Oral Report to the Alaska Board of Fisheries 2014

Review of Salmon Escapement Goals in the Kodiak Management Area



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Oral Report: RC 3, Tab 5 Written Report: RC 3, Tab 7

Presentation Objectives

- Reference policies
- Describe team formation and approach
- Identify goals and methods
- Present recommendations



Policy and Escapement Goal Definitions

This review was based on:

 Policy for the Management of Sustainable Salmon Fisheries (SSFP; 5 AAC 39.222)

Policy for Statewide Salmon Escapement Goals (EGP: 5 AAC 39.223)

Two important terms defined in the SSFP are:

biological escapement goal (BEG)

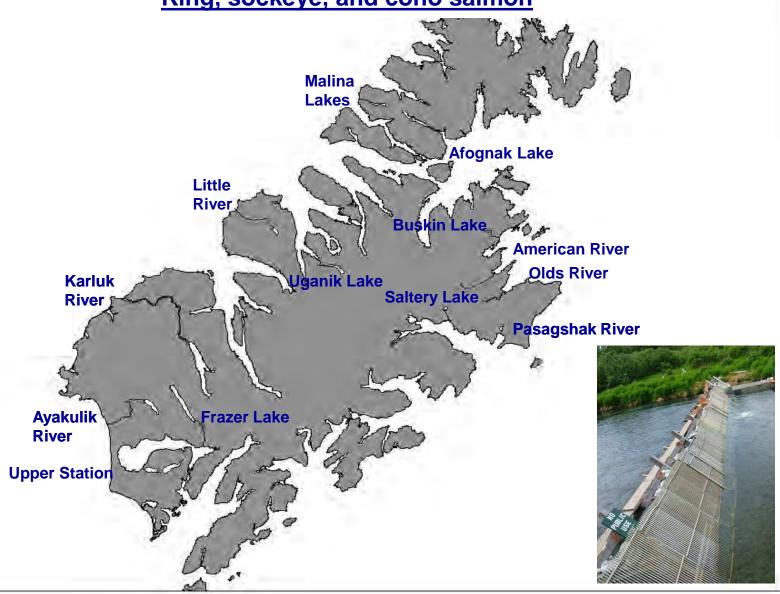
sustainable escapement goal (SEG)

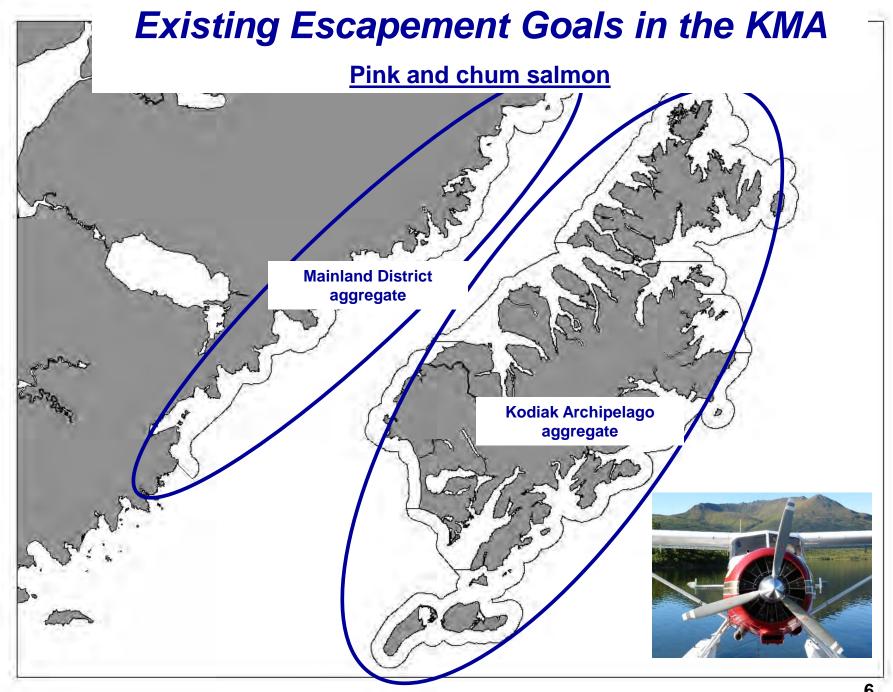
Approach and Process for Review Team

- Three-year interval
- Review available data for stocks
- Determine appropriate goal type and methods
- Perform analysis, assess goal range, review by team
- Develop draft recommendations for directors of divisions of Commercial Fisheries and Sport Fish
- Write report and present to board
- Postmeeting memo signed by directors

Existing Escapement Goals in the KMA

King, sockeye, and coho salmon





Primary Methods

Spawner-recruit analysis (SRA)

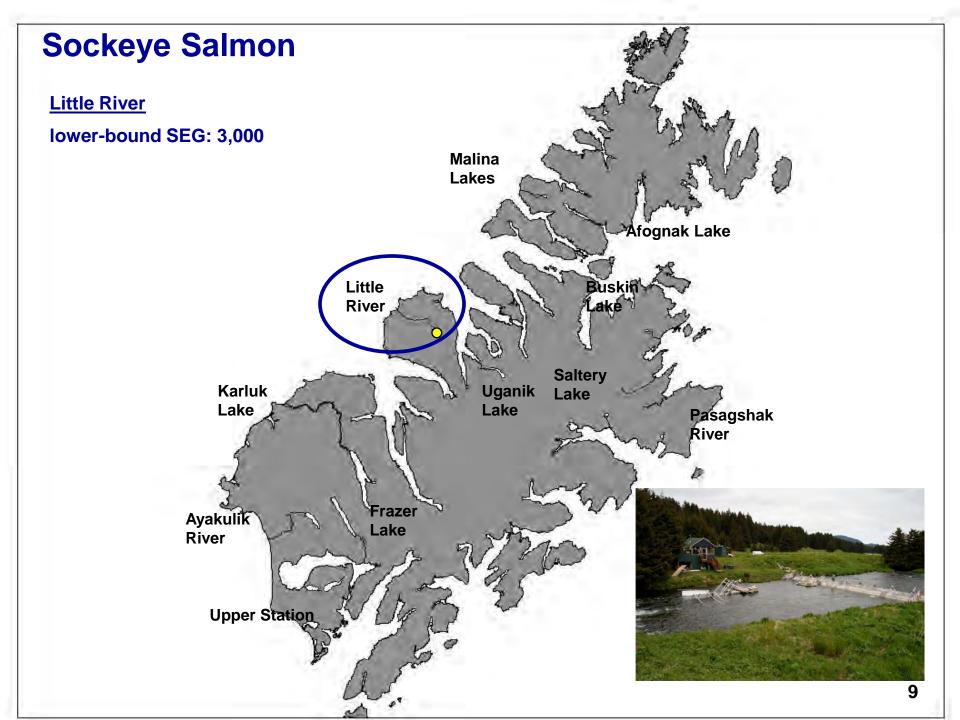
• Used for either BEGs or SEGs

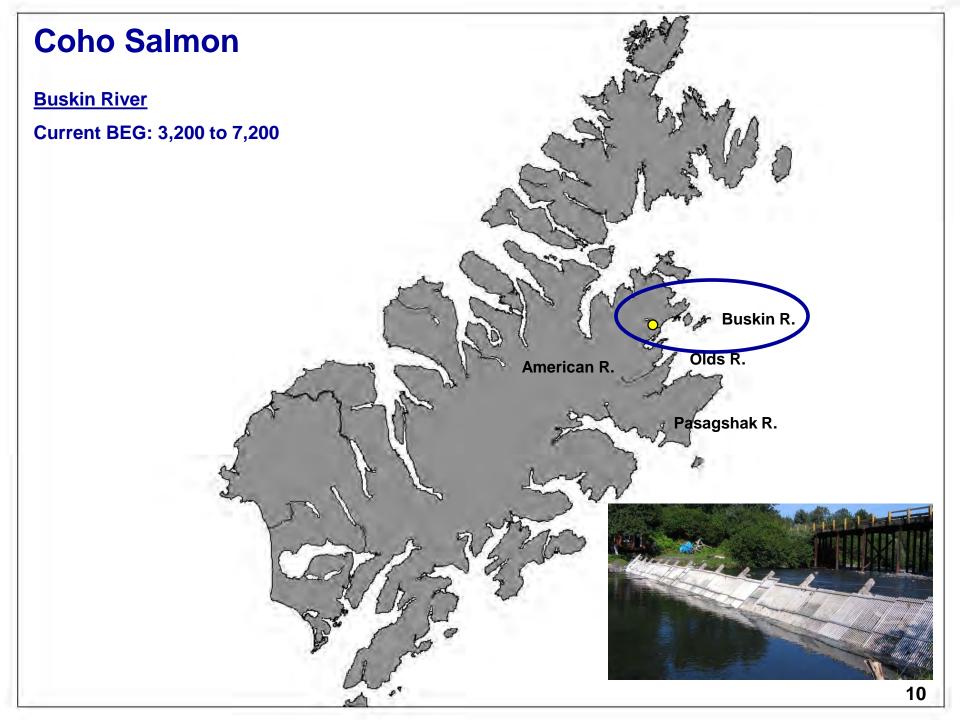


Team Recommendations

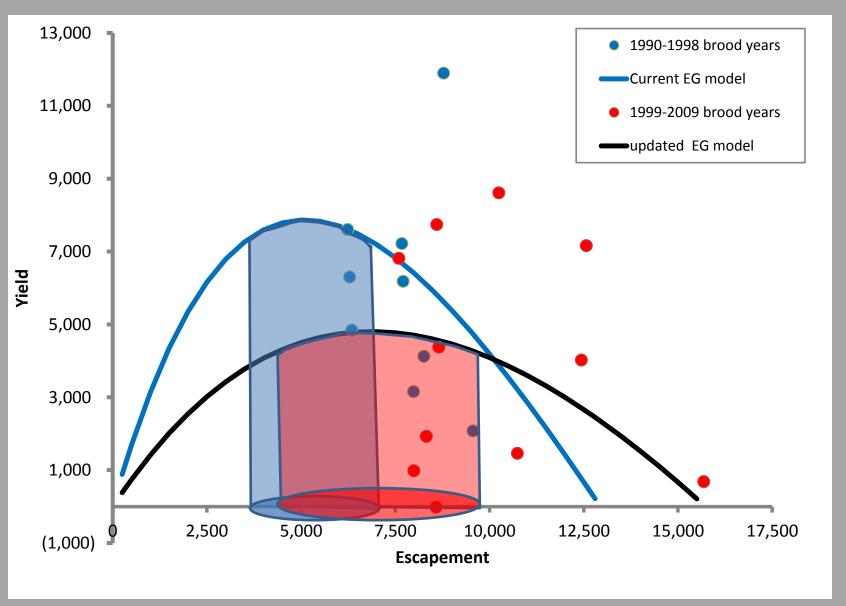
- No change to 23 goals
- Change 1 goal and eliminate 1 goal
- Result: 24 goals for the KMA in 2014







Yield profile for Buskin River coho salmon



Review Summary

King Salmon BEGs: No Change

Pink Salmon SEGs: No Change

Chum Salmon SEGs: No Change

Sockeye Salmon: No Changes except Little River

Coho Salmon: No changes except Buskin River

Thank You

Questions?

