Annual Management Report for Shellfish Fisheries in the Bering Sea/Aleutian Islands Management Area, 2021/22

by

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and

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Weights and measures (metric)		General		Mathematics, statistics	
centimeter	cm	Alaska Administrative		all standard mathematical	
deciliter	dL	Code	AAC	signs, symbols and	
gram	g	all commonly accepted		abbreviations	
hectare	ha	abbreviations	e.g., Mr., Mrs.,	alternate hypothesis	H_A
kilogram	kg		AM, PM, etc.	base of natural logarithm	e
kilometer	km	all commonly accepted		catch per unit effort	CPUE
liter	L	professional titles	e.g., Dr., Ph.D.,	coefficient of variation	CV
meter	m		R.N., etc.	common test statistics	$(F, t, \chi^2, etc.)$
milliliter	mL	at	@	confidence interval	CI
millimeter	mm	compass directions:		correlation coefficient	
		east	E	(multiple)	R
Weights and measures (English)		north	N	correlation coefficient	
cubic feet per second	ft ³ /s	south	S	(simple)	r
foot	ft	west	W	covariance	cov
gallon	gal	copyright	©	degree (angular)	0
inch	in	corporate suffixes:		degrees of freedom	df
mile	mi	Company	Co.	expected value	E
nautical mile	nmi	Corporation	Corp.	greater than	>
ounce	oz	Incorporated	Inc.	greater than or equal to	≥
pound	lb	Limited	Ltd.	harvest per unit effort	HPUE
quart	qt	District of Columbia	D.C.	less than	<
yard	yd	et alii (and others)	et al.	less than or equal to	≤
	•	et cetera (and so forth)	etc.	logarithm (natural)	ln
Time and temperature		exempli gratia		logarithm (base 10)	log
day	d	(for example)	e.g.	logarithm (specify base)	log ₂ , etc.
degrees Celsius	°C	Federal Information		minute (angular)	1
degrees Fahrenheit	°F	Code	FIC	not significant	NS
degrees kelvin	K	id est (that is)	i.e.	null hypothesis	H_{O}
hour	h	latitude or longitude	lat or long	percent	%
minute	min	monetary symbols		probability	P
second	S	(U.S.)	\$, ¢	probability of a type I error	
		months (tables and		(rejection of the null	
Physics and chemistry		figures): first three		hypothesis when true)	α
all atomic symbols		letters	Jan,,Dec	probability of a type II error	
alternating current	AC	registered trademark	®	(acceptance of the null	
ampere	A	trademark	TM	hypothesis when false)	β
calorie	cal	United States		second (angular)	"
direct current	DC	(adjective)	U.S.	standard deviation	SD
hertz	Hz	United States of		standard error	SE
horsepower	hp	America (noun)	USA	variance	
hydrogen ion activity	pН	U.S.C.	United States	population	Var
(negative log of)			Code	sample	var
parts per million	ppm	U.S. state	use two-letter		
parts per thousand	ppt,		abbreviations		
	% 0		(e.g., AK, WA)		
volts	V				
watts	W				

FISHERY MANAGEMENT REPORT NO. 22-28

ANNUAL MANAGEMENT REPORT FOR SHELLFISH FISHERIES OF THE BERING SEA/ALEUTIAN ISLANDS MANAGEMENT AREA, 2021/22

by
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TABLE OF CONTENTS

	rage
LIST OF TABLES	iii
LIST OF FIGURES	iv
ABSTRACT	1
INTRODUCTION	1
SECTION I: BERING SEA SHELLFISH FISHERIES	3
BRISTOL BAY KING CRAB REGISTRATION AREA T	3
Description of Area	3
Bristol Bay Red King Crab	
2021/22 Fishery	3
Stock Status	3
BERING SEA KING CRAB REGISTRATION AREA Q	4
Description of Area	4
Saint Matthew Island Section Blue King Crab	4
2021/22 Fishery	
Stock Status	
Pribilof District Golden King Crab	
2021 Fishery Port Sampling	
Fishery Management and Stock Status	
Bering Sea Scarlet King Crab	6
2021 Fishery	
Fishery Management and Stock Status	6
BERING SEA TANNER CRAB MANAGEMENT DISTRICT	
Description of Area	
Bering Sea Tanner Crab	6
2021/22 Fishery East of 166°W Longitude	
Stock Status	
Port Sampling Port Sampling	
Stock Status	8
Bering Sea Snow Crab.	
2021/22 Fishery	
Port Sampling	
Bering Sea Grooved Tanner Crab.	
2021 Fishery	
Fishery Management and Stock Status	
Bering Sea Triangle Tanner Crab	10
2021 Fishery	
Fishery Management and Stock Status	
NORTH PENINSULA DISTRICT DUNGENESS CRAB	10
Description of District	10

TABLE OF CONTENTS (Continued)

	Page
Dungeness Crab	10
2021 Fishery	
Fishery Management and Stock Status	
BRISTOL BAY-BERING SEA WEATHERVANE SCALLOP REGISTRATION AREA Q	
Description of Area	
Bristol Bay - Bering Sea Weathervane Scallop	
2021/22 Fishery	11
BERING SEA MISCELLANEOUS SHELLFISH SPECIES	
Description of District	
2021 Fisheries	
Fishery Management and Stock Status	
REFERENCES CITED: SECTION I	
TABLES AND FIGURES: SECTION I	
SECTION II: ALEUTIAN ISLANDS SHELLFISH FISHERIES	
ALEUTIAN ISLANDS KING CRAB MANAGEMENT AREA	
Description of Area	
Aleutian Islands Golden King Crab.	
2021/22 Fishery East of 174°W Longitude	
Port Sampling	68
2021/22 Fishery West of 174°W Longitude	
Port SamplingFishery Management and Stock Status	
EASTERN ALEUTIAN TANNER CRAB DISTRICT	
Description of District	70
Tanner Crab	
2021 Commercial Fishery	70
Fishery Management and Stock Status	
Subsistence	
2021 King and Tanner Fishery	
ALEUTIAN DISTRICT DUNGENESS CRAB	
Description of District	
2021 Fishery	
Fishery Management and Stock Status	
DUTCH HARBOR WEATHERVANE SCALLOP REGISTRATION AREA O	71
Description of Area	
Dutch Harbor Weathervane Scallop	
2021/22 Fishery Fishery Management and Stock Status	

TABLE OF CONTENTS (Continued)

		Page
ALEUT	TIAN ISLANDS MISCELLANEOUS SHELLFISH	72
Descrip	otion of District	72
	sheries.	
	ppus	
	ery Management and Stock Status	
	ENCES CITED: SECTION II	
	ES AND FIGURES: SECTION II	
	ON III: BERING SEA/ALEUTIAN ISLANDS COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT QUOTE AND ADA IUNICTY ALLOCATION SHELLFISH FISHERIES	
Descrip	tion of Area	101
Progran	n Background	101
Current	Fishery	102
TABLE	ES: SECTION III	103
	LIST OF TABLES	
Table		Page
1.	Bristol Bay red king crab commercial fishery harvest data, 1966–2021/22	16
2.	Bristol Bay red king crab commercial fishery value and season dates, 1980–2021/22	
3. 4.	Bristol Bay red king crab cost-recovery harvest data and charter length, 1990–2021	
4. 5.	Saint Matthew Island Section blue king commercial fishery value and season dates, 1977–2021/22. Saint Matthew Island Section blue king crab commercial fishery value and season dates, 1977–2021/22.	
6.	Pribilof District golden king crab commercial fishery harvest data, 1981/82–2021.	
7.	Pribilof District golden king crab commercial fishery value and season dates, 1991–2021.	
8.	Pribilof District golden king crab commercial fishery harvest and effort by statistical area, 2021	
9.	Bering Sea scarlet king crab commercial fishery harvest data, 1995–2021.	
10.	Bering Sea District Tanner crab commercial fishery harvest data, 1968–2021/22.	
11.	Bering Sea District Tanner crab commercial fishery value and season dates, 1974–2021/22	37
12.	Bering Sea District Tanner crab commercial fishery harvest and effort by week, west of 166°W long, 2021/22	40
13.	Bering Sea District Tanner crab commercial fishery harvest and effort by statistical area, west of 166°W long, 2021/22.	41
14.	Bering Sea District snow crab commercial fishery harvest data, 1977/78–2021/22.	
15.	Bering Sea District snow crab commercial fishery value and season dates, 1980–2021/22.	
16.	Bering Sea District snow crab commercial fishery harvest and effort by week, 2021/22	
17.	Bering Sea District snow crab commercial fishery harvest and effort by statistical area, 2021/22	
18.	Bering Sea District grooved Tanner crab commercial fishery harvest data, 1992–2021	
19.	Bering Sea District triangle Tanner crab commercial fishery harvest data, 1995–2021.	53
20.	North Peninsula District commercial Dungeness crab fishery data, 1992–2021	54
21.	Bristol Bay-Bering Sea weathervane scallop commercial fishery harvest data, 1987-2021/22	
22.	Bering Sea commercial octopus incidental harvest in groundfish fisheries, 1995–2021.	
23.	Aleutian Islands golden king crab commercial fishery harvest data, 1981/82–2021/22.	
24.	Aleutian Islands golden king crab commercial fishery value and season dates, 1981/82–2021/22	82
25.	Aleutian Islands golden king crab commercial fishery harvest by statistical area east of 174°W long, 2021/22	85

LIST OF TABLES (Continued)

Table		Page
26.	Eastern Aleutian Islands golden king crab cost-recovery harvest data and charter length, 2013–2021.	
27.	Eastern Aleutian District Tanner crab commercial fishery harvest data, 1973/74–2021.	87
28.	Eastern Aleutian District Tanner crab commercial fishery value and season dates, 1973/74–2021	90
29.	Subsistence king and Tanner crab harvest from the Eastern Aleutian Islands, west of Scotch Cap Lig	ht
	and east of 168°W long, 1999–2021.	
30.	Aleutian District Dungeness crab commercial fishery data, 1974–2021	
31.	Dutch Harbor weathervane scallop commercial fishery harvest data, 1982–2021/22	
32.	Aleutian Islands commercial octopus incidental harvest in groundfish fisheries, 1996–2021	96
33.	Community Development Quota and Adak Community Allocation program percent allocation by	
	fishery to each group.	104
	LIST OF FIGURES	
Figure	e	Page
1.	Bristol Bay king crab commercial fishery Registration Area T.	58
2.	Bristol Bay red king crab commercial fishery harvest, catch per unit effort, and number of vessels,	
	1966–2021/22	59
3.	Bering Sea king crab commercial fishery Registration Area Q	60
4.	Saint Matthew Island section blue king crab commercial fishery harvest, catch per unit effort, and number of vessels, 1977–2021/22.	61
5.	Bering Sea District Tanner crab commercial fishery Registration Area J including subdistricts and	
	sections.	62
6.	Bering Sea Tanner crab commercial fishery harvest, catch per unit effort, and number of vessels,	
	1974/75–2021/22	63
7.	Bering Sea Snow crab commercial fishery harvest, catch per unit effort, and number of vessels,	
	1977/78–2021/22	64
8.	North Peninsula and Aleutian Islands Dungeness crab Districts of Registration Area J	
9.	Bering Sea and Aleutian Islands weathervane scallop Registration Areas	66
10.	Bering Sea and Aleutian Islands Tanner crab and miscellaneous shellfish Districts of Registration	
	Area J.	
11.	Aleutian Islands king crab commercial fishery Registration Area O.	97
12.	Eastern Aleutian Islands golden king crab commercial fishery harvest, catch per unit effort, and	
	number of vessels, 1981/82–2021/22.	98
13.	Western Aleutian Islands golden king crab commercial fishery harvest, catch per unit effort, and	
	number of vessels, 1981/82–2021/22.	
14.	Eastern Aleutian District Tanner crab sections of Registration Area J.	100

ABSTRACT

The Alaska Department of Fish and Game (ADF&G) manages commercial and subsistence shellfish fisheries in the territorial waters and Exclusive Economic Zone (EEZ) of the Bering Sea and Aleutian Islands in the northern Pacific Ocean. This report presents details on commercial and subsistence invertebrate and shellfish fisheries harvest, participation, and value in the Bering Sea and Aleutian Islands (BSAI) areas, excluding king crab fisheries north of Cape Romanzof. In 2021/22, golden king crab, snow crab, Tanner crab, Dungeness crab, and giant Pacific octopus were taken in BSAI fisheries. Current fishery management practices, a summary of the most recent commercial fishery, and general stock status information are presented.

Keywords:

Red king crab *Paralithodes camtschaticus*, golden king crab *Lithodes aequispinus*, scarlet king crab *Lithodes couesi*, snow crab *Chionoecetes opilio*, Tanner crab *C. bairdi*, Dungeness crab *Metacarcinus magister*, giant Pacific octopus *Enteroctopus dofleini*, blue king crab *P. platypus*, grooved Tanner crab *C. tanneri*, triangle Tanner crab *C. angulatus*, Community Development Quota, Crab Rationalization, Individual Fishing Quota, subsistence, guideline harvest level, Bering Sea, Aleutian Islands, North Peninsula, bycatch, confidential interviews, retained catch, species composition sample, size frequencies

INTRODUCTION

The Alaska Department of Fish and Game (ADF&G) manages commercial and subsistence invertebrate and shellfish fisheries occurring in the state waters of Alaska (0–3 nmi) and waters of the Exclusive Economic Zone (EEZ; 3–200 nmi) of the Bering Sea and Aleutian Islands. The Bering Sea (including Bristol Bay) is made up of waters north of Cape Sarichef (54°36′N lat) and west of the Maritime Boundary Agreement Line of 1990, excluding the Norton Sound Section. The Aleutian Islands area includes waters west of the longitude of Scotch Cap Light (164°44.72′W long), east of the Maritime Boundary Agreement Line of 1990, south of Cape Sarichef (54°36′N lat), to 171°W long westward, and south of a line from the latitude 55°30′N. Crab in the Bering Sea north of Cape Romanzof (61°49′N lat), including Norton Sound, are managed by ADF&G's Nome office and are not included in this report. Waters of the Bering Sea and Aleutian Islands (BSAI) historically support the largest and most valuable commercial crab fisheries in Alaska.

The BSAI is divided into registration areas for king crab management and districts for Tanner crab, Dungeness crab, and miscellaneous shellfish management. BSAI king and Tanner crab fisheries in the EEZ are managed under a federal fisheries management plan (FMP) that establishes a cooperative management structure deferring king and Tanner crab management to the State of Alaska with federal oversight. Other crab and miscellaneous shellfish fisheries that occur in territorial waters are managed solely under state jurisdiction. Since 2005, most EEZ BSAI crab fisheries are managed under the federal crab rationalization program, which resulted in consolidation of harvesting and processing sectors and substantially changed historical fishing practices.

Species commercially harvested during the 2021/22 season in the BSAI include golden king crab *Lithodes aequispinus*, Tanner crab *Chionoecetes bairdi*, snow crab *C. opilio*, Dungeness crab *Metacarcinus magister*, and giant Pacific octopus *Enteroctopus dofleini*. Historically, waters of the BSAI have supported commercial harvests of red king crab *Paralithodes camtschaticus*, blue king crab *P. platypus*, scarlet king crab *L. couesi*, grooved Tanner crab *C. tanneri*, triangle Tanner crab *C. angulatus*, green sea urchins *Strongylocentrotus droebachiensis*, pandalid shrimp *Pandalidae* spp., hair crab *Erimacrus isenbeckii*, weathervane scallop *Patinopectin caurinus*, and several species of sea snails. However, fisheries for these species are currently either closed due

to low abundance or not currently commercially prosecuted. For additional background on current BSAI shellfish fisheries and information on historical fisheries not covered in this report, refer to *Annual Management Report for Shellfish Fisheries of the Bering Sea/Aleutian Islands Management Area*, 2015/16 (Leon et al. 2017).

In 2021/22, 53 catcher vessels, 2 catcher—processors, and 8 shore-based processors were involved in harvesting and processing shellfish in the BSAI. Shellfish landings totaled approximately 13.7 million pounds.

SECTION I: BERING SEA SHELLFISH FISHERIES

BRISTOL BAY KING CRAB REGISTRATION AREA T

DESCRIPTION OF AREA

Bristol Bay king crab Registration Area T includes all waters north of Cape Sarichef (54°36′N lat), south of Cape Newenham (58°39′N lat), and east of 168°W long (Figure 1).

BRISTOL BAY RED KING CRAB

2021/22 Fishery

The 2021/22 Bristol Bay red king crab (BBR) fishery was closed due to the 2021 National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS) trawl survey model-survey estimate of mature female abundance being below the regulatory threshold for opening a fishery (Tables 1 and 2, Figure 2).

BBR cost recovery was conducted by ADF&G in 2021 with 38,465 pounds (6,230 legal male crab) harvested. The 10-day charter occurred from October 9 to October 18 (Table 3).

Stock Status

The 2021 NMFS trawl survey of Bristol Bay was conducted in June. Red king crab were caught in 65 of the 136 survey stations within the Bristol Bay management district, with most legal males concentrated in the central section.

Based on 2021 NMFS trawl survey data, immature male biomass decreased 14%, mature male biomass increased 28%, legal male biomass increased 40%, and mature female biomass decreased 24%, relative to the 2019 trawl survey estimates; the 2020 NMFS trawl survey of Bristol Bay was canceled due to COVID-19. Estimated immature male biomass of 5.3 million pounds was below the 20-year average of 20.6 million pounds, estimated mature male biomass of 35.0 million pounds was below the 20-year average of 75.7 million pounds, estimated legal male biomass of 27.7 million pounds was below the 20-year average of 59.5 million pounds, and estimated mature female biomass of 21.9 million pounds was below the 20-year average of 70.9 million pounds (Zacher et al. 2021).

Data from the NMFS trawl survey is incorporated into the length-based analysis (LBA) model with model estimates used by the BBR regulatory harvest strategy to determine the fishery total allowable catch (TAC). LBA model results indicated 7.9 million mature females and an effective spawning biomass of 20.9 million pounds; stock thresholds for opening the fishery are 8.4 million mature females and 14.5 million pounds of effective spawning biomass. Therefore, the stock was below the female threshold to open the fishery and it was closed for 2021. The harvest strategy is found in 5 AAC 34.816 *Bristol Bay red king crab harvest strategy*.

Further information on BBR stock status and federal overfishing levels may be found in the 2021 Stock Assessment and Fishery Evaluation Report for the King and Tanner Crab Fisheries of the Bering Sea and Aleutian Islands Regions (NPFMC 2021a).

BERING SEA KING CRAB REGISTRATION AREA Q

DESCRIPTION OF AREA

The Bering Sea king crab Registration Area Q southern boundary is a line from 54°36′N lat, 168°W long, to 54°36′N lat, 171°W long, to 55°30′N lat, 171°W long, to 55°30′N lat, 173°30′E long. The northern boundary is the latitude of Point Hope (68°21′N lat). The eastern boundary is a line from 54°36′N lat, 168°W long, to 58°39′N lat, 168°W long, to Cape Newenham (58°39′N lat). The western boundary is the United States—Russia Maritime Boundary Line of 1990 (Figure 3). Area Q is divided into 2 districts: the Pribilof District, which includes waters south of Cape Newenham; and the Northern District, which includes all waters north of Cape Newenham. The Northern District is subdivided into 3 sections. The Saint Matthew Island Section includes waters north of Cape Newenham and south of Cape Romanzof (61°49′N lat). The Norton Sound Section includes all waters north of Cape Romanzof and south of 66°N lat. The Kotzebue Sound Section encompasses all remaining waters of the district. The Norton Sound Section and Kotzebue Sound Sections are not addressed in this report.

SAINT MATTHEW ISLAND SECTION BLUE KING CRAB

2021/22 Fishery

The 2021/22 Saint Matthew Island Section blue king crab fishery was closed due to the 2021 NMFS trawl survey model-survey estimate of mature male abundance being below the regulatory threshold for opening a fishery (Tables 4 and 5, Figure 4).

Stock Status

The 2021 NMFS trawl survey of Saint Matthew Island was conducted in July. Blue king crab were caught in 10 of the 56 survey stations within the Saint Matthew Island Section of the Northern District, with most legal males concentrated in nearshore areas south of the island.

Based on 2021 NMFS trawl survey data, immature male biomass increased 5%, mature male biomass decreased 44%, legal male biomass decreased 38%, and mature female biomass decreased 11%, relative to the 2019 trawl survey estimates; the 2020 NMFS trawl survey of Saint Matthew Island was canceled due to COVID-19. Estimated immature male biomass of 1.8 million pounds was below the 20-year average of 2.2 million pounds, estimated mature male biomass of 3.6 million pounds was below the 20-year average of 7.9 million pounds, estimated legal male biomass of 3.1 million pounds was at the 20-year average of 5.2 million pounds, and estimated mature female biomass of 0.89 million pounds was above the 20-year average of 0.30 million pounds (Zacher et al. 2021). In 2018, NMFS declared the Saint Matthew Island blue king crab stock overfished and the stock is currently in a rebuilding plan.

ADF&G conducted triennial pot surveys in the Saint Matthew Island Section from 1995 to 2013, with a focus on the nearshore waters with bottom topography unsuitable to trawl surveys. From 2013 to 2018, in response to a request for more detailed information from the stock assessment authors, the survey was conducted on an annual basis. After 2018, the survey returned to a triennial cycle. There was no ADF&G pot survey conducted in 2021 due to a lack of bids for the charter vessel contract.

Further information on Saint Matthew Island blue king crab stock status and federal overfishing levels may be found in the 2021 *Stock Assessment and Fishery Evaluation Report for the King and Tanner Crab Fisheries of the Bering Sea and Aleutian Islands Regions* (NPFMC 2021a).

PRIBILOF DISTRICT GOLDEN KING CRAB

2021 Fishery

The 2021 Pribilof District golden king crab (PIGKC) fishery had a guideline harvest level (GHL) of 130,000 pounds and was open January 1, 2021, through December 31, 2021. Four vessels participated in the fishery and harvested 34,216 pounds, of which 1.9% was deadloss (Table 6). Sporadic harvest occurred mid-April through early December. Harvest by statistical week is confidential and therefore not shown. On average, vessels were active in the fishery for 31 days. Harvesters were paid an initial average exvessel price of \$7.81 per pound, the highest PIGKC exvessel price since the inception of the fishery. Total exvessel fishery value was estimated to be \$262,244 (Table 7).

Total effort for the 2021 fishery was 2,361 pot lifts. Catch per unit effort (CPUE) was 3 legal crab per pot, below the 10-year (2010–2020) average CPUE of 9 (Table 6). Harvest was distributed across 10 ADF&G statistical reporting areas with the highest concentration of harvest (57%) occurring in ADF&G statistical area 695600, south of St. George Island (Table 8).

Port Sampling

During the 2021 PIGKC fishery, ADF&G personnel and onboard observers sampled golden king crab from vessels at shore-based processors in Dutch Harbor and Akutan. Biological data collected on landed golden king crab consisted of carapace length, shell condition, and average weight. Confidential interviews, supplemented by daily fishing log records, were conducted with vessel operators to acquire detailed information regarding statistical reporting areas fished, effort, and fishery performance. Data were collected by ADF&G port samplers and onboard observers from 7 of the 7 total landings during the 2021 PIGKC fishery. Average weight of sampled crab was 4.9 pounds and average carapace length was 155 mm (Table 6).

Fishery Management and Stock Status

The golden king crab fishery is managed using a GHL based on a buffered federal acceptable biological catch (ABC) that approximates long-term average harvest. In 2012, North Pacific Fishery Management Council (NPFMC) established a total-catch overfishing level (OFL) of 200,000 pounds. The 2012 OFL used the relationship of bycatch mortality to retained catch in the Pribilof District golden king crab fishery from 2001 to 2010 (NPFMC 2011).

An ABC of 180,000 pounds was also set in 2012, by applying a 10% buffer on the Tier 5 harvest control rule OFL (NPFMC 2011). For 2015, ABC was reduced to 150,000 pounds by employing a 25% buffer on the OFL to account for uncertainty associated with limited stock condition data (NPFMC 2014). The GHL is established by reducing the ABC to account for bycatch mortality of golden king crab across all fisheries.

Stock biomass of golden king crab in the Pribilof District has been estimated using area-swept extrapolations applied to NMFS slope trawl survey data. Although biomass estimates of golden king crab from the slope survey are available, they are highly uncertain and not currently used in fishery management. The most recent NMFS Bering Sea slope survey was conducted in 2016.

Results of the 2016 NMFS Bering Sea slope survey showed an estimated biomass of 3.12 million pounds (Hoff 2016).

Further information on Pribilof District golden king crab stock status and federal overfishing levels may be found in the 2021 *Stock Assessment and Fishery Evaluation Report for the King and Tanner Crab Fisheries of the Bering Sea and Aleutian Islands Regions* (NPFMC 2021a).

BERING SEA SCARLET KING CRAB

2021 Fishery

One vessel harvested scarlet king crab in the Bering Sea during 2021. Harvest was restricted to incidental harvest during the Bering Sea golden king crab fishery. Harvest information is confidential (Table 9).

Fishery Management and Stock Status

In 2007, NMFS amended the FMP and removed Bering Sea scarlet king crab, which transferred sole jurisdiction of the stock to the State of Alaska (NPFMC 2007). Onboard observers have been required on most vessels that targeted deepwater crab species since 1994 and have collected information detailing the size and sex composition of the retained and nonretained scarlet king crab and bycatch species. This information is useful when developing management measures for deepwater crab stocks; however, there is currently no harvest strategy.

Stock biomass of scarlet king crab in the Bering Sea has been estimated using area-swept methods applied to NMFS upper continental slope trawl survey data (Hoff 2016). Although biomass estimates of scarlet king crab from the slope survey are available, they are highly uncertain and not currently used in fishery management. The most recent NMFS Bering Sea slope survey was conducted in 2016. Results of the 2016 NMFS Bering Sea slope survey showed an estimated biomass of 0.97 million pounds (Hoff 2016).

BERING SEA TANNER CRAB MANAGEMENT DISTRICT

DESCRIPTION OF AREA

The Bering Sea District of Tanner crab Registration Area J includes all waters north of Cape Sarichef (54°36′N lat). The district is divided into the Eastern and Western Subdistricts at 173°W long. The Eastern Subdistrict is further divided into 2 sections: the Norton Sound Section north of the latitude of Cape Romanzof (61°49′N lat) and east of 168°W long, and the General Section south and west of the Norton Sound Section (Figure 5).

BERING SEA TANNER CRAB

The Bering Sea Tanner crab stock is managed as 2 separate fisheries, east and west of 166°W long, with a separate TAC set for each fishery.

2021/22 Fishery East of 166°W Longitude

The 2021/22 Bering Sea Tanner crab fishery east of 166°W long (EBT) was closed (Tables 10 and 11, Figure 6). Survey-estimated mature male biomass estimate east of 166°W long was below the regulatory threshold (mature male biomass must be at least 25% of the 1982–2018 average) required to open the fishery. The harvest strategy is found in 5 AAC 35.508 *Bering Sea District C. bairdi Tanner crab harvest strategy*.

Stock Status

The 2021 NMFS trawl survey of the eastern Bering Sea was conducted in June and July. Tanner crab were caught in 76 of the 120 survey stations east of 166°W long, with most legal males concentrated in the central and southwest sections of Bristol Bay (Zacher et al. 2021).

Based on 2021 NMFS trawl survey estimates east of 166°W long, immature male biomass increased 75%, mature male biomass decreased 21%, legal male biomass decreased 36%, and mature female biomass increased 332%, relative to the 2019 trawl survey estimates; the 2020 NMFS trawl survey of the eastern Bering Sea was canceled due to COVID-19. Estimated immature male biomass of 17.0 million pounds was below the 20-year average of 20.8 million pounds, estimated mature male biomass of 11.1 million pounds was below the 20-year average of 36.3 million pounds, estimated legal male biomass of 7.7 million pounds was below the 20-year average of 28.6 million pounds, and estimated mature female biomass of 6.2 million pounds was below the 20-year average of 7.9 million pounds (Zacher et al. 2021).

Further information on Tanner crab stock status and federal overfishing levels may be found in the 2021 Stock Assessment and Fishery Evaluation Report for the King and Tanner Crab Fisheries of the Bering Sea and Aleutian Islands Regions (NPFMC 2021a).

2021/22 Fishery West of 166°W Longitude

The 2021/22 Bering Sea Tanner crab fishery west of 166°W long (WBT) opened October 15 with a combined Individual Fishing Quota (IFQ) and Community Development Quota (CDQ) TAC of 1,100,000 pounds (Table 10). TAC was allocated by NMFS as 90% IFQ (990,000 pounds) and 10% CDQ (110,000 pounds) with all 6 of the CDQ groups participating in the harvest of the CDQ allocation. Twenty vessels participated in the fishery and harvested 1,089,707 pounds, of which 1% was deadloss (Table 10). Harvest occurred throughout the season, with the last directed delivery on March 27 (Tables 11 and 12); snow crab deliveries through early May included minimal amounts of incidental Tanner crab. On average, vessels were active in the fishery for 26 days. Harvesters were paid an initial average exvessel price of \$4.98 per pound, the highest WBT exvessel price since the inception of the fishery. Total exvessel fishery value was estimated to be \$5,368,102 (Table 11).

Total effort for the 2021/22 fishery was 22,433 pot lifts. CPUE was 35 legal crab per pot, above the post-rationalization (2005/06–2020/21) average CPUE of 20 (Table 10, Figure 6). Harvest was distributed across 25 ADF&G statistical reporting areas with the highest concentration of harvest (52%) occurring in ADF&G statistical area 665500, north of Unalaska Island (Table 13).

Port Sampling

During the 2021/22 WBT fishery, ADF&G personnel and onboard observers sampled Tanner crab from vessels at shore-based processors in Akutan, Dutch Harbor, King Cove, and Saint Paul Island. Biological data collected on landed Tanner crab consisted of carapace width, shell condition, and average weight. Confidential interviews, supplemented by daily fishing log records, were conducted with vessel operators to acquire detailed information regarding statistical reporting areas fished, effort, and fishery performance. Data were collected by ADF&G port samplers and onboard observers from 70 of the 74 total landings (IFQ and CDQ) during the 2021/22 WBT fishery. Average weight of sampled crab was 1.4 pounds and average carapace width was the lowest in the history of the fishery at 128 mm (Table 10). Due to the reduced 2021/22 Bering Sea

snow crab TAC, most vessels targeted smaller Tanner crab than in previous years to supplement the snow crab market.

Stock Status

The 2021 NMFS trawl survey of the eastern Bering Sea was conducted in June and July. Tanner crab were caught in 169 of the 255 survey stations west of 166°W long, with most legal males concentrated around the Pribilof Islands and the southeastern portion of the western area (Zacher et al. 2021).

Based on 2021 NMFS trawl survey estimates west of 166°W long, immature male biomass increased 42%, mature male biomass decreased 24%, legal male biomass decreased 39%, and mature female biomass increased 36%, relative to the 2019 trawl survey estimates; the 2020 NMFS trawl survey of the eastern Bering Sea was canceled due to COVID-19. Estimated immature male biomass of 24.1 million pounds was below the 20-year average of 30.4 million pounds, estimated mature male biomass of 16.5 million pounds was below the 20-year average of 48.6 million pounds, estimated legal male biomass of 11.7 million pounds was below the 20-year average of 40.6 million pounds, and estimated mature female biomass of 12.4 million pounds was above the 20-year average of 11.7 million pounds (Zacher et al. 2021).

Further information on Tanner crab stock status and federal overfishing levels may be found in the 2021 Stock Assessment and Fishery Evaluation Report for the King and Tanner Crab Fisheries of the Bering Sea and Aleutian Islands Regions (NPFMC 2021a).

BERING SEA SNOW CRAB

2021/22 Fishery

The 2021/22 Bering Sea snow crab (BSS) fishery opened October 15 with a combined IFQ and CDQ TAC of 5,600,000 pounds (Table 14). TAC was allocated by NMFS as 90% IFQ (5,040,000 pounds) and 10% CDQ (560,000 pounds) with 5 of the 6 CDQ groups participating in the harvest of the CDQ allocation. Forty-three vessels participated in the fishery and harvested 5,548,238 pounds, of which 1.3% was deadloss (Tables 14 and 15). Harvest occurred early January through May, with the last delivery on June 4 (Tables 15 and 16). On average, vessels were active in the fishery for 32 days. Harvesters were paid an initial average exvessel price of \$4.45 per pound, the highest BSS exvessel price since the inception of the fishery. Total exvessel fishery value was estimated to be \$24,384,308 (Table 15).

Total effort for the 2021/22 fishery was 40,032 pot lifts. CPUE was 115 legal crab per pot, well below the post-rationalization (2005/06–2020/21) average CPUE of 215 (Table 14, Figure 7). Harvest was distributed across 47 ADF&G statistical reporting areas with the highest concentration of harvest (29%) occurring in ADF&G statistical area 755930, southwest of Saint Matthew Island (Table 17).

Port Sampling

During the 2021/22 Bering Sea snow crab fishery, ADF&G personnel and onboard observers sampled snow crab from vessels at shore-based processors in Akutan, Dutch Harbor, King Cove, and Saint Paul. Biological data collected on landed snow crab consisted of carapace width, shell condition, and average weight. Confidential interviews, supplemented by daily fishing log records, were conducted with vessel operators to acquire detailed information regarding statistical reporting areas fished, effort, and fishery performance. Data were collected by ADF&G port samplers and

onboard observers from 128 of the 140 total landings (IFQ and CDQ) during the 2021/22 Bering Sea snow crab fishery. Average weight of sampled crab was 1.2 pounds and average carapace width was 107 mm (Table 14).

Stock Status

The 2021 NMFS trawl survey of the eastern Bering Sea was conducted in June and July. Snow crab were caught in 257 of the 375 survey stations of the eastern Bering Sea survey area, with legal males distributed throughout the survey area in waters deeper than 50 meters and at higher concentrations in the northern half of the survey area (Zacher et al. 2021).

Based on 2021 NMFS trawl survey estimates, immature male biomass decreased 83%, mature male biomass decreased 55%, legal male biomass decreased 66%, and mature female biomass decreased 72%, relative to the 2019 trawl survey estimates; the 2020 NMFS trawl survey of the eastern Bering Sea was canceled due to COVID-19. Estimated immature male biomass of 108.4 million pounds was below the 20-year average of 324.2 million pounds, estimated mature male biomass of 53.8 million pounds was below the 20-year average of 147.0 million pounds, estimated legal male biomass of 132.5 million pounds was below the 20-year average of 244.5 million pounds, and estimated mature female biomass of 65.8 million pounds was below the 20-year average of 187.6 million pounds (Zacher et al. 2021).

Survey results showed an increased proportion of old shell males and females, and a decline in clutch fullness, which represents a serious decline in the reproductive potential of the snow crab stock. While clear mechanisms are currently lacking, the 2021/22 fishery performed poorly despite a historically low TAC suggesting increased mortality is a plausible explanation for the observed decline in abundance. Snow crab mature male biomass was below the mean stock size threshold and is pending overfished determination by NMFS (NPFMC SSC 2021). Further information on snow crab stock status and federal overfishing levels may be found in the 2021 *Stock Assessment and Fishery Evaluation Report for the King and Tanner Crab Fisheries of the Bering Sea and Aleutian Islands Regions* (NPFMC 2021a).

BERING SEA GROOVED TANNER CRAB

2021 Fishery

One vessel harvested grooved Tanner crab in the Bering Sea during 2021. Harvest information is confidential (Table 18).

Fishery Management and Stock Status

In 2007, NMFS amended the FMP and removed Bering Sea grooved Tanner crab, which transferred sole jurisdiction for this stock to the State (NPFMC 2007). Onboard observers have been required on most vessels that targeted deepwater crab species since 1994 and have collected information detailing the size and sex composition of the retained and nonretained grooved Tanner crab and bycatch species. This information is useful when developing management measures for deepwater crab stocks; however, there is currently no harvest strategy.

Stock biomass of grooved Tanner crab in the Bering Sea has been estimated using area-swept methods applied to NMFS upper continental slope trawl survey data (Hoff 2016). Although biomass estimates of grooved Tanner crab from the slope survey are available, they are highly uncertain and not currently used in fishery management. The most recent NMFS Bering Sea slope

survey was conducted in 2016. Results of the 2016 NMFS Bering Sea slope survey showed an estimated biomass of 3.81 million pounds in the eastern Bering Sea (Hoff 2016).

BERING SEA TRIANGLE TANNER CRAB

2021 Fishery

One vessel harvested triangle Tanner crab in the Bering Sea during 2021. Harvest information is confidential (Table 19).

Fishery Management and Stock Status

In 2007, NMFS amended the FMP and removed Bering Sea triangle Tanner crab, which transferred sole jurisdiction for the fishery to the State (NPFMC 2007).

Triangle Tanner crab are currently managed as bycatch only to other nonrationalized fisheries. Stock biomass of triangle Tanner crab in the Bering Sea has been estimated using area-swept methods applied to NMFS upper continental slope trawl survey data (Hoff 2016). Although biomass estimates of triangle Tanner crab from the slope survey are available, they are highly uncertain and not currently used in fishery management. The most recent NMFS Bering Sea slope survey was conducted in 2016. Results of the 2016 NMFS Bering Sea slope survey showed an estimated biomass of 13.5 million pounds in the eastern Bering Sea (Hoff 2016).

NORTH PENINSULA DISTRICT DUNGENESS CRAB

DESCRIPTION OF DISTRICT

The North Peninsula District for Dungeness crab includes all waters of Registration Area J north of the latitude of Cape Sarichef at 54°36′N lat (Figure 8).

DUNGENESS CRAB

2021 Fishery

The North Peninsula Dungeness crab fishery opened May 1, 2021. Seven vessels participated in the fishery and harvested 1,147,881 pounds, of which 3.6% was deadloss (Table 20). Harvest for the 2021 season was the largest in the history of this fishery. Harvest occurred early May through October, with the last delivery on October 19. Total effort for the 2021 fishery was 28,405 pot lifts. CPUE was 18 legal crab per pot, the highest since the inception of the fishery. Harvesters were paid an initial average exvessel price of \$3.98 per pound, the highest exvessel price since the inception of the fishery. Total exvessel fishery value was estimated to be \$4,407,798 (Table 20).

Fishery Management and Stock Status

The North Peninsula Dungeness crab fishery is managed using 3-S management (size, sex, and season). Only male Dungeness crab 6.5 inches (165 mm) or greater in carapace width may be retained from May 1 to October 18. No stock assessment is available and limited biological and fishery data have been collected through dockside sampling and fish tickets.

BRISTOL BAY-BERING SEA WEATHERVANE SCALLOP REGISTRATION AREA Q

DESCRIPTION OF AREA

Bristol Bay–Bering Sea weathervane scallop Registration Area Q is a combination of the Bristol Bay king crab Registration Area T and Bering Sea king crab Registration Area Q (Figure 9).

BRISTOL BAY - BERING SEA WEATHERVANE SCALLOP

2021/22 Fishery

The 2021/22 Bristol Bay–Bering Sea weathervane scallop fishery opened July 1, 2021, with a GHL of 7,500 pounds of shucked scallop meat. No vessels participated in the fishery and it closed by regulation on February 15, 2022 (Table 21).

Fishery Management and Stock Status

Fishing effort in Bristol Bay–Bering Sea weathervane scallop Registration Area Q primarily occurs north–northwest of Unimak Island. The fishery CPUE of 20 pounds of shucked scallop meat per dredge hour in the 2019/20 season was a time-series low and a continuation of overall decline in fishery performance since the 2014/15 season. Area Q contributed substantially to statewide scallop harvest until the 2014/15 season when fishery performance declined rapidly and harvesters reported weak meat condition. Tissue samples collected by fishery observers have shown a high prevalence of an apicomplexan parasite in the Bering Sea beds (NPFMC 2017), similar to the apicomplexan seen in Icelandic scallop beds, causing the weak meat condition. Infection in the scallop beds is thought to be the primary driver of poor fishery performance, although other environmental or recruitment factors may contribute. Absent survey data, minimal GHLs have been set since 2015 to monitor bed condition and maintain the fishery data time series.

Area Q has never been surveyed with dredge gear as part of the Statewide Weathervane Scallop Dredge Survey. The NMFS annual trawl survey overlaps with the Area Q fishing grounds, but scallop shell height composition data is not collected. Therefore, the stock is assessed annually using available fishery and observer data. The harvest strategy is found in 5 AAC 38.076 Alaska Scallop Fishery Management Plan and 5 AAC 38.078 State-Waters Weathervane Scallop Management Plan.

Further information on weathervane scallop stock status and federal overfishing levels may be found in the 2021 *Stock Assessment and Fishery Evaluation Report for the Scallop Fishery off Alaska* (NPFMC 2021b).

BERING SEA MISCELLANEOUS SHELLFISH SPECIES

DESCRIPTION OF DISTRICT

The Bering Sea District of Registration Area J for miscellaneous shellfish includes all waters north of the latitude of Cape Sarichef at 54°36′N lat and east of the United States–Russia Maritime Boundary Line of 1990 (Figure 10).

2021 FISHERIES

Octopus

One vessel harvested octopus from state waters during 2021. Harvest information is confidential. Harvest from state and federal waters combined was 32,922 pounds from 72 vessels and 160 landings. All reported harvest was incidental to groundfish fisheries. Average exvessel price based on landed weight of octopus in 2021 was \$0.21 per pound (Table 22).

Fishery Management and Stock Status

Octopus are considered a shellfish species under State of Alaska regulation. Limited directed fishing within state waters may occur under the authority of a commissioner's permit; however, octopus are primarily retained as bycatch during state and federal groundfish fisheries. Currently, vessels may retain incidentally caught octopus up to 20% of the weight of the target groundfish species or halibut onboard. Most octopus are retained as bycatch in Pacific cod pot gear fisheries.

Incidental harvest of octopus in the Bering Sea is dominated by giant Pacific octopus *Enteroctopus dofleini*, although at least 9 other species of octopus are known to occur in the Bering Sea. The 2020 NMFS trawl survey of the eastern Bering Sea was canceled due to COVID-19 and a full stock assessment will not be conducted until 2022. Results from the 2019 NMFS Eastern Bering Sea shelf trawl survey estimate octopus (all species) biomass at 13.1 million pounds with 94% of the estimate composed of *E. dofleini*. The 2019 octopus (all species) biomass estimate increased 13% relative to the 2018 estimate and is above the 5-year average (2014–2018) of 10.5 million pounds. Biomass estimates for octopus in the Bering Sea are highly variable and do not necessarily reflect the sizes of octopus caught in fisheries (Ormseth et al. 2020). General knowledge of the stock is limited and there is currently no reliable estimate of octopus biomass (Ormseth et al. 2020).

Further information on octopus stock status and federal overfishing levels may be found in the 2020 Assessment of the Octopus Stock Complex in the Bering Sea and Aleutian Islands (Ormseth et al. 2020).

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TABLES AND FIGURES: SECTION I

Table 1.—Bristol Bay red king crab commercial fishery harvest data, 1966–2021/22.

					Nuı	mber of		Average			
Season	GHL/TAC ^{a,b}	Harvest ^{a,c}	Deadlossa	Vessels	Landings	Crab ^c	Pots lifted	CPUE ^d	Weight ^{a,e}	Length ^{e,f}	
1966	_	997,321	ND	9	15	140,554	2,720	52	ND	ND	
1967	_	3,102,443	ND	20	61	397,307	10,621	37	ND	ND	
1968	_	8,686,546	ND	59	261	1,278,592	47,496	27	ND	ND	
1969	_	10,403,283	ND	65	377	1,749,022	98,426	18	ND	ND	
1970	_	8,559,178	ND	51	309	1,682,591	96,658	17	ND	ND	
1971	_	12,955,776	ND	52	394	2,404,681	118,522	20	ND	ND	
1972	_	21,744,924	ND	64	611	3,994,356	205,045	19	ND	ND	
1973	_	26,913,636	ND	67	441	4,825,963	194,095	25	5.6	ND	
1974	_	42,266,274	ND	104	605	7,710,317	212,915	36	5.5	ND	
1975	_	51,326,259	1,639,483	102	592	8,745,294	205,096	43	5.7	ND	
1976	_	63,919,728	875,327	141	984	10,603,367	321,010	33	6.0	148	
1977	_	69,967,868	730,279	130	1,020	11,733,101	451,273	26	5.9	148	
1978	_	87,618,320	1,273,037	162	926	14,745,709	406,165	36	5.9	147	
1979	_	107,828,057	3,555,891	236	889	16,808,605	315,226	53	6.4	152	
1980	70–120 million	129,948,463	1,858,668	236	1,251	20,845,350	267,292	37	6.2	151	
1981	10–100 million	33,372,832	706,489	177	1,013	5,273,530	536,646	10	6.3	151	
1982	10–20 million ^g	2,990,082	95,834	89	253	538,925	140,492	4	5.5	145	
1983				No comi	mercial fishe	ry					
1984	2.5–6 million	4,083,612	35,101	89	133	793,046	107,406	7	5.2	142	
1985	3–5 million	4,090,305	6,436	125	130	780,791	84,443	9	5.2	142	
1986	6–13 million	11,306,084	284,126	157	229	2,083,496	175,753	12	5.4	142	
1987	8.5–17.7 million	12,289,067	120,388	230	311	2,122,341	220,971	10	5.8	145	
1988	7,500,000	7,361,026	23,537	200	201	1,231,731	146,179	8	6.0	147	

Table 1.—Page 2 of 3.

					Nur	nber of			Average	
Season	GHL/TACa,b	Harvest ^{a,c}	Deadlossa	Vessels	Landings	Crab ^c	Pots lifted	CPUE ^d	Weight ^{a,e}	Length ^{e,f}
1989	16,500,000	10,156,849	81,334	207	280	1,667,405	205,528	8	6.1	148
1990	17,100,000	20,443,043	141,067	241	333	3,135,382	262,761	12	6.5	152
1991	18,000,000	17,177,894	119,670	300	325	2,630,446	227,555	12	6.5	152
1992	10,300,000	8,070,129	9,000	280	289	1,201,129	206,815	6	6.7	153
1993	16,800,000	14,587,704	134,314	292	360	2,254,989	254,389	9	6.5	152
1994–1995				No	o commercia	l fishery				
1996	5,000,000	8,523,114	26,084	197	200	1,266,048	77,081	16	6.7	153
1997	7,000,000	8,911,387	32,012	257	269	1,340,591	91,085	15	6.6	152
$1998^{\rm h}$	16,400,000	15,003,359	87,978	275	301	2,241,489	145,689	15	6.7	152
1999	10,660,000	11,835,930	44,807	258	284	1,927,105	151,212	13	6.1	148
$2000^{\rm i}$	8,350,000	8,240,644	37,230	244	270	1,272,382	104,056	12	6.5	151
$2001^{\rm i}$	7,150,000	8,523,495	59,973	230	257	1,305,396	66,947	19	6.5	151
$2002^{\rm i}$	9,270,489	9,666,847	35,122	242	272	1,498,574	72,514	21	6.5	151
$2003^{\rm i}$	15,713,000	15,728,256	230,467	250	296	2,524,506	134,515	19	6.2	149
$2004^{h,i}$	15,424,000	15,447,030	163,750	251	294	2,272,184	97,621	23	6.8	154
$2005/06^{j}$	18,329,000	18,309,335	86,288	89	296	2,732,563	114,944	24	6.7	152
2006/07	15,527,000	15,616,816	118,227	81	213	2,455,618	72,106	34	6.4	151
2007/08	20,383,000	20,366,065	140,384	74	281	3,139,336	113,214	28	6.5	151
2008/09	20,364,000	20,329,402	173,163	78	289	3,066,286	139,937	22	6.6	153
2009/10	16,009,000	15,932,654	122,207	70	233	2,537,221	118,521	21	6.3	150
2010/11	14,839,000	14,833,829	106,874	65	254	2,398,490	131,627	18	6.2	150
2011/12	7,834,000	7,833,594	32,068	62	161	1,279,054	45,166	28	6.1	149
2012/13	7,853,000	7,849,835	30,050	64	141	1,157,364	38,159	30	6.8	154

Table 1.—Page 3 of 3.

					Nur	mber of		Average		
Season	GHL/TACa,b	Harvest ^{a,c}	Deadlossa	Vessels	Landings	Crab ^c	Pots lifted	CPUE ^d	Weight ^{a,e}	Length ^{e,f}
2013/14	8,600,000	8,600,476	62,749	63	156	1,242,705	45,927	27	6.9	155
2014/15	9,986,000	9,987,008	101,241	63	159	1,498,538	58,702	26	6.7	152
2015/16	9,974,000	9,969,964	182,833	64	152	1,497,783	48,008	31	6.7	153
2016/17	8,469,000	8,466,701	41,120	63	148	1,253,967	33,126	38	6.8	154
2017/18	6,601,000	6,600,922	24,880	61	142	964,593	48,242	20	6.8	156
2018/19	4,308,000	4,307,946	27,575	55	121	606,421	30,722	20	7.1	156
2019/20	3,797,000	3,791,569	8,874	56	116	531,329	34,458	15	7.1	156
2020/21	2,648,000	2,646,874	3,905	47	95	433,482	20,244	21	6.1	150
2021/22				N	lo commercia	al fishery				

Note: En dashes indicate harvest limits were not set for this fishery prior to 1980; ND indicates these data were not collected or cannot be derived.

- ^a In pounds.
- b Guideline harvest level (GHL) began in 1980; total allowable catch (TAC) began in 2005/06.
- ^c Deadloss included.
- d Number of legal crab per pot lift.
- e Retained catch.
- f Carapace length in millimeters.
- g Inseason revision to 4.7 million pounds.
- h Total GHL announced prior to general fishery opening; CDQ GHL adjusted based on general fishery harvest.
- i Includes American Fisheries Act harvest data.
- j Crab rationalization begins.

Table 2.–Bristol Bay red king crab commercial fishery value and season dates, 1980–2021/22.

		⁷ alue	Se	ason length	
Season	Exvessela	Total	Opened	Closed	Days
1980	\$0.90	\$115,280,816	09/10/80	10/20/80	41
1981	\$2.03	\$66,312,676	09/10/81	12/15/81	97
1982	\$3.20	\$9,261,594	09/10/82	10/10/82	31
1983		No comm	ercial fishery		
1984	\$2.72	\$11,011,950	10/01/84	10/16/84	16
1985	\$2.90	\$11,843,220	09/25/85	10/02/85	8
1986	\$4.05	\$44,638,930	09/25/86	10/07/86	13
1987	\$3.95	\$48,070,777	09/25/87	10/06/87	12
1988	\$4.85	\$35,610,150	09/25/88	10/02/88	8
1989	\$4.68	\$47,202,150	09/25/89	10/06/89	12
1990	\$5.03	\$102,198,044	11/01/90	11/13/90	13
1991	\$3.00	\$51,174,672	11/01/91	11/08/91	8
1992	\$5.13	\$41,323,471	11/01/92	11/08/92	8
1993	\$4.48	\$64,750,431	11/01/93	11/10/93	10
1994–1995		No comm	ercial fishery		
1996	\$4.01	\$34,104,724	11/01/96	11/05/96	5
1997	\$3.27	\$29,033,365	11/01/97	11/05/97	5
1998	\$2.60	\$38,852,795	11/01/98	11/6/98 ^b	6
1999	\$6.23	\$73,473,949	10/15/99	10/20/99 ^b	6
2000	\$4.82	\$39,542,935	10/16/00	$10/20/00^{b}$	5
2001	\$4.95	\$41,934,728	10/15/01	10/18/01 ^b	4
2002	\$6.13	\$59,016,000	10/15/02	$10/18/02^{b}$	4
2003	\$5.05	\$78,253,116	10/15/03	10/20/03 ^b	6
2004	\$4.64	\$70,936,658	10/15/04	$10/18/04^{b}$	4
2005/06 ^c	\$3.85	\$70,086,741	10/15/05	01/15/06	93
2006/07	\$3.37	\$52,277,156	10/15/06	01/15/07	93
2007/08	\$4.16	\$84,211,504	10/15/07	01/15/08	93
2008/09	\$4.97	\$100,222,813	10/15/08	01/15/09	93
2009/10	\$4.44	\$70,172,988	10/15/09	01/15/10	93
2010/11	\$6.31	\$92,924,994	10/15/10	01/15/11	93
2011/12	\$8.91	\$69,479,174	10/15/11	01/15/12	93
2012/13	\$7.28	\$56,914,521	10/15/12	01/15/13	93
2013/14	\$6.41	\$54,763,067	10/15/13	01/15/14	93
2014/15	\$6.05	\$59,849,844	10/15/14	01/15/15	93

Table 2.—Page 2 of 2.

	V	alue	Season length				
Season	Exvessela	Total	Opened	Closed	Days		
2015/16	\$7.02	\$68,754,179	10/15/15	01/15/16	93		
2016/17	\$9.06	\$76,311,556	10/15/16	01/15/17	93		
2017/18	\$8.33	\$54,792,098	10/15/17	01/15/18	93		
2018/19	\$8.45	\$36,176,631	10/15/18	01/15/19	93		
2019/20	\$9.04	\$34,208,234	10/15/19	01/15/20	93		
2020/21	\$9.11	\$24,086,513	10/15/20	01/15/21	93		
2021/22		No comm	ercial fishery				

^a Average price per pound.

^b CDQ fishery opened after general fishery.

^c Crab rationalization begins.

Table 3.—Bristol Bay red king crab cost-recovery harvest data and charter length, 1990–2021.

				Numl	er of		Av	erage	Charter Length	
Season	Harvest ^{a,b}	Deadloss ^a	Vessels	Landings	Crab ^b	Pots lifted	CPUE°	Weight ^{a,d}	Dates	Days
1990°	80,701	24,540	1	3	9,567	870	16	5.9	08/07-09/07	30
1991 ^e	205,851	12,817	1	2	30,351	518	62	6.4	09/02-10/07	35
1992 ^e	74,089	3,000	1	1	11,213	670	17	6.3	10/08–10/23	15
1993°	53,200	800	1	1	8,384	464	18	6.3	08/20-09/20	31
1994 ^e	93,336	4,500	1	1	14,806	732	21	6.0	09/25-10/25	30
1995 ^e	80,158	2,339	1	2	14,123	564	26	5.5	08/01-08/31	31
1996 ^e	107,955	1,918	1	3	15,390	355	44	6.9	08/01-08/31	31
1997 ^e	154,739	18,040	1	4	21,698	658	37	6.3	07/25-08/21	28
1998e	188,176	32,564	1	2	22,230	738	36	7.0	08/01-08/28	28
1999 ^f	185,944	410	2	4	29,368	1,239	24	6.3	09/25-10/11,10/25-11/10	34
2000e	86,218	347	1	2	14,196	702	20	6.1	09/20-10/04	15
$2001^{\rm f}$	120,435	138	2	3	17,605	597	29	6.8	09/22-10/10, 10/23-11/08	36
$2002^{\rm f}$	96,221	181	2	2	14,528	277	52	6.6	09/23-10/09, 10/17-10/27	27
2003 ^{e,g}	33,817	143	1	1	5,327	584	9	6.4	09/01-10/04	34
$2004^{\rm f}$	201,579	638	2	3	29,733	1,286	23	6.8	10/21–10/25, 10/23–10/31, 10/27–11/01	20
$2005^{\rm f}$	208,828	1,500	1	4	30,585	1,376	22	6.8	11/12–12/02	19
$2006^{\rm f}$	303,867	3,313	1	4	47,215	1,067	44	6.4	09/23-10/23	31
$2007^{\rm f}$	145,619	469	1	4	22,951	734	31	6.3	10/02–10/23	22
2008						No cost-rec	overy effort	t		
$2009^{\rm f}$	100,400	463	1	3	15,726	646	24	6.4	09/25-10/12	18
$2010^{\rm f}$	72,787	69	1	3	11,462	556	21	6.4	09/27-10/20	25
$2011^{\rm f}$	118,690	199	1	3	18,963	618	31	6.3	09/30–10/21	21
2012 ^f	134,712	286	3	7	18,388	726	25	7.3	10/09–10/22	14

22

Table 3.–Page 2 of 2.

				Numbe	er of		Av	erage	Charter Length	
Season	Harvest ^{a,b}	Deadloss ^a	Vessels	Landings	Crab ^b	Pots lifted	CPUE°	Weight ^{a,d}	Dates	Days
$2013^{\rm f}$	198,158	1,332	1	3	29,568	662	45	6.7	10/01–10/08, 10/12–10/17	14
$2014^{\rm f}$	190,269	940	1	3	27,044	665	41	7.0	10/02-10/21	20
$2015^{\rm f}$	201,471	1,143	1	3	29,191	755	39	6.9	10/01–10/11, 10/13–10/22	21
$2016^{\rm f}$	183,948	1,107	1	3	27,227	482	56	6.8	10/1–10/10, 10/12–10/19	18
$2017^{\rm f}$	219,509	3,562	1	4	32,621	927	35	6.7	10/01–10/09, 10/11–10/23, 11/02–11/08	29
$2018^{\rm f}$	159,630	2,720	1	4	23,486	1,253	19	6.8	10/02-10/10, 10/11-10/16, 10/19-10/22	19
$2019^{\rm f}$	122,372	1,096	1	2	17,187	575	30	7.1	10/01–10/13	13
$2020^{\rm f}$	124,289	789	1	3	21,780	1,102	20	5.7	10/07–10/24	18
2021 ^f	38,465	49	1	3	6,230	294	21	6.2	10/09–10/18	10

^a In pounds.

b Deadloss included.

c Number of legal crab per pot lift.

d Retained catch.

^e Bering Sea and Aleutian Islands shellfish research program cost recovery.

^f Bering Sea and Aleutian Islands shellfish research and observer program cost recovery.

g Includes 1,222 pounds harvested in the Pribilof District.

Table 4.—Saint Matthew Island Section blue king commercial fishery harvest data, 1977–2021/22.

					Nu	mber of			Average	
Season	GHL/TAC ^{a,b}	Harvest ^{a,c}	Deadlossa	Vessels	Landings	Crab ^c	Pots lifted	CPUE ^d	Weight ^{a,e}	Length ^{e,f}
1977	_	1,202,066	129,148	10	24	281,665	17,370	16	4.3	130
1978	_	1,984,251	116,037	22	70	436,126	43,754	9	4.5	132
1979	_	210,819	56,147	18	25	52,966	9,877	5	4.0	129
1980	_	CF	CF	2	2	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF
1981	_	4,627,761	53,355	31	119	1,045,619	58,550	18	4.4	ND
1982	_	8,844,789	142,973	96	269	1,935,886	165,618	12	4.6	135
1983	8,000,000	9,454,323	828,994	164	235	1,931,990	133,944	14	4.8	137
1984	2–4 million	3,764,592	31,983	90	169	841,017	73,320	11	4.5	135
1985	0.9–1.9 million	2,175,087	2,613	74	95	436,021	46,988	9	5.0	139
1986	0.2–0.5 million	1,003,162	32,560	38	43	219,548	22,073	10	4.6	134
1987	0.6–1.3 million	1,039,779	600	60	61	227,447	28,230	8	4.6	134
1988	0.7–1.5 million	1,236,462	7,760	45	45	280,401	21,678	13	4.4	133
1989	1,700,000	1,166,258	3,754	69	69	247,641	30,803	8	4.7	135
1990	1,900,000	1,725,349	17,416	31	38	391,405	26,264	15	4.4	134
1991	3,200,000	3,372,066	216,459	68	69	726,519	37,104	20	4.6	134
1992	3,100,000	2,475,916	1,836	174	179	545,222	56,630	10	4.5	134
1993	4,400,000	3,003,089	3,168	92	136	630,353	58,647	11	4.8	135
1994	3,000,000	3,764,262	46,699	87	133	827,015	60,860	14	4.6	133
1995	2,400,000	3,166,093	91,041	90	111	666,905	48,560	14	4.7	135
1996	4,300,000	3,078,959	36,892	122	188	660,665	91,085	7	4.7	135
1997	5,000,000	4,649,660	209,490	117	166	939,822	81,117	12	4.9	140
1998	4,099,512	2,968,573	15,554	132	266	635,370	91,826	7	4.7	134
1999–2008/09 ^g					No commerc	ial fishery				

24

Table 4.—Page 2 of 2.

					Num	ber of			Average	
Season	GHL/TACa,b	Harvest ^{a,c}	Deadlossa	Vessels	Landings	Crab ^c	Pots lifted	CPUE ^d	Weight ^{a,e}	Length ^{e,f}
2009/10	1,167,000	460,859	10,484	7	30	103,376	10,697	10	4.5	130
2010/11	1,600,000	1,263,982	10,206	11	70	298,668	29,346	10	4.2	123
2011/12	2,359,000	1,881,322	26,588	18	90	437,862	48,554	9	4.3	126
2012/13	1,630,000	1,616,054	21,052	17	92	379,386	37,065	10	4.3	130
2013/14					No commerc	cial fishery				
2014/15	655,000	308,582	5,552	4	26	69,109	10,133	7	4.5	132
2015/16	411,000	106,449	1,439	3	14	24,407	5,475	4	4.4	132
2016/17-2021/22					No commerc	cial fishery				

Note: En dashes indicate harvest limits were not set for this fishery prior to 1983; CF indicates confidential data; ND indicates these data were not collected or cannot be derived.

^a In pounds.

b Guideline harvest level (GHL) began in 1983; total allowable catch (TAC) began in 2005/06.

^c Deadloss included.

^d Number of legal crab per pot lift.

e Retained catch.

^f Carapace length in millimeters.

^g Crab rationalization begins in the 2005/06 season.

Table 5.—Saint Matthew Island Section blue king crab commercial fishery value and season dates, 1977–2021/22.

		Value	Sea	Season length			
Season	Exvessela	Total	Opened	Closed	Days		
1977	\$1.00	\$1,072,918	06/07/77	08/16/77	71		
1978	\$0.95	\$1,774,803	07/15/78	09/03/78	51		
1979	\$0.70	\$108,270	07/15/79	08/24/79	41		
1980	CF	CF	07/15/80	09/03/80	51		
1981	\$0.90	\$4,116,965	07/15/81	08/21/81	38		
1982	\$2.00	\$17,403,632	08/01/82	08/16/82	16		
1983 ^b	\$3.00	\$25,875,987	08/23/83	09/06/83	15		
1984	\$1.50	\$5,598,914	09/01/84	09/08/84	8		
1985	\$1.60	\$3,475,958	09/01/85	09/06/85	6		
1986	\$2.96	\$2,870,927	09/01/86	09/06/86	6		
1987	\$2.73	\$2,833,149	09/01/87	09/05/87	5		
1988	\$3.10	\$3,811,700	09/01/88	09/05/88	5		
1989	\$2.90	\$3,371,233	09/01/89	09/04/89	4		
1990	\$3.42	\$5,844,906	09/01/90	09/07/90	7		
1991	\$2.80	\$8,835,700	09/16/91	09/20/91	5		
1992	\$2.92	\$7,228,333	09/04/92	09/07/92	4		
1993	\$3.05	\$9,159,080	09/15/93	09/21/93	7		
1994	\$4.13	\$15,338,950	09/15/94	09/22/94	8		
1995	\$2.32	\$7,123,102	09/15/95	09/22/95	8		
1996	\$2.21	\$6,712,037	09/15/96	09/16/96	2		
1997	\$2.23	\$9,900,019	09/15/97	09/22/97	8		
1998	\$1.87	\$5,523,187	09/15/98	09/26/98	12		
$1999 - 2008/09^{\rm b}$		No comm	nercial fishery				
2009/10	\$2.19	\$985,204	10/15/09	02/01/10	110		
2010/11	\$4.12	\$5,160,670	10/15/10	02/01/11	110		
2011/12	\$4.33	\$8,034,387	10/15/11	02/01/12	110		
2012/13	\$3.77	\$6,008,470	10/15/12	02/01/13	110		
2013/14		No comm	nercial fishery				
2014/15	\$3.38	\$1,025,161	10/15/14	02/01/15	110		
2015/16	\$4.03	\$423,508	10/15/15	02/01/16	110		
2016/17-2021/22		No comm	nercial fishery				

Note: CF indicates confidential data

^a Average price per pound.

^b Crab rationalization begins in the 2005/06 season.

Table 6.—Pribilof District golden king crab commercial fishery harvest data, 1981/82–2021.

					Num	ber of			Average	
Season	GHL ^{a,b}	Harvest ^{a,c}	Deadlossa	Vessels	Landings	Crab ^c	Pots lifted	CPUE ^d	Weight ^{a,e}	Length ^{e,f}
1981/82	_	CF	CF	2	3	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF
1982/83	_	69,970	570	10	19	15,330	5,252	3	4.6	151
1983/84	_	856,475	20,041	50	115	253,162	26,035	10	3.4	127
1984	_				No comme	ercial fishing	effort			
1985	_	CF	CF	1	1	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF
1986	_				No comme	ercial fishing	effort			
1987	_	CF	CF	2	2	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF
1988	_	CF	CF	1	2	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF
1989	_	CF	CF	2	4	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF
1990–1992	_				No comme	ercial fishing	effort			
1993	_	67,458		5	15	17,643	15,395	1	3.8	ND
1994	_	88,985	730	3	5	21,477	1,845	12	4.1	ND
1995	_	341,908	2950	7	23	82,489	9,551	9	4.1	ND
1996	_	329,009	12,409	6	32	91,947	9,952	9	3.6	ND
1997	_	179,249	5,554	7	23	43,305	4,673	9	4.1	ND
1998	_	35,722	474	3	9	9,205	1,530	6	3.9	ND
1999	200,000	177,108	319	3	9	44,098	2,995	15	4.0	ND
2000	150,000	127,217	4,599	7	19	29,145	5,450	5	4.4	ND
2001	150,000	145,876	8,227	6	14	33,723	4,262	8	4.3	143
2002	150,000	150,434	8,984	8	20	34,860	5,279	7	4.3	144
2003	150,000	CF	CF	3	6	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF
2004	150,000	CF	CF	5	8	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF
2005	150,000	CF	CF	4	8	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF

Table 6.—Page 2 of 2.

					Number	of			Average	
Season	GHL ^{a,b}	Harvest ^{a,c}	Deadlossa	Vessels	Landings	Crab ^c	Pots lifted	CPUE ^d	Weight ^{a,e}	Length ^{e,f}
2006-2009	150,000				No commercial	fishing effo	rt			
2010	150,000	CF	CF	1	3	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF
2011	150,000	CF	CF	2	4	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF
2012	150,000	CF	CF	1	3	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF
2013	150,000	CF	CF	1	2	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF
2014	150,000	CF	CF	1	1	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF
2015–2016	130,000				No commercial	fishing effo	rt			
$2017^{\rm g}$	130,000	CF	CF	2	6	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF
2018	130,000	CF	CF	1	3	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF
2019	130,000	CF	CF	2	5	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF
2020	130,000	107,679	1,638	4	12	24,301	2,960	8	4.4	149
2021	130,000	34,216	638	4	7	7,021	2,361	3	4.9	155

Note: En dashes indicate harvest limits were not set for this fishery prior to 1999; CF indicates confidential data; ND indicates these data were not collected or cannot be derived.

^a In pounds.

b Guideline harvest level (GHL) began in 1999.

^c Deadloss included.

d Number of legal crab per pot lift.

e Retained catch.

f Carapace length in millimeters.

g Includes harvest from one vessel that was incorrectly landed using a T91Q CFEC permit card.

Table 7.-Pribilof District golden king crab commercial fishery value and season dates, 1991-2021.

	Value	<u> </u>	Season length				
Season	Exvessela	Total	Opened	Closed	Days		
1993	\$2.58	\$173,975	01/01/93	12/31/93	365		
1994	\$3.97	\$350,375	01/01/94	12/31/94	365		
1995	\$2.82	\$955,522	01/01/95	12/31/95	365		
1996	\$2.13	\$674,660	01/01/96	12/31/96	365		
1997	\$2.25	\$391,339	01/01/97	12/31/97	365		
1998	\$1.96	\$68,930	01/01/98	12/31/98	365		
1999	\$2.39	\$421,674	01/01/99	06/10/99	161		
2000	\$3.22	\$395,325	01/01/00	12/31/00	365		
2001	\$3.15	\$433,922	01/01/01	04/15/01	105		
2002	\$3.09	\$436,584	01/01/02	05/14/02	134		
2003	CF	CF	01/01/03	05/01/03	121		
2004	CF	CF	01/01/04	03/12/04	72		
2005	CF	CF	01/01/05	12/31/05	365		
2006	No commercial f	ishing effort	01/01/06	12/31/06	365		
2007	No commercial f	ishing effort	01/01/07	12/31/07	365		
2008	No commercial f	ishing effort	01/01/08	12/31/08	365		
2009	No commercial f	ishing effort	01/01/09	12/31/09	365		
2010	CF	CF	01/01/10	12/31/10	365		
2011	CF	CF	01/01/11	12/31/11	365		
2012	CF	CF	01/01/12	12/31/12	365		
2013	CF	CF	01/01/13	12/31/13	365		
2014	CF	CF	01/01/14	12/31/14	365		
2015	No commercial f	ishing effort	01/01/15	12/31/15	365		
2016	No commercial f	ishing effort	01/01/16	12/31/16	365		
2017	CF	CF	01/01/17	06/12/17	163		
2018	CF	CF	01/01/18	12/31/18	365		
2019	CF	CF	01/01/19	05/31/19	151		
2020	\$5.87	\$621,971	01/01/20	12/31/20	365		
2021	\$7.81	\$262,244	01/01/21	12/31/21	365		

Note: CF indicates confidential data.

^a Average price per pound.

Table 8.-Pribilof District golden king crab commercial fishery harvest and effort by statistical area, 2021.

				Numb	er of		Ave	erage
Statistical area	Harvest ^{a,b}	Deadlossa	Vessels	Landings	Crab ^b	Pots lifted	CPUE ^c	Weight ^{a,d}
685600	833	11	3	3	177	92	2	4.7
695600	19,527	430	4	6	4,187	1,290	3	4.7
Other ^e	13,856	197	4	7	2,657	979	3	5.2
Total	34,216	638	4	7	7,021	2,361	3	4.9

^a In pounds.

b Deadloss included.

^c Number of legal crab per pot lift.

d Retained catch.

^e Combination of statistical areas (8) in which landings were made by fewer than three vessels.

Table 9.—Bering Sea scarlet king crab commercial fishery harvest data, 1995–2021.

				Numbe	er of		Ave	rage	Value		
Season	Harvest ^{a,b}	Deadloss ^a	Vessels	Landings	Crab ^b	Pots lifted	CPUE ^c	Weight ^{a,d}	Exvessele	Total	
1995	26,684	465	4	25	11,048	24,551	<1	2.4	\$2.45	\$64,237	
1996	CF	CF	2	7	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF	
1997–2001				No							
2002	CF	CF	1	4	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF	
$2003^{\rm f}$	CF	CF	3	11	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF	
$2004^{\rm f}$	CF	CF	2	4	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF	
$2005^{\rm f}$	CF	CF	1	1	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF	
2006–2016				No	commercia	l fishing effort					
$2017^{\rm f,g}$	CF	CF	1	3	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF	
2018–2019				No	commercia	l fishing effort					
2020^{f}	CF	CF	1	2	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF	
2021 ^f	CF	CF	1	1	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF	

Note: CF indicates confidential data. Harvest is bycatch only; therefore, harvest limits are not set for this stock.

^a In pounds.

b Deadloss included.

^c Number of legal crab per pot lift.

d Retained catch.

^e Average price per pound.

f Restricted to incidental harvest during Bering Sea golden king crab and grooved Tanner crab fisheries.

g Includes harvest from one vessel that was incorrectly landed using a T91Q CFEC permit card.

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Table 10.—Bering Sea District Tanner crab commercial fishery harvest data, 1968–2021/22.

						Nu	mber of			Average	
Season	Locationa	GHL/TACb,c	Harvest ^{b,d}	Deadloss ^b	Vessels	Landings	Crab ^d	Pots lifted	CPUE ^e	Weight ^{b,f}	Width ^{f,g}
1968		=	17,900	ND	ND	7	6,400	1,400	5	2.8	ND
1969		=	1,008,900	ND	ND	131	353,300	29,800	12	2.9	ND
1970		=	1,014,700	ND	ND	66	482,300	16,400	29	2.9	ND
1971		_	166,100	ND	ND	22	61,300	7,300	8	2.7	ND
1972		_	107,761	ND	ND	14	42,061	4,260	10	2.6	ND
1973		_	231,668	ND	ND	44	93,595	15,730	6	2.5	ND
1974		_	5,044,197	ND	ND	69	2,531,825	22,014	115	2.0	ND
1974/75	Southeastern	_	6,504,984	ND	ND	72	2,526,687	32,275	78	2.6	ND
	Pribilofs	_	523,394	ND	ND	8	247,083	3,923	63	2.1	ND
	TOTAL	=	7,028,378	ND	28	80	2,773,770	36,198	77	2.5	ND
1975/76	Southeastern		16,643,194	ND	ND	230	6,682,232	106,445	63	2.5	ND
	Pribilofs	_	5,714,913	ND	ND	74	2,273,804	34,761	65	2.5	ND
	TOTAL	=	22,358,107	ND	66	304	8,956,036	141,206	63	2.5	ND
1976/77	Southeastern	_	41,007,736	ND	ND	437	16,089,057	233,667	69	2.6	ND
	Pribilofs	_	10,447,485	ND	ND	104	4,162,451	63,804	65	2.5	ND
	TOTAL	=	51,455,221	ND	83	541	20,251,508	297,471	68	2.5	ND
1977/78	Southeastern	_	53,278,012	ND	ND	706	21,055,527	408,437	52	2.5	ND
	Pribilofs	-	13,152,843	ND	ND	155	5,210,170	107,913	48	2.5	ND
	TOTAL	-	66,430,855	ND	120	861	26,265,697	516,350	51	2.5	ND
1978/79	Southeastern	_	39,694,205	75,400	ND	758	15,601,891	356,594	44	2.5	ND
	Pribilofs	_	2,852,969	600	ND	59	1,124,627	46,103	24	2.5	ND
	TOTAL	<u> </u>	42,547,174	76,000	144	817	16,726,518	402,697	42	2.5	153

32

Table 10.—Page 2 of 6.

						Nun	nber of			Average	
Season	Locationa	GHL/TACb,c	Harvest ^{b,d}	Deadloss ^b	Vessels	Landings	Crab ^d	Pots lifted	CPUE ^e	Weight ^{b,f}	Width ^{f,g}
1979/80	Southeastern	=	35,724,003	56,446	ND	789	14,329,889	476,410	30	2.5	ND
	Pribilofs	-	890,312	0	ND	15	355,722	12,024	30	2.5	ND
	TOTAL	28–36 million	36,614,315	56,446	152	804	14,685,611	488,434	30	2.5	151
1981	Southeastern	-	26,684,956	97,398	ND	674	10,532,007	496,751	21	2.5	ND
	Pribilofs	-	2,945,536	4,196	ND	87	1,313,951	62,875	21	2.2	ND
	TOTAL	28–36 million	29,630,492	101,594	165	761	11,845,958	559,626	21	2.5	149
1982	Southeastern	-	8,812,302	69,829	ND	539	3,825,433	322,634	12	2.3	ND
	Pribilofs	-	2,196,477	68,330	ND	252	1,005,547	167,465	6	2.2	ND
	TOTAL	12–16 million	11,008,779	138,159	125	791	4,830,980	490,099	10	2.3	149
1983	Northern	_	48,454	167	ND	10	29,578	5,950	5	1.6	ND
	Southeastern	_	4,633,354	52,879	ND	287	1,984,673	192,538	10	2.3	ND
	Pribilofs	_	592,073	6,983	ND	151	272,505	83,528	3	2.2	ND
	TOTAL	5,600,000	5,273,881	60,029	108	448	2,286,756	282,016	8	2.3	149
1984	Southeastern	-	1,099,142	4,688	ND	91	470,181	44,546	11	2.3	ND
	Pribilofs	-	109,081	337	ND	43	46,759	16,811	3	2.3	ND
	TOTAL	7,100,000	1,208,223	5,025	41	134	516,940	61,357	8	2.3	147
1985	Southeastern	-	3,023,193	14,096	38	143	1,266,567	85,926	13	2.4	ND
	Pribilofs	_	13,742	0	15	23	5,934	8,606	1	2.3	ND
	TOTAL	3,000,000	3,036,935	14,096	44	166	1,272,501	94,532	12	2.4	150
1986–1987					No comm	ercial fishery					

Table 10.—Page 3 of 6.

						Nı	umber of			Average	
Season	Location ^a	GHL/TACb,c	Harvest ^{b,d}	Deadloss ^b	Vessels	Landings	Crab ^d	Pots lifted	CPUE ^e	Weight ^{b,f}	Width ^{f,g}
1988	Eastern	=	2,294,997	10,724	102	249	957,318	114,384	8	2.4	ND
	Western				No commen	rcial fishing E	ffort				
	TOTAL	5,600,000	2,294,997	10,724	102	249	957,318	114,384	8	2.4	144
1989	Eastern	_	6,982,865	34,664	108	358	2,894,480	183,692	16	2.4	ND
	Western				No commen	rcial fishing E	ffort				
	TOTAL	13,500,000	6,982,865	34,664	108	358	2,894,480	183,692	16	2.4	149
1990	Eastern	=	24,529,592	86,603	184	1,016	10,701,363	695,667	15	2.3	ND
	Western	_	17,956	0	15	18	7,975	9,548	1	2.3	ND
	TOTAL	29,500,000	24,547,548	86,603	184	1,034	10,709,338	705,215	15	2.3	148
1990/91	Eastern	42,800,000	40,081,555	210,769	248	1,756	16,608,625	883,391	19	2.4	150
1991/92	Eastern	_	31,742,117	279,741	284	2,316	12,901,364	1,209,180	11	2.5	ND
	Western	-	52,265	0	19	33	22,738	15,779	1	2.3	ND
	TOTAL	32,800,000	31,794,382	279,741	284	2,349	12,924,102	1,224,959	11	2.5	150
1992/93	Eastern	=	34,821,009	346,505	293	2,010	15,074,069	1,151,849	13	2.3	ND
	Western	-	309,823	3,000	70	96	191,796	50,051	4	1.6	ND
	TOTAL	38,100,000 ^h	35,130,832	349,505	294	2,106	15,265,865	1,201,900	13	2.3	148
1993/94	East of 168°W	$10,700,000^{i}$	4,134,529	119,715	285	350	1,699,750	250,826	7	2.4	ND
	163°W to 173°W	$9,100,000^{j,k}$	12,776,371	155,557	261	515	5,539,068	325,963	17	2.3	ND
	TOTAL	19,800,000	16,910,900	275,272	296	865	7,238,818	576,789	13	2.3	151
1994	163°W to 173°W	7,500,000	7,766,886	132,780	183	349	3,351,639	249,536	13	2.3	150
1995	163°W to 173°W	5,500,000	4,233,061	44,523	196	256	1,877,303	247,853	8	2.3	149

Table 10.—Page 4 of 6.

						Nur	nber of			Average	
Season	Locationa	GHL/TACb,c	Harvest ^{b,d}	Deadloss ^b	Vessels	Landings	Crab ^d	Pots lifted	CPUE ^e	Weight ^{b,f}	Width ^{f,g}
1996	East of 168°W	$2,200,000^{g(i)}$	811,301	6,149	135	152	341,039	73,522	5	2.4	ND
	163°W to 173°W	6,200,000 ^{h(j)}	994,776	8,464	192	195	393,257	75,753	5	2.5	ND
	TOTAL ¹	8,400,000	1,806,077	14,613	196	347	734,296	149,275	5	2.5	152
1997–2004					No comm	ercial fishery					
$2005/06^{\rm m}$	East of 166°W				No comm	ercial fishery					
	West of 166°W	1,620,000	952,887	15,174	43	103	443,977	32,389	14	2.1	145
	TOTAL ¹	1,620,000	952,887	15,174	43	103	443,977	32,389	14	2.1	145
2006/07	East of 166°W	1,875,000	1,401,743	9,256	37	63	585,480	29,129	20	2.4	151
	West of 166°W	1,094,000	720,846	19,696	39	78	340,623	28,140	12	2.1	146
	TOTAL ¹	2,969,000	2,122,589	28,952	52	141	926,103	57,269	16	2.3	150
2007/08	East of 166°W	3,445,000	1,582,858	16,117	20	65	685,491	33,515	20	2.3	148
	West of 166°W	2,176,000	523,796	4,676	34	61	241,673	21,938	11	2.2	146
	$TOTAL^1$	5,621,000	2,106,654	20,793	41	126	927,164	55,453	17	2.3	148
2008/09	East of 166°W	2,763,000	1,830,031	13,543	22	66	778,898	36,698	21	2.3	150
	West of 166°W	1,537,000	109,552	3,737	42	101	51,471	30,175	2	2.1	147
	TOTAL ¹	4,300,000	1,939,583	17,280	50	167	830,369	66,873	12	2.3	149
2009/10	East of 166°W	1,350,000	1,324,578	8,376	17	51	483,419	16,770	29	2.7	157
	West of 166°W				No comm	ercial fishery					
	TOTAL ¹	1,350,000	1,328,356	12,154	41	113	485,963	42,006	12	2.7	157
2010/11-2012/13					No comm	ercial fishery					

Table 10.—Page 5 of 6.

						Nı	umber of			Average	
Season	Location ^a	GHL/TACb,c	Harvest ^{b,d}	Deadloss ^b	Vessels	Landings	Crab ^d	Pots lifted	CPUE ^e	Weight ^{b,f}	Width ^{f,g}
2013/14	East of 166°W	1,463,000	1,456,357	6,254	30	74	710,043	26,468	27	2.1	145
	West of 166°W	1,645,000	1,330,488	22,546	64	261	735,725	131,524	6	1.8	138
	$TOTAL^{1}$	3,108,000	2,786,845	28,800	66	335	1,445,768	157,992	9	1.9	142
2014/15	East of 166°W	8,480,000	8,450,485	59,788	42	143	4,381,890	87,875	50	1.9	141
	West of 166°W	6,625,000	5,253,942	96,921	58	237	3,140,954	142,820	22	1.7	134
	$TOTAL^{1}$	15,105,000	13,704,427	156,709	64	380	7,522,844	230,695	33	1.8	138
2015/16	East of 166°W	11,272,000	11,263,562	120,187	49	202	6,000,262	139,171	43	1.9	141
	West of 166°W	8,396,000	8,378,816	52,546	62	247	4,856,156	145,638	33	1.7	135
	$TOTAL^1$	19,668,000	19,642,378	172,733	70	449	10,856,418	284,809	38	1.8	138
2016/17					No co	ommercial fish	nery				
2017/18	East of 166°W				No co	ommercial fish	iery				
	West of 166°W	2,500,200	2,496,734	16,212	34	91	1,340,230	29,903	45	1.9	139
	$TOTAL^1$	2,500,200	2,497,033	16,249	40	107	1,340,394	33,738	40	1.9	139
2018/19	East of 166°W				No co	ommercial fish	nery				
	West of 166°W	2,439,000	2,441,201	40,450	36	101	1,380,990	41,922	33	1.8	137
	$TOTAL^1$	2,439,000	2,441,227	40,476	37	111	1,381,008	45,984	30	1.8	137
2019/20					No co	ommercial fish	nery				
2020/21	East of 166°W				No co	mmercial fish	ery				
	West of 166°W	2,348,000	1,449,543	25,334	41	92	873,650	47,388	18	1.7	134
	$TOTAL^1$	2,348,000	1,449,545	25,336	41	93	873,651	48,028	18	1.7	134
2021/22	East of 166°W				No co	ommercial fish	iery				
	West of 166°W	1,100,000	1,089,707	11,396	20	76	783,953	22,433	35	1.4	128
	$TOTAL^1$	1,100,000	1,089,707	11,396	20	76	783,953	22,433	35	1.4	128

Note: En dashes indicate harvest limits were not set for these fisheries prior to 1979/80 and area-specific GHLs were not set prior to 1993/94; ND indicates these data were not collected or cannot be derived.

- ^a From 1974/75 through 1984/85, Bering Sea Tanner crab subdistricts were Southeastern, Pribilof, and Northern (includes the Norton Sound and General Sections). From 1987/88 through 1992/93, harvest subdistricts were divided east and west of 173°W long. From 1993/94 through 1996/97, fishery east of 168°W long is concurrent with the Bristol Bay red king crab fishery and the fishery from 163°W long to 173°W long is a directed Tanner crab fishery. From 2005/06 to current, the fishery is divided east and west of 166°W long, and harvest east of 163°W long is only allowed as incidental catch during the Bristol Bay red king crab fishery.
- b In pounds.
- ^c Guideline harvest level (GHL) and total allowable catch (TAC) began in 2005/06.
- d Deadloss included.
- e Number of legal crab per pot lift.
- f Retained catch.
- g Carapace width in millimeters.
- ^h Initial GHL announcement was 39.2 million pounds. GHL was later adjusted to 38.1 million pounds.
- i GHL for waters east of 163°W long.
- ^j GHL for waters west of 163°W long.
- k Harvest concurrent with the Bristol Bay red king crab fishery was estimated to be well below the GHL and minimal harvest was thought to have occurred west of 163°W long; therefore, the GHL was adjusted to 16.1 million pounds for the directed Tanner crab fishery from 163° to 173°W long.
- Bering Sea District totals include limited tanner crab harvest incidental to the Bering Sea Snow and Bristol Bay Red King crab fisheries. Includes incidental harvest, participation, and effort.
- m Crab rationalization begins.

Table 11.—Bering Sea District Tanner crab commercial fishery value and season dates, 1974/75–2021/22.

		Value	Se	ason length		
Season	Exvessela	Total	Opened	Closed	Days	Location/Comments
1974/75	\$0.20	\$1,405,676	07/29/74	06/15/75	322	Southeastern Subdistrict
				06/15/75	322	Pribilof Subdistrict
1975/76	\$0.19	\$4,248,040	08/01/75	07/15/76	350	Southeastern Subdistrict
				07/15/76	350	Pribilof Subdistrict
1976/77	\$0.30	\$15,436,566	08/01/76	07/15/77	349	Southeastern Subdistrict
				07/15/77	349	Pribilof Subdistrict
1977/78	\$0.38	\$25,243,725	09/15/77	06/15/78	274	Southeastern Subdistrict
				06/15/78	274	Pribilof Subdistrict
1978/79	\$0.52	\$22,085,010	11/01/78	05/24/79	205	Southeastern Subdistrict
				05/24/79	205	Pribilof Subdistrict
1979/80	\$0.52	\$19,010,092	11/01/79	05/11/80	193	Southeastern Subdistrict
				05/11/80	193	Pribilof Subdistrict
1981	\$0.58	\$17,126,761	01/15/81	05/07/81	113	Southeastern Subdistrict
				05/07/81	113	Pribilof Subdistrict
1982	\$1.06	\$11,522,857	02/15/82	06/15/82	121	Southeastern Subdistrict
				06/15/82	121	Pribilof Subdistrict
1983	\$1.20	\$6,256,622	02/15/83	06/15/83	121	Northern Subdistrict
				05/22/83	97	Southeastern Subdistrict
				05/22/83	97	Pribilof Subdistrict
1984	\$0.95	\$1,143,038	02/15/84	06/15/84	122	Southeastern Subdistrict
				06/15/84	122	Pribilof Subdistrict
1985	\$1.40	\$4,231,975	01/15/85	06/15/85	152	Southeastern Subdistrict
				06/15/85	152	Pribilof Subdistrict
1986–1987			No co	ommercial fisl	hery	
1988	\$2.20	\$5,029,284	01/15/88			Eastern Subdistrict
				04/20/88	97	East of 165°W long
				03/29/88	75	West of 165°W long
			01/15/88	03/29/88	75	Western Subdistrict
1989	\$2.99	\$20,772,065	01/15/89			Eastern Subdistrict
				03/26/89	71	East of 165°W long
				05/07/89	113	West of 165°W long
			01/15/89	05/07/89	113	Western Subdistrict

Table 11.—Page 2 of 3.

		/alue	Se	eason length		
Season	Exvessela	Total	Opened	Closed	Days	Location/Comments
1990	\$1.97	\$48,253,834	01/15/90			Eastern Subdistrict
				04/09/90	85	East of 165°W long
				04/24/90	100	West of 165°W long
			01/15/90	04/24/90	100	Western Subdistrict
1990/91	\$1.06	\$42,323,199				Eastern Subdistrict
			11/20/90	03/25/91	126	East of 166°W long
			11/20/90	03/25/91	126	West of 166°W long
1991/92	\$1.84	\$58,127,840				Eastern Subdistrict
			11/15/91	03/31/92	138	East of 166°W long
			11/15/91	03/31/92	138	West of 166°W long
1992/93	\$1.96	\$68,296,684	11/15/92			Eastern Subdistrict
				03/31/93	137	East of 166°W long
				03/31/93	137	West of 166°W long
			11/15/92	03/31/93	137	Western Subdistrict
1993/94	\$2.33	\$38,832,369	11/01/93	11/10/93	10	East of 168°W long ^b
			11/20/93	01/01/94	43	163° to 173°W long
1994	\$4.13	\$31,543,340	11/01/94	11/21/94	21	163° to 173°W long
1995	\$4.14	\$17,348,234	11/01/95	11/16/95	16	163° to 173°W long
1996	\$2.50	\$4,471,234	11/01/96	11/05/96	5	East of 168°W long ^b
			11/15/96	11/27/96	13	163° to 173°W long
1997–2004			No coi	nmercial fis	hery	Ç
2005/06°				mmercial fis		163° to 166°W long ^d
	\$1.19	\$1,118,129	10/15/05	03/31/06	168	West of 166°W long
2006/07	\$1.31	\$2,742,429	10/15/06	03/31/07	168	163° to 166°W long ^d
				03/31/07	168	West of 166°W long
2007/08	\$1.52	\$3,171,664	10/15/07	03/31/08	169	163° to 166°W long ^d
		. , ,		03/31/08	169	West of 166°W long
2008/09	\$1.49	\$2,862,365	10/15/08	03/31/09	168	163° to 166°W long ^d
	·	. , ,		03/31/09	168	West of 166°W long
2009/10	\$1.64	\$2,155,355	10/15/09	03/31/10	168	163° to 166°W long ^d
-		. ,,		ommercial fi		West of 166°W long
2010/11–2012/13				ommercial fi	•	
2013/14	\$2.29	\$6,309,202	10/15/13	03/31/14	168	163° to 166°W long ^d
		. , . , .		03/31/14	168	West of 166°W long

Table 11.—Page 3 of 3.

	V	alue	Se	eason length		
Season	Exvessela	Total	Opened	Closed	Days	Location/Comments
2014/15	\$2.15	\$29,073,491	10/15/14	03/31/15	168	163° to 166°W long ^d
				03/31/15	168	West of 166°W long
2015/16	\$2.18	\$42,432,982	10/15/15	03/31/16	169	163° to 166°W long ^d
				03/31/16	169	West of 166°W long
2016/17			No co	mmercial fis	hery	
2017/18			No co	mmercial fis	hery	163° to 166°W long ^d
	\$3.27	\$8,102,596	10/15/17	03/31/18	168	West of 166°W long
2018/19			No co	mmercial fis	hery	163° to 166°W long ^d
	\$3.30	\$7,913,588	10/15/18	03/31/19	168	West of 166°W long
2019/20			No co	mmercial fis	hery	
2020/21			No co	mmercial fis	hery	163° to 166°W long ^d
	\$3.23	\$4,676,509	10/15/20	03/31/21	168	West of 166°W long
2021/22			No con	mmercial fish	nery	163° to 166°W long ^d
	\$4.98	\$5,368,102	10/15/21	03/31/22	168	West of 166°W long

^a Average price per pound.

^b Concurrent with Bristol Bay red king crab fishery.

^c Crab rationalization begins.

d Directed fishery open between 163° and 166°W long. Incidental harvest allowed in entire area east of 166°W long during Bristol Bay red king crab fishery; however, no incidental harvest allowed when the directed fishery is closed.

Table 12.—Bering Sea District Tanner crab commercial fishery harvest and effort by week, west of 166°W long, 2021/22.

				Num	ber of		Av	erage
Week ending	Harvest ^{a,b}	Deadlossa	Vessels	Landings	Crab ^b	Pots lifted	CPUEc	Weight ^{a,d}
Oct-16	CF	CF	2	2	CF	CF	CF	CF
e				No har	vest			
Nov-6	CF	CF	1	1	CF	CF	CF	CF
Nov-13	CF	CF	2	6	CF	CF	CF	CF
Nov-20				No har	vest			
Nov-27	CF	CF	1	1	CF	CF	CF	CF
e				No har	vest			
Jan-8	CF	CF	2	2	CF	CF	CF	CF
e				No har	vest			
Jan-29	54,414	934	5	8	36,306	3,033	12	1.5
Feb-5	153,257	719	6	10	111,016	2,755	40	1.4
Feb-12	175,088	1,096	7	7	125,988	3,162	40	1.4
Feb-19	238,982	2,594	4	16	166,653	3,385	49	1.4
Feb-26	193,528	788	6	10	137,916	2,751	50	1.4
Mar-5	46,960	53	3	4	34,138	600	57	1.4
Mar-12	CF	CF	2	6	CF	CF	CF	CF
Mar-26	CF	CF	1	1	CF	CF	CF	CF
e				No har	vest			
Apr-23	CF	CF	1	1	CF	CF	CF	CF
Apr-30				No har	vest			
May-7	CF	CF	1	1	CF	CF	CF	CF
Total	1,089,707	11,396	20	76	783,953	22,433	35	1.4

Note: CF indicates confidential data.

^a In pounds.

b Deadloss included.

^c Number of retained crab per pot lift.

d Retained catch.

^e Consecutive weeks with no harvest.

Table 13.—Bering Sea District Tanner crab commercial fishery harvest and effort by statistical area, west of 166°W long, 2021/22.

				Num	ber of		Average		
Statistical area	Harvest ^{a,b}	Deadloss ^a	Vessels	Landings	Crab ^b	Pots lifted	CPUE ^c	Weight ^{a,d}	
665430	113,941	1,066	10	28	80,277	2,323	35	1.4	
665500	562,697	6,218	18	61	414,632	10,214	41	1.4	
665530	380,319	3,653	11	41	265,356	5,591	47	1.4	
715630	317	10	3	3	210	131	2	1.5	
755930	2	2	3	3	2	637	<1	1.1	
Othere	32,431	447	8	16	23,476	3,537	7	0.7	
Total	1,089,707	11,396	20	76	783,953	22,433	35	1.4	

^a In pounds.

b Deadloss included.

^c Number of legal crab per pot lift.

d Retained catch.

^e Combination of statistical areas (20) in which landings were made by fewer than three vessels.

Table 14.—Bering Sea District snow crab commercial fishery harvest data, 1977/78–2021/22.

					Nu	ımber of			Average	
Season	GHL/TACa,b	Harvest ^{b,c}	Deadloss ^b	Vessels	Landings	Crab ^c	Pots lifted	CPUE ^d	Weight ^{b,e}	Widthe,f
1977/78	_	1,716,124	ND	15	38	1,267,546	13,247	96	1.4	ND
1978/79	_	32,187,039	759,137	102	490	22,118,498	190,746	116	1.5	113
1979/80	_	39,572,668	228,345	134	597	25,286,777	255,102	99	1.6	118
1981	39.5–91 million	52,750,034	2,269,979	153	867	34,415,322	435,742	79	1.5	117
1982	16–22 million	29,355,374	1,092,655	122	803	24,089,562	469,091	51	1.2	109
1983	15,800,000	26,128,410	1,324,466	109	461	23,853,647	287,127	83	1.1	ND
1984	49,000,000	26,813,074	798,795	52	367	24,009,935	173,591	138	1.1	105
1985	98,000,000	66,010,484	1,064,184	75	718	52,908,591	372,045	142	1.2	108
1986	57,000,000	97,684,139	1,378,533	87	990	76,319,307	542,346	141	1.3	110
1987	56,400,000	101,903,388	978,449	103	1,038	81,307,659	616,113	132	1.3	109
1988	110,700,000	134,060,185	3,242,478	171	1,285	105,933,542	747,395	142	1.3	110
1989	132,000,000	148,306,262	1,940,482	169	1,300	112,704,215	665,242	169	1.3	111
1990	139,800,000	161,656,405	1,798,664	189	1,563	128,859,645	912,718	141	1.3	109
1991	315,000,000	328,648,169	3,464,936	219	2,788	265,124,637	1,394,897	190	1.2	110
1992	333,000,000	315,302,034	2,329,852	248	2,763	227,376,582	1,281,796	177	1.4	112
1993	207,200,000	230,754,145	1,577,102	254	1,835	169,531,168	972,118	174	1.4	112
1994	105,800,000	149,792,718	1,799,763	272	1,293	114,810,186	716,524	160	1.3	110
1995	55,700,000	75,309,187	1,291,135	253	870	60,591,399	507,603	119	1.2	109
1996	50,700,000	65,696,173	1,335,372	234	771	52,892,320	520,671	102	1.2	108
1997	117,000,000	119,589,339	2,351,555	226	1,127	100,013,816	754,140	133	1.2	107
1998	234,100,000	252,339,284	3,037,499	230	1,853	193,618,550	930,794	208	1.3	111
1999	196,000,000	194,363,869	1,926,497	241	1,734	151,183,798	945,533	160	1.3	110
2000	28,500,000	33,291,344	353,125	231	315	25,081,681	182,634	137	1.3	111

Table 14.—Page 2 of 3.

					Nu	mber of			Average	
Season	GHL/TACa,b	Harvest ^{b,c}	Deadloss ^b	Vessels	Landings	Crab ^c	Pots lifted	CPUE ^d	Weight ^{b,e}	Widthe,f
2001	27,300,000	25,256,384	452,781	207	322	18,612,605	191,200	97	1.4	111
2002^{g}	30,820,000	32,633,210	658,456	191	436	25,155,221	326,977	77	1.3	110
$2003^{\rm h}$	25,610,000	28,316,923	680,787	190	285	23,252,904	153,862	151	1.2	107
2004	20,831,000	23,942,373	248,576	189	265	18,669,591	123,709	151	1.3	110
2005	20,932,000	24,892,128	235,479	168	219	17,985,745	73,208	246	1.4	114
$2005/06^{i}$	37,184,000	36,973,890	357,200	78	350	24,551,986	121,029	203	1.5	117
2006/07	36,566,000	36,355,649	413,743	69	307	29,620,685	89,419	331	1.2	109
2007/08	63,034,000	63,028,036	551,429	78	513	50,327,591	144,110	349	1.3	109
2008/09	58,550,000	58,547,849	434,622	77	487	45,945,092	163,537	281	1.3	110
2009/10	48,017,000	48,014,089	536,688	69	354	35,289,022	137,292	257	1.4	113
2010/11	54,281,000	54,263,200	352,388	68	386	37,758,496	147,478	256	1.4	115
2011/12	88,894,000	88,830,652	637,432	72	724	60,555,105	270,602	224	1.5	115
2012/13	66,350,000	66,254,528	465,522	70	505	47,455,883	225,627	210	1.4	113
2013/14	53,983,000	53,983,286	405,129	70	450	41,926,542	231,614	181	1.3	110
2014/15	67,950,000	67,941,587	596,641	71	543	55,029,818	286,920	192	1.2	110
2015/16	40,611,000	40,611,446	379,167	74	390	29,614,529	217,054	136	1.4	113
2016/17	21,570,000	21,570,915	250,474	63	266	16,412,386	118,548	138	1.3	112
2017/18	18,961,000	18,963,473	172,569	63	261	15,695,007	118,034	133	1.2	108
2018/19	27,581,000	27,578,244	268,204	61	313	22,470,886	127,432	176	1.2	109
2019/20	34,019,000	34,024,553	417,075	59	373	28,626,114	188,958	151	1.2	108
2020/21	45,000,000	45,001,190	863,626	62	407	37,492,237	171,678	218	1.2	107
2021/22	5,600,000	5,548,238	71,345	43	140	4,594,948	40,032	115	1.2	107

Table 14.—Page 3 of 3.

Note: En dashes indicate harvest limits were not set for these fisheries prior to 1981; ND indicates these data were not collected or cannot be derived.

- ^a Guideline harvest level (GHL) and total allowable catch (TAC) beginning in 2005/06.
- b In pounds.
- ^c Deadloss included.
- ^d Number of legal crab per pot lift.
- e Retained catch.
- f Carapace width in millimeters.
- g Total harvest includes 30,919 pounds taken from an unidentified statistical area.
- ^h Includes 181,457 pounds illegally taken in Russian waters.
- i Crab rationalization begins.

45

Table 15.—Bering Sea District snow crab commercial fishery value and season dates, 1980–2021/22.

	Va	lue	Sea	son length		
Season	Exvessela	Total	Opened	Closed	Days	Location/Comments
1979/80	\$0.21	\$8,262,308	11/01/79	08/15/80	289	Bering Sea District state closure
				09/03/80	308	Bering Sea District federal closure
1981	\$0.27	\$13,629,615	01/15/81	09/01/81	230	Bering Sea District closure
1982	\$0.83	\$23,458,057	02/15/82	08/01/82	168	Bering Sea District closure
1983	\$0.38	\$9,425,499	02/15/83	05/22/83	97	Bering Sea District closure south of 57°30'N lat
				08/01/83	168	Bering Sea District closure north of 57°30'N lat
1984	\$0.30	\$7,804,284	02/15/84	08/01/84	169	Bering Sea District closure south of 58°N lat
				08/22/84	190	Bering Sea District closure north of 58°N lat to allow for an orderly start to king crab season
1985	\$0.30	\$19,483,890	01/15/85	05/08/85	114	Pribilof Subdistrict closure south of 58°N lat
				08/01/85	199	Bering Sea District closure south of 58°39'N lat
				08/22/85	220	Northern Subdistrict closure to allow for an orderly start to king crab season
1986	\$0.55	\$52,721,553	01/15/86	04/21/86	97	Southeastern Subdistrict closure west of 164°W long
				06/01/86	138	Pribilof Subdistrict closure
				08/01/86	199	Northern Subdistrict closure east of 175°W long
				08/24/86	222	Northern Subdistrict closure west of 175°W long
1987	\$0.77	\$77,815,458	01/15/87	04/12/87	88	Southeastern Subdistrict west of 164°W long and Pribilof Subdistrict closure
				06/01/87	138	Northern Subdistrict south of 60°30′N lat and east of 178°W long closure
				06/22/87	159	Northern Subdistrict north of 60°30′N lat and west of 178°W long closure

Table 15.—Page 2 of 4.

	V	alue	Sea	son length		
Season	Exvessela	Total	Opened	Closed	Days	Location/Comments
1988	\$0.83	\$108,645,549	01/15/88	03/29/88	75	Bering Sea District closure (Western Subdistrict to assist in an orderly closure)
			05/15/88	06/30/88	47	Western Subdistrict reopen and closure
1989	\$0.77	\$112,144,331	01/15/89	03/26/89	71	Eastern Subdistrict closure
				05/07/89	113	Western Subdistrict closure
1990	\$0.77	\$122,459,171	01/15/90	04/09/90	85	Eastern Subdistrict east of 165°W long closure
				04/24/90	100	Eastern Subdistrict west of 165°W long closure
				06/12/90	149	Western Subdistrict closure
1991	\$0.49	\$158,683,336	01/15/91	05/05/91	111	Eastern Subdistrict closure
				06/23/91	160	Western Subdistrict closure
1992	\$0.59	\$184,951,171	01/15/92	04/22/92	99	Bering Sea District closure
1993	\$0.93	\$212,377,174	01/15/93	03/15/93	60	Bering Sea District closure
1994	\$1.58	\$233,301,131	01/15/94	03/01/94	46	Bering Sea District closure
1995	\$2.44	\$180,489,720	01/15/95	02/17/95	34	Bering Sea District closure
1996	\$1.31	\$84,200,277	01/15/96	02/29/96	46	Bering Sea District closure
1997	\$0.71	\$83,787,925	01/15/97	03/21/97	66	Bering Sea District closure
1998	\$0.55	\$137,642,743	01/15/98	03/20/98	65	Bering Sea District closure
1999	\$0.88	\$169,366,879	01/15/99	03/22/99	67	Bering Sea District closure
2000	\$1.81	\$59,659,349	04/01/00	04/08/00	8	Bering Sea District closure
2001	\$1.49	\$36,833,621	01/15/01	02/14/01	31	Bering Sea District closure
2002	\$1.84	\$58,674,555	01/15/02	02/08/02	25	Bering Sea District closure
2003	\$1.75	\$48,496,278	01/15/03	01/25/03	11	Bering Sea District closure
2004	\$2.04	\$48,359,092	01/15/04	01/23/04	9	Bering Sea District closure

Table 15.—Page 3 of 4.

	V	alue	Sea	ason length		
Season	Exvessela	Total	Opened	Closed	Days	Location/Comments
2005	\$1.79	\$44,144,504	01/15/05	01/20/05	6	Bering Sea District closure
$2005/06^{b}$	\$1.51	\$55,291,202	10/15/05	05/15/06	213	Eastern Subdistrict closure
				05/31/06	229	Western Subdistrict closure
2006/07	\$1.37	\$49,111,061	10/15/06	05/15/07	213	Eastern Subdistrict closure
				05/31/07	229	Western Subdistrict closure
2007/08	\$1.63	\$102,072,731	10/15/07	05/15/08	214	Eastern Subdistrict closure
				05/31/08	230	Western Subdistrict closure
2008/09	\$1.37	\$79,464,730	10/15/08	05/15/09	213	Eastern Subdistrict closure
				05/31/09	229	Western Subdistrict closure
2009/10	\$1.13	\$53,645,621	10/15/09	05/15/10	213	Eastern Subdistrict closure
				05/31/10	229	Western Subdistrict closure
2010/11	\$2.14	\$115,523,133	10/15/10	05/15/11	213	Eastern Subdistrict closure
				05/31/11	229	Western Subdistrict closure
2011/12	\$1.89	\$166,973,717	10/15/11	05/31/12	230	Eastern Subdistrict east of 171°W long closure
				06/15/12	245	Western and Eastern Subdistricts west of 171°W long closure
2012/13	\$2.02	\$133,088,320	10/15/12	05/15/13	213	Eastern Subdistrict closure
				05/31/13	229	Western Subdistrict closure
2013/14	\$2.15	\$115,438,494	10/15/13	05/15/14	213	Eastern Subdistrict closure
				05/31/14	229	Western Subdistrict closure
2014/15	\$1.67	\$112,275,497	10/15/14	05/15/15	213	Eastern Subdistrict closure
				05/31/15	229	Western Subdistrict closure
2015/16	\$2.01	\$80,936,867	10/15/15	05/15/16	214	Eastern Subdistrict closure
				05/31/16	230	Western Subdistrict closure

48

Table 15.—Page 4 of 4.

	Va	alue	Sea	son length		
Season	Exvessela	Total	Opened	Closed	Days	Location/Comments
2016/17	\$2.72	\$58,026,393	10/15/16	05/15/17	213	Eastern Subdistrict closure
				05/31/17	229	Western Subdistrict closure
2017/18	\$3.00	\$56,464,897	10/15/17	05/15/18	213	Eastern Subdistrict closure
				05/31/18	229	Western Subdistrict closure
2018/19	\$3.00	\$82,036,383	10/15/18	05/15/19	213	Eastern Subdistrict closure
				05/31/19	229	Western Subdistrict closure
2019/20	\$3.15	\$105,928,621	10/15/19	05/15/20	214	Eastern Subdistrict closure
				05/31/20	230	Western Subdistrict closure
2020/21	\$3.01	\$132,857,821	10/15/20	05/15/21	213	Eastern Subdistrict closure
				05/31/21	229	Western Subdistrict closure
2021/22	\$4.45	\$24,384,308	10/15/21	05/15/22	213	Eastern Subdistrict closure
				05/31/22	229	Western Subdistrict closure

Average price per pound.
 Crab rationalization begins.

Table 16.—Bering Sea District snow crab commercial fishery harvest and effort by week, 2021/22.

				Nuı	mber of		Av	Average		
Week ending	Harvest ^{a,b}	Deadlossa	Vessels	Landings	Crab ^b	Pots lifted	CPUE ^c	Weight ^{a,d}		
Jan-8	CF	CF	1	4	CF	CF	CF	CF		
Jan-15	1,295,027	23,458	10	27	1,018,926	5,071	201	1.3		
Jan-22	842,792	11,015	7	17	686,255	3,646	188	1.2		
Jan-29	493,970	12,470	10	20	395,724	5,059	78	1.2		
Feb-5	498,831	6,427	9	13	438,056	3,650	120	1.1		
Feb-12	360,298	1,844	6	8	336,110	2,152	156	1.1		
Feb-19	232,764	1,274	6	7	213,387	2,735	78	1.1		
Feb-26	183,141	1,228	9	11	168,996	4,051	42	1.1		
Mar-5	59,580	333	2	4	47,505	601	79	1.3		
Mar-12	177,103	1,590	7	8	146,769	3,337	44	1.2		
Mar-19				No ha	rvest					
Mar-26	16,459	205	3	3	14,806	574	26	1.1		
e				No ha	rvest					
Apr-23	495,072	3,895	3	8	408,405	2,603	157	1.2		
Apr-30	393,554	1,014	3	4	312,550	1,928	162	1.3		
May-7	258,622	3,285	4	4	216,343	2,705	80	1.2		
May-14	CF	CF	2	2	CF	CF	CF	CF		
Total	5,548,238	71,345	43	140	4,594,948	40,032	115	1.2		

Note: CF indicates confidential data.

^a In pounds.

b Deadloss included.

^c Number of legal crab per pot lift.

d Retained catch.

^e Consecutive weeks with no harvest.

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Table 17.—Bering Sea District snow crab commercial fishery harvest and effort by statistical area, 2021/22.

				Nur	nber of		Av	erage
Statistical area	Harvest ^{a,b}	Deadloss ^a	Vessels	Landings	Crab ^b	Pots lifted	CPUE°	Weight ^{a,d}
665500	18,606	7	5	8	14,129	1,586	9	1.3
665530	2,317	4	4	5	1,869	1,411	1	1.2
715630	4,661	41	3	7	4,112	184	22	1.1
715700	2,472	31	3	3	2,199	100	22	1.1
725630	68,246	402	3	9	60,340	883	68	1.1
725700	51,256	725	9	15	46,248	1,068	43	1.1
725730	24,569	303	9	14	21,627	466	46	1.1
735700	461,878	3,811	16	34	408,050	4,334	94	1.1
735730	662,980	9,366	18	39	601,942	4,337	139	1.1
745730	220,790	3,493	11	26	210,989	2,024	104	1.0
745900	19,687	226	9	15	15,838	481	33	1.2
745930	314,400	4,045	15	33	253,462	1,735	146	1.2
746000	16,810	253	4	6	14,270	174	82	1.2
755900	241,605	526	7	13	192,292	1,168	165	1.3
755930	1,628,366	15,630	23	52	1,306,913	8,384	156	1.2
756000	165,343	2,337	9	18	140,119	1,770	79	1.2
765900	247,954	4,939	4	10	190,029	1,596	119	1.3
765930	108,984	1,147	12	25	88,016	694	127	1.2
766000	385,643	7,292	11	23	319,374	1,593	200	1.2
775930	10,301	116	7	27	8,296	196	42	1.2
776000	66,433	149	5	16	53,529	944	57	1.2
786000	37,881	767	4	22	28,788	412	70	1.3

Table 17.—Page 2 of 2.

				Nui		Average		
Statistical area	Harvest ^{a,b}	Deadloss ^a	Vessels	Landings	Crab ^b	Pots lifted	CPUE°	Weight ^{a,d}
786030	727,274	15,231	4	22	563,721	2,546	221	1.3
Othere	59,778	506	20	44	48,796	1,946	25	1.2
Total	5,548,238	71,345	43	140	4,594,948	40,032	115	1.2

^a In pounds.

^b Deadloss included.

^c Number of legal crab per pot lift.

d Retained catch.

^e Combination of statistical areas (24) in which landings were made by fewer than 3 vessels.

52

Table 18.—Bering Sea District grooved Tanner crab commercial fishery harvest data, 1992–2021.

				Num	ber of		Ave	erage	Va	ılue
Season	Harvest ^{a,b}	Deadlossa	Vessels	Landings	Crab ^b	Pots lifted	CPUEc	Weight ^{a,d}	Exvessele	Total
1992	CF	CF	1	1	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF
1993	658,796	71,000	6	18	342,095	35,650	9	1.9	\$0.92	\$540,772
1994	322,444	30,585	4	12	165,365	13,739	11	2.0	\$2.65	\$773,426
1995	984,648	67,329	8	51	461,401	59,028	7	2.1	\$2.09	\$1,917,197
1996	95,795	11,120	3	11	46,338	10,802	4	2.1	\$1.12	\$94,836
1997–1999					No commen	cial fishing effo	rt			
2000	CF	CF	1	1	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF
2001	CF	CF	1	3	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF
2002					No commen	cial fishing effo	rt			
2003	CF	CF	1	7	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF
2004	CF	CF	2	10	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF
2005	CF	CF	1	1	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF
2006–2016					No commen	cial fishing effo	rt			
2017	CF	CF	1	3	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF
2018					No commen	cial fishing effo	rt			
$2019^{\rm f}$	CF	CF	1	1	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF
2020			3							
2021 ^f	CF	CF	1	1	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF

Note: CF indicates confidential data.

^a In pounds.

b Deadloss included.

^c Number of legal crab per pot lift.

d Retained catch.

^e Average price per pound.

f Restricted to incidental harvest during Bering Sea golden king crab fishery.

53

Table 19.-Bering Sea District triangle Tanner crab commercial fishery harvest data, 1995–2021.

				Num	ber of		Ave	erage	Value	•
Season	Harvest ^{a,b}	Deadlossa	Vessels	Landings	Crab ^b	Pots lifted	CPUE ^c	Weight ^{a,d}	Exvessele	Total
1995	49,007	14,147	4	26	41,914	22,180	2	1.2	\$1.44	\$50,198
1996	CF	CF	1	6	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF
1997–1999					No comn	nercial fishing e	ffort			
2000^{f}	CF	CF	1	1	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF
$2001^{\rm f}$	CF	CF	1	3	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF
2002					No comn	nercial fishing e	ffort			
$2003^{\rm f}$	CF	CF	1	7	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF
$2004^{\rm f}$	CF	CF	3	13	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF
2005-2016					No comn	nercial fishing e	ffort			
$2017^{\rm f}$	CF	CF	1	2	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF
2018-2020					No comn	14 22,180 2 1.2 \$1.44 CF CF CF CF CF CF CF CF CF CF CF CF CF CF CF CF CF CF CF				
2021 ^f	CF	CF	1	1	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF

Note: CF indicates confidential data. Harvest is bycatch only; therefore, harvest limits are not set for this stock.

^a In pounds.

b Deadloss included.

^c Number of legal crab per pot lift.

d Retained catch.

^e Average price per pound.

f Restricted to incidental harvest during Bering Sea golden king crab and grooved Tanner crab fisheries.

Table 20.-North Peninsula District commercial Dungeness crab fishery data, 1992–2021.

				Num	ber of		Ave	rage	Va	alue			
Season	Harvest ^{a,b}	Deadlossa	Vessels	Landings	Crab ^b	Pots lifted	CPUE ^c	Weight ^{a,d}	Exvessele	Total			
1992	CF	CF	1	3	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF			
1993	CF	CF	2	8	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF			
1994	CF	CF	2	13	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF			
1995	134,407	367	6	18	63,732	34,499	4	2.1	\$1.32	\$176,933			
1996	CF	CF	1	6	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF			
1997	CF	CF	1	2	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF			
1998	CF	CF	1	1	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF			
1999					No com	mercial fishing eff	ort						
2000	CF	CF	1	5	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF			
2001					No com	mercial fishing eff	ort						
2002	CF	CF	2	2	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF			
2003					No com	mercial fishing eff	ort						
2004	CF	CF	1	3	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF			
2005	CF	CF	1	6	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF			
2006					No com	mercial fishing eff	ort						
2007	CF	CF	1	6	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF			
2008					No com	mercial fishing eff	ort						
2009	CF	CF	1	6	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF			
2010	795,392	10,414	5	24	391,849	60,985	6	2.0	\$1.73	\$1,358,012			
2011	CF	CF	1	6	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF			
2012	CF	CF	1	2	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF			
2013				1 6 CF CF CF CF CF CF CF No commercial fishing effort 1 6 CF CF CF CF CF CF No commercial fishing effort 1 6 CF CF CF CF CF CF CF 5 24 391,849 60,985 6 2.0 \$1.73 \$1,358,000 \$1.73 \$1,358,000 \$1.73 \$1,358,000 \$1.73 \$1,358,000 \$1.73 \$1,358,000 \$1.73 \$1.73 \$1,358,000 \$1.73 \$1.73 \$1,358,000 \$1.73 \$1									
2014	CF	CF	1	4	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF			

Table 20.–Page 2 of 2.

			Number of			Average		Value		
Season	Harvest ^{a,b}	Deadlossa	Vessels	Landings	Crab ^b	Pots lifted	CPUE ^c	Weight ^{a,d}	Exvessele	Total
2015	CF	CF	1	3	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF
2016	CF	CF	1	6	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF
2017	CF	CF	1	2	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF
2018–2019	No commercial fishing effort									
2020	CF	CF	2	19	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF
2021	1,147,881	40,765	7	50	519,638	28,405	18	2.2	\$3.98	\$4,407,798

Note: CF indicates confidential data; harvest limits are not set for this stock.

^a In pounds.

b Deadloss included.

^c Number of legal crab per pot lift.

d Retained catch.

^e Average price per pound.

Table 21.—Bristol Bay - Bering Sea (Area Q) weathervane scallop commercial fishery harvest data, 1987–2021/22.

			N	Meat weight	
Season	$\mathrm{GHL}^{\mathrm{a,b}}$	Harvest ^a	Vessels	Dredge hours	CPUE ^c
1987	_	CF	2	CF	CF
1988	_		No commercial fishing effort		
1989	_		No commercial fishing effort		
1990	_		No commer		
1991	_	CF	2	CF	CF
1992	_		No commer		
1993/94	_	605,953	10	ND	ND
1994/95	_	505,439	9	11,113	45
1995/96			No commer		
1996/97	600,000	150,295	1	2,313	65
1997/98	600,000	97,002	2	2,246	43
1998/99	400,000	96,795	4	2,319	42
1999/00	400,000	164,929	2	3,294	50
2000/01	200,000	205,520	3	3,355	61
2001/02	200,000	140,871	3	3,072	46
2002/03	105,000	92,240	2	2,038	45
2003/04	105,000	42,590	2	1,020	42
2004/05	50,000	10,050	1	275	37
2005/06	50,000	23,220	1	602	39
2006/07	50,000	48,246	1	1,138	42
2007/08	50,000	49,995	2	1,084	46
2008/09	50,000	49,995	1	960	52
2009/10	50,000	48,921	1	1,275	38
2010/11	50,000	50,100	2	972	52
2011/12	50,000	50,275	2	984	51
2012/13	50,000	50,045	1	943	53
2013/14	50,000	49,989	2	1,086	46
2014/15	50,000	12,445	2	525	24
2015/16	7,500	7,500	1	307	24
2016/17	7,500	7,575	1	275	28
2017/18	7,500	7,535	1	316	24
2018/19	7,500	7,540	1	357	21
2019/20	7,500	7,130	1	365	20
2020/21-2021/22	7,500		No commer	cial fishing effort	

Note: En dashes indicate harvest limits were not set for this fishery prior to 1996/97; CF indicates confidential data; ND indicates these data were not collected or cannot be derived.

^a In pounds of shucked scallop meat.

^b Guideline harvest level (GHL).

^c Pounds of shucked scallop meat per dredge hour.

Table 22.—Bering Sea commercial octopus incidental harvest in groundfish fisheries, 1995–2021.

		State waters			State and federal waters			
_			Whole			Whole	At-sea	Exvessel
Season	Vessels	Landings	poundsa	Vessels	Landings	poundsa	discards	value ^b
1995	5	12	2,252	49	135	17,554	5,587	\$0.14
1996	6	10	1,195	63	191	26,343	21,144	\$0.33
1997	3	3	59	44	92	12,202	5,205	\$0.20
1998	4	8	673	47	81	8,204	5,624	\$0.03
1999	2	2	CF	22	56	7,002	6,593	ND
2000	4	6	551	78	272	39,915	23,611	\$0.03
2001	2	3	CF	62	158	49,641	41,215	\$0.03
2002	2	2	CF	68	187	56,078	16,628	\$0.05
2003	4	7	4,064	80	237	122,443	27,780	\$0.63
2004	4	6	4,615	92	279	88,534	25,527	\$0.39
2005	5	19	4,033	80	271	156,381	12,583	\$0.65
2006	6	8	1,004	88	304	93,624	5,310	\$0.63
2007	4	6	1,946	110	375	102,128	37,436	\$0.45
2008	5	7	7,177	82	252	66,742	14,071	\$0.47
2009	1	1	CF	67	144	20,107	7,858	\$0.30
2010	0	0	0	81	201	67,187	35,477	\$0.24
2011	2	3	CF	124	470	193,222	158,042	\$0.21
2012	0	0	0	104	312	48,938	36,780	\$0.34
2013	2	2	CF	100	310	59,351	40,453	ND
2014	0	0	0	121	403	60,445	29,697	\$0.05
2015	3	5	90	131	519	81,685	49,719	\$0.14
2016	1	2	CF	103	465	164,200	85,174	\$0.05
2017	4	7	1,150	119	427	106,883	62,250	\$0.35
2018	16	81	7,927	131	455	105,682	53,158	\$0.35
2019	17	84	6,782	122	485	78,188	31,612	\$0.62
2020	8	12	331	120	168	42,438	23,656	\$0.19
2021	1	1	CF	72	160	32,922	29,092	\$0.21

Note: CF indicates confidential data; ND indicates these data were not collected or cannot be derived.

^a Includes discards.

^b Average price per pound, based on landed weight.

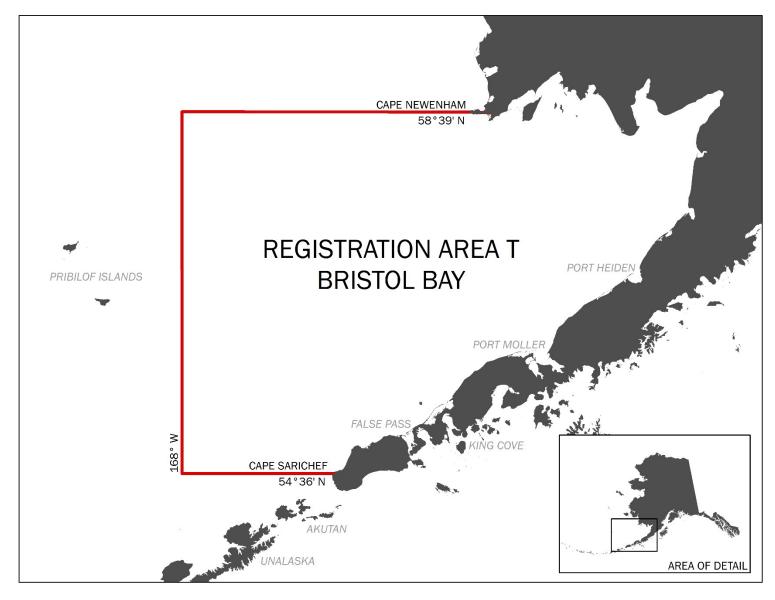


Figure 1.—Bristol Bay king crab commercial fishery Registration Area T.

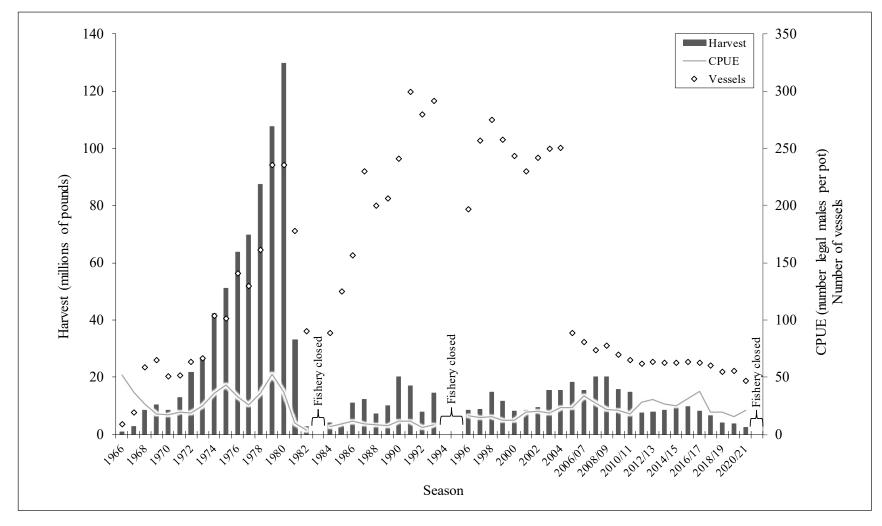


Figure 2.—Bristol Bay red king crab commercial fishery harvest, catch per unit effort (CPUE; number legal males per pot), and number of vessels, 1966–2021/22.

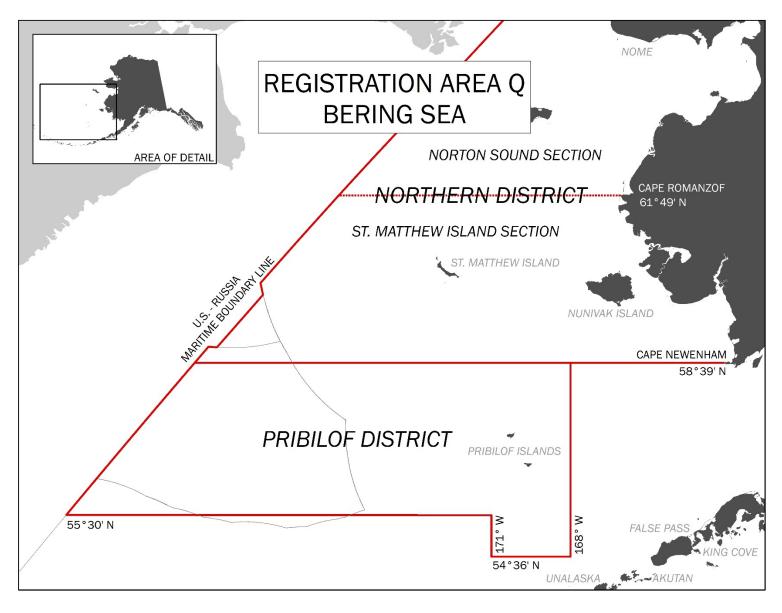


Figure 3.-Bering Sea king crab commercial fishery Registration Area Q.

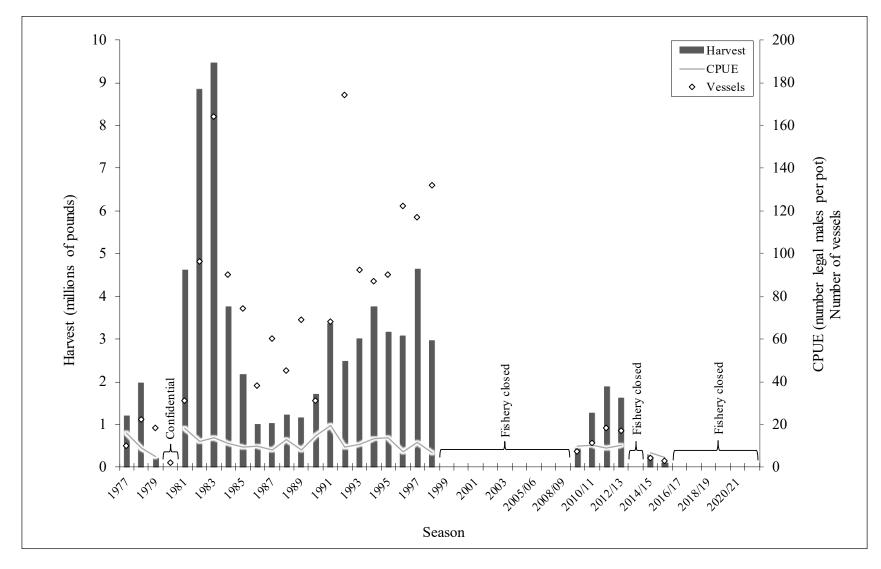


Figure 4.—Saint Matthew Island section blue king crab commercial fishery harvest, catch per unit effort (CPUE; number legal males per pot), and number of vessels, 1977–2021/22.

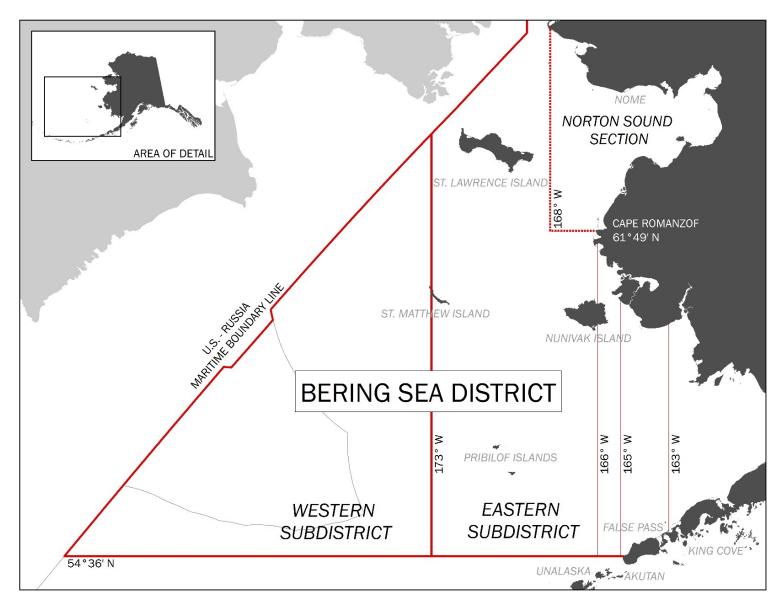


Figure 5.—Bering Sea District Tanner crab commercial fishery Registration Area J including subdistricts and sections.

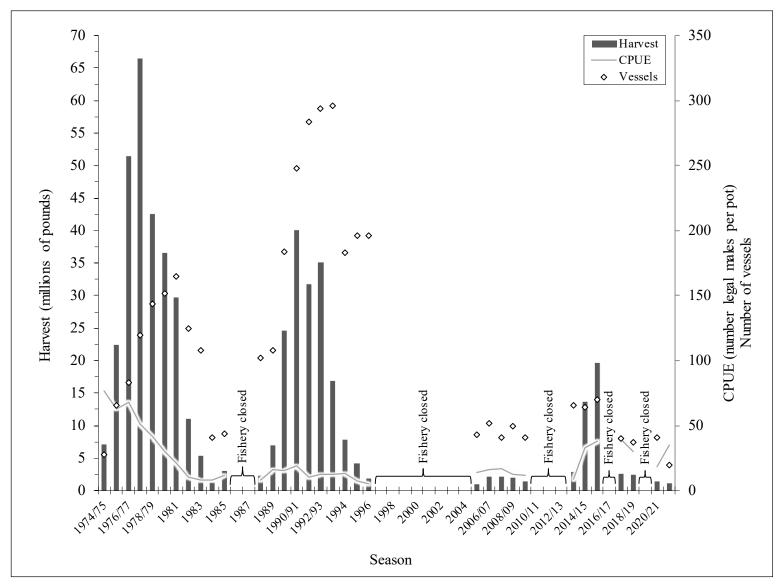


Figure 6.—Bering Sea Tanner crab commercial fishery harvest, catch per unit effort (CPUE; number legal males per pot), and number of vessels, 1974/75–2021/22.

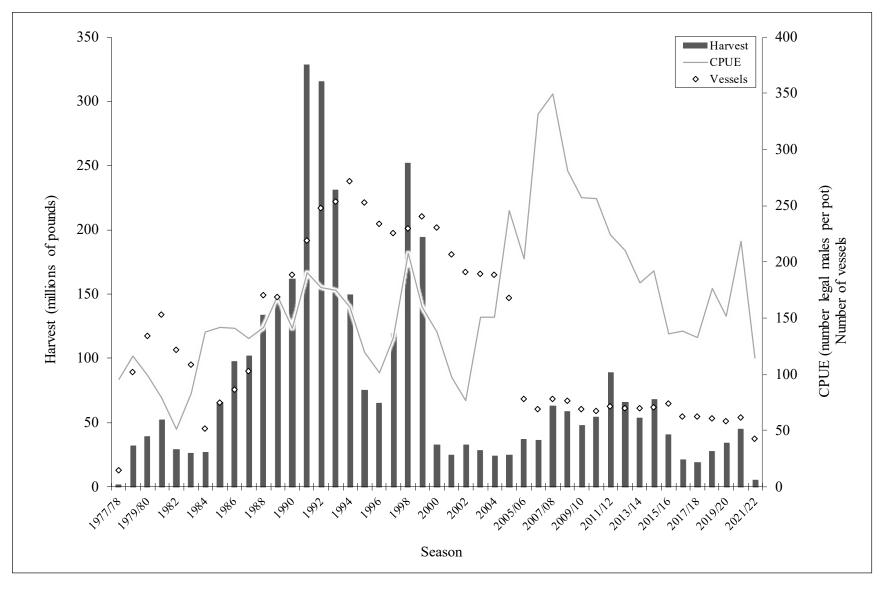


Figure 7.—Bering Sea Snow crab commercial fishery harvest, catch per unit effort (CPUE; number legal males per pot), and number of vessels, 1977/78–2021/22.

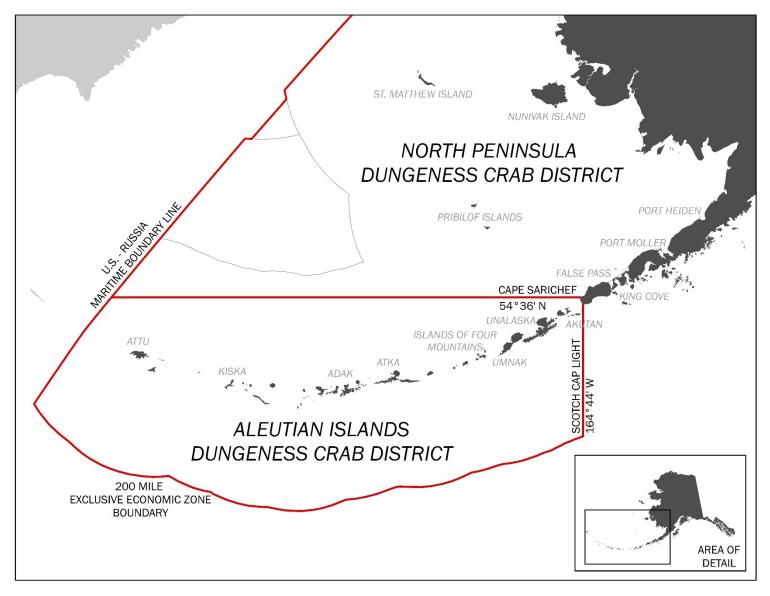


Figure 8.-North Peninsula and Aleutian Islands Dungeness crab Districts of Registration Area J.

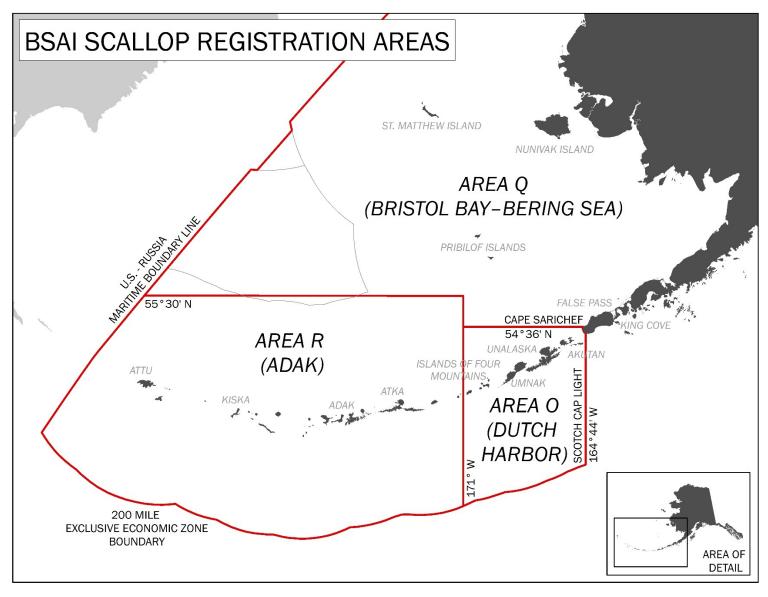


Figure 9.-Bering Sea and Aleutian Islands weathervane scallop Registration Areas.

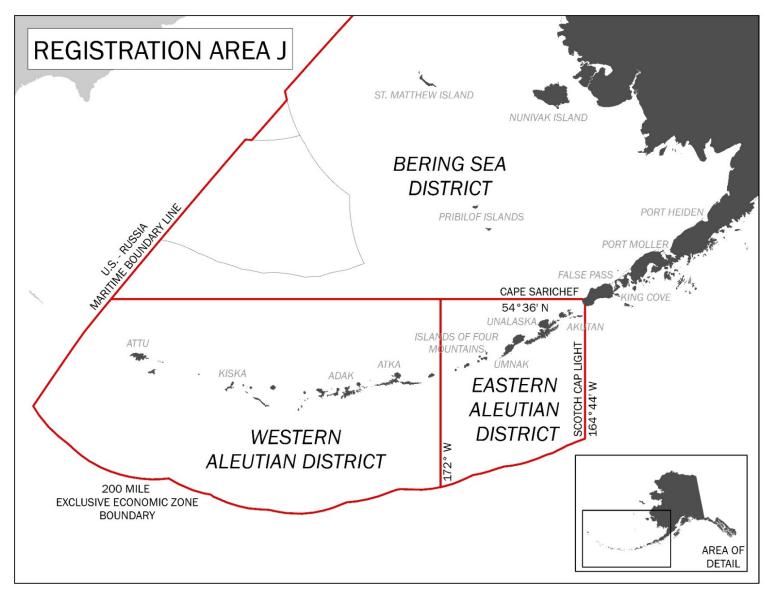


Figure 10.-Bering Sea and Aleutian Islands Tanner crab and miscellaneous shellfish Districts of Registration Area J.

SECTION II: ALEUTIAN ISLANDS SHELLFISH FISHERIES

ALEUTIAN ISLANDS KING CRAB MANAGEMENT AREA

DESCRIPTION OF AREA

The Aleutian Islands king crab Registration Area O eastern boundary is the longitude of Scotch Cap Light (164°44.72′W long); the northern boundary is a line from Cape Sarichef (54°36′N lat) to 171°W long, north to 55°30′N lat; and the western boundary the United States—Russia Maritime Boundary Line of 1990 (Figure 11).

ALEUTIAN ISLANDS GOLDEN KING CRAB

The Aleutian Islands golden king crab (AIGKC) stock is managed as 2 separate fisheries, east and west of 174°W long, with a separate TAC set for each fishery.

2021/22 Fishery East of 174°W Longitude

The 2021/22 Aleutian Islands golden king crab fishery east of 174°W long (EAG) opened July 1 for CDQ and August 1 for IFQ, with a combined IFQ and CDQ TAC of 3,610,000 pounds (Table 23). TAC was allocated by NMFS as 90% IFQ (3,249,000 pounds) and 10% CDQ (361,000 pounds) with 4 of the 6 CDQ groups participating in the harvest of the CDQ allocation. Three vessels participated in the fishery and harvested 3,614,798 pounds, of which 0.8% was deadloss (Table 23). Despite the regulatory fishing season running through April 30, harvest occurred late July through mid-December, with the last delivery on December 13 (Table 24). Harvest by statistical week is confidential and therefore not shown in tables. On average, vessels were active in the fishery for 129 days. Harvesters were paid an initial average price of \$5.03 per pound, the highest EAG exvessel price since the inception of the fishery. Total exvessel fishery value was estimated to be \$18,046,612 (Table 24).

Total effort for the 2021/22 fishery was 29,478 pot lifts. CPUE was 28 legal crab per pot, slightly below the post-rationalization (2005/06–2020/21) average CPUE of 32 (Table 23, Figure 12). Harvest was distributed across 20 ADF&G statistical reporting areas with the highest concentration of harvest occurring in ADF&G statistical area 705232, around the Islands of Four Mountains (Table 25).

EAG cost recovery was conducted by ADF&G in 2021 with 146,884 pounds (34,063 legal male crab) harvested. The 15-day charter occurred from July 21 to August 4 (Table 26).

Port Sampling

During the 2021/22 EAG fishery, ADF&G personnel and onboard observers sampled golden king crab from vessels at shore-based processors in Akutan and Dutch Harbor. Biological data collected on landed golden king crab consisted of carapace length, shell condition, and average weight. Confidential interviews, supplemented by daily fishing log records, were conducted with vessel operators to acquire detailed information regarding statistical reporting areas fished, effort, and

fishery performance. Data were collected by ADF&G port samplers and onboard observers from 47 of the 47 total landings (IFQ and CDQ) during the 2021/22 EAG fishery. Average weight of sampled crab was 4.4 pounds while average carapace length was 151 mm (Table 23).

2021/22 Fishery West of 174°W Longitude

The 2021/22 Aleutian Islands golden king crab fishery west of 174°W long (WAG) opened August 1 with a combined IFQ and CDQ TAC of 2,320,000 pounds (Table 23). TAC was allocated by NMFS as 90% IFQ (2,088,000 pounds) and 10% Adak Community Allocation (ACA; 232,000 pounds). Three vessels participated in the fishery and harvested 2,189,000 pounds, of which 2.3% was deadloss (Table 23). Harvest occurred throughout the season, with the last delivery on May 25 (Table 24). The regulatory closure date of April 30 was extended by ADF&G Emergency Order to May 23 at the request of industry to allow additional harvesting opportunity. Golden king crab mating and molting are asynchronous. The current regulatory season dates are not based on protecting crab during critical reproductive periods and instead largely reflect historical fishery and stock assessment timing. Harvest by statistical week is confidential and therefore not shown in tables. On average, vessels were active in the fishery for 205 days. Harvesters were paid an initial average price of \$5.49 per pound, the highest WAG exvessel price since the inception of the fishery Total exvessel fishery value was estimated to be \$11,728,085 (Table 24).

Total effort for the 2021/22 fishery was 46,161 pot lifts. CPUE was 12 legal crab per pot, well below the post-rationalization (2005/06–2020/21) average CPUE of 19 (Table 23, Figure 13). Harvest was distributed across 51 ADF&G statistical reporting areas; harvest by statistical area is confidential and therefore not shown in tables.

Port Sampling

During the 2021/22 WAG fishery, ADF&G personnel and onboard observers sampled golden king crab from vessels at shore-based processors in Dutch Harbor and King Cove. Biological data collected on landed golden king crab consisted of carapace length, shell condition, and average weight. Confidential interviews, supplemented by daily fishing log records, were conducted with vessel operators to acquire detailed information regarding statistical reporting areas fished, effort, and fishery performance. Data were collected by ADF&G port samplers and onboard observers from 41 of the 41 total landings (IFQ and CDQ) during the 2021/22 WAG fishery. Average weight of sampled crab was 4.1 pounds and average carapace length was 148 mm (Table 23).

Fishery Management and Stock Status

The AIGKC fishery has been managed since 1996/97 under a constant-catch harvest strategy with TAC fixed in regulation both east and west of 174°W long (5 AAC 34.612). Only a small portion of the area in which golden king crab are commercially harvested has been surveyed historically. In 2014, methods testing for an industry cooperative in-fishery survey began with ADF&G personnel deployed on eastern Aleutian Islands golden king crab fishing vessels. The annual infishery survey is ongoing with the goal of having a time series of these data to inform the current stock assessment model.

After adoption of a new stock assessment modeling framework in 2016, the Alaska Board of Fisheries modified the harvest strategy to give ADF&G flexibility to modify the regulatory harvest levels based on the best scientific information available. The current stock assessment model had been in development for some time when it was adopted by the NPFMC and first used to set OFL

and ABC for the 2017/18 fishery, but a harvest strategy had not yet been developed to utilize management output quantities for TAC setting. ADF&G scientists worked with industry to develop a new harvest strategy using model outputs for TAC setting after the stock assessment model was adopted. The current harvest strategy employing stock assessment model outputs has been used to set TACs since the 2019/20 fishery.

Further information on AIGKC stock status and federal overfishing levels may be found in the 2021 Stock Assessment and Fishery Evaluation Report for the King and Tanner Crab Fisheries of the Bering Sea and Aleutian Islands Regions (NPFMC 2021a).

EASTERN ALEUTIAN TANNER CRAB DISTRICT

DESCRIPTION OF DISTRICT

The Eastern Aleutian District (EAD) for Tanner crab encompasses all waters of Registration Area J between the longitude of Scotch Cap Light (164°44′W long), west to 172°W long, and south of the latitude of Cape Sarichef (54°36′N lat; Figure 14).

TANNER CRAB

2021 Commercial Fishery

The 2021 EAD commercial Tanner crab fishery was closed. Akutan, Unalaska/Kalekta Bay, and Makushin/Skan Bay Sections were not surveyed during summer 2020 due to a reduced survey schedule in response to COVID-19. Since there is no regulatory guidance for opening a fishery in absence of a survey, all sections of the Eastern Aleutian District remained closed for the 2021 season (Tables 27 and 28).

Fishery Management and Stock Status

The EAD Tanner crab fishery has a total of 300 pots allowed in the fishery with no more than 50 pots per vessel; pots may be operated only from 8:00 AM until 5:59 PM daily. Vessel length is restricted to 58 feet or less in the Unalaska Section. In the remainder of the EAD, vessel length is restricted to 58 feet or less when the GHL for Tanner crab is 1,000,000 pounds or less. The EAD Tanner crab fishery is an open access fishery. The harvest strategy is found in 5 AAC 35.509 *Eastern Aleutian District Tanner crab harvest strategy*.

In August 2021, Akutan Bay, Unalaska/Kalekta Bay, and Makushin/Skan Bay were surveyed with trawl gear using the ADF&G R/V *Resolution* (Spalinger and Knutson 2022). Total estimated abundance was 9.6 million crab. Legal male abundance was estimated at 0.073 million crab, well below the trawl survey time series average of 0.251 million crab (1990–2019).

SUBSISTENCE

2021 King and Tanner Fishery

In 2021, ADF&G issued 153 subsistence permits, of which 67, or 44%, were returned. The returned permits account for a reported harvest of 148 Tanner crab; no red king crab were reported harvested (Table 29). Harvest of Tanner crab ranged from 0 to 138 crab per permit holder. Subsistence effort was primarily focused in Unalaska Bay. Tanner crab harvested in the EAD were taken with pot gear.

ALEUTIAN DISTRICT DUNGENESS CRAB

DESCRIPTION OF DISTRICT

The Aleutian District for Dungeness crab includes all waters of Registration Area J west of the longitude of Scotch Cap Light (164°44′W long), south of the latitude of Cape Sarichef (54°35.89′N lat), and east of the United States–Russia Maritime Boundary Line of 1990 (Figure 8).

2021 FISHERY

The Aleutian District Dungeness crab fishery opened May 1, 2021. Two vessels registered to fish for Dungeness crab in the Aleutian Islands during 2021 but no landings were made (Table 30).

Fishery Management and Stock Status

The Aleutian Islands Dungeness crab fishery is managed using 3-S management (size, sex, and season). Only male Dungeness crab 6.5 inches (165 mm) or greater in carapace width may be retained in the Aleutian District from May 1 to October 31. No stock assessment is available and limited biological and fishery data have been collected through dockside sampling. Stock status of Dungeness crab in the Aleutian Islands is unknown, but the resource is believed to be limited by availability of suitable habitat.

DUTCH HARBOR WEATHERVANE SCALLOP REGISTRATION AREA O

DESCRIPTION OF AREA

The Dutch Harbor weathervane scallop Registration Area O eastern boundary is the longitude of Scotch Cap Light (164°44.72′W long), the northern boundary is the latitude of Cape Sarichef (54°36′N lat), and the western boundary 171°W long (Figure 9).

DUTCH HARBOR WEATHERVANE SCALLOP

2021/22 Fishery

The 2021/22 Dutch Harbor weathervane scallop fishery opened July 1, 2021, with a GHL of 10,000 pounds of shucked scallop meat; 5,000 pounds on the Bering Sea side and 5,000 pounds on the Pacific Ocean side of Registration Area O. No vessels participated in the fishery (Table 31) and it closed by regulation on February 15, 2022.

Fishery Management and Stock Status

The Dutch Harbor weathervane scallop Registration Area O is managed by individual scallop beds, one on the Bering Sea side of Umnak Island and the other on the Pacific Ocean side of Unalaska Island. CPUE of 20 pounds of shucked scallop meat per dredge hour from the Bering Sea side in the 2019/20 season was a slight increase from the historically low CPUEs from the previous 2 seasons but remains low relative to time series high CPUE of 93 in the 2013/14 season. The Pacific Ocean side was closed in 2018/19 for a 3-year period due to concerns about poor fishery performance. The Pacific side reopened for the 2021/22 season.

Area O has never been surveyed with dredge gear as part of the Statewide Weathervane Scallop Dredge Survey, and the Westward Region Large-Mesh Bottom Trawl Survey does not generally overlap with scallop fishing grounds in the area. Therefore, the stock is assessed annually using

available fishery and observer data. The harvest strategy is found in 5 AAC 38.076 *Alaska Scallop Fishery Management Plan* and 5 AAC 38.078 *State-Waters Weathervane Scallop Management Plan*.

Further information on weathervane scallop stock status and federal overfishing levels may be found in the 2021 *Stock Assessment and Fishery Evaluation Report for the Scallop Fishery off Alaska* (NPFMC 2021b).

ALEUTIAN ISLANDS MISCELLANEOUS SHELLFISH

DESCRIPTION OF DISTRICT

The Aleutian Islands District of miscellaneous shellfish Registration Area J includes all waters south of the latitude of Cape Sarichef (54°36′N lat), west of the longitude of Scotch Cap Light (164°44′W long), and east of the United States–Russia Maritime Boundary Line of 1990 (Figure 10).

2021 FISHERIES

Octopus

In 2021, harvest from state waters was 14,997 pounds from 22 vessels and 79 landings. Harvest from state and federal waters combined was 50,652 pounds from 45 vessels and 141 landings. All reported harvest was incidental to groundfish fisheries. Average exvessel value based on landed weight of octopus in 2021 was \$0.18 per pound (Table 32).

Fishery Management and Stock Status

Octopus are considered a shellfish species under State of Alaska regulation. Limited directed fishing within state waters may occur under the authority of a commissioner's permit; however, octopus are primarily retained as bycatch during state and federal groundfish fisheries. Currently, vessels may retain incidentally caught octopus up to 20% of the weight of the target groundfish species or halibut onboard. Most octopus are retained as bycatch in Pacific cod pot gear fisheries.

Incidental harvest of octopus in the Aleutian Islands is dominated by giant Pacific octopus, *Enteroctopus dofleini*, although at least 6 other species of octopus are known to occur in the Aleutian Islands. The 2020 NMFS Aleutian Islands trawl survey was canceled due to COVID-19 and a full stock assessment will not be conducted until 2022. Results from the 2018 NMFS Aleutian Islands Trawl Survey estimate octopus (all species) biomass at 5.0 million pounds with 98% of the estimate composed of *E. dofleini*. Biomass estimates for octopus in the Aleutian Islands are highly variable and do not necessarily reflect the sizes of octopus caught in fisheries (Ormseth et al. 2020). General knowledge of the stock is limited and there is currently no reliable estimate of octopus biomass (Ormseth et al. 2020).

Further information on octopus stock status and federal overfishing levels may be found in the 2021 Assessment of the Octopus Stock Complex in the Bering Sea and Aleutian Islands (Ormseth et al. 2021).

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- Spalinger, K., and M. Knutson. 2022. Large-mesh bottom trawl survey of crab and groundfish: Kodiak, Chignik, South Peninsula, and Eastern Aleutian management districts, 2021. Alaska Department of Fish and Game, Fishery Management Report No. 22-02, Anchorage.

TABLES AND FIGURES: SECTION II

Table 23.-Aleutian Islands golden king crab commercial fishery harvest data, 1981/82-2021/22.

						Nur	nber of			Average	
Season	Location	GHL/TACa,b	Harvest ^{a,c}	Deadlossa	Vessels ^d	Landings	Crab ^c	Pots lifted	CPUE ^e	Weight ^{a,f}	Length ^{f,g}
1981/82	East of 172°W	_	115,715	8,752	6	16	22,666	2,906	8	5.1	158
	West of 172°W	_	1,194,046	22,064	14	76	217,700	24,627	9	5.5	160
	TOTAL	_	1,309,761	30,816	ND	92	240,366	27,533	9	5.4	ND
1982/83	East of 172°W	_	1,184,971	47,479	49	136	227,471	29,369	8	5.2	158
	West of 172°W	_	8,006,274	220,743	99	501	1,509,001	150,103	10	5.3	158
	TOTAL	_	9,191,245	268,222	ND	637	1,736,472	179,472	10	5.3	ND
1983/84	East of 172°W	_	1,810,973	45,268	47	132	328,353	29,595	11	5.5	ND
	West of 172°W	_	8,128,029	171,021	157	1,002	1,534,909	226,798	7	5.3	ND
	TOTAL	_	9,939,002	216,289	ND	1,134	1,863,262	256,393	7	5.3	ND
1984/85	East of 171°W	_	1,521,142	70,362	13	67	327,440	24,044	14	4.6	161
	West of 171°W	_	4,141,052	130,377	38	107	863,367	77,049	11	4.8	157
	TOTAL		5,662,194	200,739	ND	174	1,190,807	101,093	12	4.8	ND
1985/86	East of 171°W	_	1,733,878	25,223	11	59	364,097	31,322	12	4.8	156
	West of 171°W	_	11,024,759	197,753	53	386	2,452,216	205,279	12	4.5	151
	TOTAL	_	12,758,637	222,976	ND	445	2,816,313	236,601	12	4.5	ND
1986/87	East of 171°W	_	1,869,180	9,510	17	71	400,389	37,585	11	4.7	ND
	West of 171°W	_	12,869,564	276,741	62	528	2,940,238	395,435	7	4.4	150
	TOTAL	_	14,738,744	286,251	ND	599	3,340,627	433,020	8	4.4	ND
1987/88	East of 171°W	_	1,388,983	25,060	23	77	301,227	42,867	7	4.6	150
	West of 171°W	_	7,868,022	167,110	57	380	1,873,349	263,863	7	4.2	147
	TOTAL	_	9,257,005	192,170	ND	457	2,174,576	306,730	7	4.3	ND

Table 23.–Page 2 of 6.

						Nun	nber of			Average	
Season	Location	GHL/TACa,b	Harvest ^{a,c}	Deadlossa	Vesselsd	Landings	Crab ^c	Pots lifted	CPUE ^e	Weight ^{a,f}	Length ^{f,g}
1988/89	East of 171°W	_	1,546,113	23,960	21	57	323,783	41,371	8	4.8	154
	West of 171°W	_	9,080,929	125,500	73	455	2,164,650	280,556	8	4.2	149
	TOTAL	_	10,627,042	149,460	76	512	2,488,433	321,927	8	4.3	ND
1989/90	East of 171°W	_	1,852,249	17,421	13	70	424,067	43,346	10	4.4	151
	West of 171°W	_	10,169,803	99,866	65	505	2,478,846	314,457	8	4.1	149
	TOTAL	_	12,022,052	117,287	68	575	2,902,913	357,803	8	4.1	ND
1990/91	East of 171°W	_	1,699,675	42,800	16	67	391,135	53,592	7	4.3	148
	West of 171°W	_	5,250,687	176,583	13	167	1,312,116	161,222	8	4.0	145
	TOTAL	_	6,950,362	219,383	23	234	1,703,251	214,814	8	4.1	ND
1991/92	East of 171°W	_	1,516,779	45,100	11	56	352,803	43,231	8	4.3	148
	West of 171°W	_	6,185,362	96,848	16	206	1,494,595	191,626	8	4.1	145
	TOTAL	_	7,702,141	141,948	19	258	1,847,398	234,857	8	4.2	ND
1992/93	East of 171°W	_	1,404,452	37,200	10	46	337,559	38,348	9	4.2	148
	West of 171°W	_	4,886,745	104,215	18	128	1,190,769	164,873	7	4.1	147
	TOTAL	_	6,291,197	141,415	22	174	1,528,328	203,221	8	4.1	ND
1993/94	East of 171°W	_	915,460	7,324	4	14	217,788	22,490	10	4.2	149
	West of 171°W	_	4,635,683	165,358	21	148	1,179,742	212,164	6	3.9	148
	TOTAL	_	5,551,143	172,682	21	162	1,397,530	234,654	6	4.0	ND
1994/95	East of 171°W	_	1,750,481	35,938	14	46	384,405	67,587	6	4.6	148
	West of 171°W	_	6,378,030	242,190	34	247	1,539,866	319,006	5	4.1	150
	TOTAL	_	8,128,511	278,128	35	293	1,924,271	386,593	5	4.2	ND

Table 23.–Page 3 of 6.

						Nun	nber of			Average	
Season	Location	GHL/TACa,b	Harvest ^{a,c}	Deadlossa	Vesselsd	Landings	Crab ^c	Pots lifted	CPUE ^e	Weight ^{a,f}	Length ^{f,g}
1995/96	East of 171°W	1,500,000	1,993,980	65,156	17	42	431,867	65,030	7	4.6	150
	West of 171°W	5–6 million	4,966,426	248,226	25	141	1,150,466	227,991	5	4.3	147
	TOTAL	_	6,960,406	313,382	28	183	1,582,333	293,021	5	4.4	ND
1996/97	East of 174°W	3,200,000	3,290,862	185,203	14	71	731,909	113,460	6	4.5	ND
	West of 174°W	2,700,000	2,524,910	75,506	13	99	602,968	99,267	6	4.2	ND
	TOTAL	5,900,000	5,815,772	260,709	18	166	1,334,877	212,727	6	4.4	147
1997/98	East of 174°W	3,200,000	3,501,055	131,481	13	74	780,610	106,403	7	4.5	147
	West of 174°W	2,700,000	2,444,628	79,564	9	96	569,550	86,811	7	4.3	148
	TOTAL	5,900,000	5,945,683	211,045	15	167	1,350,160	193,214	7	4.4	147
1998/99	East of 174°W	3,000,000	3,247,863	82,113	14	55	740,011	83,378	9	4.4	148
	West of 174°W	2,700,000	1,694,030	21,218	3	44	410,018	35,975	11	4.1	146
	TOTAL	5,700,000	4,941,893	103,331	16	99	1,150,029	119,353	10	4.3	147
1999/00	East of 174°W	3,000,000	3,069,886	67,574	15	60	709,332	79,129	9	4.3	147
	West of 174°W	2,700,000	2,768,902	104,852	15	113	676,558	107,040	6	4.1	147
	TOTAL	5,700,000	5,838,788	172,426	16	168	1,385,890	186,169	7	4.2	147
2000/01	East of 174°W	3,000,000	3,134,079	55,999	15	50	704,702	71,551	10	4.4	147
	West of 174°W	2,700,000	2,884,682	53,158	12	100	705,613	101,239	7	4.1	145
	TOTAL	5,700,000	6,018,761	109,157	17	149	1,410,315	172,790	8	4.3	146
2001/02	East of 174°W	3,000,000	3,178,652	50,030	19	45	730,030	62,639	12	4.4	147
	West of 174°W	2,700,000	2,740,054	43,519	9	90	686,738	105,512	7	4.0	145
	TOTAL	5,700,000	5,918,706	93,549	21	134	1,416,768	168,151	8	4.2	146

Table 23.–Page 4 of 6.

						Nun	nber of			Average	
Season	Location	GHL/TACa,b	Harvest ^{a,c}	Deadlossa	Vesselsd	Landings	Crab ^c	Pots lifted	CPUE ^e	Weight ^{a,f}	Length ^{f,g}
2002/03	East of 174°W	3,000,000	2,821,851	55,425	19	43	643,886	52,042	12	4.4	148
	West of 174°W	2,700,000	2,640,604	32,101	6	73	664,823	78,979	8	4.0	146
	TOTAL	5,700,000	5,462,455	87,526	22	116	1,308,709	131,021	10	4.2	147
2003/04	East of 174°W	3,000,000	2,977,055	76,006	18	37	643,074	58,883	11	4.6	149
	West of 174°W	2,700,000	2,688,773	49,321	6	60	676,633	66,236	10	4.0	146
	TOTAL	5,700,000	5,665,828	125,327	21	96	1,319,707	125,119	11	4.3	147
2004/05	East of 174°W	3,000,000	2,886,817	43,576	19	32	637,536	34,848	18	4.5	148
	West of 174°W	2,700,000	2,688,234	43,560	6	51	685,465	56,846	12	3.9	146
	TOTAL	5,700,000	5,575,051	87,136	22	83	1,323,001	91,694	14	4.2	147
$2005/06^{h}$	East of 174°W	3,000,000	2,866,602	26,962	7	39	623,966	24,569	25	4.6	151
	West of 174°W	2,700,000	2,653,716	30,873	3	47	639,370	30,116	21	4.2	148
	TOTAL	5,700,000	5,520,318	57,835	8	82	1,263,336	54,685	23	4.4	149
2006/07	East of 174°W	3,000,000	2,992,010	34,594	6	38	650,588	26,195	25	4.6	152
	West of 174°W	2,700,000	2,270,332	22,344	4	37	527,737	26,110	20	4.3	150
	TOTAL	5,700,000	5,262,342	56,938	7	74	1,178,325	52,305	23	4.5	150
2007/08	East of 174°W	3,000,000	2,989,997	21,558	4	42	633,253	22,653	28	4.7	153
	West of 174°W	2,700,000	2,518,103	24,870	3	39	600,595	29,950	20	4.2	149
	TOTAL	5,700,000	5,508,100	46,428	5	76	1,233,848	52,603	23	4.5	151
2008/09	East of 174°W	3,150,000	3,144,423	25,525	3	37	666,947	24,466	27	4.7	151
	West of 174°W	2,835,000	2,535,661	25,292	3	42	587,661	26,200	22	4.3	148
	TOTAL	5,985,000	5,680,084	50,817	5	79	1,254,608	50,666	25	4.5	149

Table 23.–Page 5 of 6.

						Nun	nber of			Average	
Season	Location	GHL/TACa,b	Harvest ^{a,c}	Deadlossa	Vessels ^d	Landings	Crab ^c	Pots lifted	CPUE ^e	Weight ^{a,f}	Length ^{f,g}
2009/10	East of 174°W	3,150,000	3,150,474	33,284	3	39	679,886	26,298	26	4.6	152
	West of 174°W	2,835,000	2,761,813	40,311	3	41	628,332	26,489	24	4.4	150
	TOTAL	5,985,000	5,912,287	73,595	5	80	1,308,218	52,787	25	4.5	150
2010/11	East of 174°W	3,150,000	3,148,188	71,519	3	35	670,981	25,851	26	4.7	153
	West of 174°W	2,835,000	2,820,661	39,727	3	38	626,246	29,944	21	4.5	149
	TOTAL	5,985,000	5,968,849	111,246	5	73	1,297,227	55,795	23	4.6	151
2011/12	East of 174°W	3,150,000	3,150,374	24,184	3	41	668,828	17,915	37	4.7	151
	West of 174°W	2,835,000	2,814,042	39,147	3	40	616,118	26,326	23	4.6	148
	TOTAL	5,985,000	5,964,416	63,331	5	81	1,284,946	44,241	29	4.6	149
2012/13	East of 174°W	3,310,000	3,315,115	79,434	3	45	687,666	20,827	33	4.8	153
	West of 174°W	2,980,000	2,952,644	55,627	4	36	672,916	32,716	21	4.4	150
	TOTAL	6,290,000	6,267,759	135,061	6	81	1,360,582	53,543	25	4.6	151
2013/14	East of 174°W	3,310,000	3,302,061	29,932	3	42	699,078	20,687	34	4.7	151
	West of 174°W	2,980,000	2,970,514	92,980	3	34	686,883	41,835	16	4.3	152
	TOTAL	6,290,000	6,272,575	122,912	5	76	1,385,961	62,522	22	4.5	151
2014/15	East of 174°W	3,310,000	3,307,016	29,676	3	33	693,474	16,406	42	4.8	152
	West of 174°W	2,980,000	CF	CF	2	44	CF	CF	CF	CF	148
	TOTAL	6,290,000	CF	CF	5	77	CF	CF	CF	CF	150
2015/16	East of 174°W	3,310,000	3,302,480	53,160	3	34	717,864	18,481	39	4.6	152
	West of 174°W	2,980,000	CF	CF	2	50	CF	CF	CF	CF	147
-	TOTAL	6,290,000	CF	CF	5	84	CF	CF	CF	CF	150

Table 23.—Page 6 of 6.

					Number of					Average	
Season	Location	GHL/TACa,b	Harvest ^{a,c}	Deadlossa	Vesselsd	Landings	Crab ^c	Pots lifted	CPUE ^e	Weight ^{a,f}	Length ^{f,g}
2016/17	East of 174°W	3,310,000	3,307,162	65,366	4	38	753,332	23,401	32	4.4	152
	West of 174°W	2,235,000	2,236,651	88,769	3	37	543,796	38,118	14	4.1	148
	TOTAL	5,545,000	5,543,813	154,135	5	75	1,297,128	61,519	21	4.3	150
2017/18	East of 174°W	3,310,000	3,308,185	54,253	4	40	768,120	24,617	31	4.3	150
	West of 174°W	2,235,000	2,234,723	58,077	3	41	519,051	30,885	17	4.3	150
	TOTAL	5,545,000	5,542,908	112,330	5	81	1,287,171	55,502	23	4.3	150
2018/19	East of 174°W	3,856,000	3,854,105	49,918	3	47	896,184	24,481	37	4.3	149
	West of 174°W	2,500,000	2,501,344	52,921	3	36	578,221	29,156	20	4.3	151
	TOTAL	6,356,000	6,355,449	102,839	5	83	1,474,405	53,637	27	4.3	150
2019/20	East of 174°W	4,310,000	4,308,530	53,608	3	48	1,018,876	29,675	34	4.2	148
	West of 174°W	2,870,000	2,840,078	54,529	3	44	649,832	42,924	15	4.4	150
	TOTAL	7,180,000	7,148,608	108,137	5	92	1,668,708	72,599	23	4.3	149
2020/21	East of 174°W	3,650,000	3,650,255	32,004	3	47	863,288	28,833	30	4.2	148
	West of 174°W	2,960,000	2,792,835	62,166	3	38	682,107	46,701	15	4.1	150
	TOTAL	6,610,000	6,443,090	94,170	5	85	1,545,395	75,534	20	4.2	149
2021/22	East of 174°W	3,610,000	3,614,798	28,779	3	47	829,206	29,478	28	4.4	151
	West of 174°W	2,320,000	2,189,000	50,843	3	41	538,064	46,161	12	4.1	148
	TOTAL	5,930,000	5,803,798	79,622	5	88	1,367,270	75,639	18	4.2	150

Note: En dashes indicate harvest limits were not set for these fisheries prior to 1995/96, and overall harvest limit was not set in 1995/96; CF indicates confidential data; ND indicates these data were not collected or cannot be derived.

^a In pounds.

b Guideline harvest level (GHL), total allowable catch (TAC) from 2005/06 forward.

^c Deadloss included.

d Many vessels fished both east and west of 174°W long, and thus the total number of vessels reflects the entire Aleutian Islands.

e Number of legal crab per pot lift.

f Retained catch.

g Carapace length in millimeters.

h Crab rationalization begins.

Table 24.—Aleutian Islands golden king crab commercial fishery value and season dates, 1981/82–2021/22.

		Va	llue	Se	Season length		
Season	Location	Exvessela	Total	Opened	Closed	Days	
1981/82	East of 172°W	\$2.05	\$219,274	11/01/81	01/15/82	76	
	West of 172°W	\$2.06	\$2,414,283	11/01/81	06/15/82	227	
1982/83	East of 172°W	\$3.00	\$3,412,476	11/01/82	02/15/83	107	
	West of 172°W	\$3.01	\$23,434,448	11/01/82	04/15/83	166	
1983/84	East of 172°W	\$3.05	\$5,385,400	11/01/83	02/15/84	107	
	West of 172°W	\$2.92	\$23,234,463	11/10/83	04/15/84	158	
1984/85	East of 171°W	\$1.35	\$1,958,553	07/01/84	02/15/85	230	
	West of 171°W	\$2.00	\$8,021,350	11/10/84	07/08/85	241	
1985/86	East of 171°W	\$2.00	\$3,417,310	07/01/85	10/31/85	123	
	West of 171°W	\$2.50	\$27,067,515	11/01/85	08/15/86	288	
1986/87	East of 171°W	\$2.85	\$5,300,060	07/01/86	12/31/86	184	
	West of 171°W	\$3.00	\$37,778,469	11/01/86	08/15/87	288	
1987/88	East of 171°W	\$2.85	\$3,887,181	07/01/87	09/02/87	64	
	West of 171°W	\$3.00	\$23,102,736	11/01/87	08/15/88	289	
1988/89	East of 171°W	\$3.07	\$4,672,313	09/01/88	12/04/88	95	
	West of 171°W	\$3.37	\$30,181,208	11/01/88	08/15/89	288	
1989/90	East of 171°W	\$3.63	\$6,668,081	09/01/89	02/15/90	168	
	West of 171°W	\$3.39	\$34,140,693	11/01/89	08/15/90	288	
1990/91	East of 171°W	\$3.34	\$5,530,986	09/01/90	11/09/90	70	
	West of 171°W	\$3.08	\$15,644,967	11/01/90	08/15/91	288	
1991/92	East of 171°W	\$2.00	\$2,943,358	09/01/91	11/15/91	76	
	West of 171°W	\$3.18	\$19,338,288	11/01/91	08/15/92	289	
1992/93	East of 171°W	\$2.86	\$3,906,365	09/01/92	11/17/92	78	
	West of 171°W	\$3.62	\$17,299,699	11/01/92	08/15/93	288	
1993/94	East of 171°W	\$4.57	\$4,154,668	09/01/93	03/01/94	182	
	West of 171°W	\$2.50	\$11,175,813	11/01/93	08/15/94	288	
1994/95	East of 171°W	\$3.94	\$6,757,257	09/01/94	10/28/94	58	
	West of 171°W	\$3.35	\$20,536,409	11/01/94	08/15/95	288	
1995/96	East of 171°W	\$2.58	\$4,983,453	09/01/95	10/09/95	39	
	West of 171°W	\$2.27	\$10,715,103	11/01/95	08/15/96	289	
1996/97	East of 174°W	\$2.20	\$6,835,280	09/01/96	12/25/96	116	
	West of 174°W	\$2.23	\$5,463,529	09/01/96	08/31/97	365	

Table 24.—Page 2 of 3.

		Va	lue	Se	ason length	
Season	Location	Exvessela	Total	Opened	Closed	Days
1997/98	East of 174°W	\$2.25	\$7,581,682	09/01/97	11/24/97	85
	West of 174°W	\$2.15	\$5,087,987	09/01/97	08/31/98	365
1998/99	East of 174°W	\$1.88	\$5,952,446	09/01/98	11/07/98	68
	West of 174°W	\$2.02	\$3,377,002	09/01/98	08/31/99	365
1999/00	East of 174°W	\$3.28	\$9,853,086	09/01/99	10/25/99	55
	West of 174°W	\$3.11	\$8,284,343	09/01/99	08/14/00	349
2000/01	East of 174°W	\$3.51	\$10,806,859	08/15/00	09/24/00	41
	West of 174°W	\$3.07	\$8,682,694	08/15/00	05/28/01	287
2001/02	East of 174°W	\$3.30	\$10,324,453	08/15/01	09/10/01	27
	West of 174°W	\$3.15	\$8,487,366	08/15/01	03/30/02	228
2002/03	East of 174°W	\$3.33	\$9,199,835	08/15/02	09/07/02	24
	West of 174°W	\$3.50	\$9,117,906	08/15/02	03/08/03	206
2003/04	East of 174°W	\$3.47	\$10,065,228	08/15/03	09/08/03	25
	West of 174°W	\$3.83	\$10,109,101	08/15/03	02/06/04	176
2004/05	East of 174°W	\$3.18	\$9,039,137	08/15/04	08/29/04	15
	West of 174°W	\$3.29	\$8,706,763	08/15/04	01/03/05	142
2005/06 ^b	East of 174°W	\$2.51	\$7,117,132	08/15/05	05/15/06	274
	West of 174°W	\$2.12	\$5,549,420	08/15/05	05/15/06	274
2006/07	East of 174°W	\$1.71	\$5,070,070	08/15/06	05/15/07	274
	West of 174°W	\$1.32	\$2,978,071	08/15/06	05/15/07	274
2007/08	East of 174°W	\$2.14	\$6,365,457	08/15/07	05/15/08	275
	West of 174°W	\$1.79	\$4,454,290	08/15/07	05/15/08	275
2008/09	East of 174°W	\$3.42	\$10,678,756	08/15/08	05/15/09	274
	West of 174°W	\$1.91	\$4,791,631	08/15/08	05/15/09	274
2009/10	East of 174°W	\$1.98	\$6,174,304	08/15/09	05/15/10	274
	West of 174°W	\$1.96	\$5,322,370	08/15/09	05/15/10	274
2010/11	East of 174°W	\$3.03	\$9,315,401	08/15/10	05/15/11	274
	West of 174°W	\$3.53	\$9,803,355	08/15/10	05/15/11	274
2011/12	East of 174°W	\$3.80	\$11,880,146	08/15/11	05/15/12	275
	West of 174°W	\$3.72	\$10,313,779	08/15/11	05/15/12	275
2012/13	East of 174°W	\$3.47	\$11,218,989	08/15/12	05/15/13	274
	West of 174°W	\$3.30	\$9,554,574	08/15/12	05/15/13	274

Table 24.—Page 3 of 3.

		Va	lue	Se	eason length	
Season	Location	Exvessela	Total	Opened	Closed	Days
2013/14	East of 174°W	\$3.48	\$11,376,784	08/15/13	05/15/14	274
	West of 174°W	\$3.50	\$10,081,665	08/15/13	05/15/14	274
2014/15	East of 174°W	\$3.34	\$10,936,484	08/15/14	05/15/15	274
	West of 174°W	CF	CF	08/15/14	05/15/15	274
2015/16	East of 174°W	\$3.64	\$11,815,476	08/01/15	04/30/16	274
	West of 174°W	CF	CF	08/01/15	04/30/16	274
2016/17	East of 174°W	\$4.52	\$14,660,890	08/01/16	04/30/17	273
	West of 174°W	\$4.50	\$9,664,768	08/01/16	04/30/17	273
2017/18	East of 174°W	\$3.59	\$11,691,725	08/01/17	04/30/18	273
	West of 174°W	\$3.67	\$7,997,779	08/01/17	04/30/18	273
2018/19	East of 174°W	\$4.50	\$17,118,842	08/01/18	04/30/19	273
	West of 174°W	\$4.49	\$10,987,299	08/01/18	04/03/19	273
2019/20	East of 174°W	\$4.64	\$19,740,830	07/15/19	04/30/20	291
	West of 174°W	\$4.50	\$12,534,971	07/15/19	05/07/20	298
2020/21	East of 174°W	\$4.56	\$16,492,203	08/01/20	04/30/21	273
	West of 174°W	\$4.51	\$12,311,834	08/01/20	05/13/21	286
2021/22	East of 174°W	\$5.03	\$18,046,612	07/01/21	04/30/22	304
	West of 174°W	\$5.49	\$11,728,085	08/01/21	05/23/22	296

Note: CF indicates confidential data.

^a Average price per pound.

b Crab rationalization begins.

Table 25.—Aleutian Islands golden king crab commercial fishery harvest by statistical area east of 174°W long, 2021/22.

				Num		Av	erage	
Statistical area	Harvest ^{a,b}	Deadlossa	Vessels	Landings	Crab ^b	Pots lifted	CPUE ^c	Weight ^{a,d}
715202	673,787	6,797	3	36	153,281	6,361	24	4.4
725201	510,186	4,813	3	28	113,253	4,671	24	4.5
725203	40,740	342	3	20	9,061	400	23	4.5
725230	137,770	1,465	3	25	30,703	1,288	24	4.5
Other ^e	2,252,316	15,363	3	47	522,908	16,758	31	4.3
Total	3,614,798	28,779	3	47	829,206	29,478	28	4.4

^a In pounds.

b Deadloss included.

^c Number of legal crab per pot lift.

d Retained catch.

^e Combination of statistical areas (16) in which landings were made by fewer than three vessels.

Table 26.—Eastern Aleutian Islands golden king crab cost-recovery harvest data and charter length, 2013–2021.

				Num	ber of		Av	erage	Charter Length	
Season	Harvest ^{a,b}	Deadlossa	Vessels	Landings	Crab ^b	Pots lifted	CPUEc	Weight ^{a,d}	Dates	Days
2013	106,978	1,344	1	1	21,142	701	30	5.1	09/09-09/17	9
2014	119,005	894	1	1	25,590	596	43	4.7	09/07-09/17	11
2015	202,169	3,756	1	1	45,740	895	51	4.4	09/08-09/17	10
2016	172,367	3,448	1	1	40,651	1,069	38	4.2	08/28-09/07	11
2017	156,244	3,339	1	1	34,490	899	38	4.5	09/05-09/16	12
2018	180,137	5,312	1	1	44,152	1,072	41	4.1	09/04-09/14	11
2019	168,245	2,682	1	1	38,588	1,323	29	4.4	08/28-09/07	11
2020	170,863	1,904	1	2	38,833	1,239	31	4.4	09/06-09/08, 09/10-09/20	14
2021	146,884	685	2	3	34,063	1,470	23	4.3	07/21-08/04	15

^a In pounds.

b Deadloss included.

^c Number of legal crab per pot lift.

d Retained catch.

Table 27.-Eastern Aleutian District Tanner crab commercial fishery harvest data, 1973/74-2021.

						Nur	nber of		Av	erage
Season	Location	GHL ^{a,b}	Harvest ^{a,c}	Deadlossa	Vessels	Landings	Crab ^c	Pots lifted	CPUE ^d	Weight ^{a,e}
1973/74	_	_	498,836	ND	6	14	210,539	ND	60	2.4
1974/75	_	_	CF	CF	2	2	CF	CF	CF	CF
1975/76	_	_	534,295	ND	8	13	219,166	4646	47	2.4
1976/77	_	_	1,239,569	ND	12	35	544,755	9640	57	2.3
1977/78	_	_	2,494,631	ND	15	198	1,104,631	29855	37	2.3
1978/79	-	_	1,280,115	ND	20	174	542,081	18618	29	2.4
1979/80	-	_	886,487	ND	18	107	352,819	18040	20	2.5
1981	_	_	654,514	ND	29	119	264,238	21771	12	2.5
1982	_	_	739,694	ND	31	138	332,260	30109	11	2.2
1983	_	_	547,830	ND	23	107	250,774	22168	11	2.2
1984	-	_	239,585	ND	16	91	104,761	11069	9	2.3
1985	-	_	181,407	60	7	56	78,930	6295	13	2.3
1986	-	_	167,339	400	8	37	73,187	10244	7	2.3
1987	-	_	162,097	115	8	65	72,098	5915	12	2.2
1988	_	_	309,918	2,000	20	130	129,478	11011	12	2.4
1989	-	_	326,196	2,300	12	108	144,593	14615	10	2.3
1990	_	_	155,648	0	10	75	68,859	6858	10	2.3
1991	_	_	50,038	0	5	27	21,511	1849	12	2.3
1992	_	_	98,703	0	4	29	42,096	2963	14	2.3
1993	_	_	118,609	0	7	34	51,441	3530	15	2.3
1994	_	_	166,080	40	8	119	71,760	6303	11	2.3
1995-2002				No Co	mmercial Fi	shery				
$2003^{\rm f}$			15,138	9	3	10	6,695	191	35	2.3

Table 27.—Page 2 of 3.

						Num	ber of		Average		
Season	Location	$GHL^{a,b}$	Harvest ^{a,c}	Deadlossa	Vessels	Landings	Crab ^c	Pots lifted	CPUE ^d	Weight ^{a,e}	
2004	Unalaska Bay	47,219	CF	CF	10	48	CF	CF	CF	CF	
	Makushin/Skan Bay	87,891	CF	CF	6	13	CF	CF	CF	CF	
	TOTAL	135,110	CF	CF	14 ^g	61	CF	CF	CF	CF	
2005	Unalaska Bay	35,304	34,022	0	25	79	14,249	696	20	2.4	
2006	Makushin/Skan Bay	87,241	CF	CF	10	32	CF	CF	CF	CF	
2007	Akutan Bay	35,000	CF	CF	3	7	CF	CF	CF	CF	
	Unalaska Bay	49,000	CF	CF	12	41	CF	CF	CF	CF	
	TOTAL	84,000	CF	CF	13 ^g	47	CF	CF	CF	CF	
2008	Unalaska Bay	60,000	CF	CF	11	48	CF	CF	CF	CF	
2009	Akutan Bay	35,000	CF	CF	1	2	CF	CF	CF	CF	
	Makushin/Skan Bay	35,000	CF	CF	1	3	CF	CF	CF	CF	
	Unalaska Bay	58,000	CF	CF	10	83	CF	CF	CF	CF	
	TOTAL	128,000	CF	CF	11 ^g	88	CF	CF	CF	CF	
2010	Akutan Bay	45,000	CF	CF	3	3	CF	CF	CF	CF	
	Unalaska Bay	74,000	CF	CF	7	63	CF	CF	CF	CF	
	TOTAL	119,000	CF	CF	8 ^g	66	CF	CF	CF	CF	
2011	Akutan Bay	35,000	CF	CF	2	3	CF	CF	CF	CF	
	Makushin/Skan Bay	35,000	CF	CF	3	4	CF	CF	CF	CF	
	TOTAL	70,000	CF	CF	3^{g}	7	CF	CF	CF	CF	
2012	Makushin/Skan Bay	35,000	CF	CF	1	6	CF	CF	CF	CF	
2013	Unalaska Bay	35,000	CF	CF	6	28	CF	CF	CF	CF	
2014				No com	mercial fishe	ry					
2015	Makushin/Skan Bay	35,000	CF	CF	1	5	CF	CF	CF	CF	

Table 27.—Page 3 of 3.

					Number of			Average		
Season	Location	GHL ^{a,b}	Harvest ^{a,c}	Deadlossa	Vessels	Landings	Crab ^c	Pots lifted	CPUE ^d	Weight ^{a,e}
2016	Makushin/Skan Bay	35,000	CF	CF	1	4	CF	CF	CF	CF
2017		No commercial fishery								
2018	Makushin/Skan Bay	35,000	CF	CF	2	8	CF	CF	CF	CF
2019–2021 ^h	2019–2021 ^h No commercial fishery									

Note: En dashes indicate harvest limits and fishery management sections were not established for this fishery prior to 2004; CF indicates confidential data; ND indicates these data were not collected or cannot be derived.

- ^a In pounds.
- ^b Guideline harvest level (GHL).
- ^c Deadloss included beginning 1980.
- d Number of legal crab per pot lift.
- e Retained catch.
- ^f January/February survey (fish ticket harvest code 15, exploratory shellfish harvest).
- ^g Vessel(s) participated in multiple sections.
- h There was no survey for EAD Tanner in 2020 due to a global pandemic. By current regulations, without annual survey data, the subsequent year's fishery cannot open.

Table 28.–Eastern Aleutian District Tanner crab commercial fishery value and season dates, 1973/74–2021.

		Valı	ue	Seas	on length	
Season	Location	Exvessela	Total	Opened	Closed	Days
1973/74	_	ND	ND	10/01/73	07/31/74	304
1974/75	_	CF	CF	01/18/74	10/15/75	636
1975/76	_	\$0.20	\$106,859	01/20/75	10/15/76	635
1976/77	_	\$0.30	\$371,871	11/07/76	06/15/77	221
1977/78	_	\$0.38	\$947,960	11/01/77	06/15/78	227
1978/79	_	\$0.52	\$665,660	11/01/78	06/15/79	227
1979/80	_	\$0.52	\$460,973	11/01/79	06/15/80	228
1981	_	\$0.58	\$379,618	01/15/81	06/15/81	152
1982	_	\$1.25	\$924,618	02/15/82	06/15/82	121
1983	_	\$1.20	\$657,396	02/15/83	06/15/83	121
1984	_	\$0.98	\$234,793	02/15/84	06/15/84	122
1985	_	\$0.96	\$174,093	01/15/85	06/15/85	152
1986	_	\$1.66	\$277,119	01/15/86	06/15/86	152
1987	_	\$2.03	\$328,823	01/15/87	06/15/87	152
1988	_	\$2.18	\$671,261	01/15/88	04/10/88	87
1989	_	\$2.72	\$880,997	01/15/89	05/07/89	113
1990	_	\$1.97	\$306,627	01/15/90	04/09/90	85
1991	_	\$1.25	\$62,548	01/15/91	03/31/91	76
1992	_	\$2.07	\$204,315	01/15/92	03/31/92	77
1993	_	\$1.70	\$201,635	01/15/93	03/31/93	76
1994	_	\$2.11	\$350,344	01/15/94	03/31/94	76
1995–2003		No co	mmercial fishery			
2004	Unalaska Bay	CF	CF	01/15/04	01/19/04	5
	Makushin/Skan Bay	CF	CF	01/15/04	02/03/04	20
2005	Unalaska Bay	\$2.58	\$87,777	01/15/05	01/18/05	4
2006	Makushin/Skan Bay	CF	CF	01/15/06	01/21/06	7
2007	Akutan Bay	CF	CF	01/15/07	03/31/07	76
	Unalaska Bay	CF	CF	01/15/07	01/19/07	5
2008	Unalaska Bay	CF	CF	01/15/08	01/29/08	15
2009	Akutan Bay	CF	CF	01/15/09	03/31/09	76
	Makushin/Skan Bay	CF	CF	01/15/09	03/31/09	76
	Unalaska Bay	CF	CF	01/15/09	02/11/09	28
2010	Akutan Bay	CF	CF	01/15/10	03/31/10	76
	Unalaska Bay	CF	CF	01/15/10	02/10/10	27

Table 28.–Page 2 of 2.

		Value	<u> </u>	Season length						
Season Location		Exvessela	Total	Opened	Closed	Days				
2011	Akutan Bay	CF	CF CF		03/31/11	76				
	Makushin/Skan Bay	CF	CF	01/15/11	03/18/11	63				
2012	Makushin/Skan Bay	CF	CF	01/15/12	02/10/12	27				
2013	Unalaska Bay	CF	CF CF		01/26/13	12				
2014		No cor	nmercial fishery							
2015	Makushin/Skan Bay	CF	CF	01/15/15	02/13/15	30				
2016	Makushin/Skan Bay	CF	CF	01/15/16	02/21/16	38				
2017		No commercial fishery								
2018	Makushin/Skan Bay	CF	CF	01/15/18	03/31/18	76				
2019–2021 ^b	•	No commercial fishery								

Note: En dashes indicate fishery management sections were not established for this fishery prior to 2004; CF indicates confidential data; ND indicates these data were not collected or cannot be derived.

^a Average price per pound.

b There was no survey for EAD Tanner in 2020 due to a global pandemic. By current regulations, without annual survey data, the subsequent year's fishery cannot open.

Table 29.–Subsistence king and Tanner crab harvest from the Eastern Aleutian Islands, west of Scotch Cap Light and east of 168°W long, 1999–2021.

_		Permits ^a		Harvest ^a			
Year	Number issued	Number returned	Percent returned	King crab reported	Tanner crab reported		
1999	179	80	45%	787	1,432		
2000	193	137	71%	523	916		
2001	200	153	77%	1,149	1,703		
2002	231	179	77%	1,080	2,451		
2003	229	160	70%	387	4,600		
2004	225	144	64%	225	4,714		
2005	241	182	76%	866	5,447		
2006	256	185	72%	1,796	1,439		
2007	203	122	60%	1,359	1,542		
2008	94	64	68%	168	174		
2009	72	51	71%	175	610		
2010	72	39	54%	46	447		
2011	30	20	67%	23	316		
2012	44	36	82%	76	592		
2013	161	102	63%	537	1,845		
2014	186	100	54%	203	1,541		
2015	180	106	59%	73	1,287		
2016	188	111	59%	100	2,214		
2017	152	94	62%	25	1,248		
2018	131	100	76%	18	649		
2019	140	79	56%	32	428		
2020	155	70	45%	14	92		
2021	153	67	44%	0	148		
1999–2021 Average	162	104	64%	420	1,558		

^a Includes permits issued for both shellfish and salmon prior to 2008.

^b Reported harvest, in number of crab, from waters surrounding Unalaska Island.

Table 30.—Aleutian District Dungeness crab commercial fishery data, 1974–2021.

				Nun	nber of		A	verage	Value	
Season	Harvest ^{a,b}	Deadlossa	Vessels	Landings	Crab ^b	Pots lifted	CPUEc	Weight ^{a,d}	Exvessele	Total
1974	60,517	ND	3	13	24,459	3,399	7	2.5	ND	ND
1975	CF	CF	1	3	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF
1976–1977				1	No commerc	cial fishing effor	t			
1978	CF	CF	2	9	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF
1979	CF	CF	1	4	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF
1980-1981/82				1	No commerc	cial fishing effor	t			
1982/83	CF	CF	2	9	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF
1983/84	CF	CF	2	14	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF
1984/85	91,739	ND	4	50	40,128	13,555	3	2.3	\$1.33	\$122,013
1985/86	17,830	0	4	19	8,590	1,706	5	2.1	ND	ND
1986/87	CF	CF	2	9	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF
1987/88	26,627	0	6	43	13,247	2,987	4	2	\$0.95	\$25,296
1988/89	22,915	4	6	45	10,956	2,599	4	2.1	\$0.81	\$18,558
1989/90	11,124	0	4	31	5,165	2,078	2	2.2	\$0.91	\$10,123
1990/91	17,482	117	3	11	8,379	1,345	6	2.1	\$1.20	\$20,838
1991/92	7,412	0	4	14	3,654	732	5	2	\$1.25	\$9,265
1992/93	5,649	0	4	13	2,854	555	5	2	\$0.83	\$4,689
1993/94	7,531	10	5	12	3,448	797	4	2.2	\$0.78	\$5,866
1994/95				1	No commerc	cial fishing effor	t			
1995/96	CF	CF	2	2	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF
1996/97				1	No commerc	cial fishing effor	t			
1997/98	CF	CF	2	4	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF
1998/99-2000/01				1	No commerc	cial fishing effor	t			

Table 30.—Page 2 of 2.

				Number of			A	verage	Value			
Season	Harvest ^{a,b}	Deadlossa	Vessels	Landings	Crab ^b	Pots lifted	CPUEc	Weight ^{a,d}	Exvessele	Total		
2001/02	CF	CF	1	1	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF		
2002/03	CF	CF	1	1	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF		
2003/04-2004/05				No commercial fishing effort								
2005/06	CF	CF	1	1	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF		
2006/07-2014				N	o commer	cial fishing effo	rt					
2015	CF	CF	1^{f}	1	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF		
2016–2021				No commercial fishing effort								

Note: CF indicates confidential data; ND indicates these data were not collected or cannot be derived.

^a In pounds.

b Deadloss included.

^c Number of legal crab per pot lift.

d Retained catch.

^e Average price per pound.

f Harvested from a dock.

Table 31.—Dutch Harbor (Area O) weathervane scallop commercial fishery harvest data, 1982–2021/22.

			N	umber of	Meat weight	
Season	$GHL^{a,b}$	Harvesta	Vessels	Dredge hours	CPUE ^c	
1982	-	62,105	5	ND	ND	
1983	-		No comm	ercial fishing effort		
1984	_		No comm	ercial fishing effort		
1985	-	547,164	2	ND	ND	
1986	-	406,642	5	ND	ND	
1987	-	CF	2	CF	CF	
1988	-	CF	1	CF	CF	
1989	-	CF	1	CF	CF	
1990	-	CF	1	CF	CF	
1991	-	CF	1	CF	CF	
1992	-	CF	1	CF	CF	
1993/94	170,000	39,346	3	ND	ND	
1994/95	170,000	1,931	3	81	24	
1995/96	170,000	26,950	1	1,047	26	
1996/97	170,000		No comm			
1997/98	170,000	5,790	1	160	36	
1998/99	110,000	46,432	4	941	49	
1999/00	110,000	6,465	1	278	23	
2000/01-2001/02			No comme	ercial fishery		
2002/03	10,000	6,000	1	184	33	
2003/04-2007/08			No comme	ercial fishery		
2008/09	10,000	10,040	1	225	45	
2009/10	10,000	6,080	1	104	58	
2010/11	10,000	5,640	1	83	68	
2011/12	10,000	5,570	1	77	72	
2012/13	5,000	5,100	1	64	80	
2013/14	5,000	5,225	1	56	93	
2014/15	5,000	5,160	1	73	71	
2015/16	10,000	5,040	1	157	32	
2016/17	10,000	5,050	1	104	49	
2017/18	10,000	285	1	24	12	
2018/19	5,000	325	1	24	14	
2019/20	5,000	2,625	1	130	20	
2020/21	5,000		No comm	ercial fishing effort		
2021/22	10,000		No comm	ercial fishing effort		

Note: En dashes indicate harvest limits were not established for this fishery prior to 1993/94; CF indicates confidential data; ND indicates these data were not collected or cannot be derived.

^a In pounds of shucked scallop meat.

^b Guideline harvest level (GHL) began in 1993/94.

^c Pounds of shucked scallop meat per dredge hour.

Table 32.-Aleutian Islands commercial octopus incidental harvest in groundfish fisheries, 1996-2021.

		State water	rs		State an	d federal wat	ers	
			Whole			Whole	At-sea	Exvessel
Season	Vessels	Landings	poundsa	Vessels	Landings	poundsa	discards	value ^b
1996°	26	87	36,292	68	281	97,085	29,925	\$0.39
1997	19	44	22,431	61	235	98,497	22,880	\$0.33
1998°	16	44	18,375	46	195	54,979	22,554	\$0.05
1999	32	76	87,420	60	268	152,075	36,292	\$0.32
2000	24	37	5,911	69	286	71,957	49,832	\$0.17
2001	19	47	7,120	69	254	99,521	67,936	\$0.02
2002	12	21	3,063	56	199	96,586	68,752	\$0.02
2003	27	89	102,104	69	329	288,020	27,011	\$0.55
2004°	38	135	151,205	76	459	998,731	97,750	\$0.62
2005°	22	82	57,552	53	336	439,500	37,163	\$0.50
2006	33	114	133,182	64	346	454,847	92,777	\$0.46
2007	31	96	46,346	70	295	102,291	13,895	\$0.39
2008°	26	45	35,480	56	151	142,938	24,713	\$0.40
2009	13	21	8,782	41	91	28,038	5,192	\$0.23
2010	21	48	42,376	54	184	168,964	96,533	\$0.20
2011	13	17	8,187	53	204	209,636	181,825	\$0.23
2012	18	58	14,917	57	182	76,141	38,129	\$0.12
2013	20	129	50,309	50	202	116,103	16,671	\$0.01
2014	16	136	65,637	56	293	212,019	48,664	\$0.26
2015	17	84	41,258	69	288	168,133	36,229	\$0.26
2016	21	89	36,128	93	386	158,482	36,900	\$0.18
2017	15	124	114,445	86	350	171,380	27,350	\$0.03
2018 ^c	28	165	185,615	93	395	494,093	30,617	\$0.51
2019	33	194	167,465	85	376	283,128	43,505	\$0.50
2020	44	253	228,716	105	465	334,728	38,744	\$0.37
2021	22	79	14,997	45	141	50,652	12,003	\$0.18

a Includes discards.

^b Average price per pound, based on landed weight.

^c Includes directed octopus harvest from Commissioner's permit fishery.

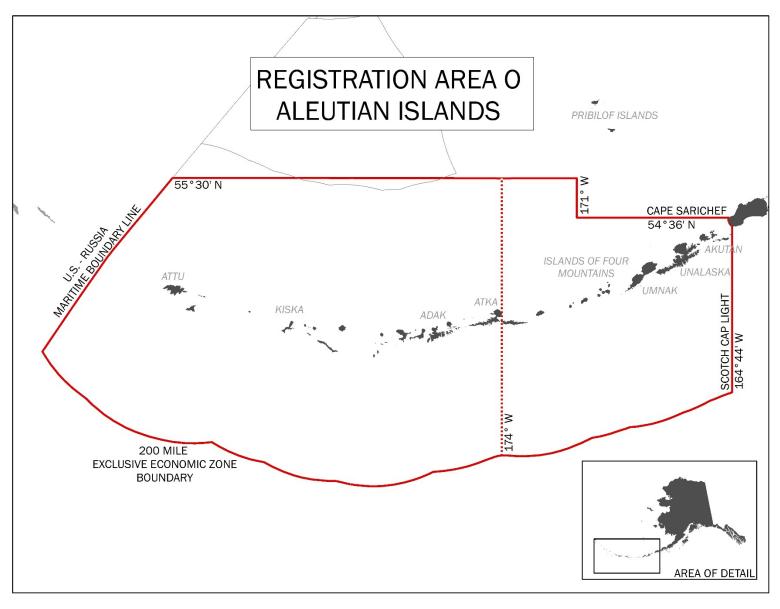


Figure 11.-Aleutian Islands king crab commercial fishery Registration Area O.

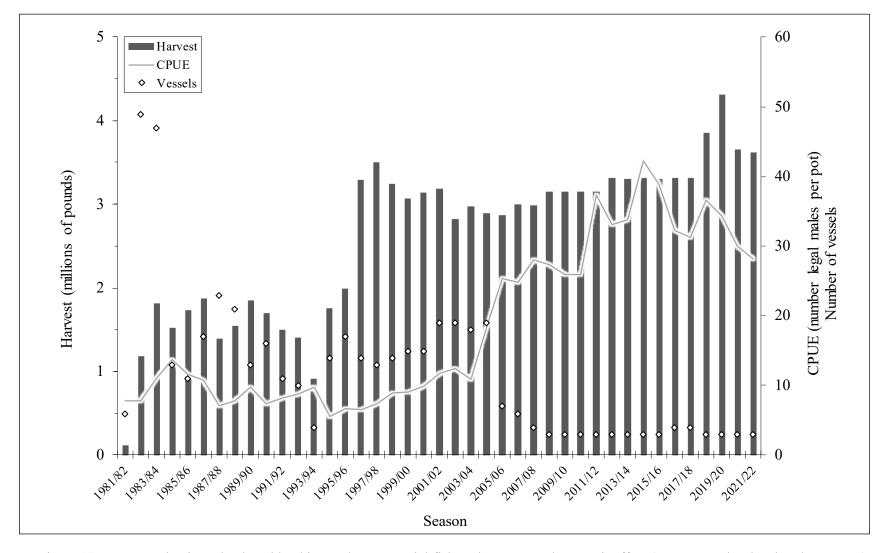


Figure 12.—Eastern Aleutian Islands golden king crab commercial fishery harvest, catch per unit effort (CPUE; number legal males per pot), and number of vessels, 1981/82–2021/22.

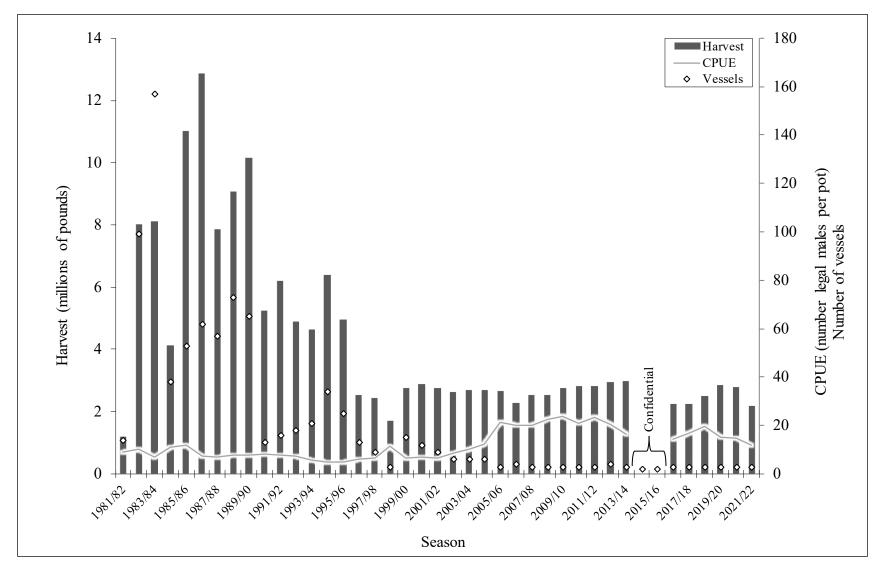


Figure 13.—Western Aleutian Islands golden king crab commercial fishery harvest, catch per unit effort (CPUE; number legal males per pot), and number of vessels, 1981/82–2021/22.

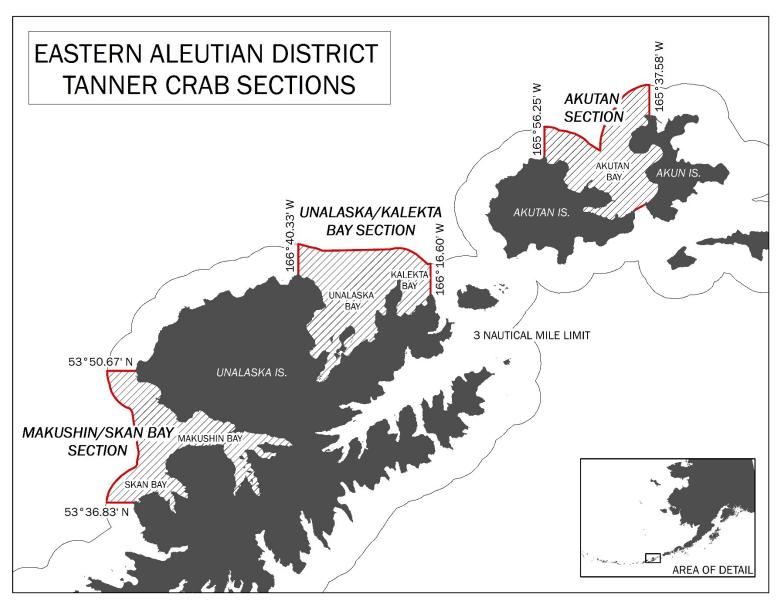


Figure 14.-Eastern Aleutian District Tanner crab sections of Registration Area J.

SECTION III: BERING SEA/ALEUTIAN ISLANDS COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT QUOTE AND ADAK COMMUNICTY ALLOCATION SHELLFISH FISHERIES

DESCRIPTION OF AREA

Bering Sea Community Development Quota (CDQ) crab fisheries occur within the state waters of Alaska (0–3 nmi) and the Exclusive Economic Zone (EEZ; 3–200 nmi) north of Cape Sarichef (54°36′N lat), south of Cape Prince of Wales (65°49′N lat), and east of the U.S.–Russia Maritime Boundary Line, including waters of Bristol Bay. For CDQ crab fisheries, managed by the ADF&G Dutch Harbor office, Cape Romanzof (61°49′N lat) is the northern boundary (Figures 1, 3, and 5).

Aleutian Islands CDQ and Adak Community Allocation (ACA) crab fisheries encompass state waters of Alaska (0–3 nmi) and waters of the EEZ (3–200 nmi). The CDQ crab fisheries eastern boundary is the longitude of Scotch Cap Light (164°44′W long); the northern boundary is from Cape Sarichef (54°36′N lat) to 171°W long, then north to 55°30′N lat; and the western boundary is the U.S.–Russia Maritime Boundary Agreement Line. The ACA fishery occurs west of 174°W long (Figure 11).

PROGRAM BACKGROUND

The Alaska Board of Fisheries (BOF) adopted regulations for BSAI king and Tanner crab CDQ fisheries in 1997, and the first CDQ crab fisheries took place in 1998. With the implementation of crab rationalization in 2005, the BOF adopted regulations to implement changes to the CDQ management program (5 AAC 39.690), including the addition of Aleutian Islands crab fisheries to the CDQ crab program. ADF&G manages the CDQ crab fisheries with federal oversight.

Sixty-five western Alaska coastal communities aligned into 6 CDQ organizations, collectively referred to as CDQ groups. The groups are as follows: Aleutian Pribilof Island Community Development Association (APICDA), Bristol Bay Economic Development Corporation (BBEDC), Central Bering Sea Fishermen's Association (CBSFA), Coastal Villages Region Fund (CVRF), Norton Sound Economic Development Corporation (NSEDC), and Yukon Delta Fisheries Development Association (YDFDA).

CDQ groups are nonprofit entities, which may have for-profit subsidiaries. Uses of CDQ funds vary widely between groups but often include fishing-related investments, scholarships, training, employment services, and other projects that are intended to benefit the communities and regions the CDQ groups represent. Some groups purchase equity in fishing vessels that harvest crab in both CDQ and individual fishing quota (IFQ) fisheries.

Each of the 6 CDQ groups participates in at least 1 CDQ fishery every year, although each group does not necessarily have an allocation for each fishery (Table 33). Groups may choose not to participate or transfer their allocation to another group. This report addresses all CDQ crab fisheries histories and allocations except the Norton Sound CDQ red king crab fishery, which is managed by ADF&G's Arctic-Yukon-Kuskokwim Region.

In conjunction with the changes to the CDQ program during crab rationalization, the BOF adopted regulations for an ACA Western Aleutian Islands golden king crab fishery. The program was established to benefit the community of Adak, who formed the Adak Community Development Corporation (ACDC). ACDC is a nonprofit entity that represents the community of Adak and has a board of directors elected by the residents of Adak. The ACA crab allocation is not a CDQ fishery because Adak is not a CDQ community. ACDC must submit a comprehensive plan to the Alaska Department of Commerce, Community, and Economic Development on the intended use of the ACA funds derived from harvesting the ACA golden king crab. The funds are intended for fisheries-related purposes and other projects to benefit the community of Adak.

The ACA is set at 10% of the TAC of the Western Aleutian Islands (west of 174°W long) golden king crab fishery. This fishery opened for the first time in August 2005.

CURRENT FISHERY

CDQ groups are required to submit preseason fishery plans to ADF&G prior to each CDQ crab fishery. Fishery plans include information such as participating vessels and their contact information, intended delivery locations, and the group's allocation including quota transfers to other CDQ entities. Almost all CDQ harvest is taken concurrently with IFQ harvest. Vessels use the same gear to harvest IFQ and CDQ crab.

TABLES: SECTION III

Table 33.—Community Development Quota (CDQ) and Adak Community Allocation (ACA) program percent allocation by fishery to each group.

	Percent allocation by group ^a								
Fishery	APICDA	BBEDC	CBSFA	CVRF	NSEDC	YDFDA	ACDC		
Bristol Bay red king crab	17	19	10	18	18	18	0		
Pribilof red and blue king crab	0	0	100	0	0	0	0		
St. Matthew blue king crab	50	12	0	12	14	12	0		
Norton Sound red king crab	0	0	0	0	50	50	0		
Eastern Bering Sea Tanner crab	10	19	19	17	18	17	0		
Western Bering Sea Tanner crab	10	19	19	17	18	17	0		
Bering Sea snow crab	8	20	20	17	18	17	0		
Aleutian Islands red king crab (west of 179°W long) ^b	8	18	21	18	21	14	0		
Eastern Aleutian Islands golden king crab (east of 174°W long) ^b	8	18	21	18	21	14	0		
Western Aleutian Islands golden king crab (west of 174°W long)	0	0	0	0	0	0	100		

^a APICDA (Aleutian Pribilof Island Community Development Association).

BBEDC (Bristol Bay Economic Development Corporation).

CBSFA (Central Bering Sea Fishermen's Association).

CVRF (Coastal Villages Region Fund).

NSEDC (Norton Sound Economic Development Corporation).

YDFDA (Yukon Delta Fisheries Development Association).

ACDC (Adak Community Development Corporation).

b Aleutian Islands red king crab west of 179°W long and Eastern Aleutian Islands golden king crab east of 174°W long were not part of the CDQ program until the initiation of crab rationalization in the 2005/06 season.