Rates and causes of mortality of Dall's sheep in Alaska: a comparison among mountain ranges



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Sheep Survival:

Lambs were radiocollared each year within 2 days of birth



Lamb remains were examined to estimate mortality rates and causes



EBR: *n* = 69 lambs, 2009-2011 CAR: *n* = 119 lambs, 1999-2004 CHU: *n* = 77 lambs, 2009-2012

Ewes Captured by Net Gun

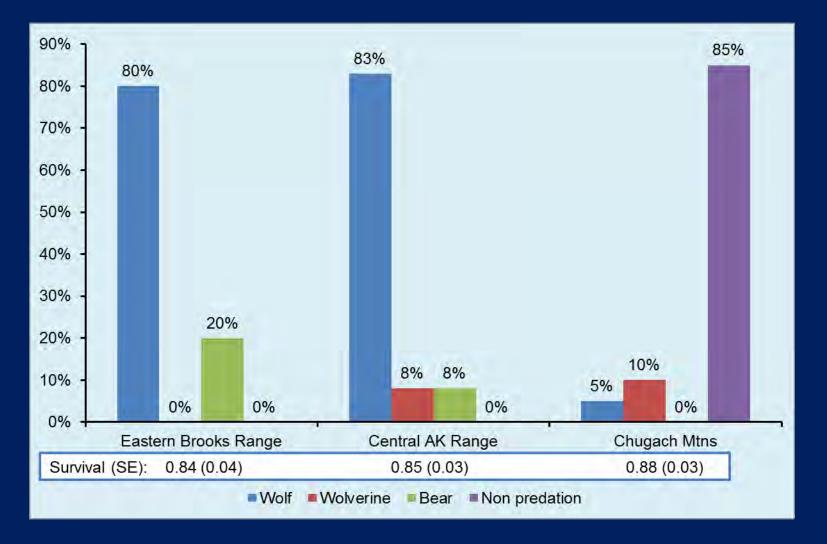
- EBR: 69 ewe-years (2009 2012)
- CAR: 117 ewe-years (1999 2005)
- CHU: 152 ewe-years (2009 2014)



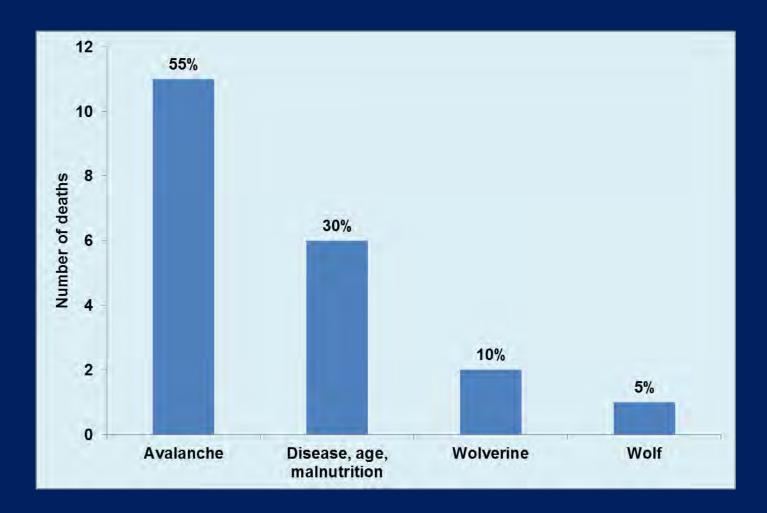
Mortalities were investigated to assign cause of death



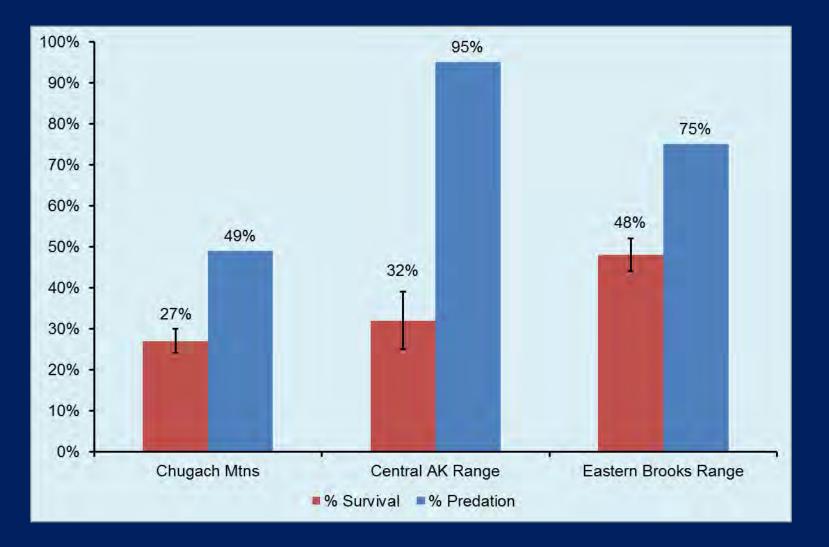
Percent of Deaths of Adult Ewes by Cause



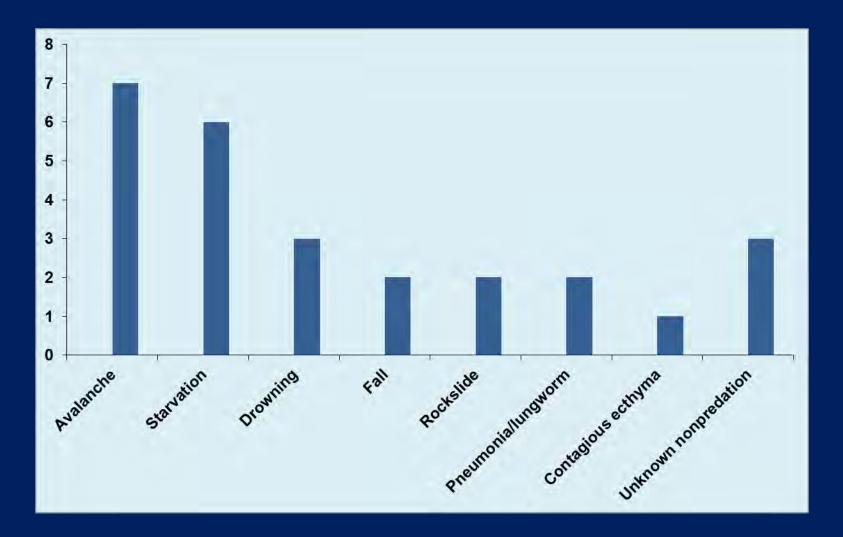
Causes of Death of Ewes in the CHU Mts, 2009 - 2014



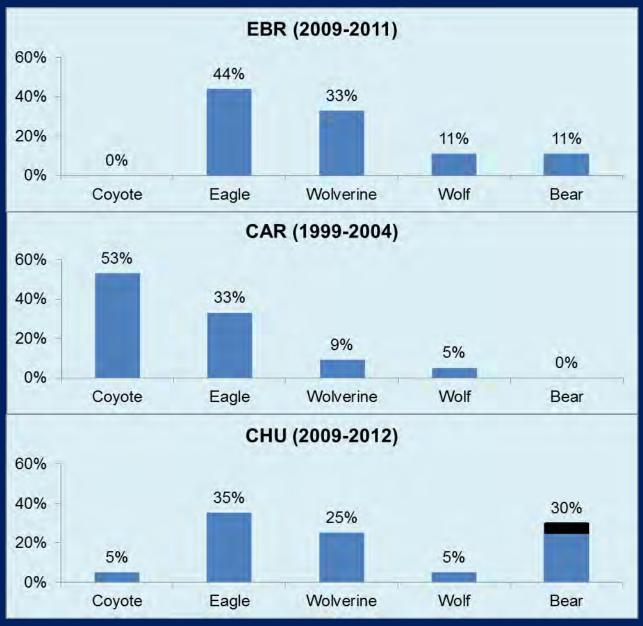
Lamb Survival and Percent of Deaths Due to Predation



Non-Predation Deaths of Lambs in the CHU Mts, 2009 - 2012

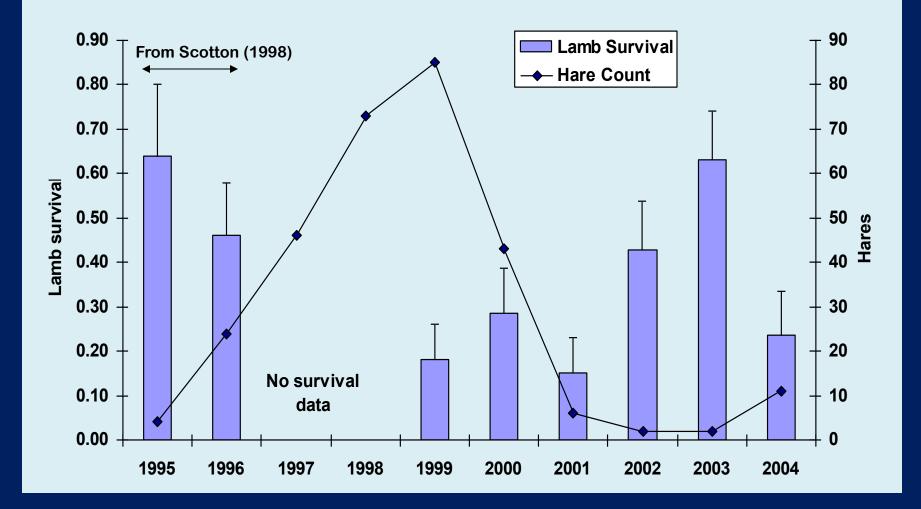


Percent of Lamb Predation by Predator Species



Snowshoe Hare Abundance* and Lamb Survival in the CAR

*Data courtesy of S. Dubois, ADF&G



Random Events Can Be Important!



EBR Lamb Survival:

2009	2010	2011
0.65	0.48	0.28
Number of Drownings:		
1	1	4



Differences Among Study Areas









CONCLUSIONS:



- Ewe survival was generally high
- Lamb survival was much lower, more variable
- Populations seem to be limited by lamb survival rather than adult survival
- Predation was major cause of mortality for both lambs and ewes in EBR and CAR, not in CHU
- Importance of various predators of lambs varied among areas
- Predator management should be informed by data specific to each area