Annual Report to the Alaska Board of Game on
Intensive Management for Caribou
with Wolf Predation Control
in the Northern Alaska Peninsula,
Game Management Units 9C and 9E,
Northern Alaska Peninsula Caribou Herd.

Prepared by the Division of Wildlife Conservation
February 2015
1) Description of IM Program\(^1\) and Department recommendation for reporting period

A) This report is an annual evaluation for a predation control program authorized by the Alaska Board of Game (Board) under 5 AAC 92.111\(^2\)

B) Month this report was submitted by the Department to the Board:
   - February \(X\) (annual report)   August ___ (interim annual update\(^3\))   Year 2015

C) Program name:
   - Northern Alaska Peninsula Predation Management Area
   - Subunits 9C and 9E
   - Northern Alaska Peninsula Caribou Herd.

D) Existing program does not have an associated Operational Plan, it does however have a detailed Intensive Management Plan in regulation (5 AAC 92.111).

E) Game Management Unit(s) fully or partly included in IM program area:   Subunits 9C and 9E.

F) IM objectives for caribou: population size 6,000 – 15,000   harvest 600 – 1,500.

G) Month and year the current predation control program was originally authorized by the Board:
   - March 2010

H) Predation control is currently active in this IM area.

I) If active, month and year the current predation control program began:

J) Indicate if an habitat management program funded by the Department or from other sources is currently active in this IM area (Y/N):   N.

K) Size of IM program area (square miles) and geographic description:
   - 19,461 square miles and includes all the mainland portions of subunits 9C and 9E.

L) Size and geographic description of area for assessing ungulate abundance:
   - 19,461 square miles including all the mainland portions of subunits 9C and 9E.

\(^1\) For purpose and context of this report format, see Intensive Management Protocol, section on Tools for Program Implementation and Assessment

\(^2\) [Regulatory numbers for existing IM programs formerly under 5AAC92.125 were divided into groups and given new numbers in October 2012 (see IM Plan template--Version 3, January 2013)]

\(^3\) The interim annual update may be limited only to sections that changed substantially since prior annual report [e.g., only Tables 3 and 6 in areas with a fall ungulate survey and only wolf control]
M) Size and geographic description of area for ungulate harvest reporting:
   19,461 square miles including all the mainland portions of Subunits 9C and 9E.

N) Size and geographic description of area for assessing predator abundance:
   5,384 square miles including portions of subunits 9C and 9E.

O) Size and geographic description of predation control area:
   10,347 square miles including all Alaska Peninsula drainages south of the south bank of the Naknek River and the southern boundary of Katmai National Park to a line from the southernmost head of Port Moller Bay to the head of American Bay (see Figure below).

P) Criteria for evaluating progress toward IM objectives:
   - Fall bull-to-cow ratio
   - Fall calf-to-cow ratio
   - Caribou abundance
   - Caribou harvest

Q) Criteria for success with this program:
   - The fall bull-to-cow ratio can be maintained at a minimum of 35 bulls:100 cows.
   - The population can grow at a sustained rate of 5% annually
   - Harvest objectives can be met

R) Department recommendation for IM program in this reporting period:
   The Department recommends continuation of the predation control program during RY2014 while monitoring the herd progress towards IM objectives (details provided in sections 6).
Figure 1. Northern Alaska Peninsula Wolf Control Area (O).
2) Prey data

Date(s) and method of most recent summer abundance assessment for the Northern Alaska Peninsula Caribou Herd (NAP):

October 28, 2014; Population size is extrapolated from the number of caribou and percent of collared caribou observed during the October composition survey.

Compared to IM area, was a similar trend and magnitude of difference in abundance observed in nearby non-treatment area(s) since program inception (Y/N) N/A and in the last year (Y/N) N/A? Describe comparison if necessary:

Not Applicable: This program was implemented in January, 2012 (RY2011). It is too early to determine trends in abundance that may have resulted from these activities.

Dates of most recent age and sex composition survey (if statistical variation available, describe method here and show result in Table 1):


Compared to IM area, was a similar composition trend and magnitude of difference in composition observed in nearby non-treatment area(s) since program inception (Y/N) N/A and in the last year (Y/N) N/A?

Not Applicable: This program was not implemented until January, 2012 (RY2011), and it is too early to determine trends or make comparisons.

Table 1. Caribou abundance, age and sex composition in assessment area (L) since program implementation in year 1 (not exclusively limited to inception of predation control) to reauthorization review in year 10 (2020) in the Northern Alaska Peninsula Predation Management Area. Regulatory year is 1 July to 30 June (e.g. RY 2010 is 1 July 2010 to 30 June 2011).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Period</th>
<th>RY</th>
<th>Abundance</th>
<th>Young</th>
<th>Males</th>
<th>Total n</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Year 0</td>
<td>2010</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>1,795</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Year 1</td>
<td>2011</td>
<td>2,500 – 3,000</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>26</td>
<td>2,395</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Year 2</td>
<td>2012</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>28</td>
<td>1,352</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Year 3</td>
<td>2013</td>
<td>2,400</td>
<td>21</td>
<td>31^</td>
<td>2,076</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Year 4</td>
<td>2014</td>
<td>2,700</td>
<td>34</td>
<td>40</td>
<td>2,295</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

^Model-based adjustment of bulls probably mis-categorized during survey by a new observer.

Describe trend in abundance or composition:

The fall bull:100 cow, calf:100 cow ratios and abundance have all increased from the low numbers observed in the mid-2000s. However, active wolf removal was not initiated until January, 2012 (RY11), so the increasing trend is not associated
with wolf control activities.

Table 2. Caribou harvest in assessment area (M). Methods for estimating unreported harvest are described in Survey and Inventory reports.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Period</th>
<th>RY</th>
<th>Reported</th>
<th>Estimated</th>
<th>Total</th>
<th>Other mortality</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Male</td>
<td>Female</td>
<td>Unreported</td>
<td>Illegal</td>
<td>harvest</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Year 0</td>
<td>2010</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Year 1</td>
<td>2011</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Year 2</td>
<td>2012</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Year 3</td>
<td>2013</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

a Mortuary, Ceremonial, and Cultural-Educational Harvest Permits.

Describe trend in harvest:
Caribou hunting has remained closed since RY2005. A small number of ceremonial and cultural-educational harvest permits were issued in RY2010–RY2014 after calf recruitment rates began improving.

Describe any other harvest related trend if appropriate:
Not Applicable: Hunting seasons have been closed since RY2005.

3) Predator data

Date(s) and method of most recent spring abundance assessment for wolves (if statistical variation available, describe method here and list in Table 2):
The wolf population is being evaluated through a cooperative wolf collaring study with USFWS.

Date(s) and method of most recent fall abundance assessment for wolves (if statistical variation available, describe method here and list in Table 2):
The wolf population is being evaluated through a cooperative wolf collaring study with USFWS.

Other research or evidence of trend or abundance status in wolves:
Wolf sightings remain common on the Alaska Peninsula.
Table 3. Wolf abundance objectives and removal in wolf assessment area (N) of the Northern Alaska Peninsula Predation Management Area. Removal objective is to annually remove 100% of the wolves in the wolf predation control area (O), so estimated or confirmed number remaining in the control area (O) by the May calving season each regulatory year is 0.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Period</th>
<th>RY</th>
<th>Harvest removal from area N</th>
<th>Dept. control removal from area O</th>
<th>Public control removal from area O</th>
<th>Total removala from area N</th>
<th>Spring abundance (variation) in area N</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Trap</td>
<td>Hunt</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Year 0</td>
<td>2010</td>
<td>29</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>32</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Year 1</td>
<td>2011</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>80</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>106</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Year 2</td>
<td>2012</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Year 3</td>
<td>2013</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>27</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0b</td>
<td>38</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

a Additional removal may be Defense of Life and Property, vehicle kill, etc.
b In RY2013 there was no public control removal from the area due to inconducive weather conditions.

4) Habitat data and nutritional condition of prey species

Where active habitat enhancement is occurring or was recommended in the Operational Plan, describe progress toward objectives:

Objective(s):
Not Applicable: There are no demonstrated methods to improve caribou habitat, and no reason to believe that habitat is limiting the caribou population.

Area treated and method: Not Applicable

Observation on treatment response: Not Applicable

Evidence of progress toward objective(s) (choose one: Apparent Statistical):
Not Applicable

Similar trend in nearby non-treatment areas? Not Applicable

Describe any substantial change in habitat not caused by active program (e.g., new wildland fires, flooding, insect mortality of vegetation, etc.): Not Applicable
Table 4. Nutritional indicators for caribou in assessment area (L) of the Northern Alaska Peninsula Predation Management Area.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Period</th>
<th>RY</th>
<th>Pregnancy Rate (Females ≥ 2 yrs old)</th>
<th>Male Calf Weights (kg)</th>
<th>Female Calf Weights (kg)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Year 0</td>
<td>2010</td>
<td>88%</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Year 1</td>
<td>2011</td>
<td>77%</td>
<td>8.4</td>
<td>8.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Year 2</td>
<td>2012</td>
<td>81%</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Year 3</td>
<td>2013</td>
<td>66%</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Where objectives on nutritional condition were listed in the Operational Plan, describe trend in condition indices since inception of (a) habitat enhancement or (b) enhanced harvest: Not Applicable

Evidence of trend (choose one: Apparent Statistical): Not Applicable

Similar trend in nearby non-treatment areas? Not Applicable

5) Costs specific to implementing Intensive Management

Table 5. Cost ($1000 = 1.0) of agency salary based on estimate of proportional time of field level staff and cost of operations for intensive management activities (e.g., predator control or habitat enhancement beyond normal Survey and Inventory work) performed by personnel in the Department or work by other state agencies (e.g., Division of Forestry) or contractors in the Northern Alaska Peninsula Predation Management Area. Fiscal year (FY) is also 1 July to 30 June but the year is one greater than the comparable RY (e.g, FY 2010 is 1 July 2009 to 30 June 2010).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Period</th>
<th>FY</th>
<th>Predation controla</th>
<th>Other IM activities</th>
<th>Total IM cost</th>
<th>Research costd</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Timeb</td>
<td>Costc</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Time</td>
<td>Cost</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Year 1</td>
<td>2012</td>
<td>0.0</td>
<td>0.0</td>
<td>22.0</td>
<td>0.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Year 2</td>
<td>2013</td>
<td>0.0</td>
<td>0.0</td>
<td>6.0</td>
<td>0.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Year 3</td>
<td>2014</td>
<td>0.0</td>
<td>0.0</td>
<td>6.0</td>
<td>0.0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

aState or private funds only.
bPerson-months (22 days per month)
cSalary plus operations
dSeparate from implementing IM program but beneficial for understanding of ecological or human response to management treatment (scientific approach that is not unique to IM).

6) Department recommendations\(^2\) for annual evaluation (1 February) following Year 3 for the Northern Alaska Peninsula Predation Management Area—skip in final year and go to section 7

\(^2\) Prior sections include primarily objective information from field surveys; Sections 6 and 7 involve professional judgment by area biologists to interpret the context of prior information for the species in the management area.
Has progress toward defined criteria been achieved?

There has been a steady, if slow increase in bull:cow and calf:cow ratios as well as overall caribou numbers since 2008. The bull:cow ratio has exceeded the management objective, 35 bulls:100 cows, since 2013. However, as the active wolf removal did not begin until January, 2012 (RY11) and has had minimal participation due to inconducive weather conditions, the increasing trend is not associated with wolf control activities.

Has achievement of success criteria occurred?

No, however this is only the third year of the program.

Recommendation for IM program (choose one): Continue Modify Suspend Terminate

Continue Same Day Airborne Wolf Control Program in control area (O)

7) Evaluation (1 February) for program renewal (following final Year 6 [RY2016]) and Department recommendations for Northern Alaska Peninsula Predation Management Area

Has progress toward defined criteria been achieved (describe)? ____________

Has achievement of success criteria occurred (describe)? ____________

Recommendation for IM program (choose one): Continue Modify Suspend Terminate

Rationale for recommendation on overall program: ____________________________

Other recommendations (if continuation is recommended, specific actions on individual practices): ____________________________