

Copper Basin Hunt Committee Work Session Assignments



March 7, 2014
Alaska Department of Fish and Game



Issue I

Increased Participation in CSH Hunts

Issue I – Increased CSH Participation

Regulatory Year	CSH Caribou		
	Groups	Households	Participants
2009	1	477	N/A
2010	-	-	-
2011	6	322	667
2012	17	402	828
2013	28	689	1,424
2014	24	576	1,109

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Issue I – Increased CSH Participation

Regulatory Year	CSH Moose		
	Groups	Households	Participants
2009	1	246	N/A
2010	-	-	-
2011	9	407	814
2012	19	459	969
2013	45	995	2,066
2014	43	910	1,780

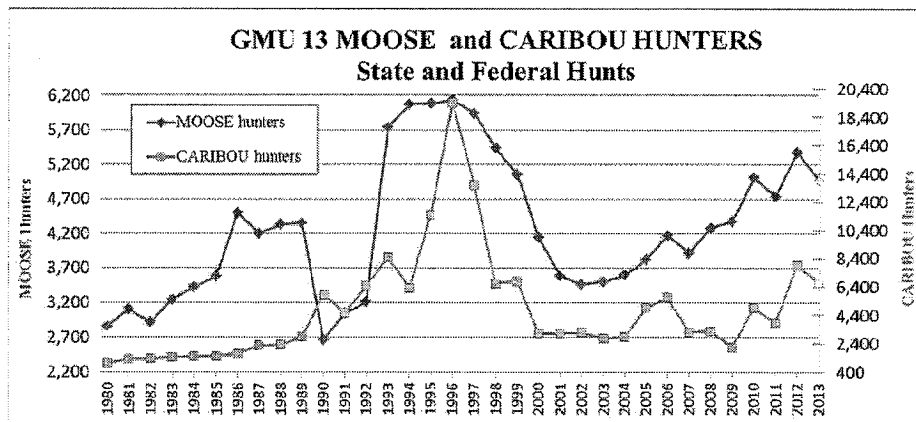
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Issue I – Increased CSH Participation

Regulatory Year	CSH Moose Hunters		General Season Moose Hunters		All Other State Hunters Combined		Total State Moose Hunters
	Hunters	%	Hunters	%	Hunters	%	
2009	293	8%	3,428	89%	144	4%	3,865
2010	-	0%	4,200	94%	258	6%	4,458
2011	311	7%	3,689	89%	153	4%	4,153
2012	358	7%	4,325	90%	122	3%	4,805
2013	841	19%	3,345	76%	188	4%	4,374

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Issue I – Increased CSH Participation



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Issue I – Increased CSH Participation

- **Effect of changing seasons and bag limits to match general season hunts**
- **Effect of changing the group size definition to “25 or more households”**
- **Recommendations for evaluating applications and post-hunt reports**

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Issue I – Increased CSH Participation

Effect of changing CSH seasons and bag limits to match the general season hunts

- Easy to implement
- Requires a regulatory change
 - 5AAC 85.025 – caribou seasons and bag limits
 - 5AAC 85.045 – moose seasons and bag limits

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Issue I – Increased CSH Participation

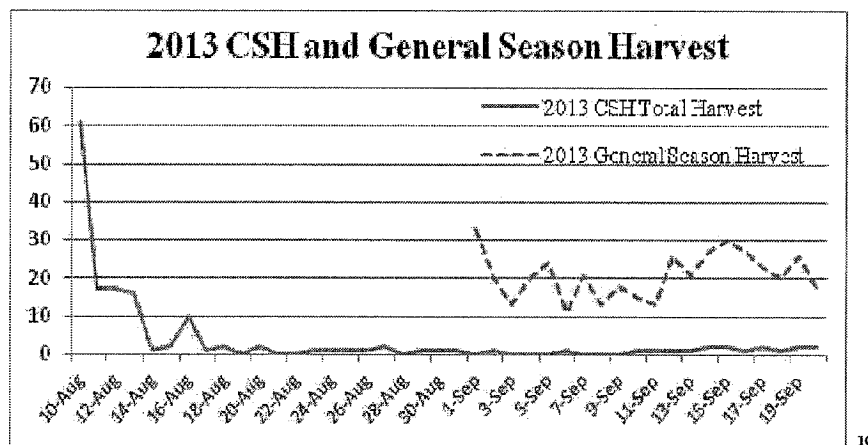
Effect of changing CSH seasons and bag limits to match the general season hunts

	CSH Moose Hunt		General Season Moose Hunt	
	Season	Bag limit	Season	Bag limit
Unit 13	Aug 10–Sept 20	“any bull” or S/F/50”/4 brow	Sept 1–20	S/F/50”/4 brow
Unit 11	Aug 10–Sept 20	“any bull” or S/F/50”/3 brow	Aug 20–Sept 20	S/F/50”/3 brow
CSH portion of Unit 12	Aug 24–28, Sept 8–17	S/F/50”/4 brow	Aug 24–28, Sept 8–17	S/F/50”/4 brow

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Issue I – Increased CSH Participation

Effect of changing CSH seasons and bag limits to match the general season hunts



Issue I – Increased CSH Participation

Effect of changing CSH seasons and bag limits to match the general season hunts

	CSH Caribou Season	Tier I Registration	Caribou Draw (general season)
Unit 13 (only)	Aug 10–Sept 20	Aug 10–Sept 20	Aug 20–Sept 20

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Issue I – Increased CSH Participation

Effect of changing the group size definition to “25 or more households”

- Easy to implement
- More difficult for groups to meet the new definition
- Anticipate groups to reform or recruit new households
- Requires a regulatory change (5AAC 92.072)

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Issue I – Increased CSH Participation

Effect of changing the group size definition to
“25 or more households”

CM300	CSH Moose Groups	No. Groups with 25+ Households	% of Moose Groups
2009	1	1	100%
2010	-	-	-
2011	9	3	33%
2012	19	3	16%
2013	45	7	16%
2014 prelim.	43	8	19%

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Issue I – Increased CSH Participation

Effect of changing the group size definition to
“25 or more households”

CC000	CSH Caribou Groups	No. Groups with 25+ Households	% of Caribou Groups
2009	1	1	100%
2010	-	-	-
2011	6	2	33%
2012	17	3	18%
2013	28	8	29%
2014 prelim.	24	6	25%

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Division of Subsistence

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CSH Workgroup Assignment

Present an option for evaluating post hunt reports from CSH communities/groups to ensure participation meets the intent of the Board of Game's findings for the program

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CSH Hunt Conditions and basis for Written Report Review Process

- CSH Hunt Conditions require that each **group** submit a written report describing the group's efforts to participate in a manner consistent with the customary and traditional use pattern described in the board's findings (2006-170-BOG)
- Under 5 AAC 92.072 (f), the Department has the authority to disapprove an application for a CSH permit from a community or group if it has not complied with (c) (1)
- In 2011, ADF&G developed an internal method to evaluate compliance with CSH permit conditions based on written reports

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CSH Hunt Conditions and basis for Written Report Review Process

- CSH Hunt Conditions state that prior to a group's participation:
 - *"Subscribers need not have already established the pattern of community use...by applying, subscribers will be certifying that they have read, understood, and will voluntarily attempt to participate in and establish the pattern of subsistence use described in the Unit 13 board findings..."*
- The written report scoring process was designed to monitor group progress and evaluate compliance with the hunt conditions
- CSH reports that failed to demonstrate progress in establishing the pattern are assigned "Conditional Approval" status
- Evaluation process has been internal to ADF&G. Evaluation scores have not been reported to groups

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Status

- Many of the groups have submitted CSH written reports that consistently display full commitment to the intention of the hunt as described by the board findings
- Several groups have placed a great amount of effort in producing high quality, commendable CSH written reports but still have failed to provide evidence of a commitment to all 8 elements in the board findings
- Some groups have put very little effort into producing adequate written reports, providing little evidence of a commitment to the board findings

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Challenge

- Subjective nature of written reports makes them difficult to analyze and score
- Lower threshold of compliance is not clear

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Current Form



Alaska Department of Fish and Game
Copper Basin MOOSE
Community Subsistence Harvest Permit
REPORT 2013-2014



GROUP _____ GROUP NUMBER _____
GROUP COORDINATOR _____

For the conditions of your Copper Basin Moose Community Subsistence Harvest (CSH) Group/Community Permit, please complete this report, and return it to ADFG's Copper Basin CSH Division of Subsistence, 333 Hanover St., Anchorage, AK 99501-3305. If you have any questions, please contact us at 347-2353.
This written report will serve as the summary of the group's 2013 moose hunt. Harvest and sharing activities in relation to the customary and traditional use pattern described in 2006-170-BOG.
Information on this report is confidential. It is for your eyes only. It is not to be shared with anyone else. Your group would like to assist in your hunt. The completed report is due by December 31, 2013.
Please note, 2014 groups will not be currently approved until a completed group report has been received.

- A list of the names and harvest block numbers for the group will be attached, along with the primary report CSH hunting and harvest information. Please review the list for accuracy, not describe any discrepancies you find.

- Please review the list of participants whose tag links were filed by a designated hunter, and describe any discrepancies you find.

- Please review the attached list of names for members that were successful in taking a moose under their subsistence hunting regulations, and describe any discrepancies you find (2013 11 and 12). Based on reciprocity of your group inventory, you may not have any moose that qualify for the subsistence hunt in 2013 11 and 12.

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4. Attach a summary narrative describing how the community or group observed the customary and traditional use pattern described in 2006-170-BOG. You must include a complete description of all uses and resources of the customary and traditional use pattern, including the date, location, number of participants, amount of meat shared, and the overall description of the event. You are also encouraged to describe harvest activities when using hunting participants/observers. Traditional use resources include certain parts of the animal were used, during discussion where members of the community or group benefited from the CSH hunt, as well as any other means or concerns you may have about the hunt or the administration of the hunt.

Summaries must include reference to each of the customary and traditional practices described in 2006-170-BOG. For convenience, these are summarized below:

- Participation in the consistent pattern of noncommercial taking, use, and reliance on historic subsistence, seasonal and off-season well levels. The existing pattern of use has been established over many generations and is focused on the total support of fish, wildlife, and plant resources in the Copper Basin CSH area.
- Participation in the pattern of taking or use of wild resources from the Copper Basin CSH area that follows a seasonal and pattern of year-round harvest effort in the area, with harvest of moose and caribou by community members in both the fall and winter months, when legally permitted.
- Participation in the pattern of taking or use of wild resources in the Copper Basin CSH area that includes methods and means of harvest characterized by efficiency and economy of effort and cost, especially taking advantage of the maximum opportunity to harvest, as effectively as possible; a variety of means to harvest in the Copper Basin CSH area.
- Participation in the pattern of taking or use of wild resources that occurs in the Copper Basin CSH area due to close ties to the area and familiarity with the harvest and associated habits of the Copper Basin CSH area.
- Use of various of processing and preserving wild resources from the Copper Basin CSH area that have traditionally been used by past generations, including use of all of the parts required to be removed from the animal under the terms of a Copper Basin Moose CSH permit.
- Participation in the pattern of taking or use of wild resources from the Copper Basin CSH area that includes the passing down of knowledge of hunting skills, values, and lore about the Copper Basin CSH area from generation to generation. The level concerned is equal to the preparation of the customary and traditional use pattern to provide opportunities for the young and old to participate in noncommercial hunting, this hunt also found if authority necessary to assist the hunt to pass on skills and knowledge transmitted within the community of the harvesters.
- Participation in the pattern of taking or use of wild resources from the Copper Basin CSH area in which the harvest is shared throughout the community, including appropriate trade, barter, and gifting in order to ensure the pattern of the custom production of moose takes place in the community or group structure as centered on the Copper Basin Moose CSH permit regulations. The hunt also should be a pattern of noncommercial sharing and possible list for the needs of the community or group taken and donated, as mandated by the community or group. In addition, harvest activities should be held in a manner that provides a portion to other members of the community or group.
- Participation in the pattern that includes taking, use, and reliance for subsistence purposes not only on historic subsistence and moose, but also on a wide variety of wild resources in the Copper Basin area.

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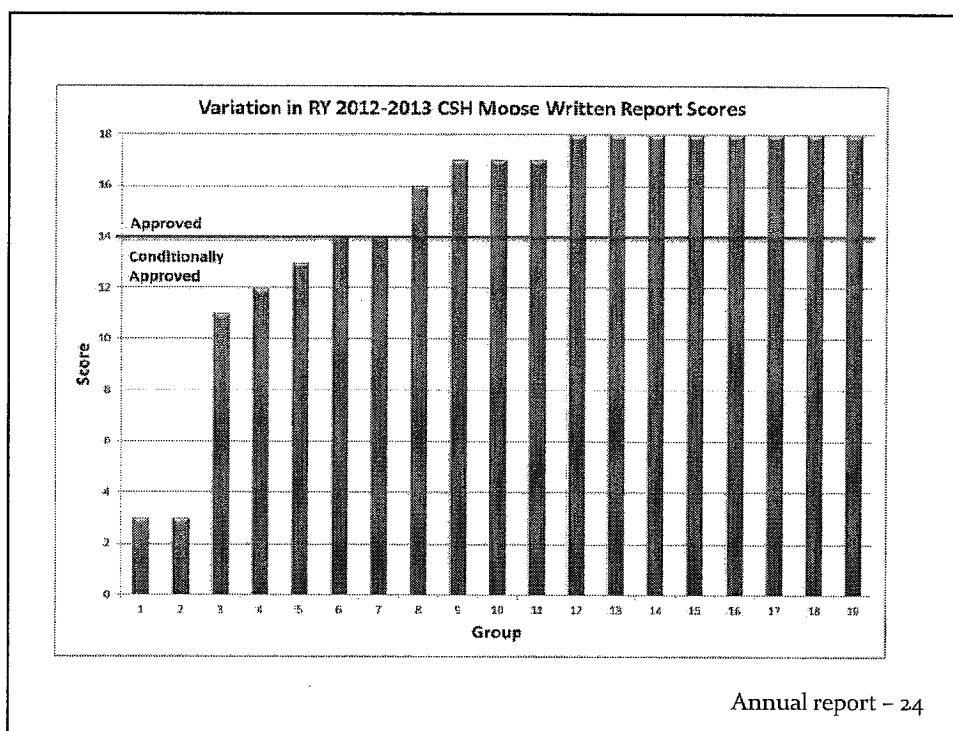
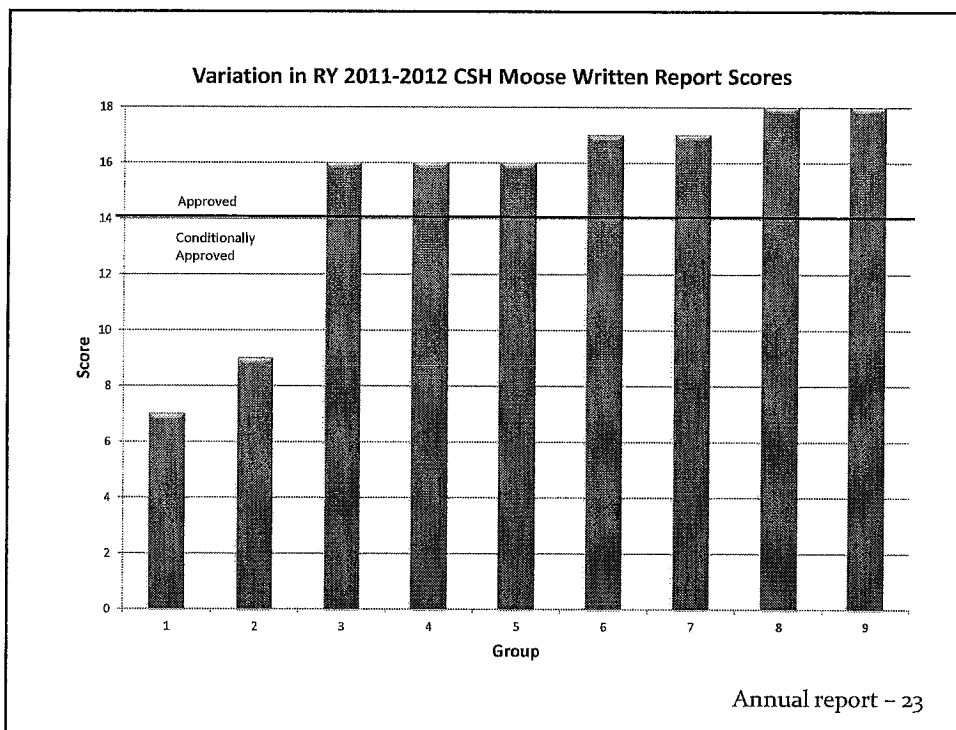
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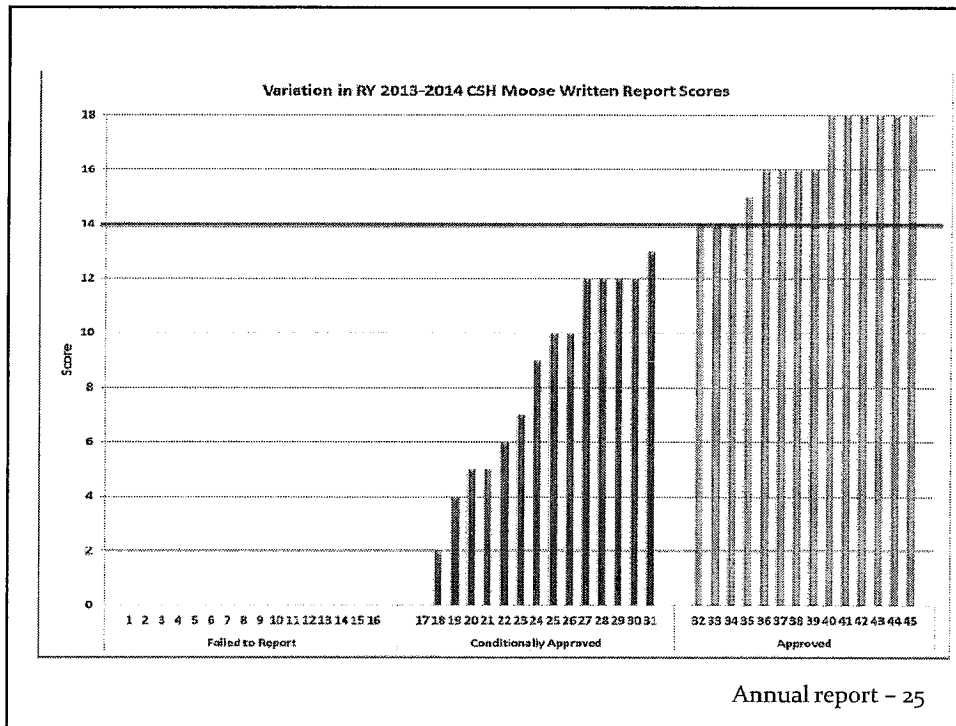
CSH Written Report Scoring

- Each of the eight elements in board findings 2006-170-BOG are scored by 2 measurements:
- Was the Customary and Traditional Use pattern demonstrated?
- Was the reporting requirement met in writing?
- A ninth field requires a description of the group's meat sharing event
- 18 total points are possible
- A minimum of 14 points are required to receive a score of **Approval**
- Reports scoring less than 14 points receive **Conditional Approval**

Criteria to measure and scoring of CSH written hunt reports	
Criteria	Scoring
1. Long term consistent pattern of use	2 pts
2. Seasonal pattern of harvests within unit	2 pts
3. Efficiency	2 pts
4. Close ties to and familiarity with the area	2 pts
5. Thorough use of parts of animal	2 pts
6. Handing down of knowledge and skills across generations	2 pts
7. Sharing within the community	4 pts
8. Use of wide variety of resources from the area	2 pts
Maximum Score Possible	18 pts
Minimum Score for Approval	14 pts

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Summary: CSH Written Report Scores RY 2011/12, RY 2012/13, RY 2013/14

Regulatory Year 2011/12

- Caribou: 6 groups - 5 approved and 1 conditionally approved (83% in compliance)
- Moose: 9 groups - 8 approved and 1 conditionally approved (89% in compliance)

Regulatory Year 2012/13

- Caribou: 17 groups - 8 approved and 9 conditionally approved (47% in compliance)
- Moose: 19 groups - 12 approved and 7 conditionally approved (63% in compliance)

Regulatory Year 2013/14

- Caribou: 28 groups - reports not yet reviewed
- Moose: 45 groups - 14 approved and 15 conditionally approved - 16 failed to report

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CSH Group Progress

As CSH participation grows :

- New groups are receiving the vast majority of *Conditional Approval* scores
- Some groups who received *Conditional Approval* scores did not subscribe to the CSH the following year

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Potential Options

- a) Maintain current written report structure, or
- b) Implement objective questionnaire report format and score results using a numerical threshold

In each case:

- CSH groups need to be informed about their annual report scores
- Provide a defined threshold of approval

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Option B: Two-part report

1. Community coordinator questionnaire and report
 - Group/community summary information
 - Identifies patterns for the group as a whole
 - Mitigates possibly uneven household reports
2. Household questionnaire and report
 - Detailed household information not readily available to the group/community coordinator
 - Designed to be compiled with all other reporting households for a group/community

Both questionnaires focus on direct quantitative or objective questions, designed to address one or more of the 8 elements in 2006-170-BOG

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Report scoring

- Detailed scoring advice document
 - Eliminates subjectivity
 - Provides unambiguous direction on assignment of points
 - Point assignment based on detailed criteria. If condition criteria are met, 100% of points for the question/criteria would be assigned
- Criteria based on percentages as often as possible
- Household report not scored independently
- Proposed community coordinator report has a maximum of 29 points
- Proposed household coordinator report has a maximum of 41 points

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Sample Question #1

From the community coordinator questionnaire and report:

13.) Except for elder households, how many households without hunters were given moose in 2013?

Purpose: In part addresses element #7 of the 8 customary and traditional use patterns. This identifies moose being shared among households unable to obtain moose on their own for any reason.

Sample score: A score of 1 point will be assigned if a community responded that 2 households received moose.

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Sample Question #2

From the household questionnaire and report:

12.) Who processed the meat your household harvested? _____

Purpose: In part to address element #3 of the 8 customary and traditional use patterns. Given the cost of wild game processing, real cost savings can be achieved by processing game at home and with others.

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Sample Question #2

Sample Score:

- HH 1: commercial processor
- HH 2: commercial processor
- HH 3: other community member and commercial processor
- HH 4: family member
- HH 5: family member

1 point will be awarded to this household, because a “significant portion” (greater than 50%; in this case 60%) used a method other than commercial processors, but more than 50% used a commercial processor.

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Questions on Issue I?

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Issue II

Harvest of “any bull” moose in high use subareas reduces harvest opportunity in other areas

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Issue II – “Any Bull” Hunt Administration

- **Establish a firm “any bull” quota per subarea**
- **Establish a maximum number of groups per subarea**
- **Different season lengths for each subarea**
- **Provide antlerless hunting opportunity**
- **More rapid reporting and in-season management**
- **Restrict “any bull” opportunity to weekdays**
- **Restrict each group’s ability to participate annually**
- **Make no changes to the 2014 hunt to evaluate the effect of the new “any bull” allocation**

**Issue II –
“Any Bull” Hunt Administration**

Establish a firm “any bull” quota per subarea

- Easy to implement
- Total allocation will be exceeded in most years
- Recommend mechanism to reduce the allocation in subsequent years
- Does not require regulatory change

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**Issue II –
“Any Bull” Hunt Administration**

Establish a maximum number of groups per subarea

- Difficult to administer
- Requires administrative rules and board guidance
 - What is a group and how is it tracked through time?
 - How many groups can be assigned to each area
 - Processing order (“first come first serve”, systematic or random)
 - How to process groups that do not receive selected areas
- More difficult for larger groups to identify their preferred areas
- Does not require regulatory change

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**Issue II –
“Any Bull” Hunt Administration**

Different season lengths for each subarea

- Easy to implement
- CSH moose seasons have never been closed
- Season extensions in Unit 13 are not recommended at this time
- Length of “any bull” opportunity in each subarea depends on how quickly the harvest reaches the quota
- Requires regulatory change if seasons are extended

(5AAC 85.045)

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**Issue II –
“Any Bull” Hunt Administration**

Provide antlerless hunting opportunity

- Antlerless hunting opportunity is authorized for all of Unit 13, but only offered in Unit 13A
- Easy to implement
- Difficult to secure public support required by statute
- Anticipate that harvest will greatly exceed cow harvest quota unless the number of hunters is reduced significantly
- Requires a regulatory change and annual reauthorization

(5AAC 85.045)

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**Issue II –
“Any Bull” Hunt Administration
More rapid reporting and in-season management**

- Current Requirements
 - Within 24 hours of killing a moose or returning from field
 - By phone, mail, internet or in person
- Reporting and in season management limited by cellular service and internet
- Requirements can be made more stringent
- Does not require regulatory change

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**Issue II –
“Any Bull” Hunt Administration
Restrict “any bull” opportunity to weekdays**

- Easily implemented
- May cause some confusion, particularly in the first year
- Season and hunting opportunity printed on permit, in subsistence permit supplement and stated on phone hotline
- Would improve in-season management
- Does not require a regulatory change

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Issue II –

“Any Bull” Hunt Administration

Restrict each group’s ability to participate annually

- Difficult to implement
 - Difficult to track groups over time
 - Easy to track individual members
 - What constitutes a group if group membership changes?
- Implementation requires administrative rules and board guidance
- Requires a regulatory change
 - 5AAC 85.045 – Moose seasons and bag limits or
 - 5AAC92.072 – Community Subsistence Hunt Areas and Permit Conditions

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Issue II –

“Any Bull” Hunt Administration

Make no changes to the 2014 hunt to evaluate the effect of the new “any bull” allocation

- Tighter reporting requirements
 - Report within 12 hours of kill
 - By phone or internet
- Unit 13A - No “any bull” opportunity
- Remainder of Unit 13 –
 - “Any bull” hunt limited to Tuesday, Wednesday, and Thursday
 - No restriction on “antler legal” bulls
- Unit 11 – No restriction until quota is reached
- The “any bull” quotas will be managed to keep the harvest within the allocation of “up to 100 any bull” and to keep the moose populations within objectives

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Recent Board of Game Actions Implemented in Regulatory Year 2014

- **No “any bull” drawing permits for residents**
- **New Allocation of Moose Bag Limit for CSH Hunters**
 - No more than 1 “any bull” for every 3 households (100 total)
 - CSH locking tags issued to Group Coordinator
 - CSH hunters can hunt SF/50 moose without a CSH locking tag
- **New Winter Registration Moose Hunt (Dec 1 - 31)**
 - For all Alaska residents, including CSH hunters

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Questions on Issue II?

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Issue III

Reduced Subsistence Opportunity for Caribou

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Issue III –

Reduced Caribou Harvest Opportunity

**Evaluate the effects of managing the CSH
allocation as a separate quota rather than a cap**

- Easily implemented; more difficult to manage
- Managers will forecast and reserve potential CSH harvest by closing other state hunting opportunity
- May be more difficult to manage the population within objectives
- May require regulatory change

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Questions on Issue III?

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