

**Annual Report to the Alaska Board of Game on  
Intensive Management for Moose  
with Wolf, Black Bear, and Brown Bear Predation  
Control  
in Game Management Unit 16**

**Prepared by the Division of Wildlife Conservation  
February 2015**



1) **Description of IM Program<sup>1</sup> and Department recommendation for reporting period**

A) **This report is an annual evaluation for a predation control program authorized by the Alaska Board of Game (Board) under 5 AAC 92.122**

B) **Month this report was submitted by the Department to the Board:**

February X (annual report) August    (interim annual update<sup>2</sup>) Year 2015

C) **Program name:**

- Unit 16 Predation Control Area
- Moose

D) **Existing program does have an associated Operational Plan, and a detailed Intensive Management Plan in regulation (5AAC 92.122).**

E) **Game Management Unit fully or partly included in IM program area:**  
Unit 16

F) **IM objectives for moose population size 6,500 – 7,500 harvest 310 –600**

G) **Month and year the current predation control program was originally authorized by the Board: March 2004. Indicate date(s) if renewed: May 2006, March 2011, and March 2013.**

H) **Predation control is currently active in this IM area**

I) **If active, month and year the current predation control program**

- The wolf control program in Unit 16B was originally authorized in March 2004 and implemented during regulatory year (RY) 2004 (RY2004 = 1 July 2004 through 30 June 2005)
- The wolf control program was reauthorized in May 2006 to include part of Unit 16A, and the modifications were implemented during RY2005
- The predator control program was modified to include black bear predation control in March 2007, and the modifications were implemented during RY2008
- The predator control program was reauthorized for 6 years and modified to include brown bear predation control in March 2011. The modifications were implemented during RY2011.

J) **An habitat management program funded by the Department or from other sources is currently active in this IM area (Y/N) N**

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<sup>1</sup> For purpose and context of this report format, see *Intensive Management Protocol, section on Tools for Program Implementation and Assessment*

<sup>2</sup> The interim annual update may be limited only to sections that changed substantially since prior annual report

**K) Size of IM program area (square miles) and geographic description:**

All non-federal lands in Unit 16B and the western half of Unit 16A (11,105 mi<sup>2</sup> total)

**L) Size and geographic description of area for assessing ungulate abundance:**

All available moose habitat in Unit 16B below 3500 ft. elevation including park and preserve land (6,358 mi<sup>2</sup> total)

**M) Size and geographic description of area for ungulate harvest reporting:**

All available moose habitat in mainland Unit 16B below 3500 ft. elevation including park and preserve land (6,358 mi<sup>2</sup> total)

**N) Size and geographic description of area for assessing predator abundance: Mainland Unit 16B including park and preserve land (10,298 mi<sup>2</sup> total).**

**O) Size and geographic description of predation control area:**

The predation control area includes all non-federal lands in mainland Unit 16B and the western portion of Unit 16A. Area available for control is 7,792 mi<sup>2</sup> for black bears and 7,707 mi<sup>2</sup> for wolves. Wolf control areas include buffers around local airstrips. Area available for brown bear predator control is a 960 mi<sup>2</sup> area in the southern portion of Unit 16B.

**P) Criteria for evaluating progress toward IM objectives**

- Moose population in Unit 16B between 6,500 –7,500 animals
- Harvest between 310 and 600 moose

**Q) Criteria for success with this program**

The program will be considered successful when the moose population reaches population objectives of 6,500 – 7,500 animals and the harvest reaches 310 to 600 moose.

**R) Department recommendation for IM program in this reporting period: continue current program (details provided in sections 6 or 7)**

**Refer to one or more scaled maps in the Operational Plan for areas described in this section**

*See Operational Plan for Intensive Management of Moose in Unit 16*

**2) Prey data**

**Date(s) and method of most recent fall abundance assessment for moose (if statistical variation available, describe method here and show result in Table 1):**

6-11 December 2014. A population estimation survey was conducted using the Geo-Spatial Population Estimator (GSPE), which is a quadrat-based survey methodology that extrapolates or interpolates numbers of moose detected in quadrats surveyed to quadrats not surveyed to produce a minimum population estimate for the entire unit. A sightability correction factor was applied to the GSPE estimate to account for unobserved moose in

sample units and provides a refined population estimate corrected for sightability.

**Compared to IM area, was a similar trend and magnitude of difference in abundance observed in nearby non-treatment area(s) since program inception N/A and in the last year N/A? Describe comparison if necessary:**

Not Applicable: No comparison exists for the wolf control portion of the program. No control was available for Unit 16B bear treatments. However, bear harvest rates varied annually among UCUs within the Unit. Annual harvest rate of black bear has ranged from 2–16% of the estimated 2007 population among UCUs, and calf survival was not related to harvest rate of bears ( $P > 0.186$ ) except in 2008, when UCUs with a low black bear harvest had higher calf survival. This is the opposite of what would be predicted if the bear harvest is expected to improve calf survival.

**Date(s) of most recent age and sex composition survey (if statistical variation available, describe method here and show result in Table 1):**

Moose surveys are funded and scheduled to occur annually, but are not conducted when the required survey conditions do not exist (i.e., complete snow cover, favorable weather for survey flights, etc). The most recent age and sex composition surveys completed for each survey area is: 16B-South, 13–18 November 2010; 16B-Middle, 20–26 November 2011; 16B-North 6-11 December 2014.

**Compared to IM area, was a similar composition trend and magnitude of difference in composition observed in nearby non-treatment area(s) since program inception N/A and in the last year N/A? Describe comparison if necessary:**

Not Applicable: No comparison exists for the wolf control portion of the program. No control was available for Unit 16B bear treatments. However, bear harvest rates varied annually among UCUs within the unit. Annual harvest rate of brown bears has ranged from 1– 17% of the estimated 2007 population among UCUs, and calf survival was not related to harvest rate of brown bears ( $P > 0.238$ ) in any year, 2005-2011.

**Table 1. Moose abundance, age and sex composition in assessment area (L) since program implementation in year 1 (2005) to reauthorization review in year 2013 in the Unit 16 Predation Control Area. Regulatory year is 1 July to 30 June (e.g, RY 2010 is 1 July 2010 to 30 June 2011).**

The following tables provide moose survey results that correspond to Unit 16B moose survey areas.

*16B-North*

|         |      | Composition (number per 100 females) |       |           |       |             |
|---------|------|--------------------------------------|-------|-----------|-------|-------------|
| Period  | RY   | Abundance (variation)                | Young | Yearlings | Bulls | Sample size |
|         | 2003 | 982 ± 184                            | 16    | 14        | 33    | 326         |
| Year 0  | 2004 | Not surveyed                         |       |           |       |             |
| Year 1  | 2005 | Not surveyed                         |       |           |       |             |
| Year 2  | 2006 | Not surveyed                         |       |           |       |             |
| Year 3  | 2007 | Not surveyed                         |       |           |       |             |
| Year 4  | 2008 | 834 ± 188                            | 11    | 32        | 60    | 340         |
| Year 5  | 2009 | Not surveyed                         |       |           |       |             |
| Year 6  | 2010 | Not surveyed                         |       |           |       |             |
| Year 7  | 2011 | Not surveyed                         |       |           |       |             |
| Year 8  | 2012 | Not surveyed                         |       |           |       |             |
| Year 9  | 2013 | Not Surveyed                         |       |           |       |             |
| Year 10 | 2014 | 1,586 ± 150                          | 34    | 34        | 60    | 835         |

*16B-Middle*

|         |      | Composition (number per 100 cows) |        |           |       |             |
|---------|------|-----------------------------------|--------|-----------|-------|-------------|
| Period  | RY   | Abundance (variation)             | Calves | Yearlings | Bulls | Sample size |
| Year 1  | 2005 | 1714 ± 218                        | 14     | 8         | 29    | 628         |
| Year 2  | 2006 | Not surveyed                      |        |           |       |             |
| Year 3  | 2007 | Not surveyed                      |        |           |       |             |
| Year 4  | 2008 | 2446 ± 724                        | 21     | 22        | 54    | 678         |
| Year 5  | 2009 | Composition Survey                | 19     | Na        | 39    | 359         |
| Year 6  | 2010 | Not surveyed                      |        |           |       |             |
| Year 7  | 2011 | 3458 ± 541                        | 24     | 18        | 46    | 825         |
| Year 8  | 2012 | Not surveyed                      |        |           |       |             |
| Year 9  | 2013 | Not surveyed                      |        |           |       |             |
| Year 10 | 2014 | Not surveyed                      |        |           |       |             |

*16B-South*

|         |      | Composition (number per 100 cows) |        |           |       |             |
|---------|------|-----------------------------------|--------|-----------|-------|-------------|
| Period  | RY   | Abundance (variation)             | Calves | Yearlings | Bulls | Sample size |
| Year 1  | 2005 | Not surveyed                      |        |           |       |             |
| Year 2  | 2006 | Not surveyed                      |        |           |       |             |
| Year 3  | 2007 | Not surveyed                      |        |           |       |             |
| Year 4  | 2008 |                                   | 18     | 25        | 78    | 247         |
| Year 5  | 2009 | Not surveyed                      |        |           |       |             |
| Year 6  | 2010 | 2372 ± 421                        | 18     | 30        | 52    | 703         |
| Year 7  | 2011 | Not surveyed                      |        |           |       |             |
| Year 8  | 2012 | Not surveyed                      |        |           |       |             |
| Year 9  | 2013 | Not surveyed                      |        |           |       |             |
| Year 10 | 2014 | Not surveyed                      |        |           |       |             |

**Describe trend in abundance or composition:**

The 2011 population estimate in 16B-Middle was statistically greater (P = 0.008) than the 2005 estimate, and suggested an increase of approximately 8% per year. Much of this increase was in the bull segment of the population, as indicated by both bull numbers and bull:cow ratios. The increase in the bull:cow ratio was likely primarily due to restricted harvests that began in RY 2006. The cow segment of the population increased at < 5% per year, but the increase was not attributable to predator treatments because neither calf:cow ratio (r = 0.40; P = 0.370), calf survival (r = 0.45; P = 0.491), nor adult cow survival (r = -0.18; P = 0.737) changed during the RY 2005 through RY 2011 period.

The 2014 population estimate of 1,586 in 16B-North also was statistically greater (P>0.0001) than the 2008 estimate and is consistent with the continued growth of the moose population in other portions of Unit 16B. The current population estimate for Unit 16B is 7,418 + 1,525 which is above the midpoint of the population objective. The estimated moose sex ratio of 60 bulls:100 cows was unchanged from the last survey however a substantial increase in the number of calves observed with a calf to cow ratio of 34 calves:100 cows. Although Unit 16B appears to be within population objective, Unit 16B-North is at 81% recovery to the population objective midpoint.

**Table 2. Moose harvest in assessment area (M). Methods for estimating unreported harvest are described in Survey and Inventory reports.**

| Period | RY   | Reported |        |         | Estimated  |         | Total harvest | Other mortality <sup>a</sup> | Total |
|--------|------|----------|--------|---------|------------|---------|---------------|------------------------------|-------|
|        |      | Male     | Female | Unknown | Unreported | Illegal |               |                              |       |
| Year 1 | 2005 | 139      | 0      | 0       | 10         | 25      | 174           | 0                            | 174   |
| Year 2 | 2006 | 106      | 0      | 0       | 7          | 25      | 138           | 0                            | 138   |
| Year 3 | 2007 | 102      | 1      | 0       | 7          | 25      | 135           | 0                            | 135   |
| Year 4 | 2008 | 117      | 0      | 0       | 8          | 25      | 150           | 0                            | 150   |
| Year 5 | 2009 | 181      | 0      | 4       | 13         | 25      | 223           | 0                            | 223   |
| Year 6 | 2010 | 199      | 1      | 0       | 14         | 25      | 239           | 0                            | 239   |
| Year 7 | 2011 | 195      | 1      | 2       | 14         | 25      | 237           | 1                            | 238   |
| Year 8 | 2012 | 171      | 1      | 3       | 12         | 25      | 212           | 0                            | 212   |
| Year 9 | 2013 | 227      | 0      | 3       | 16         | 25      | 271           | 0                            | 271   |

<sup>a</sup> Clarify (vehicle mortality, Defense of Life and Property, ceremonial, etc.).

**Describe trend in harvest:**

Harvests of bull moose are generally increasing. This is likely due to both a liberalization of the harvest regulations that began in RY 2009 and an increase in the bull segment of the population that primarily resulted from the closure of the Tier 1 resident season from RY 2006 through RY 2008. The decrease in harvest

in 2012 is likely due to the poor weather conditions in the hunt areas. Decreased harvests were experienced in other nearby units as well.

**Describe any other harvest related trend if appropriate:** Beginning in the fall of 2014, two new moose draw hunt opportunities (i.e., DM540, DM541) are offered in Unit 16B which are anticipated to increase harvest towards reaching harvest objective.

### 3) Predator data

**Date(s) and method of most recent spring abundance assessment for wolves (if statistical variation available, describe method here and list in Table 3):**

A minimum count of wolves and tracks was completed on 16 March 2013.

**Date(s) and method of most recent fall abundance assessment for wolves (if statistical variation available, describe method here and list in Table 2):**

The fall abundance estimate in 2003 was based on a wolf study conducted during the winter of 1999. A minimum number of wolves was established in 1999 based on the number of wolves caught during a study designed to evaluate the prevalence of louse in Unit 16 and experimentally treat wolves infested with louse. This estimate was refined in 2014 and information in this document reflects the corrected 2004 estimate of 175-180 wolves.

**Other research or evidence of trend or abundance status in wolves:** Not Applicable

**Table 3. Wolf abundance objectives and removal in wolf assessment area (N) of the Unit 16 Predation Control Area. Removal objective is 73-80 % of pre-control fall abundance in year 1 of wolf predation control program, so estimated or confirmed number remaining by spring (30 April) each RY in the wolf assessment area (N) must be at least 35. If non-lethal predation control methods used by Department personnel, clarify with footnote in control removal tally.**

#### *Unit 16A*

| Period              | RY   | Harvest removal |      | Dept. control removal | Public control removal | Total removal <sup>a</sup> | Spring abundance (variation) |
|---------------------|------|-----------------|------|-----------------------|------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------------|
|                     |      | Trap            | Hunt |                       |                        |                            |                              |
| Year 0              | 2003 | 11              | 9    | 0                     | 0                      | 20                         | 27 ± 5                       |
| Year 1 <sup>b</sup> | 2004 | 10              | 2    | 0                     | 0                      | 12                         |                              |
| Year 2 <sup>b</sup> | 2005 | 15              | 4    | 0                     | 0                      | 19                         |                              |
| Year 3              | 2006 | 6               | 0    | 0                     | 10                     | 16                         |                              |
| Year 4              | 2007 | 6               | 1    | 0                     | 1                      | 8                          |                              |
| Year 5              | 2008 | 7               | 1    | 0                     | 1                      | 9                          |                              |
| Year 6              | 2009 | 2               | 0    | 0                     | 1                      | 3                          |                              |
| Year 7              | 2010 | 0               | 0    | 0                     | 0                      | 0                          |                              |
| Year 8              | 2011 | 0               | 2    | 0                     | 0                      | 2                          |                              |
| Year 9              | 2012 | 0               | 0    | 0                     | 0                      | 0                          |                              |

|         |      |   |   |   |   |   |  |
|---------|------|---|---|---|---|---|--|
| Year 10 | 2013 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
|---------|------|---|---|---|---|---|--|

*Unit 16B*

| Period              | RY   | Harvest removal |      | Dept. control removal | Public control removal | Total removal <sup>a</sup> | Spring abundance (variation) |
|---------------------|------|-----------------|------|-----------------------|------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------------|
|                     |      | Trap            | Hunt |                       |                        |                            |                              |
| Year 0              | 2003 | 35              | 9    | 0                     | 0                      | 44                         | 138 ± 27                     |
| Year 1 <sup>b</sup> | 2004 | 13              | 12   | 0                     | 91                     | 116                        |                              |
| Year 2 <sup>b</sup> | 2005 | 18              | 2    | 0                     | 23                     | 43                         |                              |
| Year 3              | 2006 | 8               | 5    | 0                     | 22                     | 35                         |                              |
| Year 4              | 2007 | 1               | 3    | 0                     | 20                     | 24                         |                              |
| Year 5              | 2008 | 12              | 3    | 0                     | 20                     | 35                         |                              |
| Year 6              | 2009 | 0               | 3    | 0                     | 2                      | 5                          |                              |
| Year 7              | 2010 | 7               | 1    | 0                     | 9                      | 17                         |                              |
| Year 8              | 2011 | 2               | 0    | 0                     | 15                     | 17                         |                              |
| Year 9              | 2012 | 0               | 0    | 0                     | 2                      | 2                          | 28–41                        |
| Year 10             | 2013 | 1               | 2    | 0                     | 0                      | 3                          |                              |

<sup>a</sup> Additional removal may be Defense of Life and Property, vehicle kill, etc.

<sup>b</sup> The RY04 and RY 05 removal objective was to reduce the population to a minimum of 22 wolves. In spring of 2006 the BOG increased the area for predator control to include the western portion of 16A.

**Date(s) and method of most recent spring abundance assessment for black bears (if statistical variation available, describe method here and list in Table 3).**

May 2007. Black bear densities were estimated for Unit 16B by a line-transect sampling method (E. Becker, AKDFG, unpublished data), and the density estimates obtained (187.3 black bears/1000 km<sup>2</sup>) were extrapolated to all bear habitat in Unit 16B.

**Date(s) and method of most recent fall abundance assessment for brown bears (if statistical variation available, describe method here and list in in Table 3)**

May 2007. Brown bear densities were estimated for portions of 16B-Middle and 16B-North were estimated using the same technique, except the estimate of brown bear density also integrated a density continuum from Units 9 and 13. The average brown bear density for these areas was 40.6 brown bears/1000 km<sup>2</sup>.

**Other research or evidence of trend or abundance status in black and brown bears:**

An analysis of black and brown bear harvest rates predicts that the bear removal efforts have not reduced bear abundance. Similarly, analyses indicate that moose calf survival is not higher in areas with high bear harvest intensity, suggesting that the bear removal efforts have not increased moose calf survival.

**Table 4. Black bear abundance objectives and removal in the black bear assessment area (N) of the Unit 16 Predation Control Area. Removal objective is 60-80 % of pre-control spring abundance in year 1 of bear predation control program, so estimated or confirmed**



**number remaining by fall (31 October) each RY in the bear assessment area defined in (N) must be at least 700. If non-lethal predation control methods used by Department personnel, clarify with footnote in control removal tally.**

*Unit 16A*

| Period              | RY   | Spring abundance (variation) in area N | Harvest removal from area N |    | Dept. control removal from area O |    | Public control removal from area O |    | Total removal from area N <sup>a</sup> | Fall abundance (variation) in area N |
|---------------------|------|--|-----------------------------|----|-----------------------------------|----|------------------------------------|----|--|--------------------------------------|
|                     |      |  | FA                          | SP | FA                                | SP | FA                                 | SP |  |                                      |
| Year 3              | 2006 |  | 21                          | 73 | 0                                 | 0  | 0                                  | 0  | 94                                     |                                      |
| Year 4 <sup>b</sup> | 2007 |  | 18                          | 81 | 0                                 | 0  | 0                                  | 10 | 109                                    |                                      |
| Year 5              | 2008 |  | 24                          | 77 | 0                                 | 0  | 0                                  | 15 | 116                                    |                                      |
| Year 6              | 2009 |  | 20                          | 61 | 0                                 | 0  | 0                                  | 19 | 100                                    |                                      |
| Year 7              | 2010 |  | 67                          | 50 | 0                                 | 0  | 6                                  | 0  | 123                                    |                                      |
| Year 8              | 2011 |  | 17                          | 48 | 0                                 | 0  | 0                                  | 3  | 68                                     |                                      |
| Year 9              | 2012 |  | 13                          | 30 | 0                                 | 0  | 2                                  | 1  | 46                                     |                                      |
| Year 10             | 2013 |  | 54                          | 42 | 0                                 | 0  | 8                                  | 8  | 112                                    |                                      |

<sup>a</sup> Additional removal may be Defense of Life and Property, vehicle kill, etc.

<sup>b</sup> Year 4 (RY 2007) was the first year of the black bear control program.

*Unit 16B*

| Period              | RY   | Spring abundance (variation) in area N | Harvest removal from area N |     | Dept. control removal from area O |    | Public control removal from area O |     | Total removal from area N <sup>a</sup> | Fall abundance (variation) in area N |
|---------------------|------|--|-----------------------------|-----|-----------------------------------|----|------------------------------------|-----|--|--------------------------------------|
|                     |      |  | FA                          | SP  | FA                                | SP | FA                                 | SP  |  |                                      |
| Year 3              | 2006 |  | 75                          | 251 | 0                                 | 0  | 0                                  | 0   | 326                                    |                                      |
| Year 4 <sup>b</sup> | 2007 | 3500±300                               | 73                          | 210 | 0                                 | 0  | 1                                  | 106 | 390                                    |                                      |
| Year 5              | 2008 |  | 69                          | 188 | 0                                 | 0  | 32                                 | 108 | 397                                    |                                      |
| Year 6              | 2009 |  | 43                          | 106 | 0                                 | 0  | 58                                 | 131 | 338                                    |                                      |
| Year 7              | 2010 |  | 83                          | 104 | 1                                 | 0  | 136                                | 107 | 431                                    |                                      |
| Year 8              | 2011 |  | 26                          | 93  | 0                                 | 0  | 40                                 | 74  | 233                                    |                                      |
| Year 9              | 2012 |  | 32                          | 53  | 0                                 | 0  | 18                                 | 60  | 163                                    |                                      |
| Year 10             | 2013 |  | 58                          | 76  | 0                                 | 0  | 13                                 | 40  | 187                                    |                                      |

<sup>a</sup> Additional removal may be Defense of Life and Property, vehicle kill, etc.

<sup>b</sup> Year 4 (RY 2007) was the first year of the black bear control program.

While no surveys to estimate black bear abundance have been conducted in recent year, the population is above the minimum population objective based an analysis of harvests and incidental observations by biologists. Black bear harvests in Unit 16B show a strong increasing trend from an average of 130 during RY 2000 – RY 2004 to 340 during RY 2005 – RY 2010. Based on extrapolated densities from the 2007 population estimate,

proportion of the black bear population harvested has ranged from 2–16% in relevant UCUs, well below levels necessary to achieve an 80% population reduction.

**Table 5. Brown bear abundance objectives and removal in black bear assessment area (N) of the Unit 16 Predation Control Area. Removal objective is 60% of pre-control spring abundance in year 1 of bear predation control program, so estimated or confirmed number remaining by fall (31 October) each RY in the bear assessment area defined in (N) must be at least 375. If non-lethal predation control methods used by Department personnel, clarify with footnote in control removal tally.**

*Unit 16B*

| Period              | RY   | Spring abundance (variation) in area N | Harvest removal from area N |    | Dept. control removal from area O |     | Public control removal from area O |     | Total removal from area N <sup>a</sup> | Fall abundance (variation) in area N |
|---------------------|------|--|-----------------------------|----|-----------------------------------|-----|------------------------------------|-----|--|--------------------------------------|
|                     |      |  | FA                          | SP | FA                                | SP  | FA                                 | SP  |  |                                      |
| Year 4              | 2007 | 937 ± 313                              | 64                          | 36 | ---                               | --- | ---                                | --- | 100                                    |                                      |
| Year 5              | 2008 |  | 84                          | 28 | 3                                 | --- | ---                                | --- | 115                                    |                                      |
| Year 6              | 2009 |  | 34                          | 35 | ---                               | --- | ---                                | --- | 69                                     |                                      |
| Year 7              | 2010 |  | 93                          | 26 | ---                               | 2   | ---                                | 27  | 148                                    |                                      |
| Year 8 <sup>c</sup> | 2011 |  | 63                          | 36 | 0                                 | 2   | 3                                  | 5   | 109                                    |                                      |
| Year 9              | 2012 |  | 36                          | 42 | 0                                 | 0   | 0                                  | 3   | 81                                     |                                      |
| Year 10             | 2013 |  | 47                          | 37 | 0                                 | 0   | 0                                  | 7   | 91                                     |                                      |

<sup>a</sup> Additional removal may be Defense of Life and Property, vehicle kill, etc.

<sup>b</sup> Year 8 (RY 2011) was the first full year of the brown bear control program.

**4) Habitat data and nutritional condition of prey species**

**Where active habitat enhancement is occurring or was recommended in the Operational Plan, describe progress toward objectives:**

**Objective(s):** Not Applicable

**Area treated and method:** Not Applicable

**Observation on treatment response:** Not Applicable

**Evidence of progress toward objective(s) (choose one: Apparent Statistical)**  
Not Applicable

**Similar trend in nearby non-treatment areas:** Not Applicable

**Describe any substantial change in habitat not caused by active program:** None

**Table 6. Nutritional indicators for moose in assessment area (L) of the Unit 16 Predation Control Area.**

| Period  | RY   | Pregnancy rate of radio-collared cows <sup>a</sup> | Twinning rate of radio collared cows <sup>b</sup> | Average rump fat on lactating females in the Fall (cm) <sup>c</sup> |
|---------|------|--|---|---|
| Year 1  | 2004 | 71.4   | 51%   | --  |
| Year 2  | 2005 | 83.3   | 45%   | 3.7   |
| Year 3  | 2006 | 79.8   | 50%   | 2.4   |
| Year 4  | 2007 | 70.8   | 48%   | 1.8   |
| Year 5  | 2008 | 79.0   | 59%   | --  |
| Year 6  | 2009 | 83.7   | 47%   | --  |
| Year 7  | 2010 | 72.2   | 54%   | --  |
| Year 8  | 2011 | 80.6   | 48%   | --  |
| Year 9  | 2012 | 91.0   | 67%   | --  |
| Year 10 | 2013 | 89.0   | 69%   | --  |
| Year 11 | 2014 | 91.0   | 47%   | --  |

<sup>a</sup> Apparent pregnancy rate based on field observations of calves born to radio collared cows. The reported values likely underestimate calf production in cases where calves were born, but lost before they could be observed by biologists.

<sup>b</sup> Apparent twinning rate is based on field observations of the number of calves born to individual radio collared cows. The reported values likely underestimate twinning in cases where twins were born, but one or both were lost before they could be observed by biologists.

<sup>c</sup> Rump Fat measurements are collected using an ultrasonograph during the fall capture of adult cow moose.

**Where objectives on nutritional condition were listed in the Operational Plan, describe trend in condition indices since inception of (a) habitat enhancement or (b) enhanced harvest:**

Not Applicable

**Evidence of trend:** Not Applicable

**Similar trend in nearby non-treatment areas?** Not Applicable

## 5) Costs specific to implementing Intensive Management

**Table 7. Cost (\$1000 = 1.0) of agency salary based on estimate of proportional time of field level staff and cost of operations for intensive management activities (e.g., predator control or habitat enhancement beyond normal Survey and Inventory work) performed by personnel in the Department or work by other state agencies (e.g., Division of Forestry) or contractors in the Unit 16 Predator Control Area. Fiscal year (FY) is also 1 July to 30 June but the year is one greater than the comparable RY (e.g, FY 2010 is 1 July 2009 to 30 June 2010).**

| Period  | FY   | Predation control <sup>a</sup> |                   | Other IM activities |      | Total IM cost | Research cost <sup>d</sup> |
|---------|------|--------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|------|---------------|----------------------------|
|         |      | Time <sup>b</sup>              | Cost <sup>c</sup> | Time                | Cost |               |                            |
| Year 10 | 2013 | 0.0                            | 0.0               | 1.0                 | 7.9  | 7.9           | 126.5                      |
| Year 11 | 2014 | 0.0                            | 0.0               | 1.0                 | 8.8  | 8.8           | 54.8                       |

<sup>a</sup> State or private funds only.

<sup>b</sup> Person-months (22 days per month).

<sup>c</sup> Salary plus operations.

<sup>d</sup> Separate from implementing IM program but beneficial for understanding of ecological or human response to management treatment (scientific approach that is not unique to IM).

**6) Department recommendations<sup>3</sup> for annual evaluation (1 February) following Year 11 for Unit 16 Predation Control Area —skip in final year and go to section 7**

**Has progress toward defined criteria been achieved?**

There has been an increase in moose (primarily bull) abundance since 2005. Recent survey data also identifies and increase in the calf:cow ratios. However, moose calf survival during the first 6 months of life and calf recruitment have not been significantly improved, nor has cow survival.

**Has achievement of success criteria occurred?**

The moose population is above the midpoint of the objective for population size, but harvest objectives have not been met. During the 2013 meeting of the Board of Game, the Board liberalized moose harvest opportunities in Unit 16B, and it appears that the liberalizations might increase moose harvest to within or very near objectives in 2014.

**Recommendation for IM practices (predation control):** Continue **Modify** Suspend Terminate

The department temporarily suspended the wolf control program in 2014 because the wolf population is currently believed to be within the reduction objectives.

To date, the bear removal has not approached levels necessary to reach the reduction goals (remove 60% of the brown bear population and 80% of the black bear population) and has had no detectable effect on calf survival. The department recommends that bear control efforts be suspended because the program has not been effective.

The moose population in the assessment area is currently estimated at 7,418 (+ 1525) which is above the midpoint of the population objective. Currently, moose in 16B-South are at 140% of the midpoint of the objective, 16B-Middle is at 103% of the midpoint of the objective, and 16B-North is at 81% of the midpoint of the objective. The moose harvest is approaching the moose IM harvest objective.

**7) Evaluation (1 February) for program renewal (following final Year12 [RY2016]) and Department recommendations for the Unit 16 Predator Control Area**

**Has progress toward defined criteria been achieved (describe)? \_\_\_\_\_**

**Has achievement of success criteria occurred (describe)? \_\_\_\_\_**

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<sup>3</sup> Prior sections include primarily objective information from field surveys; Sections 6 and 7 involve professional judgment by area biologists to interpret the context of prior information for the species in the management area.

**Recommendation for IM program** [*choose one*]: **Continue** **Modify** **Suspend** **Terminate**

**Rationale for recommendation on overall program:** \_\_\_\_\_

**Other recommendations (if continuation is recommended, specific actions on individual practices):** \_\_\_\_\_