23	33,515	33,515	0	16,723	66,893	50,238	66,893	117,131
1999	63	649	27	30	32,884	6,577	26,307	36,828	147,313	43,405	173,620	217,025
2000	64	1,163	26	31	89,857	76,500	13,357	22,516	90,062	99,016	103,419	202,435
2001	51	551	16	20	42,681	42,681	0	12,785	51,141	55,466	51,141	106,607
2002	53	1,001	12	25	85,086	76,767	8,319	13,677	54,706	90,444	63,025	153,469
2003	48	1,035	11	20	142,410	136,391	6,019	16,006	64,025	152,397	70,044	222,441
2004	42	763	2	10	150,399	143,161	7,238	12,029	48,117	155,190	55,355	210,545
2005	43	474	21	30	58,243	29,865	28,378	37,382	149,528	67,247	177,906	245,153
2006	24	102	13	15	0	0	0	15,503	62,010	15,503	62,010	77,513
2007^{d}	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
2008	27	299	1	3	31,669	31,669	0	0	0	31,669	0	31,669
2009	44	701	17	41	91,363	91,363	0	12,080	48,322	103,443	48,322	151,765

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		Effe	ort		SEDM minus							
	Set	gillnet	Sei	ne	No	rthwest Ste	epovak	Northwe	st Stepovak_	SE	DM	Total
Year	Permits	Landings	Permits	Landings	Total	"Local"	"Nonlocal"	"Local"	"Nonlocal"	"Local"	"Nonlocal"	catch
2010	45	906	16	32	70,202	62,964	7,238	19,525	78,100	82,489	85,338	167,827
2011	52	1,498	14	18	52,695	31,914	20,781	33,964	135,856	65,878	156,637	222,515
2012	48	1,065	17	35	78,251	64,448	13,803	28,070	112,280	92,518	126,083	218,601
2013	46	1,531	24	61	62,573	36,311	26,262	35,692	142,767	72,003	169,029	241,032
2014 ^d	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
2015	31	306	21	38	110,527	110,527	0	24,618	98,473	135,145	98,473	233,618
2016	44	846	11	21	284,557	263,045	21,512	18,320	73,278	281,365	94,790	376,155
2017	39	406	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2018 ^d	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
2019 ^d	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
1985–1991 Avg.	47	440	28	9	54,248	54,248	0	22,260	88,776	76,507	88,776	165,283
1992–1995 Avg.	59	702	21	8	84,824	65,189	19,635	23,406	93,623	88,594	113,258	201,852
2009–2018 Avg. ^e	45	993	14	30	91,377	82,572	12,799	21,534	84,372	104,105	97,334	201,439
2014–2018 Avg. ^e	42	626	6	11	142,279	124,524	10,756	14,313	36,639	138,837	64,421	203,258

^a From 1970 through 1991, the Chignik contribution was 80 of the sockeye salmon harvested in the Beaver Bay, Balboa Bay, Southwest Stepovak, Stepovak Flats, and East Stepovak sections.

b From 1992 through 1995, the Chignik contribution was 80 of the sockeye salmon harvested in the Southeastern District Mainland (SEDM) fishery, except Orzinski Bay where 100 of the sockeye salmon were considered local production.

^c Since 1996, the Chignik contribution is 80 of the sockeye salmon harvested in the SEDM fishery, except beginning July 1 in the Northwest Stepovak Section where 100 of the sockeye salmon are considered local production.

d No fishery.

^e Average does not include years when no fishery occurred.

Appendix C10.-Southeastern District Mainland commercial salmon harvest, all gear combined, by species and day, 2019.

	Number of salmon							
Date	Permits	Landings	Chinook	Sockeye	Coho	Pink	Chum	Total
6-Jun to 14-Aug ^a	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
15-Aug	40	61	39	8,485	4,213	206,095	3,952	222,784
16-Aug	25	37	4	4,845	4,447	106,113	2,054	117,463
17-Aug	29	39	79	5,365	7,547	151,941	1,985	166,917
18-Aug	21	30	59	4,406	5,928	111,784	2,164	124,341
19-Aug	19	28	75	3,789	5,257	70,056	1,768	80,945
20-Aug	17	24	7	3,363	6,150	67,815	1,631	78,966
21-Aug ^a	_	_	_	, -	_	_	´ -	_
22-Aug	13	15	20	4,005	7,062	93,514	1,318	105,919
23-Aug	18	26	0	5,816	9,631	101,987	1,782	119,216
24-Aug	20	26	5	5,738	7,511	102,024	1,802	117,080
25-Aug	19	24	15	4,739	7,011	88,384	1,207	101,356
26-Aug	13	19	0	2,093	3,765	31,462	428	37,748
27-Aug	8	11	0	1,530	2,002	12,011	162	15,705
28-Aug ^a	-	-	-	- 1,550	2,002	12,011	-	15,765
29-Aug	7	7	1	5,631	8,563	54,362	951	69,508
30-Aug	8	11	1	1,512	1,967	7,055	357	10,892
31-Aug	7	7	1	3,038	4,093	50,618	952	58,702
_	/	,	1	3,036	4,093	30,018		36,702
1-Sep ^b	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2-Sep ^b	-	-	-	412	905	17.629	107	10.049
3-Sep	5	5	5	413	895	17,628	107	19,048
4-Sep ^a	-	-	-	205	122	200	-	1 100
5-Sep	5	5	0	385	432	309	64	1,190
6-Sep ^b	-	-	-	700	070	- 145	- 21	1.026
7-Sep	7	8	0	798	872	145	21	1,836
8-Sep	6	6	0	668	1,003	1,222	55	2,948
9-Sep ^b	-	_	-	-		-	-	-
10-Sep	5	5	0	481	517	14	18	1,030
11-Sep ^a	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12-Sep ^a	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
13-Sep	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
14-Sep	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
15-Sep	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
16-Sep	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
17-Sep	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18-Sep	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
19-Sep ^a	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Subtotal								
June 1–July 25	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Subtotal								
July 26–August 31	61	365	306	64,355	85,147	1,255,221	22,513	1,427,542
Subtotal								
September 1–October 31 ^c	14	36	5	3,207	4,053	77,019	431	84,715
Season total ^c	61	401	311	67,562	89,200	1,332,240	22,944	1,512,257
a F: 1 1 1								

^a Fishery closed.

^b Confidential information due to fewer than 3 permits or processors.

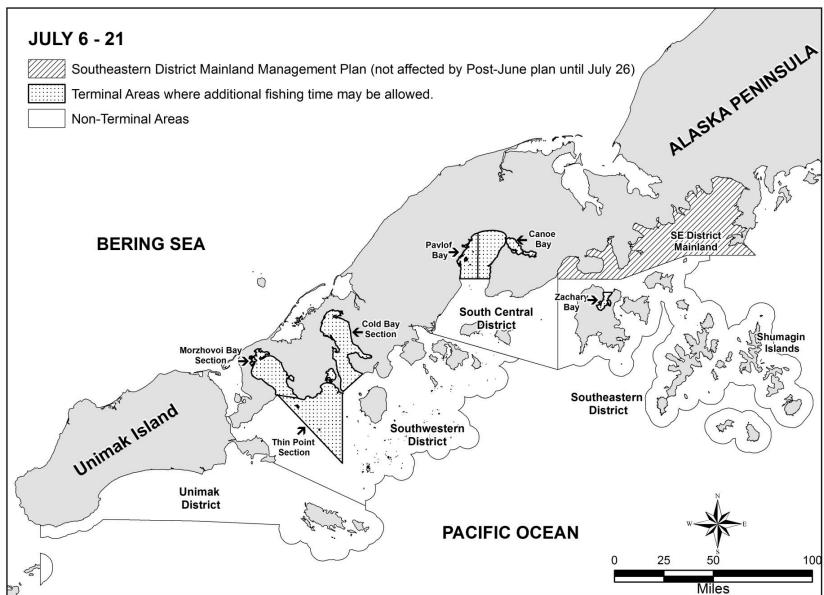
^c Totals include information not provided by individual day due to confidentiality requirements.

Appendix C11.-Northwest Stepovak Section commercial salmon harvest, all gear combined, by species and day, July 1-July 25, 2019.

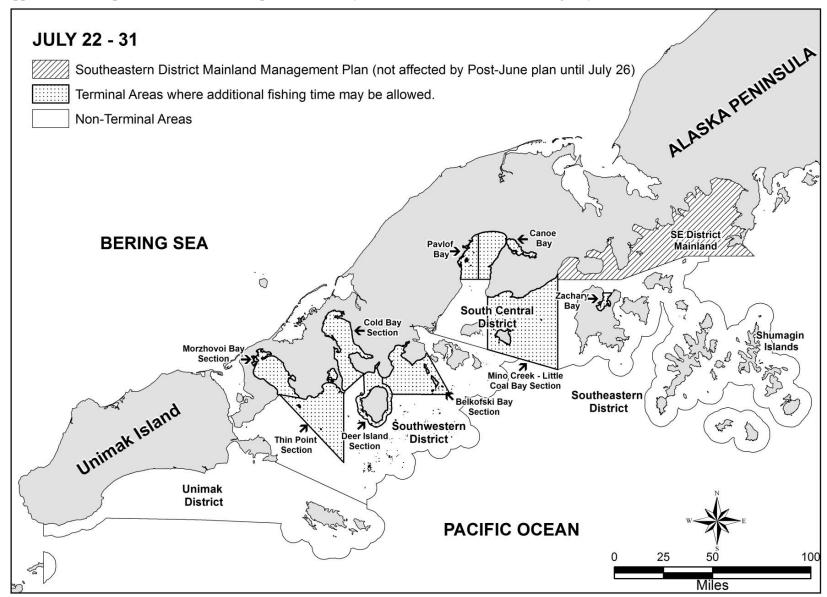
		Number of salmon									
Date	Permits	Landings	Chinook	Sockeye	Coho	Pink	Chum				
1-Jul ^a	_	_	_	_	_	_	_				
2-Jul ^a	_	_	_	_	_	_	_				
3-Jul ^a	_	_	_	_	_	_	_				
4-Jul ^a	_	_	_	_	_	_	_				
5-Jul ^a	_	_	_	_	_	_	_				
6-Jul ^a	_	_	_	_	_	_	_				
7-Jul ^a	_	_	_	_	_	_	_				
8-Jul ^a	_	_	_	_	_	_	_				
9-Jul ^a	_	_	_	_	_	_	_				
10-Jul ^a	_	_	_	_	_	_	_				
11-Jul ^a	_	_	_	_	_	_	_				
12-Jul ^a	_	_	_	_	_	_	_				
13-Jul ^a	_	_	_	_	_	_	_				
14-Jul ^a	_	_	_	_	_	_	_				
15-Jul ^a	_	_	_	_	_	_	_				
16-Jul ^a	_	_	_	_	_	_	_				
17-Jul ^a	_	_	_	_	_	_	_				
18-Jul ^a	_	_	_	_	_	_	_				
19-Jul ^a	_	_	_	_	_	_	_				
20-Jul ^a	_	_	_	_	_	_	_				
21-Jul ^a	_	_	_	_	_	_	_				
22-Jul ^a	_	_	_	_	_	_	_				
23-Jul ^a	_	_	_	_	_	_	_				
24-Jul ^a	_	_	_	_	_	_	_				
25-Jul ^a	_	_	_	_	_	_	_				
Total	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				

^a Fishery closed.

APPENDIX D. SOUTH ALASKA PENINSULA POST-JUNE FISHERIES



Appendix D2.—Map of the South Peninsula post-June fishery with terminal areas defined during July 22–31.



Before 1974, post-June South Alaska Peninsula fisheries were generally open 5 days per week, with a total season closure on August 10 to provide adequate local escapement and maintain product quality (McCullough 1995). During 1974 and 1975, the fishery was severely restricted to rebuild pink salmon runs. From about 1976 to 1991, the salmon fishery was managed by emergency order based on local stock run strength. Fishing periods from July 6 to about July 18 were based on chum salmon run strength, and from July 18 to about August 20 on pink salmon run strength. Fishing continued into late August during years of strong pink or chum salmon runs. Before 1992, South Alaska Peninsula waters east of the Cape Lutke Section (Appendix A6) were opened to commercial salmon fishing about July 6, except in the SEDM fishery. Prior to July 26, SEDM is managed on a separate management plan (5 AAC 09.360 Southeastern District Mainland Salmon Management Plan). Beginning September 1, fishing periods were established by emergency order and based on local coho salmon run strength and, to a lesser degree, on chum salmon runs.

In November 1991, the BOF established the *Post-June Salmon Management Plan for the South Alaska Peninsula* (5 AAC 09.366). This plan allowed the harvest of local stocks through July 19 in terminal fishing areas only, which included Zachary Bay; the northern portion of Pavlof Bay; and Canoe Bay, Cold Bay, Thin Point, and Morzhovoi Bay sections; closing the remainder of the South Alaska Peninsula formerly opened in July. The BOF decision was partially based on allowing the harvest of local pink and chum salmon stocks to be caught in terminal areas early in the season without sacrificing product quality, and simultaneously allowing nonlocal salmon to pass through South Alaska Peninsula waters. After July 19, the BOF concluded that South Alaska Peninsula fishermen needed to harvest pink salmon in their traditional cape fishing areas to maintain product quality and to better accommodate the available processing capacity. Under this plan, commercial salmon fishing from July 6 to July 19 was restricted to terminal fishing areas opened by emergency order and was based on local stock run strength as determined by harvests and escapements. From July 20, through the remainder of the commercial salmon season, the entire South Alaska Peninsula could be opened to commercial salmon fishing by emergency order if warranted by local run stock strength (except in the SEDM fishery through July 25; 5 AAC 09.366)

The Stepovak-Shumagin Setnet Association sued the BOF in early 1992 to stop the implementation of the *Post-June Salmon Management Plan for the South Alaska Peninsula* (5 AAC 09.366). On July 10, 1992, Alaska State Superior Court Judge Hopwood (Third Judicial District, Kodiak) granted an injunction staying the implementation of the new management plan. On July 13, traditional commercial salmon fishing periods resumed, and additional fishing time was provided as conditions warranted (Shaul et al. 1993).

In March 1993, the Alaska State Superior Court reconsidered the 1992 injunction. After reconsideration, the court agreed with the BOF and the *Post-June Salmon Management Plan* was reinstated. The *Post-June South Alaska Peninsula Management Plan* was in effect from 1993 to 1997.

The BOF made the following changes affecting the *Post-June Salmon Management Plan* during the January 1998 meeting:

1. For the period of July 6–21, the BOF increased nonterminal area fishing opportunities in early July. Fishing periods were limited to a maximum of 24 hours followed by a closure of at least 48 hours. Additional fishing time could be permitted in designated terminal harvest areas if escapements warranted; and

2. For the period of July 22–31, the BOF restricted continuous fishing in late July in nonterminal areas. Fishing periods in nonterminal areas were limited to 36 hours during July 22–31. Each open fishing period was followed by minimum closure of 48 hours. The BOF also established a 60,000 coho salmon cap in nonterminal areas during July 22–31. Additional fishing time could be permitted in designated terminal harvest areas if escapements warranted.

During the 2001 meeting, the BOF made only minor changes to the *Post-June Salmon Management Plan for the South Alaska Peninsula*. These changes included modifying terminal harvest area boundaries and clarifying the definition of immature salmon during ADF&G's July test fishery. For purposes of the test fishery, immature salmon were defined as those Chinook, sockeye, coho, and chum salmon that were gilled in the seine web during the test fishery.

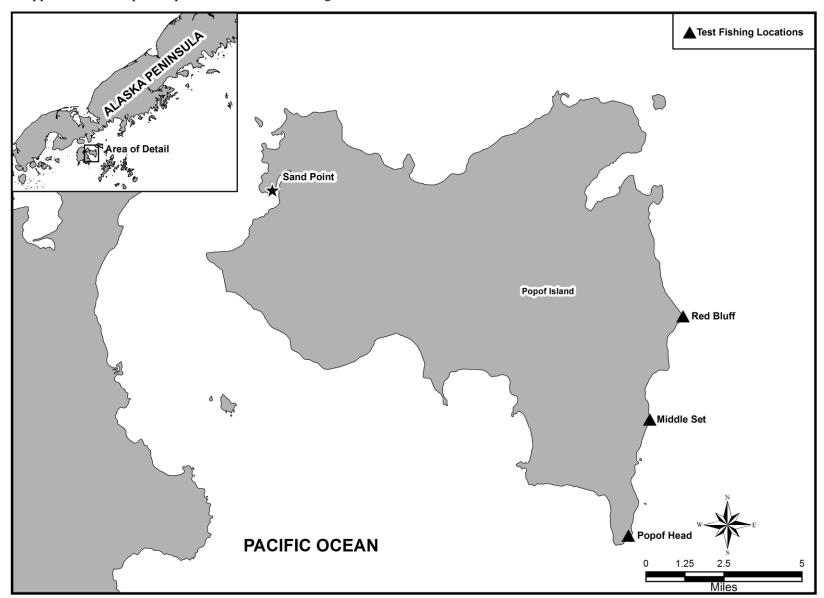
In 2004, the BOF adopted few changes to the *Post-June Salmon Management Plan for the South Alaska Peninsula*. The 60,000 coho salmon cap, enacted in 1998 for nonterminal areas from July 22 through July 31, was rescinded. The BOF also determined that the global positioning system (GPS) would be used to determine latitude and longitude coordinates throughout all salmon fisheries in Area M. In 2007, the BOF did not make any changes to the *Post-June Salmon Management Plan for the South Alaska Peninsula*.

During the 2010 Board of Fisheries meeting, the BOF adopted few changes to the *Post-June Salmon Management Plan for the South Alaska Peninsula*. The commercial salmon season was extended through October 31. The BOF increased the length of seine lead used by set gillnet gear from 10 fathoms to 25 fathoms. There was also a reduction in the minimum mesh size of set gillnet gear to 4½ inches in the Shumagin Islands after July 31, and in the SEDM after July 25.

During the 2013 meeting, the BOF made few changes to the schedule of the *Post-June Salmon Management Plan for the South Alaska Peninsula*. The first fishing period would begin at 6:00 AM on July 6 for 33 hours, followed by a 63-hour closure. After the initial fishing period, there would be six 36-hour fishing periods that would begin at 6:00 AM and be interspersed by 60-hour closures. All other components of the *Post-June Salmon Management Plan for the South Alaska Peninsula* would remain unchanged.

During the February 2016 meeting, the BOF made changes to the *Post-June Salmon Management Plan for the South Alaska Peninsula* by adopting regulation to limit the number of sockeye salmon harvested in the Western Alaska Salmon Stock Identification Program (WASSIP) described "Dolgoi Island Area" (statistical areas 283-15 through 283-26 and 284-36 through 284-42). From June 1 through July 25, a harvest limit of 191,000 sockeye salmon, based on fish ticket information, was created. Once this harvest limit is reached, the portion of the West Pavlof Bay Section south of Black Point (statistical area 283-26) and waters of the Volcano Bay Section (statistical areas 284-37 through 284-39) will be closed to commercial salmon fishing through July 25. However, the portion of West Pavlof Bay Section south of Black Point (statistical area 283-26) may reopen to commercial salmon fishing on July 17. All other statistical areas are managed in accordance with each prescribed management plan. In addition to the changes made in the "Dolgoi Islands Area", the BOF also repealed the minimum mesh size of a drift gillnet during the post-June fisheries. There is now no minimum mesh size in Area M for drift gillnet gear.

Appendix D4.–Map of Popof Island with test fishing sites defined.



 $Appendix\ D5. - Summary\ of\ the\ Shumagin\ Islands\ July\ salmon\ test\ fishery,\ 2019.$

		Number of immature salmon ^b								
Date	Number of sets ^a	Chinook	Avg/Set	Sockeye	Avg/Set	Chum	Avg/Set	Total	Avg/Set	
2-Jul	6	117	19.5	50	8.3	207	34.5	374	62.3	
3-Jul	6	128	21.3	44	7.3	101	16.8	275	45.8	
5-Jul	6	145	24.2	82	13.7	127	21.2	354	59.0	
Total	18	390	21.7	176	9.8	435	24.2	613	34.1	

^a Test fishing is standardized to purse seine gear, conducting 20-minute sets at Popof Head, Middle Set, and Red Bluff located on Popof Island.

b Less than 1 of coho salmon were observed in any set.

Appendix D6.—South Alaska Peninsula post-June commercial salmon harvest, all gear combined, by species, and by day, July 6–July 21, 2019 (not including test fishery).

_		Nuı	nber of salmon	l ^a		
Date	Chinook	Sockeye	Coho	Pink	Chum	Total
6-Jul	1,949	46,429	14,829	374,554	40,397	478,158
7-Jul	1,088	22,890	7,176	165,260	12,191	208,605
8-Jul ^b	_	_	_	_	_	_
9-Jul ^b	_	_	_	_	_	_
10-Jul	3,411	70,150	54,422	358,396	71,991	558,370
11-Jul	637	30,423	18,243	70,267	32,004	151,574
12-Jul ^b	_	_	_	_	_	_
13-Jul ^b	_	_	_	_	_	_
14-Jul	1,838	115,116	29,403	248,640	46,040	441,037
15-Jul	53	54,899	10,800	95,730	16,994	178,476
16-Jul ^b	_	_	_	_	_	_
17-Jul ^b	_	_	_	_	_	_
18-Jul	729	43,375	9,875	100,547	10,213	164,739
19-Jul	178	23,549	5,233	43,646	7,092	79,698
20-Jul ^b	_	_	_	_	_	_
21-Jul ^b						
Nonterminal total	9,883	406,831	149,981	1,457,040	236,922	2,260,657
6-Jul ^c	_	_	_	_	_	_
7-Jul ^c	_	_	_	_	_	_
8-Jul ^b	_	_	_	_	_	_
9-Jul ^b	_	_	_	_	_	_
10-Jul	0	511	0	48	12	571
11-Jul	0	863	3	150	57	1,073
12-Jul ^b	_	_	_	_	_	_
13-Jul ^b	_	_	_	_	_	_
14-Jul	1	2,616	10	552	99	3,278
15-Jul	0	1,708	0	363	205	2,276
16-Jul ^b	_	_	_	_	_	_
17-Jul ^b	_	_	_	_	_	_
18-Jul ^c	_	_	_	_	_	_
19-Jul ^c	_	_	_	_	_	_
20-Jul ^b	_	_	_	_	_	_
21-Jul ^b	_	_	_	_	_	_
Terminal total ^d	1	6,946	13	1,174	398	8,532
Total harvest Jul 6–21 ^d	9,884	413,777	149,994	1,458,214	237,320	2,269,189

^a Does not include test fishery harvests.

^b Fishery closed.

^c Confidential information.

^d Includes confidential harvest.

Appendix D7.—South Alaska Peninsula post-June commercial salmon harvest, all gear combined, by species, and by day, July 22–July 31, 2019.

_	Number of salmon ^a								
Date	Chinook	Sockeye	Coho	Pink	Chum	Total			
Nonterminal areas						_			
(including SEDM after July 25),									
all gear combined, by day	517	04.104	15 101	102.040	20.204	214 146			
22-Jul	517	84,194	15,101	193,940	20,394	314,146			
23-Jul	227	23,435	3,895	40,946	8,224	76,727			
24-Jul ^b	_	_	_	_	_	_			
25-Jul ^b	_	_	_	_	_	_			
26-Jul	490	79,586	13,489	198,886	22,157	314,608			
27-Jul	114	20,163	1,953	41,170	5,009	68,409			
28-Jul ^b	_	_	_	_	_	_			
29-Jul ^b	_	_	_	_	_	_			
30-Jul	260	48,612	8,186	290,792	15,764	363,614			
31-Jul	34	15,672	1,159	23,526	3,690	44,081			
Nonterminal total	1,642	271,662	43,783	789,260	75,238	1,181,585			
22-Jul	0	5,166	75	8,763	497	14,501			
23-Jul	0	1,844	116	4,433	863	7,256			
24-Jul ^b	_	_	_	_	_	_			
25-Jul ^b	_	_	_	_	_	_			
26-Jul	2	10,015	571	32,149	2,980	45,717			
27-Jul	0	584	42	436	100	1,162			
28-Jul ^b	_	_	_	_	_	_			
29-Jul ^b	_	_	_	_	_	_			
30-Jul	5	12,952	208	44,695	2,251	60,111			
31-Jul	0	4,381	92	38,884	5,099	48,456			
Terminal total	7	34,942	1,104	129,360	11,790	177,203			
Total harvest Jul 22–31	1,649	306,604	44,887	918,620	87,028	1,358,788			

^a Does not include test fishery harvests.

^b Fishery closed.

Appendix D8.—South Alaska Peninsula post-June commercial salmon harvest (including SEDM), all gear combined, by species, and by day, August 1–August 31, 2019.

		Number of salmon ^a										
Date	Chinook	Sockeye	Coho	Pink	Chum	Total						
1-Aug	0	4,752	53	18,566	715	24,086						
2-Aug	1	1,909	254	42,050	2,029	46,243						
3-Aug	0	461	36	12,933	1,006	14,436						
4-Aug ^b	_	_	_	_	_	_						
5-Aug	169	28,310	8,440	447,227	24,297	508,443						
6-Aug	119	37,142	7,498	420,856	27,634	493,249						
7-Aug	54	21,015	6,323	398,219	14,444	440,055						
8-Aug	50	18,201	4,635	304,725	17,928	345,539						
9-Aug	15	6,674	1,776	136,627	10,272	155,364						
10-Aug	9	7,267	3,055	274,975	9,498	294,804						
11-Aug	68	11,043	6,308	420,646	9,239	447,304						
12-Aug	30	11,093	7,169	550,388	12,889	581,569						
13-Aug	45	14,367	7,531	727,760	22,415	772,118						
14-Aug	5	3,284	2,313	274,276	13,978	293,856						
15-Aug	43	14,487	10,131	528,427	16,774	569,862						
16-Aug	11	8,317	11,007	329,258	18,426	367,019						
17-Aug	79	7,171	10,004	327,106	9,489	353,849						
18-Aug	64	5,814	9,070	333,825	7,740	356,513						
19-Aug	77	5,316	8,473	314,783	16,036	344,685						
20-Aug	39	6,319	16,782	345,878	8,302	377,320						
21-Aug	37	3,501	13,864	283,639	7,006	308,047						
22-Aug	27	8,661	22,440	563,541	8,968	603,637						
23-Aug	0	8,249	21,068	367,803	7,288	404,408						
24-Aug	7	7,921	14,715	303,709	6,124	332,476						
25-Aug	16	7,208	17,936	273,258	3,471	301,889						
26-Aug	0	4,587	10,585	262,825	4,752	282,749						
27-Aug	0	3,512	29,473	139,446	2,326	174,757						
28-Aug	0	1,436	11,299	192,677	1,952	207,364						
29-Aug	1	6,080	12,510	89,129	1,476	109,196						
30-Aug	1	2,260	17,988	98,085	4,237	122,571						
31-Aug	1	3,038	4,093	58,163	952	66,247						
Total	968	269,395	296,829	8,840,800	291,663	9,699,655						

^a Does not include test fishery harvests.

^b Fishery closed

Appendix D9.—South Alaska Peninsula fall fishery (September 1–October 31) commercial salmon harvest, by species and year, 1978–2019.

					Number of	salmon a,b		
Year	Permits	Landings	Chinook	Sockeye	Coho	Pink	Chum	Total
1978	21	51	0	808	4,651	0	5726	11,185
1979	25	60	0	2,375	17,468	54	5,307	25,204
1980	29	139	0	6,513	30,390	154	4,166	41,223
1981	31	115	0	10,004	21,016	0	220	31,240
1982	29	213	2	24,471	10,742	0	3,407	38,622
1983	48	334	35	25,493	14,945	1,254	2,958	44,685
1984	52	269	10	13,351	10,526	458	1,789	26,134
1985	55	182	5	4,002	14,725	290	6,960	25,982
1986	46	146	2	3,459	6,318	518	2,519	12,816
1987	65	323	12	23,332	22,040	1,499	52,079	98,962
1988	68	328	4	24,635	26,497	62,290	19,345	132,771
1989	60	363	12	34,932	15,724	281	10,058	61,007
1990	66	426	7	67,142	23,318	584	73,195	164,246
1991	52	273	2	20,056	20,337	0	16,183	56,578
1992	53	333	58	13,115	35,323	1,525	3,486	53,507
1993	50	248	31	16,386	16,965	515	2,918	36,815
1994	75	373	18	25,481	36,563	294	214,174	276,530
1995	55	473	3	110,657	26,083	1,710	9,860	148,313
1996	57	364	5	26,301	26,525	136	2,910	55,877
1997	51	513	30	76,965	36,447	3,568	6,199	123,209
1998	67	430	25	44,775	20,838	1,818	10,382	77,838
1999	58	503	12	118,064	17,622	12,353	3,668	151,719
2000	71	444	11	47,160	25,039	3,963	83,701	159,874
2001	34	382	16	97,717	17,317	1,824	2,894	119,768
2002	26	244	0	19,341	8,034	217	7,776	35,368
2003	23	257	8	57,641	27,891	0	559	86,099
2004	22	169	8	13,763	12,126	496	1,794	28,187
2005	13	58	0	5,581	9,580	0	306	15,467
2006	32	247	27	49,620	19,172	1,096	24,168	94,083
2007	28	136	2	22,523	5,657	11,130	17,984	57,296
2008	29	188	5	20,651	24,125	194,421	13,510	252,712
2009	36	164	4	9,301	14,876	38,195	84,834	147,210
2010	13	50	5	4,367	2,111	0	149	6,632
2011	16	60	3	5,511	6,192	1,374	25,141	38,221
2012	_	_	_	-	-	_	-	-
2013	22	78	8	10,114	5,043	821	1,668	17,654
2014	31	245	5	32,000	26,070	19	425	58,519
2015	16	107	0	13,554	3,036	944,181	29,238	990,009
2016	24	69	2	13,272	6,712	153	7,656	27,795
2017	26	78	13	8,458	24,939	722,816	21,579	777,805
2018	23	53	1	2,415	3,133	1,994	25,106	32,649
2019	31	61	5	3,812	25,357	258,378	1,459	289,011
Average 2009–2018	23	100	5	10,999	10,235	189,950	21,755	232,944

Note: average does not include years where no commercial fishing opportunity was provided (as in 2012).

^a Does not include test fishery harvests.

b Harvest from 1987–1990, 1992, 1993, 1995–1998, and 2002–2003 include catch from limited fishing periods in October.

Appendix D10.—South Alaska Peninsula post-June (July 1—October 31) commercial salmon harvest, (excluding Southeastern District Mainland harvest, July 1—July 25) all gear combined, by species and year, 1978–2019.

1979 165 2,446 972 209,755 350,770 6,3 1980 152 2,646 1,522 310,278 271,738 6,22 1981 167 2,502 4,190 218,667 158,846 4,5 1982 182 2,781 2,313 140,487 252,885 4,80 1983 201 2,667 11,726 292,536 124,431 2,41 2,1 1984 217 3,525 4,290 334,781 306,522 10,4 1985 213 2,787 688 272,059 169,137 4,2 1986 202 3,001 3,475 545,160 235,082 3,6 1987 233 2,692 3,881 410,755 224,543 1,1 1988 243 4,356 6,797 635,804 502,960 6,6 1989 274 3,993 4,106 825,372 2440,171 6,8 1999 261	lmon ^{a,b}		
1979 165 2,446 972 209,755 350,770 6,3 1980 152 2,646 1,522 310,278 271,738 6,2 1981 167 2,502 4,190 218,667 158,846 4,5 1982 182 2,781 2,313 140,487 252,885 4,8 1983 201 2,667 11,726 292,536 124,431 2,7 1984 217 3,525 4,290 334,781 306,522 10,4 1985 213 2,787 688 272,059 169,137 4,2 1986 202 3,001 3,475 545,160 235,082 3,6 1987 233 2,692 3,881 410,755 224,543 1,1 1988 243 4,356 6,797 635,804 502,960 6,6 1989 274 3,993 4,106 825,372 240,171 6,8 1990 261 3,257	Pink		Total
1980 152 2,646 1,522 310,278 271,738 6,22 1981 167 2,502 4,190 218,667 158,846 4,5 1982 182 2,781 2,313 140,487 252,885 4,8 1983 201 2,667 11,726 292,536 124,431 2,7 1984 217 3,525 4,290 334,781 306,522 10,44 1985 213 2,787 688 272,059 169,137 4,2 1986 202 3,001 3,475 545,160 235,082 3,6 1987 233 2,692 3,881 410,755 224,543 1,1 1988 243 4,356 6,797 635,804 502,960 6,7 1989 274 3,993 4,106 825,372 40,171 6,8 1990 261 3,257 5,480 875,237 248,725 9,9 1991 234 3,573	67,134	408,544	5,997,677
1981 167 2,502 4,190 218,667 158,846 4,5 1982 182 2,781 2,313 140,487 252,885 4,88 1983 201 2,667 11,726 292,536 124,431 2,7 1984 217 3,525 4,290 334,781 306,522 10,4 1985 213 2,787 688 272,059 169,137 4,2 1986 202 3,001 3,475 545,160 235,082 3,66 1987 233 2,692 3,881 410,755 224,543 1,13 1988 243 4,356 6,797 635,804 502,960 6,7 1989 274 3,993 4,106 825,372 240,171 6,8 1990 261 3,257 5,480 875,237 288,728 2,2 1991 234 3,573 2,423 465,874 311,825 9,9 1992 234 3,919 <td>65,911</td> <td>371,358</td> <td>7,298,766</td>	65,911	371,358	7,298,766
1982 182 2,781 2,313 140,487 252,885 4,80 1983 201 2,667 11,726 292,536 124,431 2,77 1984 217 3,525 4,290 334,781 306,522 10,44 1985 213 2,787 688 272,059 169,137 4,2 1986 202 3,001 3,475 545,160 235,082 3,6 1987 233 2,692 3,881 410,755 224,543 1,1 1988 243 4,356 6,797 635,804 502,960 6,7 1989 274 3,993 4,106 825,372 240,171 6,8 1990 261 3,257 5,480 875,237 288,728 2,2 1991 234 3,573 2,423 465,874 311,825 9,9 1992 234 3,919 4,096 767,735 418,065 9,1 1993 221 3,089 <td>95,345</td> <td></td> <td>7,663,909</td>	95,345		7,663,909
1983 201 2,667 11,726 292,536 124,431 2,76 1984 217 3,525 4,290 334,781 306,522 10,44 1985 213 2,787 688 272,059 169,137 4,2 1986 202 3,001 3,475 545,160 235,082 3,6 1987 233 2,692 3,881 410,755 224,543 1,1 1988 243 4,356 6,797 635,804 502,960 6,7 1989 274 3,993 4,106 825,372 240,171 6,8 1990 261 3,257 5,480 875,237 288,728 2,2 1991 234 3,573 2,423 465,874 311,825 9,9 1992 234 3,919 4,096 767,735 418,065 9,1 1993 221 3,089 3,768 499,624 214,667 9,7 1994 214 3,309 <td>64,926</td> <td>1,033,055</td> <td>5,979,684</td>	64,926	1,033,055	5,979,684
1984 217 3,525 4,290 334,781 306,522 10,4 1985 213 2,787 688 272,059 169,137 4,2 1986 202 3,001 3,475 545,160 235,082 3,6 1987 233 2,692 3,881 410,755 224,543 1,1 1989 274 3,993 4,106 825,372 440,171 6,8 1990 261 3,257 5,480 875,237 288,728 2,2 1991 234 3,573 2,423 465,874 311,825 9,9 1992 234 3,919 4,096 767,735 418,065 9,1 1993 221 3,089 3,768 499,624 214,667 9,7 1994 214 3,309 1,741 409,303 253,285 6,6 1995 207 3,823 2,128 734,744 255,908 16,0 1996 178 1,962	06,182	1,042,978	6,244,845
1985 213 2,787 688 272,059 169,137 4,22 1986 202 3,001 3,475 545,160 235,082 3,66 1987 233 2,692 3,881 410,755 224,543 1,13 1988 243 4,356 6,797 635,804 502,960 6,7 1989 274 3,993 4,106 825,372 440,171 6,8 1990 261 3,257 5,480 875,237 288,728 2,2 1991 234 3,573 2,423 465,874 311,825 9,9 1992 234 3,919 4,096 767,735 418,065 9,1 1993 221 3,089 3,768 499,624 214,667 9,7 1994 214 3,309 1,741 409,303 253,285 6,6 1995 207 3,823 2,128 734,744 255,908 16,0 1996 178 1,962 <td>60,452</td> <td>816,567</td> <td>4,005,712</td>	60,452	816,567	4,005,712
1986 202 3,001 3,475 545,160 235,082 3,61 1987 233 2,692 3,881 410,755 224,543 1,13 1988 243 4,356 6,797 635,804 502,960 6,74 1989 274 3,993 4,106 825,372 440,171 6,88 1990 261 3,257 5,480 875,237 288,728 2,22 1991 234 3,573 2,423 465,874 311,825 9,9 1992 234 3,919 4,096 767,735 418,065 9,1 1993 221 3,089 3,768 499,624 214,667 9,7 1994 214 3,309 1,741 409,303 253,285 6,6 1995 207 3,823 2,128 734,744 255,908 16,0 1996 178 1,962 2,075 216,234 276,193 1,7 1997 165 1,355	69,392	1,176,050	12,291,035
1987 233 2,692 3,881 410,755 224,543 1,13 1988 243 4,356 6,797 635,804 502,960 6,79 1989 274 3,993 4,106 825,372 440,171 6,8 1990 261 3,257 5,480 875,237 288,728 2,22 1991 234 3,573 2,423 465,874 311,825 9,9 1992 234 3,919 4,096 767,735 418,065 9,1 1993 221 3,089 3,768 499,624 214,667 9,7 1994 214 3,309 1,741 409,303 253,285 6,6 1995 207 3,823 2,128 734,744 255,908 16,0 1996 178 1,962 2,075 216,234 276,193 1,7 1997 165 1,355 1,204 310,481 109,950 1,6 1998 210 3,971 </td <td>49,809</td> <td>827,781</td> <td>5,519,474</td>	49,809	827,781	5,519,474
1988 243 4,356 6,797 635,804 502,960 6,7 1989 274 3,993 4,106 825,372 440,171 6,8 1990 261 3,257 5,480 875,237 288,728 2,2 1991 234 3,573 2,423 465,874 311,825 9,9 1992 234 3,919 4,096 767,735 418,065 9,1 1993 221 3,089 3,768 499,624 214,667 9,7 1994 214 3,309 1,741 409,303 253,285 6,6 1995 207 3,823 2,128 734,744 255,908 16,0 1996 178 1,962 2,075 216,234 276,193 1,7 1997 165 1,355 1,204 310,481 109,950 1,6 1998 210 3,971 1,793 763,810 150,693 7,4 1999 185 4,211 1,612 1,368,315 191,603 8,3 2000 180	98,727	1,346,879	5,829,323
1989 274 3,993 4,106 825,372 440,171 6,8° 1990 261 3,257 5,480 875,237 288,728 2,2° 1991 234 3,573 2,423 465,874 311,825 9,9° 1992 234 3,919 4,096 767,735 418,065 9,1 1993 221 3,089 3,768 499,624 214,667 9,7° 1994 214 3,309 1,741 409,303 253,285 6,6° 1995 207 3,823 2,128 734,744 255,908 16,0° 1996 178 1,962 2,075 216,234 276,193 1,7° 1997 165 1,355 1,204 310,481 109,950 1,6° 1998 210 3,971 1,793 763,810 150,693 7,4 1999 185 4,211 1,612 1,368,315 191,603 8,3° 2000 180 2,897 2,088 532,467 249,973 3,1° 2002 11	89,211	911,414	2,739,804
1990 261 3,257 5,480 875,237 288,728 2,21 1991 234 3,573 2,423 465,874 311,825 9,99 1992 234 3,919 4,096 767,735 418,065 9,1 1993 221 3,089 3,768 499,624 214,667 9,7 1994 214 3,309 1,741 409,303 253,285 6,6 1995 207 3,823 2,128 734,744 255,908 16,0 1996 178 1,962 2,075 216,234 276,193 1,7 1997 165 1,355 1,204 310,481 109,950 1,6 1998 210 3,971 1,793 763,810 150,693 7,4 1999 185 4,211 1,612 1,368,315 191,603 8,3 2000 180 2,897 2,088 532,467 249,973 3,1 2001 175 2,436<	67,066	1,307,053	9,219,680
1991 234 3,573 2,423 465,874 311,825 9,9 1992 234 3,919 4,096 767,735 418,065 9,1 1993 221 3,089 3,768 499,624 214,667 9,7 1994 214 3,309 1,741 409,303 253,285 6,6 1995 207 3,823 2,128 734,744 255,908 16,0 1996 178 1,962 2,075 216,234 276,193 1,7 1997 165 1,355 1,204 310,481 109,950 1,6 1998 210 3,971 1,793 763,810 150,693 7,4 1999 185 4,211 1,612 1,368,315 191,603 8,3 2000 180 2,897 2,088 532,467 249,973 3,1 2001 175 2,436 2,098 356,841 212,936 3,9 2002 112 1,556 3,411 290,606 197,323 1,9 2003 102	79,878	531,759	8,681,286
1992 234 3,919 4,096 767,735 418,065 9,1 1993 221 3,089 3,768 499,624 214,667 9,7 1994 214 3,309 1,741 409,303 253,285 6,6 1995 207 3,823 2,128 734,744 255,908 16,0 1996 178 1,962 2,075 216,234 276,193 1,7 1997 165 1,355 1,204 310,481 109,950 1,6 1998 210 3,971 1,793 763,810 150,693 7,4 1999 185 4,211 1,612 1,368,315 191,603 8,3 2000 180 2,897 2,088 532,467 249,973 3,1 2001 175 2,436 2,098 356,841 212,936 3,9 2002 112 1,556 3,411 290,606 197,323 1,9 2003 102 1,673 1,079 377,805 128,620 3,9 2004 103	99,161	672,937	4,141,543
1993 221 3,089 3,768 499,624 214,667 9,76 1994 214 3,309 1,741 409,303 253,285 6,6 1995 207 3,823 2,128 734,744 255,908 16,00 1996 178 1,962 2,075 216,234 276,193 1,7 1997 165 1,355 1,204 310,481 109,950 1,6 1998 210 3,971 1,793 763,810 150,693 7,4 1999 185 4,211 1,612 1,368,315 191,603 8,33 2000 180 2,897 2,088 532,467 249,973 3,13 2001 175 2,436 2,098 356,841 212,936 3,9 2002 112 1,556 3,411 290,606 197,323 1,9 2003 102 1,673 1,079 377,805 128,620 3,9 2004 103 1,62	52,671	788,955	11,521,748
1994 214 3,309 1,741 409,303 253,285 6,6 1995 207 3,823 2,128 734,744 255,908 16,00 1996 178 1,962 2,075 216,234 276,193 1,7- 1997 165 1,355 1,204 310,481 109,950 1,60 1998 210 3,971 1,793 763,810 150,693 7,4 1999 185 4,211 1,612 1,368,315 191,603 8,3 2000 180 2,897 2,088 532,467 249,973 3,1 2001 175 2,436 2,098 356,841 212,936 3,9 2002 112 1,556 3,411 290,606 197,323 1,9 2003 102 1,673 1,079 377,805 128,620 3,9 2004 103 1,629 2,238 641,326 230,443 6,2 2005 111 2,090 1,335 1,087,549 135,668 7,4 2006 16	11,099	867,944	11,168,939
1995 207 3,823 2,128 734,744 255,908 16,00 1996 178 1,962 2,075 216,234 276,193 1,7 1997 165 1,355 1,204 310,481 109,950 1,6 1998 210 3,971 1,793 763,810 150,693 7,4 1999 185 4,211 1,612 1,368,315 191,603 8,3 2000 180 2,897 2,088 532,467 249,973 3,1 2001 175 2,436 2,098 356,841 212,936 3,9 2002 112 1,556 3,411 290,606 197,323 1,9 2003 102 1,673 1,079 377,805 128,620 3,9 2004 103 1,629 2,238 641,326 230,443 6,2 2005 111 2,090 1,335 1,087,549 135,668 7,4 2006 116 2,392	68,653	505,720	10,992,432
1996 178 1,962 2,075 216,234 276,193 1,72 1997 165 1,355 1,204 310,481 109,950 1,66 1998 210 3,971 1,793 763,810 150,693 7,4 1999 185 4,211 1,612 1,368,315 191,603 8,3 2000 180 2,897 2,088 532,467 249,973 3,1 2001 175 2,436 2,098 356,841 212,936 3,9 2002 112 1,556 3,411 290,606 197,323 1,9 2003 102 1,673 1,079 377,805 128,620 3,9 2004 103 1,629 2,238 641,326 230,443 6,2 2005 111 2,090 1,335 1,087,549 135,668 7,4 2006 116 2,392 886 840,225 164,186 2,8 2007 116 2,648 676 848,832 149,322 7,0 2008 134	48,561	1,593,751	8,906,641
1997 165 1,355 1,204 310,481 109,950 1,6 1998 210 3,971 1,793 763,810 150,693 7,4 1999 185 4,211 1,612 1,368,315 191,603 8,3 2000 180 2,897 2,088 532,467 249,973 3,1 2001 175 2,436 2,098 356,841 212,936 3,9 2002 112 1,556 3,411 290,606 197,323 1,9 2003 102 1,673 1,079 377,805 128,620 3,9 2004 103 1,629 2,238 641,326 230,443 6,2 2005 111 2,090 1,335 1,087,549 135,668 7,4 2006 116 2,392 886 840,225 164,186 2,8 2007 116 2,648 676 848,832 149,322 7,0 2008 134 2,653 1,380 493,966 224,976 10,7 2010 139	79,640	1,158,417	18,230,837
1998 210 3,971 1,793 763,810 150,693 7,44 1999 185 4,211 1,612 1,368,315 191,603 8,33 2000 180 2,897 2,088 532,467 249,973 3,13 2001 175 2,436 2,098 356,841 212,936 3,9 2002 112 1,556 3,411 290,606 197,323 1,93 2003 102 1,673 1,079 377,805 128,620 3,9 2004 103 1,629 2,238 641,326 230,443 6,2 2005 111 2,090 1,335 1,087,549 135,668 7,4 2006 116 2,392 886 840,225 164,186 2,8 2007 116 2,648 676 848,832 149,322 7,0 2008 134 2,653 1,380 493,966 224,976 10,70 2010 139 1,165 3,848 287,491 161,698 49 2011 167	44,707	381,522	2,620,731
1999 185 4,211 1,612 1,368,315 191,603 8,31 2000 180 2,897 2,088 532,467 249,973 3,11 2001 175 2,436 2,098 356,841 212,936 3,9 2002 112 1,556 3,411 290,606 197,323 1,9 2003 102 1,673 1,079 377,805 128,620 3,9 2004 103 1,629 2,238 641,326 230,443 6,2 2005 111 2,090 1,335 1,087,549 135,668 7,4 2006 116 2,392 886 840,225 164,186 2,8 2007 116 2,648 676 848,832 149,322 7,0 2008 134 2,653 1,380 493,966 224,976 10,7 2009 124 2,228 1,891 404,346 246,350 5,59 2010 139 1,165 3,848 287,491 161,698 49 2012 181	81,374	277,559	2,380,568
2000 180 2,897 2,088 532,467 249,973 3,13 2001 175 2,436 2,098 356,841 212,936 3,93 2002 112 1,556 3,411 290,606 197,323 1,93 2003 102 1,673 1,079 377,805 128,620 3,9 2004 103 1,629 2,238 641,326 230,443 6,2 2005 111 2,090 1,335 1,087,549 135,668 7,4 2006 116 2,392 886 840,225 164,186 2,8 2007 116 2,648 676 848,832 149,322 7,0 2008 134 2,653 1,380 493,966 224,976 10,7 2009 124 2,228 1,891 404,346 246,350 5,5 2010 139 1,165 3,848 287,491 161,698 49 2011 167 1,823 3,348 334,883 151,009 4,22 2012 181	42,498	456,456	8,815,250
2001 175 2,436 2,098 356,841 212,936 3,93 2002 112 1,556 3,411 290,606 197,323 1,93 2003 102 1,673 1,079 377,805 128,620 3,9 2004 103 1,629 2,238 641,326 230,443 6,2 2005 111 2,090 1,335 1,087,549 135,668 7,4 2006 116 2,392 886 840,225 164,186 2,8 2007 116 2,648 676 848,832 149,322 7,0 2008 134 2,653 1,380 493,966 224,976 10,70 2009 124 2,228 1,891 404,346 246,350 5,50 2010 139 1,165 3,848 287,491 161,698 45 2011 167 1,823 3,348 334,883 151,009 4,22 2012 181 1,113 1,197 253,841 90,619 15 2013 198	82,239	567,950	10,511,719
2002 112 1,556 3,411 290,606 197,323 1,92 2003 102 1,673 1,079 377,805 128,620 3,9 2004 103 1,629 2,238 641,326 230,443 6,2 2005 111 2,090 1,335 1,087,549 135,668 7,4 2006 116 2,392 886 840,225 164,186 2,8 2007 116 2,648 676 848,832 149,322 7,0 2008 134 2,653 1,380 493,966 224,976 10,7 2009 124 2,228 1,891 404,346 246,350 5,5 2010 139 1,165 3,848 287,491 161,698 44 2011 167 1,823 3,348 334,883 151,009 4,22 2012 181 1,113 1,197 253,841 90,619 18 2013 198 2,685 3,767 436,059 275,885 7,10 2014 156 <	35,286	790,817	4,710,631
2003 102 1,673 1,079 377,805 128,620 3,9 2004 103 1,629 2,238 641,326 230,443 6,2 2005 111 2,090 1,335 1,087,549 135,668 7,4 2006 116 2,392 886 840,225 164,186 2,8 2007 116 2,648 676 848,832 149,322 7,0 2008 134 2,653 1,380 493,966 224,976 10,70 2009 124 2,228 1,891 404,346 246,350 5,59 2010 139 1,165 3,848 287,491 161,698 44 2011 167 1,823 3,348 334,883 151,009 4,22 2012 181 1,113 1,197 253,841 90,619 18 2013 198 2,685 3,767 436,059 275,885 7,10 2014 156 1,811 4,990 767,167 294,341 5 2015 155 <t< td=""><td>39,910</td><td>834,453</td><td>5,346,238</td></t<>	39,910	834,453	5,346,238
2004 103 1,629 2,238 641,326 230,443 6,24 2005 111 2,090 1,335 1,087,549 135,668 7,44 2006 116 2,392 886 840,225 164,186 2,8 2007 116 2,648 676 848,832 149,322 7,0 2008 134 2,653 1,380 493,966 224,976 10,70 2009 124 2,228 1,891 404,346 246,350 5,50 2010 139 1,165 3,848 287,491 161,698 40 2011 167 1,823 3,348 334,883 151,009 4,20 2012 181 1,113 1,197 253,841 90,619 10 2013 198 2,685 3,767 436,059 275,885 7,10 2014 156 1,811 4,990 767,167 294,341 5 2015 155 3,115 6,457 1,858,238 237,646 16,00 2016 118	50,760	421,461	2,863,561
2005 111 2,090 1,335 1,087,549 135,668 7,4 2006 116 2,392 886 840,225 164,186 2,8 2007 116 2,648 676 848,832 149,322 7,0 2008 134 2,653 1,380 493,966 224,976 10,7 2009 124 2,228 1,891 404,346 246,350 5,5 2010 139 1,165 3,848 287,491 161,698 4 2011 167 1,823 3,348 334,883 151,009 4,2 2012 181 1,113 1,197 253,841 90,619 13 2013 198 2,685 3,767 436,059 275,885 7,10 2014 156 1,811 4,990 767,167 294,341 5 2015 155 3,115 6,457 1,858,238 237,646 16,00 2016 118 1,127 6,804 808,806 176,838 3	10,916	342,595	4,761,015
2006 116 2,392 886 840,225 164,186 2,82 2007 116 2,648 676 848,832 149,322 7,02 2008 134 2,653 1,380 493,966 224,976 10,76 2009 124 2,228 1,891 404,346 246,350 5,59 2010 139 1,165 3,848 287,491 161,698 44 2011 167 1,823 3,348 334,883 151,009 4,22 2012 181 1,113 1,197 253,841 90,619 15 2013 198 2,685 3,767 436,059 275,885 7,10 2014 156 1,811 4,990 767,167 294,341 5 2015 155 3,115 6,457 1,858,238 237,646 16,00 2016 118 1,127 6,804 808,806 176,838 3	48,298	301,972	7,424,277
2007 116 2,648 676 848,832 149,322 7,02 2008 134 2,653 1,380 493,966 224,976 10,70 2009 124 2,228 1,891 404,346 246,350 5,59 2010 139 1,165 3,848 287,491 161,698 49 2011 167 1,823 3,348 334,883 151,009 4,22 2012 181 1,113 1,197 253,841 90,619 15 2013 198 2,685 3,767 436,059 275,885 7,10 2014 156 1,811 4,990 767,167 294,341 5 2015 155 3,115 6,457 1,858,238 237,646 16,02 2016 118 1,127 6,804 808,806 176,838 3	49,031	301,997	8,975,580
2008 134 2,653 1,380 493,966 224,976 10,70 2009 124 2,228 1,891 404,346 246,350 5,50 2010 139 1,165 3,848 287,491 161,698 40 2011 167 1,823 3,348 334,883 151,009 4,22 2012 181 1,113 1,197 253,841 90,619 10 2013 198 2,685 3,767 436,059 275,885 7,16 2014 156 1,811 4,990 767,167 294,341 56 2015 155 3,115 6,457 1,858,238 237,646 16,03 2016 118 1,127 6,804 808,806 176,838 33	51,820	864,720	4,721,837
2009 124 2,228 1,891 404,346 246,350 5,59 2010 139 1,165 3,848 287,491 161,698 49 2011 167 1,823 3,348 334,883 151,009 4,22 2012 181 1,113 1,197 253,841 90,619 19 2013 198 2,685 3,767 436,059 275,885 7,16 2014 156 1,811 4,990 767,167 294,341 54 2015 155 3,115 6,457 1,858,238 237,646 16,03 2016 118 1,127 6,804 808,806 176,838 33	31,802	382,248	8,412,880
2010 139 1,165 3,848 287,491 161,698 44 2011 167 1,823 3,348 334,883 151,009 4,22 2012 181 1,113 1,197 253,841 90,619 18 2013 198 2,685 3,767 436,059 275,885 7,10 2014 156 1,811 4,990 767,167 294,341 56 2015 155 3,115 6,457 1,858,238 237,646 16,03 2016 118 1,127 6,804 808,806 176,838 33	04,645	385,333	11,810,300
2011 167 1,823 3,348 334,883 151,009 4,22 2012 181 1,113 1,197 253,841 90,619 13 2013 198 2,685 3,767 436,059 275,885 7,10 2014 156 1,811 4,990 767,167 294,341 56 2015 155 3,115 6,457 1,858,238 237,646 16,03 2016 118 1,127 6,804 808,806 176,838 33	91,664	968,314	7,212,565
2012 181 1,113 1,197 253,841 90,619 13 2013 198 2,685 3,767 436,059 275,885 7,16 2014 156 1,811 4,990 767,167 294,341 54 2015 155 3,115 6,457 1,858,238 237,646 16,03 2016 118 1,127 6,804 808,806 176,838 33	86,748	444,245	1,384,030
2013 198 2,685 3,767 436,059 275,885 7,10 2014 156 1,811 4,990 767,167 294,341 50 2015 155 3,115 6,457 1,858,238 237,646 16,03 2016 118 1,127 6,804 808,806 176,838 33	21,915	502,924	5,214,079
2014 156 1,811 4,990 767,167 294,341 5-767,167 2015 155 3,115 6,457 1,858,238 237,646 16,02 2016 118 1,127 6,804 808,806 176,838 33	86,045	195,880	727,582
2015 155 3,115 6,457 1,858,238 237,646 16,02 2016 118 1,127 6,804 808,806 176,838 33	62,950	510,111	8,388,772
2016 118 1,127 6,804 808,806 176,838 3	40,949	111,788	1,719,235
	32,286	484,644	18,619,271
	39,864	139,519	1,471,831
2017 139 3,192 4,672 1,166,129 348,154 20,09	99,320	1,302,507	22,920,782
2018 135 1,280 12,867 507,454 259,341 4	16,590	458,947	1,655,199
2019 171 3,094 12,506 993,588 517,067 11,4	76,012	617,470	13,616,643
Average 2009–2018 151 1,954 4,984 682,441 224,188 5,56	07,833	511,888	6,931,335

^a Does not include test fishery harvests.

^b Harvest from 1987–1990, 1992, 1993, 1995, and 2002–2003 include catch from limited fishing periods in October.

Appendix D11.—South Alaska Peninsula post-June (July 1—October 31) commercial salmon harvest, (including Southeastern District Mainland harvest) all gear combined, by species and year, 1978–2019.

		_			Number	of salmon ^{a,b}		
Year	Permits	Landings	Chinook	Sockeye	Coho	Pink	Chum	Total
1978	123	2,187	222	74,839	60,771	550,177	423,532	1,109,541
1979	165	2,699	1,049	283,352	356,562	6,409,584	378,712	7,429,259
1980	152	2,948	1,569	371,638	273,328	6,335,159	843,988	7,825,682
1981	168	2,940	4,415	316,945	161,899	4,581,643	1,201,454	6,266,356
1982	183	3,361	2,566	177,160	254,798	5,016,065	1,171,508	6,622,097
1983	210	3,210	12,833	522,913	127,157	2,771,744	917,198	4,351,845
1984	217	4,251	4,913	525,275	310,910	10,668,889	1,312,347	12,822,334
1985	213	2,970	724	294,782	170,046	4,323,885	912,580	5,702,017
1986	202	3,444	3,586	687,525	235,852	3,739,423	1,394,332	6,060,718
1987	233	2,926	3,935	463,090	224,740	1,191,512	929,782	2,813,059
1988	243	4,701	7,011	716,964	505,278	6,864,600	1,381,796	9,475,649
1989	274	4,185	4,225	909,393	441,397	7,089,895	538,177	8,983,087
1990	261	3,663	6,164	1,039,265	305,509	2,346,043	715,940	4,412,921
1991	234	3,889	2,807	570,688	313,210	9,977,423	797,890	11,662,018
1992	234	4,329	4,133	872,847	418,189	9,126,950	884,505	11,306,624
1993	222	3,686	4,545	641,103	218,871	9,846,906	514,405	11,225,830
1994	214	3,745	1,825	542,322	254,298	6,657,000	1,596,247	9,051,692
1995	208	4,227	2,197	827,772	258,131	16,132,189	1,175,556	18,395,845
1996	180	2,821	2,285	392,551	280,033	1,816,358	413,525	2,904,752
1997	168	2,550	1,350	615,228	111,334	1,697,989	283,929	2,709,830
1998	210	4,336	2,100	880,941	153,652	7,567,528	466,385	9,070,606
1999	186	4,357	1,651	1,415,509	192,498	8,425,091	572,609	10,607,358
2000	180	3,805	2,183	656,086	256,940	3,192,461	816,096	4,923,766
2001	178	3,006	2,275	461,136	214,250	3,982,130	884,593	5,544,384
2002	116	2,321	3,724	407,582	202,712	2,093,251	437,533	3,144,802
2003	106	2,492	1,289	553,301	130,852	4,039,946	353,704	5,079,092
2004	108	2,229	2,507	804,977	234,971	6,305,840	306,812	7,655,107
2005	111	2,253	1,379	1,244,326	141,692	7,754,815	309,551	9,451,763
2006	116	2,506	915	917,738	166,991	2,929,505	877,979	4,893,128
2007	116	2,648	676	848,832	149,322	7,031,802	382,248	8,412,880
2008	135	2,955	1,409	525,635	225,481	10,738,782	391,472	11,882,779
2009	127	2,968	2,011	556,111	248,349	5,651,463	983,944	7,441,878
2010	142	1,886	4,712	417,791	164,610	501,342	515,260	1,603,715
2011	175	2,589	3,595	452,133	153,291	4,268,929	541,785	5,419,733
2012	193	1,847	1,247	409,338	91,906	228,531	226,252	957,274
2013	206	3,670	4,372	572,909	293,524	7,489,200	549,535	8,909,540
2014	156	1,811	4,990	767,167	294,341	540,949	111,788	1,719,235
2015	158	3,458	6,688	2,091,856	245,459	16,110,498	496,888	18,951,389
2016	123	1,813	7,305	1,102,997	183,388	360,487	153,044	1,807,221
2017	141	3,311	4,677	1,205,385	348,308	20,103,322	1,305,981	22,967,673
2018	135	1,280	12,867	507,454	259,341	416,590	458,947	1,655,199
2019	171	3,094	12,506	993,588	517,067	11,476,012	617,470	13,616,643
Average 2009–2018	156	2,631	4,101	810,132	224,866	6,599,350	527,595	8,166,044
a Does not include test			,	- , - —	,	, - ,	. , =	, ,

^a Does not include test fishery harvests.

^b Harvest from 1987–1990, 1992, 1993, 1995–1998, and 2002–2003 include catch from limited openings in October.

Appendix D12.—South Alaska Peninsula post-June (July 1—October 31) commercial Chinook salmon harvest (including Southeastern District Mainland harvest) by gear and year, 1978–2019.

	Purse s	seine	Drift gi	llnet	Set gill	lnet	
Year ^a	Number ^b	Percent	Number ^b	Percent	Number ^b	Percent	Total
1978	204	91.9	0	0.0	18	8.1	222
1979	981	93.5	2	0.2	66	6.3	1,049
1980	1,495	95.3	0	0.0	74	4.7	1,569
1981	4,280	96.9	0	0.0	135	3.1	4,415
1982	2,294	89.4	90	3.5	182	7.1	2,566
1983	12,552	97.8	78	0.6	203	1.6	12,833
1984	4,338	88.3	161	3.3	414	8.4	4,913
1985	625	86.3	24	3.3	75	10.4	724
1986	3,395	94.7	24	0.7	167	4.7	3,586
1987	3,700	94.0	64	1.6	171	4.3	3,935
1988	6,586	93.9	142	2.0	283	4.0	7,011
1989	3,584	84.8	295	7.0	346	8.2	4,225
1990	5,605	90.9	122	2.0	437	7.1	6,164
1991	2,085	74.3	62	2.2	660	23.5	2,807
1992	3,724	92.2	47	1.2	269	6.7	4,040
1993	3,666	85.2	111	2.6	524	12.2	4,301
1994	1,321	76.5	25	1.4	380	22.0	1,726
1995	1,556	74.8	34	1.6	489	23.5	2,079
1996	1,839	86.6	28	1.3	257	12.1	2,124
1997	1,161	86.0	18	1.3	171	12.7	1,350
1998	1,768	84.2	18	0.9	314	15.0	2,100
1999	1,367	84.4	15	0.9	237	14.6	1,619
2000	1,983	91.1	19	0.9	174	8.0	2,176
2001	1,732	88.5	19	1.0	206	10.5	1,957
2002	3,245	87.1	2	0.1	477	12.8	3,724
2003	961	74.6	7	0.5	321	24.9	1,289
2004	2,088	83.3	1	0.0	418	16.7	2,507
2005	1,296	94.0	2	0.1	81	5.9	1,379
2006	674	73.7	1	0.1	240	26.2	915
2007	570	84.3	1	0.1	105	15.5	676
2008	1,236	87.7	15	1.1	158	11.2	1,409
2009	1,819	90.5	11	0.5	181	9.0	2,011
2010	4,571	97.0	31	0.7	110	2.3	4,712
2011	3,158	87.8	123	3.4	314	8.7	3,595
2012	1,002	80.4	206	16.5	39	3.1	1,247
2013	3,665	83.8	343	7.8	364	8.3	4,372
2014	4,924	98.7	34	0.7	32	0.6	4,990
2015	6,541	97.8	26	0.4	121	1.8	6,688
2016	7,024	96.2	4	0.1	277	3.8	7,305
2017	4,620	98.8	0	0.0	57	1.2	4,677
2018	12,626	98.1	3	0.0	238	1.8	12,867
2019	12,479	99.8	1	0.0	26	0.2	12,506
Average 2009–2018	4,995	92.9	78	3.0	173	4.1	5,246

^a Harvest from 1987–1990, 1992, 1993, 1995–1998, and 2002–2003 include catch from limited openings in October.

b Does not include test fishery harvest.

Appendix D13.—South Alaska Peninsula post-June (July 1—October 31) commercial sockeye salmon harvest (including Southeastern District Mainland harvest) by gear and year, 1978–2019.

	Purse se	eine	Drift gi	llnet	Set gill	net	
Year ^a	Numberb	Percent	Numberb	Percent	Numberb	Percent	Total
1978	57,448	76.8	0	0.0	17,391	23.2	74,839
1979	193,629	68.3	1,097	0.4	88,626	31.3	283,352
1980	260,433	70.1	398	0.1	110,807	29.8	371,638
1981	171,658	54.2	1,388	0.4	143,899	45.4	316,945
1982	92,784	52.4	13,472	7.6	70,904	40.0	177,160
1983	258,763	49.5	19,005	3.6	245,145	46.9	522,913
1984	240,959	45.9	26,698	5.1	257,618	49.0	525,275
1985	178,953	60.7	18,441	6.3	97,388	33.0	294,782
1986	412,251	60.0	30,261	4.4	245,013	35.6	687,525
1987	238,678	51.5	39,360	8.5	185,052	40.0	463,090
1988	423,852	59.1	44,657	6.2	248,455	34.7	716,964
1989	470,465	51.7	86,343	9.5	352,585	38.8	909,393
1990	524,630	50.5	132,907	12.8	381,728	36.7	1,039,265
1991	232,338	40.7	21,721	3.8	316,629	55.5	570,688
1992	443,201	50.9	44,935	5.2	382,491	43.9	870,627
1993	288,648	45.1	23,421	3.7	327,273	51.2	639,342
1994	147,337	27.2	18,134	3.4	375,637	69.4	541,108
1995	368,688	44.8	21,505	2.6	433,594	52.6	823,787
1996	80,819	20.7	5,776	1.5	304,043	77.8	390,638
1997	123,940	20.1	24,278	3.9	467,010	75.9	615,228
1998	381,734	43.4	35,569	4.0	462,960	52.6	880,263
1999	680,344	48.5	35,100	2.5	687,592	49.0	1,403,036
2000	212,658	32.5	20,587	3.1	421,287	64.4	654,532
2001	96,249	21.2	28,932	6.4	329,631	72.5	454,812
2002	118,441	29.1	15,783	3.9	273,358	67.1	407,582
2003	162,365	29.3	16,093	2.9	374,843	67.7	553,301
2004	400,982	49.8	21,452	2.7	382,543	47.5	804,977
2005	657,543	52.8	8,492	0.7	578,291	46.5	1,244,326
2006	414,302	45.1	2,702	0.3	500,734	54.6	917,738
2007	477,594	56.3	6,626	0.8	364,612	43.0	848,832
2008	321,396	61.1	12,629	2.4	191,610	36.5	525,635
2009	248,639	44.7	7,800	1.4	299,672	53.9	556,111
2010	175,804	42.1	13,877	3.3	228,110	54.6	417,791
2011	210,003	46.4	23,941	5.3	218,189	48.3	452,133
2012	168,419	41.1	56,039	13.7	184,880	45.2	409,338
2013	297,320	51.9	51,316	9.0	224,273	39.1	572,909
2014	415,107	54.1	60,662	7.9	291,398	38.0	767,167
2015	1,234,053	59.0	56,789	2.7	801,014	38.3	2,091,856
2016	562,059	51.0	7,067	0.6	533,871	48.4	1,102,997
2017	725,108	60.2	44,017	3.7	436,260	36.2	1,205,385
2018	338,982	66.8	17,223	3.4	151,249	29.8	507,454
2019	657,582	66.2	12,991	1.3	323,015	32.5	993,588
Average 2009–2018		51.7	33,873	5.1	336,892	43.2	808,314

^a Harvest from 1987–1990, 1992, 1993, 1995–1998, and 2002–2003 include catch from limited openings in October.

^b Does not include test fishery harvest.

Appendix D14.—South Alaska Peninsula post-June (July 1–October 31) commercial coho salmon harvest (including Southeastern District Mainland harvest) by gear and year, 1978–2019.

	Purse s	seine	Drift g	illnet	Set gill	Inet		
Year ^a	Number ^b	Percent	Number ^b	Percent	Number ^b	Percent	Total	
1978	57,842	95.2	0	0.0	2,929	4.8	60,771	
1979	346,021	97.0	33	0.0	10,508	2.9	356,562	
1980	249,602	91.3	0	0.0	23,726	8.7	273,328	
1981	155,653	96.1	10	0.0	6,236	3.9	161,899	
1982	219,462	86.1	19,202	7.5	16,134	6.3	254,798	
1983	109,822	86.4	3,658	2.9	13,677	10.8	127,157	
1984	247,342	79.6	37,805	12.2	25,763	8.3	310,910	
1985	128,931	75.8	18,033	10.6	23,082	13.6	170,046	
1986	203,505	86.3	18,901	8.0	13,446	5.7	235,852	
1987	169,763	75.5	30,445	13.5	24,532	10.9	224,740	
1988	389,723	77.1	75,445	14.9	40,110	7.9	505,278	
1989	305,558	69.2	88,376	20.0	47,463	10.8	441,397	
1990	224,354	73.4	42,659	14.0	38,496	12.6	305,509	
1991	199,104	63.6	51,215	16.4	62,891	20.1	313,210	
1992	294,100	70.9	58,621	14.1	62,184	15.0	414,905	
1993	148,565	69.4	26,364	12.3	39,050	18.2	213,979	
1994	161,903	64.7	24,980	10.0	63,196	25.3	250,079	
1995	185,974	73.1	26,020	10.2	42,477	16.7	254,471	
1996	197,800	74.0	22,561	8.4	47,017	17.6	267,378	
1997	47,254	42.4	19,855	17.8	44,225	39.7	111,334	
1998	83,205	54.2	30,219	19.7	40,204	26.2	153,628	
1999	143,560	74.6	11,734	6.1	37,186	19.3	192,480	
2000	180,030	70.1	33,632	13.1	43,179	16.8	256,841	
2001	149,064	70.7	30,125	14.3	31,708	15.0	210,897	
2002	165,305	81.5	11,567	5.7	25,840	12.7	202,712	
2003	74,947	57.3	11,253	8.6	44,652	34.1	130,852	
2004	174,961	74.5	9,115	3.9	50,895	21.7	234,971	
2005	105,844	74.7	3,829	2.7	32,019	22.6	141,692	
2006	120,089	71.9	2,353	1.4	44,549	26.7	166,991	
2007	120,881	81.0	4,126	2.8	24,315	16.3	149,322	
2008	166,130	73.7	21,815	9.7	37,536	16.6	225,481	
2009	213,281	85.9	10,549	4.2	24,519	9.9	248,349	
2010	143,675	87.3	10,552	6.4	10,383	6.3	164,610	
2011	110,317	72.0	20,241	13.2	22,733	14.8	153,291	
2012	52,121	56.7	36,106	39.3	3,679	4.0	91,906	
2013	158,785	54.1	108,273	36.9	26,466	9.0	293,524	
2014	195,597	66.5	59,795	20.3	38,949	13.2	294,341	
2015	196,071	80.0	17,492	7.1	31,673	12.9	245,236	
2016	171,562	93.6	3,100	1.7	8,726	4.8	183,388	
2017	300,221	86.2	17,754	5.1	30,333	8.7	348,308	
2018	244,062	94.1	4,311	1.7	10,968	4.2	259,341	
2019	461,838	89.3	19,123	3.7	36,106	7.0	517,067	
Average 2009–2018	178,569	77.6	28,817	13.6	20,843	8.8	228,229	

^a Harvest from 1987–1990, 1992, 1993, 1995–1998, and 2002–2003 include catch from limited openings in October.

b Does not include test fishery harvest.

Appendix D15.—South Alaska Peninsula post-June (July 1—October 31) commercial pink salmon harvest (including Southeastern District Mainland harvest) by gear and year, 1978–2019.

	Purse seir	ne	Drift gill	net	Set gillr	iet	
Year ^a	Number ^b	Percent	Number ^b	Percent	Number ^b	Percent	Total
1978	5,470,855	99.5	0	0.0	29,322	0.5	5,500,177
1979	6,310,680	98.5	12,365	0.2	86,539	1.4	6,409,584
1980	6,236,027	98.4	12	0.0	99,120	1.6	6,335,159
1981	4,461,903	97.4	7,176	0.2	112,564	2.5	4,581,643
1982	4,852,553	96.7	50,748	1.0	112,764	2.2	5,016,065
1983	2,688,187	97.0	5,586	0.2	77,971	2.8	2,771,744
1984	10,324,380	96.8	78,575	0.7	265,934	2.5	10,668,889
1985	4,096,285	94.7	21,803	0.5	205,797	4.8	4,323,885
1986	3,602,769	96.3	27,772	0.7	108,882	2.9	3,739,423
1987	1,135,252	95.3	3,025	0.3	53,235	4.5	1,191,512
1988	6,427,823	93.6	145,106	2.1	291,671	4.2	6,864,600
1989	6,641,815	93.7	85,946	1.2	362,134	5.1	7,089,895
1990	2,256,837	96.2	32,089	1.4	57,117	2.4	2,346,043
1991	9,614,533	96.4	26,740	0.3	336,150	3.4	9,977,423
1992	8,616,933	94.5	91,106	1.0	409,440	4.5	9,117,479
1993	9,494,663	96.5	12,037	0.1	337,262	3.4	9,843,962
1994	6,317,708	95.0	53,701	0.8	277,061	4.2	6,648,470
1995	15,404,768	95.5	41,868	0.3	677,097	4.2	16,123,733
1996	1,523,636	84.1	17,593	1.0	269,395	14.9	1,810,624
1997	1,627,495	95.8	14,435	0.9	56,059	3.3	1,697,989
1998	6,803,002	89.9	192,352	2.5	570,987	7.5	7,566,341
1999	8,016,735	95.3	12,045	0.1	383,971	4.6	8,412,751
2000	2,871,880	90.0	15,979	0.5	301,656	9.5	3,189,515
2001	3,629,078	91.3	20,999	0.5	322,729	8.1	3,972,806
2002	1,831,099	87.5	9,664	0.5	252,488	12.1	2,093,251
2003	3,679,093	91.1	13,377	0.3	347,476	8.6	4,039,946
2004	6,051,523	96.0	24,360	0.4	229,957	3.6	6,305,840
2005	7,386,836	95.3	6,258	0.1	361,721	4.7	7,754,815
2006	2,629,811	89.8	5,520	0.2	294,174	10.0	2,929,505
2007	6,485,719	92.2	5,134	0.1	540,949	7.7	7,031,802
2008	10,056,235	93.6	83,287	0.8	599,260	5.6	10,738,782
2009	5,350,718	94.7	47,711	0.8	253,034	4.5	5,651,463
2010	443,498	88.5	4,823	1.0	53,021	10.6	501,342
2011	4,013,553	94.0	33,045	0.8	222,331	5.2	4,268,929
2012	187,337	82.0	13,546	5.9	27,648	12.1	228,531
2013	7,192,644	96.0	81,475	1.1	215,081	2.9	7,489,200
2014	439,352	81.2	38,880	7.2	62,717	11.6	540,949
2015	15,553,122	96.5	231,350	1.4	326,026	2.0	16,110,498
2016	314,855	87.3	2,464	0.7	43,168	12.0	360,487
2017	19,548,931	97.2	146,310	0.7	408,081	2.0	20,103,322
2018	348,251	83.6	11,836	2.8	56,503	13.6	416,590
2019	11,208,383	97.7	93,458	0.8	174,171	1.5	11,476,012
Average 2009–2018	5,339,226	90.1	61,144	2.2	166,761	7.6	5,567,131

^a Harvest from 1987–1990, 1992, 1993, 1995–1998, and 2002–2003 include catch from limited openings in October.

b Does not include test fishery harvest.

Appendix D16.—South Alaska Peninsula post-June (July 1—October 31) commercial chum salmon harvest (including Southeastern District Mainland harvest) by gear and year, 1978—2019.

	Purse se	eine	Drift gi	llnet	Set gil	lnet	
Year ^a	Number ^b	Percent	Numberb	Percent	Numberb	Percent	Total
1978	403,352	95.2	0	0.0	20,180	4.8	423,532
1979	346,006	91.4	2,834	0.7	29,872	7.9	378,712
1980	758,344	89.9	8	0.0	85,636	10.1	843,988
1981	1,105,265	92.0	4,125	0.3	92,064	7.7	1,201,454
1982	1,060,812	90.6	15,587	1.3	95,109	8.1	1,171,508
1983	829,281	90.4	19,913	2.2	68,004	7.4	917,198
1984	1,186,753	90.4	30,941	2.4	94,653	7.2	1,312,347
1985	828,645	90.8	18,521	2.0	65,414	7.2	912,580
1986	1,300,638	93.3	22,294	1.6	71,400	5.1	1,394,332
1987	811,464	87.3	43,115	4.6	75,203	8.1	929,782
1988	1,228,987	88.9	68,066	4.9	84,743	6.1	1,381,796
1989	417,978	77.7	44,605	8.3	75,594	14.0	538,177
1990	600,040	83.8	46,700	6.5	69,200	9.7	715,940
1991	635,031	79.6	25,465	3.2	137,394	17.2	797,890
1992	776,939	88.3	29,252	3.3	73,875	8.4	880,066
1993	448,204	87.3	17,871	3.5	47,503	9.2	513,578
1994	1,458,898	91.5	26,262	1.6	108,430	6.8	1,593,590
1995	1,039,506	88.6	22,517	1.9	110,941	9.5	1,172,964
1996	315,357	76.6	14,306	3.5	81,918	19.9	411,581
1997	239,619	84.4	13,278	4.7	31,032	10.9	283,929
1998	333,693	71.6	35,723	7.7	96,486	20.7	465,902
1999	427,414	75.3	21,247	3.7	119,268	21.0	567,929
2000	653,132	80.2	26,134	3.2	134,711	16.5	813,977
2001	696,166	79.7	25,762	2.9	151,637	17.4	873,565
2002	381,423	87.2	12,325	2.8	43,785	10.0	437,533
2003	287,757	81.4	11,867	3.4	54,080	15.3	353,704
2004	254,545	83.0	6,655	2.2	45,612	14.9	306,812
2005	260,703	84.2	1,818	0.6	47,030	15.2	309,551
2006	777,244	88.5	1,561	0.2	99,174	11.3	877,979
2007	327,484	85.7	2,059	0.5	52,705	13.8	382,248
2008	316,076	80.7	13,457	3.4	61,939	15.8	391,472
2009	851,190	86.5	19,509	2.0	113,245	11.5	983,944
2010	418,693	81.3	19,051	3.7	77,516	15.0	515,260
2011	416,883	76.9	44,251	8.2	80,651	14.9	541,785
2012	162,178	71.7	37,558	16.6	26,516	11.7	226,252
2013	405,997	73.9	84,073	15.3	59,465	10.8	549,535
2014	78,642	70.3	15,790	14.1	17,356	15.5	111,788
2015	394,706	79.4	29,117	5.9	73,065	14.7	496,888
2016	118,596	77.5	950	0.6	33,498	21.9	153,044
2017	1,052,065	80.6	27,864	2.1	226,052	17.3	1,305,981
2018	404,465	88.1	7,081	1.5	47,401	10.3	458,947
2019	527,101	85.4	23,871	3.9	66,498	10.8	617,470
Average 2009–2018	430,342	78.6	28,524	7.0	75,477	14.4	534,342

^a Harvest from 1987–1990, 1992, 1993, 1995–1998, and 2002–2003 include catch from limited openings in October.

^b Does not include test fishery harvest.

APPENDIX E. SALMON ESCAPEMENT DATA

Aerial surveys have inherently high variability and are influenced by many factors including inclement weather, lighting, timing of peak surveys, and inconsistency between surveyors. Surveys are conducted 3–5 times per stream in any given season. Multiple surveys over the course of the salmon return allows ADF&G staff to identify peak abundance and relative run timing.

Pink and Chum salmon

These species of salmon have a relatively short stream life when compared to other Pacific salmon species. To account for new fish entering the system and postspawn fish flushing out of the system between surveys, a 21-day stream life is used to calculate the indexed total escapement. If there are any stream counts 21 or more days prior to the peak count, the number of fish in the stream and the carcasses are added to the total count. Likewise, if there are any counts 21 or more days after the peak count, those live fish found at both the mouth and in the stream are added to the total count.

	EXAMPLE							
			Fictional Stream 28	31-##				
Survey Date	Pinks at Mouth	Pinks in Stream	Pink Carcasses	Chums at Mouth	Chums in Stream	Chum Carcasses		
10-Jul	5,000	1,000	5,000	0	0	0		
17-Jul	15,000	25,000	5,000	0	0	0		
1-Aug	10,000	150,000	10,000	0	0	0		
15-Aug	3,000	100,000	25,000	500	1,000	0		
1-Sep	12,000	50,000	55,000	2,000	5,000	500		
Sub total	12,000	201,000	5,000	2,000	5,000	500		
`otal		218,000 Pink			7,500 Chum			

The indexed total escapement is calculated by adding the figures in **bold**.

The estimate of 21 days stream life was used because significant numbers of carcasses begin to appear about 3 weeks after adult pinks and chums first appear in Alaska Peninsula streams. It is recognized that stream life can vary; however, this method is easily duplicated and is comparable from year to year. Variation in stream life is likely a much smaller factor than variation between observers.

Chinook, Sockeye, and Coho salmon

These species of salmon generally have a much longer stream life than pink and chum salmon. Therefore, the indexed total escapement is the peak escapement count of live fish and carcasses. The peak escapement count is the highest single survey estimate on a single system for an individual species. However, it is recognized that there are problems with this method in large and complex systems. The issues that arise while surveying these systems are the duration, expense, fuel capacity, and variable environmental conditions within the system that restrict the ability to conduct a thorough and consistent set of surveys.

Appendix E2.-South Peninsula total indexed salmon escapements by species and year, 1980-2019.

		Nur	nber of salmon		
Year	Sockeye	Coho ^a	Pink	Chum	Total
1980	45,900	-	2,641,600	362,400	3,049,900
1981	45,700	_	2,307,500	381,300	2,734,500
1982	39,200	_	2,293,000	386,900	2,719,100
1983	59,200	-	851,200	446,500	1,356,900
1984	54,800	-	3,811,600	699,700	4,566,100
1985	49,900	-	1,614,100	503,500	2,167,500
1986	48,000	-	1,716,700	544,600	2,309,300
1987	44,600	_	1,540,500	620,700	2,205,800
1988	74,100	-	2,839,600	496,400	3,410,100
1989	78,100	-	1,870,900	310,500	2,259,500
1990	95,300	87,500 ^b	1,598,400	354,700	2,048,400
1991	124,900	-	2,946,800	587,600	3,659,300
1992	97,600	-	2,834,400	335,500	3,267,500
1993	100,341	-	2,990,140	397,030	3,487,511
1994	120,255	-	3,071,725	579,100	3,771,080
1995	129,110	-	6,406,300	726,400	7,261,810
1996	72,950	-	3,647,550	610,300	4,330,800
1997	104,440	-	5,243,275	809,050	6,156,765
1998	85,440	_	4,668,065	742,235	5,495,740
1999	97,000	-	5,015,000	725,000	5,837,000
2000	69,530	-	2,792,985	522,075	3,384,590
2001	161,630	-	2,965,136	751,221	3,877,987
2002	192,749	-	3,762,800	602,750	4,558,299
2003	198,192	-	5,511,220	476,540	6,185,952
2004	220,861	-	8,311,410	732,400	9,264,671
2005	123,964	-	6,165,634	970,310	7,259,908
2006	88,148	-	2,862,250	764,750	3,715,148
2007	69,013	_	2,680,213	726,661	3,475,887
2008	95,859	-	3,338,370	591,950	4,026,179
2009	128,117	_	3,067,000	512,230	3,707,347
2010	38,039	-	742,912	291,912	1,072,863
2011	59,794	-	2,494,950	497,725	3,052,469
2012	56,300	_	478,910	205,242	740,452
2013	37,386	_	2,320,790	502,600	2,860,776
2014	37,670	_	1,340,380	313,615	1,691,665
2015	96,110	-	7,820,800	906,420	8,823,330
2016	120,170	_	1,038,160	626,776	1,785,106
2017	113,042	_	5,663,637	1,773,626	7,550,305
2018	15,617	_	732,422	344,843	1,092,882
2019	31,667	_	4,236,700	672,475	4,940,842
2009–2018 Average	70,225	_	2,569,996	597,499	3,237,720

 ^a Coho salmon surveys are conducted for presence/absence information only during pink and chum surveys. Surveys are not flown during peak coho salmon abundance.

b In 1990, excellent survey conditions and additional funding allowed coho salmon surveys during mid- and late-September. These coho salmon numbers are not included in the total escapement.

Appendix E3.-South Peninsula total indexed salmon escapements by species, district, section, and stream, 2019.

			of salmon	mon	
Stream number	Stream name	Sockeye	Cohoa	Pink	Chum
Southeastern Dist	rict				
East Stepovak Se	ction				
281-35.07	Near Bluff	0	_	0	0
281-35.06	Boulder Bay	0	_	400	100
281-35.05	Fox Bay	0	_	100	0
281-35.04	Fox Bay	0	_	2,000	200
281-35.02	Fox Bay	0	_	16,000	1,200
281-35.01	Fox Bay	_ b	_ b	_ b	_ b
281-34.08	Island Bay	0	_	3,000	1,000
281-34.07	Island Bay	0	_	0	0
281-34.05 & .06	Island Bay	0	_	3,000	700
281-34.04	Island Bay	0	_	2,150	1,500
281-34.03	Stonehouse Creek	0	_	18,000	1,300
281-34.02	Osterback's Creek	0	_	13,000	300
	Total East Stepovak Section	0	0	57,650	6,300
Stepovak Flats Se	ection				
281-34.01	Granville's	0	_	10,000	1,000
281-33.06	Granville Portage	0	_	0	0
281-33.05	Stepovak River	0	_	0	500
281-33.04	Big River	0	_	0	0
281-33.03	Louis' Corner	0	_	0	0
281-33.01 & .02	Ramsey Bay	0	_	200	600
	Total Stepovak Flats Section	0	0	10,200	2,100
Northwest Stepov		_			
281-32.07	Grub Gulch	0	_	42,700	16,200
281-32.06	Clark Bay	0	_	0	0
281-32.05	Clark Bay	0	_	12,800	11,000
281-31.04	Little Norway	0	_	15,350	9,000
281-31.03	Orzinski	4,367	_	14,000	0
281-20.04	Windbound Bay	0	_	4,300	2,000
281-20.02 & .03	Chichagof Lagoon	0	_	16,000	9,000
281-20.01	Chichagof	0	_	3,000	6,300
281-10.04	West Cove	0	_	1,000	1,000
281-10.03	Suzy Creek	0	_	67,800	19,500
281-10.02	Dorenoi, Minor	0	_	100	0
281-10.01	Dorenoi, Major	0	_	24,200	8,000
	Total Northwest Stepovak Section	4,367	0	201,250	82,000

Appendix E3.—Page 2 of 7.

		Number of salmon				
Stream number	Stream name	Sockeye	Cohoa	Pink	Chum	
Southwest Stepov	vak Section					
281-90.03 & .04	San Diego	0	_	10,400	8,400	
281-90.02	Rough Beach	0	_	9,000	1,200	
281-90.01	Swedania Point	0	_	40,600	1,000	
	Total Southwest Stepovak Section	0	0	60,000	10,600	
Balboa Bay Section	on					
281-80.17	Lefty Creek	_ b	_ b	_ b	_ b	
281-80.16	Near Ballast Island	_ b	_ b	_ b	_ b	
281-80.15	Coleman Creek	0	_	2,000	900	
281-80.14	Johnson Creek	0	_	8,000	1,825	
281-80.12	Foster's Camp	0	_	1,000	500	
281-80.11	Monolith Point Creek	0	_	500	200	
281-80.09	Foster Creek	0	_	32,000	8,900	
281-80.08	Lefthand River	100	_	43,500	6,400	
281-80.06	Cape Aliaksin, East	0	_	1,500	0	
281-80.05	Cape Aliaksin, Center	0	_	700	0	
281-80.04	Cape Aliaksin, West	0	_	1,000	0	
	Total Balboa Bay Section	100	0	90,200	18,725	
Beaver Bay Section	on					
281-70.03	McGinty Point Creek	0	_	87,000	12,000	
281-70.06	Kagayan Flats	0	_	0	300	
281-70.05	Beaver River	0	_	189,000	19,700	
281-70.04	Not Smilies	0	_	22,000	700	
	Total Beaver Bay Section	0	0	298,000	32,700	

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		Number of salmon			
Stream number Stream name		Sockeye	Cohoa	Pink	Chum
Shumagin Islands	Section				
282-11.06	Korvin Lake	0	_	0	0
282-11.05	West Korovin	0	_	500	0
282-11.03	Foxhole	0	_	1,800	3,000
282-11.01	Salmon Ranch	0	_	0	0
282-10.18	Humbolt Creek	_ b	_ b	_ b	_ b
282-10.19	Simeon's Bight	0	_	0	0
282-10.20	Red Cove Lake	0	_	0	0
282-12.10	Zachary Bay	0	_	0	400
282-12.09	Zachary Bay	0	_	0	0
282-12.08	Zachary Bay	0	_	0	300
282-12.07 & .06	Zachary Bay	0	_	100	500
282-12.05 & .04	Zachary Bay	0	_	0	600
282-12.03	Zachary Bay	0	_	0	0
282-12.02	Zachary Bay	0	_	0	0
282-12.01	Zachary Bay	0	_	0	200
282-13.01	Unga Spit	0	_	0	0
282-13.02	Dry Lagoon	0	_	48,100	9,200
282-13.03	Bay Point	0	_	52,800	700
282-13.04	Pinnacle Point	0	_	0	0
282-13.05	2nd Stream S. of Pinn Point	0	_	0	0
282-13.06	3rd Stream S. of Pinn Point	0	_	0	0
282-10.02	Little Apollo	0	_	1,000	0
282-10.03	Big Apollo	0	_	9,200	600
282-10.04	Acheredin	4,300	_	0	0
282-10.12	Unga Cape	0	_	0	0
282-10.10	Delarof Harbor	0	_	0	0
282-10.11	Apollo Gold Mine Creek	0	_	3,100	3,100
282-10.13	John Nelson	0	_	0	0
282-10.14	Squaw Harbor, Minor	0	_	700	500
282-10.15	Squaw Harbor, Major	0	_	47,300	500
282-10.16	Farm	0	_	11,600	4,000
282-10.17	NE Unga Island	0	_	0	0
282-20.01	Porpoise Rocks	0	_	0	0
282-20.02	Porpoise Harbor	_ b	_ b	_ b	_ b
282-20.03	Sanborn Lagoon-Lake	0	_	0	0
282-20.04	Sanborn Harbor	0	_	0	0
282-20.05	Falmouth Harbor	0	_	0	0
282-20.06	Falmouth Harbor	0	_	0	0
282-20.08	East Bight	0	_	0	0
282-20.09	West Bight	_ b	_ b	_ b	_ b
	Total Shumagin Islands Section	4,300	0	176,200	23,600
Southeastern Dist		8,767	0	893,500	176,025
Southeastern Dist	iici totai	0,707	U	073,300	170,023

Appendix E3.—Page 4 of 7.

	_	Number of salmon				
Stream number	Stream name	Sockeye	Cohoa	Pink	Chun	
South Central Dis						
Mino Creek-Little	e Coal Bay Section					
283-70.02	East of Mino Creek	0	_	118,300	12,000	
283-70.01	Mino's Creek	400	_	380,500	82,500	
283-62.06	Wosnesenski Lake	0	_	0	(
283-62.05	Coal Bay, Main	0	_	54,400	1,200	
283-62.04	Coal Bay, #2	0	_	2,900	(
283-62.03	Coal Bay, #3	0	_	2,300	(
283-62.02	Coal Bay, #4	0	_	1,800	(
283-62.01	Cape Tolstoi Creek	0	_	1,400	(
	Total Mino Creek-Little Coal Bay Section	400	0	561,600	95,700	
East Pavlof Bay S	Section					
283-63.16	Settlement Point Creek	0	_	410,500	29,000	
283-63.15	Middle Creek	0	_	140,500	27,000	
203 03.13	Total East Pavlof Bay Section	0	0	551,000	29,000	
	Total East Laviol Bay Section	0	0	331,000	29,000	
Canoe Bay Section	n					
283-64.10	Ness Creek	0	_	25,000	50	
283-64.09	Inner Canoe Bay, South side	0	_	23,800	30	
283-64.08	Entrance Creek	0	_	62,500	1,80	
283-64.07	Wolverine Gulch	0	_	39,000	1,80	
283-64.06	Canoe Bay River	900	_	465,000	110,00	
283-64.05	Bluff Point Creek	0	_	43,000	21,00	
	Total Canoe Bay Section	900	0	658,300	135,400	
West Pavlof Bay	Section					
283-63.14	Dry Lagoon	0	_	1,400	(
283-63.13	Ruby's Lagoon	0	_	2,300	5,000	
283-63.11	Chinaman Lagoon, North	0	_	9,000	4,000	
283-63.10	Chinaman Lagoon, Main	0	_	6,300	1,00	
283-63.09	Chinaman Lagoon 6309	0	_	0		
283-63.05 & .06	Chinaman Lagoon, South	0	_	10,100	2,40	
283-63.04	Stream S. of Chinaman Lagoon	0	_	3,500	1,30	
283-61.06-61.08	Ukolnoi	0	_	200	70	
283-61.05	Long John Lagoon, East	0	_	3,000	90	
283-61.04	Long John Lagoon, Spring Fed Lakes	900	_	5,800	3,50	
283-61.03	Long John Lagoon, 2 South	1,200	_	8,000	6,40	
283-61.02	Long John Lagoon, Southwest	500	_	20,000	8,80	
203 01.02	Total West Pavlof Bay Section	2,600	0	69,600	33,00	
	·					
South Central Dis	strict total	3,900	0	1,840,500	293,100	

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		Number of salmon				
Stream number	Stream name	Sockeye	Cohoa	Pink	Chun	
Southwestern D	District					
Volcano Bay So	ection					
284-52.10	Dushkin Lagoon	0	_	0	(
284-52.08	Volcano River	0	_	78,700	26,000	
284-52.07	Volcano Bay Center Sloughs	0	_	5,500	2,900	
284-52.06	Volcano Bay West Spring Holes	0	_	51,000	8,200	
284-52.05	Streamguard Creek	0	_	1,100	3,400	
284-52.04	Stub Creek	0	_	9,600	6,000	
284-52.03	Little Bear Bay	0	_	1,000	(
284-52.01	Nikolaski	0	_	28,500	1,000	
284-52.00	Little Nikolaski	_ b	_ b	_ b	_1	
284-51.03	Dolgoi Harbor, North	0	_	1,000	(
284-51.04	Dolgoi Harbor, Northeast	0	_	0	(
284-51.05	Dolgoi Harbor, East	0	_	300	200	
284-51.06	Dolgoi Harbor, South	0	_	0	(
	Total Volcano Bay Section	0	0	176,700	47,700	
Belkofski Bay S	Section					
284-41.01	Belkofski Village Creek	0	_	37,000	2,000	
284-42.12	Rocky River	0	_	29,000	1,600	
284-42.10	Kitchen Anchorage	0	_	5,000	500	
284-42.09	Captain's Harbor	0	_	42,000	300	
284-42.07	Belkofski River	0	_	106,500	32,000	
284-42.06	Belkofski Beach	0	_	11,000	2,500	
284-42.05	Belkofski Bay, West	0	_	73,400	3,700	
284-42.04	Belkofski Bay 4204	0	_	500	_ 1	
284-42.03	Indian Head Creek	0	_	33,000	3,800	
284-33.05	Rams Creek	0	_	43,000	3,600	
284-33.04	King Cove Lagoon, North	_ b	_ b	_ b	_1	
284-33.03	King Cove Lagoon, West	_ b	_ b	_ b	_ 1	
	Total Belkofski Bay Section	0	0	380,400	50,000	
Deer Island Sec						
284-31.01	Deer Island, North	0	_	0	(
284-31.02	Fox Island Anchorage Center	0	_	176,000	1,800	
284-31.03	Fox Island Anchorage	0	_	98,000	1,300	
284-31.05	Paw Cape	0	_	1,300	(
284-31.06	Southern Creek	0	_	321,000	26,100	
284-31.010	Eastern Creek	0	_	97,000	1,500	
	Total Deer Island Section	0	0	693,300	30,700	

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			Number o	f salmon	
Stream number	Stream name	Sockeye	Cohoa	Pink	Chum
Cold Bay Section					
284-34.11	Outer Lenard Harbor	0	_	900	0
284-34.13		_ b	_ b	_ b	_ b
284-34.12		0	_	200	0
284-34.10	Delta Creek	0	_	3,700	14,900
284-34.09	Barney's Creek	500	_	900	3,000
284-34.07	Kinzarof Lagoon, East	200	_	0	0
284-34.06	Kinzarof Lagoon, Center	0	_	0	0
284-34.05	Kinzarof Lagoon, West	0	_	0	50
284-34.03	Trout Creek	_ b	_ b	_ b	_ b
284-34.02	Russel Creek	0	_	38,000	15,000
284-34.01	Mortensen Lagoon	800 c	_	0	0
284-32.01	Old Man Lagoon	3,500	_	800	0
	Total Cold Bay Section	5,000	0	44,500	32,950
Thin Point Section	_				
284-20.06		7,200		2,000	0
284-20.06	Thin Point Lagoon Thin Point Lagoon SW	7,200	_	2,000	0
284-20.07 284-20.08	Thin Point Lagoon Sw Thin Point West	500	_	500	0
284-20.08 284-20.10	Thin Point West Thin Point Lake	_ b	b	_ b	_ b
284-20.10 284-20.09	Thin Point Lake Thin Point Stream	1,900	_	- 0	-0
284-20.09 284-20.04	Southwest Bight	1,900	_	500	0
284-20.03	McGinty's Creek	0	_	2,600	0
284-20.01	Sandy Cove	_ b	b	2,000 _ b	_ b
204-20.01	Total Thin Point Section	9,600		5,600	
	Total Timi Folia Beetion	2,000	<u> </u>	2,000	
Morzhovoi Bay S	ection				
284-11.01	Near Egg Island	0	_	14,100	0
284-12.13	Little John Lagoon	0	_	18,200	8,000
284-12.12	Little John Sandpit	0	_	0	2,000
284-12.10	Little John Rock	_ b	_ b	_ b	_ b
284-12.11	Cannery Creek	0	_	0	0
284-12.05	Middle Lagoon	1,700	_	0	0
284-12.01	Hansen's Creek	1,000		8,200	0
	Total Morzhovoi Bay Section	2,700	0	40,500	10,000

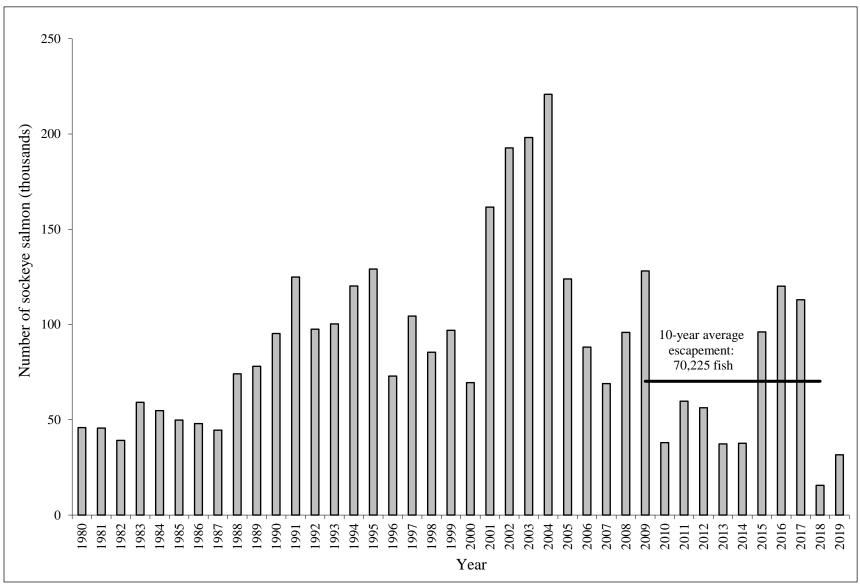
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Number of salmo					
Stream number	Stream name	Sockeye	Cohoa	Pink	Chum
Ikatan Bay Secti	on				
284-60.08	Deadman's Cove	0	_	26,700	0
284-60.07	Whalebone Bay	0	_	900	0
284-60.06	Sankin Bay	0	_	4,200	1,900
284-60.05	Whirl Point	0	_	7,000	0
284-60.04	Ikatan River	0	_	6,300	5,000
284-60.03	Swede's Lake	0	_	600	0
284-60.01	Ikatan Point	0	_	31,000	1,800
	Total Ikatan Bay Section	0	0	76,700	8,700
Southwestern Di	istrict total	17,300	0	1,417,700	180,050
Unimak District					
Cape Lutke Sect					
285-30.11	Brown Peak Stream	200		5,000	9,700
285-30.11	Conocal Red Hill Stream	200	_	500	800
285-20.09	Conocai Red Hill Stream	0	_	0	400
285-20.09	8 miles NE Cape Lutke	0	_	8,100	600
	4 miles N Cape Lutke	0	_	500	3,200
285-20.07	Total Cape Lutke Section	400	0	14,100	14,700
Otter Cove Secti	ion				
285-50.00 & .01		0	_	100	0
285-40.09	Otter Cove, East	0	_	48,500	3,400
285-40.08	Otter Cove, West	0	_	22,300	3,800
285-40.05	Lazaref River	1,300	_	0	1,400
	Total Otter Cove Section	1,300	0	70,900	8,600
Sanak Island Sec	ction				
285-10.02	Pauloff Harbor	_ b	_ b	_ b	_ b
285-10.03	Johnson Bay	_ b	_ b	_ b	_ b
285-10.04	Unimak Cove	_ b	_ b	_ b	_ b
285-10.10	Salmon Bay	_ b	_ b	_ b	_ b
285-10.09	Sandy Bay	_ b	_ b	_ b	_ b
285-10.05	Dodd's Bay, East	_ b	_ b	_ b	_ b
285-10.08	Washwoman Creek	_ b	_ b	_ b	_ b
285-10.07	West Sanak Island, Trinity	_ b	_ b	_ b	_ b
285-10.06	Near Sanak Village	_ b	_ b	_ b	_ b
	Total Sanak Island Section	0	0	0	0
	Unimak District total	1,700	0	85,000	23,300
South Peninsula		31,667	0	4,236,700	672,475
South I Chillsult	1 10141	31,007	U	+,230,700	014,413

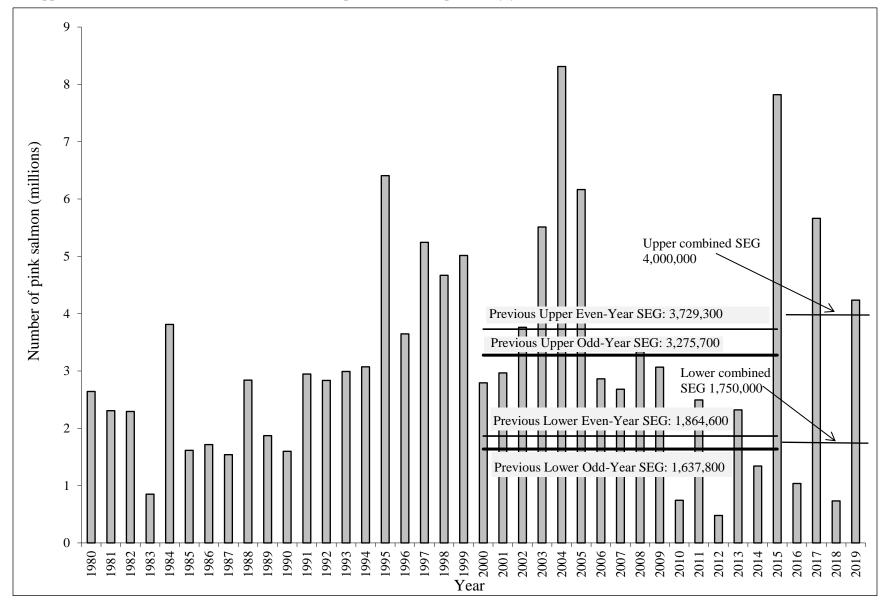
^a Coho surveys are conducted for presence information only. Surveys are not flown for peak abundance estimates.

^b Aerial survey not conducted on stream.

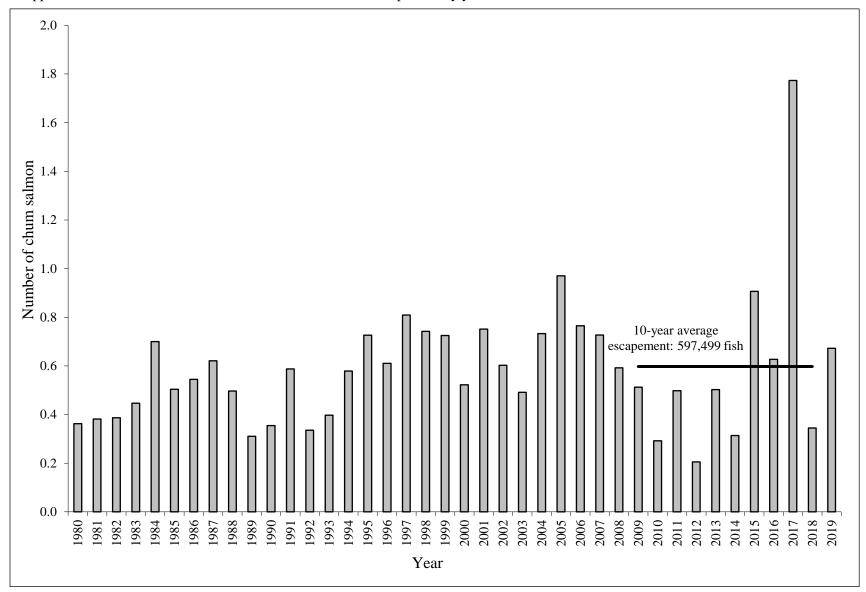
^c Mortensen Lagoon estimate of sockeye salmon is an underestimate due to poor visibility.



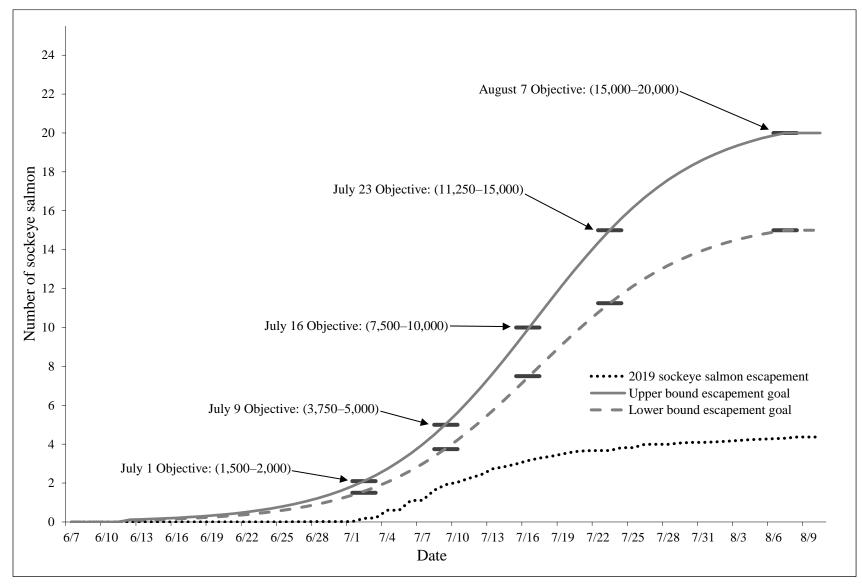
Appendix E5.-South Alaska Peninsula total indexed pink salmon escapement by year, 1980-2019.



Appendix E6.—South Peninsula total indexed chum salmon escapement by year, 1980–2019.



Appendix E7.–2019 sockeye salmon cumulative escapement counts through the Orzinski Lake weir, with upper and lower escapement goals defined.



Appendix E8.—Sockeye, pink, and chum salmon daily and cumulative escapement counts through the Orzinski Lake weir, 2019.

	Socke	eye	Pink		C	Chum
Date	Daily	Cumulative	Daily	Cumulative	Daily	Cumulative
12-Jun ^a	Weir Installed					
13-Jun	0	0	0	0	0	0
14-Jun	0	0	0	0	0	0
15-Jun	0	0	0	0	0	0
16-Jun	0	0	0	0	0	0
17-Jun	3	3	0	0	0	0
18-Jun	1	4	0	0	0	0
19-Jun	0	4	0	0	0	0
20-Jun	0	4	0	0	0	0
21-Jun	0	4	0	0	0	0
22-Jun	1	5	0	0	0	0
23-Jun	1	6	0	0	0	0
24-Jun	0	6	0	0	0	0
25-Jun	0	6	0	0	0	0
26-Jun	2	8	0	0	0	0
27-Jun	7	15	0	0	0	0
28-Jun	1	16	0	0	0	0
29-Jun	0	16	0	0	0	0
30-Jun	3	19	0	0	0	0
1-Jul	1	20	0	0	0	0
2-Jul	165	185	0	0	0	0
3-Jul	22	207	0	0	0	0
4-Jul	396	603	0	0	0	0
5-Jul	3	606	0	0	0	0
6-Jul	499	1,105	0	0	0	0
7-Jul	11	1,116	0	0	0	0
8-Jul	518	1,634	0	0	0	0
9-Jul	286	1,920	0	0	0	0
10-Jul	121	2,041	0	0	0	0
11-Jul	208	2,249	0	0	0	0
12-Jul	182	2,431	0	0	0	0
13-Jul	300	2,731	0	0	0	0
14-Jul	108	2,839	0	0	0	0
15-Jul	140	2,979	0	0	0	0
16-Jul	172	3,151	0	0	0	0
17-Jul	138	3,289	0	0	0	0
18-Jul	86	3,375	2	2	0	0
19-Jul	124	3,499	0	2	0	0
20-Jul	115	3,614	0	2	0	0
21-Jul	48	3,662	0	2	0	0
22-Jul	13	3,675	1	3	0	0
23-Jul	1	3,676	0	3	0	0

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	Socke	eye		Pink	C	hum
Date	Daily	Cumulative	Daily	Cumulative	Daily	Cumulative
24-Jul	141	3,817	58	61	0	0
25-Jul	0	3,817	0	61	0	0
26-Jul	172	3,989	17	78	0	0
27-Jul	3	3,992	2	80	0	0
28-Jul	0	3,992	0	80	0	0
29-Jul	68	4,060	12	92	0	0
30-Jul	34	4,094	20	112	0	0
31-Jul	1	4,095	18	130	1	1
1-Aug	20	4,115	58	188	1	2
2-Aug	37	4,152	43	231	0	2
3-Aug	35	4,187	27	258	0	2
4-Aug	42	4,229	36	294	0	2
5-Aug	30	4,259	9	303	0	2
6-Aug	21	4,280	49	352	0	2
7-Aug	28	4,308	130	482	1	3
8-Aug	59	4,367	70	552	0	3
8-Aug ^a	Weir Pulled					
Total		4,367		552		3

^a Weir fish tight on June 12 through August 8.

Appendix E9.-Aerial drone survey dates for 3 Unalaska road system lakes, 2018.

Date	Survey Completed		
15-Aug	Morris Cove	Summer Bay	Unalaska Village
17-Aug	-	-	Unalaska Village
19-Aug	Morris Cove	-	-
21-Aug	-	Summer Bay	Unalaska Village
2-Sep	Morris Cove	-	-
3-Sep	-	Summer Bay	Unalaska Village
5-Sep	-	-	Unalaska Village
6-Sep	Morris Cove	-	-
9-Sep	-	Summer Bay	-
16-Sep	Morris Cove	Summer Bay	-
18-Sep	-	-	Unalaska Village
Number of surveys	5	5	6

Appendix E10.–Unalaska total indexed salmon escapements by species, for the aerial drone surveys of 3 road-system lakes, 2018.

		Number of salmon				
Stream number	Stream name	Sockeye	Cohoa	Pinka	Chuma	
302-40.08	Unalaska Village	583	21	605	0	
302-40.09	Summer Bay	3,622	201	4,105	0	
302.40.11	Morris Cove	315	0	7	0	

^a Survey counts for salmon other than sockeye salmon are conducted for presence information only. Surveys are not flown for peak abundance estimates.

APPENDIX F. SUBSISTENCE HARVEST DATA

Appendix F1.—Estimated subsistence salmon harvest by community and species, in number of fish, Alaska Peninsula Management Area and Unalaska Island, 1985–2018.

	Permits	Estimated harvest ^a						
Year	issued	Chinook	Sockeye	Coho	Pink	Chum	Total	
Sand Point local reside	ents							
1985	60	30	1,410	1,686	420	1,146	4,692	
1986	75	45	2,505	1,208	1,560	1,005	6,323	
1987	84	87	2,018	1,508	1,160	1,114	5,887	
1988	74	146	2,694	853	1,326	1,175	6,194	
1989	86	53	6,347	1,050	731	1,149	9,330	
1990	80	160	5,648	620	429	1,051	7,908	
1991	84	420	6,636	1,092	1,260	2,772	12,180	
1992	76	318	4,733	518	1,228	1,036	7,833	
1993	76	446	6,435	952	671	996	9,500	
1994	92	454	5,838	1,890	1,369	3,100	12,651	
1995	73	271	5,993	983	1,597	1,274	10,118	
1996	80	200	5,269	1,813	1,843	1,724	10,849	
1997	67	315	7,043	788	1,953	1,663	11,762	
1998	59	224	4,383	1,040	920	868	7,435	
1999	52	254	4,907	442	898	1,053	7,554	
2000	61	184	4,488	704	734	979	7,089	
2001	61	191	4,653	880	827	1,500	8,051	
2002	29	76	1,679	319	416	994	3,484	
2003	30	175	2,093	250	505	1,123	4,146	
2004	22	94	1,832	148	352	314	2,740	
2005	36	67	2,734	599	448	317	4,165	
2006	29	61	1,846	170	558	326	2,961	
2007	35	60	2,454	200	455	169	3,338	
2008	46	55	1,969	780	951	368	4,123	
2009	23	53	1,485	288	315	220	2,361	
2010	42	103	2,588	336	818	816	4,661	
2011	51	272	2,066	696	854	473	4,361	
2012	51	121	3,355	591	785	1,086	5,938	
2013	49	166	2,237	479	915	581	4,378	
2014	51	24	2,887	465	1,416	538	5,330	
2015	39	54	7,275	81	5,358	1,466	14,234	
2016	41	50	2,772	659	366	410	4,257	
2017	32	113	1,538	375	167	627	2,820	
2018	45	95	1,690	489	487	968	3,729	
2013–2017 average	42	81	3,342	412	1,644	724	6,204	

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	Permits	Estimated harvest ^a					
Year	issued	Chinook	Sockeye	Coho	Pink	Chum	Total
King Cove local reside	ents						
1985	39	0	784	3,292	105	20	4,201
1986	24	2	1,834	919	14	120	2,889
1987	39	3	2,320	1,662	206	334	4,525
1988	28	3	555	2,855	265	43	3,721
1989	39	3	1,982	1,973	294	690	4,942
1990	43	24	1,054	2,832	265	367	4,542
1991	60	0	1,477	3,611	225	386	5,699
1992	61	9	1,452	2,891	327	1,177	5,856
1993	59	33	2,021	3,868	259	625	6,806
1994	48	43	2,249	3,247	370	679	6,588
1995	66	46	3,300	3,080	534	1,177	8,137
1996	65	47	4,236	4,354	578	690	9,905
1997	58	29	3,048	3,226	283	691	7,277
1998	54	4	1,795	3,995	620	44	6,458
1999	50	18	3,465	2,471	265	720	6,939
2000	51	13	2,344	3,545	193	365	6,460
2001	52	25	3,982	2,650	130	273	7,060
2002	61	32	4,509	2,529	77	396	7,543
2003	68	22	5,220	3,179	149	649	9,219
2004	61	19	4,697	2,877	186	410	8,189
2005	62	44	5,388	2,511	133	161	8,237
2006	53	16	4,034	2,183	405	516	7,154
2007	52	1	3,088	2,203	162	264	5,718
2008	57	9	3,332	2,931	326	369	6,967
2009	41	57	1,694	1,943	216	174	4,084
2010	48	0	2,406	1,809	87	286	4,588
2011	55	3	3,813	1,513	188	341	5,858
2012	51	52	3,711	922	21	452	5,158
2013	46	7	2,265	1,470	121	271	4,134
2014	48	5	3,409	739	212	60	4,424
2015	35	0	2,908	1,053	134	73	4,168
2016	26	3	3,407	581	64	95	4,150
2017	22	4	1,467	670	27	188	2,356
2018	32	4	2,049	1,052	71	297	3,473
2013–2017 average	35	4	2,691	903	112	137	3,846

Appendix F1.—Page 3 of 12.

	Permits		Estin	nated harve	est ^a		
Year	issued	Chinook	Sockeye	Coho	Pink	Chum	Total
Cold Bay local resider	nts						
1985	10	0	293	84	34	3	414
1986	18	0	184	264	14	26	488
1987	10	0	293	84	34	3	414
1988	24	0	737	66	2	0	805
1989	18	0	231	55	4	22	312
1990	14	0	322	70	1	22	415
1991	23	0	517	30	6	4	557
1992	15	0	336	38	0	0	374
1993	23	0	473	89	3	15	580
1994	16	0	325	88	4	3	420
1995	17	0	307	84	0	10	401
1996	15	15	280	0	0	6	301
1997	12	12	657	0	4	3	676
1998	17	8	433	19	8	4	472
1999	14	0	237	1	0	13	251
2000	16	0	553	50	1	26	630
2001	14	0	512	30	0	0	542
2002	20	0	493	0	0	7	500
2003	19	0	594	0	2	18	614
2004	23	5	679	35	0	23	742
2005	31	2	532	212	2	6	754
2006	31	0	558	31	8	31	628
2007	29	0	661	167	0	3	831
2008	27	0	313	0	7	7	327
2009	20	1	579	31	0	29	640
2010	25	0	830	0	1	9	840
2011	17	0	562	0	2	1	565
2012	19	0	451	64	0	5	520
2013	27	0	592	18	1	11	622
2014	26	1	1,051	11	0	16	1,079
2015	20	0	777	0	0	0	777
2016	19	0	997	3	6	11	1,017
2017	13	0	514	92	5	8	619
2018	13	0	304	6	0	48	358
2013–2017 average	21	0	786	25	2	9	823

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	Permits		Estin	nated harve	est ^a		
Year	issued	Chinook	Sockeye	Coho	Pink	Chum	Total
False Pass local reside	nts						
1985	10	30	578	1,858	13	395	2,874
1986	12	13	158	215	188	299	873
1987	12	14	103	443	163	389	1,112
1988	10	11	401	834	29	192	1,467
1989	7	0	231	55	4	22	312
1990	9	1	170	193	19	79	462
1991	17	17	724	500	354	165	1,760
1992	12	12	1,082	502	242	248	2,086
1993	14	23	848	397	156	272	1,696
1994	14	36	906	318	347	354	1,961
1995	15	27	888	179	252	426	1,772
1996	15	23	605	1,028	128	248	2,032
1997	7	8	584	315	153	214	1,274
1998	7	14	586	58	208	245	1,111
1999	7	26	564	902	81	148	1,721
2000	6	0	186	960	20	104	1,270
2001	5	10	242	163	118	104	637
2002	13	31	662	269	20	78	1,060
2003	18	6	1,472	589	216	261	2,544
2004	8	6	446	424	65	32	973
2005	6	0	795	375	0	0	1,170
2006	5	3	188	163	143	120	617
2007	3	0	0	180	0	0	180
2008	2	12	16	10	28	0	66
2009	4	15	69	11	253	39	387
2010	3	6	137	45	50	30	268
2011	3	9	11	32	14	5	71
2012	3	6	79	27	12	11	135
2013	4	6	189	104	30	21	350
2014	4	0	120	260	0	0	380
2015	7	4	18	700	0	0	722
2016	1	2	45	180	0	0	227
2017	1	4	91	120	7	15	237
2018	3	3	61	171	90	20	345
2013-2017 average	3	3	93	273	7	7	383

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	Permits		Estin	nated harve	est ^a		
Year	Issued	Chinook	Sockeye	Coho	Pink	Chum	Total
Nelson Lagoon and Po	rt Moller local 1	residents					
1985	9	5	207	252	2	0	466
1986	9	13	284	302	3	5	607
1987	10	22	245	254	5	14	540
1988	13	26	284	184	0	25	519
1989	9	21	250	227	0	11	509
1990	8	11	291	224	0	0	526
1991	8	20	370	139	1	4	534
1992	9	17	298	191	7	12	525
1993	11	16	561	230	9	26	842
1994	11	71	336	241	6	0	654
1995	10	63	450	429	0	0	942
1996	8	45	465	329	0	11	850
1997	8	16	287	147	5	36	491
1998	13	3	473	295	14	14	799
1999	10	4	389	58	4	0	455
2000	7	10	507	85	0	0	602
2001	6	22	392	46	0	6	466
2002	3	5	140	71	0	0	216
2003	3	3	118	90	0	0	211
2004	4	7	105	140	0	0	252
2005	7	2	257	58	0	0	317
2006	7	8	579	3	0	0	590
2007	6	0	508	0	0	0	508
2008	3	0	750	0	0	0	750
2009	5	0	588	118	3	0	709
2010	6	0	440	125	0	1	566
2011	13	3	447	85	0	1	536
2012	22	13	1,141	89	1	7	1,251
2013	11	43	466	49	4	6	568
2014	8	16	259	0	1	47	323
2015	11	38	795	69	5	41	948
2016	6	4	620	100	0	0	724
2017	4	3	481	80	0	3	567
2018	2	8	118	30	2	0	784
2013–2017 average	8	21	524	60	2	19	626

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	Permits		Estin	nated harve	est ^a		
Year	Issued	Chinook	Sockeye	Coho	Pink	Chum	Total
Port Heiden local resid	dents						
1985	6	9	176	0	0	0	185
1986	4	28	282	0	0	0	310
1987	10	66	193	229	0	36	524
1988	10	69	268	134	23	105	599
1989	4	7	222	28	1	4	262
1990	3	21	107	20	0	27	175
1991	6	39	375	25	3	120	562
1992	3	21	104	10	0	25	160
1993	3	80	71	0	0	0	151
1994	2	24	196	0	0	50	270
1995	3	50	119	160	0	0	329
1996	4	22	221	51	0	1	295
1997	4	2	24	40	0	0	66
1998	3	26	100	100	0	0	226
1999	3	25	245	60	0	0	330
2000	3	6	0	21	0	0	27
2001	3	64	132	50	0	10	256
2002	3	120	34	50	0	6	210
2003	3	101	7	40	0	6	154
2004	3	60	80	0	0	0	140
2005	3	0	375	0	0	0	375
2006	2	0	0	30	0	0	30
2007	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2008	28	182	1,023	813	33	62	2,113
2009	29	206	1,157	69	0	0	1,432
2010	28	153	1,904	234	41	51	2,383
2011	12	10	2,448	0	0	0	2,458
2012	5	29	193	64	0	55	341
2013	4	9	117	0	0	29	155
2014	2	4	51	0	0	35	90
2015	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2016	27	131	656	360	17	11	1,175
2017	24	504	2,500	320	124	32	3,480
2018	5	113	15	52	0	2	182
2013–2017 average	11	130	665	136	28	21	980

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	Permits		Est	imated har	vest ^a		
Year	issued	Chinook	Sockeye	Coho	Pink	Chum	Total
Alaska Peninsula loca	l community res	sidents total					
1985	134	74	3,448	7,172	574	1,564	12,832
1986	142	101	5,247	2,908	1,779	1,455	11,490
1987	185	192	5,499	4,251	1,547	1,941	13,430
1988	159	255	4,939	4,926	1,645	1,540	13,305
1989	163	88	9,368	3,433	1,205	1,923	16,017
1990	166	217	7,592	3,959	714	1,546	14,028
1991	198	457	9,998	5,413	1,820	3,372	21,060
1992	176	377	8,005	4,150	1,804	2,498	16,834
1993	186	598	10,409	5,536	1,098	1,934	19,575
1994	183	628	9,850	5,784	2,096	4,186	22,544
1995	184	457	11,057	4,915	2,383	2,887	21,699
1996	187	352	11,076	7,575	2,549	2,680	24,232
1997	156	382	11,643	4,516	2,398	2,607	21,546
1998	153	279	7,770	5,507	1,770	1,175	16,501
1999	136	327	9,807	3,934	1,248	1,934	17,250
2000	144	213	8,078	5,365	948	1,474	16,078
2001	141	312	9,913	3,819	1,075	1,893	17,012
2002	129	264	7,517	3,238	513	1,481	13,013
2003	141	307	9,504	4,148	872	2,057	16,888
2004	121	191	7,839	3,624	603	779	13,036
2005	145	121	10,189	3,720	598	498	15,126
2006	127	88	7,205	2,580	1,114	993	11,980
2007	113	54	5,742	2,838	477	487	9,598
2008	163	258	7,403	4,534	1,345	806	14,346
2009	122	332	5,572	2,460	787	462	9,613
2010	152	262	8,305	2,549	997	1,193	13,306
2011	151	297	9,347	2,326	1,058	821	13,849
2012	151	221	8,930	1,757	806	1,584	13,298
2013	141	221	5,182	2,136	1,055	888	9,482
2014	139	50	7,777	1,475	1,629	696	11,627
2015	112	96	11,773	1,903	5,497	1,580	20,849
2016	120	190	8,497	1,883	453	527	11,550
2017	96	628	6,591	1,657	330	873	10,079
2018	100	224	4,237	1,799	650	1,335	8,871
2013–2017 average	122	237	7,964	1,811	1,793	913	12,717

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	Permits		Estim	nated harve	est ^a		
Year	issued	Chinook	Sockeye	Coho	Pink	Chum	Total
Alaska state residents	residing outside	the Alaska Penins	ula				
1985	27	0	589	332	0	2	923
1986	5	0	149	88	0	0	237
1987	6	1	278	8	0	2	289
1988	24	2	562	720	21	152	1,457
1989	25	0	1,036	72	8	181	1,297
1990	35	29	996	70	22	43	1,160
1991	51	1	1,347	138	58	179	1,723
1992	53	8	2,734	117	36	76	2,971
1993	76	17	2,069	217	91	63	2,457
1994	73	46	2,034	302	110	220	2,712
1995	76	35	1,659	106	270	482	2,552
1996	47	10	1,100	168	20	48	1,346
1997	61	38	3,581	96	557	278	4,550
1998	80	128	5,150	313	516	151	6,258
1999	50	39	5,157	50	192	101	5,539
2000	34	19	1,846	69	36	84	2,054
2001	44	27	1,854	386	132	103	2,502
2002	27	62	2,036	70	42	112	2,322
2003	24	13	684	29	357	146	1,229
2004	25	14	1,064	56	29	41	1,204
2005	14	55	841	31	20	36	983
2006	26	42	1,148	28	80	104	1,402
2007	25	33	546	0	81	85	745
2008	36	3	622	76	208	51	960
2009	12	26	526	0	0	5	557
2010	31	26	1,225	29	4	9	1,293
2011	12	36	526	5	0	1	568
2012	21	9	472	86	106	25	698
2013	27	12	782	72	49	148	1,063
2014	34	0	843	38	28	12	921
2015	38	26	884	8	2	4	924
2016	38	20	1,701	211	127	93	2,152
2017	31	20	1,135	211	144	19	1,529
2018	54	47	1,345	191	349	109	2,041
2013–2017 average	34	16	1,069	108	70	55	1,318

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	Permits		Est	imated har	vest ^a		
Year	issued	Chinook	Sockeye	Coho	Pink	Chum	Total
Total Alaska Peninsula	a area						
1985	161	74	4,037	7,504	574	1,566	13,755
1986	147	101	5,396	2,996	1,779	1,455	11,727
1987	191	193	5,777	4,259	1,547	1,943	13,719
1988	183	257	5,501	5,646	1,666	1,692	14,762
1989	188	88	10,404	3,505	1,213	2,104	17,314
1990	201	246	8,588	4,029	736	1,589	15,188
1991	249	458	11,345	5,551	1,878	3,551	22,783
1992	229	385	10,739	4,267	1,840	2,574	19,805
1993	262	615	12,478	5,753	1,189	1,997	22,032
1994	256	674	11,884	6,086	2,206	4,406	25,256
1995	260	492	12,716	5,021	2,653	3,369	24,251
1996	234	362	12,176	7,743	2,569	2,728	25,578
1997	217	420	15,224	4,612	2,955	2,885	26,096
1998	233	407	12,920	5,820	2,286	1,326	22,759
1999	186	366	14,964	3,984	1,440	2,035	22,789
2000	178	232	9,924	5,434	984	1,558	18,132
2001	185	339	11,767	4,205	1,207	1,996	19,514
2002	156	326	9,553	3,308	555	1,593	15,335
2003	165	320	10,188	4,177	1,229	2,203	18,117
2004	146	205	8,903	3,680	632	820	14,240
2005	159	176	11,030	3,751	618	534	16,109
2006	153	130	8,353	2,608	1,194	1,097	13,382
2007	138	87	6,288	2,838	558	572	10,343
2008	199	261	8,025	4,610	1,553	857	15,306
2009	134	358	6,098	2,460	787	467	10,170
2010	183	288	9,530	2,578	1,001	1,202	14,599
2011	163	333	9,873	2,331	1,058	822	14,417
2012	172	230	9,402	1,843	912	1,609	13,996
2013	168	233	5,964	2,208	1,104	1,036	10,545
2014	173	50	8,620	1,513	1,657	708	12,548
2015	150	122	12,657	1,911	5,499	1,584	21,773
2016	158	210	10,198	2,094	580	620	13,702
2017	127	648	7,726	1,868	474	892	11,608
2018	154	271	5,582	1,990	999	1,444	10,287
2013–2017 average	155	253	9,033	1,919	1,863	968	14,035

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	Permits		Estir	nated harv	est ^a		
Year	issued	Chinook	Sockeye	Coho	Pink	Chum	Total
Unalaska local commu	unity residents						
1985	65	0	897	208	1,293	20	2,418
1986	121	0	3,449	847	2,468	375	7,139
1987	81	0	1,097	378	1,780	151	3,406
1988	74	1	962	390	2,626	83	4,062
1989	70	2	1,064	470	1,292	36	2,864
1990	94	4	2,357	681	1,428	100	4,570
1991	89	0	1,294	666	1,075	45	3,080
1992	144	7	2,739	587	1,723	11	5,067
1993	137	17	2,831	697	587	136	4,268
1994	150	1	2,759	774	1,053	48	4,635
1995	159	23	4,446	480	784	23	5,756
1996	189	5	1,107	1,033	492	49	2,686
1997	218	8	4,192	864	440	110	5,614
1998	206	4	3,317	731	729	26	4,807
1999	208	0	2,707	1,327	1,018	13	5,065
2000	205	7	3,073	569	315	24	3,988
2001	201	4	3,850	563	763	100	5,280
2002	226	2	5,267	643	277	63	6,252
2003	220	27	4,814	558	408	41	5,848
2004	207	4	4,343	792	343	26	5,508
2005	207	6	4,210	356	587	15	5,174
2006	193	10	1,722	363	745	92	2,932
2007	171	16	2,391	207	750	36	3,400
2008	195	2	1,833	726	567	115	3,243
2009	205	4	3,398	703	369	194	4,668
2010	211	2	3,930	307	387	26	4,652
2011	218	8	5,191	275	382	73	5,929
2012	206	16	4,905	420	196	35	5,572
2013	206	3	3,737	187	230	69	4,226
2014	220	2	2,660	400	246	12	3,320
2015	178	3	2,926	420	350	27	3,726
2016	195	35	4,567	289	268	32	5,191
2017	156	0	2,040	263	344	42	2,689
2018	170	27	1,741	463	142	74	2,447
2013-2017 average	191	9	3,186	312	288	36	3,830

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	Permits		Estim	ated harve	est ^a		
Year	issued	Chinook	Sockeye	Coho	Pink	Chum	Total
Alaska State residents	residing outside	of Unalaska Distri	ct				
1985	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1986	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1987	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1988	3	2	4	0	1	0	7
1989	4	0	48	0	0	0	48
1990	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
1991	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1992	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1993	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
1994	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1995	1	0	38	4	7	0	49
1996	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1997	3	0	0	0	114	0	114
1998	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1999	3	0	0	0	0	0	0
2000	7	0	4	1	10	0	15
2001	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
2002	5	0	0	0	0	0	0
2003	7	0	30	0	0	0	30
2004	2	0	30	0	0	0	30
2005	10	1	23	0	0	0	24
2006	6	0	0	0	0	0	0
2007	7	0	0	0	0	0	0
2008	9	0	0	0	0	0	0
2009	10	0	1	6	0	0	7
2010	6	0	29	0	1	0	30
2011	12	2	168	0	0	0	170
2012	5	0	6	11	0	0	17
2013	36	0	241	21	3	0	265
2014	29	0	300	0	73	0	373
2015	25	2	445	3	0	0	450
2016	41	0	380	0	0	0	380
2017	31	0	180	0	0	0	180
2018	12	0	96	20	0	0	116
2013-2017 average	32	0	309	5	15	0	330

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	Permits		Esti	nated harv	esta		
Year	issued	Chinook	Sockeye	Coho	Pink	Chum	Total
Total Unalaska							
1985	65	0	897	208	1,293	20	2,418
1986	121	0	3,449	847	2,468	375	7,139
1987	81	0	1,097	378	1,780	151	3,406
1988	77	3	966	390	2,627	83	4,069
1989	74	2	1,112	470	1,292	36	2,912
1990	94	4	2,357	681	1,428	100	4,570
1991	89	0	1,294	666	1,075	45	3,080
1992	144	7	2,739	587	1,723	11	5,067
1993	139	17	2,831	697	587	136	4,268
1994	150	1	2,759	774	1,053	48	4,635
1995	160	23	4,484	484	791	23	5,805
1996	189	5	1,107	1,033	492	49	2,686
1997	221	8	4,192	864	554	110	5,728
1998	206	4	3,317	731	729	26	4,807
1999	211	0	2,707	1,327	1,018	13	5,065
2000	212	7	3,077	570	325	24	4,003
2001	203	4	3,850	563	763	100	5,280
2002	231	2	5,267	643	277	63	6,252
2003	227	27	4,844	558	408	41	5,878
2004	209	4	4,373	792	343	26	5,538
2005	217	7	4,233	356	587	15	5,198
2006	199	10	1,722	363	745	92	2,932
2007	178	16	2,391	207	750	36	3,400
2008	204	2	1,833	726	567	115	3,243
2009	215	4	3,399	709	369	194	4,675
2010	217	2	3,959	307	388	26	4,682
2011	230	10	5,359	275	382	73	6,099
2012	211	16	4,911	431	196	35	5,589
2013	242	3	3,978	208	233	69	4,491
2014	249	2	2,960	400	319	12	3,693
2015	203	5	3,371	423	350	27	4,176
2016	236	35	4,947	289	268	32	5,571
2017	187	0	2,220	263	344	42	2,869
2018	182	27	1,837	483	142	74	2,564
2013–2017 average	223	9	3,495	317	303	36	4,160

^a The total number of salmon harvested are extrapolated from returned permits.

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Appendix F2.—Subsistence salmon harvest by community and species, in number of fish, 2018.

	Permits	Permits	Percent		Es	timated harve	est ^a		
Community	issued	returned	returned	Chinook	Sockeye	Coho	Pink	Chum	Total
Alaska Peninsula									
Local residents									
Sand Point	45	29	64.4	95	1,690	489	487	968	3,729
King Cove	32	22	68.8	4	2,049	1,052	71	297	3,473
Cold Bay	13	11	84.6	0	304	6	0	48	358
False Pass	3	3	100.0	3	61	171	90	20	345
Nelson Lagoon & Port Moller	2	2	100.0	8	118	30	2	0	158
Port Heiden	5	3	60.0	113	15	52	0	2	182
Local residents total	100	70	70.0	223	4,237	1,799	651	1,335	8,245
Other State area residents total	54	41	75.9	47	1,345	191	349	109	2,041
Alaska Peninsula total	154	111	72.1	271	5,582	1,990	1,000	1,444	10,286
Unalaska									
Unalaska local residents total	170	144	84.7	27	1,741	463	142	74	2,447
Other State area residents total	12	10	83.3	0	96	20	0	0	116
Unalaska total	182	154	84.6	27	1,837	483	142	74	2,563
Adak	2	1	50.0	0	460	0	0	0	460

^a The total number of salmon harvested are extrapolated from returned permits.

Appendix F3.—Adak-Kagalaska Islands estimated personal use salmon harvests, 1988–1997, and Adak District subsistence harvest, 1998–2018.

	Permits	Permits	Percent		Estim	ated total	harvesta		
Year	issued	returned	returned	Chinook	Sockeye	Coho	Pink	Chum	Total
Adak-Kagalaska Isi	lands persor	nal use							
1988	43	29	67.4	0	503	23	150	0	676
1989	64	47	73.3	0	382	0	117	0	499
1990	61	29	47.5	0	800	47	41	0	888
1991	37	31	86.5	0	281	6	34	0	321
1992	52	41	78.8	0	572	30	4	0	606
1993	36	26	72.2	0	638	12	26	0	676
1994 ^b	0	0	0.0	_	_	_	_	_	_
1995	4	3	75.0	0	156	0	0	0	156
1996	6	6	100.0	0	91	0	0	0	91
1997 ^c	18	12	66.7	0	229	0	0	4	233
1988–1993 Avg.	49	34	71.0	0	529	20	62	0	611
1995–1996 Avg.	5	5	87.5	0	124	0	0	0	124
Adak District subsi	stence								
1998	13	10	76.9	0	399	0	25	0	424
1999	5	5	100.0	0	164	4	0	0	168
2000	13	12	92.3	0	265	4	78	0	347
2001	17	14	82.4	0	474	19	17	0	510
2002	3	3	100.0	0	150	0	0	0	150
2003	6	5	83.3	0	363	0	0	0	363
2004	6	4	66.7	0	336	0	0	0	336
2005	2	2	100.0	0	188	0	0	0	188
2006	1	1	100.0	0	74	0	1	0	75
2007	9	6	66.7	0	488	3	38	0	529
2008	10	6	60.0	0	397	0	19	0	416
2009	1	1	100.0	0	25	0	0	0	25
2010	2	1	50.0	0	50	0	0	0	50
2011	0	0	0.0	_	_	_	_	_	_
2012	2	2	100.0	0	25	0	0	0	25
2013	4	3	75.0	0	30	12	80	0	122
2014	0	0	0.0	_	_	_	_	_	_
2015	5	1	20.0	0	55	0	0	0	55
2016	0	0	0.0	_	_	_	_	_	_
2017	2	1	50.0	0	50	0	0	0	50
2018	2	1	50.0	0	460	0	0	0	460
2013–2017 Avg.	2	1	45.5	0	45	4	27	0	76

^a The total number of salmon harvested are extrapolated from returned permits.

b U.S. Navy presence at Adak was reduced; there were no requests for personal use salmon permits.

c In 1997, a substantial number of civilians were hired by the Navy to work in a cleanup effort at Adak.

Appendix F4.—Mortensen's Lagoon subsistence and commercial sockeye and coho salmon harvests and escapements, in numbers of fish, 2018.

Fishery	Permits	Sockeye	Coho
Subsistence harvest ^a			
Cold Bay locals	4	68	0
King Cove locals	2	70	25
Other Alaska residents	2	54	0
Total subsistence harvest	8	192	25
Commercial harvest ^b	0	0	0
Subsistence & commercial harvest	8	192	25
Escapement ^c		1,200	0

^a The number of subsistence salmon permit holders who reported fishing at Mortensen's Lagoon and their subsequent harvest. Harvest from unreturned permits was not estimated.

b The commercial harvest includes all of statistical area 284-62 (formerly 283-32). Some of the salmon caught in area 284-62 may have been designed for systems other than Mortensen's Lagoon.

^c Estimated total escapement (aerial survey).

Appendix F5.-Number of Mortensen's Lagoon subsistence users by community, 1984-2018.

		Number	of fishers	
	Local	Local	Nonlocal	
Year	Cold Bay	King Cove	AK residents	Total
1984	15	6	6	27
1985	10	5	7	22
1986	11	1	0	12
1987	17	1	4	22
1988	21	0	0	21
1989	12	0	7	19
1990 ^a	13	0	14	27
1991	19	2	21	42
1992	15	1	18	34
1993	15	0	39	54
1994	11	1	29	41
1995	11	13	39	63
1996	9	12	20	41
1997	11	10	15	36
1998	12	7	15	34
1999	6	4	6	16
2000	13	10	3	26
2001	12	9	5	26
2002	13	4	6	23
2003	15	16	4	35
2004	18	9	2	29
2005	9	9	2	20
2006	14	13	7	34
2007	17	9	3	29
2008	17	11	3	31
2009	13	3	6	22
2010	20	12	9	41
2011	13	26	9	48
2012	12	14	7	33
2013	8	13	1	22
2014	11	12	9	32
2015	8	7	6	21
2016	10	4	9	23
2017	5	2	3	10
2018	4	2	2	8
2013–2017 average	8	8	6	22

^a In the years between 1990 to 1998 an increased number of nonlocal fishermen harvested salmon in the Mortensen's Lagoon area.

Appendix F6.–Estimated Mortensen's Lagoon, Thin Point Cove, and Reese Bay subsistence salmon harvest, in number of fish, 1984–2018.

	Morte	ensen's Lagoo	on ^a	Thi	n Point Cov	e ^a	Reese (Wi	slow) Bay ^a
Year	Permits	Sockeye	Coho	Permits	Sockeye	Coho	Permits	Sockeye
1984	27	745	500	_	_	_	_	_
1985	22	590	831	_	_	_	23	669
1986	12	362	178	15	1,586	656	54	2,824
1987	22	604	254	15	1,226	966	20	806
1988	21	737	66	17	488	2,196	21	792
1989	19	420	28	17	1,479	1,239	12	436
1990	27	745	95	29	751	2,578	12	1,421
1991	42	1,144	83	27	913	3,154	35	1,180
1992	34	851	104	23	547	927	59	2,479
1993	54	1,596	148	37	1,511	3,184	37	1,425
1994	41	903	283	23	734	2,443	60	2,298
1995	63	1,940	175	17	1,307	1,348	82	3,985
1996	41	958	508	37	2,609	2,819	45	968
1997	36	1,440	200	14	746	1,271	121	3,945
1998	34	1,034	164	18	972	1,413	89	2,866
1999	16	443	269	21	2,135	1,123	72	2,091
2000	26	844	291	22	904	1,910	86	2,898
2001	26	918	87	33	2,960	1,754	63	3,389
2002	23	811	77	25	2,913	1,213	63	4,694
2003	35	1,817	434	36	3,002	1,527	106	4,388
2004	29	1,623	146	28	2,877	1,389	86	3,771
2005	20	952	81	31	2,572	964	91	3,363
2006	34	1,594	29	18	1,748	953	52	1,451
2007	29	1,115	166	17	2,040	650	58	1,605
2008	31	1,229	257	31	1,715	2,016	51	1,108
2009	22	650	88	18	1,108	1,376	62	2,040
2010	41	1,748	156	18	1,562	763	96	3,583
2011	48	1,926	165	22	2,067	580	122	4,681
2012	33	1,407	12	0	0	0	108	4,347
2013	22	899	53	16	1,230	925	129	2,720
2014	23	1,461	170	10	1,111	372	44	1,320
2015	21	797	15	4	500	52	55	1,942
2016	23	904	20	7	846	233	73	3,093
2017	10	401	25	3	280	25	45	1,398
2018	8	192	25	5	467	129	48	1,338
2013-2017 Average	31	1,029	271	22	1,561	1,476	66	2,490

Note: Data includes both local and nonlocal Alaska State residents.

^a The number of subsistence salmon permit holders who reported fishing at each location and their subsequent harvest. Harvest from unreturned permits was not estimated.

Appendix F7.–Thin Point Cove sockeye and coho salmon subsistence harvest, commercial harvest, and escapements, 2018.

Fishery	Permits	Sockeye	Coho
Subsistence ^a			
King Cove locals	5	467	129
False Pass locals	0		
Cold Bay locals	0		
Other Alaska residents	0		
Total Subsistence Harvest	5	467	129
Commercial ^b	0	0	0
Subsistence & commercial harvest		467	129
Escapement ^c		1,000	0

^a The number of subsistence salmon permit holders who reported fishing at Thin Point Cove and their subsequent harvest. Harvest from unreturned permits was not estimated.

Appendix F8.-Lenard Harbor subsistence and commercial coho salmon harvests, 2018.

Fishery	Permits	Coho
Subsistence ^a	2	100
Commercial ^b	0	0
Total harvest	2	100

^a The number of subsistence permits used at Lenard Harbor and the number of subsistence salmon harvested are extrapolated from returned permits.

b Commercial harvest information was from the fish ticket database and includes all of statistical area 284-75.

^c Estimated total escapement (aerial survey).

^b Commercial harvest information was from the fish ticket database and includes all of statistical area 284-65, the Lenard Harbor Section.

Appendix F9.–Estimated Lenard Harbor coho salmon subsistence harvests and escapements, 1998–2018.

		Subsistence		Total
Year	Permits	harvest	Escapement	observed run
1998	11	1,043	No information	
1999	6	412	130	542
2000	1	23	600	623
2001	6	457	1,300	1,757
2002	8	581	800	1,381
2003	11	958	1,350	2,308
2004	6	762	587	1,349
2005	13	847	900	1,747
2006	6	664	2,700	3,364
2007	11	812	1,200	2,012
2008	1	45	400	445
2009	5	49	2,600	2,649
2010	4	86	O^a	86
2011	7	265	0^{a}	265
2012	4	128	O^a	128
2013	4	182	O^a	182
2014	0	0	0^{a}	0
2015	3	223	O^a	223
2016	3	130	0^{a}	130
2017	3	325	O^a	325
2018	2	100	0^{a}	100
2013–2017 average	3	172	0	172

^a A lack of escapement information for coho salmon is due to the departure of management staff from the South Peninsula region prior to peak coho salmon runs and poor weather conditions preventing aerial surveys from being conducted during peak coho salmon runs.

Appendix F10.-Estimated Unalaska Island subsistence sockeye and coho salmon harvest by major location, in number of fish, 2018.

			Percent of
Locationa	Species	Harvest ^b	total harvest
Reese Bay (Wislow)	Sockeye	1,338	90%
	Coho	25	6%
Broad Bay	Sockeye	5	0%
	Coho	99	25%
Wide Bay	Sockeye	0	0%
	Coho	0	0%
Nateeken Bay	Sockeye	10	3%
	Coho	59	15%
Captains Bay	Sockeye	2	0%
	Coho	115	29%
Unalaska Lake vicinity	Sockeye	40	3%
	Coho	42	11%
Other locations	Sockeye	97	7%
	Coho	52	13%
Totals	Sockeye	1,492	100%
	Coho	392	100%

Some permits fished in more than one location.
 Reported harvest from returned subsistence permits. Harvest from unreturned permits was not estimated.