PROPOSAL 140 - 5 AAC 21.331. Gillnet specifications and operations. Allow a set gillnet to be up to 45 fathoms in length and a Commercial Fisheries Entry Commission limited entry permit holder to operate up to 135 fathoms of set gillnet gear when commercial fishing with set gillnets 29 meshes or less in depth, as follows:

5 AAC 21.3311 (d) (x)

A set gillnet that is no more that 29 meshes deep, can be up to 45 fathoms long. The total aggregate, for one set net permit, can be no more that 135 fathoms for these voluntarily fished nets.

What is the issue you would like the board to address and why? The issue here is how to minimize late-run Kenai River king salmon harvest, while maximizing sockeye salmon harvest in the commercial set net fishery, in the Upper Subdistrict

In the Kenai River late-Run Sockeye Salmon Management Plan (KRLRSSMP), (a) The department shall manage the Kenai River late-run sockeye salmon stocks primarily for commercial use. The department shall also manage the commercial fishery to minimize the harvest ...., late-run Kenai River king,....

Satisfying these two main objectives in the KRLRSSMP by the department, sometimes is very challenging, to say the least.

The 2013 KINTAMA study in Cook Inlet, indicated that king salmon swim at an average depth of 16 ft. Sockeye salmon swim at an average depth of 6 ft.

There are some setnetters in Cook Inlet who voluntarily fish 29 mesh deep gear. They do so to MINIMIZE king harvest, while still being economically viable catching sockeye. 29 mesh deep nets hang about 12 ft. deep at slack tide. A 45 mesh deep net hangs about 18 ft. at slack tide.

Many setnetters are very reluctant to change to shallow gear, for a variety of reasons. Setnetters by regulation should not be mandated to fish 29 mesh deep gear.

A very viable solution to persuade setnetters to VOLUNTARILY fish 29 mesh deep gear, would be to increase the length of those nets to 45 fathoms. At this length and depth of the nets, there would be still 17% less gear in the water, than the current regulation.

I believe a regulation like this in the KRLRSSMP would certainly meet the intent of 5 ACC 21.360 (a), to commercially harvest sockeye while helping minimizing king harvest.

PROPOSED BY: Gary L. Hollier  
******************************************************************************