

**Fishery Data Series No. 12-72**

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**Subsistence and Personal Use Salmon Harvests in  
the Alaska Portion of the Yukon River Drainage,  
2011**

by

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and

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November 2012

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Alaska Department of Fish and Game

Divisions of Sport Fish and Commercial Fisheries



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<b>Weights and measures (metric)</b>		<b>General</b>		<b>Mathematics, statistics</b>	
centimeter	cm	Alaska Administrative Code	AAC	<i>all standard mathematical signs, symbols and abbreviations</i>	
deciliter	dL	all commonly accepted abbreviations	e.g., Mr., Mrs., AM, PM, etc.	alternate hypothesis	$H_A$
gram	g	all commonly accepted professional titles	e.g., Dr., Ph.D., R.N., etc.	base of natural logarithm	$e$
hectare	ha	at	@	catch per unit effort	CPUE
kilogram	kg	compass directions:		coefficient of variation	CV
kilometer	km	east	E	common test statistics	(F, t, $\chi^2$ , etc.)
liter	L	north	N	confidence interval	CI
meter	m	south	S	correlation coefficient (multiple)	R
milliliter	mL	west	W	correlation coefficient (simple)	r
millimeter	mm	copyright	©	covariance	cov
		corporate suffixes:		degree (angular)	$^\circ$
<b>Weights and measures (English)</b>		Company	Co.	degrees of freedom	df
cubic feet per second	ft <sup>3</sup> /s	Corporation	Corp.	expected value	$E$
foot	ft	Incorporated	Inc.	greater than	>
gallon	gal	Limited	Ltd.	greater than or equal to	$\geq$
inch	in	District of Columbia	D.C.	harvest per unit effort	HPUE
mile	mi	et alii (and others)	et al.	less than	<
nautical mile	nmi	et cetera (and so forth)	etc.	less than or equal to	$\leq$
ounce	oz	exempli gratia (for example)	e.g.	logarithm (natural)	ln
pound	lb	Federal Information Code	FIC	logarithm (base 10)	log
quart	qt	id est (that is)	i.e.	logarithm (specify base)	$\log_2$ , etc.
yard	yd	latitude or longitude	lat. or long.	minute (angular)	'
		monetary symbols (U.S.)	\$, ¢	not significant	NS
<b>Time and temperature</b>		months (tables and figures): first three letters	Jan, ..., Dec	null hypothesis	$H_0$
day	d	registered trademark	®	percent	%
degrees Celsius	°C	trademark	™	probability	P
degrees Fahrenheit	°F	United States (adjective)	U.S.	probability of a type I error (rejection of the null hypothesis when true)	$\alpha$
degrees kelvin	K	United States of America (noun)	USA	probability of a type II error (acceptance of the null hypothesis when false)	$\beta$
hour	h	U.S.C.	United States Code	second (angular)	"
minute	min	U.S. state	use two-letter abbreviations (e.g., AK, WA)	standard deviation	SD
second	s			standard error	SE
				variance	
<b>Physics and chemistry</b>				population	Var
all atomic symbols				sample	var
alternating current	AC				
ampere	A				
calorie	cal				
direct current	DC				
hertz	Hz				
horsepower	hp				
hydrogen ion activity (negative log of)	pH				
parts per million	ppm				
parts per thousand	ppt, ‰				
volts	V				
watts	W				

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ALASKA PORTION OF THE YUKON RIVER DRAINAGE, 2011**

by

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## ABSTRACT

This annual report contains estimates of subsistence and personal use salmon harvests within the Alaska portion of the Yukon River drainage. Most Yukon Area communities have no regulatory requirements to report their subsistence salmon harvest. For these remote communities, the Alaska Department of Fish and Game used a voluntary survey program. Harvest information was collected through postseason household interviews, follow-up telephone interviews, postal questionnaires, and harvest calendars. Stratified random sampling techniques were used to select Yukon Area households to be interviewed. In 2011, a total of 1,097 households (76% of selected) were surveyed in 33 communities. Data from surveyed households were expanded to estimate the harvest of unsurveyed households. In more accessible portions of the Yukon Area, fishermen are required to document their harvest on a subsistence or personal use permit. In 2011, 492 subsistence and personal use permits were issued, with 97% returned. Of these returned permits, 267 reported fishing. This report also documents subsistence salmon given to households from various test fishery projects. The total subsistence and personal use harvest throughout the Yukon Area was estimated to be 41,069 Chinook *Oncorhynchus tshawytscha*, 96,459 summer chum *O. keta*, 80,549 fall chum *O. keta*, and 12,576 coho *O. kisutch* salmon. The primary fishing gear types used were set gillnets (45%), drift gillnets (48%), fish wheels (6%) and other (<1%). Approximately 1,727 households owned 5,353 dogs and 248 households fed an estimated 84,247 salmon to dogs.

Key words: Tanana River, Yukon River, Chinook *Oncorhynchus tshawytscha*, chum *O. keta*, and coho salmon *O. kisutch*, northern pike *Esox lucius*, inconnu *Stenodus leucichthys*, whitefish *Coregonus* spp., harvest, personal use, subsistence.

## INTRODUCTION

Since 1961, the Alaska Department of Fish and Game (ADF&G) has collected information on subsistence salmon harvests in the Yukon Area (ADF&G 2002). Subsistence harvest estimates provide a record of historical harvest and trends. Annual documentation of the subsistence salmon harvest is used in conjunction with commercial, sport, and personal use harvests and escapement estimates to calculate total run size. Harvest and escapement information combined with age composition is used to construct brood tables and estimate the number of returning offspring per spawner for some stocks. Subsistence harvests provide information that ADF&G uses to forecast future salmon returns and provide an outlook on subsistence fishing in the coming year.

The Yukon River drainage supports five species of Pacific salmon: Chinook *Oncorhynchus tshawytscha*, chum *O. keta*, coho *O. kisutch*, pink *O. gorbuscha*, and sockeye *O. nerka* salmon. The majority of subsistence and personal use harvests are made up of Chinook, chum, and coho salmon. The chum salmon return consists of two temporally and genetically distinct stocks: early or summer chum and late or fall chum salmon. Subsistence salmon fishing activities in the Yukon Area typically begin in late May and continue through early October. Salmon fishing in May and October is highly dependent upon river ice conditions.

Yukon Area communities have a long tradition of harvesting salmon for subsistence use. Fishing activities are usually based from a fish camp or a home community. Extended family groups, representing two or more households, often work together to harvest, cut, and preserve salmon for subsistence use. Some households from Yukon River tributary communities, such as Shageluk and Venetie, may operate or share in the operation of fish camps along the mainstem Yukon River (Figure 1). Subsistence salmon harvested for human consumption are commonly dried, smoked, canned, or frozen.

Residents of the Yukon River drainage are primarily of Yup'ik Eskimo and Athabascan Indian descent. Excluding the greater Fairbanks area (approximately 97,580 people), the most recent census indicates the population of rural Yukon Area residents within the Denali Borough, Southeast Fairbanks, Yukon-Koyukuk, and Wade Hampton Census Areas was approximately 22,230 people

in 2011. The recent five-year (2006–2010) average rural population in the Yukon Area has remained relatively stable at approximately 22,120 people (Hunsinger 2012).

Subsistence and personal use fishermen in the Yukon Area primarily use drift gillnets, set gillnets, and fish wheels to harvest salmon. Set gillnets are used throughout the Yukon Area, whereas under state regulations, drift gillnets are only allowed from the mouth of the Yukon River to approximately 18 miles below the community of Galena (River Mile 530) to harvest salmon (Alaska Administrative Code (AAC) 5 AAC 01.220 and 5 AAC 77.717 Lawful Gear). Since 2005, drift gillnets were allowed under federal permits in Subdistricts 4-B and 4-C (near the communities of Galena and Ruby) (Appendix C). These drift areas are only open for a portion of the summer during regulatory openings. Although fish wheels are a legal gear type for subsistence fishing throughout the drainage, they are essentially used only in the Upper Yukon Area. Water conditions and fishing locations are more suitable for the operation of fish wheels in the Upper Yukon Area, which also contains a better supply of logs and young spruce trees used for fish wheel construction.

Yukon Area fishermen may participate in both commercial and subsistence salmon fisheries. In some areas, subsistence fishing periods are separated from commercial fishing by closures before, during, and after commercial periods, while in other areas subsistence and commercial fishing may occur concurrently. Separation of fishing times allows for better enforcement of commercial regulations and management of the fisheries. Salmon or their eggs harvested during subsistence openings cannot be legally bought or sold under the State of Alaska regulations, but commercially harvested salmon may be retained for subsistence use. Commercial fisheries in the Yukon Area are only opened in areas near fish buyer and processor operations where fishermen will have a market for their catch.

Subsistence fishermen are not required to have a fishing permit in most of the Yukon River drainage; however, permits are required for subsistence or personal use fishing in the Tanana River and parts of the Koyukuk River and Yukon River that are accessible by road (Figure 1). In the communities along the Yukon River and tributaries covered by the survey, the selected households' harvests are used to estimate subsistence harvests for the entire community including unsurveyed households. In contrast, fishermen in permit areas are required as a condition of their permit to submit harvest records, and their reports are not expanded to estimate harvest from households that do not return permits.

A personal use fishery was implemented in 1986 and currently takes place in the Fairbanks Nonsubsistence Area (Figure 2). The nonsubsistence area was established in 1992 (Appendix C) due to the potential heavy demand urban fishermen could place on the resource. In the nonsubsistence area, fishermen must possess a personal use household permit and a resident sport fish license in order to participate in the fishery. State regulations dictate that personal use fishing has a lower priority than subsistence fishing. The priority for personal use is similar to that of commercial and sport fisheries. The personal use fishery has a limit of 750 Chinook and 5,000 chum salmon taken through August 15 and 5,200 chum and coho salmon combined taken after August 16. Fishermen who harvested salmon within a portion of Subdistrict 6-B, or all of Subdistrict 6-C, were required to call in their catch on a weekly basis for inseason fishery management purposes.

There is usually little wastage of fish taken for subsistence purposes, although poor weather conditions may cause some fish to spoil during processing and some fish are lost to disease (e.g., *Ichthyophonus*) or scavengers. Households may harvest additional salmon to make up for lost fish

or be unable to meet subsistence needs if salmon were lost after the fishing season. Generally, the number of salmon lost each year is less than 2% of the total salmon harvest (Table 1; Appendix A6).

In addition to human consumption, salmon are fed to sled dogs and other dogs. Sled dogs are used for recreation, transportation, and as haul animals. Summer chum, fall chum, and coho salmon are primarily harvested to feed dogs in the Upper Yukon Area (Andersen and Scott 2010). Salmon retained for dog food is an important component of subsistence harvest and was found to constitute between 25% and 92% of all fish species fed to sled dogs among six Yukon River communities (Andersen and Scott 2010). Because Chinook salmon are so prized a regulation was added in 2001 stating that only Chinook salmon that are small or unfit for human consumption may be fed to dogs (5 AAC 01.240(d), Appendix C1). Most of the subsistence salmon used for dog food are dried summer chum salmon or “cribbed” (frozen in the open air) fall chum and coho salmon. During the active fishing season households in all areas feed scraps from salmon processing to dogs. The practice of keeping sled dogs is less common in the Lower Yukon Area; therefore harvesting salmon for sled dogs is more common in the Upper Yukon Area. Relatively few whole salmon are fed to dogs in the Lower Yukon Area.

A gradual reduction in the need for salmon as dog food began around 1930, when airplanes began replacing sled dogs as the primary mail and supply carrier. This decline accelerated in the 1960s with the introduction of snow machines to Interior Alaska. Beginning in the early 1980s, there was a renewed interest in recreational use and racing of sled dogs, and the number of subsistence salmon harvested for dog food increased; however, from 1991 to present day there has been a decline in the number of households with dog teams (Andersen and Scott 2010). The decline is due in part to poor chum salmon runs from 1998 to 2002 combined with the steep rise in cost of equipment (boat, motor, nets, fuel) needed to harvest fish for dog food.

Concerns about subsistence harvests in the Yukon River drainage have existed since at least the 1920s. Commercial fishing operations were first recorded in Canada from the Yukon Territory in 1903 and in the Lower Yukon Area in 1918 (Walker et al. 1989; Whitmore et al. 1990). Large commercial harvests from 1918 to 1922 prompted a complete closure of commercial fishing in the Lower Yukon Area from 1925 to 1931 to protect upriver subsistence fisheries. Starting in 1958, information on subsistence salmon harvests in the Yukon River was collected by the State of Alaska; however, survey methods from 1958 to 1960 were not documented. Methods from 1961 to 1987 varied from year to year, and included a 1961 survey by two Fish and Game aides who traveled by boat from the mouth of the Yukon to Dawson City enumerating fish on drying racks and in smoke houses (Pennoyer et al. 1962). In 1989, survey methodology was implemented utilizing comprehensive household lists and harvest groups for households which were classified by whether or not they usually fished for salmon (Holder and Hamner 1990). In 1990, the current harvest groups were implemented, further categorizing fishing households as “Light,” “Medium,” or “Heavy” harvesters and are based on each household’s harvest history (Holder and Hamner 1991) From 1990 to 2002, different harvest levels were used for the Upper and Lower Yukon Areas to define harvest groups (Holder and Hamner 1990; Brase and Hamner 2003). Beginning in 2003, the same levels of harvest were used for the entire Yukon Area (Busher and Hamazaki 2004).

The 2011 subsistence salmon harvest survey and permit programs collected quantitative information on salmon harvest by species, gear types used to harvest salmon, harvest distribution, miscellaneous species harvest, number of dogs and salmon fed to dogs. Qualitative

information was also collected from households about salmon health and quality, subsistence fishing success, and fishery concerns. The primary method of estimating Yukon Area subsistence harvest is the annual postseason salmon harvest survey. Using a combination of survey and permit information, this report documents the estimated subsistence and personal use harvests within the Alaska portion of the Yukon River drainage. State regulations dictate that subsistence is the highest priority use of salmon and subsistence is a primary consideration in fishery management actions.

## **STUDY AREA**

The Yukon Area includes all waters of Alaska within the Yukon River drainage and all coastal waters of Alaska from Point Romanof southward to the Naskonat Peninsula (Figure 1). For management purposes, the Yukon Area is divided into seven districts and 10 subdistricts. The Lower Yukon Area consists of coastal waters and the Yukon River drainage from its mouth to Old Paradise Village (river mile 301) and is composed of Districts 1, 2, and 3. The Upper Yukon Area consists of the Yukon River drainage upstream of Old Paradise Village to the Canada border (river mile 1,224) and is divided into Districts 4, 5, and 6. Upper Yukon Area includes three large (>400 miles) silt laden tributaries where harvests occur: Koyukuk, Tanana, and Porcupine rivers. The Coastal District includes the remainder of coastal Yukon Area waters not included in District 1. The harvest from Coastal District communities contains fish not necessarily Yukon River bound (Kerkvliet 1986). Two communities within the Yukon Area, Chevak and Arctic Village, are not included in this harvest survey based on their distance from the Yukon River proper and harvest of very few salmon. In this report, the difference between the designations “Yukon River” and “Yukon Area” is that the Yukon Area includes the Coastal District. Yukon River totals apply to data considered for the U.S./Canada border passage objectives and Yukon Area refers to the management area for which this report applies.

## **OBJECTIVES**

The objectives of the study included the following:

1. Estimate the number of salmon and nonsalmon fish species harvested for subsistence in the Yukon Area, by community, using household surveys, harvest documented on subsistence and personal use permits, commercial fisheries reports of salmon caught but not sold, and records of salmon given to communities from test fishery projects.
2. Update community household lists to provide the basis for stratified random sampling of fishing and nonfishing households sufficient to support community harvest estimates, and estimate the number of people in each surveyed community.
3. Estimate the number of salmon harvested from each fishing district and subdistrict in the Yukon Area.
4. Document gear types used by Yukon Area subsistence and personal use fishermen and the percentage of Chinook salmon harvested by gear types in 2011.
5. Document the number of dogs within Yukon Area communities and salmon fed to dogs.
6. Document household responses relating to meeting of subsistence salmon needs in surveyed communities.

In addition, the investigators documented comments and concerns conveyed by subsistence users during household surveys.

# METHODS

## HARVEST SURVEY INSTRUMENTS

Total subsistence and personal use harvest in the Alaska portion of the Yukon River drainage includes fish harvested for direct personal or family use (Appendix C), fish caught in the various test fishery projects and distributed to households, and commercial related fish caught but not sold and retained for subsistence and personal use. Total number of salmon harvested for subsistence and personal use fisheries was estimated using information collected from household surveys, subsistence and personal use permits, harvest calendars, and postcards. In surveyed communities, information collected from surveyed households is expanded to estimate the harvest of the entire community. In permit communities, harvest totals reported on returned permits were not expanded to estimate information from unreturned permits. Permit areas are located near communities that are road accessible (Figure 1).

### Household Subsistence Surveys

Fishermen harvesting salmon in the Yukon Area outside of permit areas have no permit or harvest reporting requirements. The primary objective of the subsistence household survey is to estimate the total number of salmon harvested for subsistence from each community in the non-permit areas. Participation in the survey is voluntary, and household harvest information is kept confidential. Surveyed communities were contacted starting in the Lower Yukon Area in September. Communities were surveyed roughly in order from downriver to upriver after most households have finished harvesting salmon for subsistence. Household surveys were primarily conducted by two ADF&G technicians.

#### *Survey Design*

The household harvest survey methodology was based on stratified random sample design (Cochran 1977). In this design, a household within the community was the primary sampling unit. A household generally consists of one or more people living together in a dwelling and sharing the same phone and mailing address. Multiple generations living in one dwelling would be considered one household. Individuals living in detached but physically related structures were considered part of a household if they participated as a unit in harvesting, processing, and distributing resources and shared contact information.

Households were stratified into five groups based on the level of harvest, which was determined by the total number of salmon harvested by each household in the most recent two of the previous five years. Total salmon harvest included Chinook, summer chum, fall chum, and coho salmon and did not include pink or sockeye salmon. When two recent years of harvest data were unavailable, such as from new households or households that have not participated in the survey, the household's harvest group designation remained the same or the household was classified as unknown. The percentages of each household group to be surveyed were as follows:

1. Unknown: Unknown harvest level. Survey coverage 100%.
2. Do Not Fish: Households that do not harvest salmon. Survey coverage 30%.
3. Light Harvester: 1-100 total salmon harvest. Survey coverage 30%.
4. Medium Harvester: 101-500 total salmon harvest. Survey coverage 100%.
5. Heavy Harvester: >500 total salmon harvest. Survey coverage 100%.

To improve the precision of harvest estimates in the larger communities of Emmonak, Holy Cross, Pilot Station, and Tanana, 50% of the Light Harvester and Do Not Fish groups were sampled. When any stratum contained 5 or fewer households, the sample size was made equal to the stratum size (i.e., 100% coverage). In communities with less than 40 households, all households were selected to be surveyed (100% coverage). The list of households initially selected to be surveyed in 2011 included approximately 200 more households than in 2010. The larger number of selected households was primarily due to a greater number of new or unknown harvest group households identified in recent years.

Harvesting households included households that participated in subsistence salmon fishing activities. Frequently, two or more households fished together at a fish camp or as a group where one household operated fishing gear, and the other household processed fish (cutting and drying). Each of these households was considered to be a “fishing” household (Figure 3). The number of fish harvested by each household consisted of the number of fish taken home from the group catch. In cases where fishing households caught and brought home fish and then gave fish to nonfishing households that did not participate in the group, receiving households were not considered to be fishing households.

### ***Household Updates***

The database of Yukon Area households was updated using information from the previous years’ surveys. Community census lists, telephone directories, news items, and other sources of information were also used in maintaining the database. Households that lived outside of the survey areas but traveled to the Yukon River to fish in or near a surveyed community were included on the household list in the community nearest their fishing location.

Subsistence Assistants (residents with local knowledge) were employed by the Yukon River Drainage Fisheries Association (YRDFA) to assist with annually reviewing and updating the household list and community maps, and guiding surveyors within the communities. In a few cases, Subsistence Assistants served as translators, but they did not conduct interviews. When assistants were unavailable, surveyors worked with other sources of local information such as tribal administrators or school principals to aid in community navigation. In some communities, an additional assistant was hired to work with each surveyor, and serve as an alternate if the first assistant was unavailable for the entire visit.

### ***Household Survey Questionnaire***

To keep data comparable between years, the subsistence survey questions (Figure 4) have generally remained consistent from year to year. Questions included total number of salmon harvested by the household (questions 5 and 7), whether the household commercial fished and if any of their subsistence harvest was retained from commercial fishing (question 9), number of salmon kept by the household (question 12), fishing gear types used to harvest salmon (question 8), gear types used to harvest Chinook salmon (question 8A), and area fished (question 7).

To determine distribution of salmon within a community, the survey addresses the number of households that fished together (question 6), total number of the group’s catch (question 5), the number of salmon given to other families outside the group (question 11), the number of salmon received from other households, from commercial harvest, or from a test fishery project (question 13), and the number of salmon harvested for dog food (questions 18, 19, 20).

Households were asked to assess at what level their subsistence salmon needs were met for each species (Figure 4, question 14). Needs met was calculated by comparing the number of salmon harvested or received to the number that the household said they usually harvested or received. Households may receive fish from test fishery projects or throughout the year from friends and relatives. At the time of the survey, some households were unable to assess whether their needs were met because they had not yet received their fish for the year. Comments were also recorded by surveyors to identify factors such as lack of fishing equipment or bad weather that affected a household's ability to meet its needs. Comments also indicated whether a household normally harvested or used a species, as opposed to those who did not harvest a particular species. Comments from households reporting they "usually get zero," included species not traditionally fished in a particular area due to its distribution, personal preference, or individuals in a household allergic to the species. If a household lost part of its subsistence catch (question 10), the surveyor asked about the reason for loss and verified that the lost fish were included in the harvest estimates.

Households were also asked about their harvest of miscellaneous fish species (question 15) including pink and sockeye salmon. Miscellaneous species include large whitefish over four pounds and small whitefish species less than four pounds (*Coregonus* spp. and *Prosopium cylindraceum*), sheefish (*Stenodus leucichthys*), burbot (*Lota lota*), northern pike (*Esox lucius*), Alaska blackfish (*Dallia pectoralis*), Arctic grayling (*Thymallus arcticus*), longnose sucker (*Catostomus catostomus*), Arctic char (*Salvelinus alpinus*), Arctic lamprey (*Lampetra camtschatica*), and saffron cod (tomcod, *Eleginus gracilis*). For species that are commonly harvested in the winter and spring, households were asked about their harvest of that species throughout the previous winter, from the date of the previous year's survey to the current year's survey.

### ***Household Survey***

Before conducting the survey, surveyors were trained in interviewing techniques, which included learning the local names of salmon species and various ways to obtain the number of fish harvested. The surveyors were also briefed on current fishery issues and management actions related to the subsistence and commercial salmon fishing season. Surveyors were trained to ask questions consistently and foster a cooperative atmosphere so that interviewed household members were able to recall as accurately as possible their household harvest and use and share any fishery related knowledge and concerns pertinent to the survey outcome.

Household surveys were conducted in September and October when the majority of salmon fishing activities had ended and fishermen could more easily recall their harvest numbers. In 2011, a total of 1,439 households were selected to be surveyed in 33 communities. A total of 24 Subsistence Assistants were hired in 22 communities. Surveyors attempted to contact all selected households and noted households that were unavailable during the community visit for follow-up later by phone or letter. After the interview was completed, survey participants were given a small token of appreciation (keychain flashlight) for participating in the survey.

After the household surveys were conducted, survey forms were edited for clarity and completion. Households were called back when further clarification was needed or to reconcile conflicting information among households that harvested or shared salmon with each other. When fishermen reported amounts in alternative terms, such as the number of five gallon buckets, quart sized bags, gunny sacks, or pounds, a conversion sheet based on local approximate

measures was used to estimate number of fish harvested. Calculations were made when the surveys were edited prior to database entry.

### **Permit Program**

In communities along the entire Tanana River drainage (District 6) and where the Yukon River is accessible by the Alaska Highway road system (portions of District 5), households must obtain subsistence or personal use fishing permits issued at the ADF&G offices in Fairbanks, Delta Junction, and Tok. In addition, permit applications for the current season were mailed to all fishermen who returned their permits from the previous season. For residents of communities outside the Fairbanks area, subsistence permit applications were mailed with a postage paid return envelope. Included were the dates a department representative would visit their community. In 2011, permit issuing trips were conducted in the communities of Central, Circle, Delta Junction, Dot Lake, Manley Hot Springs, Minto, Nenana, Northway, Rampart, Tanacross, and Tok (Figure 1). Permits were also issued by ADF&G staff stationed at the Eagle sonar project.

Permit holders were required to record their daily fish harvest on the permit and return it to ADF&G within 10 days of the expiration date (October 15 for salmon and December 31 for nonsalmon permits and Kantishna River salmon permits). Households that did not report their harvest by the expiration date were mailed up to two reminder letters. Further, households that did not respond to the reminder letters were contacted by telephone.

Harvests from permit communities were estimated by summing harvests of all permit holders who returned their permit, returned a completed reminder letter, or verbally reported their harvest information. Commercially harvested salmon reported as caught but not sold on fish tickets from permit areas were added to the community where the harvest occurred (Table 1).

Fishermen in the community of Eagle were asked to note on their permit how many salmon were harvested above and below the Eagle sonar project located near the community in the permit area of Subdistrict 5-D (Figure 1). Follow-up phone calls were made to fishermen postseason to verify gear types and locations of harvest by species.

The community of Stevens Village was surveyed as part of the annual household harvest survey, however some households fished downriver in a permit area (Figure 1). To avoid double counting fish estimated by the harvest survey, information from permits issued to households in Stevens Village was not added to the survey estimates. Permit information was used to supplement data collected as part of the household harvest survey.

### **Subsistence Harvest Calendars and Postcards**

Prior to the salmon fishing season, subsistence harvest calendars were distributed to households in surveyed communities in the Yukon Area. Calendars were also sent to previously identified households that do not live in surveyed communities and fish outside of permit areas. Calendars, in which fishermen record their daily salmon harvest by species, were primarily used to help fishermen remember their harvest numbers and provide information on timing of subsistence harvests by species.

In May 2011, 1,645 calendars (1,015 to Lower Yukon Area and 630 to Upper Yukon Area) were mailed to all households except those in the Do Not Fish category. Calendars were also mailed to households with a history of subsistence fishing in the community of Rampart, and extra calendars

were available upon request. Prior to surveyor visits to each community, fliers were sent to post offices, stores, schools, or city offices to remind fishermen to have their harvest calendars available during the household surveys. Each household that returned a properly completed 2011 harvest calendar before January 1, 2012, became eligible to win one of six \$100 lottery prizes.

To collect additional information on the harvest of Arctic lamprey *Lampetra camtschatica*, postcards were mailed to several communities. In November 2010, 657 postcards were mailed to every household in the communities of Anvik, Grayling, Holy Cross, Marshall, Mountain Village, Pilot Station, Pitkas Point, Russian Mission, and St. Mary's. Households were asked to record their subsistence and commercial Arctic lamprey harvests from October to December 2010 (Figure 3).

## DATA ANALYSIS AND ESTIMATION METHODS

Classical stratified random sampling methods (Cochran 1977) were used to estimate the average and total number of fish caught by each of the five harvest groups in each surveyed Yukon Area community.

The methods described below were used to make estimations of the following: 1) the number of people in a community (Figure 4, question 2), 2) the number of subsistence salmon harvested (question 7), 3) the number of salmon given away (question 13), 4) the number of salmon used for subsistence (question 12), 5) the number of dogs (question 17) in a community, 6) the number of salmon retained for dog food (question 20), 7) the number of salmon usually harvested (question 14), and 8) the number of large and small whitefish, sheefish, and northern pike harvested (question 15).

Denote that:

$N_{kj}$  = the number of households in the  $j$ th ( $j = 1 \dots 5$ ) harvest group of the  $k$ th community

$n_{kj}$  = the number of sampled households in the  $j$ th harvest group

$y_{kji}$  = response (e.g., the number of fish harvested) of  $i$ th sampled household ( $i = 1 \dots n_{kj}$ )

Mean response of the  $j$ th harvest group ( $\bar{y}_{kj}$ ) was calculated as:

$$\bar{y}_{kj} = \frac{\sum_i y_{kji}}{n_{kj}} ; \quad (1)$$

and its standard error ( $SE_{kj}$ ) was calculated as:

$$SE_{kj} = \sqrt{\frac{s_{kj}^2}{n_{kj}} \left( \frac{N_{kj} - n_{kj}}{N_{kj}} \right)} \quad \text{where} \quad s_{kj}^2 = \hat{V}(y_{kj}) = \frac{\sum_j (y_{kji} - \bar{y}_{kj})^2}{n_{kj} - 1} \quad (2)$$

The estimate of total responses of the  $k$ th community ( $\hat{T}_k$ ) was calculated as:

$$\hat{T}_k = \sum_{j=1}^5 N_{kj} \bar{y}_{kj} \quad (3)$$

and its 95% confidence interval (95% CI<sub>k</sub>) was calculated as:

$$95\% \text{ CI}_k = t_{(0.025, df=n_k-1)} \cdot \sqrt{\hat{V}(T_k)} \quad \text{where } \hat{V}(T_k) = \sum_{j=1}^5 N_{kj}^2 \left( \frac{N_{kj} - n_{kj}}{N_{kj}} \right) \left( \frac{s_{kj}^2}{n_{kj}} \right). \quad (4)$$

Because estimates of the responses in each community were independent and mutually exclusive, the estimate of survey wide total ( $\hat{T}$ ) was calculated as:

$$\hat{T} = \sum_{k=1} \hat{T}_k \quad (5)$$

and its 95% confidence interval (95% CI) was calculated as:

$$95\% \text{ CI} = t_{(0.025, df=n-1)} \cdot \sqrt{\hat{V}(\hat{T})} \quad \text{where } \hat{V}(\hat{T}) = \sum_{k=1} \hat{V}(\hat{T}_k). \quad (6)$$

The number of fish harvested at each fishing area within a community (question 7) was estimated as follows.

Denote that:

$y_{kjih}$  = number of fish harvested at the  $h$ th fishing location by  $i$ th household in the  $j$ th harvest group of the  $k$ th community.

Proportion of salmon harvested at  $h$ th fishing area by  $j$ th group was estimated as:

$$\hat{p}_{kjh} = \frac{\sum_i y_{kjih}}{\sum_i \sum_h y_{kjih}} \quad (7)$$

The number of salmon harvested at the  $h$ th fishing area at the  $k$ th community was calculated as:

$$\hat{T}_{kh} = \sum_j N_{kj} \bar{y}_{kj} \hat{p}_{kjh} \quad (8)$$

where  $\bar{y}_{kj}$  is mean harvest of the  $j$ th use group and  $N_{kj}$  is the number of  $j$ th group households.

Total number of salmon harvested at the  $h$ th fishing area was estimated as:

$$\hat{T}_h = \sum_k \hat{T}_{kh} \quad (9)$$

For estimation of the number of; subsistence fishing households (question 3), households that own dogs, and households that feed salmon to dogs (questions 17 and 18), the following expansion method was used:

Proportion of households who subsistence fish or own dogs or feed salmon to dogs in the  $j$ th harvest group of the  $k$ th community ( $\hat{p}_{kj}$ ) was calculated as:

$$\hat{p}_{kj(s)} = \frac{n_{kj(s)}}{n_{kj}} \quad (10)$$

where  $n_{kj(s)}$  = the number of sample households that subsistence fish or own dogs or feed salmon to dogs.

Estimated number of households that subsistence fish or own dogs or feed salmon to dogs in the  $k$ th community ( $\hat{N}_{k(s)}$ ) was calculated as:

$$\hat{N}_{k(s)} = \sum_{j=1}^5 N_{kj} \hat{p}_{kj(s)} \quad (11)$$

and its 95% confidence interval (95% CI<sub>k</sub>) was calculated as:

$$95\% \text{ CI}_k = t_{(0.025, df=n-1)} \cdot \sqrt{\hat{V}(\hat{N}_{k(s)})} \quad \text{where} \quad \hat{V}(\hat{N}_{k(s)}) = \sum_{j=1}^5 N_{kj}^2 \left( \frac{N_{kj} - n_{kj}}{N_{kj}} \right) \left( \frac{\hat{p}_{kj(s)}(1 - \hat{p}_{kj(s)})}{n_{kj} - 1} \right) \quad (12)$$

Estimated number of households that subsistence fish or own dogs or feed salmon to dogs in the survey wide total ( $\hat{T}_{(s)}$ ) was calculated as:

$$\hat{N}_{(s)} = \sum_k \hat{N}_k \quad (13)$$

and its 95% confidence interval (95% CI) was calculated as:

$$95\% \text{ CI} = t_{(0.025, df=n-1)} \cdot \sqrt{\hat{V}(\hat{N}_{(s)})} \quad \text{where} \quad \hat{V}(\hat{N}_{(s)}) = \sum_{k=1} \hat{V}(\hat{N}_{k(s)}) \quad (14)$$

The number of subsistence fishing households using a particular gear type was estimated as follows:

Proportion of subsistence fishing households using  $h$ th gear was calculated as:

$$\hat{q}_{kjh} = \frac{n_{kjh}}{n_{kj(s)}} \quad (15)$$

where  $n_{kjh}$  = the number of sample households that used the  $h$ th fishing gear.

The number of fishing households using the  $h$ th fishing gear in the  $k$ th community ( $\hat{N}_{kh}$ ) was calculated as:

$$\hat{N}_{kh} = \sum_j N_{kj} \hat{p}_{kj} \hat{q}_{kjh} \quad (16)$$

where  $\hat{p}_{kj(s)}$  = the proportion of fishing household in the  $j$ th harvest group of the  $k$ th community.

For the number of Chinook salmon harvested by gear types (question 8A), the proportion of Chinook salmon harvested by gear type  $h$  by each household was estimated as follows.

Proportion of Chinook salmon harvested by the  $h$ th fishing gear by  $j$ th group was estimated as:

$$\hat{p}_{kjh} = \frac{\sum_i y_{kjih}}{\sum_i \sum_h y_{kjih}} \quad (17)$$

and its variance was calculated as

$$V(\hat{p}_{kjh}) = \frac{\hat{p}_{kjh} \cdot (1 - \hat{p}_{kjh})}{\sum_i \sum_h y_{kjih} - 1} \quad (18)$$

The number of Chinook salmon harvested by the  $h$ th fishing gear by  $j$ th group at the  $k$ th community was calculated as:

$$\hat{y}_{kjh} = \bar{y}_{kj} \hat{p}_{kjh} \quad (19)$$

where  $\bar{y}_{kj}$  is mean harvest of the  $j$ th use group, and its variance was calculated as:

$$V(\hat{y}_{kjh}) = (\bar{y}_{kj})^2 V(\hat{p}_{kjh}) + (\hat{p}_{kjh})^2 V(y_{kj}) - V(\hat{p}_{kjh})V(y_{kj}) \quad (20)$$

Total number of Chinook salmon harvested by each gear type was calculated the using the equations (2) to (6).

Reported harvests of other miscellaneous fish species were not expanded because of limited harvest information. Harvest groups stratified for salmon are not adequate to estimate species captured with different harvest methods and at different times of year. Those fish species include Arctic grayling, Arctic char, Alaska blackfish, burbot, Arctic lamprey, longnose sucker, and saffron cod (Appendix B10). Additionally, the number of sockeye salmon harvested annually is collected but was too low to support stratified estimates and was not expanded.

## **RESULTS**

### **OVERALL ESTIMATION OF HARVEST**

An estimated 41,069 Chinook, 96,459 summer chum, 80,549 fall chum, and 12,576 coho salmon were harvested for subsistence and personal use by 1,543 households in the Yukon Area (Table 1). The total number of salmon harvested included estimated postseason survey estimates, reported harvest from returned permits (subsistence and personal use), salmon reported as distributed to communities from test fishery projects, and salmon reported on fish tickets in District 6 as retained from commercial fisheries. Reported harvests from Stevens Village permits are not included in the total harvest. Salmon retained from commercial fishing in surveyed communities were included in subsistence survey harvest estimates for each community.

The total number of salmon caught in subsistence fisheries was 229,546 salmon, consisting of 40,980 Chinook, 96,020 summer chum, 80,202 fall chum, and 12,344 coho salmon (Figure 5; Appendices B1–B4). This does not include harvests from personal use salmon permits which were issued in the Fairbanks Nonsubsistence Area (Figure 2). The 2011 total subsistence salmon harvests comprised 18% Chinook, 42% summer chum, 35% fall chum, and 5% coho salmon (Table 1 and Figure 5). Pink and sockeye salmon were not included in the overall number of salmon harvested. Total number of salmon harvested included salmon provided by test fishery projects to households for subsistence use consisting of 2,777 Chinook, 7,615 summer chum, 2,777 fall chum, and 824 coho salmon (Table 1; Appendix A5).

The estimated number of households in the Yukon Area does not include households issued permits for the harvest of northern pike in the Tolovana River. The primary gear types used by households for subsistence and personal use salmon fishing throughout the Yukon Area were set gillnets (45%), drift gillnets (48%), and fish wheels (6%). The other 1% included households that used spears and fyke nets in the Tanana River (Table 1).

Surveyed communities and households that obtained subsistence and personal use permits owned an estimated number of 5,353 dogs (Table 1). An estimated 248 households reported feeding subsistence caught salmon to their dogs (Tables 2 and 3). Surveyed and permit households throughout the Yukon Area retained an estimated 84,247 salmon for dog food from subsistence harvests (Tables 3 and 4; Appendix B9) excluding permit harvests from Stevens Village. The total number of salmon fed to dogs included seven summer chum salmon retained from commercial harvests (Table 4).

### **SUBSISTENCE SURVEYS**

Surveyors traveled to 31 Yukon Area communities between September 6 and October 29, 2011, and contacted 956 households in person. Surveys for 98 households were collected by telephone, and information from 43 households was collected from surveys or calendars returned by mail. Due to their small size and difficulties in scheduling travel, the communities of Bettles and Birch Creek were surveyed by phone and letter in 2011. Twelve unselected households from eight communities were surveyed, either as new households, unselected households that requested to be surveyed, or that were misidentified as selected. The number of additional surveys from unselected households was small and not statistically significant in regards to the stratified household selection; therefore their responses were entered along with responses from selected households. Overall, a total of 1,097 households were surveyed (Table 5), which represented 76% of households initially selected for the survey. Of the 2,568 total households identified in the survey area, an estimated 1,305

households (51%) participated in the 2011 subsistence fishery (Table 6). The estimated total population in surveyed communities was 9,749 people (Table 7).

Access to areas between Stevens Village and Rampart on the Yukon River includes boating from the Dalton Highway (Haul Road) bridge. Stevens Village is uniquely situated just outside the boundary of a permit area on the Yukon River. Some residents acquire a permit to fish between the Haul Road Bridge and the permit area boundary downstream of the community; however, most residents fish outside of the permit area. Consequently, information from the household survey was primarily used to estimate subsistence harvest. Information from returned permits was used to supplement incomplete survey data. Permit harvest information from Stevens Village permits is reported in permit tables but was not added to the subsistence harvest survey estimates.

An estimated 32,586 Chinook, 85,991 summer chum, 43,052 fall chum, and 4,675 coho salmon were harvested by households in the surveyed communities. Fishermen from some communities fish in multiple districts, subdistricts, or tributaries to take advantage of harvest opportunities for different salmon stocks. The greatest number of each salmon species harvested by fishermen by district were: District 4 with a harvest of 9,893 Chinook salmon; District 1 with 23,241 summer chum salmon; District 5 with 31,887 fall chum salmon; and District 4 with a harvest of 2,072 coho salmon. No salmon were reported as harvested from the Black River, and 405 fall chum salmon were reported as harvested from the Porcupine River (Tables 8–11).

At least 8 surveyed communities received a total of 13,790 salmon from test fishery projects. Included in the number of test fish are 10 Chinook and 30 summer chum salmon given to Kwik'pak fisheries from test fishery projects near Emmonak for distribution to subsistence households in communities. Harvest from surveyed communities included an estimated 2,726 Chinook, 626 summer chum, 217 fall chum, and 82 coho salmon reported by households as retained from commercial periods for subsistence (Appendix A5).

The estimated subsistence harvest of other fish in Yukon Area surveyed communities was 2,291 pink salmon, 26,911 large whitefish, 17,979 small whitefish, 14,270 northern pike, and 10,139 sheefish. Coastal District communities of Scammon Bay and Hooper Bay harvested approximately 92% of the estimated total number of pink salmon (Table 12).

The reported harvest of other miscellaneous fish species (not expanded) in surveyed communities was 2,477 burbot, 6,037 Arctic lamprey, 6,797 tomcod (saffron cod), 1,273 Arctic grayling, 286 longnose suckers, 205 Arctic char, and 87,064 Alaska blackfish (Table 13). Alaska blackfish were primarily taken in the Lower Yukon Area and were frequently reported by households in terms of pounds, sacks, or buckets estimated at 14 fish per pound. The reported harvest of sockeye salmon was 279 fish (Table 13). Household surveys were conducted in communities that harvest Arctic lamprey in September (Table 1), before conclusion of the Arctic lamprey fishery for that year. Arctic lampreys harvested during the winter of 2010 were reported by households during the 2011 survey (Table 13).

An estimated 1,510 households in surveyed communities in the Yukon Area owned 3,957 dogs. Of the households with dogs, 143 households (9%) fed whole fish to dogs (Table 2). Surveyed households indicated dogs were fed an estimated 17,265 summer chum (includes seven fish retained from commercial fishing), 33,662 fall chum and 2,421 coho salmon from subsistence harvests (Table 4).

A total of 1,117 salmon (about 0.7% of the total salmon harvest) was reported as lost in the surveyed communities. Lost salmon consisted of 30 Chinook, 837 summer chum, 47 fall chum, and 11 coho salmon. An additional 192 salmon were unsuitable for human consumption but were fed to dogs, consisting of 41 Chinook and 151 summer chum salmon (Appendix A6). Lost salmon are included in household harvest estimates but are not included in a household's use (Figure 4, question 12), unless they were fed to dogs. Reasons for loss included spoilage due to rain and bad weather, pathogens, and scavengers. The majority of fish lost in 2011 (61% of 1,117 fish) were due to rain and bad weather conditions during processing and included 23 Chinook, 605 summer chum, 46 fall chum, and 7 coho salmon (Appendix A6).

Of the households contacted during the survey, 718 households replied to the 'needs met/usually get' question for Chinook salmon. Of these households, 54% met less than 50% of their Chinook salmon needs and 38% met between 75% and 100% of their Chinook salmon needs based on what they usually harvest or receive. Of the 436 households providing information on summer chum salmon, 36% of households met less than 50% of their needs and 58% were able to meet 75% or more of their summer chum salmon needs based on what they usually harvest or receive. Only 253 and 112 households answered the "needs met/usually get" question for fall chum and coho salmon respectively. The percentage of households meeting 50% or less of their subsistence needs was 55% for fall chum salmon and 49% for coho salmon and 42% and 50% of households reported meeting 75% or more of their needs for fall species (Table 14).

Under one half (46%) of surveyed households reported they got at least half of the Chinook salmon they usually get. In individual communities, responses ranged from 0% (Allakaket and Alatna) to 75% (Nulato) of households meeting at least half of their subsistence needs for Chinook salmon. Several communities did not have any households that responded to the needs met question for any species (Bettles), while some communities did not have any responses for summer chum (Nulato, Beaver, Venetie), or coho salmon (Holy Cross, Hughes, Alatna, Stevens Village, Beaver, Venetie, Chalkyitsik). Six communities reported meeting 100% of their needs for summer chum salmon, two communities met 100% of their needs for fall chum salmon, and four communities reported meeting 100% of their needs for coho salmon (Table 14).

Of the 2,568 households in the surveyed communities, households with unknown harvest levels (419 households, 16%) and households that do not harvest salmon (864 households, 34%) comprised 50% of households in surveyed communities. Some of these households did harvest salmon in 2011. Just over 50% (1,305 households) of all households in surveyed communities were categorized as fishing households (Table 6). The largest group of known fishing households was light harvesters (957 households, 75% of fishing households). Medium harvesters (298 households, 23%) and heavy harvester (30 households, 2%) comprised the other 25% of fishing households. The group with the largest proportion of the Chinook salmon harvest was the light harvesters who took an estimated 46% of the total. Light harvesters also took the largest proportions of summer chum and coho salmon with approximately 39% and 47% respectively of each species (Appendices A2 and A4). Heavy harvesters took the largest proportion of fall chum salmon (61%) for subsistence harvest (Appendix A3).

Household primary gear types in surveyed communities consisted of 39% drift gillnets, 57% set gillnets, and 4% fish wheels used to harvest salmon species (Table 1). Of the 523 surveyed households that reported harvesting Chinook salmon, 501 (96%) reported the gear type or types they used to harvest Chinook salmon and how many Chinook salmon were harvested by each gear type. These responses were expanded to obtain estimates of total Chinook salmon harvested

by gear type. An estimated 20,343 Chinook salmon (62% of the total) were harvested by drift gillnets, 8,512 (26%) by set gillnets, and 3,731 (11%) by fish wheels. No Chinook salmon were reported as harvested by other gear types such as dip net or hook and line. Four communities (Pitkas Point, St. Mary's, Pilot Station, and Kaltag) were estimated to harvest 100% of their Chinook salmon by drift gillnets. Eight communities (Hooper Bay, Huslia, Hughes, Allakaket, Alatna, Stevens Village, Birch Creek, and Venetie) were estimated to harvest 100% of their Chinook salmon by set gillnets. Fish wheels were only used to harvest Chinook salmon in 4 upper river communities: Ruby (68% of Chinook salmon harvested in that community), Tanana (51% of Chinook salmon harvested), Beaver (20% of Chinook salmon harvested), and Ft. Yukon (74% of Chinook salmon harvested).

## **SUBSISTENCE PERMITS**

In areas that require subsistence fishing permits in District 5 (Yukon River) and District 6 (Tanana River), 407 (97%) of the total subsistence permits issued were returned and 229 households reported participating in salmon and nonsalmon subsistence fisheries (Tables 3, 15 and 16). The timing and distribution of fishing effort by district and by day based on harvest recorded on permits (Figure 6, bottom panel) shows a decrease in fishing effort between summer and fall salmon runs in mid-August. The majority of the late season fishing effort is targeting fall chum salmon in the Upper Yukon Area districts.

The 2011 subsistence permit harvest information was based on permits returned by February 15, 2012 (Tables 3, 15 and 16). Total subsistence harvests of 5,291 Chinook, 2,444 summer chum, 33,173 fall chum, and 6,127 coho salmon were reported. The total harvest of other fish species included: 4,795 whitefish, 102 sheefish, 139 burbot, 319 northern pike, 278 longnose suckers, and 475 Arctic grayling (Tables 15 and 16).

Five Chinook and one fall chum salmon were distributed to the community of Eagle from the Eagle sonar drift gillnet test fishery project (Table 1, Appendix A5). Based on subsistence salmon permits (not including Tolovana pike permits which do not require the reporting of dog information), 105 households indicated that they fed salmon to dogs. These households reported retaining 31,349 whole salmon for dog food (Table 3). Primary gear types reported by the 200 households that fished for subsistence salmon included 158 (79%) with set gillnets, 38 (19%) with fish wheels (Table 1) and 4 (2%) households that fished used other gear types (fyke net or spear). This does not include two permits issued to households in Stevens Village, or 27 permits issued for the pike fishery in the Tolovana River that primarily used ice fishing (jigging) gear.

Records from fish tickets under "Not Sold/Personal Use" indicate that 352 Chinook, 1,650 fall chum, and 718 coho salmon were retained from commercial fishing in District 6. These salmon were added to the community harvests from Fairbanks and Nenana (Table 1).

## **PERSONAL USE**

In 2011, 71 (96%) of the personal use permits issued were returned (Table 15). Of these, 38 permits reported fishing, including 33 that were issued for salmon and 5 that were issued for nonsalmon species. Personal use permit holders reported harvesting 89 Chinook, 439 summer chum, 347 fall chum, 232 coho salmon; and 56 whitefish, 1 sheefish, 1 burbot and 136 longnose suckers (Tables 15 and 16). Of the 38 households that reported fishing for personal use, primary gear types included 34 households (90%) using set gillnets, 2 households (5%) using fish wheels (5%), and 2 households (5%) using other gear (fyke net; Table 1).

## CALENDARS AND POSTCARDS

In 2011, households returned a total of 239 subsistence harvest calendars (approximately 14% of total issued). A total of 202 calendars (85% of those returned) documented salmon harvest information. The remaining households that returned harvest calendars in 2011 either indicated they “did not fish” this season (13%) or the calendars were returned blank (2%). The timing and distribution of fishing effort by district and by day is shown based on returned calendars (Figure 6 top panel). Households were more likely to record fishing effort during the summer season and were less diligent about recording harvest during the fall season.

Arctic lamprey postcards were mailed to 657 households in November 2010 (Figure 3). The winter of 2010–2011 was the fourth year that postcards were sent to households for the purpose of documenting Arctic lamprey. Of the nine communities that received postcards, seven reported subsistence or commercial fishing for Arctic lamprey. Post cards were returned by 122 households; 38 households indicated they fished for Arctic lamprey with a reported harvest of 4,623 lamprey taken for subsistence use and 18,390 lamprey sold commercially in 2010 (Table 17). Several fishermen reported that they were unable to harvest eels (Arctic lamprey) due to changes in the river channel or missed their run timing (Mountain Village), or that there were two runs and they fished on the first run (Grayling).

## DISCUSSION

While the outlook for summer chum, fall chum, and coho salmon was for strong runs with sufficient strength to support escapement and subsistence and commercial harvests, the 2011 Chinook salmon run was expected to be poor or below average, necessitating conservation measures to meet escapement goals and share the available subsistence harvest throughout the drainage (Hayes and Wiese 2011). Preseason management strategies were developed with input from U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, fishermen, tribal council representatives, and other stakeholders to prepare for a potentially low run. These strategies included closures on the first pulse of the Chinook salmon run, prohibited sale of incidental Chinook salmon harvested during summer chum salmon directed commercial openings, reduction of sport fishery limits in Yukon River tributaries, and no retention of Chinook salmon in the mainstem Yukon River sport fishery (Hayes et al. 2011). This was also the first year for new restrictions limiting gillnet gear to mesh sizes of 7.5 inch or less in all districts, including the Coastal District (Appendix C1).

In 2011, the Yukon River breakup in Alakanuk was on May 22, matching the 1983–2010 average and one day later than the recent 10-year average<sup>1</sup> (2001–2010). The regulatory subsistence fishing schedule began on June 6 in District 1 and was implemented chronologically upriver based on migratory timing as the salmon runs traveled upstream (Appendix A7, A8, Appendix C1; ADF&G 2001). The schedule reduces the impact on any particular component of the run and spreads subsistence harvest opportunities among subsistence users throughout the drainage.

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<sup>1</sup> Alaska Pacific River Forecast Center: Breakup database search results for Yukon River location Alakanuk. [Internet]. 1956–. Anchorage: NOAA Alaska Region Headquarters. [updated: 29 Dec 2005; cited 30 March, 2012]. Available from: <http://aprfc.arh.noaa.gov/php/brkup/getbrkup.php?riverbasin=Yukon&river=Yukon+River>

The first reported subsistence harvest of Chinook salmon was on June 2 in Emmonak (Andy Padilla, Commercial Fishery Biologist, ADF&G, Fairbanks, personal communication, June 2, 2011), and the first pulse of Chinook salmon was observed in the Lower Yukon test fishery on June 14–18. The preliminary cumulative passage estimate from the Pilot Station sonar project was 107,027 Chinook salmon, which was below the 1995–2011 average estimate and index of 159,000 fish (JTC 2012). In 2011, modifications were made to the regulatory subsistence fishing schedule by emergency orders to protect Chinook salmon (Appendices A7 and A8). Several commercial fishing periods in Districts 1 and 2 were held concurrently with subsistence fishing penings to allow subsistence fishermen more fishing opportunity to harvest summer chum salmon and reduce the overall amount of time that subsistence and commercial fishermen would have to impact Chinook salmon. Subdistrict 5-D, which is usually open continuously by regulation, was closed during the first and second pulses of the Chinook salmon run. An additional closure was implemented in the middle and upper portions of Subdistrict 5-D to provide further protection for Canadian origin Chinook salmon (Appendices A7 and A8). Passage of Chinook salmon across the U.S./Canada border was estimated to be approximately 50,900 Chinook salmon, which was within the interim management escapement goal range (JTC 2012).

Openings in Districts 1 and 2 were also restricted (from 7.5 inch maximum mesh) to 6 inch or smaller mesh during some subsistence and commercial periods to reduce harvest of Chinook salmon but allow harvest of summer chum salmon. Summer chum salmon passage at the Pilot Station sonar project was estimated to be approximately 1.8 million (JTC 2012), slightly above the median (Hayes et al. 2011).

The total run size estimate for fall chum salmon was 1.2 million fish which was above average, while the Pilot Station sonar project passage estimate of 118,453 coho salmon was below average (JTC 2012; Estensen and Borba 2011). No additional restrictions were placed on subsistence fishing during the fall season and subsistence fishing periods were open continuously or according to regulatory schedules; in Districts 1 and 2 subsistence fishing was closed before, during and after fall season commercial openings. Subsistence and commercial fishing took place concurrently in Subdistricts 5-B and 5-C and District 6 during the fall season (Appendices A7 and A8).

## **COMMERCIAL AND SUBSISTENCE FISHING**

In addition to salmon harvested during subsistence openings, commercial fishing households have the opportunity to retain salmon caught during commercial openings for subsistence purposes. Income from commercial fishing is often used by households to help pay for the costs associated with subsistence harvesting activities, including fuel and fishing equipment. Abundance of salmon and harvest opportunities do not guarantee that salmon will be harvested and distributed in a manner that fulfills subsistence needs throughout a community.

Commercial harvests of summer chum, fall chum, and coho salmon were each above their respective recent five year (2006–2010) and 10 year (2001–2010) averages. The commercial fishery for summer chum salmon was delayed until the bulk of the Canadian-origin Chinook salmon had moved through the Lower Yukon Area (65% of overall run on June 24), however the commercial summer chum harvest was still 164% above the recent 10 year average (JTC 2012). During the summer chum commercial season, mesh size was restricted to gillnets 6 inch or less and Chinook salmon caught incidentally were not allowed to be sold but could be retained for

subsistence uses (Hayes et al. 2011). Commercial fishing periods for summer chum salmon occurred in Districts 1, 2, and 6 with most of the commercial harvest (97%) from the Lower Yukon Area. During the fall season after August 1 the restriction on the sale of Chinook salmon was lifted and 82 Chinook salmon were sold in the Lower Yukon (JTC 2012).

Although the commercial harvest of summer chum salmon in Districts 1 and 2 was nearly double the recent five year average (2006–2010; Estensen et al. 2012) the subsistence harvests were only 4% above the recent five year average (Appendix B2). While large numbers of summer chum salmon were available for harvest in Districts 1 and 2, only 57% of households reported meeting over 50% of their needs for summer chum salmon (Table 14). Analysis of the needs met question was limited by the small number of households that chose to answer the question, and does not incorporate harvest group or fishing information (Table 14). Households that did not fish were included with all other households that answered the needs met question.

The 2011 fall chum salmon commercial harvest for the entire Alaska portion of the Yukon Area was 238,979 fish, the largest since 1995; commercial fishermen in the Lower Yukon Area harvested 96% fall chum salmon and fishermen in Subdistricts 5-B and 5-C and District 6 harvested the remainder. Commercial harvests of coho salmon also occurred in 2011 and totaled 76,303 fish (Estensen and Borba 2011). The Lower Yukon Area commercial harvest represented 91% of the total coho salmon harvest. Subsistence harvests of fall chum salmon were just below the recent five year average (2006–2010; Appendix B3), and coho salmon subsistence harvests were 28% below the recent five year averages (Appendix B4). The number of fall chum salmon fed to dogs was the second largest within the recent five years (Appendix B9).

A total of 4,156 Chinook salmon were incidentally harvested and reported as caught but not sold during commercial chum salmon openings in Districts 1 and 2, including 66 Chinook salmon that were caught but not sold during the fall season (JTC 2012). Salmon reported on fish tickets as “Not Sold/Personal Use” were not added to subsistence harvest estimates in surveyed communities. Personal Use in this case means fish taken home for one’s own household’s use and is not referring to the designated fishery of personal use. In surveyed communities, salmon taken home from commercial periods for subsistence were included in the household’s subsistence harvest (Figure 4, questions 7 and 9). Commercially related harvest information was sometimes difficult to obtain. Surveyors often contacted the household member that processed and put up the fish. This person would know how many salmon the household harvested, but may not have been involved in catching the salmon and therefore not know the exact number of salmon taken from commercial or subsistence periods. Chinook salmon estimated from survey responses as retained from commercial fisheries was less than the number of Chinook salmon reported on fish tickets. However, retention of other species (summer chum, fall chum and coho salmon) was not reported on fish tickets, but was reported on surveys. In permit communities, salmon reported on fish tickets as “Not Sold/Personal Use” are added to community harvests as commercial related salmon (Table 1).

Commercial fishermen in Districts 1 and 2 gave 290 incidentally harvested Chinook salmon to Kwik’pak Fisheries LLC. These Chinook salmon were processed and donated by Kwik’pak Fisheries to other communities along the river. Donations consisted of approximately 75 fish to Emmonak, 10 fish to Kotlik, and 65 fish to Huslia. In addition, 140 Chinook salmon were donated to First Nations people in Whitehorse, Canada (Jack Schultheis, General Manager, Kwik’pak Fisheries LLC, Emmonak, personal communication). These fish were not added to subsistence harvest totals.

A question was added to the survey in 2010 to gain more information about Chinook salmon harvest by gear types (Figure 4, question 8A). During consideration of mesh size regulations by the Alaska Board of Fisheries (BOF) in 2009, concerns were raised about the number of Chinook salmon harvested by fish wheels. Response rates to the gear question were very high in 2010 and 2011, with over 95% of households that harvested Chinook salmon identifying the gear type(s) they used. An estimated 8% of Chinook salmon was harvested using fish wheels in 2010 and 12% were harvested using fish wheels in 2011.

## **SALMON SURVEY AND AMOUNTS NECESSARY FOR SUBSISTENCE**

Several inseason methods were used to evaluate salmon runs and to assess progress of fishermen in meeting their subsistence needs. Managers maintained contact with fishermen inseason to obtain information on fishing success in communities and to remain aware of impacts of fishery openings and closures on subsistence harvests. YRDFA conducted weekly inseason teleconferences to provide fishermen in the entire Yukon River drainage (including Canada) an opportunity to discuss the ongoing run assessments with fisheries managers, in an ongoing program since 1992. Each weekly teleconference typically consisted of a roll call of communities along the river during which community members participating in the call gave a brief report on local fishing and river conditions. In some communities, a resident conducted weekly interviews inseason with a subsample of fishermen and summarized their assessment of harvest goals, fishing conditions, and quality of subsistence catch (Hale et al. 2010; YRDFA 2011).

While inseason communications and assessments provide valuable information on salmon runs and subsistence fisheries, they do not provide a post season perspective on the success of fishing and nonfishing households in meeting their needs for all salmon species. Methods of assessing the relative success of Yukon Area fishermen include comparing the annual drainagewide estimated subsistence harvest to historical averages and to the “amounts (reasonably) necessary for subsistence” (ANS) harvest ranges established by the BOF (ADF&G 2001). The ANS represents the historical harvest drainagewide and not the harvest of salmon species by individuals, communities, or sections of the drainage. The annual subsistence harvest amounts used for comparison to ANS ranges include salmon harvests from permits, survey estimates, test fisheries and retained from commercial fisheries. Salmon harvested in the personal use fishery are not included. Coastal communities were included in determining Yukon Area ANS ranges as these communities harvest most of their salmon from Yukon River drainage salmon stocks. The ANS levels outlined in regulation 5 AAC 01.236 are 45,500–66,704 Chinook, 83,500–142,192 summer chum, 89,500–167,900 fall chum, and 20,500–51,980 coho salmon (Figures 7–10). In 2011, only the subsistence harvest of summer chum salmon was within its ANS range, harvest of each of the other salmon species were below their respective ANS ranges.

Salmon harvest estimates based on survey results indicated the Chinook salmon subsistence harvest was 10% below the recent five year average (2006–2010) and 23% below the previous five year average (2001–2005; Figure 7; Appendix B1). The 2011 summer chum salmon subsistence harvest was 4% above the recent five year average and 16% above the previous five year average (Appendix B2; Figure 8). The 2011 harvest of fall chum salmon was 2% below the recent five year average and 51% above the previous five year average (Figure 9; Appendix B3). Coho salmon harvest in 2011 was nearly 28% below the recent five year average and 44% below the previous five year average (Figure 10; Appendix B4). Overall, the 2011 Yukon Area subsistence salmon harvest of 229,546 Chinook, summer chum, fall chum, and coho salmon

combined (Appendices B1–B4) was approximately 3% below the recent five year average (2006–2010) of 237,065 fish and 9% above the previous five year average (2001–2005). This 10 year period includes years with very poor harvests and fishing restrictions, such as the closures during the first pulse of Chinook salmon in 2009 and the low returns of fall fish in the 2002 season (Figures 5 and 7–10).

Pink salmon exhibit a two year cycle with years of low (odd year) and high (even year) abundance (ADF&G 2011); the pink salmon run was expected to be low in 2011. Harvest of pink salmon in 2011 was estimated to be 2,291 fish and was 13% above the odd-year average for 2001–2009 and 51% below the all year (both odd and even-year) average for 2001–2010 (Appendix B8). Pink salmon are often abundant in the Lower Yukon Area; however they are not widely targeted for subsistence harvest.

Although personal use harvest is not taken into account in ANS it is accounted for in the Yukon management area. Personal use harvests in 2011 were below the recent five year average (2006–2010) for Chinook salmon, above average for summer chum salmon, and below average for both fall chum and coho salmon (Appendix B5).

The postseason subsistence survey results are unique in breaking down percent needs met by species and community (Table 14). The percentage of households that reported meeting over 50% of their needs for each species in 2011 was above the recent five year average for all species. Closures on the first pulse of Chinook salmon appear to have affected households less severely in 2011 than in 2009 when closures on the first pulse also occurred (Appendix B11).

Ideally, a strong run would be reflected in a strong subsistence harvest or at least that most households should report meeting subsistence needs. However, it has been observed that approximately 20–30% of households report they were not able to get enough salmon even in years with very good escapement (Appendix B11; Estensen et al. 2012). Analysis of responses to the needs met question (Figure 4, question 14) in this project is hampered by the low number of households that choose to respond and the qualitative nature of the question. The percentages of subsistence needs being met were calculated by comparing household responses to harvest, salmon received and needs met questions (Figure 4; Table 14; Appendix B11).

During the annual survey, households are asked to evaluate whether they met their subsistence needs for salmon (Figure 4, question 14). In 2011, surveyors often had difficulty getting responses to the “usually get” question format and were instructed to try several alternative questions (“How many would you put up in a good year?” or “How many did you get last year, and was that enough for the winter?” etc.). Approximately 66% of contacted households replied with Chinook salmon information in 2011, compared to 84% of contacted households in 2008 who provided responses to the previous version of this question (Appendix B11). Prior to 2009, if a household harvested zero fish of a species that they usually fish for, a response of zero percent of needs met was often entered. A household previously saying they met “0%” of their needs could now add information about unmet needs by saying they usually get, for example, one fish or 10 fish. If no answer was given, the question was left blank. Households had various reasons for not fully answering this question, including new households without an established harvest pattern, households that had undergone changes in the number of people, households that refused or were unable to provide an estimate and households that usually receive a highly variable number of fish each year or had not received their fish yet.

If the household fished and caught fewer fish than they usually harvest, then surveyors asked why (Figure 4, question 14; “Comment”). In 2011 these “needs met” comments were included in the database and categorized, allowing for easier summarization. Of the 109 households that provided a comment about why they were unable to meet their needs for Chinook salmon nearly one third (34) were unable to get enough Chinook salmon due to a variety of factors (fishing schedule, bad water or weather conditions, poor run, limited schedule). An equal number of households (34) said they were unable to get enough Chinook salmon due to lack of equipment (net, boat, motor, smokehouse, freezer). Over one third (41) were unable to meet their needs for Chinook salmon either due to personal reasons (health, travel, no time to fish, no crew to help) or that the year was bad for unspecified reasons. An additional 42 households commented that the run was good and they met their needs. More households (53) provided nonspecific comments such as the household “gets whatever they get” and they did not know the number of salmon that they usually harvest or receive.

Aside from irrelevant or unclear comments, 75 households provided a comment about summer chum salmon: that it was a good year (20), bad year (19), personal reasons that needs were not met (15), equipment problems (9), fishing/work schedule (4), weather (4), and poor summer chum salmon run (3). Of the 78 households that commented on fall chum or coho salmon, the largest number of comments (28) was that the households were unable to get enough fall fish due to personal reasons. Several households (21) said that it was a good year, while others were unable to get fall fish due to equipment (15), bad year (6), poor weather (5), or fishing schedules (3).

Access to salmon species varies throughout the Yukon River Area due to species distribution, travel patterns and run timing. Fishermen in the Upper Yukon Area are more limited in their options for salmon harvest. Large numbers of summer chum salmon spawn in the Tanana River, and are not usually available in good numbers for subsistence harvest to communities located in Subdistricts 5-C and 5-D above the confluence of the Yukon and Tanana rivers (Figure 1, Appendix B2). Coho salmon have a similar distribution as summer chum salmon and are found throughout the Tanana River drainage but are less abundant. Coho salmon run timing also often coincides with the formation of river ice. Lack of harvest opportunity for coho salmon is one factor contributing to the low number of coho salmon that are harvested annually (Appendix B1–B4). Salmon stocks are mixed until they segregate by the left and right bank orientation (e.g., Subdistricts 4-B, 4-C, 5-A and 5-B), or enter tributaries or areas that predominantly have only one salmon species present at a time. Subdistrict 5-D only has a Chinook salmon run followed by a fall chum salmon run, with a period between the two runs when very few salmon are present. Pink salmon are only available and harvested in large numbers in the Lower Yukon Area (Appendix B8).

Every year, a small number of fishermen travel to the Yukon River to fish in or near surveyed communities but are not present in the communities during the fall survey. These households are contacted by phone or mail at their winter residence and their harvest is included with the community nearest to where they fish. In 2011, this group consisted of 24 households and represents less than 1% of the total number of households. Information on this group is updated when possible but may be difficult to obtain if the household is not well known by residents in the nearby community.

## **Nonsalmon Species**

Harvest of nonsalmon fish species was most likely underestimated by this project. The stratification and harvest estimation system is based on a household's historical salmon harvest and may not adequately represent households that fish predominantly for other species. The correlation between the level of salmon harvest and the level of nonsalmon harvest has not been determined. In order to improve the harvest estimates of nonsalmon species, additional strata and sampling designs would need to be identified and developed (Borba and Hamner 1998). Additionally, the survey is timed to occur at the end of salmon fishing season, whereas nonsalmon species are often harvested throughout the fall and during the winter under the ice (Brown et al. 2005). During the annual survey, households were asked to estimate their harvest of nonsalmon species from the previous twelve months (Figure 4, question 15). This elevates the concern for recall as an error in the estimates. Methods to estimate community harvests of Arctic lamprey or to account for differences between reported subsistence harvests have not been developed for either the subsistence survey (Table 13) or the lamprey postcards (Table 17).

## **Dogs**

The estimated amount of all salmon species (summer and fall chum and coho salmon) fed whole to dogs from surveyed communities and permit areas was 11% higher than the recent five year average. Much of the increase was due to the large number of fall chum salmon harvested in 2011 in District five surveyed communities, which was 35% higher than the recent five year average (Appendix B9). The estimated number of fish fed to dogs in the Yukon Area was higher in 2011 than the recent five year average for summer chum (8%) and fall chum (19%) salmon, but coho salmon was lower than the recent five year average by 35% (Appendix B9). Fluctuation in the amount of salmon fed to dogs is partially due to owners feeding nonsalmon fish species, meat, or commercial dog food. The number of dogs in the Yukon Area (Appendix B9) in 2011 was 5% greater than the recent five year average and was the largest estimated number of dogs (5,353) from surveyed communities since 2006 (5,885 dogs; Bue et al. 2011). Households also feed salmon that are not fit for human consumption to dogs. The reported number of salmon fed to dogs due to poor flesh quality was very small (192 fish), and included 41 Chinook salmon that were fed to dogs from surveyed communities (Appendix A6).

## **Survey Comments**

During the survey, households have the opportunity to comment on any topic related to fishing they felt was important (Figure 4; question 21). The most numerous comments from the survey regarded fishing windows or fishing schedules that restricted openings, resulting in missed opportunity when salmon were running through the local fishing area (186 comments). Households also wanted earlier, longer, or more commercial openings (24), including 11 households that were opposed to the restrictions on the commercial sale of Chinook salmon. Some households (38) were pleased with the 2011 season and ADF&G management actions that included dividing Subdistrict 5-D into smaller areas, distribution of test fish in communities, and management efforts to increase escapement and conserve salmon. More fishermen commented that 2011 was a good year (64) than a bad year (42). Of the 106 households that commented on whether 2011 was good or bad, more households from Lower Yukon communities (60%) said the season was good than households from Upper Yukon communities (40%). Other issues that generated comments were opposition to the 7.5 inch mesh change or difficulties in changing mesh sizes (30) and improvements to sonar and test fishing projects (11). Fishermen also

commented that rain and bad weather conditions during processing caused the most loss of salmon. (Appendix A6).

Fishermen commented on wanting to change the specific hours of fishing scheduled for their district and allow more fishing time. The surveyors heard many comments to the effect that fishermen only catch what they need for subsistence and then stop fishing and that subsistence fishing restrictions were unnecessary. For some fishermen, the windows schedule prevented them from catching all their fish at once, which impacted processing and storage of fish. Short openings also stretched out the season, an important consideration when gasoline costs and work schedules limit the number of possible trips to a fish camp. Fishermen commented that by restricting fishing times, the windows schedule reduced the ability of fishermen to adapt to circumstances such as poor weather, water levels, or work schedules; they also expressed concern that it was difficult to know when fishing was open and that greater communication of schedules and management might help.

Overall harvests of summer and fall chum salmon were higher in 2011 than in 2010, but the Chinook and coho salmon harvest were 8% and 5% lower than 2010. However, the harvest of Chinook salmon in 2011 was 21% higher than 2009, when the first pulse closure management strategy was first enacted. While opportunities to harvest Chinook salmon were deliberately reduced through subsistence fishing closures in 2009, 2010, and 2011, harvest of Chinook salmon in 2011 may also have been lower compared with 2010 due to voluntary conservation efforts. Residents of the community of Eagle coordinated a reduced harvest plan (Dayna Green, Commercial Fisheries Biologist, ADF&G, Fairbanks, personal communication), and harvested only slightly more Chinook salmon in 2011 than in 2009, for their second lowest Chinook salmon harvest in the recent 10 years (2001–2010). Several other communities also harvested significantly fewer Chinook salmon than their recent five year (2006–2010) and previous five year averages (2001–2005, Appendix B1). Harvests of all species, except summer chum salmon, were lower than their respective five year averages (Appendices B1–B4). The poor Chinook salmon run necessitated closures in the summer season, however the subsistence harvest of summer chum salmon was the largest since 2006 (Appendix B2). The large subsistence harvest of summer chum salmon was coupled with the largest commercial harvest of summer chum salmon since 1992. Coho salmon subsistence harvests may have been reduced in 2011 due to a larger than average commercial harvest in the Lower Yukon relative to the size of the run (Estensen and Borba 2011), or other reasons such as run timing and timing of freeze up. As is typical, most of the subsistence harvest of coho salmon took place in the Upper Yukon Area (Appendix B4), in contrast with commercial harvest which is normally largest in the Lower Yukon Area.

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## **TABLES AND FIGURES**

Table 1.–Subsistence and personal use salmon harvest estimates, including commercially related and test fishery harvests provided for subsistence use, and related information, Yukon Area, 2011.

Community	Survey Date or Permit <sup>b</sup>	Number of Fishing Households <sup>c</sup>	Number of Dogs <sup>d</sup>	Estimated Harvest				Primary Gear Used <sup>a</sup>		
				Chinook	Chum	Chum Coho	Fall	Summer	Set Gillnet	Drift Gillnet
Hooper Bay <sup>e</sup>	9/14-17	93	243	252	13,460	267	0	92	1	0
Scammon Bay	9/12-14	57	98	517	4,845	48	55	53	4	0
<b>Coastal District Total</b>		<b>150</b>	<b>341</b>	<b>769</b>	<b>18,305</b>	<b>315</b>	<b>55</b>	<b>145</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>0</b>
Nunam Iqua <sup>f</sup>	9/12-13	20	46	250	2,077	51	23	20	0	0
Alakanuk <sup>e</sup>	9/9-12	80	161	1,464	7,447	881	431	28	52	0
Emmonak <sup>e, g</sup>	9/6-9	91	147	2,172	12,468	1,540	472	10	81	0
Kotlik <sup>e</sup>	9/10-12	76	148	2,369	6,598	962	201	37	39	0
<b>District 1 Subtotal</b>		<b>267</b>	<b>502</b>	<b>6,255</b>	<b>28,590</b>	<b>3,434</b>	<b>1,127</b>	<b>95</b>	<b>172</b>	<b>0</b>
Mountain Village <sup>e</sup>	9/21-22	109	171	2,063	9,355	800	261	8	101	0
Pitkas Point	9/23	12	33	246	585	30	37	0	12	0
St. Mary's <sup>g</sup>	9/19-24	76	143	1,734	6,760	611	230	0	76	0
Pilot Station <sup>e</sup>	9/24-26	63	51	1,340	4,182	575	145	4	59	0
Marshall	9/27-28	61	126	2,686	3,810	562	150	0	61	0
<b>District 2 Subtotal</b>		<b>321</b>	<b>524</b>	<b>8,069</b>	<b>24,692</b>	<b>2,578</b>	<b>823</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>309</b>	<b>0</b>
Russian Mission	9/28-29	47	121	1,550	1,225	11	0	15	32	0
Holy Cross	9/28-29	35	83	2,231	363	94	0	9	26	0
Shageluk	9/27-9/28	17	76	353	1,145	249	36	9	8	0
<b>District 3 Subtotal</b>		<b>99</b>	<b>280</b>	<b>4,134</b>	<b>2,733</b>	<b>354</b>	<b>36</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>66</b>	<b>0</b>
<b>Lower Yukon River Total</b>		<b>687</b>	<b>1,306</b>	<b>18,458</b>	<b>56,015</b>	<b>6,366</b>	<b>1,986</b>	<b>140</b>	<b>547</b>	<b>0</b>
Anvik	9/26-27	20	63	1,052	220	202	19	8	12	0
Grayling	9/25-26	35	99	1,374	838	1,152	119	15	20	0
Kaltag	10/6-8	41	66	2,488	163	196	258	0	41	0
Nulato	10/8-10	58	50	1,538	246	652	118	7	51	0
Koyukuk	10/5-6	34	91	1,349	890	1,388	137	2	32	0
Galena	10/10-13	67	259	1,434	3,414	2,739	1,013	32	35	0
Ruby	10/24-25	14	70	482	775	592	312	11	0	3
<b>District 4 Yukon River Subtotal</b>		<b>269</b>	<b>698</b>	<b>9,717</b>	<b>6,546</b>	<b>6,921</b>	<b>1,976</b>	<b>75</b>	<b>191</b>	<b>3</b>
Huslia	10/9-11	17	151	121	3,166	183	70	17	0	0
Hughes	10/7-9	6	71	10	954	64	13	6	0	0
Allakaket	10/5-7	6	91	42	2,368	92	13	6	0	0
Alatna	10/5	4	4	3	132	0	0	4	0	0
Bettles	phone	0	13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>Koyukuk River Subtotal</b>		<b>33</b>	<b>330</b>	<b>176</b>	<b>6,620</b>	<b>339</b>	<b>96</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>
<b>District 4 Subtotal</b>		<b>302</b>	<b>1,028</b>	<b>9,893</b>	<b>13,166</b>	<b>7,260</b>	<b>2,072</b>	<b>108</b>	<b>191</b>	<b>3</b>

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Table 1.–Page 2 of 3.

Community	Survey Date or Permit <sup>a</sup>	Number of Fishing Households <sup>b</sup>	Number of Dogs <sup>c</sup>	Estimated Harvest				Primary Gear Used <sup>d</sup>		
				Chinook	Chum Summer	Chum Fall	Coho	Set Gillnet	Drift Gillnet	Fish Wheels
Tanana	10/14-16	55	334	2,936	4,381	21,728	312	39	0	16
Rampart	permits	4	2	201	67	340	0	4	0	0
Fairbanks NSB <sup>h</sup>	permits	52	159	2,186	688	1,696	2	48	0	4
Stevens Village <sup>i</sup>	10/16-17 <sup>i</sup>	5	86	415	43	911	0	5	0	0
Birch Creek	phone	3	12	49	6	0	0	3	0	0
Beaver	10/17-18	13	28	356	393	122	0	11	0	2
Fort Yukon	10/26-28	76	616	2,472	1,297	7,188	1,040	38	1	37
Circle	permits	9	74	297	48	299	0	3	0	6
Central	permits	3	6	66	0	0	0	2	0	1
Eagle <sup>e</sup>	permits	32	273	728	2	17,455	1	23	0	9
Other District 5 <sup>j</sup>	permits	15	105	777	784	208	0	15	0	0
District 5 Yukon River Subtotal		267	1,695	10,483	7,709	49,947	1,355	191	1	75
Venetie	10/18-20	14	181	10	0	1,938	34	14	0	0
Chalkyitsik	10/28-29	0	25	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Chandalar and Black Rivers Subtotal		14	206	10	0	1,938	34	14	0	0
District 5 Subtotal		281	1,901	10,493	7,709	51,885	1,389	205	1	75
Manley	permits	10	73	287	142	2,333	1,482	9	0	1
Minto	permits	6	118	61	27	1,500	0	5	0	1
Nenana <sup>k</sup>	permits	25	120	681	477	5,268	3,304	14	0	11
Healy	permits	3	33	0	0	950	944	3	0	0
Fairbanks NSB <sup>k</sup>	permits	52	362	419	618	4,664	1,341	45	0	7
Other District 6 <sup>l</sup>	permits	27	71	8	0	8	3	21	0	0
District 6 Tanana River Subtotal <sup>k</sup>		123	777	1,456	1,264	14,723	7,074	97	0	20
Upper Yukon River Total		706	3,706	21,842	22,139	73,868	10,535	410	192	98
Survey Community Subtotal		1,305	3,957	32,586	85,991	43,052	4,675	503	744	58
Subsistence Permit Subtotal <sup>m</sup>		200	1,396	5,265	2,414	32,723	6,127	158	0	38
Subsistence Test Fishery Subtotal <sup>n</sup>		-	-	2,777	7,615	2,777	824	-	-	-
District 6 Commercial Retained <sup>p</sup>		-	-	352	0	1,650	718	-	-	-
Subsistence Harvests Subtotal		1,505	5,353	40,980	96,020	80,202	12,344	661	744	96
Personal Use Permit Subtotals		38	-	89	439	347	232	34	0	2
Alaska, Yukon River Total <sup>p, q</sup>		1,393	5,012	40,300	78,154	80,234	12,521	550	739	98
Alaska, Yukon Area Total		1,543	5,353	41,069	96,459	80,549	12,576	695	744	98
Species & gear percentage of Yukon Area Total				18%	42%	35%	5%	45%	48%	6%

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- <sup>a</sup> Data collected by Alaska Department of Fish and Game (ADF&G), Division of Commercial Fisheries using surveys and fishing permits. Survey data are expanded for number of fishing households, number of dogs, primary gear type and harvest. Permit data are unexpanded, and are from all permits received as of February 15, 2012.
- <sup>b</sup> Estimated number of households that fished in surveyed communities or number of permit households who reported fishing in permit required areas. Does not include 27 Tolovana River pike permits issued in 2011.
- <sup>c</sup> The number of dogs is based on survey information or from permits issued. Information about dogs is not collected on Personal Use permits.
- <sup>d</sup> Primary gear is determined by the larger number of salmon harvested by gear types in the household. Number of households using each gear type is estimated in surveyed communities. Totals for primary gear and number of fishing households may not be equal due to a small number of fishermen using unknown or 'Other' gear types.
- <sup>e</sup> Includes salmon given to communities from test fisheries.
- <sup>f</sup> Formerly known as Sheldon or Sheldon's Point.
- <sup>g</sup> Includes 10 Chinook and 30 summer chum salmon donated to Kwik'pak Fisheries from the Lower Yukon Test Fishery and donated to unknown communities.
- <sup>h</sup> Fairbanks North Star Borough (FNSB) households that obtained a permit and indicated they fished in the Yukon River permit required area.
- <sup>i</sup> Permit harvest information from Stevens Village residents was used to complement the information obtained by the survey.
- <sup>j</sup> "Other District 5" includes residents of Anchorage, Manley, Minto, Nenana, Tanana, and Wiseman, and the Upper Tanana River drainage community of Tok who obtained a household permit and fished in a Yukon River permit required area.
- <sup>k</sup> Includes harvest from the personal use permit area and salmon retained from commercial fishing from households that fished in the Tanana River.
- <sup>l</sup> "Other District 6" includes residents of the Upper Tanana River drainage communities of Delta Junction, Dot Lake, Northway, Tanacross, and Tok, and the communities of Anderson and Eagle River who obtained a permit and fished in the Tanana River.
- <sup>m</sup> Subsistence permit subtotal does not include Stevens Village permit information or commercially retained salmon from District 6.
- <sup>n</sup> Test fish given away for subsistence use. Includes 5 Chinook and one fall chum salmon given to the permit community of Eagle from the Eagle Sonar test fish drift gillnet project.
- <sup>o</sup> District 6 "Commercial Retained" included fish caught but not sold during commercial fishing periods but retained for subsistence use. These salmon are added to the Fairbanks NSB and Nenana community harvests.
- <sup>p</sup> Does not include Coastal District for use in U.S./Canada negotiations.
- <sup>q</sup> Based on survey estimates, 2,726 Chinook, 656 summer chum, 217 fall chum, and 82 coho salmon were retained from commercial harvests in Districts 1 and 2. Commercially related salmon are included in subsistence harvests from surveyed communities.

Table 2.—Estimated number of households with dogs, households that feed fish to dogs, numbers of dogs, and corresponding confidence intervals (CI 95%) for surveyed communities, Yukon Area, 2011.

Community	Total Households	Households Contacted	Number of Households with Dogs		Number of Households that Feed Fish to Dogs		Number of Dogs	
			Estimated Total	CI 95%	Estimated Total	CI 95%	Estimated Total	CI 95%
Hooper Bay	209	76	114	22	0	0	243	78
Scammon Bay	92	35	60	13	0	0	98	28
Coastal District	301	111	174	25	0	0	341	83
Nunam Iqua	36	27	22	4	0	0	46	15
Alakanuk	133	54	77	14	0	0	161	34
Emmonak	166	91	95	12	2	1	147	21
Kotlik	104	40	70	14	5	6	148	72
District 1	439	212	264	23	7	6	502	84
Mountain Village	163	63	95	19	1	1	171	37
Pitkas Point	28	16	14	3	1	1	33	13
St. Mary's	121	47	67	16	1	1	143	53
Pilot Station	109	51	48	11	3	4	51	11
Marshall	70	27	51	16	1	1	126	27
District 2	491	204	275	32	7	4	524	72
Russian Mission	66	25	48	11	3	5	121	68
Holy Cross	56	28	39	6	2	3	83	22
Shageluk	31	17	25	1	3	1	76	8
District 3	153	70	112	13	8	6	280	71
Anvik	28	24	23	0	1	0	63	4
Grayling	48	17	35	10	7	8	99	38
Kaltag	61	16	38	15	1	1	66	33
Nulato	76	23	30	14	0	0	50	30
Koyukuk	51	16	29	15	6	5	91	44
Galena	169	64	125	16	8	6	259	81
Ruby	57	19	25	13	1	0	70	29
Huslia	82	28	49	14	8	5	151	46
Hughes	35	25	16	5	2	1	71	32
Allakaket	65	25	27	11	5	3	91	21
Alatna	9	6	3	1	1	0	4	1
Bettles	24	13	13	3	0	0	13	3
District 4	705	276	413	39	40	13	1,028	129
Tanana	99	30	41	15	17	7	334	139
Stevens Village	15	9	11	2	2	0	86	11
Birch Creek	16	6	5	5	0	0	12	13
Beaver	31	24	13	3	3	2	28	11
Fort Yukon	219	72	132	22	37	17	616	246
Venetie	78	28	53	12	22	12	181	62
Chalkyitsik	21	12	17	2	0	0	25	2
District 5	479	181	272	30	81	22	1,282	290
Survey Totals	2,568	1,054	1,510	69	143	27	3,957	353

Note: The number of households contacted per species may vary. The number of households indicated is the greatest number of households contacted for a given species.

Table 3.–Household and dog information reported by subsistence and personal use permits issued and returned, listed by fishery and by community of residence, Yukon Area, 2011.

Subsistence Permits	Permit Information <sup>a</sup>				Reported Household Information (based on permits issued)					
	Permits <sup>b</sup>		Percent Returned	Numbers of Permits Returned that Fished <sup>c</sup>	Number of People	Number of Fishermen	Number of Households with Dogs	Number of Dogs	Number of Households Feeding Whole Salmon to Dogs	Number of Whole Salmon Fed to Dogs
Issued	Returned									
Central	6	6	100%	3	14	10	4	6	2	0
Circle	23	21	91%	9	62	36	17	74	8	289
Eagle	42	42	100%	32	131	82	28	273	19	15,470
Rampart	4	4	100%	4	8	8	2	2	1	0
Fairbanks (FNSB) <sup>d</sup>	171	169	99%	92	525	373	64	521	21	4,063
Healy	5	5	100%	3	13	15	5	33	3	1,894
Manley	15	15	100%	11	35	28	11	75	7	3,552
Minto	42	39	93%	12	125	76	22	207	15	1,200
Nenana	43	41	95%	25	313	66	30	122	23	4,404
Stevens Village <sup>e</sup>	5	5	100%	2	16	7	3	23	1	450
Upper Tanana Villages <sup>f</sup>	48	46	96%	28	115	75	29	72	4	0
Other Subsistence <sup>g</sup>	14	14	100%	8	37	27	5	11	1	27
<b>Subsistence Permit Subtotal</b>	<b>418</b>	<b>407</b>	<b>97%</b>	<b>229</b>	<b>1,394</b>	<b>803</b>	<b>220</b>	<b>1,419</b>	<b>105</b>	<b>31,349</b>
<b>Personal Use Permits</b>										
Fairbanks (FNSB) <sup>d</sup>	71	68	96%	35	195	133	-	-	-	-
Other Personal Use <sup>h</sup>	3	3	100%	3	6	5	-	-	-	-
<b>Personal Use Permit Subtotal</b>	<b>74</b>	<b>71</b>	<b>96%</b>	<b>38</b>	<b>201</b>	<b>138</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Permit Totals</b>	<b>492</b>	<b>478</b>	<b>97%</b>	<b>267</b>	<b>1,595</b>	<b>941</b>	<b>220</b>	<b>1,419</b>	<b>105</b>	<b>31,349</b>

<sup>a</sup> Permits returned as of February 15, 2012.

<sup>b</sup> Includes 37 households that were “issued” permits for more than one area and eight permit holders that were issued an SE and SEU permit to track harvest above and below Eagle sonar.

<sup>c</sup> Includes nine households that “fished” in two different areas and four permit holders that fished above and below the Eagle sonar.

<sup>d</sup> Fairbanks North Star Borough (FNSB) includes residents from the communities of Ester, Fairbanks, North Pole, Salcha, and Two Rivers.

<sup>e</sup> Stevens Village is a surveyed community, but some residents fish in permit areas. Therefore this permit information is not included in any final harvest estimates to avoid double counting.

<sup>f</sup> Upper Tanana River communities include residents from the communities of Delta Junction, Dot Lake, Northway, Tanacross, and Tok.

<sup>g</sup> Includes residents from Anchorage, Clear, Denali Park, Tanana, Wasilla, Willow, and Wiseman who were issued a subsistence fishing permit for the Yukon, Tanana, Tolovana, Kantishna, and Upper Koyukuk rivers.

<sup>h</sup> Includes residents of Delta Junction and Nenana that applied for a personal use permit.

Table 4.–Estimated number of salmon retained for dog food from subsistence harvests with corresponding confidence intervals (CI 95%) for surveyed communities, Yukon Area, 2011.

Community	Total Households	Households Contacted <sup>b</sup>	Summer Chum Salmon		Fall Chum Salmon		Coho Salmon		Total Salmon <sup>a</sup>
			Estimated Total	CI 95%	Estimated Total	CI 95%	Estimated Total	CI 95%	Estimated Total
Hooper Bay	209	72	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Scammon Bay	92	34	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Coastal District	301	106	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Nunam Iqua	36	27	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Alakanuk	133	54	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Emmonak	166	91	38	25	0	0	0	0	38
Kotlik <sup>c</sup>	104	40	47	47	0	0	0	0	47
District 1	439	212	85	72	0	0	0	0	85
Mountain Village	163	62	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Pitkas Point	28	16	30	24	24	19	24	19	78
St. Mary's	121	46	0	0	46	32	91	63	137
Pilot Station	109	51	81	125	0	0	0	0	81
Marshall	70	25	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
District 2	491	200	111	127	70	37	115	66	296
Russian Mission	66	25	0	0	9	15	0	0	9
Holy Cross	56	27	78	120	0	0	0	0	78
Shageluk	31	15	450	272	0	0	0	0	450
District 3	153	67	528	297	9	15	0	0	537
Anvik	28	24	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Grayling	48	16	160	272	0	0	0	0	160
Kaltag	61	16	0	0	0	0	120	96	120
Nulato	76	22	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Koyukuk	51	16	793	296	465	541	113	88	1,371
Galena	169	63	2,848	2,684	214	230	617	1,018	3,679
Ruby	57	20	698	0	580	0	300	0	1,578
Huslia	82	27	2,770	265	100	0	0	0	2,870
Hughes	35	25	290	18	0	0	0	0	290
Allakaket	65	25	2,182	247	0	0	0	0	2,182
Alatna	9	6	2	0	0	0	0	0	2
Bettles	24	13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
District 4	705	273	9,743	2,738	1,359	588	1,150	1,026	12,252
Tanana	99	33	4,819	3,906	24,089	8,417	980	858	29,888
Stevens Village	15	10	0	0	911	0	0	0	911
Birch Creek	16	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Beaver	31	24	310	230	136	131	0	0	446
Fort Yukon	219	72	1,216	1,859	5,575	3,312	176	163	6,967
Venetie	78	28	453	703	1,513	1,077	0	0	1,966
Chalkyitsik	21	11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
District 5	479	185	6,798	4,388	32,224	9,110	1,156	873	40,178
Survey Totals	2,568	1,043	17,265	5,183	33,662	9,129	2,421	1,349	53,348

<sup>a</sup> Does not include Chinook salmon that were not fit for human consumption but possibly fed to dogs.

<sup>b</sup> The number of households contacted per species may vary. The number of households indicated is the greatest number of households contacted for a given species.

<sup>c</sup> Includes 7 summer chum salmon reported as retained from commercial harvests and fed to dogs.

Table 5.—Estimated total number of households in surveyed communities, by harvest level, with community and district totals, Yukon Area, 2011.

Community	Unknown				Does Not Harvest Salmon				Light Harvester				Medium Harvester				Heavy Harvester				Community Totals			
	N	n	C	%C	N	n	C	%C	N	n	C	%C	N	n	C	%C	N	n	C	%C	N	n	C	%C
Hooper Bay	24	12	9	75%	62	18	16	89%	90	29	24	83%	33	33	30	91%	-	-	-	-	209	92	79	86%
Scammon Bay	20	13	9	69%	21	7	6	86%	35	11	8	73%	16	16	14	88%	-	-	-	-	92	47	37	79%
Coastal District	44	25	18	72%	83	25	22	88%	125	40	32	80%	49	49	44	90%	-	-	-	-	301	139	116	83%
Nunam Iqua	7	6	6	100%	10	10	6	60%	9	9	7	78%	10	10	9	90%	-	-	-	-	36	35	28	80%
Alakanuk	27	22	18	82%	32	9	6	67%	57	17	17	100%	17	17	13	76%	-	-	-	-	133	65	54	83%
Emmonak	23	15	11	73%	48	24	23	96%	64	32	30	94%	30	30	27	90%	1	1	1	100%	166	102	92	90%
Kotlik	13	12	7	58%	25	8	7	88%	51	16	15	94%	15	15	11	73%	-	-	-	-	104	51	40	78%
District 1	70	55	42	76%	115	51	42	82%	181	74	69	93%	72	72	60	83%	1	1	1	100%	439	253	214	85%
Mountain Village	30	24	18	75%	34	10	8	80%	71	22	17	77%	28	28	23	82%	-	-	-	-	163	84	66	79%
Pitkas Point	3	1	1	100%	6	6	2	33%	13	13	9	69%	6	6	5	83%	-	-	-	-	28	26	17	65%
St. Mary's	7	3	3	100%	24	8	6	75%	66	21	18	86%	24	24	21	88%	-	-	-	-	121	56	48	86%
Pilot Station	9	8	5	63%	38	19	17	89%	47	24	19	79%	15	15	14	93%	-	-	-	-	109	66	55	83%
Marshall	3	2	1	50%	16	5	2	40%	38	12	12	100%	13	13	13	100%	-	-	-	-	70	32	28	88%
District 2	52	38	28	74%	118	48	35	73%	235	92	75	82%	86	86	76	88%	-	-	-	-	491	264	214	81%
Russian Mission	5	4	4	100%	21	7	5	71%	34	11	11	100%	6	6	5	83%	-	-	-	-	66	28	25	89%
Holy Cross	6	6	5	83%	15	7	7	100%	22	11	10	91%	13	13	7	54%	-	-	-	-	56	37	29	78%
Shageluk	13	3	1	33%	7	7	6	86%	10	10	10	100%	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	100%	31	21	18	86%
District 3	24	13	10	77%	43	21	18	86%	66	32	31	97%	19	19	12	63%	1	1	1	100%	153	86	72	84%
Anvik	2	0	0	-	8	8	8	100%	11	11	9	82%	6	6	6	100%	1	1	1	100%	28	26	24	92%
Grayling	8	2	2	100%	4	2	2	100%	28	9	9	100%	8	8	5	63%	-	-	-	-	48	21	18	86%
Kaltag	1	1	1	100%	13	4	3	75%	41	11	8	73%	6	6	5	83%	-	-	-	-	61	22	17	77%
Nulato	-	-	-	-	19	6	6	100%	53	16	14	88%	4	4	4	100%	-	-	-	-	76	26	24	92%
Koyukuk	15	3	2	67%	15	5	5	100%	15	5	5	100%	5	5	3	60%	1	1	1	100%	51	19	16	84%
Galena	30	26	22	85%	70	22	19	86%	62	19	18	95%	5	5	5	100%	2	2	2	100%	169	74	66	89%
Ruby	5	4	4	100%	35	10	7	70%	12	4	4	100%	4	4	4	100%	1	1	1	100%	57	23	20	87%
Huslia	17	6	5	83%	45	13	12	92%	13	4	4	100%	6	6	6	100%	1	1	1	100%	82	30	28	93%
Hughes	15	10	7	70%	13	13	11	85%	5	5	5	100%	2	2	2	100%	-	-	-	-	35	30	25	83%
Allakaket	15	8	5	63%	34	11	9	82%	9	3	4	133%	5	5	5	100%	2	2	2	100%	65	29	25	86%
Alatna	3	1	1	100%	4	4	4	100%	2	2	2	100%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9	7	7	100%
Bettles	7	7	3	43%	16	16	11	69%	1	1	0	0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	24	24	14	58%
District 4	118	68	52	76%	276	114	97	85%	252	90	82	91%	51	51	45	88%	8	8	8	100%	705	331	284	86%

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Table 5.–Page 2 of 2.

Community	Unknown				Does Not Harvest Salmon				Light Harvester				Medium Harvester				Heavy Harvester				Community Totals			
	N	n	C	%C	N	n	C	%C	N	n	C	%C	N	n	C	%C	N	n	C	%C	N	n	C	%C
Tanana	8	5	3	60%	47	24	14	58%	27	14	9	64%	7	7	5	71%	10	10	7	70%	99	60	38	63%
Stevens Village	1	0	0	-	3	3	2	67%	8	8	6	75%	3	3	3	100%	-	-	-	-	15	14	11	79%
Birch Creek	2	2	0	0%	10	10	4	40%	4	4	3	75%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16	16	7	44%
Beaver	5	3	3	100%	12	12	10	83%	14	14	12	86%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	31	29	25	86%
Fort Yukon	63	30	22	73%	107	33	30	91%	31	9	7	78%	9	9	8	89%	9	9	9	100%	219	90	76	84%
Venetie	25	20	12	60%	37	11	9	82%	13	4	4	100%	2	2	2	100%	1	1	1	100%	78	38	28	74%
Chalkyitsik	7	1	1	100%	13	13	10	77%	1	1	1	100%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	21	15	12	80%
District 5	111	61	41	67%	229	106	79	75%	98	54	42	78%	21	21	18	86%	20	20	17	85%	479	262	197	75%
Survey Totals	419	260	191	73%	864	365	293	80%	957	382	331	87%	298	298	255	86%	30	30	27	90%	2,568	1,335	1,097	82%

*Note:* Total number of households (N), the sample size (n), the number of households contacted (C), and the percent of the sampled households that were contacted (%C) in each harvest group in surveyed communities. Households contacted (C) may include some households not pre-selected resulting in a household contacted percentage (%C) greater than 100%. Dashes indicate indefinable values.

Table 6.—Estimated number of subsistence fishing households in surveyed communities, by harvest level, with community and district totals, Yukon Area, 2011.

Community	Unknown				Does Not Harvest Salmon				Light Harvester				Medium Harvester				Heavy Harvester				Combined			
	N	n	PF	SE	N	n	PF	SE	N	n	PF	SE	N	n	PF	SE	N	n	PF	SE	N	n	Total	Est.
Hooper Bay	24	9	0.2	0.1	62	16	0.3	0.1	90	24	0.5	0.1	33	30	0.8	0.0	-	-	-	-	209	79	93	21
Scammon Bay	20	9	0.6	0.1	21	6	0.5	0.2	35	8	0.6	0.2	16	14	0.9	0.0	-	-	-	-	92	37	57	14
Coastal District	44	18	0.4	0.1	83	22	0.4	0.1	125	32	0.5	0.1	49	44	0.8	0.0	-	-	-	-	301	116	150	25
Nunam Iqua	7	6	0.5	0.1	10	6	0.3	0.1	9	7	0.4	0.1	10	9	0.9	0.0	-	-	-	-	36	28	20	3
Alakanuk	27	18	0.5	0.1	32	6	0.3	0.2	57	17	0.8	0.1	17	13	0.5	0.1	-	-	-	-	133	54	80	16
Emmonak	23	11	0.3	0.1	48	23	0.3	0.1	64	30	0.7	0.1	30	27	0.8	0.0	1	1	1.0	-	166	92	91	11
Kotlik	13	7	0.9	0.1	25	7	0.4	0.2	51	15	0.8	0.1	15	11	0.9	0.0	-	-	-	-	104	40	76	13
District 1	70	42	0.5	0.0	115	42	0.3	0.1	181	69	0.8	0.0	72	60	0.8	0.0	1	1	1.0	-	439	214	267	23
Mountain Village	30	18	0.6	0.1	34	8	0.1	0.1	71	17	0.8	0.1	28	23	1.0	0.0	-	-	-	-	163	66	109	14
Pitkas Point	3	1	1.0	-	6	2	0.0	0.0	13	9	0.4	0.1	6	5	0.6	0.1	-	-	-	-	28	17	12	3
St. Mary's	7	3	0.3	0.3	24	6	0.3	0.2	66	18	0.7	0.1	24	21	0.9	0.0	-	-	-	-	121	48	76	16
Pilot Station	9	5	0.2	0.1	38	17	0.3	0.1	47	19	0.8	0.1	15	14	0.9	0.0	-	-	-	-	109	55	63	10
Marshall	3	1	0.0	-	16	2	0.5	0.5	38	12	0.9	0.1	13	13	0.9	0.0	-	-	-	-	70	28	61	7
District 2	52	28	0.5	0.1	118	35	0.2	0.1	235	75	0.8	0.0	86	76	0.9	0.0	-	-	-	-	491	214	321	24
Russian Mission	5	4	0.8	0.1	21	5	0.6	0.2	34	11	0.7	0.1	6	5	1.0	0.0	-	-	-	-	66	25	47	12
Holy Cross	6	5	0.4	0.1	15	7	0.1	0.1	22	10	0.8	0.1	13	7	1.0	0.0	-	-	-	-	56	29	35	5
Shageluk	13	1	0.0	-	7	6	0.0	0.0	10	10	0.9	0.0	-	-	-	-	1	1	1.0	-	31	18	17	0
District 3	24	10	0.6	0.1	43	18	0.3	0.1	66	31	0.8	0.1	19	12	1.0	0.0	1	1	1.0	-	153	72	99	13
Anvik	2	0	-	-	8	8	0.4	0.0	11	9	1.0	0.0	6	6	0.8	0.0	1	1	0.0	-	28	24	20	0
Grayling	8	2	0.0	0.0	4	2	1.0	0.0	28	9	0.9	0.1	8	5	0.8	0.1	-	-	-	-	48	18	35	5
Kaltag	1	1	0.0	-	13	3	0.3	0.3	41	8	0.8	0.1	6	5	1.0	0.0	-	-	-	-	61	17	41	14
Nulato	-	-	-	-	19	6	0.7	0.2	53	14	0.8	0.1	4	4	1.0	0.0	-	-	-	-	76	24	58	12
Koyukuk	15	2	0.5	0.5	15	5	0.4	0.2	15	5	0.8	0.2	5	3	1.0	0.0	1	1	1.0	-	51	16	34	11
Galena	30	22	0.4	0.1	70	19	0.2	0.1	62	18	0.6	0.1	5	5	0.8	0.0	2	2	1.0	0.0	169	66	67	16
Ruby	5	4	0.3	0.1	35	7	0.1	0.1	12	4	0.3	0.2	4	4	1.0	0.0	1	1	1.0	-	57	20	14	10
Huslia	17	5	0.0	0.0	45	12	0.2	0.1	13	4	0.3	0.2	6	6	0.8	0.0	1	1	1.0	-	82	28	17	10
Hughes	15	7	0.0	0.0	13	11	0.3	0.1	5	5	0.0	0.0	2	2	1.0	0.0	-	-	-	-	35	25	6	1
Allakaket	15	5	0.0	0.0	34	9	0.0	0.0	9	4	0.3	0.2	5	5	0.4	0.0	2	2	1.0	0.0	65	25	6	3
Alatna	3	1	1.0	-	4	4	0.0	0.0	2	2	0.5	0.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9	7	4	0
Bettles	7	3	0.0	0.0	16	11	0.0	0.0	1	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	24	14	0	0
District 4	118	52	0.2	0.0	276	97	0.2	0.0	252	82	0.7	0.0	51	45	0.9	0.0	8	8	0.9	0.0	705	284	302	31

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Table 6.–Page 2 of 2.

Community	Unknown				Does Not Harvest Salmon				Light Harvester				Medium Harvester				Heavy Harvester				Combined				
	N	n	PF	SE	N	n	PF	SE	N	n	PF	SE	N	n	PF	SE	N	n	PF	SE	N	n	Total	Est.	CI
Tanana	8	3	0.3	0.3	47	14	0.4	0.1	27	9	0.6	0.1	7	5	1.0	0.0	10	6	1.0	0.0	99	37	55	14	
Stevens Village	1	0	-	-	3	2	0.0	0.0	8	6	0.2	0.1	3	3	1.0	0.0	-	-	-	-	15	11	5	1	
Birch Creek	2	0	-	-	10	4	0.0	0.0	4	3	0.7	0.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16	7	3	1	
Beaver	5	3	0.0	0.0	12	10	0.2	0.1	14	12	0.8	0.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	31	25	13	2	
Fort Yukon	63	22	0.2	0.1	107	30	0.2	0.1	31	7	0.7	0.2	9	8	0.6	0.1	9	9	1.0	0.0	219	76	76	19	
Venetie	25	12	0.0	0.0	37	9	0.1	0.1	13	4	0.5	0.2	2	2	1.0	0.0	1	1	1.0	-	78	28	14	9	
Chalkyitsik	7	1	0.0	-	13	10	0.0	0.0	1	1	0.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	21	12	0	0	
District 5	111	41	0.2	0.0	229	79	0.2	0.0	98	42	0.6	0.1	21	18	0.8	0.0	20	16	1.0	0.0	479	196	166	26	
Survey Totals	419	191	0.3	0.0	864	293	0.3	0.0	957	331	0.7	0.0	298	255	0.9	0.0	30	26	1.0	0.0	2,568	1,096	1,305	60	

*Note:* The number of fishing households was estimated from the total number of households (N), the number of households contacted (n), the proportion of households that fished (PF), and the standard error (SE) for each harvest group in each community. Estimated total number of fishing households includes 95% confidence interval (CI 95%). Dashes indicate indefinable values.

Table 7.—Estimated number of people in households in surveyed communities, by harvest level, with community and district totals, Yukon Area, 2011.

Community	Unknown				Does Not Harvest Salmon				Light Harvester				Medium Harvester				Heavy Harvester				Combined				
	N	n	Mean	SE	N	n	Mean	SE	N	n	Mean	SE	N	n	Mean	SE	N	n	Mean	SE	N	n	Total	Est.	CI
Hooper Bay	24	9	4.2	0.5	62	16	3.5	0.7	90	23	5.1	0.4	33	30	6.2	0.2	-	-	-	-	209	78	984	112	
Scammon Bay	20	7	4.3	0.7	21	6	3.7	0.5	35	6	4.3	0.9	16	10	7.6	0.6	-	-	-	-	92	29	436	72	
Coastal District	44	16	4.3	0.4	83	22	3.5	0.5	125	29	4.9	0.4	49	40	6.6	0.2	-	-	-	-	301	107	1,420	133	
Nunam Iqua	7	6	4.3	0.2	10	6	6.2	0.8	9	7	4.0	0.4	10	9	4.9	0.2	-	-	-	-	36	28	177	18	
Alakanuk	27	16	4.8	0.3	32	6	3.5	0.8	57	17	5.3	0.7	17	13	5.4	0.3	-	-	-	-	133	52	635	93	
Emmonak	23	11	2.8	0.4	48	21	3.9	0.5	64	30	5.0	0.4	30	23	4.6	0.2	1	1	3.0	-	166	86	712	75	
Kotlik	13	5	4.4	0.4	25	6	4.5	0.8	51	15	5.5	0.7	15	11	5.0	0.3	-	-	-	-	104	37	524	81	
District 1	70	38	4.0	0.2	115	39	4.1	0.3	181	69	5.2	0.3	72	56	4.9	0.1	1	1	3.0	-	439	203	2,048	145	
Mountain Village	30	17	4.6	0.4	34	8	3.1	0.4	71	15	4.9	0.5	28	19	5.6	0.3	-	-	-	-	163	59	752	85	
Pitkas Point	3	1	3.0	-	6	2	4.5	2.0	13	7	4.7	0.6	6	5	4.4	0.2	-	-	-	-	28	15	124	28	
St. Mary's	7	2	4.5	3.0	24	5	4.6	1.3	66	17	3.9	0.6	24	21	4.6	0.1	-	-	-	-	121	45	512	107	
Pilot Station	9	3	7.3	3.1	38	15	5.3	0.6	47	19	6.8	0.4	15	12	6.8	0.4	-	-	-	-	109	49	688	79	
Marshall	3	1	8.0	-	16	2	2.0	0.9	38	12	5.4	0.5	13	13	4.8	0.0	-	-	-	-	70	28	380	50	
District 2	52	24	5.2	0.7	118	32	4.4	0.4	235	70	5.1	0.3	86	70	5.3	0.1	-	-	-	-	491	196	2,456	167	
Russian Mission	5	3	2.7	0.8	21	5	3.8	0.8	34	11	5.7	0.6	6	5	4.2	0.2	-	-	-	-	66	24	313	53	
Holy Cross	6	5	3.2	0.3	15	7	3.6	0.6	22	10	2.7	0.3	13	7	3.6	0.6	-	-	-	-	56	29	179	27	
Shageluk	13	1	1.0	-	7	6	1.5	0.1	10	10	2.9	0.0	-	-	-	-	1	1	4.0	-	31	18	75	2	
District 3	24	9	3.0	0.4	43	18	3.3	0.4	66	31	4.3	0.3	19	12	3.8	0.4	1	1	4.0	-	153	71	567	60	
Anvik	2	0	-	-	8	8	2.0	0.0	11	9	3.8	0.3	6	6	3.2	0.0	1	1	1.0	-	28	24	84	8	
Grayling	8	2	4.0	0.9	4	2	3.0	1.4	28	9	3.8	0.6	8	5	4.0	0.3	-	-	-	-	48	18	182	37	
Kaltag	1	1	1.0	-	13	1	1.0	-	41	7	3.0	0.4	6	5	4.8	0.3	-	-	-	-	61	14	194	41	
Nulato	-	-	-	-	19	6	2.3	0.7	53	13	3.2	0.4	4	4	2.0	0.0	-	-	-	-	76	23	219	52	
Koyukuk	15	2	2.5	1.4	15	4	2.3	0.5	15	5	1.2	0.2	5	3	2.0	0.0	1	1	5.0	-	51	15	95	23	
Galena	30	22	3.2	0.1	70	17	2.2	0.3	62	18	3.2	0.3	5	3	3.3	0.8	2	1	3.0	-	169	61	467	56	
Ruby	5	3	1.3	0.2	35	7	2.0	0.6	12	4	3.0	0.6	4	4	2.0	0.0	1	1	2.0	-	57	19	123	45	
Huslia	17	5	3.8	0.8	45	12	3.4	0.6	13	4	4.0	1.5	6	6	3.8	0.0	1	1	4.0	-	82	28	297	69	
Hughes	15	7	2.9	0.3	13	11	2.5	0.2	5	5	3.0	0.0	2	2	2.0	0.0	-	-	-	-	35	25	95	11	
Allakaket	15	5	2.8	0.4	34	9	2.3	0.5	9	3	2.7	1.4	5	5	2.4	0.0	2	2	6.0	0.0	65	24	169	40	
Alatna	3	1	5.0	-	4	3	5.3	0.3	2	2	3.5	0.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9	6	43	3	
Bettles	7	2	1.5	0.4	16	11	1.5	0.1	1	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	24	13	37	7	
District 4	118	50	3.1	0.2	276	91	2.4	0.2	252	79	3.1	0.2	51	43	3.2	0.1	8	7	3.8	0.0	705	270	2,005	134	

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Table 7.–Page 2 of 2.

Community	Unknown				Does Not Harvest Salmon				Light Harvester				Medium Harvester				Heavy Harvester				Combined			
	N	n	Mean	SE	N	n	Mean	SE	N	n	Mean	SE	N	n	Mean	SE	N	n	Mean	SE	Total N	n	Total	Est. CI 95%
Tanana	8	0	-	-	47	12	2.2	0.3	27	7	2.6	0.6	7	5	2.2	0.4	10	5	2.4	0.4	99	29	229	46
Stevens Village	1	0	-	-	3	1	4.0	-	8	6	3.3	0.2	3	3	4.7	0.0	-	-	-	-	15	10	56	3
Birch Creek	2	0	-	-	10	4	1.8	0.4	4	3	2.0	0.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16	7	29	8
Beaver	5	1	2.0	-	12	10	1.8	0.2	14	12	2.0	0.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	31	23	60	7
Fort Yukon	63	22	3.0	0.4	107	29	2.8	0.3	31	7	2.4	0.6	9	8	3.3	0.3	9	7	2.0	0.2	219	73	608	83
Venetie	25	12	1.8	0.3	37	9	2.8	0.5	13	4	3.5	0.2	2	2	4.5	0.0	1	1	7.0	-	78	28	208	36
Chalkyitsik	7	1	3.0	-	13	10	3.0	0.3	1	1	3.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	21	12	63	7
District 5	111	36	2.6	0.3	229	75	2.6	0.2	98	40	2.6	0.2	21	18	3.2	0.2	20	13	2.5	0.2	479	182	1,253	103
Survey Totals	419	173	3.5	0.1	864	277	3.1	0.1	957	318	4.3	0.1	298	239	4.8	0.1	30	22	2.9	0.2	2,568	1,029	9,749	315

*Note:* The number of people in surveyed communities was estimated from the total number of households (N), the number of households contacted (n), average number of people in households (Mean), standard error (SE), and includes 95% confidence interval (CI 95%). Dashes indicate indefinable values.

Table 8.—Estimated subsistence harvest including commercially related (not including test fish) of Chinook salmon by fishing location in surveyed communities, Yukon Area, 2011.

Community	Coastal District	Districts			Subdistricts <sup>a</sup>								River Drainages				Total by Community <sup>b</sup>	
		1	2	3	4A	4B	4C	5A	5B	5C	5D-down	5D-up	Innoko	Koyukuk	Chandalar	Porcupine		Black
Hooper Bay	246	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	246
Scammon Bay	32	485	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	517
Coastal District	278	485	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	763
Nunam Iqua	0	250	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	250
Alakanuk	0	1,130	241	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,371
Emmonak	0	1,244	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,252
Kotlik	212	1,176	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,388
District 1	212	3,800	249	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4,261
Mountain Village	0	259	1,311	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,570
Pitkas Point	0	0	246	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	246
St. Mary's	0	79	1,574	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,653
Pilot Station	0	0	1,142	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,142
Marshall	0	0	2,686	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2,686
District 2	0	338	6,959	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7,297
Russian Mission	0	0	47	1,503	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,550
Holy Cross	0	0	0	2,231	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2,231
Shageluk	0	0	0	178	31	0	0	0	0	0	0	144	0	0	0	0	0	353
District 3	0	0	47	3,912	31	0	0	0	0	0	0	144	0	0	0	0	0	4,134
Anvik	0	0	0	0	1,052	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,052
Grayling	0	0	0	0	1,374	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,374
Kaltag	0	0	0	0	2,488	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2,488
Nulato	0	0	0	0	1,538	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,538
Koyukuk	0	0	0	0	1,273	75	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,348
Galena	0	0	0	0	662	195	537	0	0	0	0	0	41	0	0	0	0	1,435
Ruby	0	0	0	0	108	302	72	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	482
Huslia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	121	0	0	0	0	121
Hughes	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	0	10
Allakaket	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	42	0	0	0	0	42
Alatna	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	3
Bettles	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
District 4	0	0	0	0	8,495	572	609	0	0	0	0	0	217	0	0	0	0	9,893

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Table 8.–Page 2 of 2.

Community	Coastal District	Districts			Subdistricts <sup>a</sup>								River Drainages				Total by Community <sup>b</sup>		
		1	2	3	4A	4B	4C	5A	5B	5C	5D-down	5D-up	Innoko	Koyukuk	Chandalar	Porcupine		Black	
Tanana	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	114	2,822	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2,936
Stevens Village	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	320	95	0	0	0	0	0	0	415
Birch Creek	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	49	0	0	0	0	0	0	49
Beaver	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	356	0	0	0	0	0	0	356
Fort Yukon	0	0	0	0	133	0	0	0	0	0	0	2,050	289	0	0	0	0	0	2,472
Venetie	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
Chalkyitsik	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<i>District 5</i>	<i>0</i>	<i>0</i>	<i>0</i>	<i>0</i>	<i>133</i>	<i>0</i>	<i>0</i>	<i>114</i>	<i>2,822</i>	<i>320</i>	<i>2,550</i>	<i>289</i>	<i>0</i>	<i>0</i>	<i>10</i>	<i>0</i>	<i>0</i>	<i>0</i>	<i>6,238</i>
Survey Totals	490	4,623	7,255	3,912	8,659	572	609	114	2,822	320	2,550	289	144	217	10	0	0	0	32,586

*Note:* Commercially related fish are salmon harvested during commercial fishing that were not sold, but retained and used for subsistence purposes.

<sup>a</sup> Harvest in Subdistrict 5-D near Ft. Yukon is divided according to whether harvest occurred downriver (5D-down) or upriver (5D-up) of the confluence of the Porcupine River with the Yukon River.

<sup>b</sup> Totals may not add in both directions due to decimal rounding.

Table 9.—Estimated subsistence harvest including commercially related (not including test fish) of summer chum salmon by fishing location in surveyed communities, Yukon Area, 2011.

Community	Coastal District	Districts			Subdistricts <sup>a</sup>								River Drainages				Total by Community <sup>b</sup>	
		1	2	3	4A	4B	4C	5A	5B	5C	5D-down	5D-up	Innoko	Koyukuk	Chandalar	Porcupine Black		
Hooper Bay	13,175	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	13,175
Scammon Bay	1,471	3,374	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4,845
Coastal District	14,646	3,374	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	18,020
Nunam Iqua	0	2,077	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2,077
Alakanuk	0	6,951	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6,951
Emmonak	0	8,532	206	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8,738
Kotlik	893	4,582	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5,475
District 1	893	22,142	206	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	23,241
Mountain Village	0	2,201	6,829	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	9,030
Pitkas Point	0	0	585	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	585
St. Mary's	0	794	5,850	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6,644
Pilot Station	0	0	2,642	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2,642
Marshall	0	0	3,810	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3,810
District 2	0	2,995	19,716	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	22,711
Russian Mission	0	0	94	1,131	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,225
Holy Cross	0	0	0	363	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	363
Shageluk	0	0	0	285	78	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	782	0	0	0	0	1,145
District 3	0	0	94	1,779	78	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	782	0	0	0	0	2,733
Anvik	0	0	0	0	220	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	220
Grayling	0	0	0	0	838	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	838
Kaltag	0	0	0	0	163	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	163
Nulato	0	0	0	0	246	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	246
Koyukuk	0	0	0	0	861	29	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	890
Galena	0	0	0	0	46	3,043	325	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3,414
Ruby	0	0	0	0	0	728	47	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	775
Huslia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3,166	0	0	0	3,166
Hughes	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	954	0	0	0	954
Allakaket	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2,368	0	0	0	2,368
Alatna	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	132	0	0	0	132
Bettles	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
District 4	0	0	0	0	2,374	3,800	372	0	0	0	0	0	0	6,620	0	0	0	13,166

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Table 9.–Page 2 of 2.

Community	Coastal District	Districts			Subdistricts <sup>a</sup>								River Drainages				Total by Community <sup>b</sup>		
		1	2	3	4A	4B	4C	5A	5B	5C	5D-down	5D-up	Innokko	Koyukuk	Chandalar	Porcupine		Black	
Tanana	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	344	4,037	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4,381
Stevens Village	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	43	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	43
Birch Creek	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	6
Beaver	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	393	0	0	0	0	0	0	393
Fort Yukon	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,265	32	0	0	0	0	0	1,297
Venetie	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Chalkyitsik	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
District 5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	344	4,037	43	1,664	32	0	0	0	0	0	6,120
Survey Totals	15,539	28,511	20,016	1,779	2,452	3,800	372	344	4,037	43	1,664	32	782	6,620	0	0	0	0	85,991

*Note:* Commercially related fish are salmon harvested during commercial fishing that were not sold, but retained and used for subsistence purposes.

<sup>a</sup> Harvest in Subdistrict 5-D near Ft. Yukon is divided according to whether harvest occurred downriver (5D-down) or upriver (5D-up) of the confluence of the Porcupine River with the Yukon River.

<sup>b</sup> Totals may not add in both directions due to decimal rounding.

Table 10.—Estimated subsistence harvest including commercially related (not including test fish) of fall chum salmon by fishing location in surveyed communities, Yukon Area, 2011.

Community	Coastal District	Districts			Subdistricts <sup>a</sup>								River Drainages				Total by Community <sup>b</sup>	
		1	2	3	4A	4B	4C	5A	5B	5C	5D-down	5D-up	Innoko	Koyukuk	Chandalar	Porcupine Black		
Hooper Bay	267	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	267
Scammon Bay	25	23	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	48
Coastal District	292	23	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	315
Nunam Iqua	0	51	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	51
Alakanuk	0	785	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	785
Emmonak	0	261	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	261
Kotlik	0	471	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	471
District 1	0	1,568	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,568
Mountain Village	0	0	399	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	399
Pitkas Point	0	0	30	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	30
St. Mary's	0	0	611	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	611
Pilot Station	0	0	66	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	66
Marshall	0	0	562	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	562
District 2	0	0	1,668	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,668
Russian Mission	0	0	0	11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	11
Holy Cross	0	0	0	94	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	94
Shageluk	0	0	0	153	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	96	0	0	0	0	0	249
District 3	0	0	0	258	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	96	0	0	0	0	0	354
Anvik	0	0	0	0	202	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	202
Grayling	0	0	0	0	1,152	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,152
Kaltag	0	0	0	0	196	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	196
Nulato	0	0	0	0	652	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	652
Koyukuk	0	0	0	0	815	573	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,388
Galena	0	0	0	0	198	902	1,458	0	0	0	0	0	181	0	0	0	0	2,739
Ruby	0	0	0	0	0	592	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	592
Huslia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	183	0	0	0	0	183
Hughes	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	64	0	0	0	0	64
Allakaket	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	92	0	0	0	0	92
Alatna	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bettles	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
District 4	0	0	0	0	3,215	2,067	1,458	0	0	0	0	0	520	0	0	0	0	7,260

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Table 10.–Page 2 of 2.

Community	Coastal District	Districts			Subdistricts <sup>a</sup>								River Drainages				Total by Community <sup>b</sup>		
		1	2	3	4A	4B	4C	5A	5B	5C	5D-down	5D-up	Innoko	Koyukuk	Chandalar	Porcupine		Black	
Tanana	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6,732	14,996	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	21,728
Stevens Village	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	536	375	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	911
Birch Creek	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Beaver	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	122	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	122
Fort Yukon	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5,369	1,414	0	0	0	405	0	0	7,188
Venetie	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,938	0	0	0	0	1,938
Chalkyitsik	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
District 5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6,732	14,996	536	5,866	1,414	0	0	1,938	405	0	0	31,887
Survey Totals	292	1,591	1,668	258	3,215	2,067	1,458	6,732	14,996	536	5,866	1,414	96	520	1,938	405	0	0	43,052

Note: Commercially related fish are salmon harvested during commercial fishing that were not sold, but retained and used for subsistence purposes.

<sup>a</sup> Harvest in Subdistrict 5-D near Ft. Yukon is divided according to whether harvest occurred downriver (5D-down) or upriver (5D-up) of the confluence of the Porcupine River with the Yukon River.

<sup>b</sup> Totals may not add in both directions due to decimal rounding.

Table 11.—Estimated subsistence harvest including commercially related (not including test fish) of coho salmon by fishing location in surveyed communities, Yukon Area, 2011.

Community	Coastal District	Districts			Subdistricts <sup>a</sup>								River Drainages				Total by Community <sup>b</sup>	
		1	2	3	4A	4B	4C	5A	5B	5C	5D-down	5D-up	Innoko	Koyukuk	Chandalar	Porcupine Black		
Hooper Bay	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Scammon Bay	23	32	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	55
Coastal District	23	32	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	55
Nunam Iqua	0	23	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	23
Alakanuk	0	391	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	391
Emmonak	0	69	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	69
Kotlik	10	73	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	83
District 1	10	556	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	566
Mountain Village	0	9	85	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	94
Pitkas Point	0	0	37	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	37
St. Mary's	0	0	230	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	230
Pilot Station	0	0	49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	49
Marshall	0	0	150	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	150
District 2	0	9	551	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	560
Russian Mission	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Holy Cross	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Shageluk	0	0	0	13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	23	0	0	0	0	0	36
District 3	0	0	0	13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	23	0	0	0	0	0	36
Anvik	0	0	0	0	19	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	19
Grayling	0	0	0	0	119	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	119
Kaltag	0	0	0	0	258	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	258
Nulato	0	0	0	0	118	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	118
Koyukuk	0	0	0	0	113	24	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	137
Galena	0	0	0	0	2	950	43	0	0	0	0	0	18	0	0	0	0	1,013
Ruby	0	0	0	0	0	312	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	312
Huslia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	70	0	0	0	0	70
Hughes	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	13	0	0	0	0	13
Allakaket	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	13	0	0	0	0	13
Alatna	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bettles	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
District 4	0	0	0	0	629	1,286	43	0	0	0	0	0	114	0	0	0	0	2,072

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Table 11.–Page 2 of 2.

Community	Coastal	Districts			Subdistricts <sup>a</sup>								River Drainages				Total by	
	District	1	2	3	4A	4B	4C	5A	5B	5C	5D-down	5D-up	Innoko	Koyukuk	Chandalar	Porcupine	Black	Community <sup>b</sup>
Tanana	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	312	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	312
Stevens Village	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Birch Creek	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Beaver	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fort Yukon	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	18	1,022	0	0	0	0	0	1,040
Venetie	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	34	0	0	0	34
Chalkyitsik	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
District 5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	312	0	18	1,022	0	0	34	0	0	1,386
Survey Totals	33	597	551	13	629	1,286	43	0	312	0	18	1,022	23	114	34	0	0	4,675

Note: Commercially related fish are salmon harvested during commercial fishing that were not sold, but retained and used for subsistence purposes.

<sup>a</sup> Harvest in Subdistrict 5-D near Ft. Yukon is divided according to whether harvest occurred downriver (5D-down) or upriver (5D-up) of the confluence of the Porcupine River with the Yukon River.

<sup>b</sup> Totals may not add in both directions due to decimal rounding.

Table 12.—Estimated subsistence harvest of pink salmon, whitefish, pike, and sheefish by surveyed communities, Yukon Area, 2011.

Community	Total Households	Households Contacted <sup>b</sup>	Estimated Subsistence Harvest										Total Expanded Miscellaneous Fish Harvest
			Pink Salmon		Large Whitefish <sup>a</sup>		Small Whitefish <sup>a</sup>		Northern Pike		Sheefish		
			Estimated Total	CI 95%	Estimated Total	CI 95%	Estimated Total	CI 95%	Estimated Total	CI 95%	Estimated Total	CI 95%	
Hooper Bay	209	79	210	159	554	255	3,574	1,367	304	226	101	126	4,743
Scammon Bay	92	37	1,888	895	957	745	2,755	1,786	940	343	76	54	6,616
Coastal District	301	116	2,098	909	1,511	787	6,329	2,249	1,244	410	177	138	11,359
Nunam Iqua	36	28	8	7	248	137	511	348	26	8	542	162	1,335
Alakanuk	133	54	13	22	380	223	2,018	1,798	354	303	793	804	3,558
Emmonak	166	91	0	0	864	449	1,714	872	496	224	627	186	3,701
Kotlik	104	40	32	42	347	136	1,152	773	467	355	1,052	583	3,050
District 1	439	213	53	48	1,839	537	5,395	2,171	1,343	517	3,014	1,024	11,644
Mountain Village	163	66	24	18	3,424	1,884	993	628	2,159	1,120	1,106	468	7,706
Pitkas Point	28	17	0	0	467	138	75	85	72	36	117	55	731
St. Mary's	121	47	1	1	2,336	797	201	103	1,833	1,018	560	276	4,931
Pilot Station	109	54	0	0	1,059	605	52	76	45	26	225	92	1,381
Marshall	70	28	66	99	1,677	503	310	341	1,477	1,317	396	210	3,926
District 2	491	212	91	101	8,963	2,196	1,631	731	5,586	2,007	2,404	593	18,675
Russian Mission	66	24	0	0	912	604	210	125	490	257	412	303	2,024
Holy Cross	56	29	0	0	557	408	7	10	259	218	290	259	1,113
Shageluk	31	17	9	5	2,341	833	0	0	392	177	189	52	2,931
District 3	153	70	9	5	3,810	1,107	217	126	1,141	380	891	401	6,068
Anvik	28	24	0	0	63	34	0	0	97	32	61	9	221
Grayling	48	17	40	51	688	426	140	175	56	51	317	132	1,241
Kaltag	61	17	0	0	134	109	0	0	18	9	34	33	186
Nulato	76	24	0	0	379	259	0	0	16	28	284	212	679
Koyukuk	51	16	0	0	430	252	71	88	2,734	4,076	293	72	3,528
Galena	169	66	0	0	1,757	774	53	46	100	60	165	66	2,075
Ruby	57	20	0	0	63	13	50	0	3	0	3	3	119
Huslia	82	28	0	0	1,873	1,251	0	0	590	292	240	50	2,703
Hughes	35	25	0	0	959	762	0	0	150	0	141	21	1,250
Allakaket	65	25	0	0	1,612	935	1,650	2,641	526	10	623	176	4,411
Alatna	9	7	0	0	60	0	0	0	0	0	30	0	90
Bettles	24	14	0	0	0	0	0	0	18	30	0	0	18
District 4	705	283	40	51	8,018	1,986	1,964	2,648	4,308	4,087	2,191	327	16,521

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Table 12.–Page 2 of 2.

Community	Total Households	Households Contacted <sup>b</sup>	Estimated Subsistence Harvest										Total Expanded Miscellaneous Fish Harvest
			Pink Salmon		Large Whitefish <sup>a</sup>		Small Whitefish <sup>a</sup>		Northern Pike		Sheefish		
			Estimated Total	CI 95%	Estimated Total	CI 95%	Estimated Total	CI 95%	Estimated Total	CI 95%	Estimated Total	CI 95%	
Tanana	99	37	0	0	1,719	901	1,609	1,263	211	204	1,111	526	4,650
Stevens Village	15	11	0	0	11	0	0	0	16	6	11	0	38
Birch Creek	16	7	0	0	3	4	0	0	3	4	0	0	6
Beaver	31	25	0	0	15	8	38	35	12	10	1	1	66
Fort Yukon	219	76	0	0	956	755	385	262	365	310	335	298	2,041
Venetie	78	28	0	0	61	29	411	701	15	21	4	0	491
Chalkyitsik	21	12	0	0	5	5	0	0	26	24	0	0	31
District 5	479	196	0	0	2,770	1,176	2,443	1,468	648	373	1,462	604	7,323
Survey Totals	2,568	1,090	2,291	918	26,911	3,505	17,979	4,415	14,270	4,632	10,139	1,432	71,590

*Note:* The estimated harvest in surveyed communities is based on a stratified random sample of households as designated for the estimation of subsistence salmon harvests. Estimates include a 95% confidence interval (CI 95%).

<sup>a</sup> Large whitefish are considered those 4 pounds or larger and small whitefish are less than 4 pounds.

<sup>b</sup> The number of households contacted per species may vary. The number of households indicated is the greatest number of households contacted for a given species.

Table 13.—Reported subsistence harvest of other miscellaneous fish species by surveyed communities, Yukon Area, 2011.

Community	Total Households	Households Contacted <sup>a</sup>	Reported Harvest of Miscellaneous Fish Species (Not Expanded)							
			Burbot	Arctic Lamprey <sup>b</sup>	Tomcod	Arctic Grayling	Longnose Sucker	Arctic Char	Alaska Blackfish	Sockeye Salmon <sup>c</sup>
Hooper Bay	209	79	22	0	2,847	0	0	15	5,670	19
Scammon Bay	92	37	88	0	1,868	0	0	20	9,000	5
Coastal District	301	116	110	0	4,715	0	0	35	14,670	24
Nunam Iqua	36	28	54	0	310	0	0	0	3,950	4
Alakanuk	133	54	126	0	595	20	0	0	2,590	2
Emmonak	166	91	127	45	890	0	0	0	37,346	7
Kotlik	104	40	68	0	195	4	0	2	2,050	11
District 1	439	213	375	45	1,990	24	0	2	45,936	24
Mountain Village	163	66	1,304	161	50	176	0	11	13,310	44
Pitkas Point	28	17	67	0	0	26	0	0	1,904	20
St. Mary's	121	47	97	655	40	22	0	2	5,740	60
Pilot Station	109	54	68	221	0	0	0	0	2,234	14
Marshall	70	28	141	695	0	40	4	2	470	28
District 2	491	212	1,677	1,732	90	264	4	15	23,658	166
Russian Mission	66	24	97	2,463	0	4	0	5	2,800	7
Holy Cross	56	29	10	65	0	5	0	0	0	16
Shageluk	31	17	6	20	2	0	0	0	0	0
District 3	153	70	113	2,548	2	9	0	5	2,800	23
Anvik	28	24	1	1,100	0	56	0	0	0	4
Grayling	48	17	33	612	0	70	0	0	0	0
Kaltag	61	17	0	0	0	103	0	9	0	0
Nulato	76	24	6	0	0	225	0	114	0	0
Koyukuk	51	16	11	0	0	0	2	0	0	0
Galena	169	66	47	0	0	3	2	4	0	0
Ruby	57	20	0	0	0	42	0	1	0	0
Huslia	82	28	5	0	0	14	10	2	0	20
Hughes	35	25	0	0	0	14	20	0	0	0
Allakaket	65	25	50	0	0	38	228	15	0	13
Alatna	9	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bettles	24	14	0	0	0	11	0	3	0	0
District 4	705	283	153	1,712	0	576	262	148	0	37

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Table 13.–Page 2 of 2.

Community	Total Households	Households Contacted <sup>a</sup>	Reported Harvest of Miscellaneous Fish Species (Not Expanded)							
			Burbot	Arctic Lamprey <sup>b</sup>	Tomcod	Arctic Grayling	Longnose Sucker	Arctic Char	Alaska Blackfish	Sockeye Salmon <sup>c</sup>
Tanana	99	37	31	0	0	25	15	0	0	0
Stevens Village	15	11	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Birch Creek	16	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Beaver	31	25	2	0	0	5	0	0	0	0
Fort Yukon	219	76	10	0	0	0	5	0	0	5
Venetie	78	28	0	0	0	370	0	0	0	0
Chalkyitsik	21	12	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<i>District 5</i>	<i>479</i>	<i>196</i>	<i>49</i>	<i>0</i>	<i>0</i>	<i>400</i>	<i>20</i>	<i>0</i>	<i>0</i>	<i>5</i>
Survey Totals	2,568	1,090	2,477	6,037	6,797	1,273	286	205	87,064	279

<sup>a</sup> The number of households contacted per species may vary. The number of households indicated is the greatest number of households contacted for a given species.

<sup>b</sup> Surveys are conducted before the Arctic lamprey fishery occurs in November and December. Consequently totals are for previous year harvest, i.e., the 2011 reported harvest is for the 2010 calendar year.

<sup>c</sup> Due to low harvest numbers of sockeye salmon and difficulties with identification by fishermen, the harvest is not estimated.

Table 14.–Responses to survey question assessing percentage of subsistence salmon needs being met, by community, by species, Yukon Area, 2011.

Community	Percent of Households (HH's) That Responded to Subsistence Needs Met Question, By Community, By Species										
	Total HHs	Chinook Salmon					Summer Chum Salmon				
		Total Number of HH Responses	% HH's Responses 0% to 25%	% HH's Responses 26 % to 50%	% HH's Responses 51% to 75%	% HH's Responses 76% to 100%	Total Number of HH Responses	% HH's Responses 0% to 25%	% HH's Responses 26 % to 50%	% HH's Responses 51% to 75%	% HH's Responses 76% to 100%
Hooper Bay	212	51	67%	12%	2%	20%	52	13%	13%	2%	71%
Scammon Bay	90	30	27%	27%	3%	43%	25	16%	4%	12%	68%
Coastal District	302	81	52%	17%	2%	28%	77	14%	10%	5%	70%
Nunam Iqua	37	22	45%	18%	9%	27%	21	43%	10%	10%	38%
Alakanuk	139	39	46%	13%	3%	38%	36	28%	11%	11%	50%
Emmonak	169	63	51%	10%	10%	30%	48	35%	10%	2%	52%
Kotlik	105	33	33%	6%	12%	48%	31	32%	3%	10%	55%
District 1	450	157	45%	11%	8%	36%	136	34%	9%	7%	50%
Mountain Village	161	51	37%	10%	6%	47%	48	27%	17%	8%	48%
Pitkas Point	27	14	43%	29%	0%	29%	13	38%	8%	15%	38%
St. Mary's	120	36	31%	19%	11%	39%	35	26%	29%	6%	40%
Pilot Station	111	33	18%	24%	9%	48%	26	15%	15%	12%	58%
Marshall	73	24	29%	21%	8%	42%	21	24%	5%	10%	62%
District 2	492	158	31%	18%	8%	43%	143	25%	17%	9%	49%
Russian Mission	65	23	26%	13%	4%	57%	17	18%	18%	6%	59%
Holy Cross	60	20	15%	20%	25%	40%	6	17%	33%	17%	33%
Shageluk	27	9	11%	33%	22%	33%	8	38%	13%	0%	50%
District 3	152	52	19%	19%	15%	46%	31	23%	19%	6%	52%

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Community	Percent of Households (HH's) That Responded to Subsistence Needs Met Question, By Community, By Species										
	Chinook Salmon					Summer Chum Salmon					
	Total of HH Responses	% HH's Responses 0% to 25%	% HH's Responses 26 % to 50%	% HH's Responses 51% to 75%	% HH's Responses 76% to 100%	Total of Household Responses	% HH's Responses 0% to 25%	% HH's Responses 26 % to 50%	% HH's Responses 51% to 75%	% HH's Responses 76% to 100%	
Anvik	28	21	10%	19%	5%	67%	8	13%	13%	0%	75%
Grayling	45	10	20%	10%	20%	50%	6	50%	0%	17%	33%
Kaltag	63	12	25%	8%	25%	42%	2	50%	0%	0%	50%
Nulato	79	16	19%	6%	13%	63%	0	-	-	-	-
Koyukuk	41	15	33%	7%	7%	53%	4	0%	0%	0%	100%
Galena	159	40	38%	8%	8%	48%	5	20%	0%	0%	80%
Ruby	58	14	43%	7%	0%	50%	1	0%	0%	0%	100%
Huslia	73	9	33%	33%	0%	33%	7	29%	29%	0%	43%
Hughes	30	6	50%	17%	0%	33%	4	50%	0%	0%	50%
Allakaket	58	3	67%	33%	0%	0%	2	0%	0%	100%	0%
Alatna	8	4	100%	0%	0%	0%	1	0%	0%	0%	100%
Bettles	28	0	-	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-
District 4	670	150	32%	11%	8%	49%	40	25%	8%	8%	60%
Tanana	99	31	32%	16%	3%	48%	1	0%	0%	0%	100%
Stevens Village	15	7	29%	29%	14%	29%	1	0%	0%	0%	100%
Birch Creek	16	4	25%	25%	0%	50%	1	0%	0%	0%	100%
Beaver	31	5	40%	40%	0%	20%	0	-	-	-	-
Fort Yukon	219	57	63%	16%	2%	19%	5	40%	0%	0%	60%
Venetie	78	7	57%	29%	0%	14%	0	-	-	-	-
Chalkyitsik	21	9	67%	22%	0%	11%	1	100%	0%	0%	0%
District 5	479	120	51%	19%	3%	28%	9	33%	0%	0%	67%
Survey Totals	2,568	718	38%	16%	7%	38%	436	26%	10%	6%	58%

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Table 14.–Page 3 of 4.

Community	Percent of Households (HH's) That Responded to Subsistence Needs Met Question, By Community, By Species										
	Total HHs	Fall Chum Salmon					Coho Salmon				
		Total Number of HH Responses	% HH's Responses 0% to 25%	% HH's Responses 26 % to 50%	% HH's Responses 51% to 75%	% HH's Responses 76% to 100%	Total Number of Household Responses	% HH's Responses 0% to 25%	% HH's Responses 26 % to 50%	% HH's Responses 51% to 75%	% HH's Responses 76% to 100%
Hooper Bay	212	3	33%	0%	0%	67%	2	50%	0%	0%	50%
Scammon Bay	90	5	60%	0%	0%	40%	6	67%	0%	0%	33%
Coastal District	302	8	50%	0%	0%	50%	8	63%	0%	0%	38%
Nunam Iqua	37	12	75%	8%	8%	8%	6	100%	0%	0%	0%
Alakanuk	139	19	58%	11%	0%	32%	9	56%	0%	0%	44%
Emmonak	169	25	76%	4%	8%	12%	17	65%	6%	12%	18%
Kotlik	105	9	78%	0%	0%	22%	7	29%	14%	0%	57%
District 1	450	65	71%	6%	5%	18%	39	62%	5%	5%	28%
Mountain Village	161	19	47%	5%	16%	32%	10	50%	10%	0%	40%
Pitkas Point	27	4	75%	0%	0%	25%	4	75%	0%	0%	25%
St. Mary's	120	7	29%	0%	0%	71%	6	33%	0%	0%	67%
Pilot Station	111	2	50%	0%	0%	50%	1	100%	0%	0%	0%
Marshall	73	7	29%	14%	14%	43%	3	67%	0%	0%	33%
District 2	492	39	44%	5%	10%	41%	24	54%	4%	0%	42%
Russian Mission	65	3	33%	33%	0%	33%	1	100%	0%	0%	0%
Holy Cross	60	3	33%	0%	0%	67%	0	-	-	-	-
Shageluk	27	5	20%	20%	0%	60%	3	0%	0%	0%	100%
District 3	152	11	27%	18%	0%	55%	4	25%	0%	0%	75%

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Table 14.–Page 4 of 4.

Community	Percent of Households (HH's) That Responded to Subsistence Needs Met Question, By Community, By Species										
	Total HHs	Fall Chum Salmon					Coho Salmon				
		Total Number of HH Responses	% HH's Responses 0% to 25%	% HH's Responses 26 % to 50%	% HH's Responses 51% to 75%	% HH's Responses 76% to 100%	Total Number of Household Responses	% HH's Responses 0% to 25%	% HH's Responses 26 % to 50%	% HH's Responses 51% to 75%	% HH's Responses 76% to 100%
Anvik	28	8	25%	13%	0%	63%	1	0%	0%	0%	100%
Grayling	45	6	33%	17%	17%	33%	3	67%	0%	0%	33%
Kaltag	63	4	50%	0%	0%	50%	2	50%	0%	0%	50%
Nulato	79	11	18%	27%	0%	55%	4	25%	0%	0%	75%
Koyukuk	41	8	50%	0%	0%	50%	3	0%	0%	0%	100%
Galena	159	21	48%	10%	5%	38%	7	14%	14%	0%	71%
Ruby	58	7	57%	0%	0%	43%	2	0%	0%	0%	100%
Huslia	73	6	67%	0%	0%	33%	4	50%	0%	0%	50%
Hughes	30	1	0%	0%	0%	100%	0	-	-	-	-
Allakaket	58	1	100%	0%	0%	0%	1	100%	0%	0%	0%
Alatna	8	2	100%	0%	0%	0%	0	-	-	-	-
Bettles	28	0	-	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-
<i>District 4</i>	<i>670</i>	<i>75</i>	<i>44%</i>	<i>9%</i>	<i>3%</i>	<i>44%</i>	<i>27</i>	<i>30%</i>	<i>4%</i>	<i>0%</i>	<i>67%</i>
Tanana	99	20	30%	20%	0%	50%	3	33%	0%	0%	67%
Stevens Village	15	2	0%	0%	50%	50%	0	-	-	-	-
Birch Creek	16	2	50%	50%	0%	0%	1	100%	0%	0%	0%
Beaver	31	1	0%	0%	0%	100%	0	-	-	-	-
Fort Yukon	219	23	48%	9%	9%	35%	6	50%	0%	0%	50%
Venetie	78	4	25%	0%	0%	75%	0	-	-	-	-
Chalkyitsik	21	3	100%	0%	0%	0%	0	-	-	-	-
<i>District 5</i>	<i>479</i>	<i>55</i>	<i>40%</i>	<i>13%</i>	<i>5%</i>	<i>42%</i>	<i>10</i>	<i>50%</i>	<i>0%</i>	<i>0%</i>	<i>50%</i>
Survey Totals	2,568	253	46%	9%	4%	42%	112	47%	2%	1%	50%

Note: Dashes indicate indefinable values.

Table 15.—Reported subsistence and personal use fish harvested under the authority of a permit, listed by permit area, Yukon Area, 2011.

Permit Fishing Area	Permit <sup>a</sup>		Percent Returned	Number of Permits Returned that Fished <sup>c</sup>	Reported Harvest											
	Type	Issued <sup>b</sup>			Returned	Summer Chum <sup>d</sup>	Fall Chum <sup>d</sup>	Coho <sup>d</sup>	Whitefish	Sheefish	Burbot	Northern Pike	Longnose Sucker	Arctic Grayling		
Subsistence Permit																
Koyukuk Middle and South Fork Rivers	SF	1	1	100%	1	0	0	0	0	25	0	0	1	20	45	
Yukon River Rampart Area	SR	29	29	100%	24	1,586	429	768	1	76	1	0	11	0	0	
Yukon River near <sup>e</sup> Haul Road Bridge	SY	74	73	99%	43	1,552	1,139	1,828	1	315	5	12	36	20	1	
Yukon River near Circle and Eagle <sup>f</sup>	SE SEU	60 27	58 27	97% 100%	31 18	768 370	51 0	5,374 12,477	0 1	180 127	42 22	3 2	56 15	108 12	348 1	
Tanana River Subdistrict 6A	SA	24	24	100%	16	330	98	4,565	1,435	236	4	6	5	0	0	
Tanana River Subdistrict 6B	SB	86	82	95%	43	684	678	7,463	4,584	641	27	13	4	12	1	
Tanana River Upstream of Subdistrict 6C	SU	41	39	95%	23	0	0	0	0	3,131	0	24	58	78	79	
Kantishna River Subdistrict 6A	SK	6	5	83%	3	1	49	698	105	28	1	9	33	28	0	
Tolovana River Pike Subdistrict 6B	ST	70	69	99%	27	0	0	0	0	36	0	70	100	0	0	
Subsistence Permit Subtotals		418	407	97%	229	5,291	2,444	33,173	6,127	4,795	102	139	319	278	475	
Personal Use Permit																
Tanana River Salmon Subdistrict 6C	PC	67	64	96%	33	89	439	347	232	20	1	1	0	0	0	
Tanana River Upstream of Subdistrict 6C	PW	7	7	100%	5	0	0	0	0	36	0	0	0	136	0	
Personal Use Permit Subtotals		74	71	96%	38	89	439	347	232	56	1	1	0	136	0	
Permit Totals		492	478	97%	267	5,380	2,883	33,520	6,359	4,851	103	140	319	414	475	

-continued-

Table 15.–Page 2 of 2.

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*Note:* Permit “Type” is the letter code used on permits and refers to the fishery type (subsistence or personal use), permit fishing area or species targeted.

<sup>a</sup> Permits returned as of February 15, 2012.

<sup>b</sup> Includes 37 households that were “issued” permits for more than one area, including 8 permit holders issued an additional SE or SEU permit to track harvest above and below Eagle sonar project.

<sup>c</sup> Includes nine households that “fished” in two different permit areas and 4 households that fished in SE and SEU.

<sup>d</sup> Does not include District 6 commercial related harvest of 352 Chinook, 1,650 fall chum, and 718 coho salmon caught but not sold during commercial fishing and retained for subsistence use in 2011.

<sup>e</sup> Includes Stevens Village.

<sup>f</sup> Does not include five Chinook salmon and one fall chum salmon that could not be released live from the ADF&G Eagle sonar test fishery project and were given to residents of Eagle. Harvest taking place between the Eagle Sonar and the U.S./Canada border is reported on SEU permits.

Table 16.—Reported subsistence and personal use fish harvested under the authority of a permit, listed by fishery, by community of residence, and by drainage, Yukon Area, 2011.

Community	Harvest by Drainage	Permits <sup>a</sup>		Percent Returned	Number of Permits Returned that Fished <sup>c</sup>	Reported Harvest									
		Issued <sup>b</sup>	Returned			Summer Chinook <sup>d</sup>	Fall Chum <sup>d</sup>	Chum <sup>d</sup>	Coho <sup>d</sup>	Whitefish	Sheefish	Burbot	Northern Pike	Longnose Sucker	Arctic Grayling
Subsistence Permit															
Central	Yukon River	6	6	100%	3	66	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Circle	Yukon River	23	21	91%	9	297	48	299	0	20	0	1	40	30	20
Eagle <sup>e</sup>	Yukon River	42	42	100%	32	723	2	17,454	1	287	64	2	31	90	326
Fairbanks (FNSB) <sup>f</sup>	Yukon River	85	84	99%	52	2,186	688	1,696	2	240	6	2	21	0	1
	Tanana River	29	28	97%	16	146	185	3,359	871	181	4	7	1	0	0
	Tolovana River	55	55	100%	23	0	0	0	0	0	0	69	29	0	0
	Kantishna River	2	2	100%	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	25	0	0
	FNSB Subtotal	171	169	99%	92	2,332	873	5,055	873	421	10	78	76	0	1
Healy	Tanana River	4	4	100%	3	0	0	950	944	81	10	6	0	0	0
	Kantishna River	1	1	100%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Healy Subtotal	5	5	100%	3	0	0	950	944	81	10	6	0	0	0
Manley	Yukon River	1	1	100%	1	268	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Tanana River	13	13	100%	9	286	93	2,321	1,425	52	4	0	4	0	0
	Kantishna River	1	1	100%	1	1	49	12	57	14	1	0	8	0	0
	Manley Subtotal	15	15	100%	11	555	151	2,333	1,482	66	5	0	12	0	0
Minto	Yukon River	6	6	100%	3	202	660	75	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Tanana River	23	21	91%	6	61	27	1,500	0	190	13	0	0	2	0
	Tolovana River	13	12	92%	3	0	0	0	0	36	0	1	64	0	0
	Minto Subtotal	42	39	93%	12	263	687	1,575	0	226	13	1	64	2	0
Nenana	Yukon River	2	2	100%	1	60	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Tanana River	39	38	97%	23	513	471	3,890	2,776	346	0	5	3	8	1
	Kantishna River	2	1	50%	1	0	0	686	48	14	0	9	0	28	0
	Nenana Subtotal	43	41	95%	25	573	476	4,576	2,824	360	0	14	3	36	1
Rampart	Yukon River	4	4	100%	4	201	67	340	0	30	0	0	1	0	0
Stevens Village	Yukon River	5	5	100%	2	26	30	450	0	100	0	10	15	20	0
Villages (UTV) <sup>g</sup>	Yukon River	8	8	100%	4	28	1	33	0	0	0	2	0	0	3
	Tanana River	40	38	95%	24	0	0	0	0	3,131	0	24	65	78	79
	UTV Subtotal	48	46	96%	28	28	1	33	0	3,131	0	26	65	78	82

-continued-

Table 16.–Page 2 of 2.

Community	Harvest by Drainage	Permits <sup>a</sup>		Percent Returned	Number of Permits Returned that Fished <sup>c</sup>	Reported Harvest									
		Issued <sup>b</sup>	Returned			Chinook <sup>d</sup>	Summer Chum <sup>d</sup>	Fall Chum <sup>d</sup>	Coho <sup>d</sup>	Whitefish	Sheefish	Burbot	Northern Pike	Longnose Sucker	Arctic Grayling
Other Subsistence <sup>h</sup>	Yukon River	9	9	100%	6	219	109	100	0	46	0	0	11	20	45
	Tanana River	4	4	100%	2	8	0	8	3	27	0	1	1	2	0
	Tolovana River	1	1	100%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Other Subtotal	14	14	100%	8	227	109	108	3	73	0	1	12	22	45
Subsistence Permit Subtotals	418	407	97%	229	5,291	2,444	33,173	6,127	4,795	102	139	319	278	475	
Personal Use Permit															
Fairbanks (FNSB) <sup>f</sup>	Tanana River	71	68	96%	35	89	433	347	232	22	1	1	0	0	0
Other Personal Use <sup>i</sup>	Tanana River	3	3	100%	3	0	6	0	0	34	0	0	0	136	0
Personal Use Permit Subtotals	74	71	96%	38	89	439	347	232	56	1	1	0	136	0	
Permit Totals	492	478	97%	267	5,380	2,883	33,520	6,359	4,851	103	140	319	414	475	

<sup>a</sup> Permits returned as of February 15, 2012.

<sup>b</sup> Includes 37 households that were “issued” permits for more than one area.

<sup>c</sup> Includes eight households issued SE and SEU permits, and four household that “fished” in both permit areas.

<sup>d</sup> Does not include District 6 commercial related harvest of 352 Chinook, 1,650 fall chum, and 718 coho salmon caught but not sold during commercial fishing and retained for subsistence use in 2011.

<sup>e</sup> Does not include test fish.

<sup>f</sup> Fairbanks North Star Borough (FNSB) includes residents from the communities of Ester, Fairbanks, North Pole, Salcha, and Two Rivers.

<sup>g</sup> Upper Tanana Villages (UTV) include residents from the communities of Delta Junction, Dot Lake, Northway, Tanacross, and Tok.

<sup>h</sup> “Other Subsistence” represents residents from Anchorage, Clear, Denali Park, Tanana, Wasilla, Willow, and Wiseman who were issued a subsistence fishing permit for Yukon, Tanana, Tolovana, Kantishna, and Upper Koyukuk rivers.

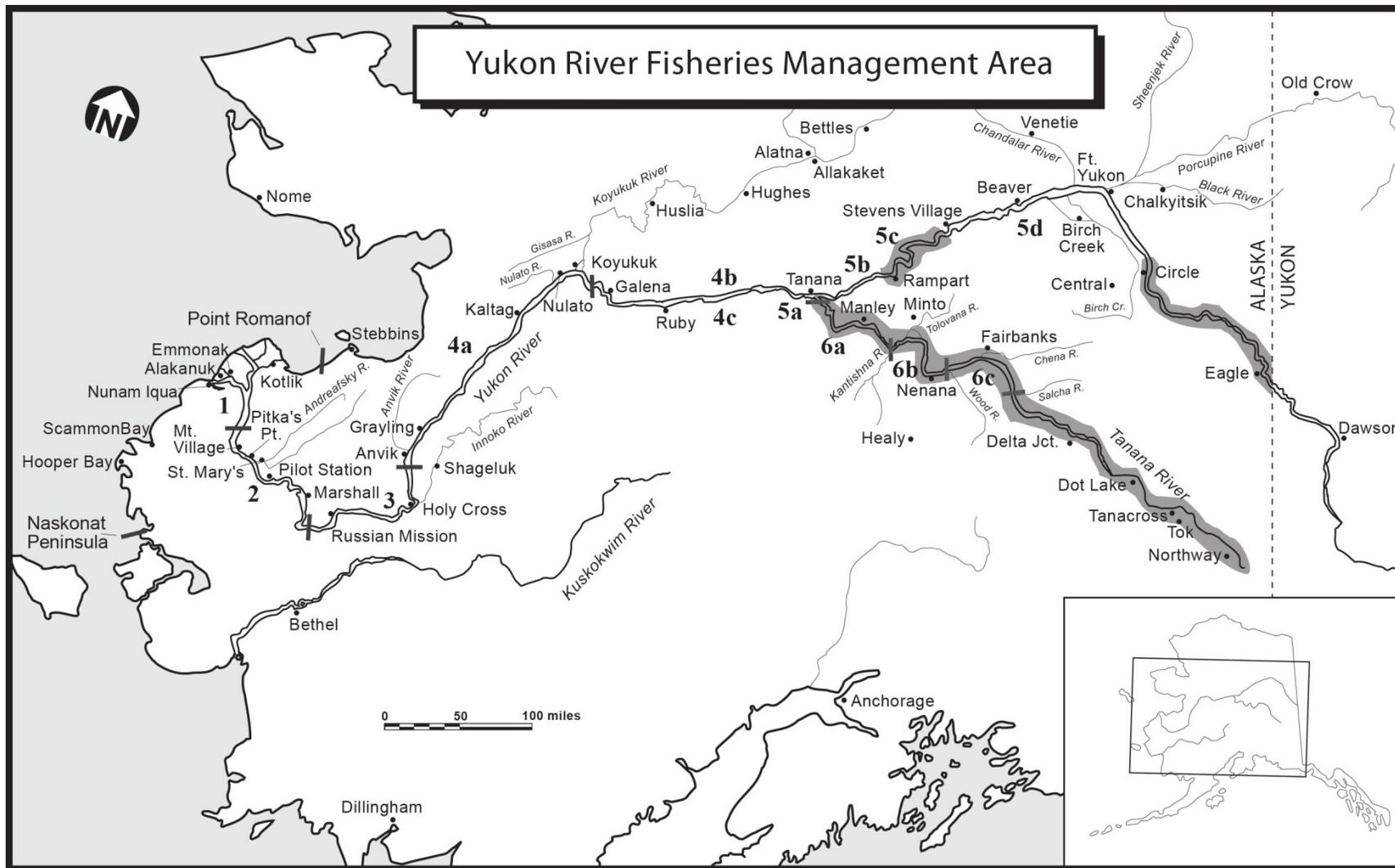
<sup>i</sup> “Other Personal Use” includes residents from Nenana and Delta Junction.

Table 17.—Reported subsistence and commercial harvest of Arctic lamprey from postseason postcards for the October 1 to December 31, 2010 fishing period.

Community	Households Mailed Postcards	Returned Postcards	Reported Subsistence Fishing	Subsistence Lamprey Harvested <sup>a</sup>	Reported Commercial Fishing <sup>a</sup>	Commercial Lamprey Harvested <sup>a</sup>	Number of Lamprey Given away <sup>a</sup>	Number of Lamprey Received <sup>b</sup>
Mountain Village	140	27	11	258	1	0	24	675
Pitkas Point	27	3	0	0	0	0	0	0
St. Mary's	119	26	3	81	0	0	0	381
Pilot Station	103	16	8	657	1	0	276	162
Marshall	73	14	6	1,620	0	0	255	30
Russian Mission	67	16	5	1,140	0	0	150	465
Holy Cross	54	12	3	12	0	0	0	60
Anvik	28	6	0	0	0	0	0	0
Grayling	46	2	2	855	1	18,390	0	0
Totals	657	122	38	4,623	3	18,390	705	1,773
Percent		19%	6%					

*Note:* Postcards were mailed on November 10, 2010, to all households in the subsistence survey database in the above communities. Arctic lamprey harvest occurs after communities have been surveyed. The 2011 survey asks about harvests from the previous winter.

<sup>a</sup> Arctic lamprey are estimated to weigh 1/3 of a pound each for converting between pounds and number harvested.



Note: Subsistence and personal use permit areas are shaded. The permit area along the south fork of the Koyukuk River near the community of Wiseman is not shown.

Figure 1.—Map of Alaska portion of Yukon River drainage showing communities and fishing districts.

5 AAC 99.015 JOINT BOARD NONSUBSISTENCE AREAS. (4) The Fairbanks Nonsubsistence Area is comprised of the following: within Unit 20(A) as defined by 5 AAC 92.450(20)(A) east of the Wood River drainage and south of the Rex Trail but including the upper Wood River drainage south of its confluence with Chicken Creek, within Unit 20(B) as defined by 5AAC 92.450(20)(B) the North Star Borough and that portion of the Washington Creek drainage east of the Elliot Highway, within 20(D) as defined by 5 AAC 92.450(20)(D) west of the Tanana River between its confluence's with the Johnson and Delta Rivers, west of the west bank of the Johnson River, and north and west of the Volkmar drainage, including the Goodpaster River drainage, and within Unit 25(C) as defined by 5 AAC 92.450(25)(C) the Preacher and Beaver Creek drainages.

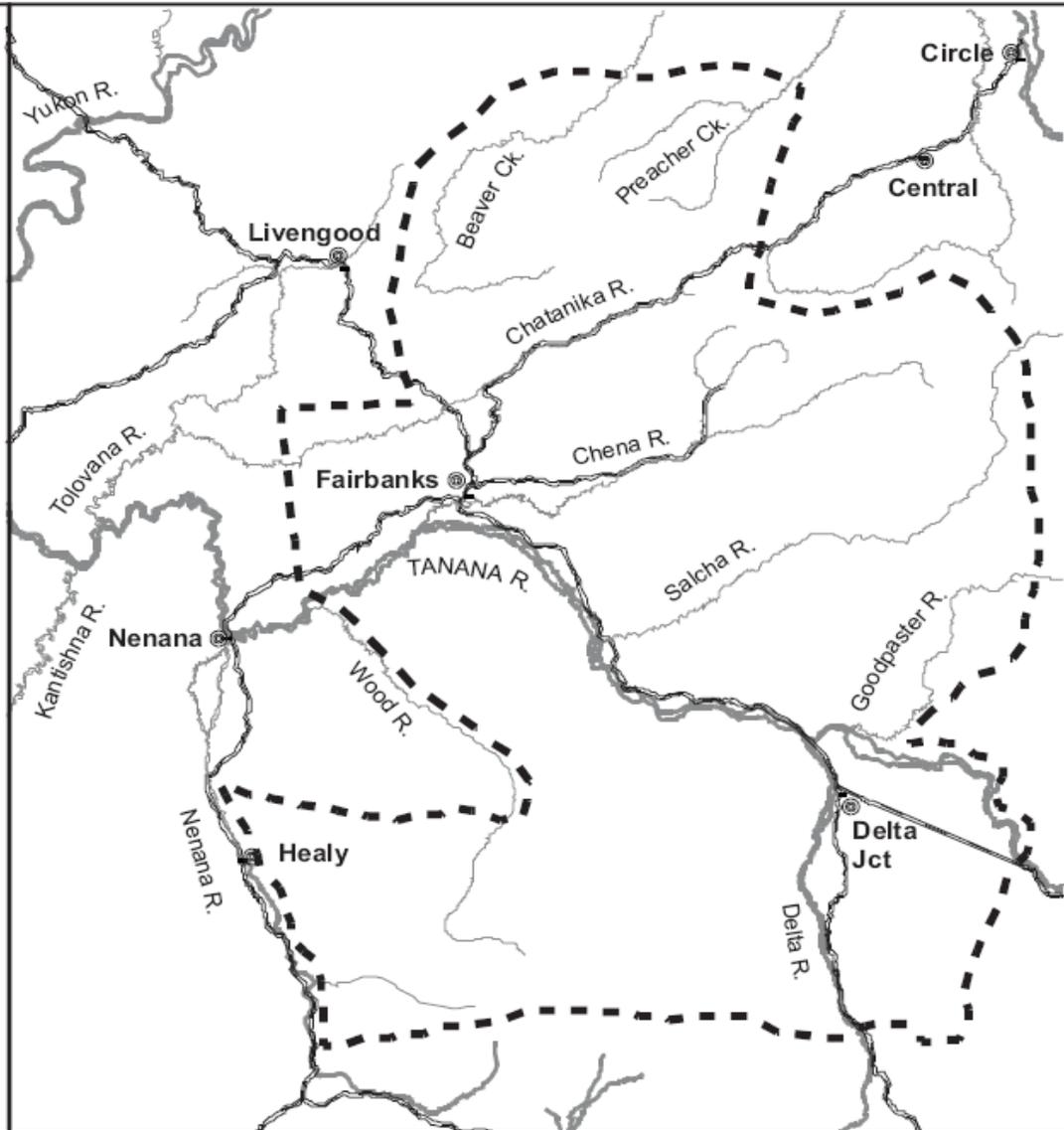
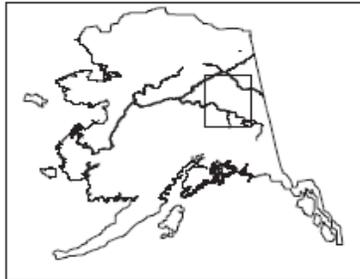


Figure 2.—Map of the Fairbanks Nonsubsistence Area.

## 2010 Yukon River Lamprey Harvest Survey

ALASKA DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND GAME  
DIVISION OF COMMERCIAL FISHERIES, FAIRBANKS  
Telephone (907) 459-7274, Fax (907) 459-7271



The Alaska Department of Fish and Game would like your help to better manage the lamprey fishery in the Yukon River. Please fill out and return this pre-paid postcard to help us understand the importance of lamprey harvests to your household. **Thank you** for your assistance.

1. DID YOU FISH FOR LAMPREY (EELS) FROM SEPTEMBER THROUGH DECEMBER, 2010? YES NO  
(please circle)

2. PLEASE ESTIMATE THE AMOUNT OF LAMPREY CAUGHT AND DATE(S) OF HARVEST:

SUBSISTENCE \_\_\_\_\_ POUNDS DATES: \_\_\_\_\_

COMMERCIAL \_\_\_\_\_ POUNDS DATES: \_\_\_\_\_

3. PLEASE ESTIMATE THE AMOUNT OF SUBSISTENCE LAMPREY GIVEN AWAY AND/OR RECEIVED:

GIVEN AWAY \_\_\_\_\_ POUNDS RECEIVED \_\_\_\_\_ POUNDS

4. CIRCLE THE COMMUNITY NEAREST TO WHERE YOU FISHED:

MOUNTAIN VILLAGE PITKAS POINT ST. MARYS PILOT STATION MARSHALL

RUSSIAN MISSION HOLY CROSS ANVIK GRAYLING

OTHER COMMUNITY \_\_\_\_\_

Comments about the lamprey fishery? \_\_\_\_\_



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*Note:* Yukon Area postseason subsistence Arctic lamprey harvest survey postcards were mailed November 2010 to all households in the communities listed in Districts Y-2, Y-3, and Subdistrict 4-A communities of Anvik and Grayling. Postcards were not sent to the community of Shageluk, which is located on the Innoko River. Surveys took place in these communities in September 2011, and asked about lamprey harvested in the winter of 2010.

Figure 3.—Supplemental postcard mailed to Arctic lamprey harvesting communities.

Date of Survey \_\_\_\_\_  
 Person Interviewed \_\_\_\_\_  
 Relation to HH \_\_\_\_\_  
 Interviewer \_\_\_\_\_

Community \_\_\_\_\_ LABEL \_\_\_\_\_ HHID# \_\_\_\_\_  
 Head of Household \_\_\_\_\_ LABEL \_\_\_\_\_  
 Significant Other \_\_\_\_\_ LABEL \_\_\_\_\_  
 Mailing Address \_\_\_\_\_ LABEL \_\_\_\_\_ Telephone# \_\_\_\_\_

**CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION - 2011 Yukon Area Post-Season Subsistence Salmon Harvest Survey**

**1. We would like to make sure we have the correct name and address for your household.**

Head of Household \_\_\_\_\_ Permanent Note \_\_\_\_\_  
 Mailing Address \_\_\_\_\_ Telephone \_\_\_\_\_  
 Significant Other \_\_\_\_\_ Permanent Note \_\_\_\_\_

**2. How many people live in your household? \_\_\_\_\_**

**3. Did anyone in your household harvest salmon for subsistence use OR keep fish for subsistence use from commercial fishing?**

Yes \_\_\_\_\_ No \_\_\_\_\_

**Harvest includes catching or cutting salmon.**  
 If household retained fish from commercial openings, or subsistence fished, complete all of PART 1. Otherwise go to PART 2.

Adult household member declined to be interviewed. [ ] Reason given: \_\_\_\_\_

**4. May I have your salmon catch calendar? Yes \_\_\_\_\_ No \_\_\_\_\_ Already mailed \_\_\_\_\_ (Entire harvest on calendar? \_\_\_\_\_ )**

**PART 1: HOUSEHOLDS THAT CAUGHT SALMON**

**5. How many total salmon did you or your fishing GROUP catch?**

CHINOOK \_\_\_\_\_ SUMMER CHUM \_\_\_\_\_ FALL CHUM \_\_\_\_\_ COHO \_\_\_\_\_ PINK \_\_\_\_\_

**6. How many households helped to catch these fish? \_\_\_\_\_ (Names) \_\_\_\_\_**

**\*7. Where did you harvest your salmon? How many total salmon did your household harvest for subsistence purposes?**

(Include only fish caught by this household, not the group, includes fish kept from commercial periods.)

Ocean 1 2 3 4A 4B 4C 5A 5B 5C 5D (Ft Yukon ↑ or ↓) Innoko Koyukuk Chandalar Porcupine Black

Area \_\_\_\_\_ CHINOOK \_\_\_\_\_ SUMMER CHUM \_\_\_\_\_ FALL CHUM \_\_\_\_\_ COHO \_\_\_\_\_ PINK \_\_\_\_\_

Area \_\_\_\_\_ CHINOOK \_\_\_\_\_ SUMMER CHUM \_\_\_\_\_ FALL CHUM \_\_\_\_\_ COHO \_\_\_\_\_ PINK \_\_\_\_\_

Total (two areas) CHINOOK \_\_\_\_\_ SUMMER CHUM \_\_\_\_\_ FALL CHUM \_\_\_\_\_ COHO \_\_\_\_\_ PINK \_\_\_\_\_

**8. What is your household's PRIMARY type of salmon fishing GEAR? ('Primary' is gear that catches the most salmon)**

(1= primary, 2 = secondary) SET NET \_\_\_\_\_ DRIFT NET \_\_\_\_\_ FISH WHEEL \_\_\_\_\_ HOOK & LINE \_\_\_\_\_ OTHER \_\_\_\_\_

**♦ 8A. For households that harvested Chinook salmon: Estimate number of Chinook salmon caught by each gear type.**

SET NET \_\_\_\_\_ DRIFT NET \_\_\_\_\_ FISH WHEEL \_\_\_\_\_ HOOK & LINE \_\_\_\_\_ OTHER \_\_\_\_\_

**9. How many subsistence fish did your household retain from COMMERCIAL fishing? ( \_\_\_\_\_ Did not commercial fish)**

CHINOOK \_\_\_\_\_ SUMMER CHUM \_\_\_\_\_ FALL CHUM \_\_\_\_\_ COHO \_\_\_\_\_ PINK \_\_\_\_\_

**10. Did your household "LOSE" any salmon? (e.g. to bears, birds, flies, spoilage, diseased fish, etc.) ( \_\_\_\_\_ None lost)**

(If fish was not fit for humans but was fed to dogs, then it was not "lost.")

CHINOOK \_\_\_\_\_ SUMMER CHUM \_\_\_\_\_ FALL CHUM \_\_\_\_\_ COHO \_\_\_\_\_ PINK \_\_\_\_\_

Reason(s) for LOSS: \_\_\_\_\_

**11. Did your household SHARE the salmon catch with any other households? (names, species and numbers)**

**\*\*12. How many salmon did you KEEP for your household's use? (do not include fish given away or 'lost')**

CHINOOK \_\_\_\_\_ SUMMER CHUM \_\_\_\_\_ FALL CHUM \_\_\_\_\_ COHO \_\_\_\_\_ PINK \_\_\_\_\_

Figure 4.—Yukon Area postseason subsistence salmon harvest survey form, 2011.

**PART 2: TO BE ASKED OF ALL HOUSEHOLDS**

**\*\*13. Was your household GIVEN any salmon? Yes \_\_\_ No \_\_\_** Code: S=Subsistence, C=Commercial, T=Test Fish

Code: \_\_\_\_\_ Fishermen/Project (Name) \_\_\_\_\_

CHINOOK \_\_\_\_\_ SUMMER CHUM \_\_\_\_\_ FALL CHUM \_\_\_\_\_ COHO \_\_\_\_\_ PINK \_\_\_\_\_

Code: \_\_\_\_\_ Fishermen/Project (Name) \_\_\_\_\_

CHINOOK \_\_\_\_\_ SUMMER CHUM \_\_\_\_\_ FALL CHUM \_\_\_\_\_ COHO \_\_\_\_\_ PINK \_\_\_\_\_

**14. Did YOUR household get enough salmon this year? (compared to Question 7 or 13).** If the household has no need or usually does not harvest the species, indicate '0'. If the number needed/wanted is more/less than the household got, ask why.)

Were you able to harvest or receive enough:

CHINOOK ? Y / N How many did you need/want: \_\_\_\_\_ Comment: \_\_\_\_\_

SUMMER CHUM ? Y / N How many did you need/want: \_\_\_\_\_ Comment: \_\_\_\_\_

FALL CHUM ? Y / N How many did you need/want: \_\_\_\_\_ Comment: \_\_\_\_\_

COHO ? Y / N How many did you need/want: \_\_\_\_\_ Comment: \_\_\_\_\_

**15. Did your household catch any OTHER FISH besides salmon? Yes \_\_\_ No \_\_\_**

(Harvest numbers should include from September/October of last year to now. Large Whitefish are 4 pounds or greater.)

LG WHITEFISH \_\_\_\_\_ SM WHITEFISH \_\_\_\_\_ SHEEFISH \_\_\_\_\_ BURBOT \_\_\_\_\_ PIKE \_\_\_\_\_ BLACKFISH \_\_\_\_\_

GRAYLING \_\_\_\_\_ SUCKERS \_\_\_\_\_ TROUT (Arctic Char) \_\_\_\_\_ EELS (Lamprey) \_\_\_\_\_ TOMCOD (Saffron) \_\_\_\_\_

**16. How many SOCKEYE (red) salmon did your household catch? \_\_\_\_\_** (Mark '0' if household didn't fish for sockeye)

**17. How many DOGS (including puppies) does your household have? \_\_\_\_\_** (if "none" go to question 21)

**18. Do you feed WHOLE salmon to your dogs? Yes \_\_\_ No \_\_\_** Only Feed **SCRAPS** \_\_\_\_\_ (if "No" go to question 21)

**19. Were any of the salmon put up for the dogs from the commercial fishery? Yes \_\_\_ No \_\_\_**

**20. Estimate harvest of salmon put up for dogs this year by fishery** (numbers should represent WHOLE FISH, not scraps):

(Subsistence) CHINOOK \_\_\_\_\_ SUMMER CHUM \_\_\_\_\_ FALL CHUM \_\_\_\_\_ COHO \_\_\_\_\_ PINK \_\_\_\_\_

(Commercial) CHINOOK \_\_\_\_\_ SUMMER CHUM \_\_\_\_\_ FALL CHUM \_\_\_\_\_ COHO \_\_\_\_\_ PINK \_\_\_\_\_

**21. Do you have any additional comments?** \_\_\_\_\_

How did this year compare to last year? \_\_\_\_\_

THANK YOU! THIS INFORMATION IS USED TO DOCUMENT THE SUBSISTENCE SALMON HARVEST WITHIN THE YUKON RIVER DRAINAGE AND TO TRY TO ENSURE THERE WILL BE ENOUGH SALMON FOR THE FUTURE.

**Surveyor Comments:**

Reminder: How many people live in this Household? \_\_\_\_\_ Please verify correct address and phone numbers

**Official Use - This area is to be filled in by Fish and Game.**

**HOUSEHOLD'S TOTAL SUBSISTENCE SALMON CATCH** (Totals from question \*7)

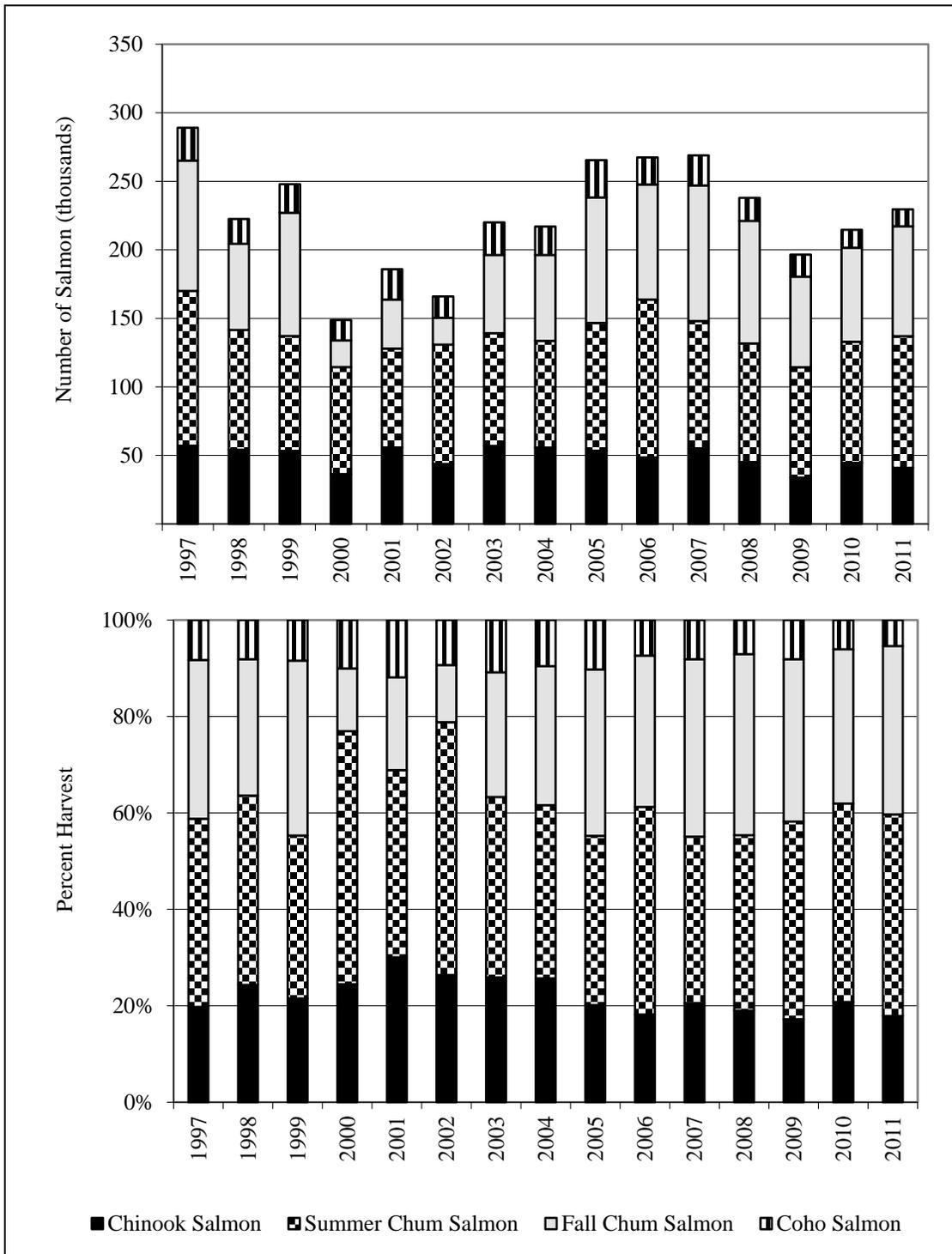
CHINOOK \_\_\_\_\_ SUMMER CHUM \_\_\_\_\_ FALL CHUM \_\_\_\_\_ COHO \_\_\_\_\_ PINK \_\_\_\_\_

**HOUSEHOLD'S TOTAL SUBSISTENCE SALMON USE** (Add totals from questions \*\*12 and \*\*13)

CHINOOK \_\_\_\_\_ SUMMER CHUM \_\_\_\_\_ FALL CHUM \_\_\_\_\_ COHO \_\_\_\_\_ PINK \_\_\_\_\_

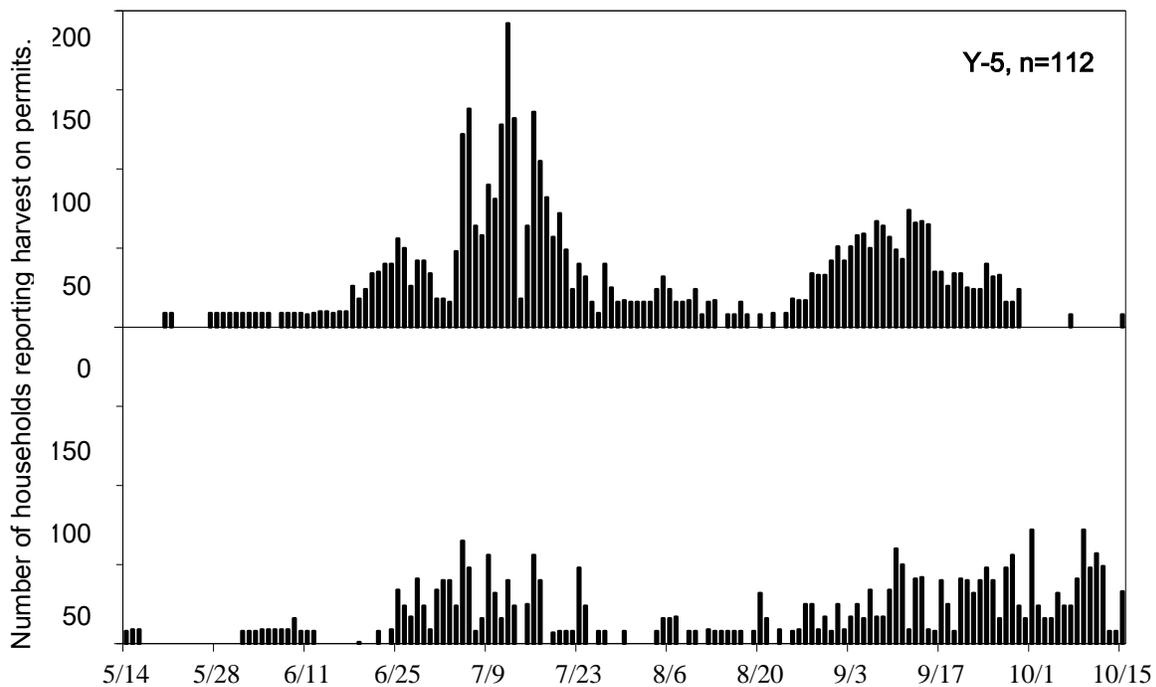
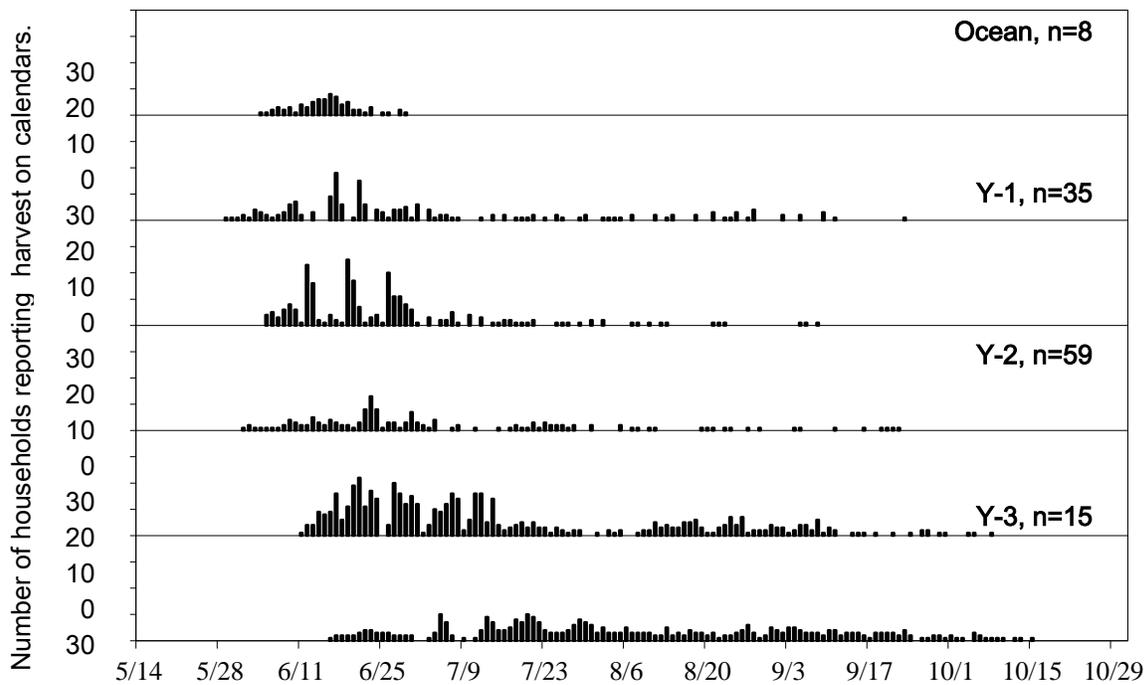
Complete Survey \_\_\_\_\_ Partial Survey \_\_\_\_\_ No Survey \_\_\_\_\_

Figure 4.-Page 2 of 2.



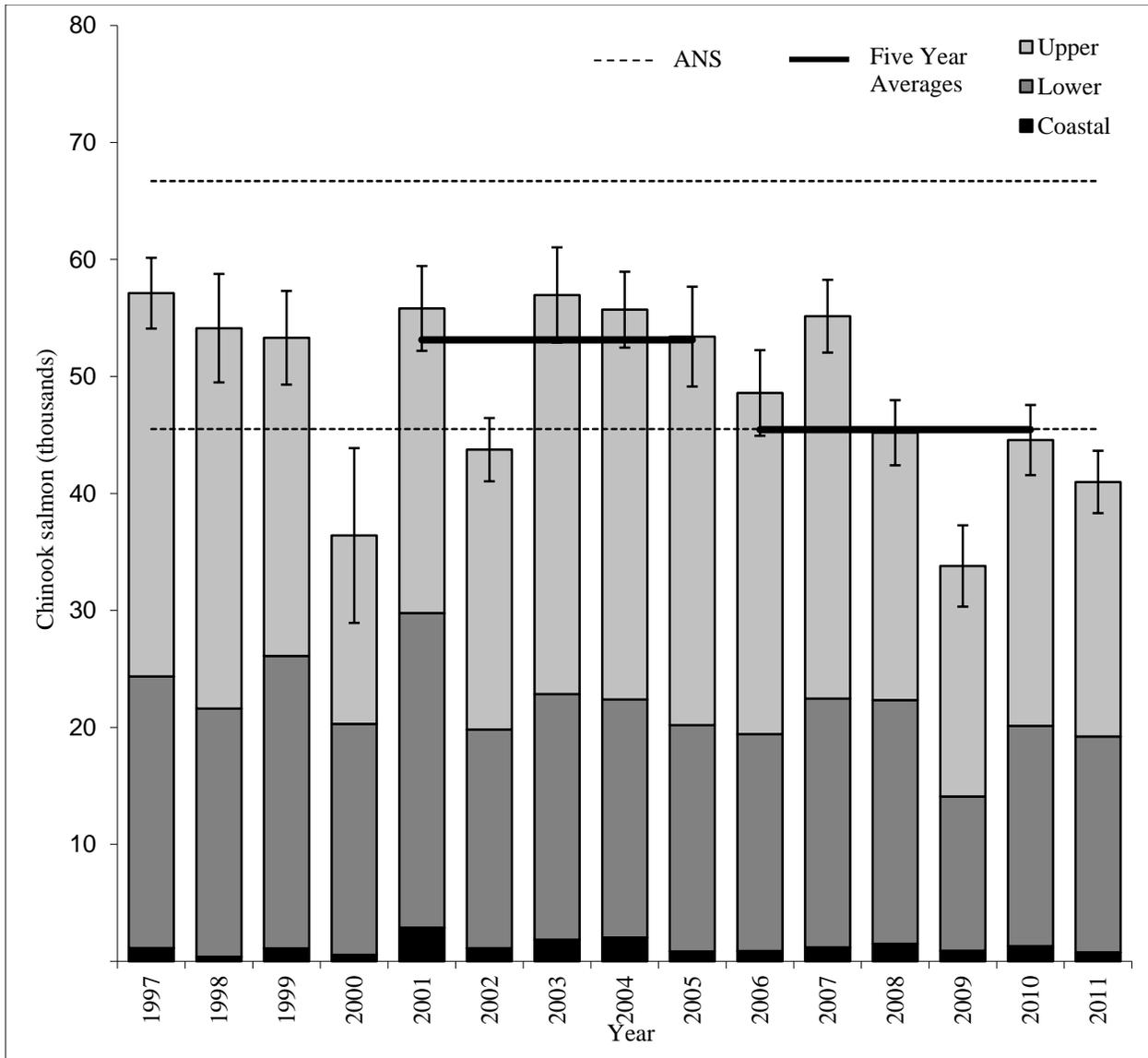
*Note:* Harvest of salmon species by number (top) and proportion (bottom). Totals include survey, permit, test fish and retained from commercial. Does not include salmon caught in the personal use fishery or summer chum, fall chum, and coho salmon carcasses retained from the commercial fishery and used for subsistence. Does not include approximately 14,500 to 15,000 coho salmon obtained from Valdez Fisheries Development Association as part of Eagle's replacement subsistence salmon fishery in 2001 and 2003.

Figure 5.—Estimated total subsistence salmon harvest by species, Yukon Area, 1997–2011.



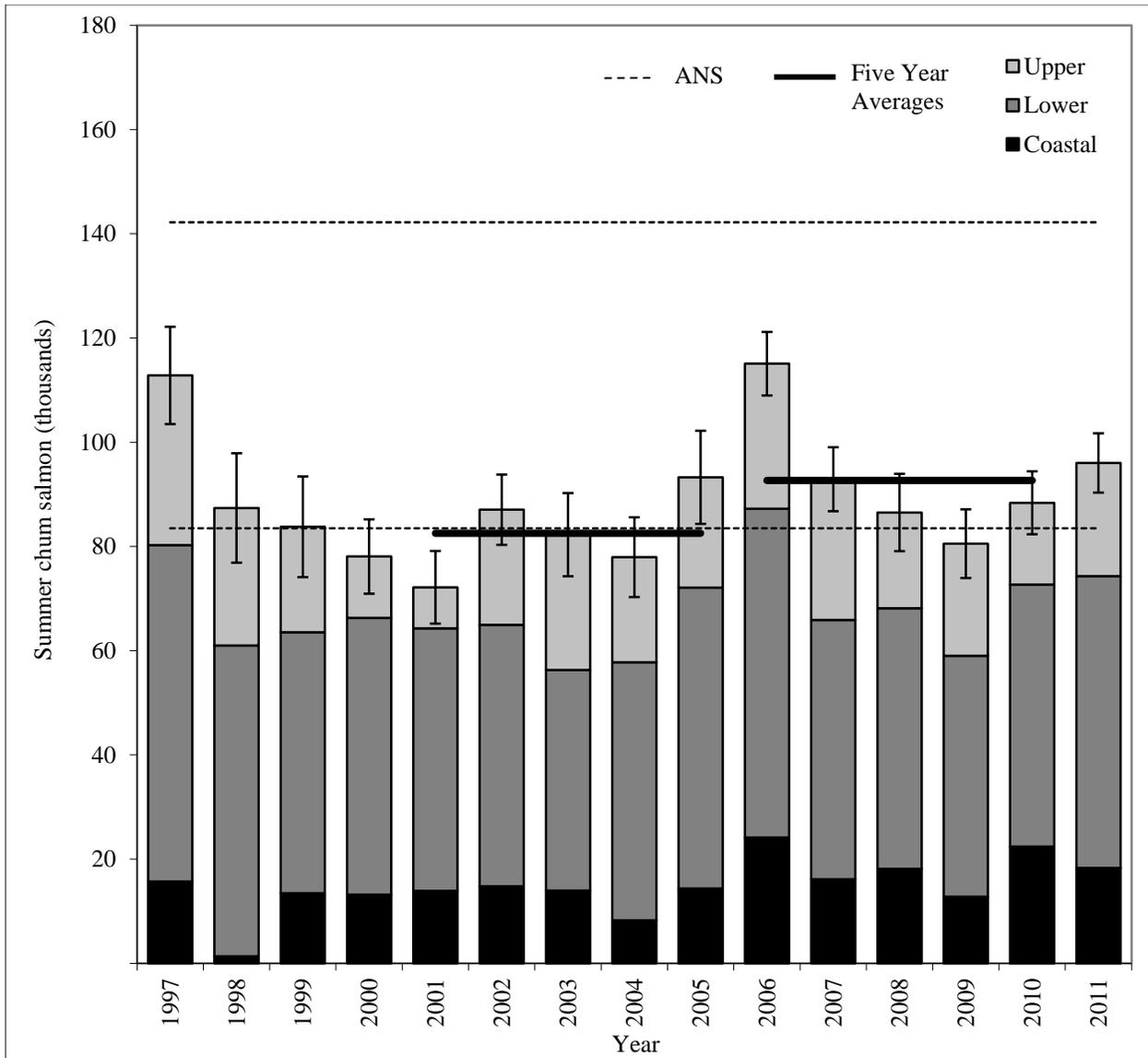
Note: Top panel: fishing effort by day as recorded on harvest calendars. Bottom panel: fishing effort by day as recorded on permits. District 5 is represented in both panels because it includes survey and permit communities. N represents the number of households in each district that recorded harvest by day on calendars or permits.

Figure 6.—Number of households reporting fishing effort by day and by district, 2011.



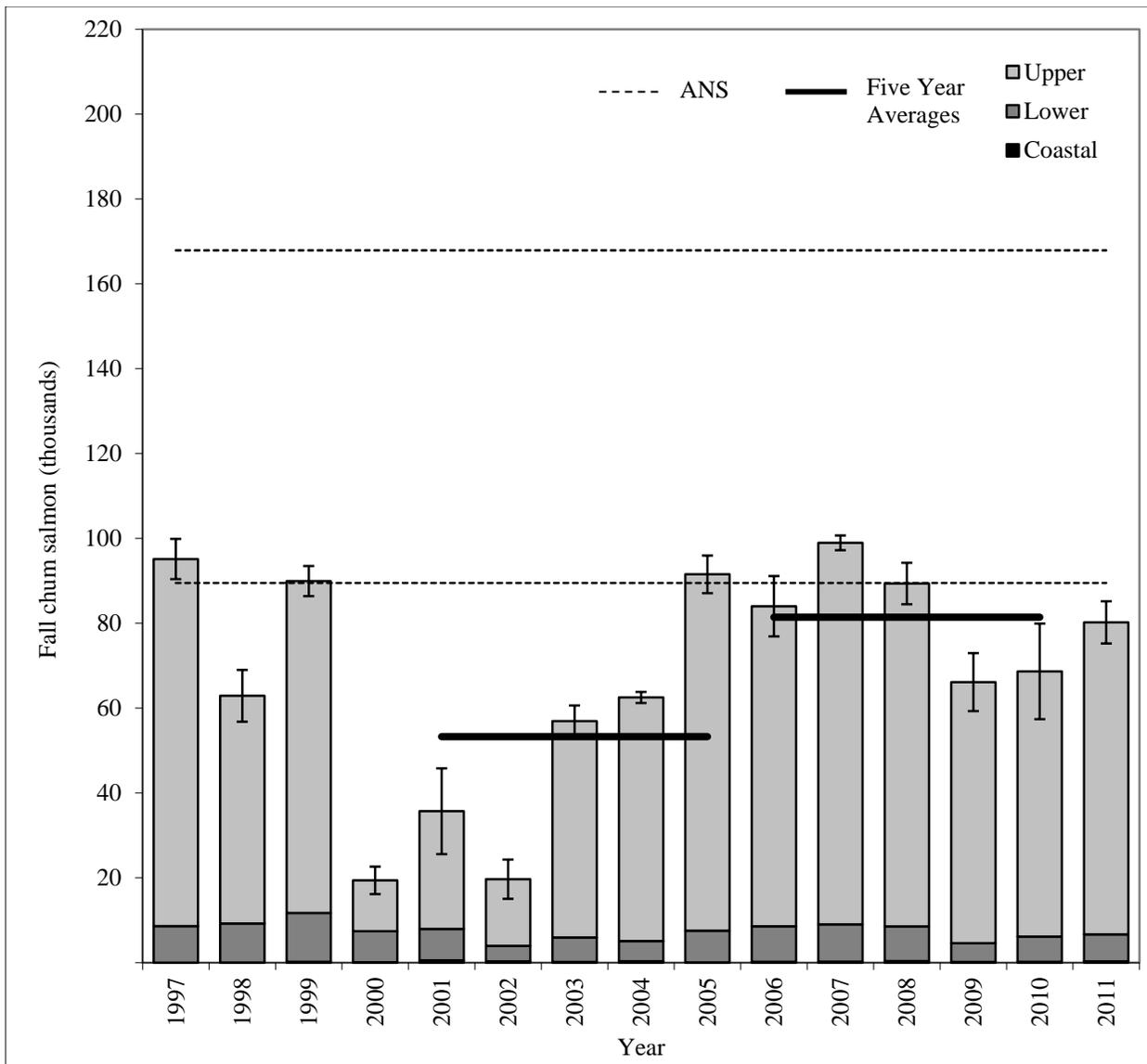
*Note:* Harvest estimates and 95% confidence interval are provided. In 2001 the Alaska Board of Fisheries defined the Amount Necessary for Subsistence (ANS) as 45,500 to 66,704 Chinook salmon. ANS ranges and harvest amounts do not include salmon from the personal use fishery.

Figure 7.—Estimated Chinook salmon subsistence harvest, Yukon Area, 1997–2011.



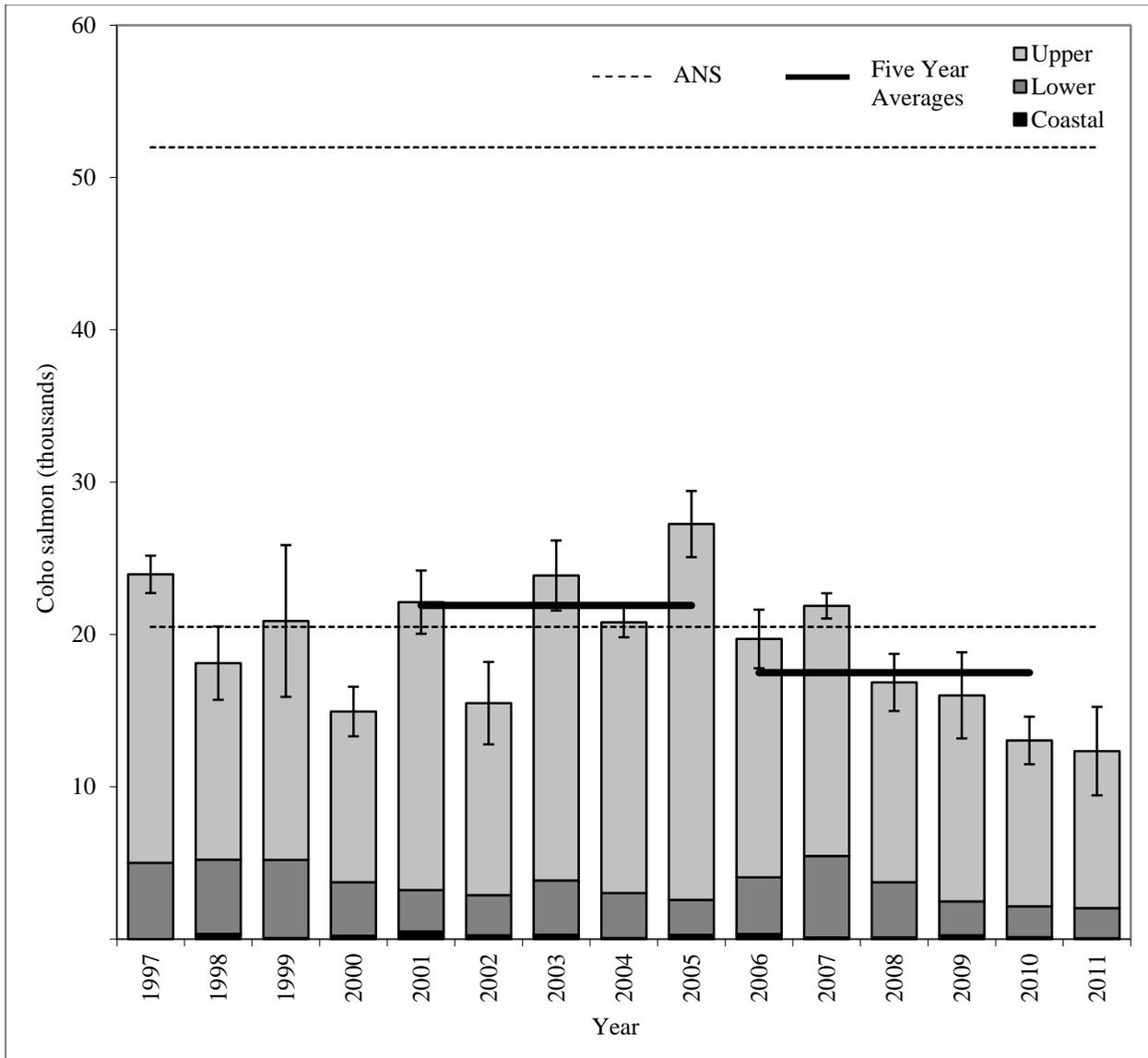
Note: Harvest estimates and 95% confidence interval are provided. In 2001, the Alaska Board of Fisheries defined the Amount Necessary for Subsistence (ANS) as 83,500 to 142,192 summer chum salmon. ANS ranges and harvest amounts do not include salmon from the personal use fishery.

Figure 8.—Estimated summer chum salmon subsistence harvest, Yukon Area, 1997–2011.



*Note:* Harvest estimates and 95% confidence interval are provided. In 2001, the Alaska Board of Fisheries defined the Amount Necessary for Subsistence (ANS) as 89,500 to 167,900 fall chum salmon. Does not include fall chum salmon sold commercially for roe and carcasses returned to fishermen in District 6. ANS ranges and harvest amounts do not include salmon from the personal use fishery.

Figure 9.—Estimated fall chum salmon subsistence harvest, Yukon Area, 1997–2011.



Note: Harvest estimates and 95% confidence interval are provided. In 2001, the Alaska Board of Fisheries defined the Amount Necessary for Subsistence (ANS) as 20,500 to 51,980 coho salmon. Does not include carcasses returned to fishermen from coho salmon sold commercially for roe in District 6. Does not include approximately 14,500 to 15,000 coho salmon obtained from Valdez Fisheries Development Association as part of Eagle's replacement subsistence salmon fishery in 2001 and 2003. ANS ranges and harvest amounts do not include salmon from the personal use fishery.

Figure 10.—Estimated coho salmon subsistence harvest, Yukon Area, 1997–2011.



## **APPENDIX A. 2011 HARVEST INFORMATION**

Appendix A1.—Estimated Chinook salmon subsistence harvest in surveyed communities, by harvest level, with community and district totals, Yukon Area, 2011.

Community	Does Not																			Combined				
	Unknown				Harvest Salmon				Light Harvester				Medium Harvester				Heavy Harvester				Total		Est.	CI
	N	n	Mean	SE	N	n	Mean	SE	N	n	Mean	SE	N	n	Mean	SE	N	n	Mean	SE	N	n	Total	95%
Hooper Bay	24	9	0.7	0.5	62	16	0.5	0.4	90	24	1.3	0.6	33	30	2.5	0.2	-	-	-	-	209	79	246	126
Scammon Bay	20	9	7.1	2.5	21	6	0.8	0.7	35	8	3.5	1.8	16	14	14.6	1.4	-	-	-	-	92	37	517	164
Coastal District	44	18	3.6	1.2	83	22	0.6	0.4	125	32	1.9	0.7	49	44	6.5	0.5	-	-	-	-	301	116	763	207
Nunam Iqua	7	6	9.0	1.8	10	6	2.3	1.1	9	7	2.4	0.7	10	9	14.2	1.3	-	-	-	-	36	28	250	43
Alakanuk	27	18	5.7	1.8	32	6	0.7	0.6	57	17	17.6	7.7	17	13	11.2	2.6	-	-	-	-	133	54	1,371	866
Emmonak	23	11	8.5	3.4	48	23	5.8	2.4	64	30	6.8	1.2	30	27	10.6	0.8	1	1	26.0	-	166	92	1,252	314
Kotlik	13	7	18.1	4.6	25	7	1.4	0.7	51	14	10.4	3.0	15	11	39.2	7.3	-	-	-	-	104	39	1,388	385
District 1	70	42	9.2	1.6	115	42	3.1	1.0	181	68	11.0	2.6	72	60	17.2	1.7	1	1	26.0	-	439	213	4,261	999
Mountain Village	30	18	8.4	2.0	34	8	1.5	1.3	71	17	9.2	2.2	28	23	22.0	1.5	-	-	-	-	163	66	1,570	345
Pitkas Point	3	1	2.0	-	6	2	0.0	0.0	13	9	11.6	3.4	6	5	15.0	3.4	-	-	-	-	28	17	246	96
St. Mary's	7	3	8.3	6.3	24	6	7.2	5.0	66	18	8.8	1.6	24	20	35.0	3.2	-	-	-	-	121	47	1,653	355
Pilot Station	9	5	3.0	2.0	38	17	5.9	2.5	47	19	13.3	1.9	15	14	17.7	0.9	-	-	-	-	109	55	1,142	261
Marshall	3	1	0.0	-	16	2	6.5	6.1	38	12	41.5	9.9	13	13	38.1	0.0	-	-	-	-	70	28	2,686	951
District 2	52	28	6.6	1.5	118	35	4.4	1.5	235	75	15.3	1.8	86	75	26.8	1.1	-	-	-	-	491	213	7,297	1,108
Russian Mission	5	3	13.3	4.2	21	5	9.4	5.4	34	11	29.1	8.8	6	5	49.4	5.6	-	-	-	-	66	24	1,550	634
Holy Cross	6	5	11.0	2.8	15	7	2.3	1.7	22	10	38.5	10.1	13	7	98.7	11.9	-	-	-	-	56	29	2,231	533
Shageluk	13	1	0.0	-	7	6	0.0	0.0	10	10	19.5	0.0	-	-	-	-	1	1	10.0	-	31	18	353	0
District 3	24	9	12.1	2.4	43	18	5.4	2.7	66	31	30.8	5.7	19	12	83.1	8.3	1	1	10.0	-	153	71	4,134	828
Anvik	2	0	-	-	8	8	4.5	0.0	11	9	48.2	3.8	6	6	68.3	0.0	1	1	0.0	-	28	24	1,052	87
Grayling	8	2	0.0	0.0	4	2	18.0	0.0	28	8	33.6	8.3	8	5	45.0	14.2	-	-	-	-	48	17	1,374	505
Kaltag	1	1	0.0	-	13	3	10.0	8.8	41	8	47.1	10.3	6	5	71.0	7.4	-	-	-	-	61	17	2,488	858
Nulato	-	-	-	-	19	6	8.7	4.6	53	14	23.1	6.3	4	4	36.8	0.0	-	-	-	-	76	24	1,538	678
Koyukuk	15	2	6.5	6.1	15	5	10.4	8.1	15	5	36.4	7.8	5	3	40.0	4.3	1	1	50.0	-	51	16	1,349	472
Galena	30	22	4.7	1.2	70	19	2.1	1.2	62	18	11.7	3.6	5	5	75.8	0.0	2	2	21.0	0.0	169	66	1,434	471
Ruby	5	4	10.5	4.7	35	7	1.4	1.3	12	4	0.0	0.0	4	4	35.3	0.0	1	1	238.0	-	57	20	482	99
Huslia	17	5	0.0	0.0	45	12	0.1	0.1	13	4	0.0	0.0	6	6	11.2	0.0	1	1	50.0	-	82	28	121	6
Hughes	15	7	0.0	0.0	13	11	0.3	0.1	5	5	0.0	0.0	2	2	3.0	0.0	-	-	-	-	35	25	10	1
Allakaket	15	5	0.0	0.0	34	9	0.0	0.0	9	4	1.3	0.9	5	5	0.2	0.0	2	2	15.0	0.0	65	25	42	16
Alatna	3	1	1.0	-	4	4	0.0	0.0	2	2	0.0	0.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9	7	3	0
Bettles	7	3	0.0	0.0	16	11	0.0	0.0	1	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	24	14	0	0
District 4	118	52	2.0	0.4	276	97	2.8	0.8	252	81	23.6	2.5	51	45	41.9	2.4	8	8	51.3	0.0	705	283	9,893	1,384

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Community	Unknown				Does Not Harvest Salmon				Light Harvester				Medium Harvester				Heavy Harvester				Combined			
	N	n	Mean	SE	N	n	Mean	SE	N	n	Mean	SE	N	n	Mean	SE	N	n	Mean	SE	Total N	n	Est. Total	95% CI
Tanana	8	3	36.3	28.7	47	14	9.6	4.0	27	9	8.2	3.0	7	5	71.2	20.7	10	6	147.2	38.4	99	37	2,936	1,005
Stevens Village	1	0	-	-	3	2	0.0	0.0	8	6	5.0	2.5	3	3	115.7	0.0	-	-	-	-	15	11	415	42
Birch Creek	2	0	-	-	10	4	0.0	0.0	4	3	10.7	5.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16	7	49	48
Beaver	5	3	0.0	0.0	12	10	0.4	0.2	14	12	25.1	3.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	31	25	356	87
Fort Yukon	63	22	20.9	10.1	107	30	3.8	1.7	31	7	6.1	2.7	9	8	29.8	4.7	9	9	31.8	0.0	219	76	2,472	1,302
Venetie	25	12	0.0	0.0	37	9	0.0	0.0	13	4	0.0	0.0	2	2	5.0	0.0	1	1	0.0	-	78	28	10	0
Chalkyitsik	7	1	0.0	-	13	10	0.0	0.0	1	1	0.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	21	12	0	0
District 5	111	41	14.9	6.2	229	79	3.8	1.1	98	42	8.6	1.3	21	18	53.5	7.2	20	16	87.9	19.2	479	196	6,238	1,648
Survey Totals	419	190	8.0	1.8	864	293	3.2	0.5	957	329	15.3	1.0	298	254	29.2	1.0	30	26	73.5	12.8	2,568	1,092	32,586	2,754

*Note:* The number of Chinook salmon harvested was estimated using the total number of households (N), the number of households contacted (n), the average number of salmon harvested by households (Mean), standard error (SE), and includes 95% confidence interval (CI 95%). Dashes indicate indefinable values.

Appendix A2.—Estimated summer chum salmon subsistence harvest in surveyed communities, by harvest level, with community and district totals, Yukon Area, 2011.

Community	Does Not																			Combined				
	Unknown				Harvest Salmon				Light Harvester				Medium Harvester				Heavy Harvester				Total		Est.	CI
	N	n	Mean	SE	N	n	Mean	SE	N	n	Mean	SE	N	n	Mean	SE	N	n	Mean	SE	N	n	Total	95%
Hooper Bay	24	9	53.1	42.0	62	16	26.3	13.0	90	24	60.6	16.3	33	30	146.0	6.3	-	-	-	-	209	79	13,175	3,854
Scammon Bay	20	9	16.2	5.2	21	6	33.3	16.7	35	8	51.9	15.6	16	14	125.3	8.6	-	-	-	-	92	37	4,845	1,316
Coastal District	44	18	36.3	23.0	83	22	28.1	10.6	125	32	58.1	12.5	49	44	139.2	5.1	-	-	-	-	301	116	18,020	4,072
Nunam Iqua	7	6	18.3	6.9	10	6	50.0	20.0	9	7	16.4	6.9	10	9	130.1	10.1	-	-	-	-	36	28	2,077	466
Alakanuk	27	18	22.8	9.0	32	6	50.0	45.1	57	17	67.1	18.0	17	13	53.5	9.1	-	-	-	-	133	54	6,951	3,515
Emmonak	23	11	30.5	15.5	48	23	25.0	11.0	64	30	60.8	11.1	30	26	81.9	5.5	1	1	486.0	-	166	91	8,738	1,900
Kotlik	13	7	60.9	19.0	25	7	7.3	5.0	51	14	41.4	10.0	15	11	159.3	19.6	-	-	-	-	104	39	5,475	1,271
District 1	70	42	31.9	7.1	115	42	30.3	13.5	181	68	55.1	7.5	72	59	98.0	5.3	1	1	486.0	-	439	212	23,241	4,219
Mountain Village	30	18	40.1	8.5	34	8	1.3	1.1	71	17	71.5	15.4	28	23	96.7	6.1	-	-	-	-	163	66	9,030	2,229
Pitkas Point	3	1	25.0	-	6	2	0.0	0.0	13	9	23.9	7.2	6	5	33.2	8.3	-	-	-	-	28	17	585	208
St. Mary's	7	3	21.7	16.4	24	6	9.8	7.1	66	18	58.4	11.7	24	20	100.1	7.6	-	-	-	-	121	47	6,644	1,601
Pilot Station	9	5	7.0	4.7	38	17	12.8	5.5	47	18	30.0	5.2	15	14	45.4	2.6	-	-	-	-	109	54	2,642	644
Marshall	3	1	0.0	-	16	2	9.0	8.4	38	12	44.4	10.2	13	13	96.2	0.0	-	-	-	-	70	28	3,810	989
District 2	52	28	28.7	5.5	118	35	7.5	2.7	235	74	52.5	6.0	86	75	84.2	3.0	-	-	-	-	491	212	22,711	2,994
Russian Mission	5	3	19.3	7.3	21	5	7.8	3.4	34	11	17.2	4.6	6	5	63.4	9.8	-	-	-	-	66	24	1,225	362
Holy Cross	6	5	0.0	0.0	15	7	0.0	0.0	22	10	6.8	3.4	13	7	16.4	5.6	-	-	-	-	56	29	363	205
Shageluk	13	1	0.0	-	7	6	0.0	0.0	10	10	61.5	0.0	-	-	-	-	1	1	50.0	-	31	18	1,145	0
District 3	24	9	8.8	3.3	43	18	3.8	1.7	66	31	20.4	2.6	19	12	31.3	5.0	1	1	50.0	-	153	71	2,733	416
Anvik	2	0	-	-	8	8	1.6	0.0	11	9	6.7	0.9	6	6	19.7	0.0	1	1	0.0	-	28	24	220	20
Grayling	8	2	0.0	0.0	4	2	5.0	3.5	28	7	25.7	9.2	8	5	12.2	7.3	-	-	-	-	48	16	838	520
Kaltag	1	1	0.0	-	13	3	0.0	0.0	41	8	2.1	1.3	6	5	12.6	2.7	-	-	-	-	61	17	163	107
Nulato	-	-	-	-	19	6	0.0	0.0	53	14	4.6	3.1	4	4	0.0	0.0	-	-	-	-	76	24	246	325
Koyukuk	15	2	11.0	10.2	15	5	4.0	3.3	15	5	1.0	0.8	5	3	40.7	19.7	1	1	350.0	-	51	16	890	308
Galena	30	22	80.6	41.1	70	19	0.0	0.0	62	18	1.2	0.8	5	5	15.2	0.0	2	2	424.0	0.0	169	66	3,414	2,416
Ruby	5	4	0.0	0.0	35	7	0.0	0.0	12	4	0.0	0.0	4	4	19.3	0.0	1	1	698.0	-	57	20	775	0
Huslia	17	5	0.0	0.0	45	12	0.8	0.7	13	4	25.0	20.8	6	6	400.5	0.0	1	1	400.0	-	82	28	3,166	534
Hughes	15	7	0.0	0.0	13	11	11.8	3.0	5	5	0.0	0.0	2	2	400.0	0.0	-	-	-	-	35	25	954	77
Allakaket	15	5	0.0	0.0	34	9	0.0	0.0	9	4	18.8	14.0	5	5	73.2	0.0	2	2	916.5	0.0	65	25	2,368	247
Alatna	3	1	30.0	-	4	4	0.0	0.0	2	2	21.0	0.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9	7	132	0
Bettles	7	3	0.0	0.0	16	11	0.0	0.0	1	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	24	14	0	0
District 4	118	52	24.8	12.2	276	97	1.0	0.3	252	80	7.0	1.7	51	45	82.7	2.3	8	8	516.1	0.0	705	282	13,166	2,583

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Community	Unknown				Does Not Harvest Salmon								Combined											
	Unknown				Light Harvester				Medium Harvester				Heavy Harvester				Total		Est.		CI			
	N	n	Mean	SE	N	n	Mean	SE	N	n	Mean	SE	N	n	Mean	SE	N	n	Total	95%				
Tanana	8	3	0.0	0.0	47	14	0.6	0.5	27	9	0.1	0.1	7	5	29.4	14.2	10	6	414.5	148.5	99	37	4,381	2,918
Stevens Village	1	0	-	-	3	2	0.0	0.0	8	6	0.0	0.0	3	3	13.3	0.0	-	-	-	-	15	11	43	0
Birch Creek	2	0	-	-	10	4	0.0	0.0	4	3	1.3	0.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16	7	6	4
Beaver	5	3	0.0	0.0	12	10	0.0	0.0	14	12	28.1	8.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	31	25	393	226
Fort Yukon	63	22	0.1	0.1	107	30	10.0	8.5	31	7	3.1	2.5	9	8	0.0	0.0	9	9	13.8	0.0	219	76	1,297	1,785
Venetie	25	12	0.0	0.0	37	9	0.0	0.0	13	4	0.0	0.0	2	2	0.0	0.0	1	1	0.0	-	78	28	0	0
Chalkyitsik	7	1	0.0	-	13	10	0.0	0.0	1	1	0.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	21	12	0	0
District 5	111	41	0.1	0.0	229	79	4.8	4.0	98	42	5.1	1.4	21	18	11.7	4.7	20	16	213.5	74.3	479	196	6,120	3,429
Survey Totals	419	190	20.6	4.4	864	293	9.6	2.4	957	327	34.7	2.7	298	253	87.8	1.9	30	26	297.8	49.5	2,568	1,089	85,991	7,871

Note: The number of summer chum salmon harvested was estimated using the total number of households (N), the number of households contacted (n), the average number of salmon harvested by households (Mean), standard error (SE), and includes 95% confidence interval (CI 95%). Dashes indicate indefinable values.

Appendix A3.—Estimated fall chum salmon subsistence harvest in surveyed communities, by harvest level, with community and district totals, Yukon Area, 2011.

Community	Does Not																				Combined			
	Unknown				Harvest Salmon				Light Harvester				Medium Harvester				Heavy Harvester				Total		Est.	CI
	N	n	Mean	SE	N	n	Mean	SE	N	n	Mean	SE	N	n	Mean	SE	N	n	Mean	SE	N	n	Total	95%
Hooper Bay	24	9	0.0	0.0	62	16	0.0	0.0	90	24	0.0	0.0	33	30	8.1	2.4	-	-	-	-	209	79	267	158
Scammon Bay	20	9	0.0	0.0	21	6	0.5	0.4	35	8	0.0	0.0	16	14	2.4	0.6	-	-	-	-	92	37	48	27
Coastal District	44	18	0.0	0.0	83	22	0.1	0.1	125	32	0.0	0.0	49	44	6.2	1.7	-	-	-	-	301	116	315	160
Nunam Iqua	7	6	0.0	0.0	10	6	0.0	0.0	9	7	2.0	0.6	10	9	3.3	0.7	-	-	-	-	36	28	51	18
Alakanuk	27	18	1.3	0.6	32	6	14.8	12.7	57	17	3.4	1.6	17	13	5.0	2.2	-	-	-	-	133	54	785	818
Emmonak	23	11	1.9	1.4	48	23	0.0	0.0	64	30	1.2	0.5	30	25	4.6	0.7	1	1	0.0	-	166	90	261	97
Kotlik	13	7	5.4	3.2	25	7	0.0	0.0	51	14	6.6	3.6	15	11	4.1	1.1	-	-	-	-	104	39	471	369
District 1	70	42	2.1	0.8	115	42	4.1	3.5	181	68	3.5	1.1	72	58	4.4	0.6	1	1	0.0	-	439	211	1,568	902
Mountain Village	30	18	3.9	1.2	34	8	0.0	0.0	71	17	1.1	0.7	28	23	7.4	2.2	-	-	-	-	163	66	399	170
Pitkas Point	3	1	0.0	-	6	2	0.0	0.0	13	9	0.0	0.0	6	5	5.0	2.0	-	-	-	-	28	17	30	24
St. Mary's	7	3	0.0	0.0	24	6	2.5	2.2	66	18	5.8	4.0	24	20	6.9	1.2	-	-	-	-	121	47	611	536
Pilot Station	9	5	0.0	0.0	38	17	0.1	0.1	47	19	1.3	1.0	15	13	0.0	0.0	-	-	-	-	109	54	66	94
Marshall	3	1	0.0	-	16	2	0.0	0.0	38	12	5.1	2.8	13	13	18.5	0.0	-	-	-	-	70	28	562	274
District 2	52	28	2.2	0.7	118	35	0.6	0.5	235	75	3.0	1.3	86	74	7.5	0.8	-	-	-	-	491	212	1,668	633
Russian Mission	5	3	0.0	0.0	21	5	0.4	0.3	34	11	0.0	0.0	6	5	0.4	0.2	-	-	-	-	66	24	11	14
Holy Cross	6	5	0.0	0.0	15	7	0.0	0.0	22	10	1.5	0.9	13	7	4.7	2.7	-	-	-	-	56	29	94	78
Shageluk	13	1	0.0	-	7	6	0.0	0.0	10	9	14.4	2.4	-	-	-	-	1	1	0.0	-	31	17	249	81
District 3	24	9	0.0	0.0	43	18	0.2	0.2	66	30	2.7	0.5	19	12	3.4	1.8	1	1	0.0	-	153	70	354	114
Anvik	2	0	-	-	8	8	0.6	0.0	11	9	11.3	3.1	6	6	9.7	0.0	1	1	0.0	-	28	24	202	73
Grayling	8	2	0.0	0.0	4	2	8.5	6.0	28	9	32.7	10.9	8	5	25.4	9.5	-	-	-	-	48	18	1,152	618
Kaltag	1	1	0.0	-	13	3	0.0	0.0	41	8	4.3	1.9	6	5	3.6	0.8	-	-	-	-	61	17	196	153
Nulato	-	-	-	-	19	6	1.7	1.4	53	14	5.9	1.9	4	4	77.5	0.0	-	-	-	-	76	24	652	201
Koyukuk	15	2	5.0	4.7	15	5	0.0	0.0	15	5	0.0	0.0	5	3	192.0	56.9	1	1	20.0	-	51	16	1,388	790
Galena	30	22	16.8	4.2	70	19	1.3	1.1	62	18	5.7	2.7	5	5	99.4	0.0	2	2	647.5	0.0	169	66	2,739	438
Ruby	5	4	0.0	0.0	35	7	0.0	0.0	12	4	1.0	0.8	4	4	0.0	0.0	1	1	580.0	-	57	20	592	19
Huslia	17	5	0.0	0.0	45	12	0.0	0.0	13	4	2.5	2.1	6	6	8.3	0.0	1	1	100.0	-	82	28	183	53
Hughes	15	7	0.0	0.0	13	11	3.5	1.4	5	5	0.0	0.0	2	2	9.0	0.0	-	-	-	-	35	25	64	35
Allakaket	15	5	0.0	0.0	34	9	0.0	0.0	9	4	0.0	0.0	5	5	16.0	0.0	2	2	6.0	0.0	65	25	92	0
Alatna	3	1	0.0	-	4	4	0.0	0.0	2	2	0.0	0.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9	7	0	0
Bettles	7	3	0.0	0.0	16	11	0.0	0.0	1	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	24	14	0	0
District 4	118	52	5.0	1.3	276	97	0.8	0.3	252	82	7.6	1.5	51	45	43.1	5.8	8	8	250.9	0.0	705	284	7,260	1,128

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Community	Unknown				Does Not Harvest Salmon				Light Harvester				Medium Harvester				Heavy Harvester				Combined			
	N	n	Mean	SE	N	n	Mean	SE	N	n	Mean	SE	N	n	Mean	SE	N	n	Mean	SE	Total		Est. CI	
																					N	n	Total	95%
Tanana	8	3	0.0	0.0	47	14	1.9	1.2	27	9	1.0	0.8	7	5	130.0	51.2	10	6	2,070.3	400.7	99	37	21,728	7,886
Stevens Village	1	0	-	-	3	2	0.0	0.0	8	6	0.0	0.0	3	3	283.3	0.0	-	-	-	-	15	11	911	0
Birch Creek	2	0	-	-	10	4	0.0	0.0	4	3	0.0	0.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16	7	0	0
Beaver	5	3	0.0	0.0	12	10	10.0	4.1	14	12	0.2	0.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	31	25	122	96
Fort Yukon	63	22	43.5	22.9	107	30	0.2	0.1	31	7	43.1	37.7	9	8	0.0	0.0	9	9	343.9	0.0	219	76	7,188	3,633
Venetie	25	12	0.0	0.0	37	9	5.6	4.8	13	4	112.5	68.7	2	2	35.0	0.0	1	1	200.0	-	78	28	1,938	1,786
Chalkyitsik	7	1	0.0	-	13	10	0.0	0.0	1	1	0.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	21	12	0	0
District 5	111	41	25.3	13.3	229	79	1.9	0.9	98	42	28.9	15.0	21	18	87.1	17.1	20	16	1199.9	200.3	479	196	31,887	8,865
Survey Totals	419	190	9.1	3.7	864	293	1.4	0.5	957	329	6.6	1.6	298	251	18.0	1.6	30	26	866.8	133.6	2,568	1,089	43,052	9,006

Note: The number of fall chum salmon harvested was estimated using the total number of households (N), the number of households contacted (n), the average number of salmon harvested by households (Mean), standard error (SE), and includes 95% confidence interval (CI 95%). Dashes indicate indefinable values.

Appendix A4.—Estimated coho salmon subsistence harvest in surveyed communities, by harvest level, with community and district totals, Yukon Area, 2011.

Community	Does Not																				Combined			
	Unknown				Harvest Salmon				Light Harvester				Medium Harvester				Heavy Harvester				Total		Est.	CI
	N	n	Mean	SE	N	n	Mean	SE	N	n	Mean	SE	N	n	Mean	SE	N	n	Mean	SE	N	n	Total	95%
Hooper Bay	24	9	0.0	0.0	62	16	0.0	0.0	90	24	0.0	0.0	33	30	0.0	0.0	-	-	-	-	209	79	0	0
Scammon Bay	20	9	0.0	0.0	21	6	0.8	0.7	35	8	0.0	0.0	16	14	2.4	0.6	-	-	-	-	92	37	55	35
Coastal District	44	18	0.0	0.0	83	22	0.2	0.2	125	32	0.0	0.0	49	44	0.8	0.2	-	-	-	-	301	116	55	35
Nunam Iqua	7	6	0.0	0.0	10	6	0.0	0.0	9	7	0.7	0.3	10	9	1.7	0.3	-	-	-	-	36	28	23	7
Alakanuk	27	18	0.6	0.3	32	6	8.7	7.5	57	17	0.3	0.2	17	13	4.8	2.2	-	-	-	-	133	54	391	474
Emmonak	23	11	0.0	0.0	48	23	0.1	0.1	64	30	0.6	0.2	30	25	1.0	0.1	1	1	0.0	-	166	90	69	29
Kotlik	13	7	3.7	1.2	25	7	0.3	0.2	51	14	0.4	0.2	15	11	0.4	0.1	-	-	-	-	104	39	83	38
District 1	70	42	0.9	0.3	115	42	2.5	2.1	181	68	0.4	0.1	72	58	1.9	0.5	1	1	0.0	-	439	211	566	477
Mountain Village	30	18	1.8	0.8	34	8	0.0	0.0	71	17	0.5	0.3	28	23	0.2	0.1	-	-	-	-	163	66	94	61
Pitkas Point	3	1	0.0	-	6	2	0.0	0.0	13	9	0.6	0.3	6	5	5.0	2.0	-	-	-	-	28	17	37	25
St. Mary's	7	3	0.0	0.0	24	6	0.3	0.3	66	18	1.2	1.0	24	20	6.1	1.7	-	-	-	-	121	47	230	152
Pilot Station	9	5	0.0	0.0	38	17	0.0	0.0	47	19	1.1	0.8	15	13	0.0	0.0	-	-	-	-	109	54	49	75
Marshall	3	1	0.0	-	16	2	0.0	0.0	38	12	1.3	0.8	13	13	5.0	0.0	-	-	-	-	70	28	150	74
District 2	52	28	1.1	0.5	118	35	0.1	0.1	235	75	0.9	0.4	86	74	2.9	0.5	-	-	-	-	491	212	560	196
Russian Mission	5	3	0.0	0.0	21	5	0.0	0.0	34	11	0.0	0.0	6	5	0.0	0.0	-	-	-	-	66	24	0	0
Holy Cross	6	5	0.0	0.0	15	7	0.0	0.0	22	10	0.0	0.0	13	7	0.0	0.0	-	-	-	-	56	29	0	0
Shageluk	13	1	0.0	-	7	6	0.0	0.0	10	9	2.1	0.4	-	-	-	-	1	1	0.0	-	31	17	36	15
District 3	24	9	0.0	0.0	43	18	0.0	0.0	66	30	0.3	0.1	19	12	0.0	0.0	1	1	0.0	-	153	70	36	15
Anvik	2	0	-	-	8	8	0.0	0.0	11	9	0.0	0.0	6	6	3.0	0.0	1	1	0.0	-	28	24	19	0
Grayling	8	2	0.0	0.0	4	2	4.0	2.8	28	9	3.7	2.7	8	5	0.0	0.0	-	-	-	-	48	18	119	151
Kaltag	1	1	0.0	-	13	3	0.0	0.0	41	8	0.0	0.0	6	5	43.0	10.8	-	-	-	-	61	17	258	127
Nulato	-	-	-	-	19	6	0.0	0.0	53	14	2.1	1.3	4	4	1.0	0.0	-	-	-	-	76	24	118	138
Koyukuk	15	2	0.0	0.0	15	5	0.0	0.0	15	5	0.0	0.0	5	3	13.3	5.6	1	1	30.0	-	51	16	137	77
Galena	30	22	9.1	4.7	70	19	0.0	0.0	62	18	11.1	9.0	5	5	4.0	0.0	2	2	16.5	0.0	169	66	1,013	1,130
Ruby	5	4	0.0	0.0	35	7	0.0	0.0	12	4	1.0	0.8	4	4	0.0	0.0	1	1	300.0	-	57	20	312	19
Huslia	17	5	0.0	0.0	45	12	0.0	0.0	13	4	0.0	0.0	6	6	3.3	0.0	1	1	50.0	-	82	28	70	0
Hughes	15	7	0.0	0.0	13	11	0.9	0.4	5	5	0.0	0.0	2	2	0.5	0.0	-	-	-	-	35	25	13	9
Allakaket	15	5	0.0	0.0	34	9	0.0	0.0	9	4	0.0	0.0	5	5	0.0	0.0	2	2	6.5	0.0	65	25	13	0
Alatna	3	1	0.0	-	4	4	0.0	0.0	2	2	0.0	0.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9	7	0	0
Bettles	7	3	0.0	0.0	16	11	0.0	0.0	1	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	24	14	0	0
District 4	118	52	2.7	1.4	276	97	0.1	0.0	252	82	3.6	2.3	51	45	7.6	1.4	8	8	53.3	0.0	705	284	2,072	1,159

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Community	Unknown				Does Not Harvest Salmon				Light Harvester				Medium Harvester				Heavy Harvester				Combined									
	N		n		Mean		SE		N		n		Mean		SE		N		n		Mean		SE		Total		Est.		CI	
	N	n	Mean	SE	N	n	Mean	SE	N	n	Mean	SE	N	n	Mean	SE	N	n	Mean	SE	N	n	Mean	SE	N	n	Total	95%		
Tanana	8	3	0.0	0.0	47	14	0.0	0.0	27	9	0.0	0.0	7	5	0.0	0.0	10	6	31.2	15.2	99	37	312	298						
Stevens Village	1	0	-	-	3	2	0.0	0.0	8	6	0.0	0.0	3	3	0.0	0.0	-	-	-	-	15	11	0	0						
Birch Creek	2	0	-	-	10	4	0.0	0.0	4	3	0.0	0.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16	7	0	0						
Beaver	5	3	0.0	0.0	12	10	0.0	0.0	14	12	0.0	0.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	31	25	0	0						
Fort Yukon	63	22	0.0	0.0	107	30	0.0	0.0	31	7	29.1	25.1	9	8	0.0	0.0	9	9	15.2	0.0	219	76	1,040	1,523						
Venetie	25	12	0.0	0.0	37	9	0.0	0.0	13	4	2.3	1.1	2	2	2.5	0.0	1	1	0.0	-	78	28	34	28						
Chalkyitsik	7	1	0.0	-	13	10	0.0	0.0	1	1	0.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	21	12	0	0						
District 5	111	41	0.0	0.0	229	79	0.0	0.0	98	42	9.5	7.9	21	18	0.2	0.0	20	16	22.4	7.6	479	196	1,386	1,552						
Survey Totals	419	190	1.0	0.4	864	293	0.4	0.3	957	329	2.3	1.0	298	251	2.7	0.3	30	26	29.2	5.1	2,568	1,089	4,675	2,004						

Note: The number of coho salmon harvested was estimated using the total number of households (N), the number of households contacted (n), the average number of salmon harvested by households (Mean), standard error (SE), and includes 95% confidence interval (CI 95%). Dashes indicate indefinable values.

Appendix A5.—Estimated number of salmon provided to communities for subsistence use by test fishery programs, Yukon Area, 2011.

Yukon River Test Fishery Sites	Community where fish were distributed	Chinook Salmon	Summer Chum Salmon	Fall Chum Salmon	Coho Salmon	Total Salmon
Lower Yukon Test Fish Gillnet (LYTF) <sup>a</sup>	Alakanuk	93	496	96	40	725
	Emmonak	920	3,730	1,279	403	6,332
	Hooper Bay	6	285	0	0	291
	Kotlik	981	1,123	491	118	2,713
	Scammon Bay	0	0	0	0	0
	St. Mary's <sup>b</sup>	71	86	0	0	0
	Unknown <sup>c</sup>	10	30	0	0	0
LYTF Project Subtotal:		2,081	5,750	1,866	561	10,061
Mountain Village Test Fish Drift Gillnet	Mountain Village	493	325	401	167	1,386
Pilot Station Sonar Test Fish Drift Gillnet	Pilot Station	198	1,540	509	96	2,343
Eagle Sonar Test Fish Drift Gillnet	Eagle	5	0	1	0	6
Test Fishery Totals		2,777	7,615	2,777	824	13,796

<sup>a</sup> Includes both set and drift gillnet test fishery catches.

<sup>b</sup> These salmon were donated to the community of St. Mary's and a nearby fish camp for subsistence from the Middle Mouth test fishery near Emmonak.

<sup>c</sup> These salmon were donated to the processor, Kwik'pak Fisheries, from the Middle Mouth test fishery project near Emmonak for distribution to households in unknown communities for subsistence.

Appendix A6.–Salmon reported lost in surveyed communities due to sick fish, weather, predators, and unknown causes, Yukon Area, 2011.

Reasons Given For Salmon Lost	Chinook Salmon		Summer Chum Salmon		Fall Chum Salmon		Coho Salmon		Total Reported Salmon Lost	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
<b>LOST DUE TO SICK FISH</b>										
Ichthyophonous h.	1	1.4%	13	1.3%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	14	1.3%
Cuts, bruises, rotten	0	0.0%	48	4.9%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	48	4.3%
Worms, pus, parasites	40	56.3%	21	2.1%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	61	5.5%
Subtotal	41	57.7%	82	8.3%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	123	11.0%
<b>LOST DUE TO WEATHER / SPOILAGE</b>										
Spoilage	0	0.0%	40	4.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	40	3.6%
Rain/Bad Weather	23	32.4%	605	61.2%	46	97.9%	7	0.0%	681	61.0%
Insects	0	0.0%	31	3.1%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	31	2.8%
Subtotal	23	32.4%	676	68.4%	46	97.9%	7	0.0%	752	67.3%
<b>LOST DUE TO ANIMALS</b>										
Bears	4	5.6%	134	13.6%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	138	12.4%
Birds	0	0.0%	6	0.6%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	6	0.5%
Seal/whale	1	1.4%	1	0.1%	1	2.1%	0	0.0%	3	0.3%
Subtotal	5	7.0%	141	14.3%	1	2.1%	0	0.0%	147	13.2%
Subtotal	0								0	
LOST UNKNOWN	2	2.8%	89	9.0%	0	0.0%	4	0.0%	95	8.5%
<b>SALMON REPORTED LOST</b>	<b>Total</b>	<b>71</b>	<b>988</b>		<b>47</b>		<b>11</b>		<b>1,117</b>	
<b>Use of Lost salmon</b>										
Salmon Fed to Dogs <sup>a</sup>	41	3.7%	151	13.5%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	192	17.2%
Salmon Lost to Humans and Dogs <sup>b</sup>	30	2.7%	837	74.9%	47	4.2%	11	1.0%	925	82.8%
Total Salmon Lost <sup>c</sup>	71	6.4%	988	88.5%	47	4.2%	11	1.0%	1,117	100.0%

<sup>a</sup> Salmon unfit for human consumption, but reported retained for dog food.

<sup>b</sup> Salmon lost and unfit for human consumptions and for dog food.

<sup>c</sup> A total of 69 surveyed households reported losing salmon.

Appendix A7.–Subsistence salmon fishing closures and gear restrictions, Lower Yukon Area, 2011.

	Coastal District <sup>a</sup>		District 1	District 2	District 3 <sup>d</sup>
	Southern <sup>b</sup>	Northern <sup>c</sup>			
6/1	Open	Open	Open	Open	Open
6/2	Open	Open	Open	Open	Open
6/3	Open	Open	Open	Open	Open
6/4	Open	Open	Open	Open	Open
6/5	Open	Open	Open	Open	Open
6/6	6" mesh	Open	Open	Open	Open
6/7	6" mesh	Open	Open	Open	Open
6/8	6" mesh	Open	Close 8am	Open	Open
6/9	6" mesh	Open	Open 8pm	Open	Open
6/10	6" mesh	Open	Open	Close 8am	Open
6/11	6" mesh	Open	Close 8am	Closed	Open
6/12	6" mesh	Open	Closed	Open 8pm	Open
6/13	Open	Close 8pm	Closed	Open	Open
6/14	24 Hours/day	Closed	Closed	Close 8am	Close 8am
6/15	7 Days/week	Closed	Closed	Closed	Open 8pm
6/16		Open 8pm	Open 8pm	Closed	Open
6/17		Open	Open	Closed	Close 8am
6/18		Open	Close 8am	Close 8am	Closed
6/19		Open	Closed	Open 8pm	Closed
6/20		Close 8pm	Closed	Open	Closed
6/21		Open 2pm	Open 2pm		Closed
6/22		Open	Close 8am	Closed	Open 8pm
6/23		24 Hours/day	Closed	Closed	Open
6/24		7 Days/week	Open 6pm <sup>e, f</sup>	Closed	Close 8am
6/25			Close 12 noon	Closed	Closed
6/26			Closed	Open 8pm <sup>c</sup>	Closed
6/27			Open 8pm, 6" mesh <sup>e, f</sup>	Open	Closed
6/28			Open, 6" mesh	Close 8am <sup>g</sup>	Closed
6/29			Close 8am <sup>f, g, h</sup>	Open 8pm, 6" mesh	Open 8pm
6/30			Open 8pm, 6" mesh	Open, 6" mesh	Open
7/1	Open	Open	Open, 6" mesh <sup>f, h</sup>	Close 8am	Close 8am
7/2	24 Hours/day	24 Hours/day	Close 8am	Closed	Closed
7/3	7 Days/week	7 Days/week	Closed <sup>f, g, h</sup>	Open 8pm, 6" mesh	Open 8pm
7/4			Open 8pm, 6" mesh <sup>e, f, h</sup>	Open, 6" mesh	Open
7/5			Open, 6" mesh	Close 8am	Close 8am
7/6			Close 8am <sup>g</sup>	Open 8pm, 6" mesh <sup>f, g, i</sup>	Open 8pm
7/7			Open 2pm, 6" mesh	Open, 6" mesh <sup>e, f, j</sup>	Open
7/8			Close 3am <sup>f, g</sup>	Close 8am, Open 6pm	Close 8am
7/9			Open 6pm, 6" mesh	6" mesh, Close 9pm	Closed
7/10			Close 4pm	Closed <sup>f, g</sup>	Open 8pm
7/11			Closed <sup>f, g</sup>	Open 12-6pm, 6" mesh <sup>f, g</sup>	Open
7/12			Open 10am, 6" mesh <sup>e, f</sup>	Open 3pm, 6" mesh <sup>f, g</sup>	Close 8am
7/13			Close 6am-noon, 6" mesh	Close noon <sup>f, g</sup>	Open 8pm
7/14			Close 3am <sup>f, g</sup>	Open 9am, 7.5" mesh	Open
7/15			Open 3am, 7.5" mesh	Close 6am <sup>f, g</sup>	Close 8am
7/16			Open	Open 3am	Closed
7/17			Open	Close 3am <sup>f, g</sup>	Open 8pm
7/18			Close 3am <sup>f, k</sup>	Open 3am	Open 24 Hours/day
7/19			Open noon		7 Days/week

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	Coastal District <sup>a</sup>		District 1	District 2	District 3 <sup>d</sup>
	Southern <sup>b</sup>	Northern <sup>c</sup>			
7/20			Open	Open	
7/21			Close 3am <sup>f, k</sup>	24 Hours/day	Open
7/22			Open noon	7 Days/week	24 Hours/day
7/23			Open	except 12 hrs	7 Days/week
7/24			Close midnight <sup>k</sup>	before, during and	
7/25			Close <sup>f, k</sup>	after commercial	
7/26			Open 9am	openings	
7/27			Open		
7/28	Open	Open	Open 24 Hours/day	Open	Open
7/29	24 Hours/day	24 Hours/day	7 Days/week		24 Hours/day
7/30	7 Days/week	7 Days/week	except 12 hrs before		7 Days/week
7/31			during, and after		
8/1			commercial periods	Close 3am <sup>g</sup>	
8/2			Close 3am <sup>g</sup>	Open 9am	
8/3			Open 9am		
8/4			Close 3am <sup>g</sup>		
8/5			Open noon	Close 9pm <sup>g</sup>	
8/6			Open	Close <sup>g</sup>	
8/7			Close 6am <sup>g</sup>	Open 6am	
8/8			Open noon		
8/9			Open	Close 12am <sup>g</sup>	
8/10			Close midnight	Open 9am	
8/11			Close <sup>g</sup>		
8/12			Open noon		
8/13			Close midnight <sup>k</sup>	Close 9pm	
8/14			Close <sup>k</sup>	Close <sup>g</sup>	
8/15	Open	Open	Open 9am	Open 6am	
8/16	24 Hours/day	24 Hours/day	Open	Close 9pm	
8/17	7 Days/week	7 Days/week	Close 9pm	Close <sup>g</sup>	
8/18			Close <sup>g</sup>	Open 6am	
8/19			Open 9am		
8/20			Close midnight <sup>k</sup>		
8/21			Close <sup>k</sup>		
8/22			Open 6am	Close 9pm	
8/23			Open	Close <sup>g</sup>	
8/24			Close 9pm	Open 6am	
8/25			Close <sup>g</sup>		
8/26			Open 6am		
8/27			Close midnight <sup>k</sup>	Open	
8/28			Close <sup>k</sup>	24 Hours/day	
8/29			Open 9am	7 Days/week	
8/30			Close midnight <sup>k</sup>		
8/31			Close <sup>k</sup>		
9/1			Close midnight		
9/2			Close <sup>g</sup>		
9/3			Open 9am		
9/4			Close 8pm		
9/5			Close <sup>g</sup>		
9/6			Open 5am <sup>l</sup>		

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*Note:* Shaded areas indicate windowed fishery closures or around commercial openings, outlined shaded days were closed to protect the first and second pulses of Chinook salmon. Mesh size was restricted to 7.5-inch or less in all districts and subdistricts in 2011.

- <sup>a</sup> The Coastal District was split for management purposes based on which mouths various salmon species were entering the delta.
- <sup>b</sup> The portion of the Coastal District from the Naskonat Peninsula north to 62 degrees North latitude, including communities of Chevak, Hooper Bay, and Scammon Bay.
- <sup>c</sup> The portion of the Coastal District from 62 degrees North latitude to Point Romanoff and 3 miles offshore.
- <sup>d</sup> The Innoko River remained open to subsistence fishing 24 hours a day, 7 days per week for the entire season.
- <sup>e</sup> Commercial opening concurrent with subsistence opening.
- <sup>f</sup> Commercial opening restricted to 6" mesh.
- <sup>g</sup> Commercial opening during a subsistence closure. In Districts 1 and 2, subsistence fishing is typically closed before, during, and after a commercial opening. Subsistence closures before and after commercial openings ranged from zero to 18 hours by emergency orders.
- <sup>h</sup> Commercial opening restricted to South Mouth of District 1.
- <sup>i</sup> Commercial opening restricted to the lower portion of District 2 from the Districts 1 and 2 boundary to below the confluence of the Andreafsky River.
- <sup>j</sup> Commercial opening restricted to a lower portion of District 2 from the Districts 1 and 2 boundary to downriver of the slough at the community of Pilot Station.
- <sup>k</sup> Coastal Set Net Only Area opened to commercial fishing and closed to subsistence fishing three hours earlier than the rest of District 1 to correspond more closely with tides. Subsistence fishing closed for 12 hours before, during and after commercial openings.
- <sup>l</sup> District 1 remained open for subsistence fishing 24 hours a day, seven days a week except for a closure from 9 pm September 9 to 6 am September 10 around a commercial opening.

Appendix A8.–Subsistence salmon fishing closures and gear restrictions, Upper Yukon Area, 2011.

	Subdistrict 4-A <sup>a</sup>		Sub 4-B / 4-C	5-A/5-B / 5-C	Subdistrict 5-D <sup>b</sup>		
	Lower	Upper			Lower <sup>c</sup>	Middle <sup>d</sup>	Upper <sup>e</sup>
6/13	Open	Open	Open	Open	Open	Open	Open
6/14	24 Hours/day	24 Hours/day	24 Hours/day	24 Hours/day	24 Hours/day	24 Hours/day	24 Hours/day
6/15	7 Days/week	7 Days/week	7 Days/week	7 Days/week	7 Days/week	7 Days/week	7 Days/week
6/16							
6/17	Close 6pm	Close 6pm					
6/18	Closed	Closed					
6/19	Open 6pm	Open 6pm	Open	Open	Open	Open	Open
6/20	Open	Open	24 Hours/day	24 Hours/day	24 Hours/day	24 Hours/day	24 Hours/day
6/21	Close 6pm	Close 6pm	7 Days/week	7 Days/week	7 Days/week	7 Days/week	7 Days/week
6/22	Closed	Open 6pm					
6/23	Closed	Open					
6/24	Closed	Close 6pm	Close 6pm	Open	Open	Open	Open
6/25	Closed	Closed	Closed	24 Hours/day	24 Hours/day	24 Hours/day	24 Hours/day
6/26	Open 6pm	Close 6pm	Open 6pm	7 Days/week	7 Days/week	7 Days/week	7 Days/week
6/27	Open	Close 6pm	Open				
6/28	Close 6pm	Close 6pm	Close 6pm				
6/29	Closed	Open 6pm	Close 6pm	Close 6pm	Open	Open	Open
6/30	Closed	Open	Close 6pm	Closed	24 Hours/day	24 Hours/day	24 Hours/day
7/1	Closed	Close 6pm	Close 6pm	Closed	7 Days/week	7 Days/week	7 Days/week
7/2	Closed	Close 6pm	Close 6pm	Closed			
7/3	Open 6pm	Close 6pm	Open 6pm	Close 6pm	Close 6pm	Open	Open
7/4	Open	Close 6pm	Open	Open 6pm	Closed	24 Hours/day	24 Hours/day
7/5	Close 6pm	Close 6pm	Close 6pm	Open	Closed	7 Days/week	7 Days/week
7/6	Open 6pm	Open 6am <sup>f</sup>	Close 6pm	Close 12pm	Closed		
7/7	Open	Open	Close 6pm	Closed	Closed	Close 6pm	Open
7/8	Close 6pm	Close 6pm	Close 6pm	Closed	Open 6pm	Closed	24 Hours/day
7/9	Closed	Closed	Close 6pm	Closed	Open	Closed	7 Days/week
7/10	Open 6pm	Open 6pm	Open 6pm	Closed	Open	Closed	
7/11	Open	Open	Open	Open 6pm	Close 6pm	Closed	
7/12	Close 6pm	Close 6pm	Close 6pm	Open	Closed	Open 6pm	Close 6pm
7/13	Open 6pm	Open 6pm	Open 6pm	Close 6pm	Closed	Open	Closed
7/14	Open	Open	Open	Close 6pm	Closed	Close 6pm	Closed
7/15	Close 6pm	Close 6pm	Close 6pm	Open 6pm	Open 6am	Closed	Closed
7/16	Closed	Closed	Closed	Open		Closed	Closed
7/17	Open 6pm	Open 6pm	Open 6pm	Close 6pm	Open	Open 6pm	Open 6pm
7/18	Open	Open	Open	Closed	24 Hours/day	Open	Open
7/19	Close 6pm	Close 6pm	Close 6pm	Open 6pm	7 Days/week		Close 6pm
7/20	Open 6pm	Open 6pm	Open 6pm	Open		Open	Closed
7/21	Open	Open	Open	Close 6pm			Closed
7/22	Close 6pm	Close 6pm	Close 6pm	Open 6pm	Open	Open	Closed
7/23	Closed	Closed	Closed	Open	24 Hours/day	Close 6pm	Closed
7/24	Open 6pm	Open 6pm	Open 6pm	Close 6pm	7 Days/week	Closed	Open 6 pm
7/25	Open	Open	Open	Closed		Closed	Close 6pm
7/26	Close 6pm	Close 6pm	Close 6pm	Open 6pm		Closed	Closed
7/27	Open 6pm	Open 6pm	Open 6pm	Open	Open	Open 6pm	Closed
7/28	Open	Close 6pm	Open	Close 6pm	24 Hours/day		Closed
7/29		Closed	Close 6pm	Open 6pm	7 Days/week		Open 6pm <sup>g</sup>

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	Subdistrict 4-A <sup>a</sup>		Sub 4-B / 4-C	5-A/5-B / 5-C	Subdistrict 5-D <sup>b</sup>		
	Lower	Upper			Lower <sup>c</sup>	Middle <sup>d</sup>	Upper <sup>e</sup>
7/30	Open	Open 6pm	Closed	Open	Open	Open	Open
7/31	Close 6pm	Close 6pm	Open 6pm	Close 6pm	24 Hours/day	24 Hours/day	24 Hours/day
8/1				Closed	7 Days/week	7 Days/week	7 Days/week
8/2	Open 6pm	Open 6pm	Open	Open 6pm			
8/3				Open			
8/4	Open	Open	Open	Close 6pm	Open	Open	Open
8/5			Close 6pm	Open 6pm <sup>h</sup>	24 Hours/day	24 Hours/day	24 Hours/day
8/6	Open	Open		Open <sup>h</sup>	7 Days/week	7 Days/week	7 Days/week
8/7	Close 6pm	Close 6pm	Open 6pm	Close 6pm			
8/8				Closed			
8/9	Open 6pm	Open 6pm	Open	Open 6pm <sup>h</sup>			
8/10				Open <sup>h</sup>			
8/11	Open	Open	Open	Open <sup>h</sup>			
8/12			Close 6pm	Open <sup>h</sup>			
8/13	Open	Open		Open <sup>h</sup>			
8/14	Close 6pm	Close 6pm	Open 6pm	Close 6pm			
8/15				Closed	Open	Open	Open
8/16	Open 6pm	Open 6pm	Open	Open 6pm <sup>h</sup>	24 Hours/day	24 Hours/day	24 Hours/day
8/17				Open <sup>h</sup>	7 Days/week	7 Days/week	7 Days/week
8/18	Open	Open	Open	Open <sup>h</sup>			
8/19			Close 6pm	Open <sup>h</sup>			
8/20	Open	Open		Open <sup>h</sup>			
8/21	Close 6pm	Close 6pm	Open 6pm	Close 6pm			
8/22				Closed			
8/23	Open 6pm	Open 6pm	Open	Open 6pm			
8/24							
8/25	Open	Open	Open	Open			
8/26			Close 6pm				
8/27	Open	Open		Open			
8/28	Close 6pm	Close 6pm	Open 6pm	Close 6pm			
8/29				Closed			
8/30	Open 6pm	Open 6pm	Open	Open 6pm			
8/31							
9/1	Open	Open	Open	Open			
9/2	24 Hours/day	24 Hours/day	24 Hours/day				
9/3	7 Days/week	7 Days/week	7 Days/week	Open	Open	Open	Open
9/4				Close 6pm	24 Hours/day	24 Hours/day	24 Hours/day
9/5	Open	Open	Open	Closed	7 Days/week	7 Days/week	7 Days/week
9/6	24 Hours/day	24 Hours/day	24 Hours/day	Open 6pm			
9/7	7 Days/week	7 Days/week	7 Days/week				
9/8				Open			
9/9	Open	Open	Open				
9/10	24 Hours/day	24 Hours/day	24 Hours/day	Open			
9/11	7 Days/week	7 Days/week	7 Days/week	Close 6pm			
9/12				Closed			
9/13	Open	Open	Open	Open 6pm	Open	Open	Open
9/14	24 Hours/day	24 Hours/day	24 Hours/day	Open 24 Hours/day	24 Hours/day	24 Hours/day	24 Hours/day
9/15	7 Days/week	7 Days/week	7 Days/week	7 Days/week	7 Days/week	7 Days/week	7 Days/week

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*Note:* Shaded areas indicate windowed fishery closures, outlined shaded days were closed to protect the first and second pulses of Chinook salmon. Unless noted, mesh size was restricted to 7.5 inch or less in all districts and subdistricts in 2011. Other upper Yukon River areas remained on their regulatory schedules; the Koyukuk River remained open seven days per week, the Old Minto Area was open for one five-day per week period from 6pm Fridays until 6pm Wednesdays, District 6 (Tanana River) was open for two 42-hour periods per week from 6pm Monday until 12 noon Wednesdays, and from 6pm Fridays until 12 noon Sundays. Subsistence and commercial openings can be concurrent in these areas. Six commercial periods occurred in District 6 and were held concurrently with subsistence openings. Personal use fishing within one-half mile of the mouth of the Chena River was closed from July 22 to August 12.

- <sup>a</sup> Subdistrict 4-A was divided into two separate areas above and below Stink Creek to protect the first pulse of Chinook salmon as it passed through this long section of river.
- <sup>b</sup> Subdistrict 5-D was divided into three separate areas to protect the first pulse of Chinook salmon as it passed through this long section of river.
- <sup>c</sup> Subdistrict 5-D Lower: from the ADF&G marker two miles downstream of Waldron Creek upstream to the Hadweenzic River.
- <sup>d</sup> Subdistrict 5-D Middle: from the Hadweenzic River upstream to 22 Mile Slough.
- <sup>e</sup> Subdistrict 5-D Upper: from 22 Mile Slough to the U.S./Canada border.
- <sup>f</sup> Subsistence fishing open for an extra 12 hours in addition to normal schedule in the upper portion of Subdistrict 4-A.
- <sup>g</sup> The Upper portion of Subdistrict 5-D was further divided. Subsistence fishing upstream of the Charlie River to the U.S./Canada Border was closed for an additional three days.
- <sup>h</sup> Commercial fishing during the fall season was open concurrently with subsistence and only in Subdistricts 5-B and 5-C to harvest up river stocks.



## **APPENDIX B. HISTORICAL INFORMATION**

Appendix B1.—Chinook salmon subsistence harvest totals by fishing district and community of residence, as estimated from postseason survey, returned permits and test fishery projects, Yukon Area, 2001–2011.

Community	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2001-2005 2006-2010	
												Average	Average
Hooper Bay	2,150	282	722	1,042	157	376	430	388	183	584	252	871	392
Scammon Bay	732	840	1,128	996	691	507	768	1,104	722	716	517	877	763
Coastal District Total	2,882	1,122	1,850	2,038	848	883	1,198	1,492	905	1,300	769	1,748	1,156
Nunam Iqua	550	393	925	647	338	371	907	163	200	404	250	571	409
Alakanuk	973	1,773	1,707	1,317	860	690	1,257	1,238	634	944	1,464	1,326	953
Emmonak	2,473	1,751	2,763	2,768	1,730	2,311	2,326	2,696	1,634	2,194	2,172	2,297	2,232
Kotlik	3,093	1,686	937	1,148	2,130	1,750	1,569	2,066	1,657	2,314	2,369	1,799	1,871
District 1 Subtotal	7,089	5,603	6,332	5,880	5,058	5,122	6,059	6,163	4,125	5,856	6,255	5,992	5,465
Mountain Village	1,864	1,523	2,174	2,362	2,383	1,659	2,077	1,645	1,482	1,601	2,063	2,061	1,693
Pitkas Point	651	566	633	609	618	274	320	544	265	580	246	615	397
St. Mary's	3,815	2,045	1,916	2,357	2,693	2,233	3,573	1,756	1,929	2,800	1,734	2,565	2,458
Pilot Station	2,614	2,530	2,886	2,406	1,658	1,976	2,028	1,597	1,258	1,585	1,340	2,419	1,689
Marshall	4,498	2,290	2,059	1,990	1,804	1,897	2,555	3,284	1,201	2,110	2,686	2,528	2,209
District 2 Subtotal	13,442	8,954	9,668	9,724	9,156	8,039	10,553	8,826	6,135	8,676	8,069	10,189	8,446
Russian Mission	3,428	1,887	2,057	2,337	1,894	1,851	1,301	2,949	978	924	1,550	2,321	1,601
Holy Cross	2,711	1,813	2,395	1,993	2,817	3,165	2,902	2,509	1,745	3,098	2,231	2,346	2,684
Shageluk	222	439	550	418	420	358	448	397	201	277	353	410	336
District 3 Subtotal	6,361	4,139	5,002	4,748	5,131	5,374	4,651	5,855	2,924	4,299	4,134	5,076	4,621
Lower Yukon River Total	26,892	18,696	21,002	20,352	19,345	18,535	21,263	20,844	13,184	18,831	18,458	21,257	18,531
Anvik	608	708	1,286	1,588	1,206	958	1,321	1,433	796	1,069	1,052	1,079	1,115
Grayling	1,077	2,249	1,613	1,869	1,878	1,702	1,500	1,761	1,133	2,122	1,374	1,737	1,644
Kaltag	1,506	1,435	1,838	1,656	3,367	2,833	1,456	2,403	1,970	3,191	2,488	1,960	2,371
Nulato	2,127	1,773	2,531	5,199	2,749	2,707	2,431	1,250	1,551	2,989	1,538	2,876	2,186
Koyukuk	449	323	860	400	396	835	811	513	982	867	1,349	486	802
Galena	1,755	1,522	3,112	3,296	2,864	2,380	2,511	2,232	1,370	1,357	1,434	2,510	1,970
Ruby/Kokrines	2,033	954	631	1,620	1,193	304	1,594	637	542	1,102	482	1,286	836
District 4 Subtotal	9,555	8,964	11,871	15,628	13,653	11,719	11,624	10,229	8,344	12,697	9,717	11,934	10,923
Huslia	377	222	469	285	207	258	146	255	969	65	121	312	339
Hughes	144	67	113	291	33	8	8	61	101	63	10	130	48
Allakaket	76	200	306	65	68	23	53	58	90	63	42	143	57
Alatna	0	3	12	0	0	14	0	16	10	0	3	3	8
Bettles	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Koyukuk River Subtotal	597	492	900	641	311	303	207	390	1,170	191	176	588	452
District 4 Total (Incl. Koyukuk R.)	10,152	9,456	12,771	16,269	13,964	12,022	11,831	10,619	9,514	12,888	9,893	12,522	11,375

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Community	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2001-2005 2006-2010	
												Average	Average
Tanana	4,112	2,379	5,332	2,689	3,729	3,794	5,498	3,981	2,950	3,215	2,936	3,648	3,888
Rampart <sup>a</sup>	1,857	852	1,411	287	411	429	250	136	528	262	201	964	321
Fairbanks <sup>b</sup>	1,125	1,767	1,932	1,997	2,584	2,184	2,510	1,898	1,509	1,670	2,186	1,881	1,954
Stevens Village	1,111	1,334	1,121	2,394	1,570	1,245	610	753	405	469	415	1,506	696
Birch Creek	0	67	78	82	131	174	113	32	15	73	49	72	81
Beaver	1,368	702	1,156	858	957	830	1,244	546	516	198	356	1,008	667
Fort Yukon	2,361	2,348	4,004	4,430	3,591	3,144	4,076	1,991	846	1,683	2,472	3,347	2,348
Circle	447	1,533	895	565	1,283	694	1,057	519	372	324	297	945	593
Central	84	58	144	83	175	130	334	48	167	90	66	109	154
Eagle	1,033	1,910	2,081	1,512	2,566	2,303	1,999	1,068	446	867	728	1,820	1,337
Other <sup>c</sup>	40	348	862	357	315	330	472	362	541	779	777	384	497
District 5 Subtotal (Excluding Chandalar and Black Rivers)	13,538	13,298	19,016	15,254	17,312	15,257	18,163	11,334	8,295	9,630	10,483	15,684	12,536
Venetie	28	77	125	352	59	667	1,002	292	622	767	10	128	670
Chalkyitsik	0	26	50	60	53	0	0	0	0	0	0	38	0
Chandalar/Black River Subtotal	28	103	175	412	112	667	1,002	292	622	767	10	166	670
District 5 Total	13,566	13,401	19,191	15,666	17,424	15,924	19,165	11,626	8,917	10,397	10,493	15,850	13,206
Manley	534	336	213	239	289	361	333	106	345	337	287	322	296
Minto	197	19	317	35	35	31	82	12	0	43	61	121	34
Nenana	1,405	509	1,193	633	533	712	893	322	458	658	681	855	609
Fairbanks <sup>d</sup>	191	159	392	449	971	125	409	108	396	91	330	432	226
Other <sup>e</sup>	0	44	30	32	0	0	0	57	86	14	8	21	31
District 6 Tanana R. Total	2,327	1,067	2,145	1,388	1,828	1,229	1,717	605	1,285	1,143	1,367	1,751	1,196
Upper Yukon River Total	26,045	23,924	34,107	33,323	33,216	29,175	32,713	22,850	19,716	24,428	21,753	30,123	25,776
Alaska, Yukon River Total <sup>f</sup>	52,937	42,620	55,109	53,675	52,561	47,710	53,976	43,694	32,900	43,259	40,211	51,380	44,308
Alaska, Yukon Area Total	55,819	43,742	56,959	55,713	53,409	48,593	55,174	45,186	33,805	44,559	40,980	53,128	45,463

Note: Does not include harvests from personal use permits.

<sup>a</sup> Rampart area harvest as reported from subsistence fishing permits. Subsistence surveys were conducted 2001–2003 and permits were used 2004 to present.

<sup>b</sup> Harvests by Fairbanks subsistence permit holders who fished in District 5 near the Yukon River bridge crossing.

<sup>c</sup> Other permit holders who fished in District 5 but did not reside in the communities listed.

<sup>d</sup> Harvest by Fairbanks subsistence permit holders who fished in the Tanana River.

<sup>e</sup> Other permit holders who fished in District 6 but did not reside in the communities listed.

<sup>f</sup> Does not include the Coastal District for use in U.S./Canada negotiations.

Appendix B2.–Summer chum salmon subsistence harvest totals by fishing district and community of residence, as estimated from postseason survey, returned permits and test fishery projects, Yukon Area, 2001–2011.

Community	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2001-2005 2006-2010	
												Average	Average
Hooper Bay	12,593	9,780	10,658	3,242	9,771	19,468	12,234	12,007	9,195	17,020	13,460	9,209	13,985
Scammon Bay	1,323	5,016	3,310	5,020	4,586	4,703	3,887	6,113	3,602	5,405	4,845	3,851	4,742
Coastal District Total	13,916	14,796	13,968	8,262	14,357	24,171	16,121	18,120	12,797	22,425	18,305	13,060	18,727
Nunam Iqua	1,942	1,897	2,561	2,698	2,794	2,903	2,325	1,949	2,280	2,267	2,077	2,378	2,345
Alakanuk	5,992	7,637	5,287	6,555	5,687	7,790	7,611	6,881	5,152	7,722	7,447	6,232	7,031
Emmonak	8,242	8,458	7,644	8,618	12,594	11,899	9,256	9,646	9,038	10,918	12,468	9,111	10,151
Kotlik	6,595	6,115	4,209	2,749	6,620	5,289	5,017	4,291	7,528	4,265	6,598	5,258	5,278
District 1 Subtotal	22,771	24,107	19,701	20,620	27,695	27,881	24,209	22,767	23,998	25,172	28,590	22,979	24,805
Mountain Village	8,484	6,657	6,497	10,676	8,861	13,119	8,104	7,559	7,204	7,071	9,355	8,235	8,611
Pitkas Point	862	639	800	717	1,023	680	515	1,246	994	633	585	808	814
St. Mary's	10,026	7,284	4,521	6,994	6,877	7,394	8,107	6,451	5,831	7,443	6,760	7,140	7,045
Pilot Station	5,329	6,490	4,163	5,779	4,333	6,070	3,711	6,012	4,888	6,196	4,182	5,219	5,375
Marshall	1,602	2,484	792	1,765	3,183	4,392	3,070	3,023	2,172	2,395	3,810	1,965	3,010
District 2 Subtotal	26,303	23,554	16,773	25,931	24,277	31,655	23,507	24,291	21,089	23,738	24,692	23,368	24,856
Russian Mission	165	395	171	884	925	1,328	759	2,400	849	528	1,225	508	1,173
Holy Cross	460	155	214	276	760	825	320	441	194	463	363	373	449
Shageluk	684	1,956	5,473	1,798	4,081	1,381	977	130	103	350	1,145	2,798	588
District 3 Subtotal	1,309	2,506	5,858	2,958	5,766	3,534	2,056	2,971	1,146	1,341	2,733	3,679	2,210
Lower Yukon River Total	50,383	50,167	42,332	49,509	57,738	63,070	49,772	50,029	46,233	50,251	56,015	50,026	51,871
Anvik	94	1,089	844	248	529	387	5,250	340	277	451	220	561	1,341
Grayling	92	1,311	1,072	1,129	783	644	641	660	1,429	1,612	838	877	997
Kaltag	10	234	1,028	213	680	159	109	916	50	102	163	433	267
Nulato	208	269	180	198	634	838	356	468	133	416	246	298	442
Koyukuk	118	426	1,339	329	537	394	995	1,104	1,378	352	890	550	845
Galena	53	712	289	782	1,013	1,205	571	758	1,718	1,702	3,414	570	1,191
Ruby/Kokrines	1,025	1,406	876	2,010	967	1,714	416	655	603	1,971	775	1,257	1,072
District 4 Subtotal	1,600	5,447	5,628	4,909	5,143	5,341	8,338	4,901	5,588	6,606	6,546	4,545	6,155
Huslia	833	3,178	6,187	3,844	2,433	1,122	3,243	4,377	2,554	1,349	3,166	3,295	2,529
Hughes	551	1,089	1,265	3,823	2,230	3,254	1,213	944	1,723	878	954	1,792	1,602
Allakaket	1,604	6,242	4,383	2,367	2,535	5,170	3,451	3,229	4,924	2,864	2,368	3,426	3,928
Alatna	0	15	50	16	5	110	11	66	163	23	132	17	75
Bettles	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	6	0	0	1	1
Koyukuk River Subtotal	2,988	10,524	11,885	10,050	7,207	9,656	7,918	8,616	9,370	5,114	6,620	8,531	8,135
District 4 Total(Incl. Koyukuk R)	4,588	15,971	17,513	14,959	12,350	14,997	16,256	13,517	14,958	11,720	13,166	13,076	14,290

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Community	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2001-2005	2006-2010
												Average	Average
Tanana	1,407	3,321	3,075	1,490	4,832	5,474	5,229	2,877	4,665	1,856	4,381	2,825	4,020
Rampart <sup>a</sup>	0	14	9	103	315	135	25	27	112	161	67	88	92
Fairbanks <sup>b</sup>	165	295	89	280	780	1,341	564	119	44	427	688	322	499
Stevens Village	0	12	0	108	442	972	254	163	6	28	43	112	285
Beaver	328	77	7	2	68	117	41	27	22	22	393	96	46
Fort Yukon	289	1,832	2,176	1,187	67	2,165	2,365	230	275	722	1,297	1,110	1,151
Circle	6	5	85	52	3	58	200	5	0	37	48	30	60
Central	0	0	0	0	5	2	0	0	2	0	0	1	1
Eagle	555	24	104	171	235	974	15	14	0	25	2	218	206
Other <sup>c</sup>	0	17	0	3	53	117	81	25	29	144	790	15	79
District 5 Subtotal (Excluding Chandalar and Black Rivers)	2,750	5,597	5,545	3,396	6,800	11,355	8,774	3,487	5,155	3,422	7,709	4,818	6,439
Venetie	106	13	0	15	0	475	107	50	143	0	0	27	155
Chalkyitsik	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	133	0	0	27
Chandalar/Black River Subtotal	106	13	0	15	0	475	107	50	143	133	0	27	182
District 5 Total	2,856	5,610	5,545	3,411	6,800	11,830	8,881	3,537	5,298	3,555	7,709	4,844	6,620
Manley	338	93	65	296	163	89	140	144	367	102	142	191	168
Minto	19	10	625	7	21	460	82	9	1	8	27	136	112
Nenana	19	360	2,193	1,171	1,771	388	1,419	753	506	83	471	1,103	630
Fairbanks <sup>d</sup>	36	47	31	308	45	73	255	94	372	183	185	93	195
Other <sup>e</sup>	0	2	0	11	14	0	0	311	7	46	0	5	73
District 6 Tanana R. Total	412	512	2,914	1,793	2,014	1,010	1,896	1,311	1,253	422	825	1,529	1,178
Upper Yukon River Total	7,856	22,093	25,972	20,163	21,164	27,837	27,033	18,365	21,509	15,697	21,700	19,450	22,088
Alaska, Yukon River Total <sup>f</sup>	58,239	72,260	68,304	69,672	78,902	90,907	76,805	68,394	67,742	65,948	77,715	69,475	73,959
Alaska, Yukon Area Total	72,155	87,056	82,272	77,934	93,259	115,078	92,926	86,514	80,539	88,373	96,020	82,535	92,686

Note: Does not include harvest from personal use permits.

<sup>a</sup> Rampart area harvest as reported from subsistence fishing permits established by the Board of Fisheries (BOF) in 2004. Subsistence surveys were conducted 2001–2003 and permits were used 2004 to present.

<sup>b</sup> Harvests by Fairbanks subsistence permit holders who fished in District 5 near the Yukon River bridge crossing.

<sup>c</sup> Other permit holders who fished in District 5 but did not reside in the communities listed.

<sup>d</sup> Harvests by Fairbanks subsistence permit holders who fished in the Tanana River.

<sup>e</sup> Other permit holders who fished in District 6 but did not reside in the communities listed.

<sup>f</sup> Does not include the Coastal District for use in U.S./Canada negotiations.

Appendix B3.—Fall chum salmon subsistence harvest totals by fishing district and community of residence, as estimated from postseason survey, returned permits and test fishery projects, Yukon Area, 2001–2011.

Community	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2001-2005 2006-2010	
												Average	Average
Hooper Bay	364	44	40	264	1	146	64	329	41	116	267	143	139
Scammon Bay	195	240	106	56	69	41	170	57	117	70	48	133	91
Coastal District Total	559	284	146	320	70	187	234	386	158	186	315	276	230
Nunam Iqua	176	284	127	49	310	735	152	59	41	143	51	189	226
Alakanuk	1,032	222	348	953	627	624	1,348	423	116	860	881	636	674
Emmonak	1,272	1,261	1,257	785	1,436	2,056	2,360	1,670	1,589	1,718	1,540	1,202	1,879
Kotlik	957	114	407	280	516	487	530	671	171	481	962	455	468
District 1 Subtotal	3,437	1,881	2,139	2,067	2,889	3,902	4,390	2,823	1,917	3,202	3,434	2,483	3,247
Mountain Village	470	478	873	918	1,290	2,398	1,073	926	926	133	800	806	1,091
Pitkas Point	34	16	49	0	6	5	44	101	76	10	30	21	47
St. Mary's	227	103	762	104	490	417	825	830	106	387	611	337	513
Pilot Station	1,522	680	823	1,108	838	785	741	917	265	833	575	994	708
Marshall	1,003	341	394	291	633	410	789	748	190	56	562	532	439
District 2 Subtotal	3,256	1,618	2,901	2,421	3,257	4,015	3,472	3,522	1,563	1,419	2,578	2,691	2,798
Russian Mission	76	164	615	172	667	251	530	578	205	104	11	339	334
Holy Cross	624	0	9	76	582	224	248	920	627	21	94	258	408
Shageluk	0	0	114	50	55	5	147	323	105	1,200	249	44	356
District 3 Subtotal	700	164	738	298	1,304	480	925	1,821	937	1,325	354	641	1,098
Lower Yukon River Total	7,393	3,663	5,778	4,786	7,450	8,397	8,787	8,166	4,417	5,946	6,366	5,814	7,143
Anvik	29	401	179	398	497	118	429	317	176	169	202	301	242
Grayling	314	52	441	267	1,009	691	317	1,012	490	202	1,152	417	542
Kaltag	607	314	725	687	1,089	823	910	620	200	658	196	684	642
Nulato	151	0	1,341	1,246	421	751	1,345	729	552	1,049	652	632	885
Koyukuk	517	255	835	344	803	1,147	927	1,177	578	792	1,388	551	924
Galena	420	349	1,510	1,587	2,695	1,632	1,471	1,364	4,306	1,968	2,739	1,312	2,148
Ruby/Kokrines	581	78	2,331	1,064	559	227	1,959	657	134	1,026	592	923	801
District 4 Subtotal	2,619	1,449	7,362	5,593	7,073	5,389	7,358	5,876	6,436	5,864	6,921	4,819	6,185
Huslia	683	0	1,786	1,139	1,614	313	272	64	86	403	183	1,044	228
Hughes	0	0	497	97	111	240	0	127	288	0	64	141	131
Allakaket	50	100	105	968	557	393	939	1,345	572	521	92	356	754
Alatna	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	0	0	0	0	0	1
Bettles	0	0	0	0	50	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	0
Koyukuk River Subtotal	733	100	2,388	2,204	2,332	946	1,218	1,536	946	924	339	1,551	1,114
District 4 Total (Incl. Koyukuk R.)	3,352	1,549	9,750	7,797	9,405	6,335	8,576	7,412	7,382	6,788	7,260	6,371	7,299

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Community	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2001-2005 Average	2006-2010 Average
Tanana	9,779	6,255	14,308	23,118	20,545	23,167	21,596	17,478	19,595	14,984	21,728	14,801	19,364
Rampart <sup>a</sup>	183	0	365	0	358	250	250	1,000	1,000	735	340	181	647
Fairbanks <sup>b</sup>	0	0	105	43	1,682	5,269	2,126	659	229	822	1,696	366	1,821
Stevens Village	20	0	857	1,080	246	50	199	643	770	2,706	911	441	874
Beaver	21	1	192	48	179	0	354	13	120	37	122	88	105
Ft. Yukon	2,209	3,523	7,963	7,302	8,088	5,178	8,264	14,252	2,829	6,006	7,188	5,817	7,306
Circle	2,588	74	499	1,022	918	664	1,286	3,198	110	927	299	1,020	1,237
Central	0	0	0	0	36	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	0
Eagle	2,714	339	2,871	5,482	17,356	16,801	18,676	15,269	10,941	15,008	17,455	5,752	15,339
Other <sup>c</sup>	0	100	0	13	117	44	46	3,183	71	120	208	46	693
District 5 Subtotal (Excluding Chandalar and Black Rivers)	17,514	10,292	27,160	38,108	49,525	51,423	52,797	55,695	35,665	41,345	49,947	28,520	47,385
Venetie	3,286	680	770	2,083	1,801	520	721	1,563	2,373	2,989	1,938	1,724	1,633
Chalkyitsik	73	4	340	479	337	215	213	0	45	0	0	247	95
Chandalar/Black River Subtotal	3,359	684	1,110	2,562	2,138	735	934	1,563	2,418	2,989	1,938	1,971	1,728
District 5 Total	20,873	10,976	28,270	40,670	51,663	52,158	53,731	57,258	38,083	44,334	51,885	30,490	49,113
Manley	1,230	947	1,303	1,504	2,985	3,374	3,419	2,490	4,126	2,696	2,333	1,594	3,221
Minto	251	100	675	0	600	242	155	28	0	70	1,500	325	99
Nenana	999	1,070	7,802	5,367	10,594	10,530	21,863	6,585	7,623	6,802	5,268	5,166	10,681
Fairbanks <sup>d</sup>	191	229	1,949	1,024	6,691	1,311	3,325	340	3,460	678	4,317	2,017	1,823
Other <sup>e</sup>	855	856	1,257	1,058	2,076	1,468	1,131	6,692	870	1,145	958	1,220	2,261
District 6 Tanana R. Total	3,526	3,202	12,986	8,953	22,946	16,925	29,893	16,135	16,079	11,391	14,376	10,323	18,085
Upper Yukon River Total	27,751	15,727	51,006	57,420	84,014	75,418	92,200	80,805	61,544	62,513	73,521	47,184	74,496
Alaska, Yukon River Total <sup>f</sup>	35,144	19,390	56,784	62,206	91,464	83,815	100,987	88,971	65,961	68,459	79,887	52,998	81,639
Alaska, Yukon Area Total	35,703	19,674	56,930	62,526	91,534	84,002	101,221	89,357	66,119	68,645	80,202	53,273	81,869

Note: Does not include harvest from personal use permits.

<sup>a</sup> Rampart area harvest as reported from subsistence fishing permits established by the Board of Fisheries (BOF) in 2004. Subsistence surveys were conducted 2001–2003 and permits were used 2004 to present.

<sup>b</sup> Harvests by Fairbanks subsistence permit holders who fished in District 5 near the Yukon River bridge crossing.

<sup>c</sup> Other permit holders who fished in District 5 but did not reside in the communities listed.

<sup>d</sup> Harvests by Fairbanks subsistence permit holders who fished in the Tanana River.

<sup>e</sup> Other permits holders who fished in District 6 but did not reside in the communities listed.

<sup>f</sup> Does not include the Coastal District for use in U.S./Canada negotiations.

Appendix B4.–Coho salmon subsistence harvest totals by fishing district and community of residence, as estimated from postseason survey, returned permits and test fishery projects, Yukon Area, 2001–2011.

Community	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2001-2005	2006-2010
												Average	Average
Hooper Bay	439	125	244	9	0	175	26	66	24	45	0	163	67
Scammon Bay	63	123	48	54	279	160	84	50	222	79	55	113	119
Coastal District Total	502	248	292	63	279	335	110	116	246	124	55	277	186
Nunam Iqua	32	56	117	79	241	392	92	24	71	73	23	105	130
Alakanuk	414	183	193	207	322	101	857	157	194	449	431	264	352
Emmonak	342	514	547	296	191	450	1,032	717	401	362	472	378	592
Kotlik	486	542	403	593	222	234	284	313	181	238	201	449	250
District 1 Subtotal	1,274	1,295	1,260	1,175	976	1,177	2,265	1,211	847	1,122	1,127	1,196	1,324
Mountain Village	423	361	745	521	246	1,856	1,027	518	413	127	261	459	788
Pitkas Point	112	47	130	0	30	16	38	130	45	116	37	64	69
St. Mary's	610	209	276	258	252	171	97	591	151	92	230	321	220
Pilot Station	222	230	371	296	241	225	263	268	203	189	145	272	230
Marshall	73	386	64	425	341	191	922	490	245	33	150	258	376
District 2 Subtotal	1,440	1,233	1,586	1,500	1,110	2,459	2,347	1,997	1,057	557	823	1,374	1,683
Russian Mission	0	115	178	151	133	19	259	372	96	300	0	115	209
Holy Cross	0	0	498	27	84	16	213	38	120	0	0	122	77
Shageluk	0	0	35	106	0	48	267	0	105	53	36	28	95
District 3 Subtotal	0	115	711	284	217	83	739	410	321	353	36	265	381
Lower Yukon River Total	2,714	2,643	3,557	2,959	2,303	3,719	5,351	3,618	2,225	2,032	1,986	2,835	3,389
Anvik	13	0	12	288	406	0	807	40	137	28	19	144	202
Grayling	144	30	559	233	234	224	271	25	318	132	119	240	194
Kaltag	533	212	463	138	307	106	204	45	40	0	258	331	79
Nulato	258	78	928	203	60	214	130	195	171	242	118	305	190
Koyukuk	80	249	1,155	166	37	330	189	84	198	254	137	337	211
Galena	142	169	1,507	1,307	607	137	425	558	2,353	549	1,013	746	804
Ruby/Kokrines	871	69	648	1,540	361	11	168	291	314	148	312	698	186
District 4 Subtotal	2,041	807	5,272	3,875	2,012	1,022	2,194	1,238	3,531	1,353	1,976	2,801	1,868
Huslia	83	60	375	764	734	105	592	100	323	289	70	403	282
Hughes	117	100	20	110	20	150	100	0	89	0	13	73	68
Allakaket	25	56	99	17	205	25	66	152	43	88	13	80	75
Alatna	0	0	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Bettles	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Koyukuk River Subtotal	225	216	501	891	959	280	758	252	455	377	96	558	424
District 4 Total (Incl. Koyukuk R.)	2,266	1,023	5,773	4,766	2,971	1,302	2,952	1,490	3,986	1,730	2,072	3,360	2,292

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Community	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2001-2005	2006-2010
												Average	Average
Tanana	6,675	2,032	3,480	1,049	1,616	3,619	2,369	1,511	2,373	2,314	312	2,970	2,437
Rampart <sup>a</sup>	0	0	0	0	10	0	50	0	0	24	0	2	15
Fairbanks <sup>b</sup>	11	0	120	91	10	79	26	7	13	2	2	46	25
Stevens Village	2	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	90	428	0	20	104
Beaver	0	17	0	0	0	0	354	6	0	1	0	3	72
Fort Yukon <sup>c</sup>	972	14	0	19	394	35	567	1,618	2	244	1,040	280	493
Circle	0	0	244	100	100	22	0	0	13	164	0	89	40
Central	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Eagle	0	1	0	14	15	0	0	0	0	1	1	6	0
Other <sup>c</sup>	0	0	25	0	13	0	0	61	7	0	0	8	14
District 5 Subtotal (Excluding Chandalar and Black Rivers)	7,660	2,064	3,869	1,373	2,159	3,755	3,366	3,203	2,498	3,178	1,355	3,425	3,200
Venetie	10	12	11	5	0	24	0	0	0	159	34	8	37
Chalkyitsik	4	0	7	45	0	0	0	0	0	267	0	11	53
Chandalar/Black River Subtotal	14	12	18	50	0	24	0	0	0	426	34	19	90
District 5 Total	7,674	2,076	3,887	1,423	2,159	3,779	3,366	3,203	2,498	3,604	1,389	3,444	3,290
Manley	2,637	1,617	886	1,384	2,510	1,671	1,126	1,901	2,308	1,832	1,482	1,807	1,768
Minto	0	250	423	5	0	14	155	0	0	0	0	136	34
Nenana	4,443	3,574	5,431	6,494	12,395	7,032	4,487	2,775	3,475	2,313	3,304	6,467	4,016
Fairbanks <sup>d</sup>	68	1,024	1,049	1,435	3,032	745	609	230	577	212	1,109	1,322	475
Other <sup>e</sup>	1,818	3,034	2,574	2,266	1,601	1,109	1,468	3,522	691	1,198	947	2,259	1,598
District 6 Tanana River Total	8,966	9,499	10,363	11,584	19,538	10,571	7,845	8,428	7,051	5,555	6,842	11,990	7,890
Upper Yukon Area Total	18,906	12,598	20,023	17,773	24,668	15,652	14,163	13,121	13,535	10,889	10,303	18,794	13,472
Alaska, Yukon River Total <sup>f</sup>	21,620	15,241	23,580	20,732	26,971	19,371	19,514	16,739	15,760	12,921	12,289	21,629	16,861
Alaska, Yukon Area Total	22,122	15,489	23,872	20,795	27,250	19,706	19,624	16,855	16,006	13,045	12,344	21,906	17,047

Note: Does not include harvest from personal use permits.

<sup>a</sup> Rampart area harvest as reported from subsistence fishing permits established by the Board of Fisheries (BOF) in 2004. Subsistence surveys were conducted 2001–2003 and permits were used 2004 to present.

<sup>b</sup> Harvests by Fairbanks subsistence permit holders who fished in District 5 near the Yukon River bridge crossing.

<sup>c</sup> Other permit holders who fished in District 5 but did not reside in the communities listed.

<sup>d</sup> Harvests by Fairbanks subsistence permit holders who fished in the Tanana River.

<sup>e</sup> Other permits holders who fished in District 6 but did not reside in the communities listed.

<sup>f</sup> Does not include the Coastal District for use in U.S./Canada negotiations.

Appendix B5.–Personal use salmon harvests taken under authority of a permit, Tanana River drainage, 2001–2011.

Year	Subdistrict 6-C Personal Use Salmon Fishery						
	Number of Permits Issued <sup>a</sup>	Number of Permits Returned <sup>a</sup>	Number Reporting Harvest <sup>a</sup>	Reported Harvest			
				Chinook	Summer Chum	Fall Chum	Coho
2001	54	51	24	122	146	10	34
2002	57	55	29	126	175	3	20
2003	67	67	32	204	148	394	549
2004	68	66	35	201	231	230	233
2005	63	59	27	138	152	133	107
2006	60	60	35	89	262	333	279
2007	65	63	32	136	184	173	135
2008	51	50	25	126	138	181	50
2009	57	57	22	127	308	78 <sup>b</sup>	70 <sup>b</sup>
2010	67	67	38	162	319	3,209 <sup>c</sup>	1,062
2011	67	64	33	89	439	347	232
5 Year Average							
2006-2010	60	59	30	128	242	795	319
10 Year Average							
2001-2010	61	60	30	143	206	474	254

*Note:* Salmon permits began in 1987 and are presented in the 2009 and earlier years of this annual report (Busher et al. 2009).

<sup>a</sup> Does not include personal use Tanana River whitefish/sucker permits.

<sup>b</sup> Harvest includes seven fall chum and five coho salmon incidentally harvested by a household with a personal use Tanana River whitefish/sucker permit.

<sup>c</sup> Harvest includes one fall chum salmon incidentally harvested by a household with a personal use Tanana River whitefish/sucker permit.

Appendix B6.—Subsistence salmon harvests taken under authority of a permit in portions of District 5, Yukon Area, 2001–2011.

Yukon River “Rampart Village” Area Subsistence Salmon Fishery <sup>a</sup>							
Year	Permits Issued	Permits Returned	Reporting Harvest	Reported Harvest			
				Chinook	Summer Chum	Fall Chum	Coho
2004	14	11	9	832	249	0	0
2005	22	19	17	1,721	663	2,023	10
2006	19	19	16	1,083	647	318	0
2007	23	19	15	1,744	495	2,050	50
2008	18	18	15	1,049	43	1,000	0
2009	25	24	20	1,404	159	1,070	4
2010	28	27	22	1,344	304	1,235	24
2011	29	29	24	1,586	429	768	1
5 Year Average 2006-2010	23	21	18	1,325	330	1,135	16
Yukon River “Bridge” Area Subsistence Salmon Fishery <sup>b</sup>							
Year	Permits Issued	Permits Returned	Reporting Harvest	Reported Harvest			
				Chinook	Summer Chum	Fall Chum	Coho
2001	65	62	38	1,819	176	0	13
2002	60	58	45	2,285	320	100	0
2003	86	80	62	2,670	89	104	145
2004	69	67	51	2,032	164	43	91
2005	76	72	57	1,847	643	17	9
2006	68	66	53	1,952	1,063	4,855	79
2007	85	80	51	1,707	177	626	26
2008	73	68	44	1,434	130	705	7
2009	68	66	38	1,248	28	996	106
2010	85	81	43	1,300	448	422	2
2011	74	73	43	1,552	1,139	1,828	1
5 Year Average 2006-2010	76	72	46	1,528	369	1,521	44
10 Year Average 2001-2010	74	70	48	1,829	324	787	48
Upper Yukon River “Circle-Eagle” Area Subsistence Salmon Fishery <sup>c</sup>							
Year	Permits Issued	Permits Returned	Reporting Harvest	Reported Harvest			
				Chinook	Summer Chum	Fall Chum	Coho
2001	98	93	33	1,688	561	5,322	0
2002	94	87	42	3,877	29	418	1
2003	95	85	58	3,406	189	3,374	0
2004	89	83	50	2,304	223	6,517	114
2005	89	81	55	4,004	241	18,427	130
2006	85	82	59	3,302	1,034	17,866	22
2007	78	71	51	3,548	218	20,005	0
2008 <sup>d</sup>	96	87	50	1,808	19	18,496	0
2009 <sup>d</sup>	73	70	34	1,092	2	11,051	13
2010 <sup>d</sup>	93	89	56	1,415	62	15,955	165
2011 <sup>d</sup>	87	85	49	1,138	51	17,851	1
5 Year Average 2006-2010	85	80	50	2,233	267	16,675	40
10 Year Average 2001-2010	89	83	49	2,644	258	11,743	45

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*Note:* Issuing permits began in 1974 and results prior to 2001 are presented in earlier years of this annual report (Busher et al. 2009). Permit harvest numbers from 2006 and 2007 are preliminary. A permit area was established in 2004 for the South Fork of the Koyukuk River drainage upstream from the mouth of the Jim River, and the Middle Fork of the Koyukuk River upstream from the mouth of the North Fork, but no salmon have been harvested from this permit area.

- <sup>a</sup> That portion of the Yukon River drainage from Garnet Island to Hess Creek. Permits were not required in this area until 2004 was a survey area associated with community of Rampart.
- <sup>b</sup> That portion of the Yukon River drainage from Hess Creek to Dall River.
- <sup>c</sup> That portion of the Yukon River drainage from the upstream mouth of Twenty-Two Mile Slough (downstream of Circle) to the U. S./Canada border.
- <sup>d</sup> Beginning in 2008, permits were issued for sub-area SEU to record harvest taken upriver of the Eagle sonar site. These duplicate permits issued to households using both areas were included in the permit numbers. From 2008 to 2011, the number of households fishing above the sonar has ranged from 13 to 20 households.

Appendix B7.—Subsistence salmon harvests taken under authority of a permit, Tanana River drainage, 2001–2011.

Subdistrict 6-A Subsistence Salmon Fishery							
Year	Number of Permits Issued	Number of Permits Returned	Number Reporting Harvest	Reported Harvest <sup>a</sup>			
				Chinook	Summer Chum	Fall Chum	Coho
2001	26	24	14	398	327	1,541	3,319
2002	24	23	20	542	101	1,341	2,246
2003	23	21	13	276	65	2,445	2,514
2004	23	23	12	339	308	2,148	2,004
2005	24	22	15	424	168	4,317	2,659
2006	24	24	18	503	114	3,694	2,283
2007	22	22	14	333	144	3,779	2,121
2008	38	35	19	115	241	2,583	2,002
2009	28	27	19	543	422	4,649	2,680
2010	26	26	14	361	106	3,176	1,986
2011	30	29	19	331	147	5,263	1,540
5 Year Average							
2006-2010	28	27	17	371	205	3,576	2,214
10 Year Average							
2001-2010	26	25	16	383	200	2,967	2,381

Subdistrict 6-B Subsistence Salmon Fishery							
Year	Number of Permits Issued	Number of Permits Returned	Number Reporting Harvest	Reported Harvest <sup>b</sup>			
				Chinook	Summer Chum	Fall Chum	Coho
2001 <sup>c</sup>	87	81	44	1,511	74	1,983	5,646
2002	62	60	25	525	711	2,193	8,032
2003	77	72	40	1,839	2,849	10,537	7,849
2004	60	56	30	1,049	1,485	6,805	9,580
2005 <sup>c</sup>	70	67	29	1,404	1,846	15,367	9,659
2006 <sup>c</sup>	78	76	42	423	896	13,053	7,899
2007 <sup>c</sup>	79	75	39	1,139	1,752	12,478	4,521
2008	73	71	35	486	854	7,815	4,009
2009 <sup>c</sup>	69	68	37	730	831	9,112	4,064
2010	93	85	32	583	316	7,625	3,429
2011	86	82	43	684	678	7,463	4,584
5 Year Average							
2006-2010	78	75	37	672	930	10,017	4,784
10 Year Average							
2001-2010	75	71	35	969	1,161	8,697	6,469

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Year	Upper Tanana River Drainage Subsistence Salmon Fishery						
	Number of Permits Issued	Number of Permits Returned	Number Reporting Harvest	Reported Harvest <sup>d</sup>			
				Chinook	Summer Chum	Fall Chum	Coho
2001	57	50	22	0	0	2	1
2002	32	31	16	0	0	25	0
2003	38	32	17	30	0	4	0
2004	35	30	14	0	0	0	0
2005	29	24	13	0	0	15	0
2006	23	22	17	0	0	10	0
2007	34	33	17	0	0	41	5
2008	58	50	19	0	0	17	6
2009	42	40	17	0	0	84	0
2010	41	34	19	10	0	12	0
2011	41	39	23	0	0	0	0
5 Year Average							
2006-2010	40	36	18	2	0	33	2
10 Year Average							
2001-2010	39	35	17	4	0	21	1

*Note:* Permits began in 1988 and are available in a previous report (Busher et al. 2009). Reported harvest is not expanded. Permit harvest numbers from 2006 and 2007 are preliminary.

- <sup>a</sup> That portion of the Tanana River drainage from confluence with Yukon River upstream to the upstream edge of the confluence with the Kantishna River. Includes salmon harvests reported on permits for the Kantishna River proper.
- <sup>b</sup> That portion of the Tanana River drainage upstream of the confluence of the Kantishna River to the upstream edge of the confluence of the Wood River.
- <sup>c</sup> Includes small numbers of salmon harvested and reported on the Tolovana River drainage (Subdistrict 6-B) subsistence pike permit, established in 1993.
- <sup>d</sup> That portion of the Tanana River drainage upstream of the mouth of the Volkmar River (including the Volkmar River) on the north bank and the Johnson River (including the Johnson River) on the south bank.

Appendix B8.—Estimated pink salmon subsistence harvest by residents of surveyed communities, with community and district totals, Yukon Area, 2001–2011.

Community	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	Estimated Total		
												Even Years Average	Odd Years Average	All Years Average
Hooper Bay	32	5,475	473	5,418	860	1,433	113	1,013	957	219	210	2,712	487	1,599
Scammon Bay	362	417	997	2,508	1,645	1,381	1,435	2,766	1,186	2,245	1,888	1,863	1,125	1,494
Coastal District	394	5,892	1,470	7,926	2,505	2,814	1,548	3,779	2,143	2,464	2,098	4,575	1,612	3,094
Nunam Iqua	0	10	5	32	132	555	170	757	61	306	8	332	74	203
Alakanuk	0	130	0	233	49	115	32	494	24	151	13	225	21	123
Emmonak	9	39	4	32	54	225	51	641	5	206	0	229	25	127
Kotlik	0	849	198	318	155	219	129	1,161	42	124	32	534	105	319
District 1	9	1,028	207	615	390	1,114	382	3,053	132	787	53	1,319	224	772
Mountain Village	0	745	117	891	78	616	87	500	6	217	24	594	58	326
Pitkas Point	0	35	0	0	2	44	66	15	0	143	0	47	14	30
St. Mary's	0	7	0	137	144	236	32	367	5	543	1	258	36	147
Pilot Station	0	22	0	5	0	1	0	34	3	22	0	17	1	9
Marshall	0	473	0	105	6	3	0	26	0	21	66	126	1	63
District 2	0	1,282	117	1,138	230	900	185	942	14	946	91	1,042	109	575
Russian Mission	0	0	0	6	0	8	3	436	0	2	0	90	1	46
Holy Cross	0	0	0	0	0	17	0	20	0	0	0	7	0	4
Shageluk	0	0	130	0	0	0	0	0	9	0	9	0	28	14
District 3	0	0	130	6	0	25	3	456	9	2	9	98	28	63
Anvik	0	0	240	0	0	0	0	23	2	0	0	5	48	27
Grayling	0	30	3	0	3	0	0	200	0	0	40	46	1	24
Kaltag	0	0	0	10	4	0	0	383	0	0	0	79	1	40
Nulato	0	50	0	0	0	1	0	35	0	0	0	17	0	9
Koyukuk	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	67	0	0	0	14	0	7
Galena	0	50	0	0	0	0	0	31	0	0	0	16	0	8
Ruby	0	87	0	2	0	0	0	184	0	0	0	55	0	27
Huslia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	20	0	10
Hughes	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Allakaket	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Alatna	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bettles	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
District 4	0	221	243	12	7	1	0	1,023	2	0	40	251	50	151

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Community	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	Estimated Total		
												Even Years Average	Odd Years Average	All Years Average
Tanana	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	80	0	0	0	16	0	8
Stevens Village	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Birch Creek	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Beaver	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fort Yukon	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	196	0	0	0	39	0	20
Venetie	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Chalkyitsik	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<i>District 5</i>	<i>0</i>	<i>276</i>	<i>0</i>	<i>0</i>	<i>0</i>	<i>55</i>	<i>0</i>	<i>28</i>						
Survey Totals	403	8,423	2,167	9,697	3,132	4,854	2,118	9,529	2,300	4,199	2,291	7,340	2,024	4,682
CI (95%)	416	4,091	964	2,829	1,521	990	739	1,818	1,184	1,209	918	-	-	-

Note: CI (95%) is the annual 95% confidence interval. Dashes indicate indefinable values. Averages do not include the current year.

Appendix B9.—Households with dogs, number of dogs, and salmon fed to dogs, as estimated in surveyed communities or reported in permit areas, Yukon Area, 2006–2011.

Districts Survey or Permit and Year	Number of Households with Dogs	Number of Dogs	Summer Chum Salmon Fed to Dogs	Fall Chum Salmon Fed to Dogs	Coho Salmon Fed to Dogs	Total Salmon Fed to Dogs
2006						
Coastal District Survey	197	397	0	37	63	100
District 1 Survey	272	457	270	147	0	417
District 2 Survey	294	612	373	355	318	1,046
District 3 Survey	109	288	95	95	0	190
District 4 Survey	426	1,251	9,885	1,298	77	11,260
District 5 Survey	238	1,257	7,664	23,607	3,236	34,507
District 5 Permit <sup>a, b</sup>	62	596	-	-	-	12,934
District 6 Permit <sup>b</sup>	140	1,027	-	-	-	15,194
Totals	1,738	5,885	18,287	25,539	3,694	75,648
2007						
Coastal District Survey	132	214	142	0	0	142
District 1 Survey	230	517	1,096	38	59	1,193
District 2 Survey	267	521	763	232	443	1,438
District 3 Survey	86	285	375	0	30	405
District 4 Survey	305	982	12,326	2,807	1,096	16,229
District 5 Survey	247	949	7,233	26,600	2,763	36,596
District 5 Permit <sup>a, b</sup>	52	567	-	-	-	17,891
District 6 Permit <sup>b</sup>	175	890	-	-	-	15,945
Totals	1,494	4,925	21,935	29,677	4,391	89,839
2008						
Coastal District Survey	155	325	141	0	0	141
District 1 Survey	304	595	110	0	0	110
District 2 Survey	277	546	53	131	136	320
District 3 Survey	110	314	72	157	0	229
District 4 Survey	395	1,178	11,416	10,342	650	22,408
District 5 Survey	244	887	2,575	27,958	2,346	32,879
District 5 Permit <sup>a, b</sup>	55	552	-	-	-	14,103
District 6 Permit <sup>b</sup>	186	882	-	-	-	10,345
Totals	1,726	5,279	14,367	38,588	3,132	80,535

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Districts Survey or Permit and Year	Number of Households with Dogs	Number of Dogs	Summer Chum Salmon Fed to Dogs	Fall Chum Salmon Fed to Dogs	Coho Salmon Fed to Dogs	Total Salmon Fed to Dogs
<b>2009</b>						
Coastal District Survey	104	133	0	0	0	0
District 1 Survey	228	390	632	75	0	707
District 2 Survey	269	457	100	0	44	144
District 3 Survey	90	237	0	160	72	232
District 4 Survey	371	938	12,973	2,855	2,502	18,330
District 5 Survey	231	913	3,385	20,459	1,678	25,522
District 5 Permit <sup>a, b</sup>	47	522	-	-	-	7,649
District 6 Permit <sup>b</sup>	155	630	-	-	-	14,253
<b>Totals</b>	<b>1,495</b>	<b>4,220</b>	<b>17,090</b>	<b>23,549</b>	<b>4,296</b>	<b>66,837</b>
<b>2010</b>						
Coastal District Survey	207	410	118	0	0	118
District 1 Survey	299	595	20	0	0	20
District 2 Survey	284	494	27	0	104	131
District 3 Survey	85	235	63	61	183	307
District 4 Survey	379	990	6,111	2,551	595	9,257
District 5 Survey	255	910	2,024	21,167	2,207	25,398
District 5 Permit <sup>a, b</sup>	59	432	-	-	-	13,707
District 6 Permit <sup>b</sup>	184	998	-	-	-	12,011
<b>Totals</b>	<b>1,752</b>	<b>5,064</b>	<b>8,363</b>	<b>23,779</b>	<b>3,089</b>	<b>60,949</b>
<b>2011</b>						
Coastal District Survey	174	341	0	0	0	0
District 1 Survey	264	502	85	0	0	85
District 2 Survey	275	524	111	70	115	296
District 3 Survey	112	280	528	9	0	537
District 4 Survey	413	1,028	9,743	1,359	1,150	12,252
District 5 Survey	272	1,282	6,798	32,224	1,156	40,178
District 5 Permit <sup>a, b</sup>	55	363	-	-	-	15,759
District 6 Permit <sup>b</sup>	162	1,033	-	-	-	15,140
<b>Totals</b>	<b>1,727</b>	<b>5,353</b>	<b>17,265</b>	<b>33,662</b>	<b>2,421</b>	<b>84,247</b>
<b>5 Year Average 2006 to 2010</b>						
Coastal District Survey	159	296	80	7	13	100
District 1 Survey	267	511	426	52	12	489
District 2 Survey	278	526	263	144	209	616
District 3 Survey	96	272	121	95	57	273
District 4 Survey	375	1,068	10,542	3,971	984	15,497
District 5 Survey	243	983	4,576	23,958	2,446	30,980
District 5 Permit <sup>a, b</sup>	55	534	-	-	-	13,257
District 6 Permit <sup>b</sup>	168	885	-	-	-	13,550
<b>Totals</b>	<b>1,641</b>	<b>5,075</b>	<b>16,008</b>	<b>28,226</b>	<b>3,720</b>	<b>74,762</b>

*Note:* Beginning in 1993, the estimated number of salmon includes those retained from subsistence and commercial related harvests. Dashes indicate information was not collected. Harvest data back to 1992 are presented in earlier years of this annual report (Busher et al. 2009).

<sup>a</sup> Permit totals do not include the community of Stevens Village.

<sup>b</sup> Does not include duplicate information from households with more than one permit.

Appendix B10.—Estimated and reported subsistence and personal use harvest of miscellaneous fish species, Yukon Area, 2001–2011.

	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	5 Year Average 2001-2005	5 Year Average 2006-2010
Survey Estimates <sup>a</sup>													
Whitefish	86,200	78,489	68,416	64,039	48,862	60,923	64,338	54,729	51,778	50,232	44,890	69,201	56,400
Northern Pike	16,753	18,906	22,341	18,738	29,799	28,133	25,947	16,053	8,061	14,086	14,270	21,307	18,456
Sheefish	14,384	15,960	14,280	16,896	13,764	12,745	13,203	10,154	7,861	9,231	10,139	15,057	10,639
Survey Reported													
Burbot	2,836	5,809	3,000	2,628	3,138	5,069	3,500	3,273	2,027	2,743	2,477	3,482	3,322
Arctic Lamprey <sup>b</sup>	4,520	623	29,886	33,919	38,115	2,092	12,584	803	1,699	10,863	6,037	21,413	5,608
Tomcod	7,278	4,497	4,608	5,649	4,988	13,652	7,121	6,391	2,709	3,978	6,797	5,404	6,770
Arctic Grayling	1,503	1,408	2,421	1,645	1,258	1,145	2,296	857	667	1,571	1,273	1,647	1,307
Longnose Suckers	277	546	234	178	1,452	105	225	25	59	273	286	537	137
Arctic Char	251	198	376	116	217	345	181	184	43	148	205	232	180
Alaska Blackfish	85,938	432,967	161,703	229,833	259,874	218,695	131,712	110,356	47,320	68,873	87,064	234,063	115,391
Sockeye Salmon	-	-	-	787	648	333	493	213	216	263	279	-	304
Permit Reported													
Whitefish	2,430	2,856	5,508	4,402	3,671	3,399	3,328	3,402	4,039	3,040	4,851	3,773	3,442
Northern Pike	451	791	1,266	606	641	1,008	2,094	1,678	733	257	319	751	1,154
Sheefish	75	66	203	97	155	80	83	111	76	121	103	119	94
Burbot	124	65	129	127	78	127	99	89	119	45	140	105	96
Arctic Grayling	51	138	1,228	1,032	800	507	525	488	363	201	475	650	417
Longnose Suckers	236	344	978	341	694	770	243	298	518	170	414	519	400
Yukon Area Totals													
Whitefish	88,630	81,345	73,924	68,441	52,533	64,322	67,666	58,131	55,817	53,272	49,741	72,975	59,842
Northern Pike	17,204	19,697	23,607	19,344	30,440	29,141	28,041	17,731	8,794	14,343	14,589	22,058	19,610
Sheefish	14,459	16,026	14,483	16,993	13,919	12,825	13,286	10,265	7,937	9,352	10,242	15,176	10,733
Burbot	2,960	5,874	3,129	2,755	3,216	5,196	3,599	3,362	2,146	2,788	2,617	3,587	3,418
Arctic Lamprey	4,520	623	29,886	33,919	38,115	2,092	12,584	803	1,699	10,863	6,037	21,413	5,608
Tomcod	7,278	4,497	4,608	5,649	4,988	13,652	7,121	6,391	2,709	3,978	6,797	5,404	6,770
Arctic Grayling	1,554	1,546	3,649	2,677	2,058	1,652	2,821	1,345	1,030	1,772	1,748	2,297	1,724
Longnose Suckers	513	890	1,212	519	2,146	875	468	323	577	443	700	1,056	537
Arctic Char	251	198	376	116	217	345	181	184	43	148	205	232	180
Alaska Blackfish	85,938	432,967	161,703	229,833	259,874	218,695	131,712	110,356	47,320	68,873	87,064	234,063	115,391
Sockeye Salmon	-	-	-	787	648	333	493	213	216	263	279	-	304

Note: Dashes indicate information was not collected. 'Whitefish' includes various *Coregonus* species and round whitefish (*Prosopium cylindraceum*).

<sup>a</sup> Subsistence whitefish, pike, and sheefish harvests are estimated by the annual subsistence household survey using methods targeted for salmon harvest estimates.

<sup>b</sup> Harvest of lamprey reported on surveys is from October-December of the previous year.

Appendix B11.–Households responses assessing their success of subsistence salmon needs being met (in percent), by species, Yukon Area, 2005–2011.

Year	Chinook Salmon						
	Total Households	Households Contacted	Total Number of Household Responses <sup>a</sup>	Household Responses Indicated ≤ 50% Needs Met		Household Responses Indicated > 50% Needs Met	
				Responses	Percent	Responses	Percent
2005	2,231	1,022	749	223	30%	526	70%
2006	2,398	1,057	856	401	47%	455	53%
2007	2,353	1,086	914	422	46%	492	54%
2008	2,470	1,153	970	488	50%	482	50%
2009 <sup>b</sup>	2,366	1,036	618	457	74%	161	26%
2010 <sup>b</sup>	2,528	1,153	517	317	61%	200	39%
2011 <sup>b</sup>	2,568	1,094	718	388	54%	330	46%
2006-2010 Avg	2,423	1,097	763	417	56%	358	44%

Year	Summer Chum Salmon						
	Total Households	Households Contacted	Total Number of Household Responses <sup>a</sup>	Household Responses Indicated ≤ 50% Needs Met		Household Responses Indicated > 50% Needs Met	
				Responses	Percent	Responses	Percent
2005	2,231	1,022	570	165	29%	405	71%
2006	2,398	1,057	686	247	36%	439	64%
2007	2,353	1,086	706	299	42%	407	58%
2008	2,470	1,153	685	265	39%	420	61%
2009 <sup>b</sup>	2,366	1,036	382	228	60%	154	40%
2010 <sup>b</sup>	2,528	1,153	363	203	56%	160	44%
2011 <sup>b</sup>	2,568	1,094	436	157	36%	279	64%
2006-2010 Avg	2,423	1,097	547	248	47%	316	53%

Year	Fall Chum Salmon						
	Total Households	Households Contacted	Total Number of Household Responses <sup>a</sup>	Household Responses Indicated ≤ 50% Needs Met		Household Responses Indicated > 50% Needs Met	
				Responses	Percent	Responses	Percent
2005	2,231	1,022	380	145	38%	235	62%
2006	2,398	1,057	408	220	54%	188	46%
2007	2,353	1,086	580	396	68%	184	32%
2008	2,470	1,153	470	289	61%	181	39%
2009 <sup>b</sup>	2,366	1,036	196	165	84%	31	16%
2010 <sup>b</sup>	2,528	1,153	133	100	75%	33	25%
2011 <sup>b</sup>	2,568	1,094	253	139	55%	114	45%
2006-2010 Avg	2,423	1,097	346	234	69%	123	31%

Year	Coho Salmon						
	Total Households	Households Contacted	Total Number of Household Responses <sup>a</sup>	Household Responses Indicated ≤ 50% Needs Met		Household Responses Indicated > 50% Needs Met	
				Responses	Percent	Responses	Percent
2005	2,231	1,022	226	104	46%	122	54%
2006	2,398	1,057	181	109	60%	72	40%
2007	2,353	1,086	399	283	71%	116	29%
2008	2,470	1,153	272	204	75%	68	25%
2009 <sup>b</sup>	2,366	1,036	103	90	87%	13	13%
2010 <sup>b</sup>	2,528	1,153	85	56	66%	29	34%
2011 <sup>b</sup>	2,568	1,094	112	55	49%	57	51%
2006-2010 Avg	2,423	1,097	197	148	72%	60	28%

Note: Estimates from 2003 and 2004 are included in previous year's reports (Busher et al. 2009).

<sup>a</sup> Total number of households surveyed who answered this question.

<sup>b</sup> Beginning in 2009 the question was changed from asking households to give a percentage of needs met, to asking households how many salmon they usually harvest or need to receive to meet subsistence needs. Percentage of needs met was calculated from the response and the number of salmon harvested or received.

## **APPENDIX C. HISTORY OF REGULATORY CHANGES**

**State of Alaska Statutes Definitions:** Sec. 16.05.940. In AS 16.05 - AS 16.40

(25) "personal use fishing" means the taking, fishing for, or possession of finfish, shellfish, or other fishery resources, by Alaska residents for personal use and not for sale or barter, with gill or dip net, seine, fish wheel, long line, or other means defined by the Board of Fisheries

(31) "subsistence fishing" means the taking of, fishing for, or possession of fish, shellfish, or other fisheries resources by a resident domiciled in a rural area of the state for subsistence uses with gill net, seine, fish wheel, long line, or other means defined by the Board of Fisheries;

(33) "subsistence uses" means the noncommercial, customary and traditional uses of wild, renewable resources by a resident domiciled in a rural area of the state for direct personal or family consumption as food, shelter, fuel, clothing, tools, or transportation, for the making and selling of handicraft articles out of nonedible by-products of fish and wildlife resources taken for personal or family consumption, and for the customary trade, barter, or sharing for personal or family consumption; in this paragraph, "family" means persons related by blood, marriage, or adoption, and a person living in the household on a permanent basis.

(2) "barter" means the exchange or trade of fish or game, or their parts, taken for subsistence uses

(A) for other fish or game or their parts: or

(B) for other food or for nonedible items other than money if the exchange is of a limited and noncommercial nature

Customary trade

5AAC 39.010. Retention of fish taken in a commercial fishery. (a) A person engaged in commercial fishing may retain finfish from lawfully taken commercial catch for that person's own use, including for the use as bait in a commercial fishery. Finfish retained under this section may not be sold or bartered. **5**

AAC 93.350. General authorizations for use of salmon:

(a) Notwithstanding AS 16.05.831(a) and 5 AAC 93.310, and unless otherwise prohibited by law, under the authorization of this subsection a person may use salmon taken in a hatchery cost recovery fishery, or in a commercial, sport, personal use, or subsistence fishery for bait.

5 AAC 39.130. (c) (See regulation for full text) At the time of delivery, or as otherwise directed by the department, fish tickets must include the following:

(10) the number of fish of any species retained by a commercial fisherman for that person's own use as specified in 5 AAC 39.010.

**Brief history of regulatory changes:**

1960

- Alaska Department of Fish and Game is given responsibility to manage all Alaskan subsistence and commercial fisheries.
- Commercial fishing is open 6 days per week; subsistence fishing is open 5.5 days per week.
- Once commercial fishing season ends, subsistence fishing is open 7 days per week.

1961

- Lower Yukon Area (Districts 1 – 3) commercial fisheries are open 4 days per week.
- Directed fall chum salmon fishery begins.

1962

- Four commercial fishing districts established within Alaska portion of the Yukon River drainage.
- Subsistence fishing in the Lower Yukon Area is reduced to 4 days per week (concurrent with commercial).

1974

- Six commercial fishing districts established within Alaska portion of the Yukon River drainage by splitting the size of the existing four districts.
- Subsistence fishing restrictions are implemented along the southern portion of the Dalton Highway.
- Upper Yukon Area (Districts 4 – 6) begins concurrent subsistence and commercial fishing 5 days per week.
- Subsistence fishing schedules are linked to commercial fishing schedules in Districts 1-6.

1974–77

- Legalized sale of salmon roe from Yukon Area subsistence caught salmon.

1976

- Limited entry begins for Yukon River commercial fisheries.
- Streams crossing the Dalton Highway north of the Yukon River are closed to subsistence fishing.

1977

- Lower Yukon Area is reduced to subsistence/commercial fishing 3 days per week during the commercial Chinook salmon season.
- Lower Yukon Area is reduced to subsistence/commercial fishing 3.5 days per week during the fall chum salmon season.

1978

- Passage of the *State of Alaska Subsistence Act*, which provides a rural subsistence priority in times of shortage.
- Commercial salmon roe fishery begins in the Upper Yukon Area.

1979

- Lower Yukon Area is reduced to subsistence/commercial fishing 3 days per week during the fall chum salmon season.

1980

- ANILCA (*Alaska National Interest Lands Conservation Act*) provides for a rural subsistence priority on Federal lands.

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1980–89

- Unified management of subsistence fishing by the State of Alaska consistent with ANILCA and the *State of Alaska Subsistence Act*.

1981

- Commercial fishing periods in the Lower Yukon Area can be established inseason by state emergency order.

1982

- Tanana River Subdistrict 6-C Subsistence Management Plan established.

1983–84

- Lower Yukon Area subsistence periods established inseason by emergency order.

1986

- Personal use fisheries created for Alaska residents living in non-rural areas. Non-rural residents are classified as “personal use” fishermen rather than subsistence fishermen regardless of where they fish.

1987

- Regulations for a personal use fall chum salmon fishery established in the Yukon Area.
- Regulatory *Yukon Area Fall Chum Salmon Management Plan* established.

1988

- Subdistricts 6-A, 6-B and 6-C subsistence and personal use periods are limited to two 42 hour periods per week.
- “Old Minto Area” is open to subsistence salmon fishing 5 days per week.
- Upper Tanana Area remains open to subsistence fishing 7 days per week.
- Regulations for personal use fisheries for all salmon species established in the Yukon Area.

1990

- Court case removes rural residency requirement for subsistence participation (*McDowell v. State*).
- Regulatory *Yukon River Summer Chum Salmon Management Plan* established.
- Regulatory *Tanana River Salmon Management Plan* established.

1992

- Alaska divided into subsistence and non-subsistence areas. Personal use fishing only allowed within the non-subsistence areas. Qualifications were based on where one fished and no longer based on where one lived.
- Upper Yukon Area commercial periods established inseason by emergency order.

1993

- Regulations implemented separating subsistence and commercial salmon fishing times in Districts 1-3 and Subdistrict 4-A (prior to 1993 subsistence and commercial periods coincided).
  - In Districts 1-3 subsistence salmon fishing is open 24 hours/day until commercial season begins. Once commercial fishing begins subsistence fishing is closed 18 hours before, during and 12 hours after each commercial period. Additional periods for subsistence salmon fishing may be authorized.
- Subdistricts 4-B, 4-C, 5-B and 5-C subsistence salmon fishing is open 7 days per week until commercial season begins, then commercial and subsistence periods coincide. Additional periods for subsistence salmon fishing may be authorized.

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- Koyukuk River, Kantishna River and Subdistrict 5-D remain open to subsistence salmon fishing 7 days per week.
  - Court case declares subsistence and non-subsistence areas are unconstitutional and subsistence salmon fishing again allowed statewide (*State v. Kenaitze Indian Tribe*).
  - Regulatory *Toklat River Fall Chum Salmon Rebuilding Management Plan* established.
  - Amounts necessary for subsistence was defined for Yukon-Northern Area:
    - 348,000–503,000 (all salmon species combined).
- 1994
- Subdistrict 5-A subsistence salmon fishing allowed 5 days/week once commercial season ends.
  - Regulatory *Anvik River Chum Salmon Fishery Management Plan* established.
- 1995
- Alaska Supreme Court reverses decision in *Kenaitze* case and Alaska is again divided into subsistence and non-subsistence areas. Personal use fishing is only allowed within the non-subsistence areas and is based on where one fished and no longer based on where one lived.
  - Ninth Circuit Court finds that Federal jurisdiction for fisheries should be extended to navigable waters on Federal lands (*State of Alaska v. Babbitt a.k.a. Katie John decision*). US Senator Stevens delays implementation.
- 1998
- Subdistrict 5-A subsistence salmon fishing allowed 7 days per week once commercial season ends.
  - Regulatory *Yukon River King Salmon Management Plan* established.
- 1999
- Subdistrict 5-A subsistence salmon fishing is returned to 5 days per week once commercial season ends because in 1998 Toklat River escapement goals were not met.
  - Regulatory *Yukon River Coho Salmon Management Plan* established.
- 2000
- U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service begins first season of joint subsistence fisheries management authority with ADF&G in portions of the Yukon Area.
- 2001
- Subsistence fishing schedule “windows” established for times of conservation implemented throughout the entire Yukon River Area when there is no commercial fishing season:
    - Districts 1-3 area open to subsistence salmon fishing for two 36 hour periods per week.
    - District 4 and Subdistricts 5-B and 5-C are open to subsistence salmon fishing for two 48 hour periods per week.
    - Subdistrict 5-A, 6-A and 6-B (includes the Kantishna River) are open to subsistence salmon fishing for two 42 hour periods per week.
    - The “Old Minto Area” is open to subsistence salmon fishing 5 days per week.
    - The Coastal District, Koyukuk River and Subdistrict 5-D are open to subsistence salmon fishing 7 days per week.
    - Subdistrict 6-C is open to personal use salmon fishing for two 42 hour periods per week.
  - Amounts necessary for subsistence defined by salmon species for Yukon Area:
    - Chinook salmon: 45,500–66,704 fish
    - Summer chum salmon: 83,500–142,192 fish
    - Fall chum salmon: 89,500–167,900 fish
    - Coho salmon: 20,500–51,980 fish

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- Feeding of Chinook salmon to dogs:
  - In the Yukon River drainage, king salmon must be used primarily for human consumption and may not be targeted for dog food. Dried king salmon may not be used for dog food throughout the Yukon River drainage, except that whole fish that are unfit for human consumption, scraps, and fish under 16 inches in length may be fed to dogs. Whole king salmon caught incidentally during a subsistence chum salmon fishery in the following areas may also be fed to dogs:
    - After July 10, in the Koyukuk River drainage;
    - After August 10, in Subdistrict 5-D, upstream of Circle City.

2004

- *Yukon River King Salmon Management Plan.*
  - During times of chum salmon conservation, the commercial fish wheel season may be closed by emergency order and immediately reopen the season during which set gillnet gear may be used instead of a fish wheel.
- *Yukon River Drainage Fall Chum Salmon Management Plan* revised.
  - Plan to be implemented from July 16 through December 31 to ensure adequate escapement for fall chum salmon into the Yukon River drainage and to provide management guidelines to ADF&G.
  - Subsistence fishing schedule of 7 days a week fishing in the Kantishna River.
  - Returned Subdistrict 5-A to two 48-hour periods per week from 6:00 pm. Tuesdays until 6:00 p.m. Thursdays and from 6:00 pm. Fridays until 6:00 p.m. Sundays.
- *Toklat River Fall Chum Salmon Rebuilding Management Plan* repealed and elements of the plan incorporated into the *Yukon River Drainage Fall Chum Salmon Management Plan.*
- *Tanana River Salmon Management Plan.*
  - In Subdistricts 6-A and 6-B, through September 30, the subsistence salmon fishing periods are from 6:00 p.m. Fridays until 12:00 noon Sundays and from 6:00 p.m. Mondays until 12:00 Wednesdays, unless altered by emergency order. This allows for possible 7 days a week subsistence fishing beginning October 1.
- In Subdistrict 4-A, king salmon may be taken during the commercial fishing season with drift gillnet gear only for two 48-hour fishing periods per week, by emergency order from 6:00 p.m. Sundays until 6:00 p.m. Tuesdays and from 6:00 p.m. Wednesdays until 6:00 p.m. Fridays.
- New subsistence required permit areas in portions of the Koyukuk River along the Dalton Highway and Yukon River drainage from Garnet Island to Hess Creek:
  - South Fork of the Koyukuk River drainage upstream from the mouth of the Jim River and the Middle Fork of the Koyukuk River drainage upstream from the mouth of the North Fork. The Koyukuk River areas along the Dalton Highway were closed but are now opened for subsistence fishing for nonsalmon species with permit and gear stipulations. Gillnets gear may be used only from November 1 through June 30 and a gillnet mesh size may not exceed three and one-half inches.
  - Yukon River drainage upstream from the westernmost tip of Garnet Island to the mouth of Hess Creek of Subdistrict 5-C (encompassing the community or Rampart) in an effort to document harvest by transient fishermen. This change now requires a subsistence fishing permit in the entire Subdistrict 5-C.

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2005

- Under federal regulation *100.27 (i) (3) (XV) (C)* In the Yukon River mainstem, Subdistricts 4B and 4C with a Federal subsistence fishing permit, you may take Chinook salmon during the weekly subsistence fishing opening(s) by drift gillnets no more than 150 feet long and no more than 35 meshes deep, from June 10 through July 14.

2007

- Chinook salmon harvests in Districts 1 through 3 between June 1 and July 15 must be marked by the removal of both lobes of the tail. This is a change from the requirement to remove the dorsal fin, which is more difficult to remove, and potentially exposes the flesh.
- Coho salmon management plan was revised.
  - Must be projected to provide a harvestable surplus.
  - Linked to Yukon River Drainage fall chum salmon management plan. Was adjusted from assessment of 625,000 to 550,000 fall chum salmon.
  - Fall chum salmon are considered incidental harvest during directed coho salmon openings.
  - End dates of plan in districts and subdistricts were adjusted.

2011

- Fishermen in all districts and subdistricts of the Yukon River Area, including the Coastal District, may not use gillnets larger than 7.5 inch mesh.
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