#### 2024 ANNUAL MANAGEMENT PLAN

#### **MAIN BAY HATCHERY**

#### **Prince William Sound Aquaculture Corporation**

This Annual Management Plan (AMP) is prepared to fulfill the requirements of 5 AAC 40.840. This plan must organize and guide the hatchery's operations regarding production goals, broodstock management, and harvest management of hatchery returns. The plan must be developed with consideration of the hatchery's production cycle. The production cycle begins with adult returns, that lead to egg takes and end with fish releases. Action may be taken outside of the management plan if allowed under the hatchery permit or modified by emergency order. In-season assessments and project alterations by Prince William Sound Aquaculture Corporation (PWSAC) or Alaska Department of Fish and Game (ADF&G) may result in changes to this AMP in order to reach or maintain program objectives. PWSAC will notify the ADF&G private nonprofit (PNP) hatchery program coordinator in a timely manner of any departure from the AMP. The ADF&G PNP coordinator will advise as to whether an amendment, exception report, or other action is warranted. No variation or deviation will be implemented until an AMP amendment has been approved or waived by both the department and PWSAC. This policy applies to all hatchery operations covered under the AMP.

#### I. OPERATIONAL PLAN

#### 1.1 Egg-take Goals by Species

**Main Bay Hatchery/Coghill stock sockeye salmon:** The egg-take goal is 12.4 million green eggs. Anticipated broodstock requirements to achieve the egg-take goal are approximately 5,550 females and 3,700 males, for a total of 9,250 fish, assuming:

- (a) Average fecundity of 3,100 eggs/female
- (b) 3:2 female to male ratio
- (c) 15% holding mortality and culling of injured adults\*
- (d) 15% green/over-mature spawners
- \*ADF&G Sockeye Salmon Culture Protocol requires culling of broodstock with any sign of external scarring to reduce risk of infectious hematopoietic necrosis virus (IHNV) transmission.

#### 1.2 Broodstock

PWSAC intends to adhere to the broodstock acquisition schedule for Main Bay Hatchery (MBH) sockeye salmon stocks. The brood collection window for the MBH/Coghill stock is June 15 through July 20 and is based on the approximate run timing of the donor stock. The adult return summary includes the projected total return, hatchery escapement schedule, and fish available for common property fishery harvest (Table 3).

To ensure that run timing is proportionally represented in the broodstock, a hatchery escapement schedule, that includes the broodstock acquisition schedule, will be implemented based on run timing percentages by date in the AMP tables to establish a hatchery escapement goal by week. At hatcheries with barrier nets, these goals will be measured according to the number of fish estimated upstream of the barrier net. At hatcheries without barrier nets, the goal will be measured as an estimate of the fish in front of the hatchery. It is recognized and accepted that barrier nets are semi-permeable to fish and the number there is an estimate.

If in-season catch data indicate the return is earlier or later than the historic run curve would suggest, then PWSAC may alter the hatchery escapement schedule according to a mutually agreed upon amendment to match the actual return.

Broodstock fish will be collected by volitional entry through the fishway leading to the brood holding pond.

#### 1.3 Egg-Take Schedule and Data Reporting

Ultimately, the egg-take schedule depends upon broodstock recruitment and the maturation rate of the broodstock in salt and fresh water. The table below summarizes an anticipated egg-take schedule based on the average historical egg-take percent completion 1998–2023. All data associated with egg take and broodstock collection will be provided to the department by November 1 each year. Data will be provided in electronic format (Excel file) and include all the categories presented in the template attached as Table 6. Data to be collected specifically includes the numbers of green and overripe females from the broodstock and associated cost recovery.

Anticipated Egg-take Schedule based on egg takes of previous 5 years

Percent Complete	Sockeye Salmon
25%	August 5
50%	August 10
75%	August 15
100%	August 20

A complete listing of all PWSAC hatchery egg-take schedules is shown in Table 4. PWSAC egg-take goals are shown in Table 2.

## 1.4 Egg-take Transport and Broodstock Carcass Disposal Plans

No eggs will be transported off-station.

During egg-take PWSAC may sell broodstock carcasses and inviable eggs if a market is available. The carcass of a salmon from which milt or eggs are extracted for lawful use as broodstock may be disposed of in accordance with Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation (DEC) requirements. If carcasses are not sold, inviable eggs and carcasses will be disposed of in accordance with Alaska DEC requirements.

#### 1.5 Incubation Plans

The incubation layout at MBH consists of 35 "Kitoi" incubators. All incubators are horizontally and vertically isolated to reduce the risk of production loss due to IHN virus.

**Hatchery Production Summary** 

			Fry/Smolt
Species	Green Eggs	Eyed Eggs	Released
Sockeye Salmon	12,400,000	11,900,000	11,080,000

The above table was generated with the following assumptions:

- 1) 96% survival from green to eyed stage
- 2) 99% survival from eyed stage to emergent fry
- 3) 95% survival from emergent fry to fed fry
- 4) 99% survival from fed fry to smolt release

All eggs will be incubated at MBH during 2024. During the fall incubation period, 100% of sockeye salmon production will be thermally otolith-marked at the eyed stage.

#### 1.6 Rearing and Release Plans

Isolation will be maintained during rearing in fresh water. Sockeye salmon fry will emerge non-volitionally from incubators into a 2.6 m<sup>3</sup> start tank, remaining isolated from the others during initial start-up rearing. After they have reached a size of approximately 0.4 grams/fish, fingerlings from three start tanks are combined in 84 m<sup>3</sup> freshwater raceways. Maximum freshwater densities for sockeye salmon fry in the start tanks and raceways are 55 kg/m<sup>3</sup> and 70 kg/m<sup>3</sup>, respectively.

Size at release seems to be positively correlated with marine survival. Since saltwater temperatures are warmer than fresh water, and more rearing space is available, smolt can be reared to a significantly greater size by utilizing saltwater pens for eight weeks or longer. Approximately 40% of the brood year 2022 (BY22) smolt will be reared for 12 weeks in saltwater net pens.

The smolt are transferred through a six-inch pipeline to net pens anchored in Main Bay. The saltwater net pen rearing complex consists of six, 12.2 m x 12.2 m x 6.1 m rearing pens. The maximum density will be 14 kg/m<sup>3</sup>. The saltwater rearing complex is located away from any hatchery effluent waters to reduce the risk of IHNV transmission. See Table 5 for PWSAC's 2023 estimated releases.

MBH/Coghill stock: Approximately 5.5 million BY22 fry are currently being reared in 5 raceways. Approximately 40% of these fry will be transferred to two saltwater net pens in March and will be released in May 2024 at a target size of 12 grams. The remaining 60% will be split evenly into six raceways in March and will be released directly into saltwater in May 2024 at a target size of 10 grams.

MBH/Coghill stock: Approximately 11.9 million BY23 fry will begin feeding in the start tanks in February 2024. At a target size of 0.4 grams, they will be transferred to 10 raceways mid-June and remain there until the spring of 2025.

### 1.7 Fry Transport Methods

MBH will collect 12.4 million MBH/Coghill stock sockeye salmon eggs annually to ensure that 11.08 million fry are produced for 10 raceway rearing units. The production of extra fish is necessary to mitigate production loss in the event that emergent fry are lost due to disease (IHNV or *Pseudomonas* sp.). The potential production range of these extra fry is 0 to 1.2 million, dependent upon the intensity of the disease epizootic.

#### 1.8 Permitted Capacity

Main Bay Hatchery was issued PNP Hatchery Permit #31 in 2001. It is currently permitted to incubate 12.4 million sockeye salmon eggs.

#### Fish Transport Permit Summary

FTP Number	Expiration Date	Purpose								
SOCKEYE SALMON										
96A-0042	4/30/26	Allows 12.4 million egg take, incubation, rearing, and release of Coghill stock sockeye salmon at MBH.								

#### II. DONOR STOCK MANAGEMENT – N/A

#### III. HATCHERY RETURN MANAGEMENT

PWSAC operates five facilities: Armin F. Koernig Hatchery (AFK), Cannery Creek Hatchery (CCH), Gulkana Hatchery (GH), MBH, and Wally Noerenberg Hatchery (WNH). The corporation generates revenues for annual operations from a 2% salmon enhancement tax and from the sale of hatchery produced salmon returning to the facilities.

In 1997, the PWSAC Board of Directors (BOD) elected to have corporate cost recovery based upon revenue goals specific to the seine and gillnet salmon fisheries rather than a goal of harvesting a fixed percentage of the returning adults. This results in each gear group paying for enhanced production from which they benefit. PWSAC calculates these revenue goals by allocating production costs between the seine-caught and gillnet-caught salmon fisheries.

On March 8, 2024, the PWSAC BOD approved the annual corporate budget for Fiscal Year 2025 detailing potential sources of revenue and expenditures. The pink salmon cost-recovery revenue goal is \$8,523,164. The WNH chum and MBH sockeye salmon cost-recovery revenue goals are \$4,535,009 and \$1,500,000, respectively. Additional revenue may be generated through PWSAC's raceway fish sales during its egg-take full utilization program.

PWSAC uses preseason assumptions for the number of returning fish, price per pound, and average adult weight to calculate the total projected value of the returning hatchery-produced salmon. Based on these assumptions, PWSAC estimates that approximately 54% of the total run will be required to meet the revenue goal that in the Fiscal Year 2025 financial plan.

Hatchery escapement means all fish that escape the common property fishery and includes two categories of escapement; (a) the number of brood to meet production objectives; and (b) the number of hatchery produced fish taken for the hatchery harvest requirement, to be used to pay for the hatchery's reasonable operating and capital costs (5 AAC 40.990(6)).

**Pink Salmon Returns:** The AFK, CCH, and WNH pink salmon runs will be managed collectively through openings and closures of hatchery subdistricts. Managing the enhanced pink salmon runs in aggregate may result in site-specific common property fishery (CPF) contribution rates being above or below the approximate target of 37% CPF pink salmon harvest.

WNH Chum and MBH Sockeye Salmon Runs: The WNH chum salmon and MBH sockeye salmon runs will be managed collectively through openings and closures of nearby subdistricts or hatchery management areas. The collective management will occur concurrently for the WNH chum and MBH sockeye salmon revenue goal. Managing runs in aggregate may result in site-specific CPF contribution rates being above or below the approximate targets of 43% and 70% for the WNH chum and MBH sockeye salmon harvest, respectively.

The AFK Hatchery and Port Chalmers remote-release chum salmon runs are expected to have a 100% CPF harvest.

Reduction of CPF opportunity in hatchery subdistricts may be necessary to ensure hatchery escapement objectives are met. PWSAC will work closely with local ADF&G management biologists to achieve the seine and gillnet fisheries revenue goals as rapidly as possible to allow for an orderly and consistent CPF.

#### 3.1 Hatchery Fish Migration Routes and Timing

The MBH/Coghill stock sockeye salmon are present in Area E fisheries from mid-June to late July. Data from the coded-wire-tag program and otolith mark-recovery sampling indicate that sockeye salmon returning to MBH are caught in the Copper River, Eastern, Northern, Southwestern, and Coghill districts. Sockeye salmon returning to MBH are assumed to enter Prince William Sound through the Southwestern District and Montague Strait. A portion of the run may also enter through Hinchinbrook Entrance. Sockeye salmon will traverse the Crafton Island Subdistrict (Figure 1) and home towards Main Bay from both northerly and southerly directions. Identification of migration routes of returning Main Bay sockeye salmon will improve as data is recovered from future returns.

#### 3.2 Special Harvest Area

The MBH Special Harvest Area (SHA) is located within the Main Bay Subdistrict. The boundaries of the SHA are illustrated in Figure 2. The SHA encompasses the alternating gear zone (AGZ)

and approximately half of the existing terminal harvest area (THA) of the Main Bay Subdistrict (5 AAC 24.367). The SHA is used by the hatchery operator to harvest broodstock and fish for cost recovery (AS 16.10.455(g)(2)). The THA is normally closed to commercial and subsistence fishing and provides a buffer between the hatchery SHA and open waters of the Main Bay Subdistrict.

Harvest of salmon in the SHA by sport anglers and personal use fishermen is managed by the ADF&G Division of Sport Fish in accordance with regulations as provided in 5 AAC 47–5 AAC 75. Emergency orders may be issued to liberalize or restrict sport fisheries based on achievement of broodstock goals.

The SHA is defined as the waters of Main Bay west of a line from 60°31.61′N lat, 148°05.02′W long to 60°31.85′N lat, 148°05.42′W long. The AGZ is defined as the waters of Main Bay south of a line from 60°31.43′N lat, 148°05.67′W long to 60°31.36′N lat, 148°05.52′W long. The THA is defined as the waters of Main Bay west of a line from 60°32.26′N lat, 148°04.85′W long to 60°31.88′N lat., 148°04.03′W long. All latitude and longitude coordinates are based on the North American Datum of 1983.

#### 3.3 Hatchery Returns

### 3.3.1 On-Station Returns

MBH/Coghill stock sockeye salmon: The anticipated 2024 adult run of MBH/Coghill stock to MBH is 864,0000 fish, assuming a 8.27% marine survival (Table 1). Assuming a broodstock goal of 8,940 and approximately 250,000 sold for cost recovery, the hatchery escapement will be approximately 30% of the return.

**Sockeye Salmon Projected Run Summary** 

	На			
Total Run	Broodstock	Cost	Total	CPF Harvest <sup>1</sup>
864,000	9,250	250,000	259,250	604,800
% of Total	1%	29%	30%	70%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Terminal and non-terminal.

Sockeye Salmon Projected Run, Age-Composition Summary

		Anticipated	Anticipated		2024	
	Fry	Marine	Total BY	Return	Projected	% of
BY	Released	Survival	Return	Age	Run	Total
2019	10,725,328	8.18%	877,120	Age-5	297,000	34%
2020	10,301,034	8.50%	875,087	Age-4	567,000	66%
				Total	864,000	100%

Historical average return age composition: 34%% age-5 and 65% age-4.

#### 3.4 Separation of Hatchery Escapement

Fish available for brood are kept separate from sales fish by means of a barrier net located in the SHA near MBH. Fish available for brood pass volitionally behind the barrier net to mature. The AGZ is closed to the commercial CPF by regulation to protect the barrier net (5 ACC 24.367(c)(5)).

### 3.5 Special Management Strategies

Effective management of mixed-stock fisheries is difficult. It is the intent of ADF&G to provide the stated PWSAC hatchery escapement goals by species. Achieving the target revenue goal will depend upon the timing and magnitude of the PWSAC salmon returns, average fish size, and price per pound PWSAC receives. It will also depend upon precise in-season assessment of both wild and hatchery run strengths. Depending upon the precision of in-season run assessment, actual percentages of PWSAC total returns, by species, which are provided for hatchery escapement, may fall above or below the stated goals. If precise and timely stock identification data are available, ADF&G will use them to manage fisheries in-season for an allocation of PWSAC-produced pink, chum, and sockeye salmon between the CPF and PWSAC. Pink salmon will be managed for PWSAC hatchery escapement after July 20. Sockeye and chum salmon will be managed for PWSAC hatchery escapement by stock.

PWSAC will submit written management recommendations to the department with clear justifications as to how the recommendations support achieving cost recovery and/or broodstock collection goals. Each recommendation, in the form of a brief email, will include, but not be limited to, current cost-recovery harvest data, THA and SHA estimates, actual and anticipated run entry, and actual and anticipated cost-recovery progress. Each recommendation will also include a summary of actual and anticipated hatchery escapement and broodstock collection progress as it relates to the weekly goals established in this AMP. For this reporting, hatchery escapement will be defined as fish in the SHA both upstream and downstream of the barrier net, as appropriate. Fish in the raceways or brood holding ponds will be defined as broodstock.

To ensure accurate and clear reporting, the AMP Adult Return Summary table from the AMP for each hatchery and species will be submitted to the department when requested, as well as with written management recommendations.

It will be the responsibility of PWSAC staff, with written consent of the PWSAC Executive Committee, to advise ADF&G of any desired in-season adjustments to the preseason hatchery escapement goals and/or significant changes to the preseason management strategy. Recognizing the imprecision of assessing wild and hatchery contribution estimates in-season in the absence of a stock identification program, ADF&G will assess PWSAC requests based upon the best available information. If, based on the assessment of ADF&G, the total hatchery return is less than or greater than the original PWSAC forecasted return, then ADF&G will adjust openings, as necessary, to best provide for wild-stock and hatchery escapement needs. Total hatchery and wild stock returns will be estimated after a thorough postseason analysis of all available data. Postseason estimates may not coincide with ADF&G's or PWSAC's in-season estimates.

During periods when the Main Bay Subdistrict closure is in effect, ADF&G may allow the hatchery operator to harvest fish in Main Bay outside the SHA boundaries (Figure 1) to maintain fish quality. When the Main Bay Subdistrict is open to the CPF the SHA will not be expanded.

MBH/Coghill stock: Beginning in early June, the Eshamy District will be managed for returning MBH/Coghill stock sockeye salmon. The return of MBH/Coghill stock sockeye salmon will likely be available for common property harvesting during scheduled openings from early June through July 20. Fishing periods in the Main Bay Subdistrict will be based solely upon returns to MBH. It is the department's intent to open all gillnet districts concurrently, where possible, to more evenly distribute gillnet effort. When the Eshamy District is open to the CPF, both the Main Bay and Crafton Island subdistricts will open when possible. The department recognizes that the interception rate of Coghill Lake-bound sockeye salmon is higher in the Coghill District than in the Eshamy District, but that the management of the two districts is linked. Fishing time in the two districts will be balanced to allow adequate Coghill Lake sockeye salmon escapement.

#### 3.6 Sport Fish Harvest

Sport fisheries will be managed in accordance with regulations as provided in 5 AAC 47–5 AAC 75. Emergency orders may be issued to liberalize or restrict sport fisheries based on achievement of broodstock goals. A sport fishery targets sockeye salmon returning to Main Bay. Conflicts between user groups have occurred during broodstock collection and cost-recovery operations, and sport tackle and boats/motors has impacted the barrier net. Injured fish resulting from attempted snagging must be culled from broodstock to comply with ADF&G Sockeye Salmon Culture Protocol. In an effort to protect MBH broodstock and the integrity of the barrier net, the Alaska Board of Fisheries designated that in Main Bay, sport fishing from a vessel that is within 60 feet of the hatchery barrier net or from a vessel that is anywhere inside the barrier net is prohibited (5 AAC 55.023(10)).

#### 3.7 Personal Use Harvest

There is no personal use fishery that can target MBH sockeye salmon in the Eshamy District.

#### 3.8 Subsistence Harvest

The MBH facility is within the Prince William Sound general subsistence area. Alaska residents may harvest fish for subsistence use using the legal gear type for the Eshamy District.

#### 3.9 Avoidance of Nontarget Species

Numerical abundance of stocks of fish other than MBH stocks of salmon are insignificant in the Main Bay Subdistrict and SHA. No particular problems are expected to occur.

#### IV. EVALUATION STUDIES

#### 4.1 Otolith Marking

PWSAC established a thermal-marking system at MBH in 1999. During the fall incubation period (October–December 2024), 100% of sockeye salmon production will be marked at the eyed-egg

stage. The table below summarizes the 2024 thermal otolith mark assignment by the ADF&G Mark, Tag, and Age Lab (MTAL). Voucher samples are collected and submitted along with data, per the ADF&G MTAL sampling protocol. Planned otolith marks may change with confirmation from the North Pacific Anadromous Fish Commission Mark Coordinator for Alaska.

Species	Number of Eyed	Thermal Otolith	Intended Release
	Eggs	Mark	Location
Sockeye Salmon	2,380,000	2,2H3	MBH, Main Bay
Sockeye Salmon	2,380,000	2,2H2,2	MBH, Main Bay
Sockeye Salmon	2,380,000	2,2H5	MBH, Main Bay
Sockeye Salmon	2,380,000	2,2H3,2	MBH, Main Bay
Sockeye Salmon	2,380,000	2,2H	MBH, Main Bay

#### 4.2 Otolith Recovery in Returning Adults

Returning adult sockeye salmon will be sampled for otolith mark recoveries. Recovery efforts will be directed at the CPF and cost recovery, and will be performed by field personnel at processing locations.

Otolith mark data will be used by ADF&G and PWSAC to measure fishery contribution and marine survival of salmon. ADF&G will provide PWSAC the preliminary otolith mark-recovery data from fishery samples by December 1 each year, and any additional otolith data from straying studies and other projects by April 1 each year. Similarly, PWSAC will provide ADF&G the independently-collected otolith mark-recovery data by April 1 each year. These data are to be the individual specimen otolith mark results.

#### V. ATTACHMENTS

FIGURE 1. Main Bay Hatchery Fishery Management Areas

TABLE 1. 2024 PWSAC Hatchery Return Forecast Summary

TABLE 2. 2024 Planned Egg Takes

TABLE 3. 2024 MBH/Coghill Stock Adult Return Summary

TABLE 4. 2024 PWSAC Egg-Take Schedules

TABLE 5. 2024 PWSAC Estimated Salmon Releases

TABLE 6. 2025 PWSAC Estimated Salmon Releases

TABLE 7. Egg-take Data Template for Each Species at Each Hatchery

# VI. APPROVAL

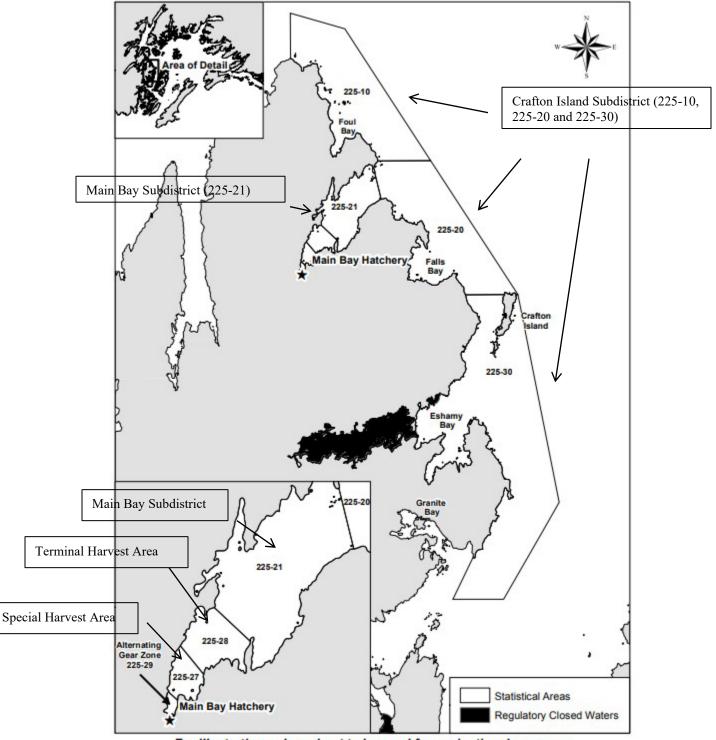
# Recommendation for Approval: Main Bay Hatchery Annual Management Plan, 2024

Geoff Clark, PWSAC, General Manager	4/25/2024
Brittany Blain-Roth, Area Management Biologist, Division of Sport Fish	4/29/2024
Jeremy Botz, Area Management Biologist, Division of Commercial Fisheries	4/25/2024
Jason Dye, Regional Supervisor, Division of Sport Fish	4/9/2024
Bert Lewis, Regional Supervisor, Division of Commercial Fisheries	4/29/2024
Ethan Ford, Regional Resource Development Biologist, Div. of Commercial Fisheries	s 4/29/2024
Lorraine Vercessi, PNP Hatchery Program Coordinator, Div. of Commercial Fisheries	s 4/30/2024
The 2024 Main Bay Hatchery Annual Management Plan is hereby approved:	
Tom Taube, Deputy Director, Division of Sport Fish	5/1/2024
Forrest Bowers, Operations Manager, Division of Commercial Fisheries	5/1/2024

Figure 1. Main Bay Hatchery fishery management areas.

# **ESHAMY DISTRICT (225)**

ADF&G Statistical Area Chart for Catch Reporting.



For illustration only and not to be used for navigational purposes

# TABLE 1. 2024 PWSAC Hatchery Return Forecast Summary

# PRINCE WILLIAM SOUND AQUACULTURE CORPORATION 2024 HATCHERY RETURN FORECAST

			AD	ULT	RETURN	
SITE/		RUN	ESTIMATE			<b>EST. MARINE</b>
LOCATION	SPECIES	TIME	LOW	POINT	HIGH	SURVIVAL
<b>RETURNS T</b>	O THE HATCHERI	ES				
AFK	PINK	JUL 19 -	1,300,000	2,800,000	4,300,000	1.61%
		SEP 05				
	CHUM	JUN 1 -	200,000	240,000	270,000	1.27%
		JUL 27				
CCH	PINK	JUL 23 -	1,500,000	4,100,000	6,700,000	2.42%
		SEP 07	3,000,000	.,,	2,1 22,222	
	·		•		1	
	T					
WNH	PINK	JUL 19 -	900,000	3,300,000	5,700,000	2.44%
		SEP 05				
			1			
	CHUM	JUN 1 -	2,490,000	2,820,000	3,160,000	3.77%
		JUL 27				
	20110	A110.04	20.000	22.222	4== 000	0.700/
	СОНО	AUG 01 -	32,000	62,000	157,000	3.70%
		SEP 20				
MBH	COGHILL	JUN 15 -	765,000	864,000	961,000	8.27%
	SOCKEYE	AUG 01		-		
GH	CROSSWIND LAKE		39,000	45,000	51,000	0.54%
GH	SOCKEYE		39,000	45,000	31,000	0.54 /0
	PAXSON LAKE - GI		15,200	17,800	20,500	0.33%
	SOCKEYE		10,200	17,000	20,000	0.00 /0
	PAXSON LAKE - GII		4,400	5,000	5,700	0.92%
	SOCKEYE		.,.30	0,000	5,. 66	0.02 /0
	SUMMIT LAKE		0	0	0	0.00%
	SOCKEYE					
	<u> </u>		1		l	

### RETURNS TO REMOTE RELEASE LOCATIONS

RETURNS TO REI	MOLEKEL	EASE LOC	AHONS			
PORT CHALMERS	CHUM	JUN 1 -	790,000	920,000	1,050,000	2.59%
		JUL 27				
CORDOVA	СОНО	AUG 01 -	100	1,400	2,800	1.39%
		SEP 20				
WHITTIER	СОНО	AUG 01 -	100	1,400	2,800	1.39%
		SEP 20				
CHENEGA	СОНО	AUG 01 -	1,000	1,900	4,700	3.70%
		SEP 20				
CHENEGA	CHINOOK	MAY 25 -	520	650	780	1.49%
		JULY 10				
TOTAL PWSAC R						
	PI	NK	3,700,000	10,200,000	16,700,000	2.16%
	CH	IUM	3,480,000	3,980,000	4,480,000	2.54%
	CC	OHO	33,200	66,700	167,300	3.70%
	CHIN	NOOK	520	650	780	1.49%
	SOCKEYE -	SOUND, MBH	765,000	864,000	961,000	8.27%
	<u></u>					
		GH,COPPER /ER	58,600	67,800	77,200	0.60%

# TABLE 2. 2024 Planned Egg Takes

# PRINCE WILLIAM SOUND AQUACULTURE CORPORATION

# **2024 EGG-TAKE GOALS**

			EGG-TAKE	EGG-TAKE
SPECIES	HATCHERY	ORGINAL DONOR STOCK	LOCATION	GOAL
CHUM	WALLY NOERENBERG	WELLS RIVER	WNH	153,000,000
SOCKEYE	MAIN BAY	COGHILL LAKE	МВН	12,400,000
	GULKANA I	GULKANA RIVER	GHI	35,000,000
	GULKANA II	GULKANA RIVER	GHII	1,750,000
			TOTAL	49,150,000
PINK	ARMIN F. KOERNIG	LARSEN, EWAN, GALENA	AFK	190,000,000
	CANNERY CREEK	CANNERY CREEK	ССН	187,000,000
	WALLY NOERENBERG	LARSEN, EWAN, GALENA	WNH	148,000,000
			TOTAL	525,000,000
СОНО	WALLY NOERENBERG	CORBIN CREEK	WNH	3,750,000
		POWER CREEK	CDV	250,000
			TOTAL	4,000,000
CHINOOK	WALLY NOERENBERG	WJHSFH	WNH	50,000
			TOTAL PWSAC	731,200,000

TABLE 3. 2024 MBH/Coghill Stock Adult Return Summary.

Prelimir	narv																					
	,											TABLE	3:									
	PROJECTED											ADULT	RETUR	N SUMMA	<b>ARY</b>							
RETURN: BROODSTK:	864,000 9,250											HATCHERY:	MBH / Cor	nhill Stock								
FISH SALES:	250,000											SPECIES:	Sockeye									
CPF TOTAL:	259,250 604,750											YEAR:	2024									
% EXPLOIT.:	70.0%																					
	30.0%	PWSAC																				
	RUI	N-TIMING PE	ERCENTAGE	S		SHA HATCHERY ESCA	APEMENT ESTIMATES	5			HATCHERY ES	SCAPEMENT SCI	HEDULE									
Date	Projected % Cum.	Projected % Female	Actual % Cum.	Actual % Female	Fishway Estimate	INSIDE Barrier Seine Estimate	HEEZ Estimate	OUTSIDE HEEZ Estimate	D 0 [	BROODS		-it- Bi O	FISH S		A.A. Delle	Devil Own	C.P.F. HA		4 D. II.	D! O I	TOTAL RETU	
5-Jun	% Cum. 0.0%	% Female	% Cum.	% Female	Estimate	Estimate	Estimate	Estimate	Proj. Cum. F	roj. Daliy	Act. Cum. Act. D	67	Proj. Daliy	Act. Cum. 7	Act. Daily	162	162	Act. Cum. Ac	t. Daily 1	231	231	t. Cum. Act. Daily
6-Jun	0.1%								5	2	0	134	67			324 1.043	162	0		462 1 490	231	0 0
7-Jun 8-Jun	0.2%								16 32	11 16	0	431 857	297 426			2,074	719 1,031	0		2,963	1,027 1,473	0 0
9-Jun	0.5%								47	16	0	1,284	426			3,105	1,031	0		4,436	1,473	0 0
10-Jun 11-Jun	0.8%								73 117	26 44	0	1,981 3,174	697 1,193			4,792 7,678	1,687 2,886	0		6,846 10,969	2,410 4,123	0 0
12-Jun	1.7%								162	44	0	4,367	1,193	0		10,564	2,886	0		15,093	4,123	0 0
13-Jun 14-Jun	2.2%								207 263	45 56	0	5,593 7,117	1,225 1,525			13,528 17,217	2,964 3,688	0		19,328 24,597	4,235 5,270	0 0
15-Jun	3.9%								358	94	0	9,664	2,547	0		23,378	6,161	0		33,399	8,802	0 0
16-Jun 17-Jun	4.9% 6.3%								451 580	93 129	0	12,179 15,670	2,514 3,491			29,460 37,905	6,083 8,445	0		42,089 54,155	8,690 12,066	0 0
18-Jun	8.1%								748	169	0	20,226	4,556	0		48,925	11,020	0		69,899	15,744	0 0
19-Jun 20-Jun	9.9% 11.8%								912 1,092	164 180	0	24,658 29,518	4,433 4,860			59,648 71,403	10,722 11,756	0		85,218 102,013	15,319 16,795	0 0
21-Jun	13.1%								1,208	116	0	32,656	3,138	0		78,994	7,591	0		112,858	10,845	0 0
22-Jun 23-Jun	15.4% 17.6%								1,424 1,624	216 200	0	38,485 43,887	5,829 5,402			93,095 106,163	14,101 13,068	0		133,004 151,674	20,146 18,670	0 0
24-Jun	20.5%								1,895	271	0	51,215	7,328	0		123,888	17,725	0		176,998	25,324	0 0
25-Jun 26-Jun	25.0% 29.0%								2,308 2,682	414 373	0	62,391 72,483	11,176 10,092			150,923 175,335	27,035 24,412	0		215,622 250,500	38,624 34,878	0 0
27-Jun	33.6%								3,110	429	0	84,065	11,582			203,352	28,017	0		290,527	40,027	0 0
28-Jun 29-Jun	35.7% 40.1%								3,302	192 403	0	89,245 100,149	5,181			215,884	12,532	0		308,431 346,116	17,904	0 0
29-Jun 30-Jun	40.1%								3,706 3,842	137	0	100,149	10,904 3,691	0		242,261 251,189	26,377 8,928	0		358,871	37,685 12,755	0 0
1-Jul	44.7% 49.9%								4,134 4,616	292 481	0	111,736 124,746	7,896 13,010			270,290 301,761	19,101 31,471	0		386,160 431,123	27,289 44,963	0 0
2-Jul 3-Jul	49.9% 52.3%								4,835	220	0	130,683	5,937			301,761	14,361	0		451,641	20,518	0 0
4-Jul	56.3%								5,203	368	0	140,634	9,950	0		340,193	24,070	0		486,030	34,389	0 0
5-Jul 6-Jul	59.4% 64.1%								5,495 5,925	292 430	0	148,519 160,129	7,886 11,610	0		359,268 387,353	19,075 28,085	0		513,282 553,407	27,253 40,125	0 0
7-Jul	65.5%								6,056	131	0	163,675	3,546	0		395,931	8,578	0		565,662	12,255	0 0
8-Jul 9-Jul	68.7% 72.3%								6,352 6,688	296 336	0	171,677 180,748	8,002 9,070	0		415,288 437,229	19,357 21,941	0		593,317 624,665	27,655 31,348	0 0
10-Jul	73.2%								6,767	79	0	182,891	2,143	0		442,412	5,183	0		632,070	7,405	0 0
11-Jul 12-Jul	76.0% 78.7%								7,026 7,279	259 253	0	189,901 196,741	7,010 6,840	0		459,370 475,916	16,957 16,547	0		656,296 679,937	24,227 23,640	0 0
13-Jul	82.0%								7,589	310	0	205,113	8,372			496, 169	20,253	0		708,871	28,935	0 0
14-Jul 15-Jul	83.4% 86.7%								7,713 8,020	123 307	0	208,448 216,748	3,335 8,300	0		504,235 524,312	8,067 20,077	0		720,396 749,079	11,525 28,684	0 0
16-Jul	89.5%								8,279	260	0	223,762	7,015	0		541,281	16,969	0		773,323	24,243	0 0
17-Jul 18-Jul	90.1% 91.7%								8,331 8,485	52 154	0	225,166 229,321	1,403 4,155			544,675 554,727	3,394 10,051	0		778,172 792,532	4,849 14,360	0 0
19-Jul	93.4%								8,638	153	0	233,454	4,134	0		564,726	9,999	0		806,819	14,286	0 0
20-Jul 21-Jul	95.0% 95.6%								8,789 8,839	151 50	0	237,546 238,885	4,091 1,339	0		574,623 577,863	9,897 3,240	0		820,958 825,587	14,140 4,628	0 0
22-Jul	96.7%								8,943	104	0	241,707	2,822	0		584,690	6,827	0		835,340	9,753	0 0
23-Jul 24-Jul	97.6% 97.7%								9,026 9,034	83	0	243,943 244,158	2,235 215			590,097 590,618	5,407 520	0		843,065 843,809	7,725 744	0 0
25-Jul	98.0%								9,064	30	0	244,975	817			592,595	1,977	0		846,634	2,825	0 0
26-Jul 27-Jul	98.3% 98.8%								9,094 9,137	30 43	0	245,792 246,953	817 1,161	0		594,572 597,380	1,977 2,809	0		849,459 853,471	2,825 4,013	0 0
27-Jul 28-Jul	98.8%								9,137	13	0	246,953	344			597,380	831	0		853,471 854,659	1,188	0 0
29-Jul	99.2%								9,175	25	0	247,972	675			599,844	1,633	0		856,992	2,332	0 0
30-Jul 31-Jul	99.5% 99.6%								9,206 9,212	31 6	0	248,810 248,974	838 163			601,872 602,267	2,027 395	0		859,888 860,452	2,897 564	0 0
1-Aug	99.7%								9,224	12	0	249,286	312	0		603,023	756	0		861,532	1,080	0 0
2-Aug 3-Aug	99.8% 99.8%								9,235 9,235	12	0	249,598 249,598	312 0			603,778 603,778	756 0	0	-+	862,612 862,612	1,080	0 0
4-Aug	99.8%								9,235	0	0	249,598	0	0		603,778	0	0		862,612	0	0 0
5-Aug 6-Aug	99.9% 100.0%								9,243 9,250	7	0	249,799 250,000	201 201			604,264 604,750	486 486	0		863,306 864,000	694 694	0 0
7-Aug	100.0%								9,250	0	0	250,000				604,750	0	0		864,000	0	0 0

# TABLE 4. 2024 PWSAC Hatchery Egg-Take Schedules

# PRINCE WILLIAM SOUND AQUACULTURE CORPORATION

# 2024 EGG-TAKE SCHEDULE

									DATE											
SITE	SPECIES	30-Jun	07-Jul	14-Jul	21-Jul	28-Jul	04-Aug	11-Aug	18-Aug	25-Aug	01-Sep	08-Sep	15-Sep	22-Sep	29-Sep	06-Oct	13-Oct	20-Oct	27-Oct	03-Nov
AFK	PINK									24-Aug			15-Sep							
ССН	PINK									24-Aug			17-Sep							
GH I	SOCKEYE							15-Aug									15-Oct			
GH II	SOCKEYE					25-Jul			10-Aug											
MBH	SOCKEYE																			
	MBH-COGHILL					01-Aug			20-Aug											
								_												
WNH	CHUM	01-Jul					01-Aug													
	PINK									24-Aug			15-Sep	]						
	СОНО																19-Oct			11-Nov

TABLE 5. 2024 PWSAC Estimated Salmon Releases

### **2024 ANTICIPATED SALMON RELEASES**

			BROOD	RELEASE	ESTIMATED FRY/	
SPECIES	HATCHERY	ORGINAL DONOR STOCK	YEAR	LOCATION	SMOLT RELEASE	
CHUM	WALLY NOERENBERG	WELLS RIVER	2023	WNH	73,600,000	
			2023	PORT CHALMERS	41,100,000	
			2023	AFK	19,400,000	
				TOTAL	134,100,000	
SOCKEYE	MAIN BAY	COGHILL LAKE	2022	МВН	5,500,000	
	GULKANA I	GULKANA RIVER	2023	PAXSON LAKE	4,900,000	
		<b>GULKANA RIVER</b>	2023	SUMMIT LAKE	C	
		<b>GULKANA RIVER</b>	2023	CROSSWIND LAKE	3,700,000	
	GULKANA II	GULKANA RIVER	2023	PAXSON LAKE	1,100,000	
				TOTAL	15,200,000	
PINK	ARMIN F. KOERNIG	LARSEN, EWAN, GALENA	2023	AFK	173,700,000	
	CANNERY CREEK	CANNERY CREEK	2023	ССН	171,000,000	
	WALLY NOERENBERG	LARSEN, EWAN, GALENA	2023	WNH	135,600,000	
				TOTAL	480,300,000	
СОНО	WALLY NOERENBERG	CORBIN CREEK	2022	WNH	1,000,000	
		MILE 18	2022	CORDOVA	97,000	
		MILE 18	2022	WHITTIER	100,000	
		CORBIN CREEK	2022	CHENEGA	50,000	
				TOTAL	1,247,000	
CHINOOK	WALLY NOERENBERG	SHIP CREEK	2022	CHENEGA	45,900	
				GRAND TOTAL	630,892,900	
				GIAND IOIAL	030,032,300	

TABLE 6. 2025 PWSAC Estimated Salmon Releases

### **2025 ANTICIPATED SALMON RELEASES**

			BROOD	RELEASE	ESTIMATED FRY/
SPECIES	HATCHERY	ORGINAL DONOR STOCK	YEAR	LOCATION	SMOLT RELEASE
CHUM	WALLY NOERENBERG	WELLS RIVER	2024	WNH	73,200,000
			2024	PORT CHALMERS	40,800,000
			2024	AFK	19,400,000
				TOTAL	133,400,000
SOCKEYE	MAIN BAY	COGHILL LAKE	2023	MBH	11,080,000
	GULKANA I	GULKANA RIVER	2024	PAXSON LAKE	6,000,000
		<b>GULKANA RIVER</b>	2024	SUMMIT LAKE	4,700,000
		<b>GULKANA RIVER</b>	2024	CROSSWIND LAKE	10,000,000
	GULKANA II	GULKANA RIVER	2024	PAXSON LAKE	1,300,000
				TOTAL	33,080,000
PINK	ARMIN F. KOERNIG	LARSEN, EWAN, GALENA	2024	AFK	171,600,000
	CANNERY CREEK	CANNERY CREEK	2024	ССН	168,800,000
	WALLY NOERENBERG	LARSEN, EWAN, GALENA	2024	WNH	133,600,000
				TOTAL	474,000,000
соно	WALLY NOERENBERG	CORBIN CREEK	2023	WNH	3,100,000
		POWER CREEK	2023	CORDOVA	100,000
		CORBIN CREEK	2023	WHITTIER	100,000
		CORBIN CREEK	2023	CHENEGA	50,000
				TOTAL	3,350,000
CHINOOK	WALLY NOERENBERG	SHIP CREEK	2023	CHENEGA	45,900
				GRAND TOTAL	643,875,900

TABLE 7. Egg-Take Data Template for Each Species at Each Hatchery

Table 7.																								
Egg Take D	ata for eacl	h species	at each hat	chery																				
Brood Year	MthDay	Date	Hatchery	Species	Stock	Lot #	Egg Gram	Eggs/gram	Green Eggs		Sample Fecundity	Fertility	Good Female	Gm Female	Bad Female	Mort Female	Good Male	Mort Male	Excess Male	% Green			Daily Males Daily	y Tota
									0	#DIV/0!												#DIV/0!	0	
									0	#DIV/0!												#DIV/0!	0	
									0	#DIV/0!												#DIV/0!	0	
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