ALASKA DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND GAME
DIVISION OF SPORT FISH
LAKE SURVEY SUMMARY

101-90-0 1

KeB5 upper LAKE Lunch Creek (2)

USGS. MAP REF. Ketchikan (B-5)(B-6) T ____ R ____ S ____ LAT. N. 55°29'31" ~~55°29'20"~~ LONG. W. 131°39'24" 131°40'0"

KeB6 Lower

LOC. Ketchikan Dist. Revillagigedo IS, head of Lunch Cr SURF. ELEV. 1550, 1250 resp

SURF. ACRES upper 7, lower 20 MAX. DEPTH est 75+ ft AVG. DEPTH est 40+ ft ACRE FT. 280 + 800

SHOAL AREA 3-5% WATER COLOR muskeg stain SECCHI READING ____

AQUATIC VEGETATION Some nuphar, Vallisneria, Ceratophyllum

FISH SPECIES: NATIVE upper barren; Lower - dolly Varden INTRODUCED probably promiscuous dolly Varden
rainbow upper lake 1967 ADFIG
grayling lower 1967 "

FISHING HISTORY none on record before planting
Meagre since - access too tough

INVERTEBRATES insects + larvae, some scuds, snails

INLETS upper lake to the lower; one major in top lake DISCHARGE Summer normal .5 cfs
Summer drys most of the tribs DISCHARGE ____ cfs
DISCHARGE ____ cfs

BARRIERS Steep grades + low flows

OUTLETS Lunch Creek upper to lower DISCHARGE Summer normal 2 cfs
Lower → out DISCHARGE " " 4 cfs

BARRIERS many impassable falls between lakes and upper Lunch Creek

SPAWNING AREAS adequate

WATERSHED TYPE mostly alpine and very steep DRAINAGE AREA 582 to lower lake spill ACRES

ACCESSIBILITY by foot 3 miles from Harriet Hunt lake Road or 4 miles up Lunch Cr. No Trail.
10 mi. from Ketchikan bearing 351° True

ACCESS STATUS Tongass National Forest

USE SITE none FACILITIES none

OTHER USE Scenic, deer hunting

POLLUTION none

REMARKS a pair of small lakes presumed to be barren by reason of their elevation and barrier falls. For the lower one - not so. Reasonably certain the western brook trout got over the barrier in a pail.

A sustaining population of rainbows has established in the upper lake, some have gone into the lower lake and no trace of the grayling

BY Robert T. Baade DATE 10/14/66 (edited 7/7/70 RTB)

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