Mr. Jensen,

The following amendments to 5 AAC 21.359 Kenai River Late-Run King Salmon Management plan are intended to give the Commercial Fisheries Division slightly better tools to manage the ESSN sockeye harvest based on abundance while still being sensitive to maximum sustained yield returns of late-run Kenai River King salmon.

Its primary intent,
1) Is to de-couple paired restrictions and provided for predictable fishing and processing opportunity for the ESSN. In addition, based on the tiered management schema of the Kenai River Sockeye Management Plan,

2) It seeks to give the Commercial Fisheries Division step-up flexibility by Emergency Order to provide an interval of fishing time between Mondays and Fridays.

3) It preserves language from the last Board of Fisheries cycle that gives the department authority regarding setnet gillnet restrictions.

4) It removes incentive for the Sports Fish Division to manage inriver fishing so as to exceed the upper bound of the sustainable escapement goal.

5) It simplifies the code, fishes to the goal.

5 AAC 21.359. Kenai River Late-Run King Salmon Management Plan
(a) The purposes of this management plan are to ensure an adequate escapement of late-run king salmon into the Kenai River system and to provide management guidelines to the department. The department shall manage the late-run Kenai River king salmon stocks primarily for sport and guided sport uses in order to provide the sport and guided sport fishermen with a reasonable opportunity to harvest these salmon resources over the entire run, as measured by the frequency or inriver restrictions.

(b) The department shall manage the late run of Kenai River king salmon to achieve a sustainable escapement goal of [15,000] \[XX,XXX\] - [30,000] \[XX,XXX\] king salmon as described in this section.

(C) In the sport fishery,

(1) If the sustainable escapement goal is projected to be exceeded, the commissioner may, by emergency order, extend the sport
fishing season up to seven days during the first week of August;
(2) from July 1 through July 31, a person may not use more
than one single hook in the Kenai River downstream from an ADF&G
regulatory marker located at the outlet of Skilak Lake;
(3) that portion of the Kenai River downstream from an ADF&G
regulatory marker located at the outlet of Skilak Lake is open to unguided
sport fishing from a nonmotorized vessel on Mondays in July; for purposes of
this paragraph, a nonmotorized vessel is one that does not have a motor on
board.

(d) If the projected late-run king salmon escapement is less than
minimum escapement goal [15,000] king salmon, the department shall
(1) close the sport fisheries in the Kenai River and in the salt
waters of Cook Inlet north of the latitude of Bluff Point to the taking of king
salmon;
(2) close the commercial drift gillnet fishery in the Central
District within one mile of the Kenai Peninsula shoreline north of the Kenai
River and within one and one-half miles of the Kenai Peninsula shoreline
south of the Kenai River as appropriate under the Kenai River Late-Run
Sockeye Salmon Management Plan (5 AAC 21.360); and
(3) close the commercial set gillnet fishery in the Upper
Subdistrict of the Central District.

(e) From July 1 through July 31, if the projected inriver run of late-run
king salmon is [less than 22,500] fish in order] more than the amount
needed to achieve the sustainable escapement goal and provide reasonable
harvest opportunity, the commissioner may, by emergency order, establish
fishing seasons as follows:
(1) in the Kenai River sport fishery,
(A) the use of bait is prohibited; or
(B) the use of bait and retention of king salmon are
prohibited, and only one unbaited, barbless, single-hook, artificial lure, as
described in 5 AAC 57.121(1)(J), may be used when sport fishing for king
salmon;
(2) in the Kenai River personal use fishery, if the use of bait is
prohibited in the Kenai River sport fishery under (1) of this subsection, the
retention of king salmon is prohibited in the personal use fishery[.]

(3) the commissioner may choose the following additional
measures to restrict the Upper Subdistrict set gillnet commercial [sockeye]
fishery[.], notwithstanding the provisions of 5 AAC 21.360(c)(1)(B), (2)(B),
and (3)(B), based on the abundance of sockeye salmon returning to the
Kenai and Kasilof Rivers,
(A) Under runs less than 2,300,000 sockeyes, weekly regular periods and 24 hours by Emergency Order.
(B) Under runs between 2,300,000 to 4,600,000, weekly regular periods and 36 hours by Emergency Order.
(C) Under runs greater than 4,600,000, weekly regular periods and 48 hours by Emergency Order.

[IF THE USE OF BAIT IS PROHIBITED IN THE KENAI RIVER SPORT FISHERY UNDER (l)(A) OF THIS SUBSECTION, COMMERCIAL FISHING PERIODS ARE OPEN FOR NO MORE THAN 36 HOURS PER WEEK, WITH A 36-HOUR CONTINUOUS CLOSURE PER WEEK BEGINNING BETWEEN 7:00 P.M. THURSDAY AND 7:00 A.M. FRIDAY, DURING WHICH THE NUMBER OF SET GILLNETS OPERATED MAY ALSO BE RESTRICTED TO EITHER
(I) THREE SET GILLNETS THAT ARE EACH NOT MORE THAN 35 FATHOMS IN LENGTH AND 29 MESHES IN DEPTH OR TWO SET GILLNETS THAT ARE EACH NOT MORE THAN 35 FATHOMS IN LENGTH AND 45 MESHES IN DEPTH; SET GILLNETS USED THAT ARE NOT MORE THAN 29 MESHES IN DEPTH MUST BE IDENTIFIED AT THE END OF THE GILLNET WITH AN ATTACHED BLUE BUOY THAT IS NOT LESS THAN NINE AND ONE-HALF INCHES IN DIAMETER; OR
(II) TWO SET GILLNETS THAT ARE EACH NOT MORE THAN 35 FATHOMS IN LENGTH AND 29 MESHES IN DEPTH OR ONE SET GILLNET THAT IS NOT MORE THAN 35 FATHOMS IN LENGTH AND 45 MESHES IN DEPTH; SET GILLNETS USED THAT ARE NOT MORE THAN 29 MESHES IN DEPTH MUST BE IDENTIFIED AT THE END OF THE GILLNET WITH AN ATTACHED BLUE BUOY THAT IS NOT LESS THAN NINE AND ONE-HALF INCHES IN DIAMETER;]

(B) IF THE USE OF BAIT AND THE RETENTION OF KING SALMON ARE PROHIBITED IN THE KENAI RIVER SPORT FISHERY UNDER (L)(B) OF THIS SUBSECTION, COMMERCIAL FISHING PERIODS ARE OPEN FOR NO MORE THAN 12 HOURS PER WEEK, WITH A 36-HOUR CONTINUOUS CLOSURE PER WEEK BEGINNING BETWEEN 7:00 P.M. THURSDAY AND 7:00 A.M. FRIDAY.

(f) From August 1 through August 15, if the projected escapement of king salmon into the Kenai River is at least the minimum escapement goal [16,500, but less than 22,500 fish], notwithstanding the provisions of 5 AAC 21.360(c)(1)(B), (2)(B), and (3)(B), in addition to regularly scheduled periods, the commissioner may open, by emergency order, the commercial set gillnet fishery in the Upper Subdistrict to no more than 24 [36] hours of addition fishing time per week by Emergency Order.

(g) Consistent with the purposes of this management plan and 5 AAC 21.360, if the projected inriver return of king salmon is less than [40]
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36,000 fish, the department may not reduce the closed waters at the mouth of the Kenai River described in 5 AAC 21.350(b).

(h) The provisions of this section do not apply to provisions of the Kasilof River Salmon Management Plan contained in 5 AAC 21.365(f) that pertain to the Kasilof Special Harvest Area.

(i) The department will, to the extent practicable, conduct habitat assessments on a schedule that conforms to the Board of Fisheries (board) triennial meeting cycle. If the assessments demonstrate a net loss of riparian habitat caused by noncommercial fishermen, the department is requested to report those findings to the board and submit proposals to the board for appropriate modification of this plan.

(j) The commissioner may depart from the provisions of the management plan under this section as provided in 5 AAC 21.363(e).