ALASKA DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND GAME DIVISION OF COMMERCIAL FISHERIES NEWS RELEASE



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2014 PARALLEL GROUNDFISH FISHERIES MANAGEMENT FOR KODIAK, CHIGNIK, SOUTH ALASKA PENINSULA, AND BERING SEA-ALEUTIAN ISLANDS AREAS Emergency Order 4-GF-01-14

The Alaska Department of Fish and Game (ADF&G) has issued an emergency order authorizing parallel groundfish fisheries in state waters of the Kodiak, Chignik, South Alaska Peninsula, and Bering Sea-Aleutian Islands areas during 2014. The Chukchi-Beaufort Area will remain closed to groundfish fishing in 2014. Groundfish fisheries that are not actively managed by the State of Alaska will open as parallel fisheries utilizing fishing seasons, bycatch limits, area closures, and allowable gear types (sectors) from federal fishery management measures in adjacent waters of the Exclusive Economic Zone (EEZ).

Parallel groundfish fishery rules may be modified from those published in the federal register by subsequent emergency order to ensure resource conservation or management consistent with the interest of the economy and general well being of the State of Alaska. Fishermen should be aware of state regulatory exceptions to federal fishery rules, where state regulations apply to parallel fisheries rather than federal fishery regulation.

Federal sector allocations in the EEZ based on processing activity will not be recognized in parallel fisheries. Adjacent federal waters opened to a gear type, whether to both catcher-processor vessels and catcher vessels, or only one of those, will be considered open in state waters to both catcher vessels and catcher-processor vessels until closed to all vessels using the designated gear type.

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The State of Alaska has adopted Steller sea lion protection measures under authority of 5 AAC 28.087 *Management Measures in Parallel Groundfish Fisheries for Protection of Steller Sea Lions*. Waters of Alaska that are described in federal regulations implementing Steller sea lion protection measures as closed to fishing or closed to gear types are so closed to all vessels participating in parallel fisheries for walleye pollock, Atka mackerel or Pacific cod, regardless of whether the vessel does or does not have a federal fishing permit.

Except as noted below, federal regulations implementing Steller sea lion protection measures in parallel fisheries for walleye pollock, Atka mackerel and Pacific cod are located in 50 CFR 679.22 and in Tables 4, 5, 6 and 12 of 50 CFR 679 posted on the National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS) web site at http://www.alaskafisheries.noaa.gov/regs/default.htm or available from NMFS offices in Alaska. Fishermen participating in parallel fisheries for walleye pollock, Atka mackerel, and Pacific cod, except those using mechanical jigging machines or hand troll gear operators, are required to adhere to vessel monitoring system requirements.

In the Kodiak Area, the Steller sea lion haul out at Cape Barnabas shall be open to pot and mechanical jigging machine gear during the parallel Pacific cod fishery. In the South Alaska Peninsula Area, the Steller sea lion haul out at Caton Island shall be open to pot and mechanical jigging machine gear during the parallel Pacific cod fishery.

In the Aleutian Islands parallel Pacific cod fishery between 175° W long. to 178° W long. the State of Alaska has adopted federal regulations implementing Steller sea lion protection measures located in Table 5 to 50 CFR Part 679 (69 FR 75865, December 20, 2004) posted on the National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS) web site http://www.fakr.noaa.gov/frules/fr75865.pdf or available from NMFS offices in Alaska. Vessels in the parallel Pacific cod fishery operating between 175° W long. to 178° W long. are restricted to 60 feet or less for trawl, pot, mechanical jigging machine gear, and hand troll; however, vessels using longline gear may not exceed 58 feet overall length.

The State of Alaska has adopted, under 5 AAC 28.055 *Seabird Avoidance Measures in Groundfish Fisheries*, federal seabird avoidance regulations in 50 C.F.R. 679.24 (revised as of April 27, 2009). These regulations are applicable in state waters for longline vessels greater than 26 feet. The federal seabird avoidance regulations are posted on the NMFS web site at http://www.fakr.noaa.gov/protectedresources/seabirds/guide.htm

Commercial fishing gear is prohibited in waters of Alaska surrounded by federal essential fish habitat (EFH) areas. State waters are closed by 5 AAC 39.167 *Commercial Fishing Gear Prohibited in Waters of Alaska Surrounding Essential Fish Habitat Areas*. EFH areas are described in federal regulation 50 CFR 679.22, revised as of August 25, 2008, http://www.fakr.noaa.gov/frules/73fr43362.pdf

Participants in parallel groundfish fisheries that purchase or process raw groundfish should be aware of electronic reporting and recordkeeping requirements in 5 AAC 39.130 (h) that comply with federal electronic reporting and recordkeeping requirements in 50 CFR 679.5 (revised as of December 15, 2008).

The groundfish fisheries in 1–5 below are not managed under parallel regulations. Parallel rules are not adopted because these fisheries are actively managed by ADF&G.

- 1. The lingcod *Ophiodon elongates* fishery;
- 2. The black rockfish *Sebastes melanops* fishery in the Kodiak, Chignik, and South Alaska Peninsula areas, and state waters of the Bering Sea-Aleutian Islands Area;
- 3. The dark rockfish *Sebastes ciliatus* fishery in the Kodiak, Chignik, and South Alaska Peninsula areas, and the Bering Sea-Aleutian Islands Area;
- 4. The state-waters Pacific cod *Gadus macrocephalus* seasons in the Kodiak, Chignik, and South Alaska Peninsula areas, and the Aleutian Islands District and the Dutch Harbor Subdistrict of the Bering Sea–Aleutian Islands Area;
- 5. The state-waters sablefish Anoplopoma fimbria fishery.

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