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Western Alaska Salmon Stock Identification Program Technical Document 23: Chum Salmon SNP Selection Results

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Divisions of Sport Fish and Commercial Fisheries



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Weights and measures (metric)		General	Mathematics, statistics	
centimeter	cm	Alaska Administrative Code	<i>all standard mathematical signs, symbols and abbreviations</i>	
deciliter	dL	all commonly accepted abbreviations	alternate hypothesis	H _A
gram	g	e.g., Mr., Mrs., AM, PM, etc.	base of natural logarithm	e
hectare	ha		catch per unit effort	CPUE
kilogram	kg		coefficient of variation	CV
kilometer	km		common test statistics	(F, t, χ^2 , etc.)
liter	L		confidence interval	CI
meter	m		correlation coefficient	R
milliliter	mL	at		
millimeter	mm	compass directions:		
		east	(multiple)	
		north	correlation coefficient	
		south	(simple)	r
		west	covariance	cov
		copyright	degree (angular)	°
		corporate suffixes:	degrees of freedom	df
		Company	expected value	E
		Corporation	greater than	>
		Incorporated	greater than or equal to	≥
		Limited	harvest per unit effort	HPUE
		District of Columbia	less than	<
		et alii (and others)	less than or equal to	≤
		et cetera (and so forth)	logarithm (natural)	ln
		exempli gratia	logarithm (base 10)	log
		(for example)	logarithm (specify base)	log ₂ , etc.
		Federal Information Code	minute (angular)	'
day	d	id est (that is)	not significant	NS
degrees Celsius	°C	latitude or longitude	null hypothesis	H ₀
degrees Fahrenheit	°F	monetary symbols	percent	%
degrees kelvin	K	(U.S.)	probability	P
hour	h	months (tables and figures): first three letters	probability of a type I error	
minute	min	Jan,...,Dec	(rejection of the null hypothesis when true)	α
second	s	registered trademark	probability of a type II error	
		trademark	(acceptance of the null hypothesis when false)	β
		United States	second (angular)	"
		(adjective)	standard deviation	SD
		United States of America (noun)	standard error	SE
		U.S.C.	variance	
		U.S. state	population	Var
			sample	var
Physics and chemistry				
all atomic symbols				
alternating current	AC			
ampere	A			
calorie	cal			
direct current	DC			
hertz	Hz			
horsepower	hp			
hydrogen ion activity (negative log of)	pH			
parts per million	ppm			
parts per thousand	ppt, ‰			
volts	V			
watts	W			

REGIONAL INFORMATION REPORT 5J12-25

WESTERN ALASKA SALMON STOCK IDENTIFICATION PROGRAM TECHNICAL DOCUMENT 23: CHUM SALMON SNP SELECTION RESULTS

by

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ABSTRACT

Uncertainty about the magnitude, frequency, location, and timing of nonlocal harvest of sockeye and chum salmon in Western Alaska fisheries was the impetus for the Western Alaska Salmon Stock Identification Program (WASSIP). The program was designed to use genetic data in mixed stock analysis (MSA) to reduce this uncertainty. A baseline of allele frequencies is required for use in MSA to estimate the stock of origin of harvested fish. In 2008 the WASSIP Advisory Panel requested new baselines based upon 96 single nucleotide polymorphisms (SNPs) for chum salmon *Oncorhynchus keta* to improve the precision and accuracy of stock composition estimates. To meet the standards set by the Advisory Panel for increased resolution more emphasis was placed on selecting markers to distinguish among regional areas within Coastal Western Alaska. We investigated 188 SNPs developed by the Alaska Department of Fish and Game (ADF&G), contractors, or other laboratories to identify the best-performing SNPs for chum salmon MSA. Three measures were used to select the most useful markers from the WASSIP baseline: (1) gating measures (i.e. conformance to population genetic assumptions), (2) scored measures (assigning individual weights designed to select useful markers for WASSIP objectives), and (3) laboratory performance. We selected 96 of the 188 SNPs that perform better in the laboratory and will potentially distinguish among populations and regions more clearly than the previous set of 53 SNPs. For the purposes of WASSIP, we believe our method of selecting useful loci produced a panel of markers which will perform better than randomly selected loci for distinguishing among regions within Coastal Western Alaska and across the species range. This marker set should create consistent, reliable data on which to base further analyses for WASSIP.

Key words: Western Alaska Salmon Stock Identification Program, WASSIP, chum salmon, *Oncorhynchus keta*, mixed stock analysis, MSA, genetic baseline, marker selection, single nucleotide polymorphism, SNP

INTRODUCTION

Early in the development of the Western Alaska Salmon Stock Identification Program (WASSIP) it was clear that the resolution of chum salmon spawning in Coastal Western Alaska (CWAK) regional areas (Norton Sound, Lower Yukon, Lower Kuskokwim, Western Bristol Bay, and Eastern Bristol Bay) was not going to be sufficient to reach the 90% correct allocation level for defining these areas as reporting groups for mixed stock analyses (MSA; see Jasper et al. 2012 for the original panel of 53 SNPs). The WASSIP Memorandum of Understanding (ADF&G 2006) specifically mentions the need to develop a chum salmon baseline capable of identifying the origin of stocks within the Arctic-Yukon-Kuskokwim area, which includes many of the CWAK regional areas, in WASSIP fisheries. The WASSIP Advisory Panel (AP) requested that 96 single nucleotide polymorphism (SNP) markers be incorporated into the chum salmon baseline to improve the precision and accuracy of stock composition estimates at the joint AP/Technical Committee (TC) meeting on March 24, 2008.

To meet this request the department began the process of discovering additional SNP markers for chum salmon through a contract with the International Program for Salmon Ecological Genetics (IPSEG; <http://www.fish.washington.edu/research/ipseg/research.html>) at the University of Washington. These efforts were based on cDNA sequences from 2 chum salmon sampled from the Susitna and Delta rivers. This process has been described in a manuscript published in *Molecular Ecology Resources* (Seeb et al. 2011a) which was provided as Seeb et al. (2012). This process added 37 validated SNPs to the 53 already used by ADF&G for chum salmon (Jasper et al. 2012). Subsequent rounds of SNP development at the University of Washington were based on 16 fish from 4 populations from CWAK and increased the total number of described SNPs to 198 (Petrou et al. *In prep*). TaqMan™ assays were developed or available for all of these 198 SNPs including the original 53-marker set.

Markers were assayed by the IPSEG laboratory on 80–96 individuals from each of 30 collections (Table 1; Figure 1) chosen from across the species range. Ten of these collections were from

CWAK (Figure 2). Of the 198 markers surveyed, 188 markers were determined to perform adequately in the laboratory and were passed on to ADF&G for further consideration (Table 2).

The purpose of this technical document is to describe the methods (initially described in DeCovich et al. 2012) that the Gene Conservation Laboratory used to choose the set of 96 SNPs to be assayed in chum salmon for the WASSIP project. A similar process was completed with the selection of 96 SNPs for use with sockeye salmon and is described in Dann et al. (2012). However, the selection of chum salmon SNPs needed to be significantly different from that used for sockeye salmon: 1) there were many more SNPs available for chum salmon (188 SNPs) than were available for sockeye salmon (124 SNPs); and 2) more emphasis needed to be placed on selecting markers to distinguish among regional areas within CWAK for chum salmon, whereas resolution among regions important for management for sockeye salmon was already close to adequate with the original set of markers. For chum salmon, population discrimination factors contributed to the marker selection to a greater degree because we started from a larger pool of markers and the genetic divergence among chum salmon populations within the WASSIP study area is less than that for sockeye salmon in the current baselines. Whereas, for sockeye salmon, laboratory performance, conformance to Hardy-Weinberg Expectations (HWE), linkage among loci, and discrimination among pairs of populations of interest were the primary measures used in marker selection.

METHODS

We used a combination of gating and scored measures to select the 96 most useful markers for WASSIP (Figure 2). *Gating* measures were used to disqualify markers and included lack of conformance to Hardy-Weinberg Expectations and linkage disequilibrium. *Scored* measures were used to determine the relative usefulness of markers for MSA performance with individual weights designed to select useful markers for WASSIP objectives. Once the scored measures were used to rank the markers (most useful to least useful), laboratory performance was considered, and markers discarded due to poor laboratory performance were replaced with the next highest ranked marker.

GATING MEASURES

Conformance to Hardy-Weinberg Expectations

Nuclear markers were measured for conformance to HWE using the program Genetic Data Analysis (GDA; Lewis and Zaykin 2001 as described by Weir 1996). Collections out of HWE at $\alpha=0.05$ for more than 10% of the markers (19 markers) were excluded from further analysis because they likely do not represent a single population. The rest of the collections were assumed to be sampled from single populations. Markers out of HWE assessed across all populations ($\alpha=0.01$) were excluded. This overall p -value was calculated using the following equation:

$$\chi^2 = -2 \sum_{i=1}^k \log_e(p_i)$$

where k is the number of populations and p is the probability that marker i is out of HWE.

Mitochondrial markers were concatenated into a combined haplotype as described in Smith and Seeb (2008).

Linkage Disequilibrium

Linkage disequilibrium was measured with the program GDA. Marker pairs that exhibited linkage disequilibrium at $\alpha=0.05$ in more than 50% of populations examined were considered *associated*. Some markers were associated with more than one other marker, in which case all pairs with a common marker were assembled into *association blocks*. For marker sets considered associated (both associated pairs and association blocks), we determined whether it was more useful for MSA to combine linked markers or to use only a single marker from the set. For each set of associated markers we used the following process:

- 1) For each pair of associated markers we set up 3 treatment files:
 - a. marker A combined with marker B (*composite phenotype*; Habicht et al. 2010);
 - b. marker A retained and marker B excluded; and
 - c. marker B retained and marker A excluded.
- For associated blocks, we extended this method. For example, for an associated block of 3 markers where marker A and B are associated and marker A and C are associated, we set up 6 treatment files:
 - a. marker A combined with marker B and marker C excluded;
 - b. marker A combined with marker C and marker A excluded;
 - c. marker B combined with marker C and marker A excluded;
 - d. marker A retained and markers B and C excluded;
 - e. marker B retained and markers A and C excluded; and
 - f. marker C retained and markers A and B excluded.
- 2) The rate of correct allocation of simulated individuals to defined reporting groups based upon the markers in question was assessed using *fORCA* (Rosenberg 2005). Combinations of alleles from 2 or more markers can exist in more forms than single markers (for example, 2 markers produce frequencies for 9 possible composite phenotypes while each marker produces frequencies for only 2 alleles, and thus, composite markers generally have higher *fORCA* values than the single markers that form them). Simple comparisons of these values would often suggest combining linked pairs into composite markers. However, there are costs associated with composite markers:
 - a. for a given sample size estimates of 9 phenotype frequencies are less precise than estimates of 1 allele frequency;
 - b. two markers that are subsequently combined into a single locus displace 2 unassociated markers in the laboratory (i.e., it costs the same to screen 2 unassociated markers as 2 associated markers).

To account for these costs, and to ensure that only associated SNP pairs that provided significantly more information than the single SNPs were retained, the difference between *fORCA* values of the composite marker and the single SNP with the greater *fORCA* value in the pair were

compared ($\Delta = f_{\text{ORCA-pair}} - \max(f_{\text{ORCA-single1}}, f_{\text{ORCA-single2}})$). This pair/single difference (Δ) was the test statistic.

- 3) Since the distribution of Δ was unknown, a sampled randomization test was conducted (Sokal and Rohlf 2005). One thousand SNP pairs were randomly selected, and Δ was calculated for each pair to empirically define the test statistic distribution. The 90th quantile of the distribution was set as a critical value (Δ_{90}). If Δ was greater than this critical value, the linked SNPs were combined into a composite phenotype. If Δ was less than the critical value the SNP with the lower f_{ORCA} was excluded from further analysis.

Once associated markers were either combined or excluded, the remaining markers or marker sets were considered loci.

SCORED MEASURES

Nine measures were used to score the effectiveness of loci for MSA. These measures were weighted to achieve two objectives: 1) to increase MSA performance to distinguish among CWAK regional areas, and 2) to maintain MSA performance to distinguish among regions throughout the rest of the species range. Weights were assigned to measures based on perceived benefit of the measure to achieve the objectives and the highest weights were placed on measures associated with the first objective (Figure 3). For each measure, j ($j = 1, 2, \dots, J$), raw values for each locus, l ($l = 1, 2, \dots, L$), were linearly scaled into scores between 0.0 (lowest) and 1.0 (highest) using the formula:

$$S'_{l,j} = \frac{S_{l,j} - S_{min,j}}{S_{max,j} - S_{min,j}}$$

Where, for measure j , $S_{l,j}$ is the raw value at locus l , $S_{min,j}$ is the minimum value across all loci, $S_{max,j}$ is the maximum value across all loci, and $S'_{l,j}$ is the scaled score for the one locus (ZeroOneScore). Weights were assigned for each measure to reflect WASSIP priorities (Figure 4). Scores for each locus were summarized across measures using the following formula:

$$\bar{S}_l = \sum_{j=i}^J \frac{w_j S'_{l,j}}{\sum_{l=1}^L S'_{l,j}}$$

Where w_j is the weight assigned to measure j , and \bar{S}_l is the final score given to locus l . These scores were then ranked from highest to lowest.

Patterns in the scoring for each marker were visualized using a *heat map* created by using Microsoft Excel's conditional formatting on each column (measure) across rows (markers), and finally on the last column (sum of scores).

Measures to Distinguish Among CWAK Regional Areas

The first 4 of the 9 measures were CWAK-specific measures and accounted for 84% of the total weight. CWAK is the most difficult portion of the range to distinguish among populations, yet resolution within this area is central to the objectives of WASSIP. These 4 measures were aimed at selecting loci for differentiating both among CWAK populations and among CWAK regional areas.

The 1st of the 9 measures, the overall F_{ST} , aimed at selecting loci that differentiate among the 10 CWAK populations. This measure was given 24% of the total weight.

The remaining measures aimed at selecting loci that differentiate among the 5 CWAK regional areas. The 2nd of the 9 measures, overall θ_P (Weir and Cockerham 1984), is a variance-based estimation of F -statistics, was used as a measure of differentiation within regional areas when 2 populations were available in each regional area. θ_P for each marker was calculated via a 3-level hierarchical ANOVA (Weir 1996), in which the 10 populations from CWAK were organized into 5 regional areas (Table 1; Figure 2). The θ_P values calculated from individual markers were given 15% of the total weight.

The 3rd of the 9 measures, f_{ORCA} (Rosenberg 2005), aimed at selecting loci for differentiating among the 5 CWAK regional areas with a backward elimination locus selection algorithm (Bromaghin 2008; Jasper and Templin, 2012). This method started with all loci, and then proceeded in a stepwise fashion to eliminate loci, one by one. At each step, the locus that provided the least information for distinguishing among selected regional areas was dropped. For this analysis, Norton Sound, Lower Yukon, and Kuskokwim were the selected regional areas because they have been shown in previous studies to be genetically similar (Jasper et al. 2012).

The f_{ORCA} with backward elimination loci selection algorithm has two components: 1) ranking loci from least to most informative, and 2) assigning f_{ORCA} values to each locus. The algorithm ranked individual loci as follows:

- 1) Remove one locus from the baseline and recompile the baseline with the remaining loci.
- 2) Select an individual fish without replacement from a randomly selected population from 1 of the 3 selected reporting groups in the baseline and assign it to one of the 15 reporting groups based on genotypic probability.
- 3) Repeat Step 2 10,000 times.
- 4) Calculate and record the fraction of correct assignments to reporting groups, f_{ORCA} , for the baseline excluding the locus.
- 5) Repeat Steps 1–4 for all loci in the baseline.
- 6) After all iterations were complete (one iteration for each excluded locus), the locus excluded in the iteration with the highest f_{ORCA} score was identified as the locus that contributed the least amount of information for distinguishing among selected reporting groups.
- 7) Recompile the reduced baseline (without the locus identified in Step 6) and repeat Steps 1–6.
- 8) Repeat this process until only one locus remains.

This method is similar to BELS (Bromaghin 2008) in that it starts with all markers and then sequentially eliminates the markers that provide the least amount of regional discrimination (Jasper and Templin 2012). Unfortunately, BELS was too time consuming and not practical for this application.

Each locus was scored by the change in f_{ORCA} caused by exclusion of the locus from the baseline (Δf_{ORCA}) with higher scores leading to higher rank. The Δf_{ORCA} scores can vary due to the

stochastic nature of the method, so scores were *smoothed* by fitting a curve to the scores and using the fitted value for ranking loci. The *f_{ORCA}* scores were given 30% of the total weighting.

The 4th of the 9 measures, F_{ST} for population pairs, aimed at selecting loci that differentiate among the 5 CWAK regional areas using pairs from adjacent CWAK regional areas. F_{ST} for each marker was calculated using pairs of populations from adjacent regional areas. There were 4 population pairs possible from adjacent regional areas (see Figure 2 for regional areas), and pairs which provided the smallest pairwise F_{ST} were chosen for these tests. The average of the 4 F_{ST} values for each population pair was used as the final score for this section, and was given 15% of the total weight.

Measures to Distinguish Among Broad-scale Pacific Regions

The 5th and 6th of the 9 measures were aimed at differentiating among Pacific-wide regions. Together these measures received 10% of the total weight. Some WASSIP fisheries are known to intercept chum salmon from both the western and southeastern extent of the range. These measures ensured that broad-scale Pacific regions will be identifiable in WASSIP fishery samples. Principle component analysis (PCA) was used to measure the ability of each marker to distinguish Pacific regions. The 10% weight given to this section was divided between the first 2 principle components according to the proportion of overall variance that each explains. Thus, the amount of variation associated with each marker in the first principle component received 0-10% of the total weighting, and the amount of variation associated with each marker in the second principle component received the remaining weight.

Measures to Distinguish Among Specific Regions Outside of CWAK

The 7th, 8th, and 9th of the 9 measures aimed at selecting loci for differentiating among populations within regions outside CWAK (regional measures) received the remaining 6% of the total weighting. This ensured that markers important for distinguishing broad-scale population structure were considered and ensured a useable panel of SNPs for research in areas outside of CWAK (Figure 5). Population pairs selected from 3 regions of interest outside Alaska were used to calculate θ_P (Weir and Cockerham 1984) for individual markers. If no more than 1 population was available from a region, F_{ST} was calculated rather than θ_P . The 3 regions of interest included were: 1) Honshu and Hokkaido islands, 2) Southeast Alaska and British Columbia, and 3) British Columbia and Washington.

Postselection Laboratory Performance

Candidate SNPs were ordered from best to worst with respect to the measures above and laboratory performance was assessed on the best 96 candidates. As with the sockeye selection process (Dann et al. 2012), cluster tightness, alignment and drop-out rates were used as indicators of performance. Cluster tightness is a measure of the variation among individuals of a genotype; tight clusters indicate genotypes that were easier to score and produced more reliable data (Figure 6). Cluster alignment is a measure of the alignment of the genotype cluster relative to the origin; an assay with separated cluster alignment had distinct genotype clusters (Figure 7). Drop-out occurs when a sample is genotyped, but 1 or more alleles are not present, this can be due to DNA quality, mutation in the primer binding site, or alleles outside the normal calling range (Figure 8). Markers deemed unacceptable by consensus among 3 experienced genotypers based on any of these 3 measures, were discarded. When a marker was discarded due to laboratory performance, the next highest-rated marker was evaluated. The process was continued

until 96 markers with adequate laboratory performance were selected. Laboratory performance was incorporated after the scored measures to avoid laboratory analysis of markers that provide little useful MSA information.

Laboratory performance was evaluated on DNA templates extracted from various tissue types. Further, assay performance was evaluated on DNA template that was both pre-amplified and not pre-amplified with the expectation that the pre-amplified templates would produce better results. This was expected to indicate assay robustness across varying template qualities. Assays were given a rating of poor, acceptable, good, or great. Those assays given a poor rating were discarded. This final step could result with a final selected SNP set falling below the target of 96 SNPs.

Ensuring No Loss in Baseline Performance

Final evaluation used simulations on the final locus set to test for any loss of MSA resolution for distinguishable regions (>90% correct allocation) generally outlined in Seeb et al. (2011b). Matching exact reporting groups was not possible, but reasonable approximations were tested. These reporting groups included (corresponding collection numbers from Table 1 in parentheses): Japan (1,2), Russia (3,4), Kotzebue Sound (5,6,), CWAK (7,8,9,10,13,14,15,16), Upper Yukon (11,12), Eastern Bristol Bay (17,18), North Alaska Peninsula (19,20), South Alaska Peninsula/Kodiak (21,22), Southcentral Alaska (23,24), Southeast Alaska/BC (26,27,28), and Washington (29,30). Correct allocations in Seeb et al. (2011) ranged from 85% to 99%, with the majority of reporting regions allocating above 90%. The correct allocation is expected to be higher for this study than those in Seeb et al. (2011b) because regions in this study are represented by only a few populations. Therefore, mean correct allocations to reporting groups below those reported by Seeb et al. (2011b) would trigger the addition of loci highly ranked for Pacific-wide and outside Alaska measures. If loci were added, the lowest-scored loci from the CWAK-specific measures would be dropped. Loci would be added and dropped following these rules until the resolution to these broader reporting groups exceeded 90%.

Simulations were performed using SPAM v3.7b (Debevec et al. 2000; Reynolds et al. 2001) using parametric bootstrapping with replacement. The simulations were based on 400 individuals using population-specific allele frequencies from every population within each reporting group and an equal number of fish were generated from each population within a reporting group. This process was repeated 1,000 times for each reporting group, and the mean and central 90% of the distribution of estimates were reported as the estimate and the 90% confidence interval. Simulated mixtures were analyzed using a maximum likelihood model. SPAM was used because of its ability to handle haplotype data.

RESULTS

GATING MEASURES

Conformance to Hardy-Weinberg Expectations

Deviations from HWE were observed in 1 collection from Southeast Alaska (24 Mile Creek from the Chilkat River drainage) at 30 loci ($\alpha=0.05$). Further examination of this collection revealed negative F_{IS} values, consistent with the Wahlund effect, a reduction of heterozygosity due to a mixture of individuals from more than 1 population. The 24 Mile Creek collection was dropped from all subsequent analyses.

Five markers were out of HWE overall at the 29 remaining populations ($\alpha=0.01$; Table 3). These 5 markers were excluded from subsequent analyses. There was a high, but not perfect, correspondence between the markers out of HWE overall and the markers out of HWE in multiple individual populations. All 5 of the excluded markers were also out of HWE ($\alpha=0.05$) in 4 to 9 populations (14–31%). However, 2 of the markers that were not out of HWE overall, were out of HWE in 5 and 6 populations (17–21%). The 3 mitochondrial markers were concatenated into a combined haplotype.

Linkage Disequilibrium

Linkage disequilibrium analyses revealed 19 pairs of markers that were associated, evidenced by significant p -values ($\alpha=0.05$) in more than 50% of the populations (Table 4). These 19 pairs segregated into 15 association blocks. The critical value, $\Delta_{90} = 0.041$, was used to determine whether to retain associated SNPs as a pair or simply to retain the most informative SNP in the pair. Three marker pairs had Δ scores equal to or greater than this critical value and were retained as paired markers representing single loci (Table 4). These 3 pairs were renamed and used as composite phenotypes (loci) in all subsequent analyses.

SCORED MEASURES

Scored measure results were tabulated (Appendices A–H) and summarized in a heat map (Figure 9).

Measures to Distinguish Among CWAK Regional Areas

The 1st of the 4 measures intended to distinguish among CWAK regional areas was the overall F_{ST} among the 10 CWAK populations. Values for this measure ranged from –0.004 to 0.088 across individual loci (Appendix A). Values for the 2nd measure, θ_P among the 5 regions, ranged from -0.013 to 0.032 across individual loci (Appendix B). Values of F_{ST} and θ_P that are less than zero generally indicate no difference between the populations or regions measured.

The 3rd measure used backward elimination locus selection using *fORCA* as the measure of difference among populations of Norton Sound, Lower Yukon, and Kuskokwim. As expected from the backward-elimination algorithm, the *fORCA* curve was not monotonic (Figure 10) in that addition of some loci caused the curve to drop after it peaked at the optimal locus set. Therefore, to use this curve to assign meaningful scores to each locus, we regarded the change in the *fORCA* curve (Δf_{ORCA}) as the measure of the influence of a locus. Since each point on the *fORCA* curve was approximated instead of being calculated from closed form, the curve was not smooth making the Δf_{ORCA} 's somewhat noisy. Fortunately, the *fORCA* curve was approximately quadratic; making the Δf_{ORCA} 's approximately linear. We therefore fit a least-square regression line to the Δf_{ORCA} 's, and each locus was given a score based on the fitted value (Figure 11) prior to transformation into ZeroOneScores (Appendix C).

The 4th measure, average F_{ST} between population pairs in CWAK, required us to identify the population pairs with the lowest F_{ST} from all possible pairs between adjacent groups. The populations chosen based on this criterion were; the Kwiniuk and East Fork Andreafsky rivers for the Norton Sound/Lower Yukon groups, the East Fork Andreafsky and Salmon rivers for the Lower Yukon/Lower Kuskokwim pairs, the Kanektok and Iowithla rivers for the Lower Kuskokwim/Western Bristol Bay pairs, and the Iowithla and Alagnak rivers for the Western Bristol Bay/Eastern Bristol Bay pairs (Figure 2, Appendix D).The average F_{ST} between

population pairs ranged from -0.008 to 0.064 for the Norton Sound/Lower Yukon pair, -0.008 to 0.045 for the Lower Yukon/ Lower Kuskokwim pair, -0.006 to 0.085 for the Lower Kuskokwim/Western Bristol Bay pair, and -0.006 to 0.132 for the Western Bristol Bay/Eastern Bristol Bay pair. The average of the four ZeroOneScores was used to rank each locus for this measure. (Appendix E).

Measures to Distinguish Among Broad-scale Pacific Regions

The 5th and 6th measures were the first two principal components of a PCA which included all assessment populations to account for range-wide differences (Appendix F). Based upon the PCA, these two components accounted for 48% of the total variation in the dataset. Principal component 1 segregated populations from Japan to the Upper Yukon and principal component 2 segregated populations from Japan to Washington.

Measures to Distinguish Among Specific Regions Outside of CWAK

The 7th measure used the per-locus F_{ST} between Honshu (Tokachi River) and Hokkaido (Gakko River) populations. F_{ST} values ranged from -0.007 and 0.189 between these island populations (Appendix G).

The 8th measure used the per-locus F_{ST} between populations in Southeast Alaska (North Arm Creek) and British Columbia (Kitimat and Kitwanga rivers). These values ranged from -0.093 to 0.138 across the available loci (Appendix H). F_{ST} was used because only one population was available from Southeast Alaska.

The 9th measure was θ_P between the populations in British Columbia and Washington State (Nisqually River Hatchery and Elwha River). These values ranged from -0.101 to 0.393 across the available loci (Appendix I).

Post-selection Laboratory Performance

Seventeen of the 96 top-ranked loci were discarded and replaced with the next-highest scored markers due to poor performance in 1 or more of the laboratory measures (*Oke_RS9-379*, *Oke_U2017-87*, *Oke_U1027-89*, *Oke_U1028-100*, *Oke_col1a2-62*, *Oke_mcf2-86*, *Oke_txnrd1-74*, *Oke_CO1A1-72*, *Oke_U2001-629*, *Oke_hmgb1-66*, *Oke_U1031-132*, *Oke_RPN1-80*, *Oke_GPH-78*, *Oke_CD123-62*, *Oke_U1020-75*, *Oke_U2022-101*, and *Oke_U2033-122*). One of the next highest-ranked markers was also removed due to poor performance (*Oke_PDI43-475*) and the next highest marker was included. The 96 remaining markers were used in the chum salmon baseline panel (Table 2). After combining associated markers, the baseline panel contained 91 loci.

Ensuring No Loss in Baseline Performance

Simulation tests across regions outside of CWAK had mean allocation estimates ranging from 0.999 for the Japan region to 0.866 for the Eastern Bristol Bay region (Table 5). The Eastern Bristol Bay Region had the only mean allocation below 90%, and 9 out of 11 regions had mean allocations above 95%.

DISCUSSION

The gating measures (conformance to HWE, unassociated markers, and lab performance) ensured that the results obtained from the weighted measures were not due to artifacts associated with non-Mendelian inheritance, independence among loci, or laboratory genotyping errors.

For the purposes of WASSIP, we believe that these methods yielded a better set of loci than a random set. The selection of loci using these methods was clearly influenced by the measures used and the weights applied to the measures. The heat map shows that measures yielded different rankings of loci and that different measures or different weights would have resulted in the selection of a different set of loci. However, if we selected loci randomly we might expect to select approximately 51% (96/188) of the top 96 loci for any measure. As might be expected due to heavily weighting CWAK, we retained between 72% and 83% of the top-ranked 96 loci for measures designed to distinguish within this region. In addition, we also selected 61% of the top 96 loci ranked on their ability to distinguish among populations within Japan, 60% of the top 96 loci ranked on their ability to distinguish between populations from Southern British Columbia and Washington, and 56% of the top 96 loci ranked on their ability to distinguish between populations from Southeast Alaska and Northern British Columbia. Finally, for the PCA, which considers all populations, we retained 60% of the top 96 loci in PC1, and 59% of the top 96 loci PC2. We consider this evidence that our method of selecting useful loci produced a panel which will perform better than randomly selected loci for applications across the species range. This is also evidence that some loci are more useful than others, regardless of where resolution is needed. For example, *Oke_KPNA2-87* was the second highest scored locus, and performed well for measures concerning CWAK and those between Southeast Alaska and Northern British Columbia. The 7th highest scored locus, *Oke_RSPRYI-106*, also performed well for CWAK measures and those concerning Southern British Columbia and Washington populations.

The methods used here for chum salmon incorporated comments received from the TC for the locus selection in sockeye salmon (Dann et al. 2012), and chum salmon (DeCovich et al. 2012). First, we applied specific weights to measures rather than the *de facto* weighting scheme used in Dann et al. (2012), which was driven simply by the number of measures used. Secondly, we were careful to include measures that select loci that are strongly divergent around the Pacific Rim, such as the 3 regional measures listed at the end of the “Scored measures”, and we examined MSA performance of the final set to ensure no degradation in MSA performance from published analyses.

These methods also benefited from lessons learned during the SNP selection for sockeye salmon and outlined at the end of Dann et al. (2012). Among these were: 1) applying gating measures before applying ranking measures rather than having only ranking measures, 2) weighting ranking measures according to importance of the judge, and 3) scoring measures rather than ranking them.

The comparison of MSA performance reported in Seeb et al. (2011b) and by the set of loci identified in this project provides evidence that this panel of 96 SNPs provides better resolution than the previously-existing SNP panel. The only test that produced an estimate below 90% using the selected 91 loci was for Eastern Bristol Bay (87%; Table 5). In Seeb et al. (2011b), the Southern Bristol Bay regional area, which most closely approximates our Eastern Bristol Bay regional area, had a mean allocation estimate of 85% in simulation tests. Although these tests do not implement proper cross validation and therefore may be optimistic (Anderson 2010), both the Seeb et al. (2011b) and our tests used similar methods, so they are comparable.

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Stock Identification Program (WASSIP) TC during the implementation of the program. The authors would like to thank the WASSIP TC and Advisory Panel for their constructive input on each of the documents throughout the project. The authors would also like to thank Erica Chenoweth who coordinated and prepared the Technical Document series for publication and Publication Specialists Amy Carroll and Joanne MacClellan for implementing the series into Regional Information Reports.

TECHNICAL COMMITTEE COMMENTS

The Technical Committee commented extensively on Technical Document 8 (Decovich et al. 2012) which described the proposed methods for chum salmon SNP selection. Generally, the TC supported the approach and measures we proposed using. The TC also provided suggestions for improving some of the methods. We incorporated these comments into the final methods. Among the changes in methods instituted based on TC comments were:

- 1) Linkage Disequilibrium (LD) and Hardy-Weinberg Expectation (HWE): The TC noted that before using LD and HWE to exclude loci, we should check that the collections represent single populations. We added a test to detect collections that represented more than 1 population. We detected 1 collection from Southeast Alaska (24-Mile Creek from the Chilkat River drainage) that was out of HWE and we excluded this population from the locus selection analysis.
- 2) Lack of rationale for inclusion of measures for selecting loci that distinguish among collections outside Alaska: We provided a rationale for including each measure.

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TABLES

Table 1.—Collections of chum salmon screened for 188 SNPs (Table 2) and their associated region, sample size, and map number from Figure 1.

Region/regional areas	Collection	Sample size	Map Number
Japan	Tokachi River	80	1
	Gakko River late	80	2
Russia	Amur River summer	95	3
	Palana River	95	4
Kotzebue Sound	Kiana River	95	5
	Inmachuk River	95	6
Norton Sound ^a	Kwiniuk River	95	7
	Unalakleet River	95	8
Lower Yukon ^a	Andreafsky River - East Fork	95	9
	Nulato River	95	10
Upper Yukon	Fishing Branch	95	11
	Kluane River	95	12
Lower Kuskokwim ^a	Salmon River	95	13
	Kanektok River	95	14
Western Bristol Bay ^a	Osviak River	95	15
	Iowithla River	95	16
Eastern Bristol Bay ^a	Whale Mountain Creek	95	17
	Alagnak River	95	18
North Alaska Peninsula	Frosty Creek	95	19
	Sapsuk - Nelson River	95	20
South Alaska Peninsula/ Kodiak	Portage Creek	95	21
	Rough Creek	95	22
Southcentral Alaska	Little Susitna River	95	23
	Beartrap Creek	95	24
Southeast Alaska	Chilkat River – 24-Mile Creek ^b	95	25
	North Arm Creek	95	26
British Columbia	Kitimat River	95	27
	Kitwanga River	95	28
Washington	Nisqually River Hatchery	95	29
	Elwha River	95	30

^aRegional areas included in Coastal Western Alaska (CWAK) region.

^bCollection excluded from analyses due to deviation from Hardy-Weinberg expectations.

Table 2.—Forward and reverse primer sequences and VIC and FAM allele calls for 188 SNP assays screened for 30 collections (Table 1).

Assay name	Included in final set	VIC	FAM	Forward Primer Sequence	Reverse Primer Sequence
<i>Oke_ACOT-100</i>	X	C	G	TCAGGGACGATAAAGGGATCATCTT	GGGAGAGACACAGGTCTACCT
<i>Oke_AhRI-278</i>		T	A	GCGGACACCCCTCTCACAA	CCCACGGTAGTCGAAGCA
<i>Oke_AhRI-78</i>	X	G	A	AGCAGAACAGCACCTACAG	GCTACTTGCCTCTGCTGTTG
<i>Oke_AP0B-60</i>		C	T	CTGTGGATGGTATTCTGGATGCA	GGCACTACAAAAGAGGGAATCTCA
<i>Oke_arf-319</i>	X	T	C	TGCAGAAACTGATCATTGGTAGTGG	TCTGTTGTTACTCTGTTCCGTCAA
<i>Oke_ATP5L-105</i>	X	C	G	GTGCACACCAATCCATTCTGAAT	TGTTTAAGGTGTGACTTGCTGGTA
<i>Oke_ATP5L-248</i>		A	T	CTAGTGGATTGTGGCTTACGTCAA	GGATTCTGACTGTGGGTGTTAACAA
<i>Oke_azin1-90</i>	X	C	T	GGGAATAGTGTCAATTGGGATGCAT	GGTGAATGATATTCTGTAGTCATATTGCTT
<i>Oke_brd2-118</i>	X	C	T	CTCAAGCCCTCCACACTCA	GGGCCGTTCCGTCAAAGCA
<i>Oke_brp16-65</i>	X	C	T	TCCACGTCACTCAGCATGATG	ACGGTCAACTTTGGATTAGTGAAGA
<i>Oke_CATB-60</i>	X	C	T	GCTTCTATGGGTCTACTACCGTAT	GCACTCCTCTTACACAACCTGA
<i>Oke_ccd16-77</i>	X	A	C	TGTCTTCAGAACATCCAATGCTTCCT	GAGAAAGTTGCCGAGCTCAAG
<i>Oke_CD123-62</i>		A	G	GAACAGCAGTGAATCGGTTACCT	TTGACGCTGTGTGCTTCGA
<i>Oke_CD81-108</i>	X	G	T	CAGTATCATCATACAGCACAGATAACAACA	GCCTGCTTGTATACTGACAGTCAA
<i>Oke_CD81-173</i>	X	A	C	GATGACTGGAGTCAGCTTGCA	TTTCCTGGCTCATCTGCTGTA
<i>Oke_cjo57-86</i>		A	C	CAGAAGGTCTAAAGGTCTTAACATCA	CAGATTGAACAGTGCCAGAGA
<i>Oke_CKS1-70</i>		G	A	GCTACCTCTATCATACCGCCAATATT	ATGTACATCTCTCCATGTGTTGGT
<i>Oke_CKS1-94</i>	X	G	T	TCTTCGACATGTTAACATCGAACAGAAGT	CCAGCTTCGCTTGTCAAAACG
<i>Oke_CKS-389</i>	X	G	A	GGGCCATTCTCTGAGTTCACT	GAGCACCGGTTGTCAATGGA
<i>Oke_CO1A1-72</i>		G	A	CTGTCAATGGAGGGTATCGAAAT	CACCTAAGGTCTGCAAGCA
<i>Oke_CO1A1-76</i>		A	T	GAGGGTGATCGAAATTGTGCTACTA	ACGACTGACATCAAGATAAAATCTGCTAATT
<i>Oke_colla2-62</i>		G	A	GCAGGAAACCACTCTCATTCTACT	AGACTTAGGAAATTGCACCTGCTTA
<i>Oke_Cr30</i>	X	G	A	ACTACTCTCTGGCGGCTACA	AACCTGGATTAGTGCTGATGTATGAG
<i>Oke_Cr386</i>	X	G	-	CTTAATGTAGTAAGAACCGACCAACGA	ACTTAGGAACCAAATGCCAGGAAT
<i>Oke_ctgf-105</i>	X	G	A	TGAGTCCATGTACTACAAGAAGATGCT	TCGGTCAAGTTAACAGAGTCATTGGTT
<i>Oke_CTR2-82</i>		C	T	GCAGCAGACACACCGAAGTA	CCATTCCCACGGCATCGT
<i>Oke_DBLOH-79</i>		C	T	GCAGATATGCCTCAGGGATGT	GACAGTCAAAGGATCAAGCTACCT

-continued-

Table 2. Page 2 of 7.

Assay name	Included in final set	VIC	FAM	Forward Primer Sequence	Reverse Primer Sequence
Oke_DCXR-87	X	A	T	GTCACCCAGAACAAATAGAATGAGTCT	TCTAACACACCCACAATCTGCAAAA
Oke_DM20-548		G	T	CACTCCCCCGCTTACTGATATCTA	ACGGACAGCTCATTACATACACAA
Oke_e2ig5-50	X	C	T	GCACTGCTCATTCTGTACATG	GGGAGTTCTTAGTGTGACCATAGAG
Oke_EF2-394		C	T	GCTTAACTGCTGTTCTGCTATAGG	GCAGTCTCCTCCTTCTGAAGTT
Oke_eif4ebp2-64		G	A	CGAAAGAAGATGGCTGCTGTGA	TGGCTTGGCTGTAGAAACCA
Oke_eif4g1-43	X	G	T	GCACCCAACAGTTCATCATGTAAGT	CCACCCCCAGTAGTCAATCCT
Oke_f5-71	X	C	T	CTCAAATTCCCTTGACATCAATTCA	GATCCTCATGCACATCCAAACG
Oke_FANK1-	X	C	T	ACTCACGTGTGGTAGAGACAGA	AGACTGAGAATCACAAGACCAACTG
Oke_FANK1-96		A	C	GGCTCACCTGGATGACATTATATAGG	CGTGAGTACACAACACTCTTCAGT
Oke_FBXL5-61	X	G	A	TGGTGTGTAACGTCAGTGACTTAAG	CACCTCTAGAAATGACATGATCAGTGT
Oke_gdh1-191	X	A	G	GTGGAGACCAAACCCAGTAGAAC	GGGTTAGAGGTCAAGGTTAGAG
Oke_gdh1-234		C	T	CAAACCCAGTAGAACCTGTGT	CTGGGAATGGTATATGTGTTCCCT
Oke_gdh1-62	X	C	T	CCACGTGATAACAGGGAGATGTG	CACACACACTGACACGTACTGT
Oke_GHII-3129	X	G	A	GTCAAGCTGATACCAACTCAAATCTCA	AGAATCTGACTACAGTCACCTAAAGTGATT
Oke_glrx1-78	X	C	T	CGCTCCGTCCAGTGATGTC	GGCAAAGAGGTATTGACAAAGTAC
Oke_GNMT-100		C	T	GCGTCCACGCTCGTCAT	AGCGTGGACTCCATCATGTTG
Oke_GnRH-373		C	A	CCTGAGGAGACAAGTGCACATG	ATTGGCCATTAGGAATACAATGAATACAAT
Oke_GPDH-191	X	T	A	CCTGTACCTATAGGGCAACTTCAC	TGCCCTCTGATGGTATGATGGT
Oke_GPH-105	X	T	G	CAGATCAACCCCTGGAAAAATATCTGATGT	TGAACAAGCAGCCCAATTCTGT
Oke_GPH-78		G	T	GCAGCCCAATTCTGATATTGTTTACTAATT	TGAACAAGCAGCCCAATTCTGT
Oke_H2AX-72		C	T	AGGGCAACTACGCTCATAGAGTA	CGAGGACAGCAGCCATGTA
Oke_hmgb1-66		G	T	GGAAACAGAACATAACTAAAGACCCCTACATT	ACGCCCCATTGGAAACC
Oke_hnRNPL-		A	T	GAACGCAAGTAAGTGTGAAATCGA	GAAGAGAAAGACAGAAAGGGTTAGAAAA
Oke_HP-182	X	A	C	CCGATGACTCCAAAGAAGTTGCT	GTCTGAATATTGTTGAAAGAGATGGTAAT
Oke_hsc71-199		G	C	CTGAAACTACCTCCCCCTAACAAAG	ACAAGTCATGAGACTCAGACACAAG
Oke_HSP90BA-		G	A	CACATACCAAGTGTGACCTTGA	GCACAACGATGATGAGCAGTACAT
Oke_il-1racp-67	X	G	A	AATTGCTCCTCCTCGCTATTCTC	CCATCATTAGACGACAAGGAGTAT

-continued-

Table 2. Page 3 of 7.

Assay name	Included in final set	VIC	FAM	Forward Primer Sequence	Reverse Primer Sequence
<i>Oke_IL8r2-406</i>	X	A	G	GGATGGACATTCACAGTCTGGTT	TTTCCAATCCCTGGCATCGT
<i>Oke_IL8r-272</i>		T	G	AGGCTGAGGCAGTGACATG	ACCGACGCTTAGCAATGTAC
<i>Oke_KPNA2-87</i>	X	T	A	AGGCAGCCAGGTAAGTCAGTA	CAAAAGTAACGGTTAGGGACAGACA
<i>Oke_lactb2-71</i>		G	A	CGTCGTGAACCATGAGTGCAATA	TTCGCACAACCTGGACGATAG
<i>Oke_lamp2-138</i>		G	A	GCATGTTACAGGACGGCAAGA	GGCTGGTATCACTGTGACATTCA
<i>Oke_LAMP2-</i>	X	A	G	TTCTAGCCATGACCCAATGAAAGG	AACTGCTCAAATGCTGGTTAGTA
<i>Oke_mcf2-86</i>		C	T	GGCTTGAGGGCCACATTG	GTCAAAACAAAATCTGTGCAACCC
<i>Oke_METK2-97</i>		C	T	CCAGGACGAAGGTCAAAGTTCTT	GGCACATCCCAGAAGAGTGA
<i>Oke_mgll-49</i>	X	A	T	ACATTGTAATCTGTATTAGTCCAATGCAGAC	GGTACCATCTGCAACATCAAC
<i>Oke_MLRN-63</i>	X	G	A	CCATTTCAGCATTGCCAGATTGAAA	GATGTCACAGACCAAGTACCATGTT
<i>Oke_Moesin-160</i>	X	T	G	TTTCAGCAAATGAAGAGAACATCAAAC	GGGTTCCAACAAAGATGTCCTT
<i>Oke_nc2b-148</i>	X	A	C	CCAGCCTATTCCTTACTGCATATGA	GCACCCATTCCCTACATGGT
<i>Oke_ND3-69</i>	X	G	A	TGGTATTGAATTGTCGTAGAAGGCAA	CCACGGCCTACACGTAATCATC
<i>Oke_ndub3-58</i>		C	T	GAGGCTTCAGTCGCTCTGTATC	CAGCGAAGCCCCATTAAAGC
<i>Oke_NHERF-</i>		G	T	AGGAGTGAGGGCGAGAGAA	GGAACGAACTCTTCAGTAACCT
<i>Oke_NHERF-54</i>		G	A	CCCTCAATTAGCACATGAAAATCACA	CTCCTTCTTTGCTCTCTCTCAA
<i>Oke_NUPRI-70</i>	X	G	T	AGACGGTGAACCTGCTGTAGA	TCCCTTCACTGAAGCTACAGTCA
<i>Oke_PDIA3-475</i>		A	G	CCCGGTTCCCTCCAGTAGTTG	CTGGTGGCCTACTACGATGTG
<i>Oke_PDIA3-82</i>		A	C	TGCCTACGATGGACCCAGAA	ACTCAGCCCCATCAGGACAAGA
<i>Oke_pgap-111</i>	X	C	T	TGCAGATCTCAATTGAACGACCTAT	AGACGACCATTATGGCTAACGTT
<i>Oke_pgap-92</i>	X	C	G	TGCAGATCTCAATTGAACGACCTAT	AGACGACCATTATGGCTAACGTT
<i>Oke_pnrc2-78</i>		G	A	CGTGACAGCAGGGAGATGA	CATCTCTAGGCATGCACCTTGA
<i>Oke_PPA2-635</i>	X	C	T	ACACAACTGACCATATTGACTTCGA	TGGATAAAAGATCTATATGGTAATAAGGTC
<i>Oke_psmd9-188</i>		C	T	ACTGAGGCAATATTCTGCAGGTT	GGGCTTGCATTAGTGTGAAATC
<i>Oke_psmd9-57</i>	X	C	T	ACTGTAGTGACTGCATTGATATTGCT	ACCAGTTGTATTGATGGCCAAATGAC
<i>Oke_rab5a-117</i>	X	C	T	GGGAATAACAGTCATTGCAGCATT	CCATTGTTGAAACTGGACAGC
<i>Oke_ras1-249</i>	X	T	G	GGATGACTAAGAGCGACTGTATGTG	AATTATGACTGCTGAAGATTGAGTGC

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Assay name	Included in final set	VIC	FAM	Forward Primer Sequence	Reverse Primer Sequence
<i>Oke_RFC2-618</i>	X	G	A	GACAATGTGTTAGTGTAGGCTTCACT	ACACTGGAATACTTAAGTGCACAACA
<i>Oke_RH1op-245</i>	X	C	T	TGGCCGATCTCTCATGGTAATC	TCCAAAGACGAAATAGCCATGCA
<i>Oke_ROA1-209</i>		A	G	CAGGGTTGATTGGTTAACCTACATTGAAT	GCTGGATCTCTCATTACCTGTAGGT
<i>Oke_RPNI-80</i>		A	G	CACGCACCTTGCTAACAGATAACAG	GGCTCTACCGCCAAGATAAAAGTTAT
<i>Oke_RS27-81</i>	X	G	A	GCAACAAAGTGGACTATCACATTGAA	GCACCCAAGAAAGATTGATCCAGAA
<i>Oke_RS27-94</i>		G	A	CACTTCTAGATCAATCCGCTGTTTC	GCGACTCCAGCCTTGACA
<i>Oke_RS9-379</i>		A	T	GCAATCCTCCATACATTACCTGTCA	GTCTATAAGACTGCCAGAACCAA
<i>Oke_RSPRY1-</i>	X	A	T	GTCCTCCCTATTCTTCACTTACCT	GCAAAGAAGCCAGACCTGAGAAA
<i>Oke_serpin-140</i>	X	A	T	TCCACAGTGAGTAATAAAGTTGCACAT	GAGCAAAGACCTAGGCCTGAAG
<i>Oke_slc1a3a-86</i>	X	C	T	TGTCTTCATCTGTGGACTCCTACAA	TCACCATGACAACTCACCTAGATGA
<i>Oke_sylc-90</i>	X	A	T	TTGAGGAAACCCTGGTCTTACAAG	GCATCCTTCCTACCTTCCTTGAG
<i>Oke_TCPI-78</i>	X	A	G	CTCCAGGGCATTGCAAATG	TGCTCATTACCACCATCTCTCT
<i>Oke_TCTA-202</i>		A	C	AGTTTAGCACTTACCTTGTGGT	CAGTCTCATTGCCATCCATTTCG
<i>Oke_TCTA-99</i>		C	G	GCTAGCACTTCATGGCAGCAT	GCCACCATCATCACGTTAGTTCTA
<i>Oke_Tf-278</i>	X	C	A	GCCACAATTGTAATTCTAGATCCAGAGT	ACTGTACCTGGTGAGTTTAAAGCA
<i>Oke_thic-84</i>	X	C	T	GCTGCTGCTTAAACCACATTCTACA	GCCTTCCTATTGTCCTGTTCT
<i>Oke_txnrdI-74</i>		A	G	CACCCCATGTGCCTTGGA	GACGTCCCTGGCCCTTAACC
<i>Oke_u0602-244</i>		G	T	CAAGTATGCATGACTAGCTATGTATATCTT	TCTGCTATTGGTGGCCTATGTG
<i>Oke_U1001-79</i>		A	G	GACAGTCAAAGGATCAAGCTACCT	GCAGATATGCCTCAGGGATGT
<i>Oke_U1002-165</i>		C	G	GATTATTGGATCGAGAGAGTTAGAAGAGAGA	TCCTGCTGGAGCACATGTT
<i>Oke_U1002-262</i>	X	G	T	CCTAGACCACTCCAGACTGTT	GCTGTGAACTCAGAATTGCTGTGA
<i>Oke_U1008-83</i>	X	A	G	GTCACCAAACATCCTGCGAATG	ACTGTAAAACAAATACAGAAGCTCACTCA
<i>Oke_U1010-154</i>		A	G	TCCCATGCCCTTACTCTATCAATA	GGCTTATAAATACATTGATTGAGG
<i>Oke_U1010-251</i>	X	A	G	CACCTCAATCAATCAAATGTATTATAAAGC	ATCGTTGGCCTAAACAAGGT
<i>Oke_U1012-241</i>	X	A	G	GCAGAGGTTATACCCATTAGATGCA	GTTGGCAGTCACGAACATTGTTAT
<i>Oke_U1012-60</i>		A	G	TGTACTCCTCTGCTGGCTGTATAT	GGTAACCTGCTTGCCAACAG
<i>Oke_U1015-255</i>	X	A	G	CAGAGTGCAGAGTAATACGCATACA	ACTCTGTCATCCTCACCAAGGTAA

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Table 2. Page 5 of 7.

Assay name	Included in final set	VIC	FAM	Forward Primer Sequence	Reverse Primer Sequence
Oke_U1016-154	X	C	T	GCAGGTTGCTAAGTCATGTTACACA	ACGATAGGCAGTAGGCAACATAAAG
Oke_U1017-52	X	C	T	TGGCAATGGGATGTCAAGTTATGA	CCAAGGAGTCCATGGTAATAAGCAA
Oke_U1018-50	X	C	T	TCCAGGTTGCTGACAATGTAAAAGT	TGTGTTGCACAATATCCACTACTTGA
Oke_U1019-218		C	T	GCAGTCACACATTCTCATCACA	TTCCTACAGAGGCAGATGCTAGT
Oke_U1020-75		C	G	GCCAATCGCGGAAGTCTCA	GTTCACAAACGGCACAAACAGTAC
Oke_U1021-102	X	G	T	TCGAGGATTGAGGATTAGGCTACT	AGCAAAATCACTAAGTCTCGTGTT
Oke_U1022-114		A	G	GGAGTACTGCAATTGTCGTTTAA	CAGTCCACCACGTGTTGTG
Oke_U1022-139	X	A	G	AACATTAAAATGTGGTTTGACCTCTG	CAGTCCACCACGTGTTGTG
Oke_U1023-147	X	A	C	TCTTAAAATGGAGAGAGCGATTAATGAAGG	GGCTTCAGTTGACCATGTACTCATA
Oke_U1024-113	X	A	G	CATGCTGGTAATTATTGGACAATGT	CTGCTACATATGAAACTAGAGAACACACT
Oke_U1025-135	X	G	T	GGCTAGGGTTCTATTGGACCAT	CAGTAGTGTCTGCTCTGTAGTTCAA
Oke_U1027-89		A	G	GCTCTGAAAAATATCTGACGTGATTGG	ATCTAGGGTCAGCCATCAGGAA
Oke_U1028-100		A	C	CCTACTATTCAGAGGCTTGACACA	CCCTCCAAGTCCCCAGTCA
Oke_U1031-132		C	T	ACTAGAGCAGGCTTTCTGTTAGC	CGGTTATGCCTTAAATCTTACCCATAAAT
Oke_U1103-150		C	A	ACCTCTCGACTTATTCAAATTTGTTACA	GGTATTGTGTAGTGGTTAAAGGG
Oke_u1-519		A	T	AGGTTTGTATGCGGCTGCTT	CAACTCAGCACAAAGAACTGTTCAC
Oke_U2001-629		C	T	CCCCACTCCTCTACTCATCCAT	TTAGTACAAATGAACGAGGGTTGGAA
Oke_U2002-200		A	C	CCAGTGTGTAGAAAACATGTGCTCTA	GCGCTTACGCTTCATTTGCA
Oke_U2003-142		C	T	CTCCTCACTAACAGTAGCTGCAATT	CCTTGAAAGTGAGATATCTGTAGTTCGT
Oke_u200-385	X	G	T	CCCATAATTGCAACCCTAGTCACA	CCTTCCCCATATCCTGTCACTTT
Oke_U2005-62		A	G	GTACAGCAGAGACTAAAGCTATACAACA	GAGGTCAAGGCTTCACATCAC
Oke_U2006-109	X	G	T	CCAACACCACTTCCATTAATAAGCA	GCACACCTAATTGACAAACAAACC
Oke_U2007-190	X	C	G	ACAGGCTGTGATGAGTTAACATGTAAA	CATGTCGTCTACTTGTAGCCAATT
Oke_U2010-94		C	T	CCGCAGACAGTGGTCAATACT	GCCCTCTCTTCTCCATACTTTCT
Oke_U2011-107	X	G	T	CCGTTCTGTCAAGACTCTGGTAAA	CTGGAGTGACTCAGGATCATAGC
Oke_U2015-151	X	C	T	GCATTTATCCTCAAACCTTCAACTGACA	ACGAATCCACCTAAATCCACCAAA
Oke_U2016-118		C	T	ACGTGTCTGTTCAAATTAGCAGTA	GAGGTGCATGCTTTGTCCA

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Table 2. Page 6 of 7.

Assay name	Included in final set	VIC	FAM	Forward Primer Sequence	Reverse Primer Sequence
Oke_U2017-87		A	C	CAGGAGCCATTGGAAGAGTAGAG	CCATGATTGAAAAGAGCTGAACCAT
Oke_U2019-112		A	C	GAATTGACTGCCTGGCGAAAG	CGTACTGCTGATCCCAAATGATT
Oke_u202-131		C	T	GCTCTGGTCCAGGTCGTT	ACGTTCTCGCCTCATGTTACATTA
Oke_u202-131		A	C	GCTATGACACTGCACCTTGACTTT	GCAATTAGCTGCTAACGCACTAGCT
Oke_U2021-86		A	C	TGTGGCTCCAGCCAAAGTT	GCATCCTCAGTCCAGCATAATGAT
Oke_U2022-101		G	C	TGTCCTAATGACAGGCCCTGC	GTCACTGCAGCCTAACGTTATATTG
Oke_U2023-99		C	T	CACTATTTGACAAGTGTAAAGATCATTG	TGTGATCAACAGTTTACACTCAATGGA
Oke_U2024-93		C	T	CGTCTTCCAATACCAACAGAGATACA	GAAGTGTGACCTCTGCTCCTT
Oke_U2025-86	X	A	G	AAATCCCCATGGAGAAACACAATGA	ATTGTCCTTCCCGCAGTGGT
Oke_U2026-64		G	T	CTTCCCACGTCTTTCTGTCTCA	GCCTCTCACGTTACACTGTCATT
Oke_U2029-79	X	C	T	GGTTTGATTCGTCGCGATTGA	AAATCCCAGGGAGCGAAAGTC
Oke_U2031-37	X	A	T	CACACTTCAATCAAATGTTGTGCAG	CGTTGAGACGCCCTTCACT
Oke_U2032-74	X	G	A	GCTATTCCAATGTAATCCTGTACTGT	AACCCATCTGCTCATTGGTCATG
Oke_U2033-122		G	T	ACGCCCTCCCCGATTC	GGCCTGGGTATGACTCAACATG
Oke_U2034-55	X	C	T	GGGAAGAAAAGCCTACCATAAACAG	CCCAGAGCGAATGCCAACAA
Oke_U2035-54	X	G	A	CGCCAATAACGCTCCAACAAAC	CTTCACACCTGAGAACTGGTTTA
Oke_U2037-76	X	C	G	CATATCAGGTGTCTCAACAGTCT	GGCATTCACTACATCACATGACCTT
Oke_U2038-32		C	T	CGACTCCTGGCGTCATCTC	GGGTACTTCATACAGTACAGCTCT
Oke_U2040-77		A	C	GGGCTAGAATTCTACTTGGTGACA	CCTTCACAGTCTCATTTGCTCTT
Oke_U2041-84	X	G	T	CCAGACCATGTGCTTGTTCATA	GTGAATATTTGGCAAGCCTGTACA
Oke_U2042-61		C	T	GCAATGCACATCTGAAATCTGCTAT	ACTCATTTCAGATGTTCTCCTTGTCT
Oke_U2043-51	X	G	A	CACAAACCTACTACAGACAGCAGTT	GCCAGCTTGTAGTCTTGTGGAAA
Oke_U2045-43		G	A	GACCCC GGTCACAC	CCAGGTGTGGCAGTGGAT
Oke_U2047-49		G	A	TTAGCTAGTATGTTAGCGTAGCACTT	TGCTGAATTGAGGAACAAACGTTAGT
Oke_U2048-91	X	A	C	AGTTGGGTCTAAAGATGATCATTG	GGACTCTTGACGGCCATCTTA
Oke_U2049-99		C	T	CATTGTAGCAGAGGGTCAACGATAT	ACACACGGCATTGCAAACTC
Oke_U2050-101	X	C	T	CTCTGAGTGTACAATCACATATCGT	GTGTAAACGCATTGAAAGTCCTTT

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Table 2. Page 7 of 7.

Assay name	Included in final set	VIC	FAM	Forward Primer Sequence	Reverse Primer Sequence
Oke_U2052-56		C	T	GTGCCATGTTAGCCAAAAGTTCA	TCCATGTTAGCAGCGAACGTT
Oke_U2053-60	X	C	T	TCTGCTTGTCTCGTCTCACCAA	CACACGGGGTGGACTTAGTT
Oke_U2054-58	X	C	T	CGTCTCATTAGCTCTTGATGTC	TTGGITCAAGATGACACTGGTGT
Oke_U2056-90	X	G	T	CCATCACGTCACCATTACACTGT	GACATTAGCTGGCAGTCTGATCA
Oke_U2057-80	X	A	G	GCAGTTGTCATGGCAGTAAGG	GCCCCTCGTTCATTTCAGATG
Oke_U212-87	X	C	A	TTGATTCTACTCAAGGTGAGCAGATT	GCTGGTGGCCCTGTGA
Oke_u216-222		G	A	CGCAATATTAAGTGCCTCATACTTGT	CCCAGATGTTATTGTTAAACTAGAGAATG
Oke_u217-172	X	T	C	GGATGGAAGAAGTTAGTTGTCAGA	CAAGTGGCAAAGTTAACAGTATAAAAC
Oke_U302-195	X	C	A	GACCCTCAGCTATTTAACACCTCAA	ACCTACCTCCTGCCAACAGTTAAC
Oke_U401-143		T	A	GCACTGGAAAGCACTCATCCTT	GCAGTCAGACACCATGCAAAA
Oke_U401-220		G	A	TGACTGCATTCACTACTGACAAAGT	TGCAGCAAATGCTTGAGACTTACT
Oke_U502-241	X	G	A	ATGATCATTACACAGATGCACCTGT	GCCAATTACACACTCACTCACAAC
Oke_U503-272		C	T	GCAGAGAGAGGTCTGAATGAAACAG	CACGTCCTTATCTTGCCCTGTAT
Oke_U504-228	X	A	G	CTTAACTCAGTCACACCAACTCACT	GTGAGTTACAATGAGCTGCATGAG
Oke_U505-112		T	G	GAATACAGCATTGTGGTAA	CTCAGTTGGTGCAGTAGGA
Oke_U506-110	X	C	T	CGTGGTTGGTTCTTGACTCTCA	CGTTCTCAAGATGTTCCCTCTCAA
Oke_U507-286	X	T	G	TGGTCATAGCTGCACTGTACAAA	CCTAACTGTTCTGCCATATAGTGA
Oke_U507-87		G	T	GAAGACTGGACACACACGATATGT	GGCTGAGGCCATTCTATTCCC
Oke_U509-219	X	C	T	GCACCCCACCTGGCTT	TCACTCACTCTGCGTCTCTCT
Oke_U510-204		G	T	GCTCCCTGGACGGGTATATATG	CATCCGCCAATACTCCTCGTA
Oke_U511-271		T	A	GACACAACGTTTGGACATTAG	CGATGAGAAGGTGTCCACATACTTT
Oke_U514-150		C	T	GCATCATTAGTAAGGCGTCATTGG	GGCCAAGGATTATAGAGACAACACT
Oke_UBA3-245		C	T	GAGAGGTGATAAGACAATGAGAAGTGT	GCGTTGAGTATGTCAGAATGCTACA
Oke_uqcrfs-69		C	G	CGCTGCTCTCCTGAGAAGATTTC	GCAGTCCGATTGCTCACA
Oke_XBPI-82		C	T	TCTGCTCCGGAGTCTTCTGTAT	AAGGAGAGTGTAAACAAAATTATACAGG
Oke_zn593-152		A	C	GTTTGAAAAGTTATTCTCGCGTAGATTAAG	AACTAGCTAGTTATCTAGTAGTAGCTAAAT

Table 3.—Overall *P*-values and number of populations that failed to conform to Hardy-Weinberg expectations (HWE) for 188 SNP assays screened for 29 populations (Table 1; excluding Chilkat River – 24-Mile Creek which was removed due to evidence of a Wahlund effect; $\alpha = 0.05$).

Assay	Overall <i>P</i> -value	# of populations out of HWE at $\alpha = 0.05$
<i>Oke_ACOT-100</i>	0.9981	0
<i>Oke_AhRI-278</i>	1.0000	1
<i>Oke_AhRI-78</i>	0.5936	1
<i>Oke_APOB-60</i>	0.9875	0
<i>Oke_arf-319</i>	0.8778	1
<i>Oke_ATP5L-105</i>	0.6802	1
<i>Oke_ATP5L-248</i>	0.6918	0
<i>Oke_azin1-90</i>	0.5763	3
<i>Oke_brd2-118</i>	0.8405	1
<i>Oke_brp16-65</i>	0.8567	1
<i>Oke_CATB-60</i>	0.9919	2
<i>Oke_ccd16-77</i>	0.0619	4
<i>Oke_CD123-62</i>	0.5147	1
<i>Oke_CD81-108</i>	0.9992	1
<i>Oke_CD81-173</i>	0.4379	3
<i>Oke_cjo57-86</i>	0.3294	4
<i>Oke_CKS1-70</i>	0.5925	3
<i>Oke_CKS1-94</i>	0.5160	2
<i>Oke_CKS-389</i>	0.9909	0
<i>Oke_CO1A1-72</i>	0.5492	2
<i>Oke_CO1A1-76</i>	1.0000	0
<i>Oke_col1a2-62</i>	0.5174	2
<i>Oke_ctgf-105</i>	0.9972	1
<i>Oke_CTR2-82</i>	0.3413	3
<i>Oke_DBLOH-79</i>	0.9599	0
<i>Oke_DCXR-87</i>	0.9998	0
<i>Oke_DM20-548</i>	0.5432	2
<i>Oke_e2ig5-50</i>	0.0790	2
<i>Oke_EF2-394</i>	1.0000	1
<i>Oke_eif4ebp2-64</i>	1.0000	0
<i>Oke_eif4g1-43</i>	0.9958	0
<i>Oke_f5-71</i>	0.3646	2
<i>Oke_FANK1-166</i>	0.9980	0
<i>Oke_FANK1-96</i>	0.9962	1
<i>Oke_FBXL5-61</i>	0.9270	1
<i>Oke_gdh1-191</i>	0.8487	1
<i>Oke_gdh1-234</i>	0.4138	3
<i>Oke_gdh1-62</i>	0.0309	4

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Table 3. Page 2 of 5.

Assay	Overall <i>P</i> -value	# of populations out of HWE at $\alpha = 0.05$
<i>Oke_GHII-3129</i>	0.2241	3
<i>Oke_glrxl-78</i>	0.8752	1
<i>Oke_GNMT-100</i>	0.9053	0
<i>Oke_GnRH-373</i>	0.2854	2
<i>Oke_GPDH-191</i>	0.9496	1
<i>Oke_GPH-105</i>	0.8992	1
<i>Oke_GPH-78</i>	0.3047	4
<i>Oke_H2AX-72</i>	0.8694	1
<i>Oke_hmgb1-66</i>	0.5620	3
<i>Oke_hnRNPL-239</i>	1.0000	0
<i>Oke_HP-182</i>	0.9790	2
<i>Oke_hsc71-199</i>	1.0000	1
<i>Oke_HSP90BA-299</i>	1.0000	1
<i>Oke_il-Iracp-67</i>	0.9493	1
<i>Oke_IL8r2-406</i>	1.0000	0
<i>Oke_IL8r-272</i>	0.7479	1
<i>Oke_KPNA2-87</i>	0.9916	1
<i>Oke_lactb2-71</i>	0.8141	1
<i>Oke_lamp2-138</i>	1.0000	0
<i>Oke_LAMP2-186</i>	0.9869	0
<i>Oke_mcfd2-86</i>	0.8576	0
<i>Oke_METK2-97</i>	0.9620	1
<i>Oke_mgll-49</i>	0.5136	0
<i>Oke_MLRN-63</i>	0.9898	0
<i>Oke_Moesin-160</i>	0.9957	1
<i>Oke_nc2b-148</i>	0.9153	1
<i>Oke_ndub3-58</i>	0.2729	3
<i>Oke_NHERF-123</i>	0.8726	0
<i>Oke_NHERF-54</i>	0.8959	0
<i>Oke_NUPR1-70</i>	0.7919	3
<i>Oke_PDIA3-475</i>	0.5841	0
<i>Oke_PDIA3-82</i>	0.9712	0
<i>Oke_pgap-111</i>	0.2488	1
<i>Oke_pgap-92</i>	0.5462	1
<i>Oke_pnrc2-78</i>	0.7158	2
<i>Oke_PPA2-635</i>	0.9488	0
<i>Oke_psmd9-188</i>	0.5337	2
<i>Oke_psmd9-57</i>	0.8052	2
<i>Oke_rab5a-117</i>	0.9200	3
<i>Oke_ras1-249</i>	0.9953	0

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Table 3. Page 3 of 5.

Assay	Overall <i>P</i> -value	# of populations out of HWE at $\alpha = 0.05$
<i>Oke_RFC2-618</i>	1.0000	0
<i>Oke_RHlop-245</i>	0.9708	4
<i>Oke_ROA1-209</i>	0.4019	2
<i>Oke_RPN1-80</i>	0.6250	2
<i>Oke_RS27-81</i>	0.4124	1
<i>Oke_RS27-94^a</i>	0.0000	8
<i>Oke_RS9-379</i>	0.0212	5
<i>Oke_RSPRY1-106</i>	0.7958	1
<i>Oke_serpins-140</i>	0.9192	1
<i>Oke_slc1a3a-86</i>	0.8389	0
<i>Oke_sylc-90</i>	0.4604	2
<i>Oke_TCPI-78</i>	0.9739	1
<i>Oke_TCTA-202</i>	0.6765	2
<i>Oke_TCTA-99</i>	0.9442	1
<i>Oke_Tf-278</i>	0.9338	0
<i>Oke_thic-84</i>	0.6852	1
<i>Oke_txnrd1-74</i>	0.8981	2
<i>Oke_u0602-244</i>	0.4252	1
<i>Oke_U1001-79</i>	0.9857	0
<i>Oke_U1002-165</i>	0.9786	1
<i>Oke_U1002-262</i>	0.9352	0
<i>Oke_U1008-83</i>	1.0000	1
<i>Oke_U1010-154</i>	1.0000	0
<i>Oke_U1010-251</i>	0.0414	3
<i>Oke_U1012-241</i>	0.9848	0
<i>Oke_U1012-60</i>	0.9883	0
<i>Oke_U1015-255</i>	0.9503	0
<i>Oke_U1016-154</i>	0.6140	0
<i>Oke_U1017-52</i>	0.7574	2
<i>Oke_U1018-50</i>	0.9612	0
<i>Oke_U1019-218</i>	0.9292	3
<i>Oke_U1020-75</i>	0.9900	0
<i>Oke_U1021-102</i>	0.5443	3
<i>Oke_U1022-114</i>	0.7127	0
<i>Oke_U1022-139</i>	0.6993	2
<i>Oke_U1023-147</i>	0.8875	1
<i>Oke_U1024-113</i>	0.9515	0
<i>Oke_U1025-135</i>	1.0000	1
<i>Oke_U1027-89</i>	0.5566	4
<i>Oke_U1028-100</i>	0.2772	3

-continued-

Table 3. Page 4 of 5.

Assay	Overall <i>P</i> -value	# of populations out of HWE at $\alpha = 0.05$
<i>Oke_U1031-132</i>	0.5473	2
<i>Oke_U1103-150^a</i>	0.0001	6
<i>Oke_u1-519</i>	0.8056	0
<i>Oke_U2001-629</i>	0.6696	1
<i>Oke_U2002-200</i>	0.8931	1
<i>Oke_U2003-142</i>	1.0000	1
<i>Oke_u200-385</i>	0.8790	2
<i>Oke_U2005-62</i>	0.9200	0
<i>Oke_U2006-109</i>	0.0582	2
<i>Oke_U2007-190</i>	0.7421	1
<i>Oke_U2010-94</i>	0.6136	0
<i>Oke_U2011-107</i>	0.8741	2
<i>Oke_U2015-151</i>	0.9998	0
<i>Oke_U2016-118</i>	0.5700	1
<i>Oke_U2017-87</i>	0.9985	1
<i>Oke_U2019-112</i>	0.6769	2
<i>Oke_u2020-51</i>	0.9338	2
<i>Oke_u202-131</i>	1.0000	1
<i>Oke_U2021-86</i>	0.3065	3
<i>Oke_U2022-101</i>	0.2853	2
<i>Oke_U2023-99</i>	0.9890	0
<i>Oke_U2024-93</i>	0.8776	1
<i>Oke_U2025-86</i>	0.9937	1
<i>Oke_U2026-64</i>	0.9520	0
<i>Oke_U2029-79</i>	0.5835	1
<i>Oke_U2031-37</i>	0.9884	0
<i>Oke_U2032-74</i>	0.9810	0
<i>Oke_U2033-122</i>	0.8152	2
<i>Oke_U2034-55</i>	0.6745	1
<i>Oke_U2035-54</i>	0.9256	2
<i>Oke_U2037-76</i>	0.9294	1
<i>Oke_U2038-32^a</i>	0.0001	7
<i>Oke_U2040-77^a</i>	0.0000	9
<i>Oke_U2041-84</i>	0.8063	2
<i>Oke_U2042-61</i>	0.9315	2
<i>Oke_U2043-51</i>	0.9686	0
<i>Oke_U2045-43</i>	0.1017	2
<i>Oke_U2047-49</i>	0.0473	3
<i>Oke_U2048-91</i>	0.5658	0
<i>Oke_U2049-99</i>	0.7893	0

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Table 3. Page 5 of 5.

Assay	Overall <i>P</i> -value	# of populations out of HWE at $\alpha = 0.05$
<i>Oke_U2050-101</i>	1.0000	1
<i>Oke_U2052-56</i>	0.4868	2
<i>Oke_U2053-60</i>	0.8569	0
<i>Oke_U2054-58</i>	0.9848	1
<i>Oke_U2056-90</i>	0.3998	1
<i>Oke_U2057-80</i>	0.9851	1
<i>Oke_U212-87</i>	1.0000	0
<i>Oke_u216-222</i>	0.9975	0
<i>Oke_u217-172</i>	0.4417	3
<i>Oke_U302-195</i>	0.0738	6
<i>Oke_U401-143</i>	1.0000	0
<i>Oke_U401-220</i>	0.3713	2
<i>Oke_U502-241</i>	0.9532	0
<i>Oke_U503-272</i>	0.9998	0
<i>Oke_U504-228</i>	0.8380	1
<i>Oke_U505-112</i>	0.1447	1
<i>Oke_U506-110</i>	0.8801	1
<i>Oke_U507-286</i>	0.4256	1
<i>Oke_U507-87</i>	0.1185	3
<i>Oke_U509-219</i>	0.1058	3
<i>Oke_U510-204</i>	0.9562	1
<i>Oke_U511-271</i>	1.0000	1
<i>Oke_U514-150</i>	1.0000	0
<i>Oke_UBA3-245</i>	0.6753	2
<i>Oke_uqcrfs-69</i>	1.0000	0
<i>Oke_XBP1-82^a</i>	0.0053	4
<i>Oke_zn593-152</i>	0.9398	0

^a Markers out of HWE assessed across all populations ($\alpha=0.01$) and excluded from further analyses.

Table 4.—Locus pairs ($\alpha=0.05$) that are significantly associated in more than 50% of the populations, and their respective association blocks that were formed from grouped pairs. For each SNP block, the f_{ORCA} value for the single and composite SNP and the pair/single differences (Δ) are reported (see text for details). For combined SNP pairs that provided significantly more information than single SNPs as determined by the Δ_{90} (0.041), composite phenotype names are provided.

Association block	SNP pair	Locus name	f_{ORCA}	Δ	Composite name
1	<i>Oke_DBLOH-79 / Oke_u0602-244</i>	<i>Oke_DBLOH-79^a</i>	0.116		
	<i>Oke_DBLOH-79 / Oke_U1001-79</i>	<i>Oke_u0602-244</i>	0.106		
	<i>Oke_u0602-244 / Oke_U1001-79</i>	<i>Oke_U1001-79</i>	0.095		
		<i>Oke_DBLOH-79 / Oke_u0602-244</i>	0.113	-0.003	
		<i>Oke_DBLOH-79 / Oke_U1001-79</i>	0.097	-0.019	
		<i>Oke_u0602-244/Oke_U1001-79</i>	0.136	0.030	
2	<i>Oke_U1021-102 / Oke_U1022-139</i>	<i>Oke_U1022-114</i>	0.088		
	<i>Oke_U1022-114 / Oke_U1022-139</i>	<i>Oke_U1022-139</i>	0.083		
		<i>Oke_U1021-102</i>	0.082		
		<i>Oke_U1022-114 / Oke_U1022-139</i>	0.129	0.041	
		<i>Oke_U1021-102 / Oke_U1022-139^a</i>	0.131	0.048	<i>U102Comb</i>
3	<i>Oke_gdh1-191 / Oke_gdh1-62</i>	<i>Oke_gdh1-234</i>	0.085		
	<i>Oke_gdh1-234 / Oke_gdh1-62</i>	<i>Oke_gdh1-62</i>	0.104		
		<i>Oke_gdh1-191</i>	0.096		
		<i>Oke_gdh1-234/Oke_gdh1-62</i>	0.101	-0.003	
		<i>Oke_gdh1-62/Oke_gdh1-191^a</i>	0.150	0.046	<i>gdhComb</i>
	<i>Oke_U1002-165 / Oke_U1002-262</i>	<i>Oke_U1002-165</i>	0.068		
4		<i>Oke_U1002-262</i>	0.108		
		<i>Oke_U1002-165 / Oke_U1002-262</i>	0.141	0.033	
	<i>Oke_U1012-241 / Oke_U1012-60</i>	<i>Oke_U1012-241^a</i>	0.087		
5		<i>Oke_U1012-60</i>	0.076		
		<i>Oke_U1012-241 / Oke_U1012-60</i>	0.097	0.010	
	<i>Oke_U507-286 / Oke_U507-87</i>	<i>Oke_U507-286^a</i>	0.099		
6		<i>Oke_U507-87</i>	0.072		
		<i>Oke_U507-286 / Oke_U507-87</i>	0.112	0.013	

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Table 4. Page 2 of 2.

Association block	SNP pair	Locus name	f_{ORCA}	Δ	Composite name
7	<i>Oke_U1010-251 / Oke_UBA3-245</i>	<i>Oke_U1010-251</i> ^a	0.083		
		<i>Oke_UBA3-245</i>	0.074		
		<i>Oke_U1010-251 / Oke_UBA3-245</i>	0.106	0.023	
8	<i>Oke_U401-143 / Oke_U401-220</i>	<i>Oke_U401-143</i> ^a	0.084		
		<i>Oke_U401-220</i>	0.076		
		<i>Oke_U401-143 / Oke_U401-220</i>	0.102	0.018	
9	<i>Oke_PDIA3-475 / Oke_PDIA3-82</i>	<i>Oke_PDIA3-475</i> ^a	0.091		
		<i>Oke_PDIA3-82</i>	0.087		
		<i>Oke_PDIA3-475 / Oke_PDIA3-82</i>	0.118	0.027	
10	<i>Oke_TCTA-202 / Oke_TCTA-99</i>	<i>Oke_TCTA-202</i> ^a	0.105		
		<i>Oke_TCTA-99</i>	0.086		
		<i>Oke_TCTA-202 / Oke_TCTA-99</i>	0.104	-0.001	
11	<i>Oke_ATP5L-105 / Oke_ATP5L-248</i>	<i>Oke_ATP5L-105</i> ^a	0.105		
		<i>Oke_ATP5L-248</i>	0.088		
		<i>Oke_ATP5L-105 / Oke_ATP5L-248</i>	0.112	0.007	
12	<i>Oke_NHERF-123 / Oke_NHERF-54</i>	<i>Oke_NHERF-123</i>	0.084		
		<i>Oke_NHERF-54</i> ^a	0.103		
		<i>Oke_NHERF-123 / Oke_NHERF-54</i>	0.139	0.036	
13	<i>Oke_psmd9-188 / Oke_psmd9-57</i>	<i>Oke_psmd9-188</i>	0.055		
		<i>Oke_psmd9-57</i> ^a	0.084		
		<i>Oke_psmd9-188 / Oke_psmd9-57</i>	0.097	0.013	
14	<i>Oke_pgap-111 / Oke_pgap-92</i>	<i>Oke_pgap-111</i>	0.071		
		<i>Oke_pgap-92</i>	0.084		
		<i>Oke_pgap-111 / Oke_pgap-92</i> ^a	0.125	0.041	<i>pgapComb</i>
15	<i>Oke_IL8r-272 / Oke_IL8r2-406</i>	<i>Oke_IL8r-272</i>	0.088		
		<i>Oke_IL8r2-406</i> ^a	0.101		
		<i>Oke_IL8r-272 / Oke_IL8r2-406</i>	0.102	0.001	

^a This locus was retained for further analysis.

Table 5.—Estimated proportional contributions (Est), standard deviations (SD), and 90% confidence intervals by reporting group (CI) for simulation tests of allocation to correct regions.

Region	Est	SD	Lower 90% CI	Upper 90% CI
Japan	0.9994	0.0012	0.9975	1.0000
Russia	0.9965	0.0032	0.9903	1.0000
Kotzebue Sound	0.9541	0.0190	0.9205	0.9817
CWAK	0.9484	0.0310	0.8913	0.9860
Upper Yukon	0.9970	0.0031	0.9911	1.0000
Eastern Bristol Bay	0.8660	0.0908	0.6682	0.9479
North Alaska Peninsula	0.9933	0.0052	0.9837	0.9999
South Alaska Peninsula/Kodiak	0.9893	0.0072	0.9759	0.9989
Southcentral Alaska	0.9855	0.0089	0.9687	0.9973
Southeast Alaska / British Columbia	0.9917	0.0062	0.9798	0.9999
Washington	0.9950	0.0047	0.9858	1.0000

FIGURES

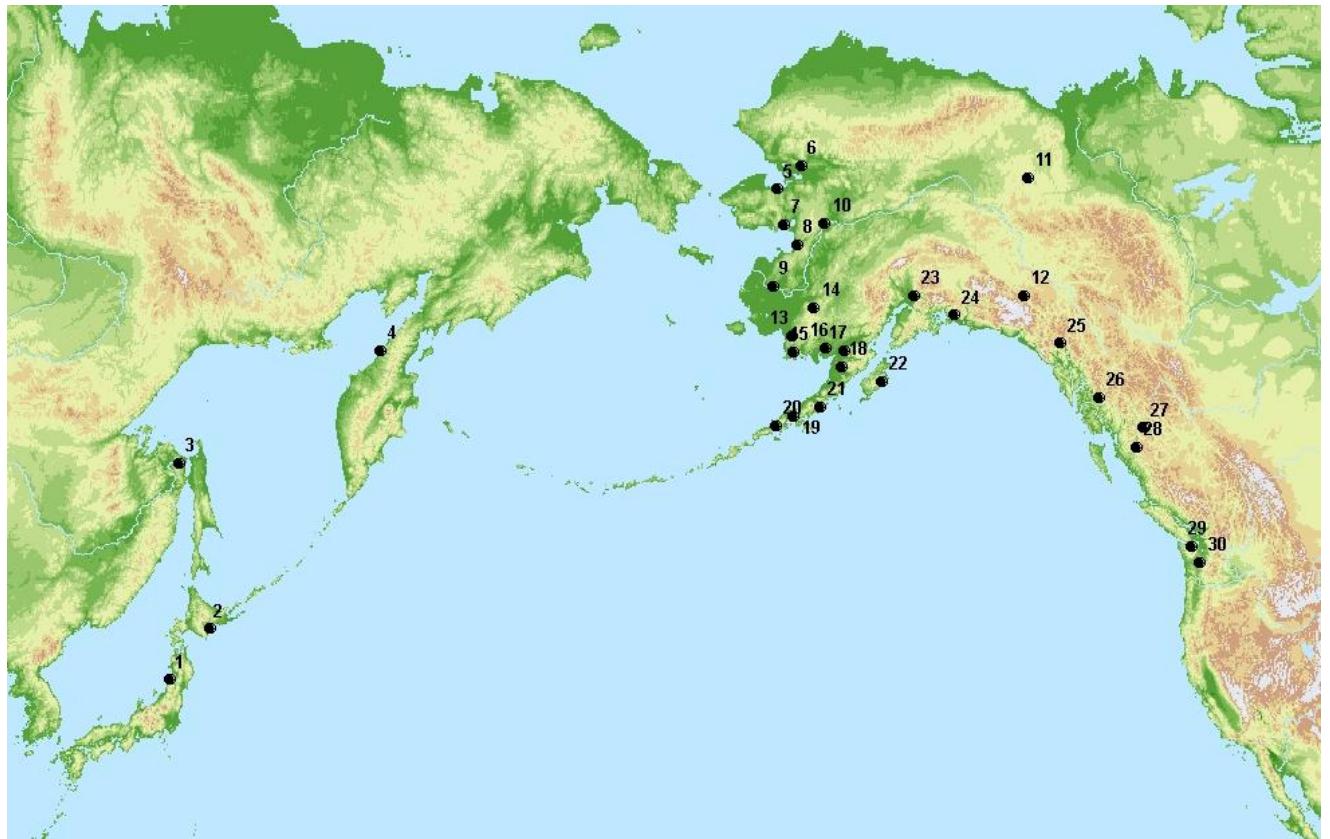


Figure 1.—Map of chum salmon populations used in the SNP-selection process. Map numbers correspond to populations in Table 1.

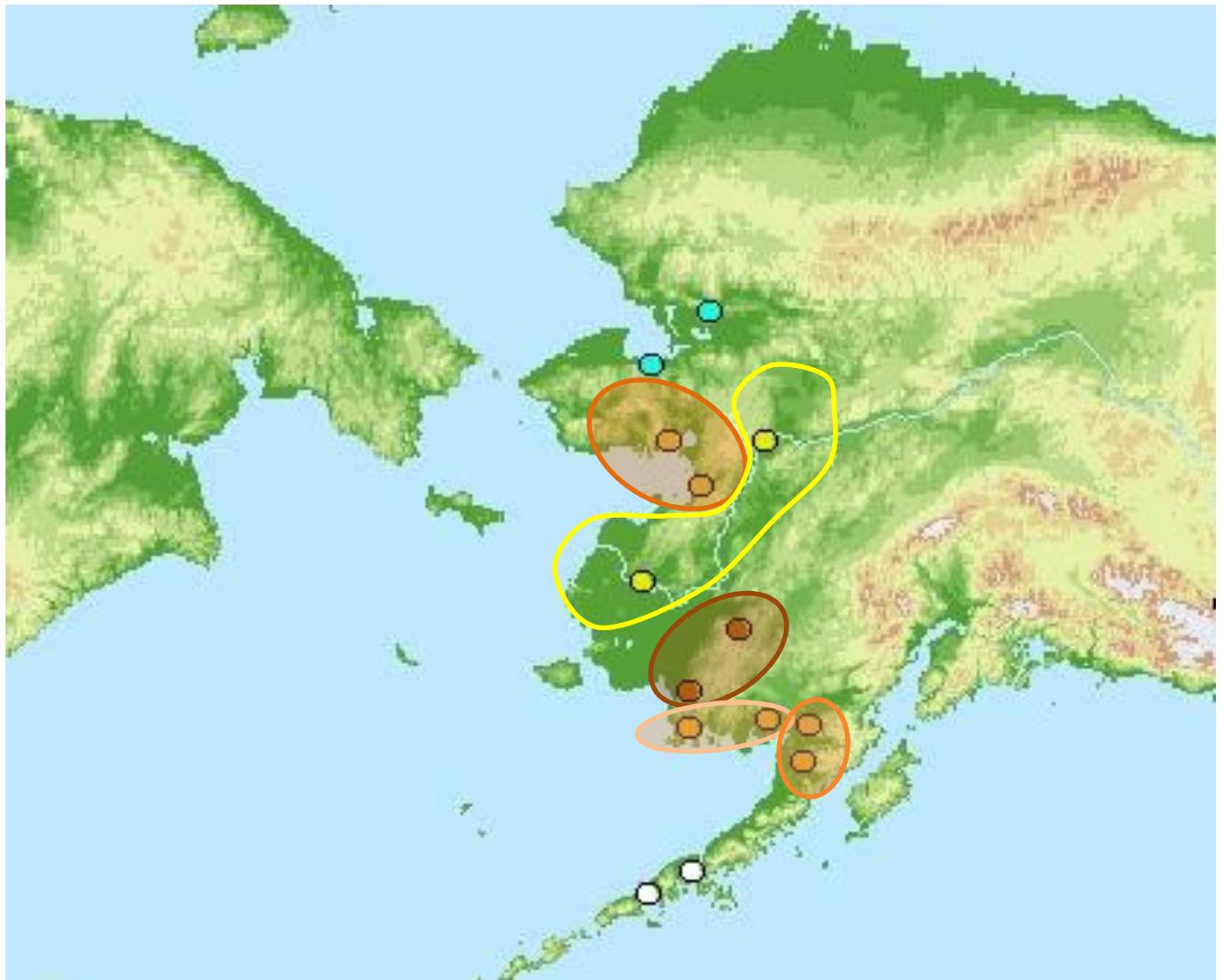


Figure 2.—Locations of chum salmon collections within Western Alaska. The 5 regional areas within Coastal Western Alaska to be measured using overall F_{ST} are indicated by the ellipses.

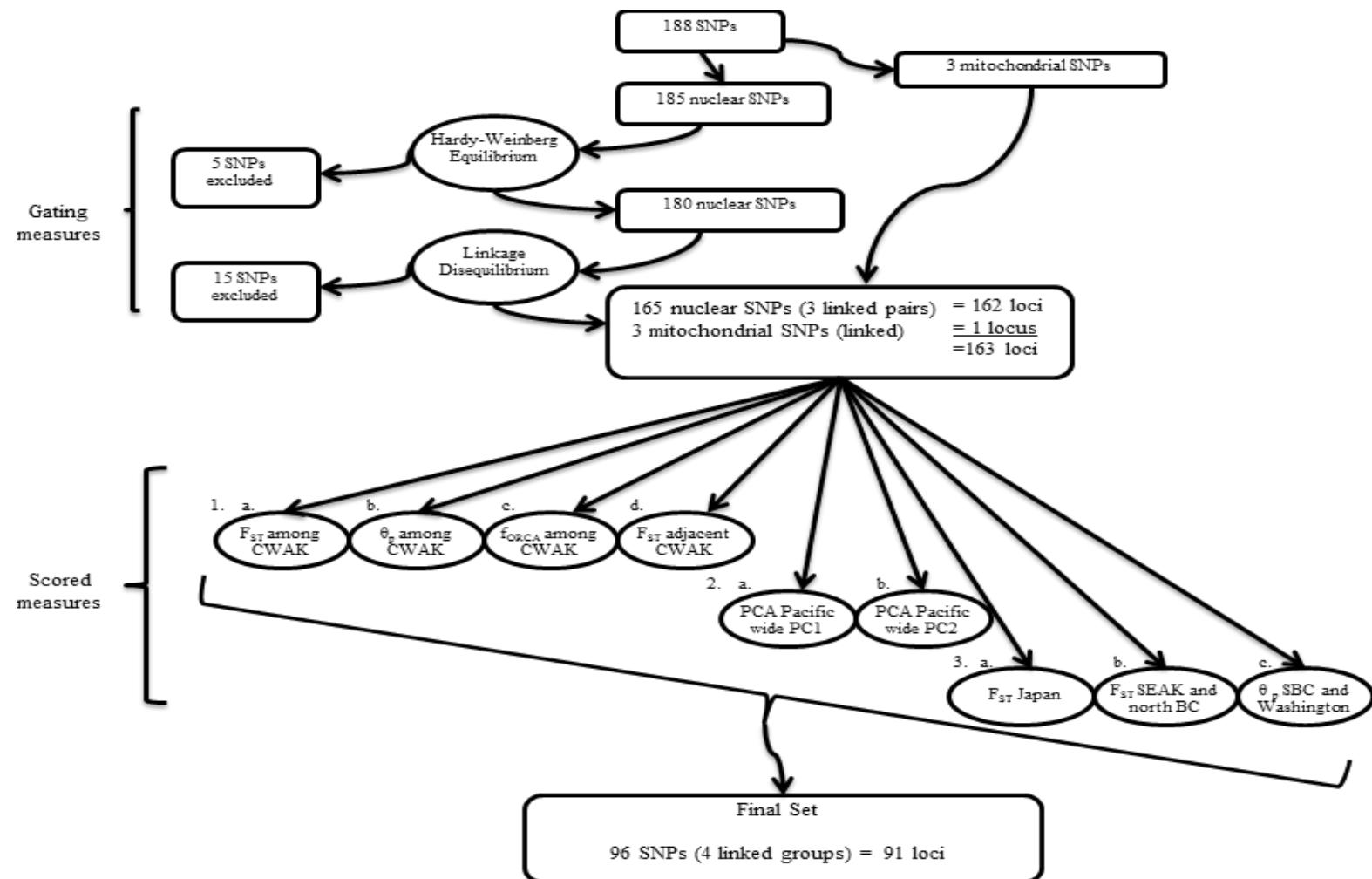


Figure 3.—Flow chart depicting the SNP-selection protocol; starting with 188 SNP markers at the top and ending with 91 loci at the end. Gating measures were used to eliminate markers from further evaluation and combine linked markers. Scored measures were divided into 3 categories: 1) measures to distinguish among Coastal Western Alaska (CWAK) regional areas and populations, 2) measures to distinguish among broad Pacific-coast regions, and 3) measures to distinguish among specific regions outside of CWAK. Weights for the scored measures are shown in Figure 4.

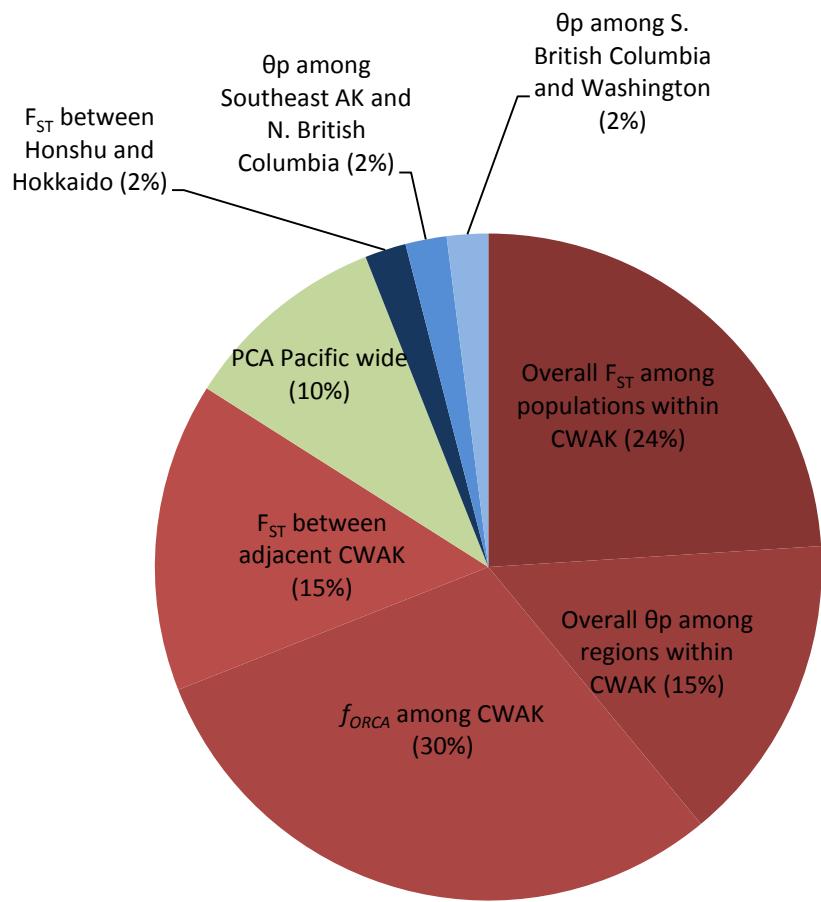


Figure 4.–Weights (in percent) given to scored measures of population structure and MSA performance.

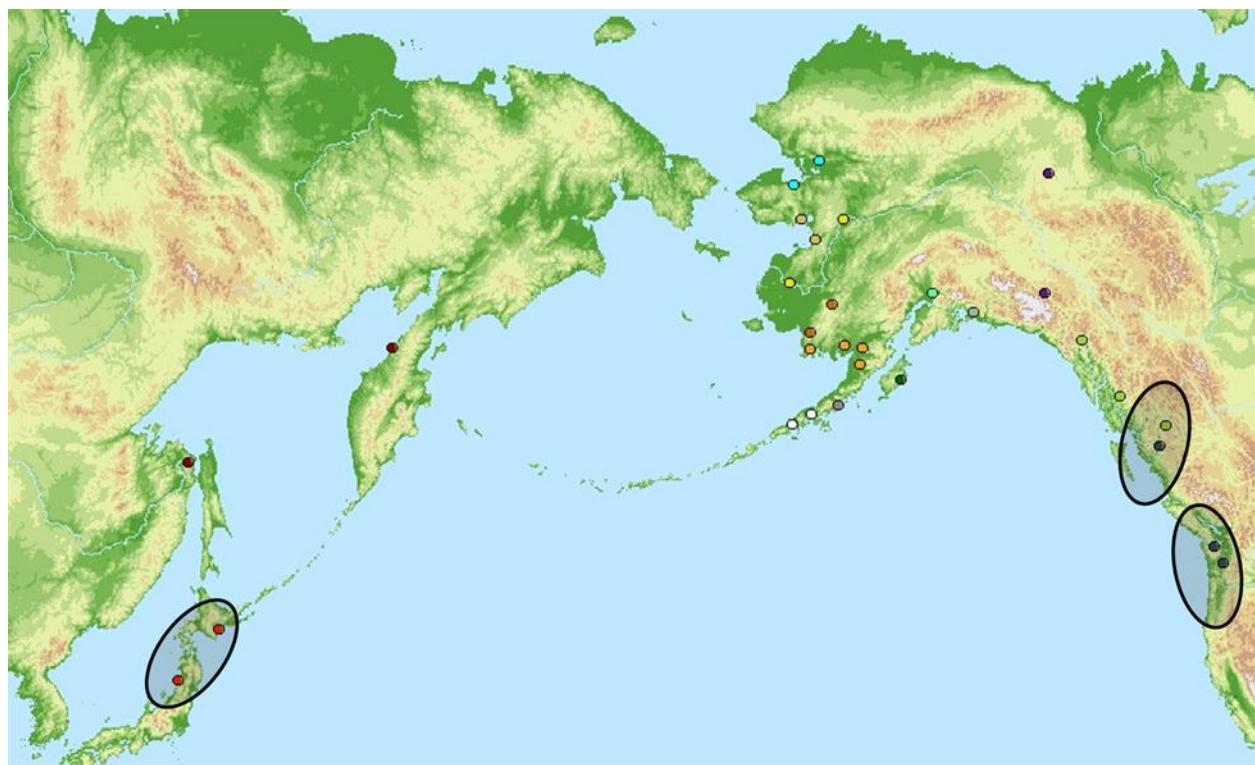


Figure 5.—Chum salmon populations used in SNP selection process highlighting the 3 population pairs (in ovals) of chum salmon chosen to measure F_{ST} within regions of interest to research groups outside of Alaska.

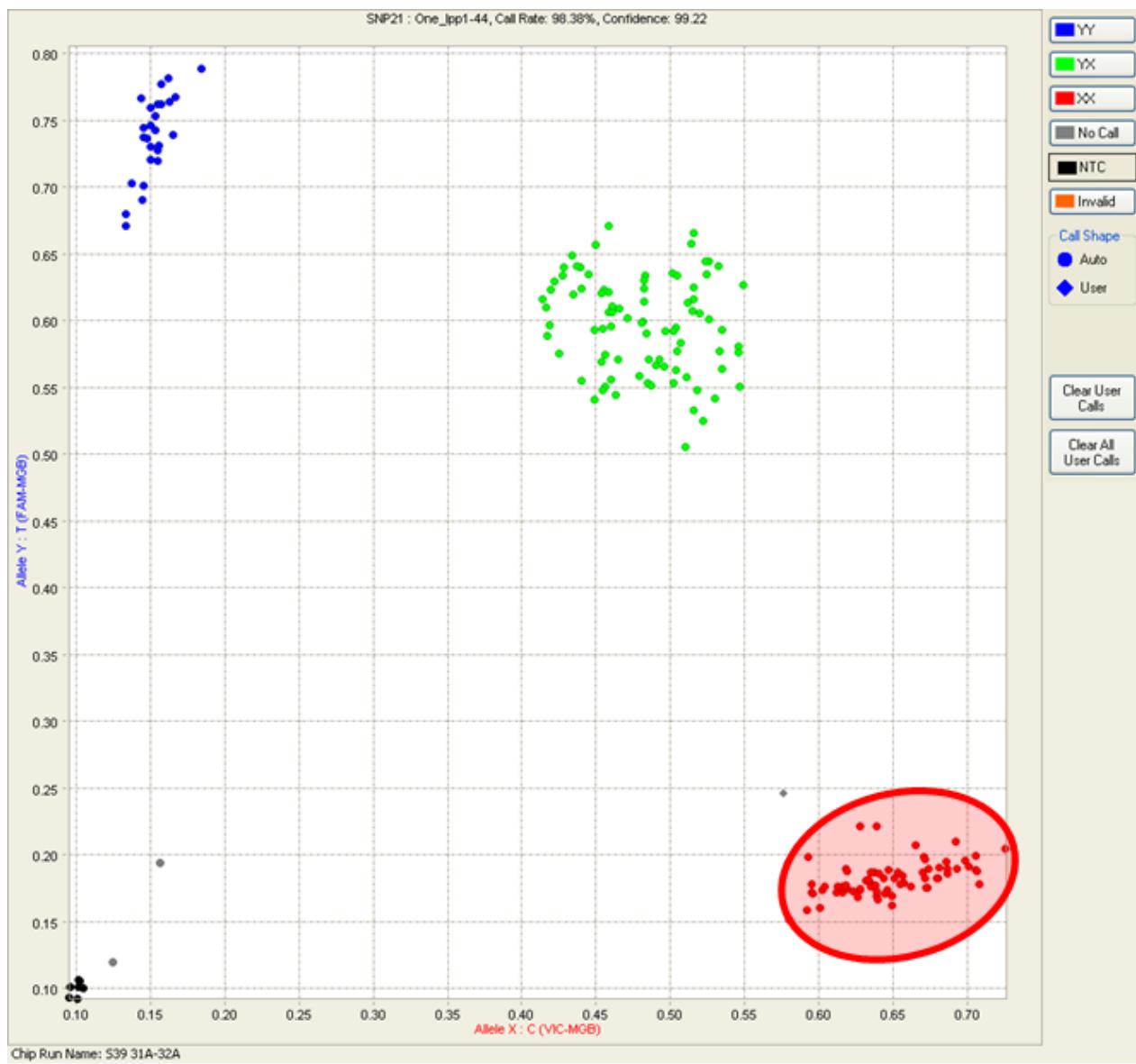


Figure 6.—Screen capture of a scatter plot from genotyping software. Each point represents a single fish. The 3 clusters represent each possible genotype (TT homozygote - blue, TC heterozygote - green, and CC homozygote - red). The size of the shaded area for the CC homozygote distribution is an indication of cluster tightness.

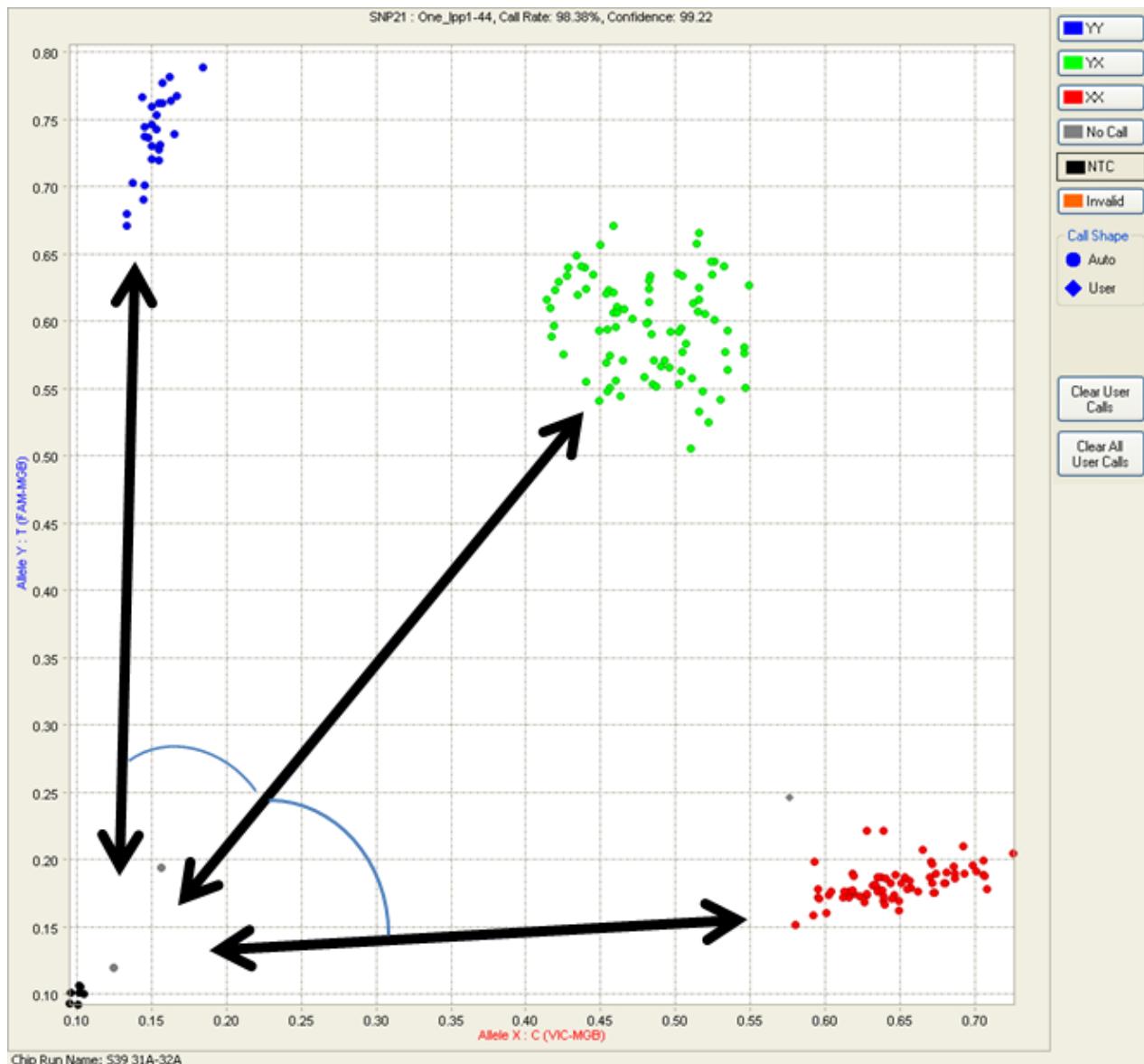


Figure 7.—Screen capture of a scatter plot from genotyping software. Each point represents a single fish. The 3 clusters represent each possible genotype (TT homozygote - blue, TC heterozygote - green, and CC homozygote - red). The angle between the double-ended arrows is an indication of cluster alignment.

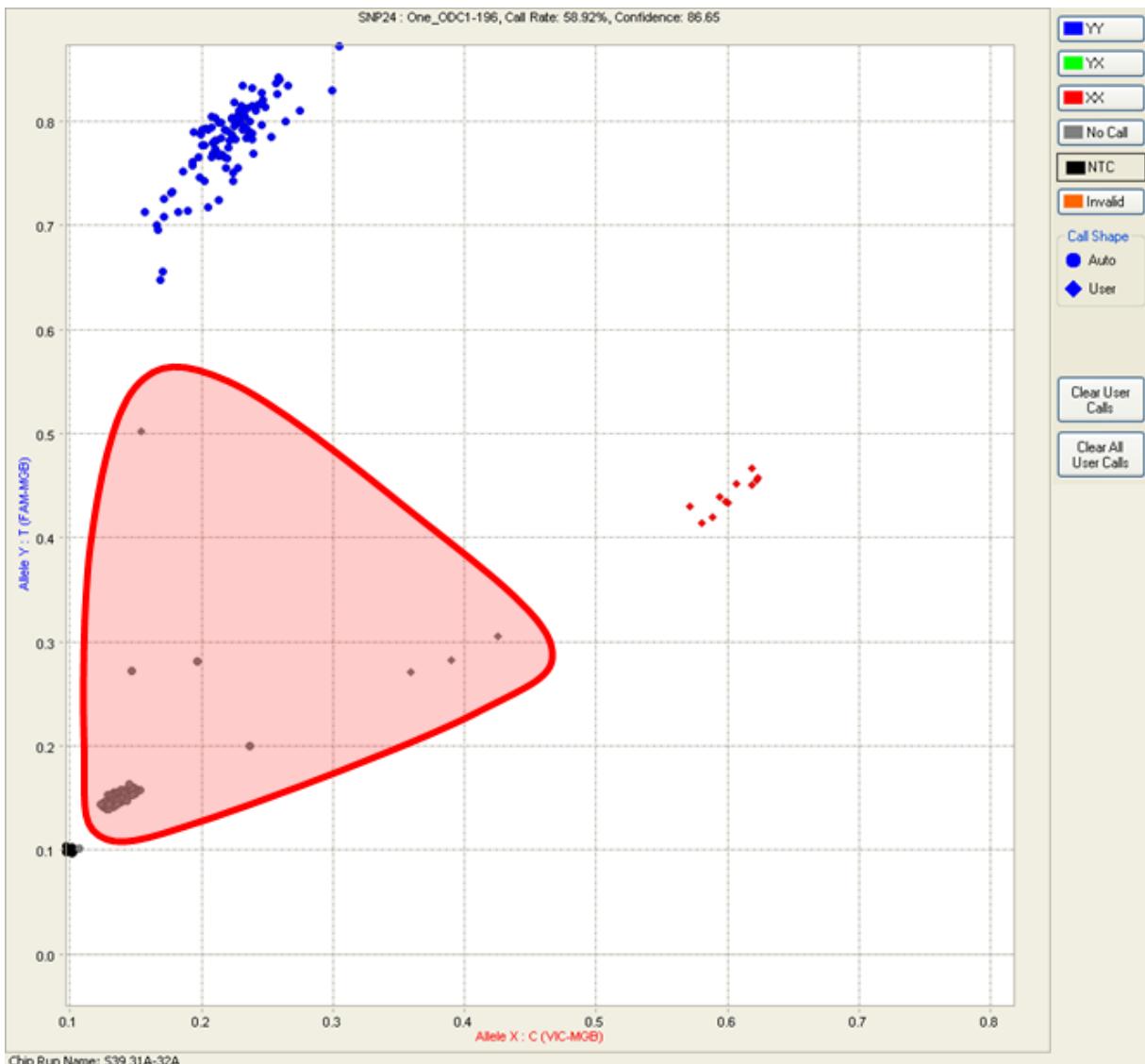


Figure 8.—Screen capture of a scatter plot from genotyping software. Each point represents a single fish. This is for a mitochondrial SNP marker with only 1 allele per fish. The 2 clusters represent each possible genotype (T - blue and C - red). The shaded area represents fish for which the assay failed.

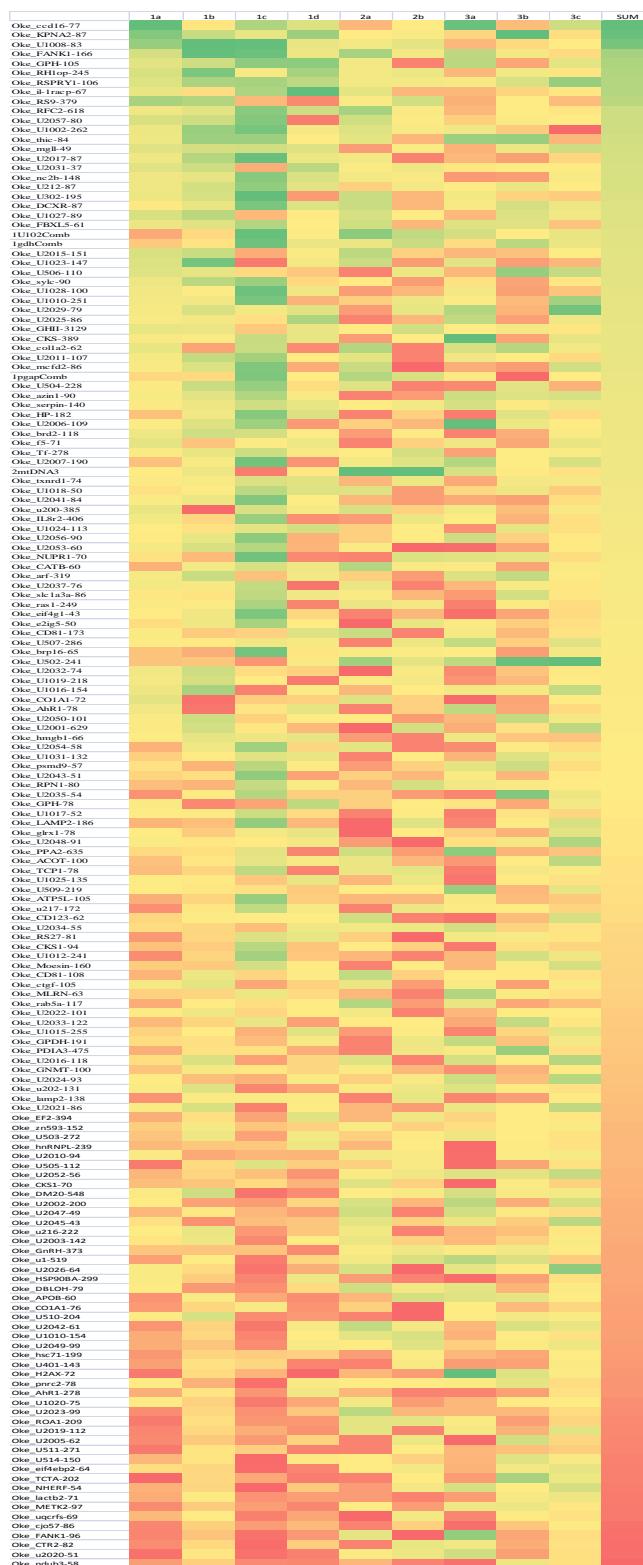


Figure 9.—Heat map depicting scoring of 163 SNP loci, green is the best scoring and red the worst. Loci are listed in overall ranked order (right column; most informative to least informative) based on weighted scored measures outlined in Figure 3.

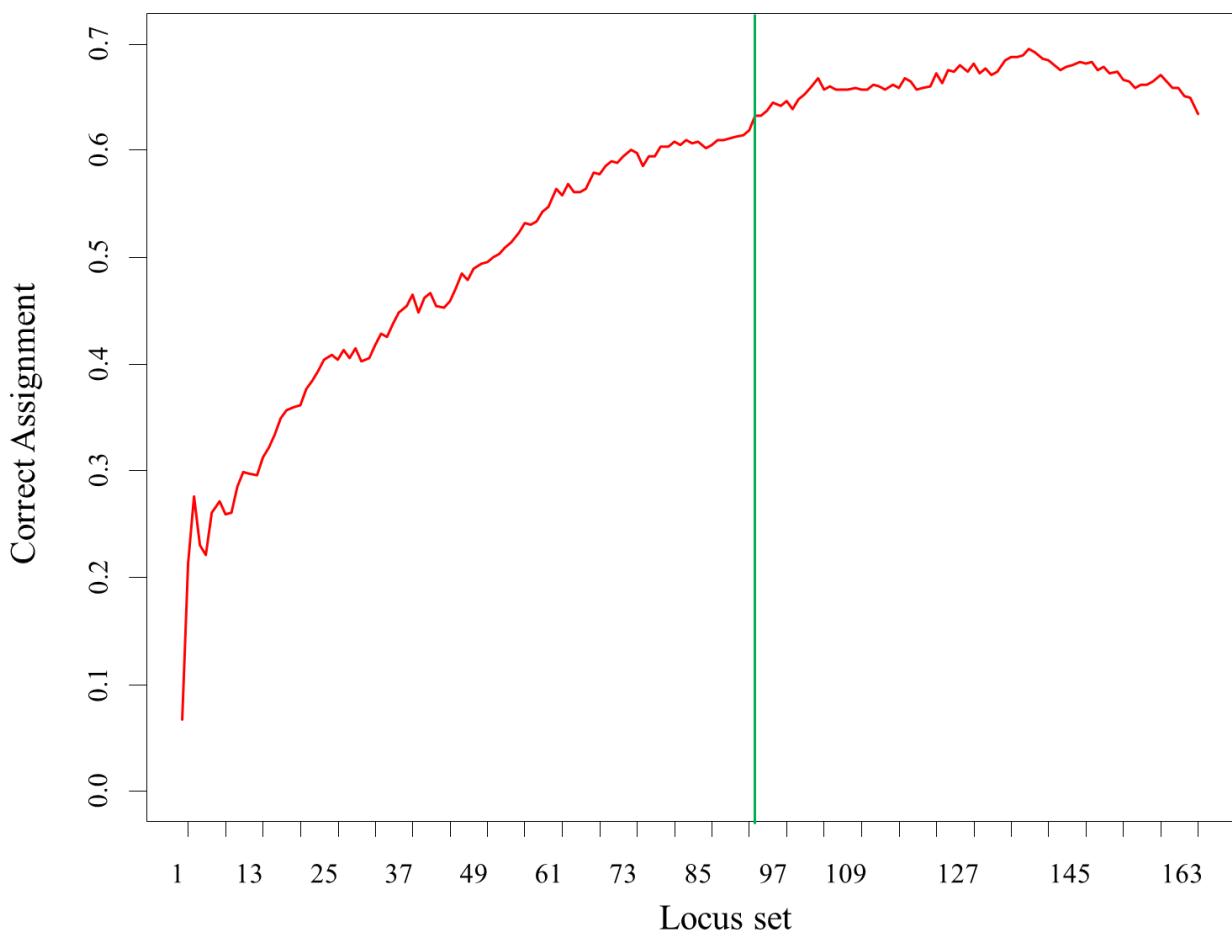


Figure 10.—The estimated optimal correct assignment (f_{ORCA}) to 3 of the Coastal Western Alaska regional areas (Norton Sound, Lower Yukon, Lower Kuskokwim) for sets of SNP loci defined by the backwards elimination locus selection algorithm. Locus sets are listed in ranked, accumulating order such that the set on the far left includes only the highest ranked locus and subsequent sets to the right include the next most informative locus until all loci are included in the final set. The vertical line indicates the cut-off value for the optimal set of 91 loci.

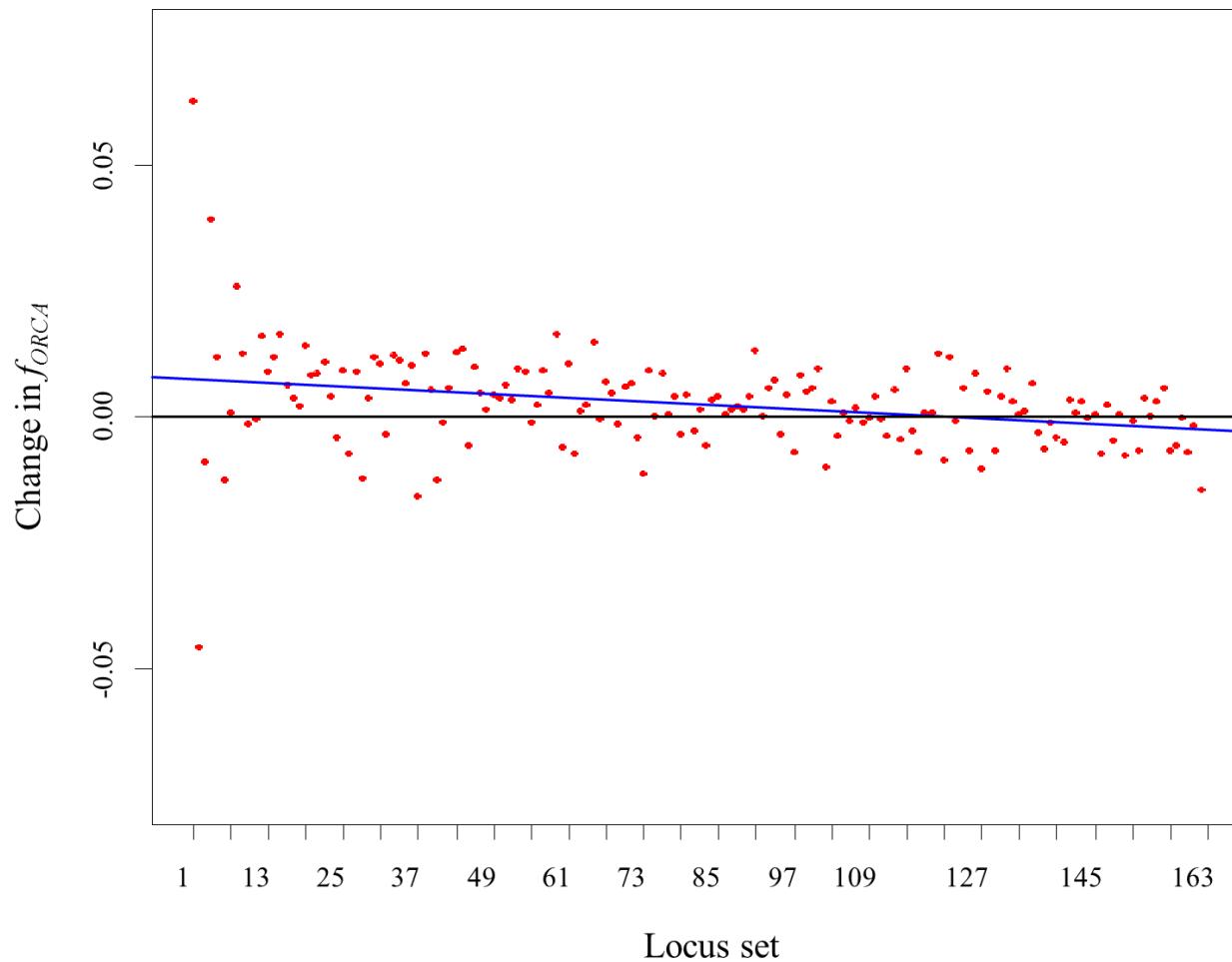


Figure 11.—The estimated change in optimal correct assignment (f_{ORCA}) to 3 of the Coastal Western Alaska regional areas (Norton Sound, Lower Yukon, Lower Kuskokwim) for sets of SNP loci defined by the backwards elimination locus selection algorithm. Locus sets are listed in ranked, accumulating order such that the set on the far left includes only the highest ranked locus and subsequent sets to the right include the next most informative locus until all loci are included in the final set. The regression line indicates the fitted value used to measure the change in assignment attributable to each successive locus.

APPENDICES

Appendix A.–Overall F_{ST} among the 10 Coastal Western Alaska populations and ZeroOneScores (values scaled linearly between 0.0 (lowest) and 1.0 (highest)). Measured value 1.a. as outlined in Figure 3 – see text for methods.

Marker	F_{ST}	ZeroOneScores
<i>Oke_ACOT-100</i>	0.0012	0.057
<i>Oke_AhR1-278</i>	0.0001	0.046
<i>Oke_AhR1-78</i>	0.0114	0.167
<i>Oke_APOB-60</i>	-0.0016	0.027
<i>Oke_arf-319</i>	0.0091	0.143
<i>Oke_ATP5L-105</i>	0.0002	0.046
<i>Oke_azin1-90</i>	0.0085	0.136
<i>Oke_brd2-118</i>	0.0124	0.179
<i>Oke_brp16-65</i>	0.0014	0.059
<i>Oke_CATB-60</i>	0.0003	0.048
<i>Oke_ccd16-77</i>	0.0880	1.000
<i>Oke_CD123-62</i>	0.0024	0.071
<i>Oke_CD81-108</i>	0.0004	0.049
<i>Oke_CD81-173</i>	0.0071	0.121
<i>Oke_cjo57-86</i>	-0.0023	0.019
<i>Oke_CKS1-70</i>	0.0011	0.056
<i>Oke_CKS1-94</i>	0.0013	0.058
<i>Oke_CKS-389</i>	0.0080	0.131
<i>Oke_COIA1-72</i>	0.0193	0.254
<i>Oke_COIA1-76</i>	-0.0011	0.033
<i>Oke_colla2-62</i>	0.0164	0.223
<i>Oke_ctgf-105</i>	0.0091	0.144
<i>Oke_CTR2-82</i>	-0.0020	0.023
<i>Oke_DBLOH-79</i>	0.0038	0.086
<i>Oke_DCXR-87</i>	0.0035	0.082
<i>Oke_DM20-548</i>	0.0062	0.111
<i>Oke_e2ig5-50</i>	0.0029	0.075
<i>Oke_EF2-394</i>	0.0001	0.045
<i>Oke_eif4ebp2-64</i>	0.0029	0.076
<i>Oke_eif4gl-43</i>	0.0037	0.084
<i>Oke_f5-71</i>	0.0185	0.245
<i>Oke_FANK1-166</i>	0.0269	0.336
<i>Oke_FANK1-96</i>	-0.0023	0.019
<i>Oke_FBXL5-61</i>	0.0149	0.206
<i>gdhComb^a</i>	0.0017	0.063
<i>Oke_GHII-3129</i>	0.0163	0.221
<i>Oke_glrxi-78</i>	0.0044	0.092
<i>Oke_GNMT-100</i>	0.0014	0.059
<i>Oke_GnRH-373</i>	0.0015	0.061

-continued-

Appendix A. Page 2 of 5.

Marker	F_{ST}	ZeroOneScores
<i>Oke_GPDH-191</i>	0.0029	0.075
<i>Oke_GPH-105</i>	0.0197	0.259
<i>Oke_GPH-78</i>	0.0074	0.125
<i>Oke_H2AX-72</i>	-0.0030	0.011
<i>Oke_hmgb1-66</i>	0.0038	0.085
<i>Oke_hnRNPL-239</i>	0.0008	0.053
<i>Oke_HP-182</i>	0.0013	0.058
<i>Oke_hsc71-199</i>	-0.0013	0.030
<i>Oke_HSP90BA-299</i>	0.0069	0.119
<i>Oke_il-1racp-67</i>	0.0157	0.215
<i>Oke_IL8r2-406</i>	0.0109	0.163
<i>Oke_KPNA2-87</i>	0.0708	0.813
<i>Oke_lactb2-71</i>	0.0000	0.045
<i>Oke_lamp2-138</i>	-0.0015	0.028
<i>Oke_LAMP2-186</i>	0.0005	0.049
<i>Oke_mcfd2-86</i>	0.0076	0.127
<i>Oke_METK2-97</i>	-0.0020	0.022
<i>Oke_mgll-49</i>	0.0208	0.271
<i>Oke_MLRN-63</i>	0.0022	0.068
<i>Oke_Moesin-160</i>	0.0020	0.065
<i>mtDNA3^b</i>	0.0040	0.087
<i>Oke_nc2b-148</i>	0.0123	0.178
<i>Oke_ndub3-58</i>	-0.0010	0.033
<i>Oke_NHERF-54</i>	0.0002	0.047
<i>Oke_NUPR1-70</i>	0.0031	0.078
<i>Oke_PDI43-475</i>	0.0001	0.045
<i>pgapComb^a</i>	0.0026	0.072
<i>Oke_pnrc2-78</i>	0.0041	0.089
<i>Oke_PPA2-635</i>	0.0027	0.074
<i>Oke_psmd9-57</i>	0.0031	0.078
<i>Oke_rab5a-117</i>	0.0000	0.044
<i>Oke_ras1-249</i>	0.0062	0.112
<i>Oke_RFC2-618</i>	0.0121	0.175
<i>Oke_RHlop-245</i>	0.0252	0.318
<i>Oke_ROA1-209</i>	-0.0030	0.011
<i>Oke_RPNI-80</i>	0.0010	0.055
<i>Oke_RS27-81</i>	-0.0011	0.032
<i>Oke_RS9-379</i>	0.0506	0.594
<i>Oke_RSPLY1-106</i>	0.0222	0.285
<i>Oke_serpins-140</i>	0.0064	0.113
<i>Oke_slc1a3a-86</i>	0.0034	0.081

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Marker	F_{ST}	ZeroOneScores
<i>Oke_sylc-90</i>	0.0138	0.194
<i>Oke_TCP1-78</i>	0.0009	0.054
<i>Oke_TCTA-202</i>	-0.0041	0.000
<i>Oke_Tf-278</i>	0.0072	0.122
<i>Oke_thic-84</i>	0.0129	0.184
<i>Oke_txnrd1-74</i>	0.0063	0.113
<i>Oke_U1002-262</i>	0.0140	0.197
<i>Oke_U1008-83</i>	0.0609	0.706
<i>Oke_U1010-154</i>	0.0000	0.044
<i>Oke_U1010-251</i>	0.0105	0.158
<i>Oke_U1015-255</i>	0.0136	0.192
<i>Oke_U1016-154</i>	0.0053	0.102
<i>Oke_U1017-52</i>	0.0031	0.078
<i>Oke_U1018-50</i>	0.0101	0.154
<i>Oke_U1019-218</i>	0.0055	0.104
<i>Oke_U1020-75</i>	-0.0019	0.023
<i>Oke_U1012-241</i>	0.0023	0.069
<i>Oke_U1023-147</i>	0.0226	0.290
<i>Oke_U1024-113</i>	0.0046	0.094
<i>Oke_U1025-135</i>	0.0050	0.098
<i>Oke_U1027-89</i>	0.0251	0.317
<i>Oke_U1028-100</i>	0.0114	0.168
<i>U102Comb^a</i>	-0.0002	0.042
<i>Oke_U1031-132</i>	0.0021	0.066
<i>Oke_u1-519</i>	-0.0007	0.036
<i>Oke_U2001-629</i>	0.0062	0.112
<i>Oke_U2002-200</i>	0.0042	0.090
<i>Oke_U2003-142</i>	0.0034	0.081
<i>Oke_u200-385</i>	0.0159	0.217
<i>Oke_U2005-62</i>	-0.0021	0.022
<i>Oke_U2006-109</i>	0.0056	0.105
<i>Oke_U2007-190</i>	0.0012	0.058
<i>Oke_U2010-94</i>	0.0070	0.120
<i>Oke_U2011-107</i>	0.0088	0.140
<i>Oke_U2015-151</i>	0.0249	0.314
<i>Oke_U2016-118</i>	0.0029	0.076
<i>Oke_U2017-87</i>	0.0125	0.180
<i>Oke_U2019-112</i>	-0.0023	0.019
<i>Oke_u2020-51</i>	-0.0036	0.006
<i>Oke_u202-131</i>	0.0071	0.121
<i>Oke_U2021-86</i>	0.0068	0.118

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Appendix A. Page 4 of 5.

Marker	F_{ST}	ZeroOneScores
<i>Oke_U2022-101</i>	0.0036	0.084
<i>Oke_U2023-99</i>	-0.0019	0.024
<i>Oke_U2024-93</i>	0.0040	0.088
<i>Oke_U2025-86</i>	0.0081	0.132
<i>Oke_U2026-64</i>	0.0066	0.116
<i>Oke_U2029-79</i>	0.0086	0.138
<i>Oke_U2031-37</i>	0.0206	0.268
<i>Oke_U2032-74</i>	0.0114	0.167
<i>Oke_U2033-122</i>	0.0008	0.052
<i>Oke_U2034-55</i>	0.0029	0.075
<i>Oke_U2035-54</i>	-0.0016	0.027
<i>Oke_U2037-76</i>	0.0111	0.164
<i>Oke_U2041-84</i>	0.0068	0.118
<i>Oke_U2042-61</i>	-0.0015	0.028
<i>Oke_U2043-51</i>	0.0024	0.070
<i>Oke_U2045-43</i>	0.0031	0.078
<i>Oke_U2047-49</i>	0.0007	0.052
<i>Oke_U2048-91</i>	0.0068	0.118
<i>Oke_U2049-99</i>	0.0000	0.044
<i>Oke_U2050-101</i>	0.0073	0.124
<i>Oke_U2052-56</i>	0.0005	0.050
<i>Oke_U2053-60</i>	0.0090	0.142
<i>Oke_U2054-58</i>	0.0004	0.049
<i>Oke_U2056-90</i>	0.0036	0.083
<i>Oke_U2057-80</i>	0.0249	0.314
<i>Oke_U212-87</i>	0.0130	0.186
<i>Oke_u216-222</i>	0.0050	0.098
<i>Oke_u217-172</i>	-0.0018	0.025
<i>Oke_U302-195</i>	0.0140	0.196
<i>Oke_U401-143</i>	-0.0008	0.036
<i>Oke_U502-241</i>	0.0013	0.059
<i>Oke_U503-272</i>	0.0014	0.059
<i>Oke_U504-228</i>	0.0064	0.113
<i>Oke_U505-112</i>	-0.0029	0.012
<i>Oke_U506-110</i>	0.0224	0.287
<i>Oke_U507-286</i>	0.0058	0.107
<i>Oke_U509-219</i>	0.0043	0.091
<i>Oke_U510-204</i>	0.0057	0.106
<i>Oke_U511-271</i>	-0.0031	0.011
<i>Oke_U514-150</i>	0.0007	0.052
<i>Oke_uqcrfs-69</i>	0.0008	0.053

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Marker	F_{ST}	ZeroOneScores
<i>Oke_zn593-152</i>	0.0020	0.066
Marker	F_{ST}	ZeroOneScores

^a Nuclear SNP composite phenotypes.

^b Mitochondrial SNP composite phenotype.

Appendix B.—Overall θ_P among the 5 Coastal Western Alaska regional areas calculated via a 3-level hierarchical ANOVA (Weir, 1995; Table 1; Figure 2). The θ_P values calculated from individual loci were linearly scaled between 0.0 and 1.0 and used as scores. Measured value 1.b. as outlined in Figure 3 – see text for methods.

Marker	θ_P	ZeroOneScores
<i>Oke_ACOT-100</i>	0.0018	0.329
<i>Oke_AhRI-278</i>	0.0015	0.321
<i>Oke_AhRI-78</i>	-0.0113	0.039
<i>Oke_APOB-60</i>	0.0035	0.365
<i>Oke_arf-319</i>	0.0127	0.571
<i>Oke_ATP5L-105</i>	-0.0003	0.282
<i>Oke_azin1-90</i>	0.0076	0.457
<i>Oke_brd2-118</i>	0.0114	0.542
<i>Oke_brp16-65</i>	-0.0047	0.184
<i>Oke_CATB-60</i>	0.0048	0.395
<i>Oke_ccd16-77</i>	0.0015	0.322
<i>Oke_CD123-62</i>	0.0030	0.354
<i>Oke_CD81-108</i>	0.0058	0.419
<i>Oke_CD81-173</i>	-0.0014	0.257
<i>Oke_cjo57-86</i>	-0.0009	0.269
<i>Oke_CKS1-70</i>	-0.0021	0.241
<i>Oke_CKS1-94</i>	-0.0014	0.258
<i>Oke_CKS-389</i>	0.0034	0.365
<i>Oke_COIA1-72</i>	-0.0120	0.022
<i>Oke_COIA1-76</i>	0.0000	0.288
<i>Oke_colla2-62</i>	-0.0060	0.155
<i>Oke_ctgf-105</i>	0.0072	0.449
<i>Oke_CTR2-82</i>	0.0002	0.293
<i>Oke_DBLOH-79</i>	-0.0072	0.130
<i>Oke_DCXR-87</i>	0.0065	0.433
<i>Oke_DM20-548</i>	0.0116	0.547
<i>Oke_e2ig5-50</i>	0.0053	0.406
<i>Oke_EF2-394</i>	0.0009	0.309
<i>Oke_eif4ebp2-64</i>	-0.0001	0.285
<i>Oke_eif4gl-43</i>	0.0052	0.404
<i>Oke_f5-71</i>	-0.0022	0.239
<i>Oke_FANK1-166</i>	0.0319	0.996
<i>Oke_FANK1-96</i>	-0.0024	0.236
<i>Oke_FBXL5-61</i>	0.0082	0.471
<i>gdhComb^a</i>	0.0013	0.317
<i>Oke_GHII-3129</i>	0.0062	0.425

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Appendix B. Page 2 of 5.

Marker	θ_P	ZeroOneScores
<i>Oke_glrx1-78</i>	-0.0015	0.256
<i>Oke_GNMT-100</i>	0.0040	0.378
<i>Oke_GnRH-373</i>	-0.0023	0.238
<i>Oke_GPDH-191</i>	0.0009	0.309
<i>Oke_GPH-105</i>	0.0115	0.545
<i>Oke_GPH-78</i>	-0.0090	0.088
<i>Oke_H2AX-72</i>	0.0004	0.298
<i>Oke_hmgb1-66</i>	0.0069	0.442
<i>Oke_hnRNPL-239</i>	-0.0020	0.245
<i>Oke_HP-182</i>	0.0050	0.400
<i>Oke_hsc71-199</i>	-0.0003	0.282
<i>Oke_HSP90BA-299</i>	-0.0013	0.261
<i>Oke_il-1racp-67</i>	0.0005	0.301
<i>Oke_IL8r2-406</i>	0.0000	0.288
<i>Oke_KPNA2-87</i>	0.0131	0.579
<i>Oke_lactb2-71</i>	0.0021	0.336
<i>Oke_lamp2-138</i>	0.0031	0.358
<i>Oke_LAMP2-186</i>	-0.0028	0.227
<i>Oke_mcfd2-86</i>	0.0089	0.487
<i>Oke_METK2-97</i>	-0.0014	0.257
<i>Oke_mgll-49</i>	0.0104	0.519
<i>Oke_MLRN-63</i>	-0.0004	0.279
<i>Oke_Moesin-160</i>	-0.0017	0.252
<i>mtDNA3^b</i>	0.0057	0.416
<i>Oke_nc2b-148</i>	0.0071	0.446
<i>Oke_ndub3-58</i>	-0.0010	0.266
<i>Oke_NHERF-54</i>	-0.0001	0.287
<i>Oke_NUPR1-70</i>	-0.0033	0.214
<i>Oke_PDIA3-475</i>	0.0012	0.316
<i>pgapComb^a</i>	0.0002	0.292
<i>Oke_pnrc2-78</i>	-0.0044	0.190
<i>Oke_PPA2-635</i>	0.0009	0.309
<i>Oke_psmd9-57</i>	-0.0042	0.195
<i>Oke_rab5a-117</i>	0.0022	0.338
<i>Oke_ras1-249</i>	0.0028	0.351
<i>Oke_RFC2-618</i>	0.0078	0.463
<i>Oke_RH1op-245</i>	0.0273	0.895
<i>Oke_ROA1-209</i>	0.0009	0.309
<i>Oke_RPNI-80</i>	-0.0041	0.198

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Marker	θ_P	ZeroOneScores
<i>Oke_RS27-8I</i>	-0.0002	0.283
<i>Oke_RS9-379</i>	0.0169	0.665
<i>Oke_RSPRYI-106</i>	0.0182	0.693
<i>Oke_serpin-140</i>	0.0057	0.416
<i>Oke_slc1a3a-86</i>	0.0013	0.318
<i>Oke_sylc-90</i>	0.0154	0.630
<i>Oke_TCP1-78</i>	-0.0003	0.282
<i>Oke_TCTA-202</i>	0.0001	0.291
<i>Oke_Tf-278</i>	0.0064	0.430
<i>Oke_thic-84</i>	0.0211	0.757
<i>Oke_txnrdl-74</i>	0.0038	0.372
<i>Oke_U1002-262</i>	0.0216	0.768
<i>Oke_U1008-83</i>	0.0320	1.000
<i>Oke_U1010-154</i>	0.0000	0.289
<i>Oke_U1010-251</i>	0.0049	0.397
<i>Oke_U1015-255</i>	0.0190	0.710
<i>Oke_U1016-154</i>	0.0031	0.357
<i>Oke_U1017-52</i>	0.0029	0.354
<i>Oke_U1018-50</i>	0.0104	0.519
<i>Oke_U1019-218</i>	-0.0007	0.272
<i>Oke_U1020-75</i>	-0.0003	0.281
<i>Oke_U1012-241</i>	0.0024	0.343
<i>Oke_U1023-147</i>	0.0286	0.924
<i>Oke_U1024-113</i>	0.0012	0.315
<i>Oke_U1025-135</i>	0.0019	0.330
<i>Oke_U1027-89</i>	0.0156	0.634
<i>Oke_U1028-100</i>	0.0029	0.354
<i>U102Comb^a</i>	0.0001	0.291
<i>Oke_U1031-132</i>	0.0025	0.344
<i>Oke_ul-519</i>	0.0024	0.342
<i>Oke_U2001-629</i>	0.0106	0.525
<i>Oke_U2002-200</i>	-0.0063	0.149
<i>Oke_U2003-142</i>	0.0058	0.418
<i>Oke_u200-385</i>	-0.0130	0.000
<i>Oke_U2005-62</i>	-0.0017	0.250
<i>Oke_U2006-109</i>	0.0086	0.479
<i>Oke_U2007-190</i>	0.0038	0.374
<i>Oke_U2010-94</i>	-0.0053	0.170
<i>Oke_U2011-107</i>	0.0137	0.593

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Marker	θ_P	ZeroOneScores
<i>Oke_U2015-151</i>	0.0127	0.572
<i>Oke_U2016-118</i>	0.0094	0.497
<i>Oke_U2017-87</i>	0.0166	0.658
<i>Oke_U2019-112</i>	0.0000	0.290
<i>Oke_u2020-51</i>	0.0018	0.328
<i>Oke_u202-131</i>	0.0085	0.478
<i>Oke_U2021-86</i>	0.0098	0.507
<i>Oke_U2022-101</i>	0.0051	0.402
<i>Oke_U2023-99</i>	0.0001	0.290
<i>Oke_U2024-93</i>	-0.0029	0.224
<i>Oke_U2025-86</i>	0.0043	0.385
<i>Oke_U2026-64</i>	0.0004	0.297
<i>Oke_U2029-79</i>	0.0097	0.503
<i>Oke_U2031-37</i>	0.0116	0.547
<i>Oke_U2032-74</i>	0.0117	0.549
<i>Oke_U2033-122</i>	-0.0003	0.283
<i>Oke_U2034-55</i>	-0.0002	0.284
<i>Oke_U2035-54</i>	0.0029	0.352
<i>Oke_U2037-76</i>	0.0039	0.376
<i>Oke_U2041-84</i>	0.0059	0.420
<i>Oke_U2042-61</i>	-0.0006	0.276
<i>Oke_U2043-51</i>	0.0008	0.306
<i>Oke_U2045-43</i>	-0.0081	0.108
<i>Oke_U2047-49</i>	0.0019	0.331
<i>Oke_U2048-91</i>	0.0018	0.328
<i>Oke_U2049-99</i>	-0.0022	0.240
<i>Oke_U2050-101</i>	0.0118	0.550
<i>Oke_U2052-56</i>	-0.0004	0.279
<i>Oke_U2053-60</i>	0.0098	0.505
<i>Oke_U2054-58</i>	0.0050	0.400
<i>Oke_U2056-90</i>	0.0067	0.437
<i>Oke_U2057-80</i>	0.0116	0.546
<i>Oke_U212-87</i>	0.0105	0.522
<i>Oke_u216-222</i>	0.0064	0.431
<i>Oke_u217-172</i>	0.0017	0.326
<i>Oke_U302-195</i>	0.0099	0.508
<i>Oke_U401-143</i>	0.0011	0.313
<i>Oke_U502-241</i>	-0.0020	0.244
<i>Oke_U503-272</i>	0.0055	0.412

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Appendix B. Page 5 of 5.

Marker	θ_P	ZeroOneScores
<i>Oke_U504-228</i>	0.0124	0.565
<i>Oke_U505-112</i>	0.0003	0.296
<i>Oke_U506-110</i>	0.0071	0.446
<i>Oke_U507-286</i>	0.0021	0.336
<i>Oke_U509-219</i>	0.0017	0.327
<i>Oke_U510-204</i>	0.0100	0.511
<i>Oke_U511-271</i>	0.0016	0.324
<i>Oke_U514-150</i>	0.0016	0.323
<i>Oke_uqcrfs-69</i>	0.0023	0.339
<i>Oke_zn593-152</i>	0.0042	0.381

^a Nuclear SNP composite phenotypes.

^b Mitochondrial SNP composite phenotype.

Appendix C.— f_{ORCA} with backward elimination using 3 of the Coastal Western Alaska regional areas (Norton Sound, Lower Yukon, Lower Kuskokwim), locus rank based on fitted Δf_{ORCA} , and ZeroOneScores, scaled values were scaled linearly between 0.0 (lowest) and 1.0 (highest). Measured value 1.c. as outlined in Figure 3 – see text for methods.

Marker	Δf_{ORCA} score	Rank	ZeroOneScores
<i>Oke_ACOT-100</i>	0.0033	69	0.580
<i>Oke_AhRI-278</i>	-0.0006	135	0.173
<i>Oke_AhRI-78</i>	0.0023	86	0.475
<i>Oke_APOB-60</i>	0.0001	123	0.247
<i>Oke_arf-319</i>	0.0010	108	0.340
<i>Oke_ATP5L-105</i>	0.0058	28	0.833
<i>Oke_azin1-90</i>	0.0050	42	0.747
<i>Oke_brd2-118</i>	0.0039	60	0.636
<i>Oke_brp16-65</i>	0.0069	10	0.944
<i>Oke_CATB-60</i>	0.0038	61	0.630
<i>Oke_ccd16-77</i>	0.0051	40	0.759
<i>Oke_CD123-62</i>	0.0026	81	0.506
<i>Oke_CD81-108</i>	0.0017	96	0.414
<i>Oke_CD81-173</i>	0.0016	98	0.401
<i>Oke_cjo57-86</i>	-0.0003	130	0.204
<i>Oke_CKS1-70</i>	0.0020	92	0.438
<i>Oke_CKS1-94</i>	0.0048	45	0.728
<i>Oke_CKS-389</i>	0.0043	53	0.679
<i>Oke_CO1A1-72</i>	0.0015	100	0.389
<i>Oke_CO1A1-76</i>	0.0028	78	0.525
<i>Oke_col1a2-62</i>	0.0042	54	0.673
<i>Oke_ctgf-105</i>	0.0000	124	0.241
<i>Oke_CTR2-82</i>	-0.0021	160	0.019
<i>Oke_DBLOH-79</i>	-0.0009	139	0.148
<i>Oke_DCXR-87</i>	0.0067	13	0.926
<i>Oke_DM20-548</i>	-0.0018	155	0.049
<i>Oke_e2ig5-50</i>	0.0053	37	0.778
<i>Oke_EF2-394</i>	-0.0001	126	0.228
<i>Oke_eif4ebp2-64</i>	-0.0022	161	0.012
<i>Oke_eif4g1-43</i>	0.0066	14	0.920
<i>Oke_f5-71</i>	0.0027	80	0.512
<i>Oke_FANK1-166</i>	0.0072	5	0.975
<i>Oke_FANK1-96</i>	-0.0019	157	0.037
<i>Oke_FBXL5-61</i>	0.0050	41	0.753
<i>gdhComb^a</i>	0.0071	7	0.963
<i>Oke_GHII-3129</i>	0.0013	103	0.370
<i>Oke_glrx1-78</i>	0.0030	75	0.543
<i>Oke_GNMT-100</i>	0.0024	84	0.488

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Appendix C. Page 2 of 5.

Marker	Δf_{ORCA} score	Rank	ZeroOneScores
<i>Oke_GnRH-373</i>	0.0011	106	0.352
<i>Oke_GPDH-191</i>	0.0008	111	0.321
<i>Oke_GPH-105</i>	0.0061	23	0.864
<i>Oke_GPH-78</i>	0.0000	125	0.235
<i>Oke_H2AX-72</i>	0.0005	116	0.290
<i>Oke_hmgb1-66</i>	0.0031	73	0.556
<i>Oke_hnRNPL-239</i>	0.0014	102	0.377
<i>Oke_HP-182</i>	0.0063	19	0.889
<i>Oke_hsc71-199</i>	0.0014	101	0.383
<i>Oke_HSP90BA-299</i>	-0.0013	146	0.105
<i>Oke_il-Iracp-67</i>	0.0051	39	0.765
<i>Oke_IL8r2-406</i>	0.0057	29	0.827
<i>Oke_KPNA2-87</i>	0.0032	71	0.568
<i>Oke_lactb2-71</i>	-0.0007	137	0.160
<i>Oke_lamp2-138</i>	0.0027	79	0.519
<i>Oke_LAMP2-186</i>	0.0059	26	0.846
<i>Oke_mcfd2-86</i>	0.0065	16	0.907
<i>Oke_METK2-97</i>	-0.0003	129	0.210
<i>Oke_mgll-49</i>	0.0040	58	0.648
<i>Oke_MLRN-63</i>	0.0032	72	0.562
<i>Oke_Moesin-160</i>	0.0039	59	0.642
<i>mtDNA3^b</i>	-0.0015	150	0.080
<i>Oke_nc2b-148</i>	0.0063	20	0.883
<i>Oke_ndub3-58</i>	-0.0011	143	0.123
<i>Oke_NHERF-54</i>	-0.0023	163	0.000
<i>Oke_NUPRI-70</i>	0.0070	8	0.957
<i>Oke_PDIA3-475</i>	0.0023	87	0.469
<i>pgapComb^a</i>	0.0066	15	0.914
<i>Oke_pnrc2-78</i>	-0.0021	159	0.025
<i>Oke_PPA2-635</i>	0.0035	67	0.593
<i>Oke_psmd9-57</i>	0.0047	46	0.722
<i>Oke_rab5a-117</i>	0.0021	90	0.451
<i>Oke_rasl-249</i>	0.0052	38	0.772
<i>Oke_RFC2-618</i>	0.0062	21	0.877
<i>Oke_RHlop-245</i>	0.0029	77	0.531
<i>Oke_ROA1-209</i>	-0.0006	134	0.179
<i>Oke_RPN1-80</i>	0.0044	52	0.685
<i>Oke_RS27-81</i>	0.0036	64	0.611
<i>Oke_RS9-379</i>	0.0008	112	0.315
<i>Oke_RSPRY1-106</i>	0.0053	36	0.784
<i>Oke_serpins-140</i>	0.0041	57	0.654

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Appendix C. Page 3 of 5.

Marker	Δf_{ORCA} score	Rank	ZeroOneScores
<i>Oke_slc1a3a-86</i>	0.0045	49	0.704
<i>Oke_sylc-90</i>	0.0057	30	0.821
<i>Oke_TCPI-78</i>	0.0046	48	0.710
<i>Oke_TCTA-202</i>	0.0002	122	0.253
<i>Oke_Tf-278</i>	0.0041	56	0.660
<i>Oke_thic-84</i>	0.0056	31	0.815
<i>Oke_txnrdI-74</i>	0.0037	63	0.617
<i>Oke_U1002-262</i>	0.0068	11	0.938
<i>Oke_U1008-83</i>	0.0074	2	0.994
<i>Oke_U1010-154</i>	-0.0012	145	0.111
<i>Oke_U1010-251</i>	0.0068	12	0.932
<i>Oke_U1012-241</i>	0.0004	118	0.278
<i>Oke_U1015-255</i>	-0.0014	148	0.093
<i>Oke_U1016-154</i>	0.0042	55	0.667
<i>Oke_U1017-52</i>	0.0047	47	0.716
<i>Oke_U1018-50</i>	0.0026	82	0.500
<i>Oke_U1019-218</i>	-0.0017	153	0.062
<i>Oke_U1020-75</i>	0.0054	34	0.796
<i>Oke_U1023-147</i>	-0.0016	152	0.068
<i>Oke_U1024-113</i>	0.0034	68	0.586
<i>Oke_U1025-135</i>	0.0012	104	0.364
<i>Oke_U1027-89</i>	0.0007	113	0.309
<i>Oke_U1028-100</i>	0.0071	6	0.969
<i>U102Comb^a</i>	0.0073	3	0.988
<i>Oke_U1031-132</i>	0.0035	66	0.599
<i>Oke_u1-519</i>	-0.0016	151	0.074
<i>Oke_U2001-629</i>	0.0024	85	0.481
<i>Oke_U2002-200</i>	-0.0004	131	0.198
<i>Oke_U2003-142</i>	-0.0010	142	0.130
<i>Oke_u200-385</i>	0.0038	62	0.623
<i>Oke_U2005-62</i>	-0.0004	132	0.191
<i>Oke_U2006-109</i>	0.0056	32	0.809
<i>Oke_U2007-190</i>	0.0069	9	0.951
<i>Oke_U2010-94</i>	0.0006	115	0.296
<i>Oke_U2011-107</i>	0.0054	35	0.790
<i>Oke_U2015-151</i>	0.0002	121	0.259
<i>Oke_U2016-118</i>	-0.0002	128	0.216
<i>Oke_U2017-87</i>	0.0072	4	0.981
<i>Oke_U2019-112</i>	0.0003	120	0.265
<i>Oke_u2020-51</i>	-0.0020	158	0.031
<i>Oke_u202-131</i>	-0.0012	144	0.117

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Appendix C. Page 4 of 5.

Marker	Δf_{ORCA} score	Rank	ZeroOneScores
<i>Oke_U2021-86</i>	-0.0013	147	0.099
<i>Oke_U2022-101</i>	0.0018	95	0.420
<i>Oke_U2023-99</i>	-0.0008	138	0.154
<i>Oke_U2024-93</i>	0.0005	117	0.284
<i>Oke_U2025-86</i>	0.0021	89	0.457
<i>Oke_U2026-64</i>	-0.0019	156	0.043
<i>Oke_U2029-79</i>	0.0029	76	0.537
<i>Oke_U2031-37</i>	0.0003	119	0.272
<i>Oke_U2032-74</i>	0.0020	91	0.444
<i>Oke_U2033-122</i>	0.0033	70	0.574
<i>Oke_U2034-55</i>	0.0009	110	0.327
<i>Oke_U2035-54</i>	0.0049	43	0.741
<i>Oke_U2037-76</i>	0.0044	51	0.691
<i>Oke_U2041-84</i>	0.0065	17	0.901
<i>Oke_U2042-61</i>	-0.0018	154	0.056
<i>Oke_U2043-51</i>	0.0060	24	0.858
<i>Oke_U2045-43</i>	0.0009	109	0.333
<i>Oke_U2047-49</i>	0.0006	114	0.302
<i>Oke_U2048-91</i>	0.0025	83	0.494
<i>Oke_U2049-99</i>	-0.0010	141	0.136
<i>Oke_U2050-101</i>	0.0017	97	0.407
<i>Oke_U2052-56</i>	0.0011	107	0.346
<i>Oke_U2053-60</i>	0.0048	44	0.735
<i>Oke_U2054-58</i>	0.0055	33	0.802
<i>Oke_U2056-90</i>	0.0062	22	0.870
<i>Oke_U2057-80</i>	0.0064	18	0.895
<i>Oke_U212-87</i>	0.0060	25	0.852
<i>Oke_u216-222</i>	-0.0005	133	0.185
<i>Oke_u217-172</i>	0.0045	50	0.698
<i>Oke_U302-195</i>	0.0074	1	1.000
<i>Oke_U401-143</i>	0.0018	94	0.426
<i>Oke_U502-241</i>	-0.0007	136	0.167
<i>Oke_U503-272</i>	-0.0001	127	0.222
<i>Oke_U504-228</i>	0.0059	27	0.840
<i>Oke_U505-112</i>	0.0036	65	0.605
<i>Oke_U506-110</i>	0.0019	93	0.432
<i>Oke_U507-286</i>	0.0030	74	0.549
<i>Oke_U509-219</i>	0.0022	88	0.463
<i>Oke_U510-204</i>	-0.0009	140	0.142
<i>Oke_U511-271</i>	0.0015	99	0.395
<i>Oke_U514-150</i>	-0.0022	162	0.006

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Appendix C. Page 5 of 5.

Marker	Δf_{ORCA} score	Rank	ZeroOneScores
<i>Oke_uqcrfs-69</i>	-0.0015	149	0.086
<i>Oke_zn593-152</i>	0.0012	105	0.358

^a Nuclear SNP composite phenotypes.

^b Mitochondrial SNP composite phenotype.

Appendix D.— F_{ST} for population pairs with the smallest pairwise F_{ST} from adjacent CWAK regional areas – see text for methods.

Region pair	Lowest F_{ST} value	Population 1	Population 2
Norton Sound / Lower Yukon	0.00053	Kwiniuk River	Andreafsky River - East Fork
Lower Yukon / Lower Kuskokwim	0.00004	Andreafsky River - East Fork	Salmon River
Lower Kuskokwim / Western Bristol Bay	0.00237	Kanektok River	Iowithla River
Western Bristol Bay / Eastern Bristol Bay	0.00563	Iowithla River	Alagnak River

Appendix E.— F_{ST} between the populations listed in Appendix D, and ZeroOneScores. The average of the ZeroOneScores is given in the far right column and this value was scaled linearly between 0.0 (lowest) and 1.0 (highest). Measured value 1.d. as outlined in Figure 3 – see text for methods.

Locus	Norton Sound / Lower Yukon		Lower Yukon / Lower Kuskokwim		Lower Kuskokwim / Western Bristol Bay		Western Bristol Bay / Eastern Bristol Bay		Avg. ZeroOneScores
	F_{ST}	ZeroOneScores	F_{ST}	ZeroOneScores	F_{ST}	ZeroOneScores	F_{ST}	ZeroOneScores	
<i>Oke_ACOT-100</i>	-0.0048	0.042	0.0014	0.173	0.0154	0.230	-0.0053	0.001	0.111
<i>Oke_AhR1-278</i>	0.0014	0.128	-0.0027	0.095	0.0218	0.300	-0.0038	0.012	0.134
<i>Oke_AhR1-78</i>	0.0169	0.345	-0.0052	0.046	-0.0037	0.019	0.0302	0.260	0.167
<i>Oke_APOB-60</i>	-0.0053	0.035	-0.0052	0.046	0.0005	0.066	-0.0034	0.015	0.041
<i>Oke_arf-319</i>	-0.0049	0.040	0.0001	0.147	-0.0048	0.008	0.0359	0.301	0.124
<i>Oke_ATP5L-105</i>	0.0040	0.165	-0.0052	0.046	0.0013	0.074	-0.0053	0.001	0.072
<i>Oke_azin1-90</i>	0.0012	0.126	-0.0011	0.126	0.0090	0.159	-0.0008	0.034	0.111
<i>Oke_brd2-118</i>	-0.0040	0.054	-0.0004	0.137	0.0108	0.179	-0.0035	0.014	0.096
<i>Oke_brp16-65</i>	0.0033	0.156	-0.0028	0.093	0.0004	0.065	-0.0032	0.017	0.083
<i>Oke_CATB-60</i>	-0.0022	0.078	0.0047	0.237	0.0024	0.087	0.0160	0.156	0.139
<i>Oke_ccd16-77</i>	-0.0053	0.035	0.0011	0.167	0.0465	0.573	-0.0017	0.028	0.201
<i>Oke_CD123-62</i>	0.0135	0.298	-0.0049	0.052	-0.0031	0.027	-0.0054	0.001	0.094
<i>Oke_CD81-108</i>	-0.0019	0.082	0.0067	0.274	-0.0053	0.002	-0.0019	0.026	0.096
<i>Oke_CD81-173</i>	-0.0049	0.040	-0.0028	0.092	0.0352	0.448	0.0197	0.184	0.191
<i>Oke_cjo57-86</i>	-0.0017	0.085	0.0003	0.151	-0.0044	0.011	-0.0051	0.002	0.062
<i>Oke_CKS1-70</i>	-0.0049	0.040	-0.0009	0.128	0.0000	0.060	-0.0044	0.008	0.059
<i>Oke_CKS1-94</i>	-0.0012	0.092	-0.0052	0.048	-0.0036	0.021	0.0092	0.107	0.067
<i>Oke_CKS-389</i>	-0.0004	0.104	-0.0052	0.047	0.0047	0.113	0.0472	0.384	0.162
<i>Oke_COIA1-72</i>	-0.0048	0.043	-0.0048	0.055	0.0027	0.090	0.0090	0.105	0.073
<i>Oke_COIA1-76</i>	-0.0041	0.052	-0.0050	0.051	0.0001	0.061	-0.0038	0.012	0.044
<i>Oke_col1a2-62</i>	-0.0034	0.062	-0.0045	0.061	-0.0022	0.036	-0.0051	0.003	0.040
<i>Oke_ctgf-105</i>	-0.0050	0.039	-0.0033	0.083	0.0072	0.139	-0.0011	0.032	0.073

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Appendix E. Page 2 of 7.

Locus	Norton Sound / Lower Yukon		Lower Yukon / Lower Kuskokwim		Lower Kuskokwim / Western Bristol Bay		Western Bristol Bay / Eastern Bristol Bay		Avg. ZeroOneScores
	F_{ST}	ZeroOneScores	F_{ST}	ZeroOneScores	F_{ST}	ZeroOneScores	F_{ST}	ZeroOneScores	
<i>Oke_CTR2-82</i>	-0.0026	0.073	-0.0007	0.132	-0.0038	0.018	0.0032	0.063	0.072
<i>Oke_DBLOH-79</i>	-0.0044	0.047	-0.0022	0.104	0.0081	0.149	-0.0040	0.010	0.078
<i>Oke_DCXR-87</i>	-0.0047	0.043	0.0303	0.724	-0.0054	0.001	-0.0032	0.017	0.196
<i>Oke_DM20-548</i>	-0.0054	0.034	-0.0029	0.091	-0.0053	0.002	-0.0008	0.034	0.040
<i>Oke_e2ig5-50</i>	-0.0048	0.043	-0.0002	0.143	0.0073	0.140	-0.0014	0.030	0.089
<i>Oke_EF2-394</i>	0.0092	0.237	0.0128	0.390	-0.0036	0.020	0.0071	0.091	0.185
<i>Oke_eif4ebp2-64</i>	-0.0040	0.053	-0.0051	0.048	-0.0039	0.018	-0.0019	0.026	0.036
<i>Oke_eif4g1-43</i>	-0.0053	0.035	0.0031	0.205	-0.0054	0.001	0.0030	0.062	0.076
<i>Oke_f5-71</i>	-0.0053	0.035	0.0060	0.260	0.0147	0.222	0.0002	0.041	0.140
<i>Oke_FANK1-166</i>	0.0016	0.131	0.0016	0.176	0.0009	0.070	0.0208	0.191	0.142
<i>Oke_FANK1-96</i>	-0.0053	0.034	-0.0003	0.140	-0.0053	0.001	-0.0045	0.007	0.046
<i>Oke_FBXL5-61</i>	-0.0050	0.039	-0.0043	0.064	0.0140	0.214	-0.0021	0.024	0.085
<i>gdhComb^a</i>	0.0039	0.163	0.0124	0.383	-0.0035	0.022	-0.0002	0.039	0.152
<i>Oke_GHII-3129</i>	0.0281	0.503	-0.0044	0.062	-0.0049	0.006	0.0020	0.054	0.156
<i>Oke_glrxl-78</i>	0.0180	0.360	0.0020	0.184	-0.0035	0.022	0.0095	0.109	0.169
<i>Oke_GNMT-100</i>	-0.0036	0.058	0.0028	0.199	-0.0014	0.045	-0.0052	0.002	0.076
<i>Oke_GnRH-373</i>	-0.0032	0.065	-0.0050	0.051	-0.0018	0.040	-0.0055	0.000	0.039
<i>Oke_GPDH-191</i>	0.0113	0.267	0.0018	0.180	-0.0051	0.004	-0.0035	0.014	0.116
<i>Oke_GPH-105</i>	-0.0046	0.045	0.0011	0.167	0.0489	0.599	0.1319	1.000	0.453
<i>Oke_GPH-78</i>	-0.0034	0.061	0.0447	1.000	0.0028	0.091	-0.0054	0.001	0.288
<i>Oke_H2AX-72</i>	-0.0052	0.036	-0.0051	0.049	-0.0049	0.006	-0.0053	0.001	0.023
<i>Oke_hmgb1-66</i>	0.0335	0.577	-0.0044	0.063	-0.0045	0.011	-0.0054	0.001	0.163
<i>Oke_hnRNPL-239</i>	-0.0021	0.079	0.0140	0.414	0.0012	0.074	-0.0047	0.006	0.143
<i>Oke_HP-182</i>	0.0200	0.389	0.0038	0.218	0.0074	0.142	0.0039	0.068	0.204
<i>Oke_hsc71-199</i>	-0.0048	0.042	-0.0010	0.127	0.0057	0.123	-0.0053	0.001	0.073

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Appendix E. Page 3 of 7.

Locus	Norton Sound / Lower Yukon		Lower Yukon / Lower Kuskokwim		Lower Kuskokwim / Western Bristol Bay		Western Bristol Bay / Eastern Bristol Bay		Avg. ZeroOneScores
	F_{ST}	ZeroOneScores	F_{ST}	ZeroOneScores	F_{ST}	ZeroOneScores	F_{ST}	ZeroOneScores	
<i>Oke_HSP90BA-299</i>	0.0000	0.109	0.0106	0.348	0.0000	0.060	0.0000	0.040	0.139
<i>Oke_il-1racp-67</i>	0.0357	0.609	0.0410	0.928	0.0403	0.504	0.0366	0.306	0.587
<i>Oke_IL8r2-406</i>	-0.0039	0.055	-0.0050	0.050	-0.0001	0.059	-0.0047	0.006	0.042
<i>Oke_KPNA2-87</i>	0.0637	1.000	0.0234	0.593	-0.0053	0.002	-0.0003	0.037	0.408
<i>Oke_lactb2-71</i>	-0.0039	0.055	-0.0017	0.114	-0.0031	0.026	-0.0053	0.001	0.049
<i>Oke_lamp2-138</i>	-0.0025	0.074	0.0028	0.200	-0.0043	0.013	0.0079	0.097	0.096
<i>Oke_LAMP2-186</i>	-0.0049	0.040	-0.0038	0.073	0.0061	0.128	-0.0053	0.001	0.061
<i>Oke_mcfd2-86</i>	-0.0047	0.044	-0.0013	0.121	-0.0024	0.034	-0.0019	0.026	0.056
<i>Oke_METK2-97</i>	-0.0046	0.044	-0.0047	0.056	-0.0034	0.022	-0.0015	0.029	0.038
<i>Oke_mgll-49</i>	0.0184	0.366	0.0099	0.335	-0.0050	0.005	0.0030	0.062	0.192
<i>Oke_MLRN-63</i>	-0.0044	0.048	-0.0052	0.046	0.0109	0.180	-0.0002	0.038	0.078
<i>Oke_Moesin-160</i>	-0.0051	0.038	0.0008	0.162	0.0001	0.062	0.0087	0.103	0.091
<i>mtDNA3^b</i>	-0.0078	0.000	0.0006	0.158	-0.0001	0.059	0.0109	0.119	0.084
<i>Oke_nc2b-148</i>	-0.0006	0.100	0.0057	0.255	-0.0014	0.045	0.0537	0.431	0.208
<i>Oke_ndub3-58</i>	-0.0052	0.036	-0.0053	0.045	-0.0025	0.032	-0.0003	0.038	0.038
<i>Oke_NHERF-54</i>	-0.0039	0.054	-0.0022	0.104	-0.0008	0.051	0.0041	0.070	0.070
<i>Oke_NUPR1-70</i>	-0.0037	0.058	-0.0030	0.089	-0.0054	0.001	-0.0047	0.006	0.039
<i>Oke_PDIA3-475</i>	-0.0018	0.084	-0.0056	0.040	0.0031	0.094	-0.0045	0.007	0.056
<i>pgapComb^a</i>	0.0035	0.158	-0.0077	0.000	0.0038	0.102	0.0074	0.093	0.088
<i>Oke_pnrc2-78</i>	0.0033	0.156	0.0056	0.253	-0.0048	0.007	-0.0032	0.016	0.108
<i>Oke_PPA2-635</i>	-0.0034	0.062	-0.0043	0.063	-0.0048	0.007	-0.0034	0.015	0.037
<i>Oke_psmd9-57</i>	-0.0053	0.035	0.0101	0.339	-0.0049	0.006	-0.0053	0.001	0.095
<i>Oke_rab5a-117</i>	0.0132	0.293	-0.0051	0.048	-0.0051	0.004	-0.0034	0.015	0.090
<i>Oke_ras1-249</i>	-0.0051	0.038	-0.0042	0.066	-0.0052	0.003	0.0001	0.041	0.037
<i>Oke RFC2-618</i>	0.0124	0.282	0.0124	0.382	0.0149	0.224	0.0055	0.080	0.242

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Appendix E. Page 4 of 7.

Locus	Norton Sound / Lower Yukon		Lower Yukon / Lower Kuskokwim		Lower Kuskokwim / Western Bristol Bay		Western Bristol Bay / Eastern Bristol Bay		Avg. ZeroOneScores
	F_{ST}	ZeroOneScores	F_{ST}	ZeroOneScores	F_{ST}	ZeroOneScores	F_{ST}	ZeroOneScores	
<i>Oke_RH1op-245</i>	0.0265	0.479	0.0265	0.651	0.0002	0.062	0.0354	0.298	0.372
<i>Oke_ROA1-209</i>	-0.0052	0.037	-0.0048	0.054	-0.0039	0.018	0.0049	0.075	0.046
<i>Oke_RPNI-80</i>	-0.0052	0.036	0.0115	0.365	-0.0055	0.000	-0.0041	0.010	0.103
<i>Oke_RS27-81</i>	0.0022	0.140	0.0149	0.430	-0.0040	0.016	0.0019	0.054	0.160
<i>Oke_RS9-379</i>	-0.0055	0.032	-0.0032	0.085	-0.0022	0.037	-0.0053	0.001	0.039
<i>Oke_RSPRY1-106</i>	0.0019	0.135	-0.0024	0.101	0.0163	0.240	0.0958	0.737	0.303
<i>Oke_serpins-140</i>	-0.0007	0.099	-0.0048	0.055	-0.0028	0.030	0.0582	0.463	0.162
<i>Oke_slc1a3a-86</i>	-0.0026	0.073	0.0067	0.274	0.0024	0.087	0.0077	0.096	0.132
<i>Oke_sylc-90</i>	-0.0044	0.048	-0.0054	0.043	0.0014	0.076	0.0137	0.140	0.077
<i>Oke_TCP1-78</i>	-0.0046	0.045	-0.0046	0.057	-0.0020	0.038	-0.0052	0.002	0.036
<i>Oke_TCTA-202</i>	-0.0052	0.037	-0.0046	0.057	-0.0026	0.032	-0.0047	0.006	0.033
<i>Oke_Tf-278</i>	-0.0054	0.034	0.0053	0.247	-0.0024	0.034	0.0137	0.139	0.114
<i>Oke_thic-84</i>	-0.0039	0.054	-0.0008	0.131	-0.0053	0.002	0.0162	0.158	0.086
<i>Oke_txnrd1-74</i>	0.0072	0.210	0.0052	0.246	0.0089	0.159	0.0108	0.119	0.183
<i>Oke_U1002-262</i>	-0.0048	0.041	0.0090	0.318	-0.0039	0.017	0.0117	0.125	0.125
<i>Oke_U1008-83</i>	0.0000	0.109	0.0000	0.146	0.0108	0.179	0.0220	0.200	0.159
<i>Oke_U1010-154</i>	0.0000	0.109	0.0000	0.146	0.0000	0.060	0.0000	0.040	0.089
<i>Oke_U1010-251</i>	-0.0051	0.038	-0.0006	0.135	0.0001	0.061	-0.0053	0.001	0.059
<i>Oke_U1015-255</i>	-0.0043	0.050	0.0021	0.186	-0.0053	0.002	0.0147	0.147	0.096
<i>Oke_U1016-154</i>	0.0047	0.175	-0.0051	0.050	-0.0028	0.029	0.0021	0.055	0.077
<i>Oke_U1017-52</i>	0.0003	0.114	0.0113	0.362	0.0018	0.080	0.0216	0.197	0.188
<i>Oke_U1018-50</i>	-0.0036	0.059	-0.0049	0.052	-0.0052	0.003	-0.0036	0.014	0.032
<i>Oke_U1019-218</i>	-0.0034	0.062	-0.0004	0.139	-0.0053	0.001	-0.0041	0.010	0.053
<i>Oke_U1020-75</i>	-0.0019	0.082	0.0022	0.188	-0.0050	0.005	-0.0053	0.001	0.069
<i>Oke_U1012-241</i>	0.0079	0.220	0.0033	0.208	0.0107	0.179	0.0118	0.125	0.183
<i>Oke_U1023-147</i>	0.0039	0.164	-0.0036	0.078	-0.0025	0.033	0.0249	0.221	0.124

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Appendix E. Page 5 of 7.

Locus	Norton Sound / Lower Yukon		Lower Yukon / Lower Kuskokwim		Lower Kuskokwim / Western Bristol Bay		Western Bristol Bay / Eastern Bristol Bay		Avg. ZeroOneScores
	F_{ST}	ZeroOneScores	F_{ST}	ZeroOneScores	F_{ST}	ZeroOneScores	F_{ST}	ZeroOneScores	
<i>Oke_U1024-113</i>	0.0352	0.601	0.0053	0.248	-0.0023	0.035	-0.0037	0.013	0.224
<i>Oke_U1025-135</i>	0.0143	0.310	0.0077	0.293	-0.0035	0.021	-0.0035	0.014	0.160
<i>Oke_U1027-89</i>	-0.0053	0.035	-0.0023	0.102	0.0006	0.067	0.0131	0.135	0.085
<i>Oke_U1028-100</i>	-0.0053	0.035	-0.0014	0.119	0.0291	0.381	-0.0053	0.001	0.134
<i>U102Comb^a</i>	0.0063	0.197	-0.0042	0.067	0.0005	0.066	0.0016	0.052	0.095
<i>Oke_U1031-132</i>	-0.0043	0.049	0.0219	0.564	-0.0041	0.015	-0.0049	0.004	0.158
<i>Oke_u1-519</i>	-0.0048	0.042	0.0044	0.229	-0.0027	0.030	-0.0052	0.002	0.076
<i>Oke_U2001-629</i>	-0.0055	0.032	-0.0019	0.110	-0.0053	0.001	0.0093	0.107	0.063
<i>Oke_U2002-200</i>	0.0015	0.131	-0.0052	0.046	0.0018	0.080	0.0010	0.047	0.076
<i>Oke_U2003-142</i>	-0.0044	0.047	-0.0046	0.058	-0.0039	0.017	0.0264	0.232	0.089
<i>Oke_u200-385</i>	0.0003	0.113	-0.0003	0.139	-0.0051	0.004	0.0218	0.198	0.114
<i>Oke_U2005-62</i>	0.0004	0.114	-0.0044	0.062	0.0041	0.105	-0.0035	0.015	0.074
<i>Oke_U2006-109</i>	-0.0016	0.087	-0.0035	0.079	-0.0042	0.014	-0.0045	0.007	0.047
<i>Oke_U2007-190</i>	-0.0048	0.041	-0.0055	0.042	0.0006	0.066	-0.0022	0.024	0.043
<i>Oke_U2010-94</i>	-0.0026	0.072	-0.0032	0.084	-0.0006	0.053	-0.0014	0.029	0.060
<i>Oke_U2011-107</i>	-0.0055	0.032	0.0073	0.285	-0.0033	0.023	-0.0052	0.002	0.086
<i>Oke_U2015-151</i>	-0.0044	0.047	-0.0052	0.046	0.0101	0.171	0.0147	0.147	0.103
<i>Oke_U2016-118</i>	-0.0051	0.037	0.0009	0.164	0.0025	0.087	-0.0032	0.017	0.076
<i>Oke_U2017-87</i>	0.0023	0.142	0.0017	0.178	0.0189	0.268	-0.0047	0.006	0.148
<i>Oke_U2019-112</i>	-0.0041	0.052	-0.0037	0.076	-0.0053	0.001	0.0003	0.042	0.043
<i>Oke_u2020-51</i>	-0.0037	0.057	-0.0052	0.046	-0.0035	0.022	-0.0036	0.014	0.035
<i>Oke_u202-131</i>	-0.0042	0.051	-0.0044	0.063	0.0032	0.095	-0.0049	0.004	0.053
<i>Oke_U2021-86</i>	-0.0014	0.090	-0.0012	0.123	-0.0054	0.001	0.0157	0.154	0.092
<i>Oke_U2022-101</i>	0.0065	0.200	-0.0029	0.091	0.0006	0.067	-0.0053	0.001	0.090
<i>Oke_U2023-99</i>	-0.0026	0.073	0.0021	0.187	-0.0051	0.004	-0.0044	0.008	0.068

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Appendix E. Page 6 of 7.

Locus	Norton Sound / Lower Yukon		Lower Yukon / Lower Kuskokwim		Lower Kuskokwim / Western Bristol Bay		Western Bristol Bay / Eastern Bristol Bay		Avg. ZeroOneScores
	F_{ST}	ZeroOneScores	F_{ST}	ZeroOneScores	F_{ST}	ZeroOneScores	F_{ST}	ZeroOneScores	
Oke_U2024-93	-0.0050	0.040	0.0007	0.159	-0.0049	0.006	0.0249	0.221	0.106
Oke_U2025-86	0.0159	0.331	0.0004	0.154	0.0500	0.611	0.0341	0.288	0.346
Oke_U2026-64	0.0001	0.110	-0.0052	0.046	-0.0003	0.057	-0.0035	0.014	0.057
Oke_U2029-79	0.0254	0.464	-0.0013	0.122	-0.0016	0.042	0.0088	0.104	0.183
Oke_U2031-37	-0.0044	0.048	-0.0046	0.059	0.0853	1.000	0.0117	0.125	0.308
Oke_U2032-74	-0.0038	0.056	-0.0029	0.091	0.0001	0.062	0.0061	0.084	0.073
Oke_U2033-122	-0.0053	0.034	-0.0046	0.059	0.0037	0.101	-0.0044	0.008	0.050
Oke_U2034-55	-0.0053	0.035	-0.0013	0.121	0.0123	0.196	0.0230	0.207	0.140
Oke_U2035-54	-0.0044	0.048	-0.0006	0.135	0.0036	0.100	-0.0050	0.003	0.072
Oke_U2037-76	-0.0053	0.035	-0.0049	0.053	-0.0029	0.028	-0.0053	0.001	0.029
Oke_U2041-84	0.0065	0.200	-0.0032	0.085	-0.0031	0.026	0.0027	0.060	0.093
Oke_U2042-61	0.0028	0.149	0.0073	0.286	-0.0039	0.017	-0.0052	0.002	0.113
Oke_U2043-51	-0.0022	0.079	-0.0052	0.047	-0.0008	0.051	-0.0019	0.026	0.051
Oke_U2045-43	-0.0032	0.064	-0.0017	0.114	-0.0052	0.003	0.0070	0.091	0.068
Oke_U2047-49	0.0027	0.147	-0.0051	0.049	-0.0048	0.007	-0.0054	0.001	0.051
Oke_U2048-91	-0.0052	0.036	-0.0017	0.114	0.0181	0.260	0.0039	0.068	0.119
Oke_U2049-99	0.0022	0.140	-0.0052	0.046	0.0156	0.232	-0.0019	0.026	0.111
Oke_U2050-101	0.0008	0.120	0.0000	0.147	-0.0051	0.004	0.0048	0.075	0.086
Oke_U2052-56	-0.0037	0.057	-0.0040	0.069	-0.0014	0.045	-0.0049	0.004	0.044
Oke_U2053-60	-0.0053	0.035	-0.0047	0.055	-0.0033	0.024	0.0112	0.122	0.059
Oke_U2054-58	-0.0045	0.047	0.0016	0.177	-0.0024	0.034	0.0010	0.047	0.076
Oke_U2056-90	0.0003	0.114	-0.0053	0.045	-0.0051	0.004	0.0044	0.072	0.059
Oke_U2057-80	-0.0040	0.054	-0.0051	0.049	-0.0046	0.009	-0.0027	0.020	0.033
Oke_U212-87	0.0052	0.182	0.0159	0.449	0.0015	0.076	-0.0053	0.001	0.177
Oke_u216-222	-0.0049	0.041	-0.0029	0.090	-0.0027	0.031	0.0096	0.110	0.068
Oke_u217-172	0.0072	0.210	0.0044	0.231	-0.0052	0.003	-0.0036	0.014	0.114

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Locus	Norton Sound / Lower Yukon		Lower Yukon / Lower Kuskokwim		Lower Kuskokwim / Western Bristol Bay		Western Bristol Bay / Eastern Bristol Bay		Avg. ZeroOneScores
	F_{ST}	ZeroOneScores	F_{ST}	ZeroOneScores	F_{ST}	ZeroOneScores	F_{ST}	ZeroOneScores	
<i>Oke_U302-195</i>	-0.0051	0.038	-0.0047	0.056	0.0031	0.094	-0.0053	0.001	0.048
<i>Oke_U401-143</i>	-0.0047	0.043	-0.0052	0.047	-0.0018	0.041	-0.0033	0.016	0.037
<i>Oke_U502-241</i>	0.0101	0.250	-0.0048	0.055	0.0059	0.125	-0.0036	0.013	0.111
<i>Oke_U503-272</i>	0.0129	0.289	-0.0008	0.130	-0.0003	0.057	-0.0006	0.035	0.128
<i>Oke_U504-228</i>	0.0043	0.170	-0.0024	0.099	-0.0051	0.004	0.0004	0.042	0.079
<i>Oke_U505-112</i>	-0.0016	0.086	0.0010	0.166	-0.0039	0.017	-0.0031	0.017	0.072
<i>Oke_U506-110</i>	-0.0051	0.037	-0.0052	0.046	0.0029	0.092	0.0081	0.099	0.069
<i>Oke_U507-286</i>	-0.0007	0.099	0.0005	0.155	0.0127	0.200	-0.0045	0.007	0.115
<i>Oke_U509-219</i>	-0.0038	0.057	-0.0017	0.114	0.0042	0.106	-0.0052	0.002	0.070
<i>Oke_U510-204</i>	-0.0042	0.050	-0.0052	0.047	-0.0043	0.013	0.0049	0.076	0.046
<i>Oke_U511-271</i>	-0.0045	0.046	-0.0038	0.074	-0.0051	0.003	-0.0032	0.017	0.035
<i>Oke_U514-150</i>	0.0096	0.243	-0.0054	0.043	-0.0044	0.011	-0.0002	0.038	0.084
<i>Oke_uqcrfs-69</i>	-0.0017	0.085	-0.0042	0.065	-0.0001	0.059	-0.0053	0.001	0.053
<i>Oke_zn593-152</i>	0.0012	0.126	-0.0038	0.073	0.0031	0.094	-0.0054	0.000	0.073

^a Nuclear SNP composite phenotypes.

^b Mitochondrial SNP composite phenotype.

Appendix F.–The amount of variation explained by each of the first 2 components (PC 1 and PC 2) of the principal component analysis, and ZeroOneScores, scaled values were scaled linearly between 0.0 (lowest) and 1.0 (highest). Measured value 2.a. and 2.b. as outlined in Figure 3 – see text for methods.

Marker	PC 1	ZeroOneScores	PC 2	ZeroOneScores
<i>Oke_ACOT-100</i>	0.8	0.286	0.3	0.067
<i>Oke_AhR1-278</i>	0.3	0.107	0.1	0.022
<i>Oke_AhR1-78</i>	0.1	0.036	0.4	0.089
<i>Oke_AP0B-60</i>	0.3	0.107	1.6	0.356
<i>Oke_arf-319</i>	0.4	0.143	0.2	0.044
<i>Oke_ATP5L-105</i>	0.3	0.107	0.3	0.067
<i>Oke_azin1-90</i>	0.1	0.036	0.2	0.044
<i>Oke_brd2-118</i>	0.2	0.071	0.6	0.133
<i>Oke_brp16-65</i>	0.6	0.214	0.6	0.133
<i>Oke_CATB-60</i>	1.6	0.571	0.7	0.156
<i>Oke_ccd16-77</i>	0.3	0.107	0.5	0.111
<i>Oke_CD123-62</i>	1.2	0.429	0.1	0.022
<i>Oke_CD81-108</i>	1.4	0.500	0.4	0.089
<i>Oke_CD81-173</i>	1.3	0.464	0.1	0.022
<i>Oke_cjo57-86</i>	0.1	0.036	0.4	0.089
<i>Oke_CKSI-70</i>	1.0	0.357	0.4	0.089
<i>Oke_CKSI-94</i>	0.5	0.179	0.4	0.089
<i>Oke_CKS-389</i>	0.2	0.071	0.5	0.111
<i>Oke_CO1A1-72</i>	1.0	0.357	0.4	0.089
<i>Oke_CO1A1-76</i>	0.4	0.143	0.0	0.000
<i>Oke_col1a2-62</i>	1.6	0.571	0.1	0.022
<i>Oke_ctgf-105</i>	0.8	0.286	0.2	0.044
<i>Oke_CTR2-82</i>	0.1	0.036	1.1	0.244
<i>Oke_DBLOH-79</i>	1.2	0.429	0.8	0.178
<i>Oke_DCXR-87</i>	1.3	0.464	0.3	0.067
<i>Oke_DM20-548</i>	0.5	0.179	0.7	0.156
<i>Oke_e2ig5-50</i>	0.0	0.000	1.1	0.244
<i>Oke_EF2-394</i>	0.3	0.107	0.9	0.200
<i>Oke_eif4ebp2-64</i>	0.5	0.179	0.8	0.178
<i>Oke_eif4gl-43</i>	0.1	0.036	0.3	0.067
<i>Oke_f5-71</i>	0.1	0.036	0.4	0.089
<i>Oke_FANK1-166</i>	1.8	0.643	0.8	0.178
<i>Oke_FANK1-96</i>	0.9	0.321	0.0	0.000
<i>Oke_FBXL5-61</i>	1.2	0.429	0.3	0.067
<i>gdhComb^a</i>	0.8	0.286	1.9	0.422

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Appendix F. Page 2 of 5.

Marker	PC 1	ZeroOneScores	PC 2	ZeroOneScores
<i>Oke_GHII-3129</i>	0.5	0.179	1.7	0.378
<i>Oke_glrxl-78</i>	0.0	0.000	0.5	0.111
<i>Oke_GNMT-100</i>	0.6	0.214	0.3	0.067
<i>Oke_GnRH-373</i>	0.6	0.214	0.9	0.200
<i>Oke_GPDH-191</i>	0.1	0.036	1.0	0.222
<i>Oke_GPH-105</i>	0.7	0.250	0.1	0.022
<i>Oke_GPH-78</i>	0.4	0.143	0.5	0.111
<i>Oke_H2AX-72</i>	0.3	0.107	0.2	0.044
<i>Oke_hmgb1-66</i>	0.2	0.071	0.1	0.022
<i>Oke_hnRNPL-239</i>	0.3	0.107	0.5	0.111
<i>Oke_HP-182</i>	0.1	0.036	0.4	0.089
<i>Oke_hsc71-199</i>	0.2	0.071	0.6	0.133
<i>Oke_HSP90BA-299</i>	0.2	0.071	0.1	0.022
<i>Oke_il-1racp-67</i>	0.9	0.321	0.3	0.067
<i>Oke_IL8r2-406</i>	0.2	0.071	1.0	0.222
<i>Oke_KPNA2-87</i>	0.5	0.179	0.7	0.156
<i>Oke_lactb2-71</i>	0.2	0.071	0.1	0.022
<i>Oke_lamp2-138</i>	0.1	0.036	1.1	0.244
<i>Oke_LAMP2-186</i>	0.0	0.000	1.3	0.289
<i>Oke_mcfd2-86</i>	1.3	0.464	0.0	0.000
<i>Oke_METK2-97</i>	0.5	0.179	0.2	0.044
<i>Oke_mgll-49</i>	0.2	0.071	0.6	0.133
<i>Oke_MLRN-63</i>	0.3	0.107	0.1	0.022
<i>Oke_Moesin-160</i>	0.1	0.036	0.5	0.111
<i>mtDNA3^b</i>	2.8	1.000	4.5	1.000
<i>Oke_nc2b-148</i>	0.7	0.250	0.7	0.156
<i>Oke_ndub3-58</i>	0.3	0.107	0.1	0.022
<i>Oke_NHERF-54</i>	0.2	0.071	0.8	0.178
<i>Oke_NUPRI-70</i>	0.1	0.036	1.4	0.311
<i>Oke_PDIA3-475</i>	0.1	0.036	0.9	0.200
<i>pgapComb^a</i>	1.6	0.571	1.5	0.333
<i>Oke_pnrc2-78</i>	0.5	0.179	0.6	0.133
<i>Oke_PPA2-635</i>	1.2	0.429	0.2	0.044
<i>Oke_psmd9-57</i>	0.2	0.071	0.4	0.089
<i>Oke_rab5a-117</i>	1.6	0.571	0.2	0.044
<i>Oke_ras1-249</i>	0.8	0.286	0.8	0.178
<i>Oke RFC2-618</i>	1.8	0.643	0.7	0.156

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Appendix F. Page 3 of 5.

Marker	PC 1	ZeroOneScores	PC 2	ZeroOneScores
<i>Oke_RH1op-245</i>	0.7	0.250	1.0	0.222
<i>Oke_ROA1-209</i>	0.9	0.321	1.2	0.267
<i>Oke_RPNI-80</i>	0.3	0.107	1.6	0.356
<i>Oke_RS27-81</i>	0.4	0.143	0.0	0.000
<i>Oke_RS9-379</i>	0.6	0.214	1.7	0.378
<i>Oke_RSPRY1-106</i>	0.7	0.250	0.8	0.178
<i>Oke_serpin-140</i>	0.5	0.179	0.8	0.178
<i>Oke_slc1a3a-86</i>	0.6	0.214	0.3	0.067
<i>Oke_sylc-90</i>	0.5	0.179	0.2	0.044
<i>Oke_TCPI-78</i>	0.8	0.286	1.2	0.267
<i>Oke_TCTA-202</i>	0.1	0.036	0.5	0.111
<i>Oke_Tf-278</i>	0.5	0.179	1.6	0.356
<i>Oke_thic-84</i>	0.9	0.321	0.3	0.067
<i>Oke_txnrd1-74</i>	0.3	0.107	1.0	0.222
<i>Oke_U1002-262</i>	1.0	0.357	0.7	0.156
<i>Oke_U1008-83</i>	0.7	0.250	1.2	0.267
<i>Oke_U1010-154</i>	0.9	0.321	1.5	0.333
<i>Oke_U1010-251</i>	0.4	0.143	1.0	0.222
<i>Oke_U1015-255</i>	0.3	0.107	0.5	0.111
<i>Oke_U1016-154</i>	0.1	0.036	0.6	0.133
<i>Oke_U1017-52</i>	1.0	0.357	0.2	0.044
<i>Oke_U1018-50</i>	0.6	0.214	0.8	0.178
<i>Oke_U1019-218</i>	0.7	0.250	0.2	0.044
<i>Oke_U1020-75</i>	0.3	0.107	0.1	0.022
<i>Oke_U1012-241</i>	0.2	0.071	0.6	0.133
<i>Oke_U1023-147</i>	1.3	0.464	0.2	0.044
<i>Oke_U1024-113</i>	0.4	0.143	0.5	0.111
<i>Oke_U1025-135</i>	0.3	0.107	1.0	0.222
<i>Oke_U1027-89</i>	1.1	0.393	0.5	0.111
<i>Oke_U1028-100</i>	0.2	0.071	0.3	0.067
<i>U102Comb^a</i>	2.2	0.786	2.1	0.467
<i>Oke_U1031-132</i>	0.1	0.036	0.5	0.111
<i>Oke_u1-519</i>	0.7	0.250	1.5	0.333
<i>Oke_U2001-629</i>	0.0	0.000	1.6	0.356
<i>Oke_U2002-200</i>	1.1	0.393	0.3	0.067
<i>Oke_U2003-142</i>	0.8	0.286	0.4	0.089
<i>Oke_u200-385</i>	1.1	0.393	0.4	0.089
<i>Oke_U2005-62</i>	0.1	0.036	1.0	0.222

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Marker	PC 1	ZeroOneScores	PC 2	ZeroOneScores
<i>Oke_U2006-109</i>	0.4	0.143	0.3	0.067
<i>Oke_U2007-190</i>	0.7	0.250	1.3	0.289
<i>Oke_U2010-94</i>	0.7	0.250	0.7	0.156
<i>Oke_U2011-107</i>	0.9	0.321	0.1	0.022
<i>Oke_U2015-151</i>	1.5	0.536	0.4	0.089
<i>Oke_U2016-118</i>	1.0	0.357	0.1	0.022
<i>Oke_U2017-87</i>	0.7	0.250	0.1	0.022
<i>Oke_U2019-112</i>	0.9	0.321	0.1	0.022
<i>Oke_u2020-51</i>	0.6	0.214	1.0	0.222
<i>Oke_u202-131</i>	0.6	0.214	1.0	0.222
<i>Oke_U2021-86</i>	0.3	0.107	0.2	0.044
<i>Oke_U2022-101</i>	0.7	0.250	0.1	0.022
<i>Oke_U2023-99</i>	1.5	0.536	0.3	0.067
<i>Oke_U2024-93</i>	0.4	0.143	0.7	0.156
<i>Oke_U2025-86</i>	0.1	0.036	0.3	0.067
<i>Oke_U2026-64</i>	1.1	0.393	0.0	0.000
<i>Oke_U2029-79</i>	0.2	0.071	1.1	0.244
<i>Oke_U2031-37</i>	0.6	0.214	0.9	0.200
<i>Oke_U2032-74</i>	0.0	0.000	0.7	0.156
<i>Oke_U2033-122</i>	0.5	0.179	0.5	0.111
<i>Oke_U2034-55</i>	0.7	0.250	1.0	0.222
<i>Oke_U2035-54</i>	0.4	0.143	0.2	0.044
<i>Oke_U2037-76</i>	0.8	0.286	0.1	0.022
<i>Oke_U2041-84</i>	0.3	0.107	0.2	0.044
<i>Oke_U2042-61</i>	1.4	0.500	0.8	0.178
<i>Oke_U2043-51</i>	0.4	0.143	0.3	0.067
<i>Oke_U2045-43</i>	0.9	0.321	0.4	0.089
<i>Oke_U2047-49</i>	1.2	0.429	0.1	0.022
<i>Oke_U2048-91</i>	0.2	0.071	0.0	0.000
<i>Oke_U2049-99</i>	0.5	0.179	1.3	0.289
<i>Oke_U2050-101</i>	0.5	0.179	0.2	0.044
<i>Oke_U2052-56</i>	0.6	0.214	0.9	0.200
<i>Oke_U2053-60</i>	0.6	0.214	0.0	0.000
<i>Oke_U2054-58</i>	0.9	0.321	0.1	0.022
<i>Oke_U2056-90</i>	0.4	0.143	0.5	0.111
<i>Oke_U2057-80</i>	1.2	0.429	0.6	0.133
<i>Oke_U212-87</i>	0.4	0.143	0.8	0.178
<i>Oke_u216-222</i>	0.7	0.250	0.1	0.022

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Marker	PC 1	ZeroOneScores	PC 2	ZeroOneScores
<i>Oke_u217-172</i>	0.1	0.036	1.0	0.222
<i>Oke_U302-195</i>	1.3	0.464	0.3	0.067
<i>Oke_U401-143</i>	0.1	0.036	0.7	0.156
<i>Oke_U502-241</i>	1.9	0.679	1.2	0.267
<i>Oke_U503-272</i>	0.4	0.143	0.6	0.133
<i>Oke_U504-228</i>	1.0	0.357	0.1	0.022
<i>Oke_U505-112</i>	0.4	0.143	0.7	0.156
<i>Oke_U506-110</i>	0.1	0.036	1.0	0.222
<i>Oke_U507-286</i>	0.1	0.036	1.0	0.222
<i>Oke_U509-219</i>	0.5	0.179	0.5	0.111
<i>Oke_U510-204</i>	0.1	0.036	0.0	0.000
<i>Oke_U511-271</i>	0.1	0.036	0.5	0.111
<i>Oke_U514-150</i>	0.5	0.179	0.4	0.089
<i>Oke_uqcrfs-69</i>	0.0	0.000	0.8	0.178
<i>Oke_zn593-152</i>	0.6	0.214	0.4	0.089

^a Nuclear SNP composite phenotypes.

^b Mitochondrial SNP composite phenotype.

Appendix G.— F_{ST} between populations from Honshu and Hokkaido islands and ZeroOneScores, scaled values were scaled linearly between 0.0 (lowest) and 1.0 (highest). Measured value 3.a. as outlined in Figure 3 – see text for methods.

Marker	F_{ST}	ZeroOneScores
<i>Oke_ACOT-100</i>	-0.0027	0.020
<i>Oke_AhRI-278</i>	-0.0042	0.012
<i>Oke_AhRI-78</i>	0.0793	0.439
<i>Oke_APOB-60</i>	0.0409	0.242
<i>Oke_arf-319</i>	0.0468	0.273
<i>Oke_ATP5L-105</i>	0.0128	0.099
<i>Oke_azin1-90</i>	0.0643	0.362
<i>Oke_brd2-118</i>	-0.0044	0.011
<i>Oke_brp16-65</i>	0.0065	0.067
<i>Oke_CATB-60</i>	0.0100	0.084
<i>Oke_ccd16-77</i>	0.1812	0.960
<i>Oke_CD123-62</i>	-0.0057	0.004
<i>Oke_CD81-108</i>	0.0065	0.067
<i>Oke_CD81-173</i>	0.0164	0.118
<i>Oke_cjo57-86</i>	-0.0061	0.003
<i>Oke_CKS1-70</i>	-0.0065	0.000
<i>Oke_CKS1-94</i>	-0.0051	0.008
<i>Oke_CKS-389</i>	0.1890	1.000
<i>Oke_CO1A1-72</i>	-0.0063	0.001
<i>Oke_CO1A1-76</i>	0.0063	0.066
<i>Oke_col1a2-62</i>	0.0503	0.291
<i>Oke_ctgf-105</i>	0.0129	0.099
<i>Oke_CTR2-82</i>	0.0213	0.142
<i>Oke_DBLOH-79</i>	0.0362	0.218
<i>Oke_DCXR-87</i>	0.0129	0.099
<i>Oke_DM20-548</i>	0.0543	0.311
<i>Oke_e2ig5-50</i>	0.0090	0.080
<i>Oke_EF2-394</i>	0.0024	0.046
<i>Oke_eif4ebp2-64</i>	-0.0004	0.032
<i>Oke_eif4g1-43</i>	-0.0059	0.003
<i>Oke_f5-71</i>	0.0222	0.147
<i>Oke_FANK1-166</i>	0.0824	0.455
<i>Oke_FANK1-96</i>	0.1312	0.705
<i>Oke_FBXL5-61</i>	0.0442	0.259
<i>gdhComb^a</i>	0.0030	0.049
<i>Oke_GHII-3129</i>	0.0050	0.059
<i>Oke_glrxi-78</i>	0.0019	0.043
<i>Oke_GNMT-100</i>	-0.0033	0.016
<i>Oke_GnRH-373</i>	0.0094	0.082

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Appendix G. Page 2 of 5.

Marker	F_{ST}	ZeroOneScores
<i>Oke_GPDH-191</i>	0.0749	0.417
<i>Oke_GPH-105</i>	0.0856	0.471
<i>Oke_GPH-78</i>	0.0037	0.052
<i>Oke_H2AX-72</i>	0.1878	0.994
<i>Oke_hmgb1-66</i>	0.0234	0.153
<i>Oke_hnRNPL-239</i>	-0.0063	0.001
<i>Oke_HP-182</i>	-0.0049	0.008
<i>Oke_hsc71-199</i>	0.0000	0.033
<i>Oke_HSP90BA-299</i>	-0.0063	0.001
<i>Oke_il-1racp-67</i>	0.0000	0.033
<i>Oke_IL8r2-406</i>	0.0069	0.069
<i>Oke_KPNA2-87</i>	0.0025	0.046
<i>Oke_lactb2-71</i>	-0.0022	0.022
<i>Oke_lamp2-138</i>	-0.0041	0.012
<i>Oke_LAMP2-186</i>	-0.0041	0.012
<i>Oke_mcf2d-86</i>	-0.0007	0.030
<i>Oke_METK2-97</i>	0.0237	0.155
<i>Oke_mgll-49</i>	-0.0004	0.031
<i>Oke_MLRN-63</i>	0.0973	0.531
<i>Oke_Moesin-160</i>	0.0000	0.033
<i>mtDNA3^b</i>	0.0523	0.301
<i>Oke_nc2b-148</i>	-0.0025	0.020
<i>Oke_ndub3-58</i>	-0.0058	0.004
<i>Oke_NHERF-54</i>	0.0537	0.308
<i>Oke_NUPR1-70</i>	0.0402	0.239
<i>Oke_PDIA3-475</i>	0.0138	0.104
<i>pgapComb^a</i>	0.0093	0.081
<i>Oke_pnrc2-78</i>	0.0116	0.093
<i>Oke_PPA2-635</i>	0.1384	0.741
<i>Oke_psmd9-57</i>	0.0368	0.222
<i>Oke_rab5a-117</i>	0.0314	0.194
<i>Oke_rasl-249</i>	-0.0046	0.010
<i>Oke_RFC2-618</i>	0.0000	0.033
<i>Oke_RH1op-245</i>	0.0000	0.033
<i>Oke_ROA1-209</i>	0.0115	0.092
<i>Oke_RPN1-80</i>	0.0216	0.144
<i>Oke_RS27-81</i>	0.0183	0.127
<i>Oke_RS9-379</i>	-0.0006	0.030
<i>Oke_RSPRY1-106</i>	0.0152	0.111
<i>Oke_serpins-140</i>	0.0538	0.309
<i>Oke_slc1a3a-86</i>	-0.0024	0.021

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Appendix G. Page 3 of 5.

Marker	F_{ST}	ZeroOneScores
<i>Oke_sylc-90</i>	0.0035	0.052
<i>Oke_TCPI-78</i>	-0.0050	0.008
<i>Oke_TCTA-202</i>	-0.0023	0.022
<i>Oke_Tf-278</i>	-0.0018	0.024
<i>Oke_thic-84</i>	0.1217	0.656
<i>Oke_txnrdI-74</i>	-0.0012	0.027
<i>Oke_U1002-262</i>	0.0210	0.141
<i>Oke_U1008-83</i>	0.0000	0.033
<i>Oke_U1010-154</i>	-0.0003	0.032
<i>Oke_U1010-251</i>	0.0081	0.075
<i>Oke_U1015-255</i>	0.0190	0.131
<i>Oke_U1016-154</i>	-0.0048	0.009
<i>Oke_U1017-52</i>	0.0027	0.047
<i>Oke_U1018-50</i>	-0.0029	0.018
<i>Oke_U1019-218</i>	0.0001	0.034
<i>Oke_U1020-75</i>	0.0001	0.034
<i>Oke_U1012-241</i>	-0.0042	0.012
<i>Oke_U1023-147</i>	0.0390	0.233
<i>Oke_U1024-113</i>	-0.0032	0.017
<i>Oke_U1025-135</i>	-0.0054	0.006
<i>Oke_U1027-89</i>	0.0001	0.034
<i>Oke_U1028-100</i>	0.0167	0.119
<i>U102Comb^a</i>	0.0543	0.311
<i>Oke_U1031-132</i>	-0.0002	0.033
<i>Oke_u1-519</i>	0.0881	0.484
<i>Oke_U2001-629</i>	-0.0008	0.030
<i>Oke_U2002-200</i>	0.0852	0.469
<i>Oke_U2003-142</i>	0.0002	0.034
<i>Oke_u200-385</i>	0.0173	0.122
<i>Oke_U2005-62</i>	-0.0065	0.000
<i>Oke_U2006-109</i>	0.1885	0.997
<i>Oke_U2007-190</i>	0.0944	0.516
<i>Oke_U2010-94</i>	-0.0061	0.002
<i>Oke_U2011-107</i>	0.0223	0.148
<i>Oke_U2015-151</i>	0.0000	0.033
<i>Oke_U2016-118</i>	0.0534	0.306
<i>Oke_U2017-87</i>	0.0000	0.033
<i>Oke_U2019-112</i>	0.0174	0.122
<i>Oke_u2020-51</i>	0.0602	0.341
<i>Oke_u202-131</i>	0.0443	0.260
<i>Oke_U2021-86</i>	0.0259	0.166

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Marker	F_{ST}	ZeroOneScores
<i>Oke_U2022-I01</i>	0.0000	0.033
<i>Oke_U2023-99</i>	0.0000	0.033
<i>Oke_U2024-93</i>	0.0654	0.368
<i>Oke_U2025-86</i>	0.0778	0.431
<i>Oke_U2026-64</i>	0.0330	0.202
<i>Oke_U2029-79</i>	0.0932	0.510
<i>Oke_U2031-37</i>	0.0039	0.053
<i>Oke_U2032-74</i>	-0.0037	0.015
<i>Oke_U2033-122</i>	-0.0012	0.027
<i>Oke_U2034-55</i>	0.0552	0.316
<i>Oke_U2035-54</i>	-0.0043	0.012
<i>Oke_U2037-76</i>	0.0001	0.034
<i>Oke_U2041-84</i>	-0.0011	0.028
<i>Oke_U2042-61</i>	0.0000	0.033
<i>Oke_U2043-51</i>	0.0115	0.092
<i>Oke_U2045-43</i>	0.0275	0.174
<i>Oke_U2047-49</i>	0.0593	0.336
<i>Oke_U2048-91</i>	0.0033	0.051
<i>Oke_U2049-99</i>	0.0020	0.043
<i>Oke_U2050-I01</i>	0.0000	0.033
<i>Oke_U2052-56</i>	0.0440	0.259
<i>Oke_U2053-60</i>	-0.0061	0.002
<i>Oke_U2054-58</i>	-0.0036	0.015
<i>Oke_U2056-90</i>	0.0656	0.369
<i>Oke_U2057-80</i>	0.0020	0.044
<i>Oke_U212-87</i>	0.0043	0.056
<i>Oke_u216-222</i>	0.0000	0.033
<i>Oke_u217-172</i>	0.0084	0.076
<i>Oke_U302-195</i>	0.0189	0.130
<i>Oke_U401-143</i>	-0.0022	0.022
<i>Oke_U502-241</i>	0.0811	0.448
<i>Oke_U503-272</i>	0.0258	0.165
<i>Oke_U504-228</i>	-0.0037	0.014
<i>Oke_U505-112</i>	-0.0061	0.002
<i>Oke_U506-110</i>	0.0000	0.033
<i>Oke_U507-286</i>	0.0731	0.407
<i>Oke_U509-219</i>	0.1240	0.668
<i>Oke_U510-204</i>	0.0042	0.055
<i>Oke_U511-271</i>	0.0000	0.033
<i>Oke_U514-150</i>	-0.0001	0.033
<i>Oke_uqcrfs-69</i>	-0.0041	0.012

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Marker	F_{ST}	ZeroOneScores
<i>Oke_zn593-152</i>	0.0032	0.050

^a Nuclear SNP composite phenotypes.

^b Mitochondrial SNP composite phenotype.

Appendix H.— F_{ST} between populations from Southeast Alaska and Northern British Columbia and ZeroOneScores, scaled values were scaled linearly between 0.0 (lowest) and 1.0 (highest). Measured value 3.b. as outlined in Figure 3 – see text for methods.

Marker	F_{ST}	ZeroOneScores
<i>Oke_ACOT-100</i>	0.0009	0.070
<i>Oke_AhR1-278</i>	-0.0053	0.027
<i>Oke_AhR1-78</i>	-0.0048	0.031
<i>Oke_APOB-60</i>	0.0217	0.211
<i>Oke_arf-319</i>	0.0531	0.425
<i>Oke_ATP5L-105</i>	-0.0033	0.041
<i>Oke_azin1-90</i>	0.0304	0.270
<i>Oke_brd2-118</i>	-0.0043	0.035
<i>Oke_brp16-65</i>	-0.0054	0.027
<i>Oke_CATB-60</i>	-0.0050	0.030
<i>Oke_ccd16-77</i>	-0.0032	0.041
<i>Oke_CD123-62</i>	-0.0032	0.042
<i>Oke_CD81-108</i>	-0.0001	0.063
<i>Oke_CD81-173</i>	-0.0035	0.040
<i>Oke_cjo57-86</i>	-0.0026	0.046
<i>Oke_CKS1-70</i>	0.0040	0.091
<i>Oke_CKS1-94</i>	-0.0007	0.059
<i>Oke_CKS-389</i>	-0.0050	0.029
<i>Oke_CO1A1-72</i>	-0.0049	0.030
<i>Oke_CO1A1-76</i>	-0.0034	0.041
<i>Oke_col1a2-62</i>	0.0649	0.505
<i>Oke_ctgf-105</i>	-0.0053	0.027
<i>Oke_CTR2-82</i>	-0.0045	0.033
<i>Oke_DBLOH-79</i>	-0.0038	0.037
<i>Oke_DCXR-87</i>	0.0390	0.329
<i>Oke_DM20-548</i>	0.0073	0.113
<i>Oke_e2ig5-50</i>	-0.0020	0.050
<i>Oke_EF2-394</i>	0.0017	0.075
<i>Oke_eif4ebp2-64</i>	0.0114	0.141
<i>Oke_eif4g1-43</i>	-0.0049	0.030
<i>Oke_f5-71</i>	-0.0048	0.031
<i>Oke_FANK1-166</i>	0.0112	0.140
<i>Oke_FANK1-96</i>	-0.0049	0.030
<i>Oke_FBXL5-61</i>	0.0279	0.253
<i>gdhComb^a</i>	0.0601	0.472
<i>Oke_GHII-3129</i>	0.0092	0.126
<i>Oke_glrxi-78</i>	-0.0039	0.037
<i>Oke_GNMT-100</i>	-0.0040	0.036
<i>Oke_GnRH-373</i>	0.0132	0.153

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Appendix H. Page 2 of 5.

Marker	F_{ST}	ZeroOneScores
<i>Oke_GPDH-191</i>	-0.0028	0.044
<i>Oke_GPH-105</i>	-0.0049	0.030
<i>Oke_GPH-78</i>	-0.0046	0.032
<i>Oke_H2AX-72</i>	0.0303	0.269
<i>Oke_hmgb1-66</i>	-0.0026	0.046
<i>Oke_hnRNPL-239</i>	0.0000	0.063
<i>Oke_HP-182</i>	0.0280	0.254
<i>Oke_hsc71-199</i>	-0.0048	0.031
<i>Oke_HSP90BA-299</i>	-0.0053	0.027
<i>Oke_il-1racp-67</i>	-0.0015	0.053
<i>Oke_IL8r2-406</i>	-0.0039	0.037
<i>Oke_KPNA2-87</i>	0.1377	1.000
<i>Oke_lactb2-71</i>	0.0083	0.120
<i>Oke_lamp2-138</i>	-0.0054	0.027
<i>Oke_LAMP2-186</i>	0.0027	0.082
<i>Oke_mcfd2-86</i>	-0.0056	0.025
<i>Oke_METK2-97</i>	0.0174	0.182
<i>Oke_mgll-49</i>	0.0172	0.180
<i>Oke_MLRN-63</i>	0.0047	0.096
<i>Oke_Moesin-160</i>	0.0037	0.088
<i>mtDNA3^b</i>	0.0000	0.063
<i>Oke_nc2b-148</i>	-0.0055	0.026
<i>Oke_ndub3-58</i>	0.0165	0.176
<i>Oke_NHERF-54</i>	0.0010	0.070
<i>Oke_NUPR1-70</i>	0.0228	0.219
<i>Oke_PDIA3-475</i>	0.0906	0.680
<i>pgapComb^a</i>	-0.0093	0.000
<i>Oke_pnrc2-78</i>	0.0232	0.221
<i>Oke_PPA2-635</i>	-0.0038	0.038
<i>Oke_psmd9-57</i>	0.0449	0.369
<i>Oke_rab5a-117</i>	-0.0048	0.031
<i>Oke_rasl-249</i>	0.0038	0.089
<i>Oke_RFC2-618</i>	0.0002	0.065
<i>Oke_RH1op-245</i>	0.0119	0.145
<i>Oke_ROA1-209</i>	-0.0055	0.026
<i>Oke_RPN1-80</i>	0.0069	0.110
<i>Oke_RS27-81</i>	0.0075	0.115
<i>Oke_RS9-379</i>	0.0016	0.074
<i>Oke_RSPRY1-106</i>	0.0354	0.304
<i>Oke_serpин-140</i>	0.0043	0.093
<i>Oke_slc1a3a-86</i>	0.0389	0.328

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Marker	F_{ST}	ZeroOneScores
<i>Oke_sylc-90</i>	-0.0049	0.030
<i>Oke_TCP1-78</i>	0.0094	0.128
<i>Oke_TCTA-202</i>	0.0775	0.591
<i>Oke_Tf-278</i>	0.0025	0.081
<i>Oke_thic-84</i>	0.0899	0.675
<i>Oke_txnrd1-74</i>	0.0094	0.127
<i>Oke_U1002-262</i>	-0.0022	0.048
<i>Oke_U1008-83</i>	-0.0012	0.055
<i>Oke_U1010-154</i>	0.0000	0.063
<i>Oke_U1010-251</i>	-0.0034	0.041
<i>Oke_U1015-255</i>	0.0089	0.124
<i>Oke_U1016-154</i>	-0.0005	0.060
<i>Oke_U1017-52</i>	0.0165	0.176
<i>Oke_U1018-50</i>	-0.0036	0.039
<i>Oke_U1019-218</i>	0.0003	0.066
<i>Oke_U1020-75</i>	0.0388	0.328
<i>Oke_U1012-241</i>	-0.0014	0.054
<i>Oke_U1023-147</i>	-0.0054	0.027
<i>Oke_U1024-113</i>	0.0215	0.209
<i>Oke_U1025-135</i>	0.0000	0.063
<i>Oke_U1027-89</i>	0.0311	0.275
<i>Oke_U1028-100</i>	-0.0053	0.027
<i>U102Comb^a</i>	0.0016	0.074
<i>Oke_U1031-132</i>	0.0290	0.261
<i>Oke_u1-519</i>	0.0321	0.282
<i>Oke_U2001-629</i>	-0.0006	0.059
<i>Oke_U2002-200</i>	-0.0045	0.033
<i>Oke_U2003-142</i>	-0.0017	0.052
<i>Oke_u200-385</i>	-0.0031	0.042
<i>Oke_U2005-62</i>	0.0414	0.345
<i>Oke_U2006-109</i>	0.0175	0.182
<i>Oke_U2007-190</i>	0.0019	0.076
<i>Oke_U2010-94</i>	0.0034	0.087
<i>Oke_U2011-107</i>	0.0005	0.067
<i>Oke_U2015-151</i>	-0.0028	0.044
<i>Oke_U2016-118</i>	0.0016	0.074
<i>Oke_U2017-87</i>	-0.0053	0.027
<i>Oke_U2019-112</i>	-0.0040	0.036
<i>Oke_u2020-51</i>	-0.0053	0.027
<i>Oke_u202-131</i>	0.0000	0.063
<i>Oke_U2021-86</i>	0.0002	0.065

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Marker	F_{ST}	ZeroOneScores
<i>Oke_U2022-101</i>	0.0005	0.067
<i>Oke_U2023-99</i>	-0.0036	0.039
<i>Oke_U2024-93</i>	-0.0031	0.042
<i>Oke_U2025-86</i>	-0.0053	0.027
<i>Oke_U2026-64</i>	0.0000	0.063
<i>Oke_U2029-79</i>	-0.0039	0.037
<i>Oke_U2031-37</i>	0.0021	0.077
<i>Oke_U2032-74</i>	-0.0027	0.045
<i>Oke_U2033-122</i>	0.0547	0.435
<i>Oke_U2034-55</i>	-0.0015	0.053
<i>Oke_U2035-54</i>	0.1089	0.804
<i>Oke_U2037-76</i>	0.0071	0.112
<i>Oke_U2041-84</i>	-0.0053	0.027
<i>Oke_U2042-61</i>	0.0341	0.296
<i>Oke_U2043-51</i>	-0.0037	0.039
<i>Oke_U2045-43</i>	-0.0022	0.049
<i>Oke_U2047-49</i>	0.0037	0.088
<i>Oke_U2048-91</i>	0.0096	0.129
<i>Oke_U2049-99</i>	0.0042	0.092
<i>Oke_U2050-101</i>	0.0531	0.425
<i>Oke_U2052-56</i>	0.0255	0.237
<i>Oke_U2053-60</i>	-0.0048	0.031
<i>Oke_U2054-58</i>	0.0029	0.083
<i>Oke_U2056-90</i>	-0.0018	0.051
<i>Oke_U2057-80</i>	0.0056	0.102
<i>Oke_U212-87</i>	0.0184	0.189
<i>Oke_u216-222</i>	-0.0030	0.043
<i>Oke_u217-172</i>	0.0007	0.068
<i>Oke_U302-195</i>	-0.0016	0.053
<i>Oke_U401-143</i>	-0.0051	0.029
<i>Oke_U502-241</i>	0.1340	0.975
<i>Oke_U503-272</i>	0.0001	0.064
<i>Oke_U504-228</i>	0.0255	0.237
<i>Oke_U505-112</i>	-0.0050	0.030
<i>Oke_U506-110</i>	0.0920	0.690
<i>Oke_U507-286</i>	-0.0019	0.050
<i>Oke_U509-219</i>	-0.0036	0.039
<i>Oke_U510-204</i>	0.0095	0.128
<i>Oke_U511-271</i>	-0.0029	0.044
<i>Oke_U514-150</i>	0.0270	0.247
<i>Oke_uqcrfs-69</i>	0.0000	0.063

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Marker	F_{ST}	ZeroOneScores
<i>Oke_zn593-152</i>	0.0013	0.072

^a Nuclear SNP composite phenotypes.

^b Mitochondrial SNP composite phenotype.

Appendix I.– θ_p between population pairs from British Columbia and Washington and ZeroOneScores, scaled values were scaled linearly between 0.0 (lowest) and 1.0 (highest). Measured value 3.c. as outlined in Figure 3 – see text for methods.

Marker	θ_p	ZeroOneScores
<i>Oke_ACOT-100</i>	0.1726	0.554
<i>Oke_AhRI-278</i>	0.0004	0.205
<i>Oke_AhRI-78</i>	-0.0059	0.192
<i>Oke_AP0B-60</i>	0.0141	0.233
<i>Oke_arf-319</i>	0.0076	0.220
<i>Oke_ATP5L-105</i>	-0.0195	0.165
<i>Oke_azin1-90</i>	0.1072	0.421
<i>Oke_brd2-118</i>	0.0231	0.251
<i>Oke_brp16-65</i>	0.0344	0.274
<i>Oke_CATB-60</i>	0.0217	0.248
<i>Oke_ccd16-77</i>	0.1300	0.467
<i>Oke_CD123-62</i>	0.1113	0.430
<i>Oke_CD81-108</i>	0.0000	0.204
<i>Oke_CD81-173</i>	0.0015	0.207
<i>Oke_cjo57-86</i>	0.0180	0.241
<i>Oke_CKS1-70</i>	-0.0125	0.179
<i>Oke_CKS1-94</i>	-0.0108	0.182
<i>Oke_CKS-389</i>	0.0688	0.344
<i>Oke_COIA1-72</i>	0.0087	0.222
<i>Oke_COIA1-76</i>	-0.0084	0.187
<i>Oke_colla2-62</i>	0.0412	0.288
<i>Oke_ctgf-105</i>	0.0243	0.254
<i>Oke_CTR2-82</i>	0.0007	0.206
<i>Oke_DBLOH-79</i>	0.0178	0.240
<i>Oke_DCXR-87</i>	0.0560	0.318
<i>Oke_DM20-548</i>	0.0372	0.280
<i>Oke_e2ig5-50</i>	-0.0011	0.202
<i>Oke_EF2-394</i>	0.0048	0.214
<i>Oke_eif4ebp2-64</i>	0.0718	0.350
<i>Oke_eif4g1-43</i>	-0.0055	0.193
<i>Oke_f5-71</i>	0.0612	0.328
<i>Oke_FANK1-166</i>	-0.0058	0.193
<i>Oke_FANK1-96</i>	-0.0025	0.199
<i>Oke_FBXL5-61</i>	-0.0248	0.154
<i>gdhComb^a</i>	0.0595	0.325
<i>Oke_GHII-3129</i>	0.0049	0.214
<i>Oke_glr xl-78</i>	0.0785	0.363
<i>Oke_GNMT-100</i>	0.0071	0.219
<i>Oke_GnRH-373</i>	0.0080	0.221

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Marker	θ_P	ZeroOneScores
<i>Oke_GPDH-191</i>	0.0355	0.276
<i>Oke_GPH-105</i>	0.0752	0.357
<i>Oke_GPH-78</i>	0.0378	0.281
<i>Oke_H2AX-72</i>	0.0172	0.239
<i>Oke_hmgb1-66</i>	-0.0243	0.155
<i>Oke_hnRNPL-239</i>	0.0000	0.204
<i>Oke_HP-182</i>	-0.0057	0.193
<i>Oke_hsc71-199</i>	0.0093	0.223
<i>Oke_HSP90BA-299</i>	0.0008	0.206
<i>Oke_il-Iracp-67</i>	0.0057	0.216
<i>Oke_IL8r2-406</i>	-0.0014	0.202
<i>Oke_KPNA2-87</i>	-0.0020	0.200
<i>Oke_lactb2-71</i>	0.0540	0.314
<i>Oke_lamp2-138</i>	0.0076	0.220
<i>Oke_LAMP2-186</i>	0.1052	0.417
<i>Oke_mcfd2-86</i>	0.1211	0.449
<i>Oke_METK2-97</i>	0.0043	0.213
<i>Oke_mgll-49</i>	0.1313	0.470
<i>Oke_MLRN-63</i>	0.0006	0.205
<i>Oke_Moesin-160</i>	0.1127	0.433
<i>mtDNA3^b</i>	0.0000	0.204
<i>Oke_nc2b-148</i>	0.0273	0.260
<i>Oke_ndub3-58</i>	-0.0007	0.203
<i>Oke_NHERF-54</i>	0.1143	0.436
<i>Oke_NUPR1-70</i>	-0.0030	0.198
<i>Oke_PDIA3-475</i>	-0.0012	0.202
<i>pgapComb^a</i>	0.0104	0.225
<i>Oke_pnrc2-78</i>	-0.0038	0.197
<i>Oke_PPA2-635</i>	-0.0244	0.155
<i>Oke_psmd9-57</i>	-0.0034	0.197
<i>Oke_rab5a-117</i>	-0.0275	0.149
<i>Oke_ras1-249</i>	-0.0032	0.198
<i>Oke_RFC2-618</i>	0.0025	0.209
<i>Oke_RH1op-245</i>	0.0035	0.211
<i>Oke_ROA1-209</i>	-0.0096	0.185
<i>Oke_RPNI-80</i>	0.0091	0.223
<i>Oke_RS27-81</i>	0.0032	0.211
<i>Oke_RS9-379</i>	-0.0305	0.142
<i>Oke_RSPRY1-106</i>	0.2649	0.741
<i>Oke_serpин-140</i>	0.0505	0.306
<i>Oke_slc1a3a-86</i>	0.0047	0.214

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Marker	θ_P	ZeroOneScores
<i>Oke_sylc-90</i>	0.0048	0.214
<i>Oke_TCP1-78</i>	0.0214	0.248
<i>Oke_TCTA-202</i>	0.0574	0.321
<i>Oke_Tf-278</i>	0.0230	0.251
<i>Oke_thic-84</i>	-0.0339	0.136
<i>Oke_txnrdl-74</i>	0.0339	0.273
<i>Oke_U1002-262</i>	-0.1009	0.000
<i>Oke_U1008-83</i>	0.0093	0.223
<i>Oke_U1010-154</i>	0.0000	0.204
<i>Oke_U1010-251</i>	0.2342	0.679
<i>Oke_U1015-255</i>	0.1611	0.531
<i>Oke_U1016-154</i>	-0.0092	0.186
<i>Oke_U1017-52</i>	-0.0175	0.169
<i>Oke_U1018-50</i>	0.0082	0.221
<i>Oke_U1019-218</i>	0.0106	0.226
<i>Oke_U1020-75</i>	0.0472	0.300
<i>Oke_U1012-241</i>	0.0753	0.357
<i>Oke_U1023-147</i>	-0.0352	0.133
<i>Oke_U1024-113</i>	-0.0006	0.203
<i>Oke_U1025-135</i>	0.0000	0.204
<i>Oke_U1027-89</i>	0.0430	0.291
<i>Oke_U1028-100</i>	-0.0245	0.155
<i>U102Comb^a</i>	0.0609	0.328
<i>Oke_U1031-132</i>	0.0327	0.271
<i>Oke_u1-519</i>	-0.0173	0.169
<i>Oke_U2001-629</i>	0.1723	0.553
<i>Oke_U2002-200</i>	0.1116	0.430
<i>Oke_U2003-142</i>	0.0247	0.254
<i>Oke_u200-385</i>	0.0295	0.264
<i>Oke_U2005-62</i>	-0.0088	0.187
<i>Oke_U2006-109</i>	0.0081	0.221
<i>Oke_U2007-190</i>	0.1084	0.424
<i>Oke_U2010-94</i>	0.0290	0.263
<i>Oke_U2011-107</i>	-0.0063	0.192
<i>Oke_U2015-151</i>	0.0145	0.234
<i>Oke_U2016-118</i>	0.1888	0.587
<i>Oke_U2017-87</i>	-0.0093	0.185
<i>Oke_U2019-112</i>	0.0816	0.369
<i>Oke_u2020-51</i>	-0.0003	0.204
<i>Oke_u202-131</i>	0.0000	0.204
<i>Oke_U2021-86</i>	0.1657	0.540

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Marker	θ_P	ZeroOneScores
<i>Oke_U2022-101</i>	0.0084	0.221
<i>Oke_U2023-99</i>	-0.0032	0.198
<i>Oke_U2024-93</i>	0.1869	0.583
<i>Oke_U2025-86</i>	0.0494	0.304
<i>Oke_U2026-64</i>	0.2893	0.790
<i>Oke_U2029-79</i>	0.3518	0.917
<i>Oke_U2031-37</i>	0.0081	0.221
<i>Oke_U2032-74</i>	0.0062	0.217
<i>Oke_U2033-122</i>	0.0056	0.216
<i>Oke_U2034-55</i>	0.0031	0.211
<i>Oke_U2035-54</i>	0.0525	0.311
<i>Oke_U2037-76</i>	0.0041	0.213
<i>Oke_U2041-84</i>	-0.0023	0.200
<i>Oke_U2042-61</i>	0.0637	0.333
<i>Oke_U2043-51</i>	0.0069	0.218
<i>Oke_U2045-43</i>	0.1764	0.561
<i>Oke_U2047-49</i>	-0.0035	0.197
<i>Oke_U2048-91</i>	0.2031	0.616
<i>Oke_U2049-99</i>	0.0511	0.308
<i>Oke_U2050-101</i>	0.0354	0.276
<i>Oke_U2052-56</i>	0.1497	0.507
<i>Oke_U2053-60</i>	0.0079	0.220
<i>Oke_U2054-58</i>	-0.0032	0.198
<i>Oke_U2056-90</i>	0.0070	0.218
<i>Oke_U2057-80</i>	0.0091	0.223
<i>Oke_U212-87</i>	0.0090	0.223
<i>Oke_u216-222</i>	0.0049	0.214
<i>Oke_u217-172</i>	-0.0107	0.183
<i>Oke_U302-195</i>	-0.0174	0.169
<i>Oke_U401-143</i>	0.0200	0.245
<i>Oke_U502-241</i>	0.3929	1.000
<i>Oke_U503-272</i>	0.0008	0.206
<i>Oke_U504-228</i>	-0.0383	0.127
<i>Oke_U505-112</i>	0.0010	0.206
<i>Oke_U506-110</i>	0.1507	0.510
<i>Oke_U507-286</i>	0.0865	0.379
<i>Oke_U509-219</i>	0.0704	0.347
<i>Oke_U510-204</i>	0.0207	0.246
<i>Oke_U511-271</i>	-0.0158	0.172
<i>Oke_U514-150</i>	0.0264	0.258
<i>Oke_uqcrfs-69</i>	0.0000	0.204

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Marker	θ_P	ZeroOneScores
<i>Oke_zn593-152</i>	0.0221	0.249

^a Nuclear SNP composite phenotypes.

^b Mitochondrial SNP composite phenotype.